



Legislation Details (With Text)

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Title:	A Local Law to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the disclosure of information regarding past engagement in slavery by city contractors				
Sponsors:	Charles Barron, Shahana K. Hanif, Crystal Hudson, Pierina Ana Sanchez, Althea V. Stevens, Nantasha M. Williams, Farah N. Louis, Chi A. Ossé, Alexa Avilés, Sandy Nurse, Jennifer Gutiérrez, Mercedes Narcisse, Tiffany Cabán, Shaun Abreu, Shekar Krishnan, Kristin Richardson Jordan, Kevin C. Riley, Erik D. Bottcher, Carmen N. De La Rosa, Amanda Farías				
Indexes:					
Attachments:	1. Summary of Int. No. 214, 2. Int. No. 214, 3. April 28, 2022 - Stated Meeting Agenda, 4. Hearing Transcript - Stated Meeting 4-28-22, 5. Minutes of the Stated Meeting - April 28, 2022, 6. Proposed Int. No. 214-A - 6/15/23				

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
4/28/2022	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
4/28/2022	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
3/22/2023	*	City Council	Re-referred to Committee by Council	
12/31/2023	A	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Proposed Int. No. 214-A

By Council Members Barron, Hanif, Hudson, Sanchez, Stevens, Williams, Louis, Ossé, Avilés, Nurse, Gutiérrez, Narcisse, Cabán, Abreu, Krishnan, Richardson Jordan, Riley, Bottcher, De La Rosa and Farías

A Local Law to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the disclosure of information regarding past engagement in slavery by city contractors

Be it enacted by the Council as follows:

Section 1. Declaration of legislative intent and findings. In recent years, companies in existence today have discovered and revealed that they had engaged in and/or profited from the commerce generated by the trade or use of the labor of enslaved Africans during the period of the Trans-Atlantic Slave Trade, from approximately 1441 to 1888. It has been reported that some large companies, for example, Aetna, a company that apparently insured slaveholder interests in enslaved people in the case of their death or damage, have been

found to have directly profited from such commerce. J.P. Morgan Chase issued a letter of apology after it discovered that two of its predecessor companies actually participated in the slave trade and owned enslaved people it had taken as collateral for loans. J.P. Morgan Chase attributed the discoveries to the requirement of disclosure for contractors of the City of Chicago.

While it is specifically not the intent of this legislation that the question of past links to slavery serve as a litmus test to determine who the city should do business with, such information is important for the city and the country as they reappraise the history of slavery as a result of these new findings. Accordingly, this local law would require companies doing business with the city to search their pasts and reveal whether they have engaged in or profited from slavery.

§ 2. Chapter 1 of title 6 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new section 6-115.2 to read as follows:

§ 6-115.2 Disclosure of profit from or engagement in slavery. a. Short title. This section shall be known and may be cited as the “City Contractor Disclosure Law”.

b. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

Affiliated company. The term “affiliated company” means the parent company of a contractor and any subsidiaries of the contractor.

Contract. The term “contract” means any written agreement, purchase order or instrument whereby the city is committed to expend or does expend funds in return for an interest in real property, work, labor, services, supplies, equipment, materials, construction, construction-related service or any combination of the foregoing.

Contracting agency. The term “contracting agency” means a city, county, borough or other office, position, administration, department, division, bureau, board or commission, or a corporation, institution or agency of government, the expenses of which are paid in whole or in part from the city treasury.

Contractor. The term “contractor” means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, corporation or other form of doing business that enters into a contract with any contracting agency.

Predecessor company. The term “predecessor company” means an entity whose ownership, title and interest, including all rights, benefits, duties and liabilities, were acquired in an uninterrupted chain of succession by a contractor.

Subsidiary company. The term “subsidiary company” means an entity that is controlled directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries by a contractor or such contractor’s parent company.

c. No contracting agency shall enter into or renew any contract for an amount in excess of \$100,000 with any proposed contractor who does not certify as a material condition of such contract that the proposed contractor has searched its records and relevant history to determine whether it or any predecessor or affiliated company ever engaged in or profited from the trade or use of enslaved people. Such certification shall also include a statement of the results of such search. If the proposed contractor determines that it or its predecessor or affiliated companies engaged in or profited from slavery, then the contractor shall also provide a statement detailing the nature and extent of such engagement or profit, including relevant historical and other documentation, to the contracting agency which shall forward such information to the council.

d. The requirements of this section do not apply: (i) to emergency contracts entered into pursuant to section 315 of the charter and for which no entity that will comply with the requirements of this section and which is capable of fulfilling such contract is immediately available; or (ii) where such compliance would violate or be inconsistent with the terms or conditions of a grant, subvention or contract with a public agency or the instructions of an authorized representative of any such agency with respect to any such grant, subvention or contract.

§ 3. This local law takes effect 120 days after it becomes law.

Session 12
XC/cjm
LS #8510
06/15/2022

Session 11
MHL
LS #11516
Int. 697/2011

Int. 469/2006
Int. 300/2004
08/13/19