



Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	Res 1239-2020	Version:	*	Name:	Making doulas more accessible to individuals with Medicaid and those without health insurance.
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Title:	Resolution calling on the New York State Legislature to pass, and the Governor to sign, legislation making doulas more accessible to individuals with Medicaid and those without health insurance.				
Sponsors:	Carlina Rivera, Alicka Ampry-Samuel, Farah N. Louis, Vanessa L. Gibson, Margaret S. Chin, Justin L. Brannan, Deborah L. Rose, Adrienne E. Adams, Robert E. Cornegy, Jr., Helen K. Rosenthal				
Indexes:					
Attachments:	1. Res. No. 1239, 2. February 11, 2020 - Stated Meeting Agenda with Links to Files, 3. Hearing Transcript - Stated Meeting 2-11-20, 4. Minutes of the Stated Meeting - February 11, 2020, 5. Committee Report 12/7/20, 6. Hearing Testimony 12/7/20, 7. Hearing Transcript 12/7/20				

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
2/11/2020	*	City Council	Introduced by Council	
2/11/2020	*	City Council	Referred to Comm by Council	
12/7/2020	*	Committee on Health	Hearing Held by Committee	
12/7/2020	*	Committee on Health	Laid Over by Committee	
12/7/2020	*	Committee on Women and Gender Equity	Hearing Held by Committee	
12/7/2020	*	Committee on Women and Gender Equity	Laid Over by Committee	
12/7/2020	*	Committee on Hospitals	Hearing Held by Committee	
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12/31/2021	*	City Council	Filed (End of Session)	

Res. No. 1239

Resolution calling on the New York State Legislature to pass, and the Governor to sign, legislation making doulas more accessible to individuals with Medicaid and those without health insurance.

By Council Members Rivera, Ampry-Samuel, Louis, Gibson, Chin, Brannan, Rose, Adams, Cornegy and Rosenthal

Whereas, According to DONA International, a doula is a trained professional who provides continuous physical, emotional, and informational support to a pregnant person and the family before, during, and shortly after childbirth; and

Whereas, Doulas have proven to be beneficial to pregnant people and their health; and

Whereas, According to the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene's (DOHMH's) report *The State of Doula Care in NYC 2019* ("doula report"), doula care has been associated with lower rates of Cesarean birth, preterm birth, low birthweight, and postpartum depression, as well as with increased rates of breastfeeding, and greater patient satisfaction with maternity care; and

Whereas, A recent report published by Cochrane reveals that people who had doula support were 39 percent less likely to have a caesarean section and 15 percent more likely to give birth without needing drugs or labor-inducing techniques; and

Whereas, According to Choices in Childbirth, a survey regarding doula care in New York City reveals that 72 percent of people reported that their doula helped them communicate their preferences and needs, while 80 percent of those surveyed reported that their doula helped them feel more empowered; and

Whereas, 83 percent of survey respondents reported having a doula made their labor and birth experience "much better" than if they had not used a doula, and it made them more relaxed before, during, and after birth; and

Whereas, 88 percent of this cohort reported that cost was an issue when opting to work with a doula; and

Whereas, According to DOHMH's doula report, the average cost of birth-doula services was \$1,550 per client among doulas surveyed for the report, with a range of \$225 to \$5,000; and

Whereas, Doula services are generally not covered by Medicaid or private insurance; and

Whereas, Doula care should be more accessible, especially given the maternal mortality and morbidity rates in New York City as well as the inequitable health outcomes for women of color and infants of color, specifically those who are Black; and

Whereas, Of the 15 pregnancy-related deaths in New York City in 2016, six were of people who were Black and six were of people who were Latina, accounting for nearly every pregnancy-related death; and

Whereas, In New York City in 2016, the rate of severe maternal morbidity was highest among Black people (428.6 per 10,000 births), followed by people of other, multiple, or not reported races (354.5), people who are Latina (288.3), Asian/Pacific Islander (207.9), and, last, people who are White (160.8); and

Whereas, By expanding access to doulas, New York City could better tackle these insidious inequities; and

Whereas, Doulas face barriers providing care to all those who need it; and

Whereas, According to DOHMH's doula report, among doulas surveyed, 9 of every 10 have turned clients away, for reasons including clients' living outside their coverage area (47 percent), being already booked with other families (43 percent), and clients' being unable to afford their fee (37 percent); and

Whereas, Currently New York State is considering legislation to include doula services in Medicaid coverage, and, in April 2018, New York State announced the launch of a Medicaid pilot program to cover doula services; and

Whereas, This legislation and pilot are extremely controversial in the doula community for numerous reasons; and

Whereas, As of DOHMH's doula report, the Medicaid pilot program has yet to launch in Brooklyn because of lack of doula participation; and

Whereas, There are many flaws with the pilot program, including a reimbursement rate that would likely be lower than minimum wage; and

Whereas, DOHMH's doula report on doula care provides numerous recommendations for stakeholders

to improve access to doulas; and

Whereas, Recommendations fall within four key components, including increasing access for underserved communities, making hospital environments more welcoming of doulas, amplifying community voices to help expand access to doula services, and improving data collection; and

Whereas, The New York State Legislature should consider these recommendations, and should develop legislation, in collaboration with doulas and people with lived experience, in order to best understand the most effective and significant ways to expand access to doula services; now, therefore, be it,

Resolved, The Council of the City of New York calls on the New York State Legislature to pass, and the Governor to sign, legislation making doulas more accessible to individuals with Medicaid and those without health insurance

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