CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS

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APRIL 20, 2021 Start: 10:01 A.M. Recess: 12:06 P.M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING VIRTUAL ROOM 2

B E F O R E: CHAIR JIMMY VAN BRAMER

COUNCIL MEMBERS: JIMMY VAN BRAMER

DARMA DIAZ MARK GJONAJ

MAJORITY LEADER LAURIE CUMBO

JAMES GENNARO FRANCISCO MOYA

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

MELODY CAPOTE
ADAM ODSESS RUBIN
DOUGLAS DUBOIS-CARD SEBAMALA
DEBORAH COWELL
CHERYL WARFIELD
ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES
COURTNEY FRENCH
ADAM MCKINNEY
EVANS RICHARDSON
STEPHANIE CUNNINGHAM
ANA CHIRENO
FREDDY TAVERAS
RICHARD BURNS
LUCY SEXTON

2 SGT. SADOWSKY: Recording to the Cloud 3 also.

SGT. BRADLEY: PC recording is up.

SGT. PEREZ: Backup is rolling.

Good morning and welcome to today's remote New York
City Council hearing of the Committee on Cultural
Affairs, Libraries, and International Intergroup
Relations. At this time, would all panelists please
turn on their video. To minimize disruption, please
silence your electronic devices. If you wish to
submit testimony, you may do so via email at the
following address: testimony@council.nyc.gov. Thank
you for your cooperation. We are ready to begin.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much.

Good morning everyone. I am Council Member Jimmy Van Bramer, Chair of the Committee on Cultural Affairs,

Libraries, and International Intergroup Relations,

and this important oversight hearing is now commenced. Today, we are here to conduct an oversight hearing on amplifying BIPOC and Clear Voices in the Arts. While this is the Committee's first hearing focused on specifically on this topic, the Committee has held several hearings related to

2 the topic of diversity including our October 2020 oversight hearing on Black Lives Matter, anti-racism, 3 structural racism, and the Arts, and our September 4 17, 2019 oversight hearing on diversity in cultural 5 6 institutions and the New York City Department of 7 Cultural Affairs, workforce demographics, pilot study findings results and next steps. We've also had many 8 meaningful additional hearings this past year in 9 particular focusing on this very important topic. 10 think everybody here knows discrimination, 11 12 marginalization, and exploitation of black, 13 indigenous, and people of color and the LGBTQ plus 14 communities in the form in institutional inequities 15 are unfortunately, nothing new. It is important that 16 we not only change the narrative to center and lift up voices of color and queer folks, but also work to 17 18 ensure that BIPOC and LGBTQ artist's work is centered Additionally, we must ensure 19 in the conversation. 20 that those in power's action near the conversations being held. We've have now held several hearings 21 2.2 touching the devastating effects of COVID-19, the 23 pandemic, and its effect on the Arts in culture sector. We all know here; it is the second hardest 24 hit with regard to employment loss after restaurants. 25

This sector continues to struggle and within it, some
groups much more than others, and yet, we all know
that any recovery, particularly a just recovery knows
that Arts and Culture must lead that recovery. Arts
and Culture practices are among the most impactful
way to effect social change, explore racial and
ethnic representations, reflect a community's history
and identity, and provide an opportunity to engage
diverse audiences in transformative learning, and
there is so much more the city can do to amplify
those voices and support these artists and cultural
organizations much more so than we are already doing.
I'm proud to have spent my career at the Council
fighting for equitable funding for artists and
organizations and last year, with history budget cuts
looming in the middle of the pandemic's worst days, I
gave it everything I had and will do the same this
year. I want to thank everyone who is sharing
testimony today and who is submitting written
testimony for sharing your stories and helping to
explain exactly why this is so important. Structural
racism exists in everything from a lack of diversity
in museum leadership to a potential lack of Arts
education opportunities in black and brown

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communities, and even over a half a century after the Stonewall Rebellion, we continue to fight for equity and inequality for our LGBTQ plus brothers and sisters. We must recognize and address systemic racism and discrimination with improved systems and practices developed for racial equity across all fields and sectors and in doing, centralize the voices of these communities. We are here today because we truly believe BIPOC and queer voices in the Arts provide transformational opportunities for everyone. This is and should be a beginning and a continuation of the discussion and the work that so many of you have been involved for your entire lives. So, I want to thank everyone for doing the work each day as we work to create design equity into all aspects of our public life and as the Council seeks to understand and better amplify the impact of BIPOC and queer voices within the cultural community and beyond. We appreciate your passion, partnership, and time. We'll also say that as we've held these hearings, the discussions have been incredibly moving and impactful and I thank everyone for sharing so much of themselves during these difficult days and these important hearings. So, I look forward to

hearing from all of you. I know we're going to start
with Department of Cultural Affair's Commissioner
Gonzalo Casals who, I know, feels very strongly about
this, and I want to thank my Legislative Director,
Jack Bernatovicz; my Chief of Staff, Mike Wallace;
the Committee's Principal Financial Analysis Alyia
Ali; our Policy Analysis, Christine Druier (SP?); and
our Committee Counsel Brenda McKinney for all of
their work as well, and I should recognize my Council
colleagues. If I miss anyone, hopefully the staff
can text me, but I certainly see Council Member Darma
Diaz who is here. I thought I saw Council Member
Mark Gjonaj on the call, and if I scroll through the
boxes, I might see others, but as the hearing goes
along, I'm sure there will be more Council Members
joining us and we will recognize them at that time.
Yes, confirmation that Council Members Diaz and
Gjonaj are on the call at this moment. So, once
again, thank you all for being here and I will pass
it to Brenda McKinney, our Counsel to the Committee
to go through the formalities and the logistics of
how we're going to proceed from here.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer and good morning

2 everyone. I am Brenda McKinney. As the Chair mentioned, the Counsel of Committee on Cultural 3 Affairs, Libraries, and International Intergroup 4 5 Relations. I will be moderating today's hearing and 6 calling on panelist to testify. So, we're just going 7 to start with some administrative matters. before we begin, I would like to remind everything 8 that you will be on mute until I call on you to 9 testify. After I call on you, you will be unmuted by 10 the host, and please note that if a box pop's up, you 11 12 have to accept the unmute. Please listen for you name. I will periodically announce who the next 13 panelist will be. Council Member questions today 14 15 will be limited to five minutes, and Council Members, 16 please note this includes both your questions and the 17 witness answers. Please also note that we will allow 18 a second round of questions at today's hearing, but these will be limited to three minutes. For public 19 20 testimony, I will call on individuals in panels. Council Members who have questions for a particular 21 2.2 panelist for the public should use the raise hand 23 function in Zoom, and you will be called on after everyone in that panel has completed their testimony 24 in the order that you raised your hands in Zoom. 25

2	Finally, all public testimony today will be limited
3	to three minutes. So, we will be using a three-
4	minute clock. After I call your name, please wait a
5	brief moment for the Sergeant at Arms to announce you
6	may begin, start the clock before starting your
7	testimony. We'll remind you of that throughout the
8	hearing. So, with that, we will move to the
9	Administration and then Administration testimony
10	portion of his hearing. So, I will call the
11	following Members of the Administration to testify.
12	Mr. Gonzalo Casals, Commissioner of the Department of
13	Cultural Affairs; Ms. Sheelah Feinberg, Deputy
14	Commissioner from the Department of Cultural Affairs;
15	and Ms. Pranita Raghavan, General Counsel from the
16	Department of Cultural Affairs. So, I will deliver
17	the oath to all three of you, and then I'll call upon
18	each of you individually to respond to that oath.
19	So, if you could please raise your right hand.
20	Camera, thank you so. Do you affirm to tell the
21	truth, nothing but the truth before this Committee
22	and to respond honestly to Council Member questions
23	today? Commissioner Casals.

is a powerful connector, no matter where you are, but

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for historically oppressed people like BIPOC and queer New Yorkers, Art is an indispensable source of community, uplift, and enrichment. The social impact for the Arts study that my agency helped bring to New York demonstrated that in underserved neighborhoods, cultural aspects correlate with improved public safety, health and education. Culture is important to all New Yorkers, but for these communities that have suffered from their case of low investment, system racism and other forms of exclusion and bias, the Arts are essential. This is why for years the Department of Cultural Affairs has made it a top priority to foster a more diverse, equitable, and inclusive cultural sector. Starting in 2015 under my predecessors, Tom Finkerbel (SP?), the agency launched an effort to promote a more diverse cultural workforce fostering a cultural workforce that looks like the residences of our city including historically under-represented BIPOC and queer residences. It's a major step towards building institutions that engage with, speak to, and reflect the full beauty and breath of New York City's communities. This effort has built on advocacy and reform work stretching back decades. Early successes

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of these of these movements include the establishment of some of our city's first cultural specific organizations like Study Museum and Hermoso del Barrio. We're proud to follow in these footsteps today as we work with cultural advocates and organizers from every corner of the city. The data and knowledge that we have collectively gathered in recent years have been transformed into powerful tools for change by the cultural workers who are committed to driving progress. Many institutions are increasingly understanding and embracing the role in making change. The current NYC cultural plan released in 2017 gave our sector an opportunity to talk to thousands of New Yorkers directly about that they need and want from their cultural community, and it led to the creation or expansion of a number of programs aimed at elevating BIPOC and queer voices in the New York City Arts Community. Two such examples include the Clear NYC Language Access Plan which provided 36 non-profits with grants ranging from \$5000 to \$25,000 in support of programing that increases access to Arts and culture for those who primary language is not English. The programs represent 12 languages including Spanish, Chinese,

2 Korean, Russian, and American Sign Language and serves audiences in all five boroughs. 3 Cultural course which has placed over 600 CUNY 4 students in paid positions with cultural 5 organizations including more than 200 in the current 6 7 year, even with the widespread closures by the pandemic. The program gives cultural groups access 8 to a diverse pool of talent at CUNY and give the 9 students and opportunity to gain their first 10 experience in the cultural sector paving the way for 11 12 long term positions. This (inaudible) joins longstanding collaboration with the City Council to 13 invest in BIPOC organizations like the coalition of 14 15 the theater of color which in FY21 provided 3.74 16 million dollars to support theater groups of color. 17 The Cultural Immigrant Initiative which has been a 18 long champion by Chair Van Bramer is providing another 6 million in the current fiscal year for 19 20 groups that are led by and worked with our city's extraordinary immigrant communities. In the city's 21 2.2 permanent public art collection, we made strides in 23 commission and work by and about people that were excluded for too long from our public spaces. A 24 recent internal review found that the agency has 25

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commissioned 84 permanent artworks by or honoring under-represented communities. This ranged from Alison Saar's famous tribute to Harriet Tubman in (inaudible) the upcoming monument to surely chill some in Brooklyn. Other public art projects are being restarted following COVID-related pauses. monuments honor and surely chills (inaudible) monument have all been restarted. A city as diverse as New York needs to have a public Art collection that reflects the people who have shaped its history and institutions. This year, public artists and residency, or PAR, program integrates clearly practice into municipal government, working in a city government serving a majority of BIPOC population, this service has naturally focused on engaging and elevating this population. Two of the current artists are working with the Commission on Human Rights. Amanda Phingbodhipakkiya has now created two powerful projects. The first launched last fall, is called I Still Believe in Our City, a campaign combating the bigotry against Asian and Pacific Islander residents and letting everyone know that they are an integral part of New York. The other project, May We Know Our Strength, launched earlier

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this month in the Meatpacking District invites sexual assaults survivors to share their stories via website which are then printed and woven into a larger paper sculpture each evening at 8:00 p.m. and the installations run through midnight. The artist hosts a visual honoring the Asian woman murder in Atlanta last month. Andrew Wagner, a photograph also working with the Commission of Human Rights. He kicked off this project last month with portraits of black restaurant owners in Central Brooklyn by learning the importance this community has and resiliency throughout the pandemic. We know that culture is critical to communities in need and especially in times of crisis. In the spring of 2020, (inaudible) conducted a survey of the pandemic's impact on our cultural sector. The report found that smaller and community-based groups were hardest hit, along with teaching artists. So, we are directing additional funds based on these findings, investing in groups are crucial parts of their communities in a period of tremendous need of uncertainty. We conducted a follow up survey earlier this year, and results will be released later this spring. There tends to be a significant overlapping between smaller groups and

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BIPOC organizations. Altogether, over 500 city BIPOC organizations had budgets under \$250,000.00, half of the (inaudible). This year, we have also moved forward with reforms and efforts to make city funding more equitable. This includes extending multi-year funding to all guarantees to provide greater predictability and stability and support, stream lining the city of application, developing strategies to recruit families that represent our city's diverse population and incorporate an equity in city priorities and criteria for funding. The agency's primary role continues to be supporting and advocating for the cultural non-profits that together are the backbone of New York City's cultural vitality. I would like for us to foster a more diverse workforce and distribute public funds, more equitable in the end, internet to support cultural programing that captures (inaudible) and represents all New Yorkers. Our cultural community has been doing this work for years, and from this, we're building on to make further progress, rather it's working with cultural institutes group on strategies to adopt equitable practices or increase in investments in groups serving diverse communities

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citywide. The program and the mission of these organizations is where the real value lies for New Yorkers. The last year has shown us once again how essential culture is to our communities and it needs the greatest support to be part of a holistic approach to situations of systemic racism in this investment. We're proud of the work we have done with our collaborators including the City Council and recognize how much further we have to go. We continue to participate in active ongoing conversations about how to move forward together to have a better, more equitable cultural sector. Thank you for the opportunity to testify. I'm happy to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Commissioner Casals for your testimony today and your work. I want to recognize that Majority Leader

Laurie Cumbo has joined us and just start off by saying thank you for recognizing the Council's work and leadership on the CLT and Cultural Immigrant

Initiative, Coalition of Color, something that

Majority Leader Cumbo and I have continued to partner on and fight for and I'm very proud of the Cultural

Immigrant Initiative which is the first funding

created for Immigrant run and led cultural
organizations. We got a particular emphasis on
smaller budget organizations and those are good,
positive steps, but of course, there is so much more
work to do to truly to issue the equity that we're
all looking for. So, along with your cat, who has
made an appearance, I see Commissioner Casals, I want
to ask you a couple of, you know, bigger questions
and then ask you a few more detailed questions, and
I'm sure Majority Leader Cumbo will have some
thoughts and questions as well, but when we think
about amplifying BIPOC and queer voices, what are the
biggest barriers to amplify those voices in your
opinion and now that you've been the Commissioner of
the Department of Cultural Affairs for I guess, a
year and two months or so, obviously through an
incredibly difficult time, but what barriers do you
see at the agency that you were once on the other
side of for many years in your career, but now the
agency that you helm and so, your thoughts on those
two particularly big overarching questions before we
get into some more specifics?

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Thank you for that question, Chair Van Bramer. I believe that

2 for a (inaudible) we continue to live in a society that occults white supremacy's values, and I'm 3 4 talking about the system as a whole, not necessarily 5 specific individuals. There's always going to be a lot of work for not only demonstration in the 6 7 Council, but all of our cultural organizations to continue to do work to amplify the voices these 8 cultural organizations and communities. 9 challenges that we face individually or specifically 10 as an agency is very similar to the challenges to the 11 12 challenges that we face as we confront the recovery 13 of our city, right. This is a problem is bigger than 14 our city, it's bigger than each of us, and of course, 15 it's bigger than our agency, and in many cases, the 16 problems that arise and the lack of representation of 17 cultural specific organizations, organizations that 18 started by BIPOC and communities and queer communities, unnecessarily solve with funds, right. 19 20 Always funding is welcomed by our cultural organizations, but sometimes we need a shift in the 21 2.2 values that we uphold in our society. The agency is 23 going to continue to work to internally and externally to continue to revisit our policies and 24 25 make sure that the access to public funds, the

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barriers set, you know, are in the process of accessing to public funds are being removed like some of the ones I mentioned just now, but the work continues and we're committed to do that for as long as I'm here and for as long as this Administration is here.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: So, you know I think a lot of folks know you, Commissioner Casals, and know of your work and your affiliation with institutions like (inaudible) and Museo and others and there are a lot of folks who might think, well, Gonzalo is, you know a queer Latin X, you know, wildly progressive person who, you know, it might not get better of this in terms of having a Commissioner who feels this, and I guess the question is, as that person now in this role, how much change do you think you can affect, can you meaningful change things? Obviously, you work with a Mayor and a City Hall and a City Council, and so, it is not just you, I know that, but, you know, maybe this is sort of an existential questions, right, but, you know, I do think people are rightfully so wanting, you know, more change, right, and much more quickly, and much more equity because there is so much inequity baked in to the system and

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so, you thoughts on that, right, I mean, it's a big ship to turn around, right, and you've been given that task and can you meaningfully impact the system while you're here?

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: mean, that's a super big question with so many parts. A couple of things, one is you don't only have to be queer, Latin X, immigrant and I may add, you know, in order to do this work and to believe in this work, it's about the values that you uphold. Of course, you know, I'm proudly subscribing to those identities and to those communities allowing me to have much more empathy for the situation in which many of these communities are. I'd like to believe that this Administration and in particular, this Mayor picked somebody like me with not only the identities, but the work that I have done as a Commissioner because he upholds these values and supports these communities and they're important to him, but again, you don't have to, you know subscribe to a marginal group or to a minority group in order to be doing this work. What I've said, you know, is that most of this work also has to be done and be taking the lead, but those are like in the mainstream. In terms of

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change, the ability to create change, you know, in our infrastructure but also in a society that has so much inertia, right, over 400 years of white supremacy. I like to just point that out is something very attainable, and you know, that we can all see is just to go back six or seven years ago when my predecessor, Tom Finkelpearl install the conversation from the perspective of City Administration about looking at a diversity of our sector, and that the impact that this had is not only about, you know, the data that we collected that nobody was surprised to see that there was a huge inequity in terms of, you know, who gets to defund Arts and Culture for New York City, but a conversation has been installed and probably you and I, we're having this conversation today, this morning, because of you know, having my predecessor and this Administration bringing these ideas of equity, diversity, and inclusion to the forefront and a lot has changed, right. Is it moving as fast as society is moving, mostly in the last year and a half? Probably not, but what is also important in this issue is to be authentic, and some people talk about the idea of moving at the speed of trust,

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right, as a City Administration, we want to make sure
that every step that we make is a step that is
sustainable, that is meaningful, and that is done in
collaboration with the communities that we're trying

6 to serve.

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CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you,

Commissioner Casals. I see Council Member Jim

Gennaro has joined the hearing. I want to recognize him, and also, I think that Commissioner Finkelpearl deserves a lot of credit for beginning the conversation. I also just want to recognize though that Council Member Levin and I wrote the Cultural Plan Law which produced the Create NYC work and I believe has produced some incremental, but tangible

results in this area and ... (crosstalk).

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Excuse me,

Chair Van Bramer, if you allow me, I just want to

make sure we both are clear on these before anybody

else that asks, right. When I said that he started

the conversation, I said, you know, from the

perspective and from the platform of City

Administration, right, because I mean, there has been

a lot of people talking about these issues for many,

many decades before that happened.

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CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Yes, I understood that already when you said that. So, I know that you said that funding is just a part of this, and of course, it is, but it is a very important part of this, and there are many on this, in this virtual hearing who will speak later and speak to some of these issues and the inequities baked into the CDF formulas and the constant tension, right, between the larger, wealthier, sometimes whiter, organizations and you mentioned it in your testimony, right, so you're getting into making CDF itself, more equitable, and what does that look like now, and how do we, going forward, build a better system, right, and what plans do you have right now to do that because I think that that is still, as you know, an ongoing conversation, and one that's really important to have. We've done some things, and again, the Council takes the lead on coalition of Views of Color, Cultural Immigrant Initiative, some of our other cultural initiative, but that is a relatively small piece of the funding pie, and the CDF is so much of it, so maybe just take that on as well.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Yes, there are two aspects to these, right, you know, in

2 addition to the Council initiatives as I mentioned and this ability for work, language access, and 3 4 social impact of the Arts, there are some ways in which we're targeting different aspects of the cultural sector in order to give them the resources 6 to continue to do the work that in turn, again, impact, you know, the communities that we're talking 8 today about. At the same time, I think it's 9 important to understand, and overall, the barriers 10 that existed or continue to exist in order to access 11 12 public funds from, you know, the length and the amount of time that it takes you to fill out an 13 application to apply for CDF to the way in which CDF 14 15 applications need to be submitted, and my team has 16 been doing this work for three years, really trying 17 to understand, you know, all those barriers, you 18 know, like in different initiative. I'm proud that, you know, the first three that we established this 19 20 year had been received by the sector with great enthusiasm. As I said, you know, smaller 21 2.2 organizations were not allowed to receive multi-year 23 grants until last year, starting this year, organizations under \$250,000 which makes 50% of our 24 25 funding pool are able to receive multi-year grants,

and there is a back-and-forth conversation, right, if
you get a multi-year grant, that means that for two
or three years, you're going to be always at the same
funding level as opposed to as if you applied every
other year, you might have an opportunity to get more
funds. So, it's a little bit of a catch 22, what's
best or worse. We believe that, you know, knowing
how much money you're going to receive in the next
two or three years is much more important in moments
like these for sustainability. So, we went with
that, removing the requirement of organizations to
have to fill out the CDP and data Arts application at
the moment in which you are applying for funds
significantly cuts back on the amount of time that
one needs to spend filling out applications, and then
you know, adding specifically these two years,
instead of an adjustment for those that are working
with teaching artists and for those that are in
hardest hit COVID areas has been ways of, you know,
instead of a balance act, or making our city program
more equitable. We continue to work and to access
our program and there's going to be, hopefully, more
initiatives coming up down the pipe to continue to

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2 make, again, access to public funds more equitable 3 and easier.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you. I would like to open the floor to my Council colleagues. If anyone has questions or comments for the Commissioners, feel free to raise you hand or the Committee Counsel can let me know if anyone has any questions for Commissioner Casals, and ...

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Sir, we don't see any hands raised. If there any Council Members that have questions for the Administration, please use the raise hand function in Zoom.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Okay, no questions from my colleagues in the Council for Commissioner Casals? Looks like you've answered many of the questions, Commissioner Casals to folk's satisfaction. I will ask you then, obviously, we're in budget season and the Mayor has a proposed budget and Council has responded to that proposed budget. Now, the Council does raise Culture and Arts as a priority in the budget and there's a lot of talk about Federal stimulus money, the State budget. It is needless to say, incredibly important to me, and I know, Majority Leader Cumbo will be there fighting

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for all things cultural in the Arts, but how do you see the budget at this point from your advantage point and discussions with the Administration. I also want to recognize Council Member Francisco Moya has joined us. I believe the entire Committee is here, but maybe just share your thought on the overall budget and rather or not, as some folks hope, including myself, we might actually see a restoration of some of the cuts that we saw last year, and maybe

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS:

even more funding for Culture and the Arts this year.

Unfortunately, and I feel I'm preaching a little bit to the choir, you know, it's a little too early to anticipate how the budget is going to look like. I look forward also to the conversations with the Council. I believe in this specific, which is Arts and Culture. Everybody understands the important role that our Cultural organization, our Cultural workers we already have, not in the recovery of the sector, but in the recovery of the city. The Mayor has been out there making sure everybody get that message that without the recovery of Arts and Culture, New York City cannot come back. I look forward to continuing to work with the Council, with

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you, Chair Van Bramer, with the Majority Leader Cumbo
to make sure we arrive to a budget that really
supports our sector, and again, the recovery of New

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CHAIR VAN BRAMER: I agree, and you called her name and Majority Leader Cumbo, indeed, has a question for you or a series of questions.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: I was surprised that the Majority Leader wouldn't have a question.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: I try, I try. Ι try, but I can't help myself. This is not necessarily related to the hearing topic at hand, but I am curious as we're on our way out, Council Member Van Bramer and I, prior to you becoming the Commissioner, had worked really hard on increasing the percent for Art budget, almost doubling, almost tripling it, I would say, and I wanted to know, you know, given a lot of the challenges that we've had with COVID and those sorts of things, have you seen any; the goal of this was to really ramp up public art projects in the City of New York, can you talk a little bit about how public art and funding for that has been impact as a result, I guess, your tenure,

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2 COVID, before, and the future of where you see it going?

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS:

Unfortunately, I don't have any specific numbers because I wasn't prepared to talk about this.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Okay.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: But I'm happy to tell you a couple of things \dots (crosstalk).

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{MAJORITY}}$$ LEADER CUMBO: And that can be another hearing.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Let me tell you, and then we can always connect offline about this if you have any questions. A couple of things. I'm happy to report that the contracts for the monuments honoring Tito Puente and Shelly Chisholm have been fully signed and we're in the process that is ongoing. I'm happy to report that after a long pause due to COVID, the artist who is creating Victory for Beyond Seams has received a contract. She's reviewing that with her lawyer, and hopefully as soon as we work out some of the details, we can sign that, and the monument will be on its way. The funding specifically for Person for Art is tied to construction, so as construction starts coming back,

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probably capital projects, we're going to see more public art coming back, but we are also working internally to make sure that that unit is supported in a way that is significant. I'm happy to report that we added one person to the unit to help with community engagement, so the process of creating public art and monuments for the city can be supported by the people of our fellow New Yorkers.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Okay. One of the things that I had wanted to see as a result of that, and I think that goes back to Council Member Van Bramer's initial question. You know, with each Commissionership, and yours is so limited in terms of its timing, wants to usher in a new thing and I think that one of the things that I really wanted to see was that there be more of a partnership with the percent for art program with our public plazas, with our Parks Department, even potentially with our schools and utilizing those opportunities to create more public art forward facing with our libraries and so many other spaces where the people have an opportunity to have access to art. Also, public housing has somewhat of a history of a relationship with public art, and so, I think it would be really

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exciting to see more relationships with agencies connected to public art that have always kind of been in these silos of Parks Department does public art this way, it's separate from DCLA. DCLA doesn't do public art necessarily with NYCHA, and NYCHA doesn't, you know, to be able to integrate that so that public art could be more accessible to the people of the city of New York. My next question, as Council Member brought up, the budget, how is Federal Stimulus money impacting DCLA's budget and the organizations that it serves? Has there been some over-arching conversation about that now that there's Congressional Federal money, there's also by-member item, there's also funding as it pertains to Stimulus money, is there discussion from the Administration about how Stimulus money is going to directly impact the Department of Cultural Affairs?

commissioner Gonzalo Casals: There are some initial conversations about, you know, programs that, you know, those funds would enable, and we of course, as I sit at the table, I try to figure out, you know, how we can take advantage of those funds, but anyways, anyhow, more funds for the city means more funds for all ... (crosstalk).

2 SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Can I

finish?

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MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Mm-hmm.

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: Sorry, more funds for the city means, you know, more funds for all of the work that we do and we continue to work towards the, again, the budget for next year, and I'm confident that as I said before, the Arts and Culture is going to continue to play a big role in the recovery of our city.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Uh, I guess, I'll let that go. I don't really quite understand that answer, but through other questions it will come up, and I guess finally, which is what, again, Council member Van Bramer brought up, as this is your final, official years as the Commission, what do you feel that you would want your legacy to be as a Commissioner? So, for example, like Tom Finkelpearl, the cultural plan, how ever people feel about it, adding (inaudible) to the roster of CIGS and other things might be things that he would be associated with, what do you feel that you would want your legacy upon completion as Commission to say it has

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2 ushered in a specific element that had never existed 3 before?

COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: That's an interesting question. I think, you know, and throughout my career, I always measure the outcome in the process. It's not necessarily what you end up doing, it's how you do it and how do you involve others in doing it.

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: Mm-hmm.

extremely proud of how we all came together in such a hard moment for our city and while we all played our roles, at the same time, we together and we worked together towards one goal which is how do we support cultural organizations in the recovery of the sector, but also how do cultural organizations help the recovery of New York City, and being able to have an open line of communication, working hand-to-hand and shoulder-to-shoulder, not only with the Council, but also with the sector and the many, multiple committees and areas of the sector I think is what makes me proud of the work that we have done and I hope to continue to do, and I hope it continues

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- beyond the three of us being gone at the end of the
 year.
 - MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: You certainly have a future career on the political side, but I appreciate your input ... (crosstalk).
 - COMMISSIONER GONZALO CASALS: (Inaudible).

MAJORITY LEADER CUMBO: You're good, you're good, Commissioner, you're good. Alright, I'll turn it back over to Chair Van Bramer.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much,
Majority Leader Cumbo, and dropping the legacy
question to Commissioner Casals is something that a
lot folks are thinking about these days as Gonzalo
said, at the end of the year when all three of us are
gone, it's a little final, Commissioner Casals, but I
hope that all of us will continue to be champions of
Culture and the Arts and the values that we've all
been fighting for, even if we're not in these
identical positions at the end of the year, but
indeed, it's been an incredible partnership while I
had the opportunity to chair this committee and then
when the Majority Leader joined the Council, we had
an incredible champion of the Arts join in the

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS

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- 2 sometimes lonely fights and then of course, you,
- 3 Commissioner Casals, in all the work that you do.
- 4 | So, thank you. There are obviously a million more
- 5 questions, and so much more work to do, but we have
- 6 many members of the community who are here to speak,
- 7 | and we want to move on to the public unless any other
- 8 | Council Members have any further questions for the
- 9 Commissioner and the Administration. If we do not
- 10 have that, I'll take a one-minute break and then we
- 11 | will resume, Brenda McKinney with testimony from our
- 12 | cultural community. Does that sound fair?
- 13 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: That
- 14 | sounds great, thank you.
- 15 CHAIR VAN BRAMER: And thank you,
- 16 | Commissioner Casals. I'll be right back. All right.
- 17 | So, we are back. Brenda, do you want to call the
- 18 | first panel?
- 19 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY:
- 20 Absolutely. Thank you, Chair, and I don't see any
- 21 other hands.
- 22 CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Okay.
- 23 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: So,
- 24 | if we conclude the Administration portion of the
- $25 \parallel \text{hearing}$. Just one more check for any other Council

2 Member questions, and no hands, so, we'll move on, and then Chair, if we can just start with some more 3 4 housekeeping items before we call the panels. 5 now we will move to the public panel portion of the 6 hearing, and now that we have concluded the 7 Administration's testimony, I'd like to remind everyone that as we call names, individuals will be 8 called up in panels. So, Council Members, as a 9 reminder, if you have a question for a particular 10 panelist, please use the raise hand function. You'll 11 12 be called on after everyone in that panel has completed their testimony in the order that you 13 14 raised your hands, and for panelists, members of the 15 public, once your name is called, a member of staff 16 will unmute you and the Sergeant at Arms will give you the go ahead to begin after setting the timer. 17 18 As a reminder, all testimony will be limited to three minutes. We have a three-minute clock today per 19 20 individual, so please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before starting your 21 2.2 testimony. So, with that, the first panel, in order 23 of speaking today will be Melody Capote from the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute, 24 Adam Odsess Rubin from the National Queer Theater, 25

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and I apologize in advance for any mispronunciation
of names. Douglas Dubois-Card Sebamala from the
National Queer Theater, and Deborah Cowell, an artist
who is also working with Hi-Arts. So, we will now
call on our first witness who is Melody Capote. You

7 may begin once the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

MELODY CAPOTE: Good morning, Mr.

Chairman and Members of the City Council. My name is Melody Capote, Executive Director of the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute. pleased to be here as an African descendent Latina to learn my voice regarding systemic bias in the Administration of Arts and Cultural funds. Before I begin, I want to express my refusal to use the Acronym BIPOC, as this term in itself erases our identifies of Asian, black, indigenous, and Latin X I come to tell you as clearly as I can that people. the system for funding Arts and Cultural in the City of New York is both inherently and systematically biased against black, brown, native, Asian, people of color, as well as against my queer brothers and sisters. Let's be clear. Systemic racism does not

require a deep level of motivation by the

2 perpetrator. Edmund Berg said it best. "The only necessary for the triumph of evil is for good men to 3 do nothing". I speak now of the cultural 4 5 institution's group, or CIG, as it is known. was created in 1876 in order to make New York into a 6 7 showcase of culture. By 1900, major institutions like the American Museum of Natural History, the 8 Metropolitan Museum of Art, the New York Botanical 9 Gardens, the Bronx Zoo, and the Brooklyn Museum among 10 others were given lucrative leases for a mere 11 12 penitence, and of course, no institution of color was even considered. Now, 150 years later, only three 13 14 institutions operated by communities of color have 15 been granted entrance into the hallowed halls of CIG. 16 This, City Council Members, is exactly what systemic 17 racism looks like. It just happens. We couldn't 18 find an indigenous or black institution qualified to be a member of CIG. Should we ask or wonder why not, 19 20 or do we know the answer? I am not here to arque that the CIG should be abolished. I am here to argue 2.1 2.2 that in order to address the systemic and inherent 23 biased cause by the way CIG has been funded, there is a need for immediate equitable distribution, much in 24 25 the same way that phrase is used in divorce

memorialized ... (crosstalk).

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proceedings. In order to fairly and equitably share the largest that was created 150 ago, and when I say created, I'm talking about each of those institutions utilizing the services of native people, freed and indigenous slaves whose contributions have now

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

MELODY CAPOTE: In little plots of land throughout the city called the African burial grounds. I respect most of the institutions that belong to CIG, but the institution, itself, needs to be reformed around the new and more equitable paradigm. Consider this. That CIG institutions lease property from the City of New York for in some cases, \$1, and in other cases other token payments. My institution, my Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute negotiated the purchase of a firehouse from the city for \$1, and we raised and invested \$10 million dollars into it. In order to create the institution that exist today and for that \$1, the Caribbean Cultural Center African Diaspora Institute is told that they, we cannot be a member of CIG and receive equitable distribution of the CIG funds. I leave you with this question. Are you

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2 kidding me? Thank you for your time, and yes, black
3 lives do matter.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you, Ms. Capote for your testimony. Our next witness will be Adam Odsess, again apologies, Odsses Rubin from the National Queer Theater. You may begin your testimony when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

ADAM ODSESS RUBIN: Good morning everyone. My name is Adam Odsess Rubin, and I'm the founder and Artistic Director of National Queer Theater, New York's leading LGBTQ theater company. With pride, we are stagging our third annual Criminal Queerness Festival outdoors and socially distant at La Guardia Performing Arts Center in Queens and at Lincoln Center. The Criminal Queerness Festival provides a stage in our city to international and immigrant LGBTQ artists facing censorship and criminalization in their home countries. Our festival represents the best of New York City, embracing New York's diversity, protecting queer refugees and asylum seekers and providing affordable, high-quality entertainment to residents and visitors across the city. However, we have lost almost all of

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Thank

our funding for this vital program; \$50,000 from the New York City Mayor's grant for cultural impact, part of the Create NYC plan which vanished after the pandemic budget cuts. How does the city decide to cut cultural impact at a time when our cultural institutions are threading with extinction, and our industry faces 66% unemployment? We just became eligible for DCLA funding, but the agency is not accepting new competitive applications, and I wish the Commissioner had stayed to hear this because it's very hard for organizations like ours. Support for Queer and artists of color from the City Council means resources. We need more funding for our small queer arts organizations and organizations of color as we serve the city's most vulnerable residents through grassroots community organizing. We know how to support our communities best. We implore you to properly fund our city's small queer and arts organizations of color to bring about a truly equitable environment that would assure artists can flourish in the city, the queer and cultural capital of the country. Thank you.

25 you for your testimony. Our next witness will be

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY:

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Douglas Dubois-Card Sebamala from National Queer
Theater.

4 SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

5 Douglas, you're still on mute.

DOUGLAS DUBOIS-CARD SEBAMALA: Thank you. Good morning. My name is Douglas Dubois-Card Sebamala, the Managing Director at National Queer Theater. In this room, as in major theaters across New York City, I am one among very few black, queer, immigrant Managing Directors, if not the only one. Our queer and BIPOC communities are hungry for representation. We deserve a seat at the table, decision makers, to shape the narratives of our generations and generations coming after us through community leadership and transformation of power of theater. The formative years of my youth was spent in Uganda, surrounded by anti-gay discrimination and The government passed the Anti-Homosexuality stigma. Bill of 2014 which called for a death sentence for all gay people in the country. When I moved to America, I was no stranger to police brutality. communities experience major trauma every day with unwarranted policing of people of color and brutal shootings of unknown black men and women in our homes

and on the streets. We need your protection and
support. At National Queer Theater, we bring to the
floor experiences of queer and BIPOC artists through
social justice theater and theater education
programming. We want our voices to be heard, for our
stories to be told, and not told from single
narratives and perspectives, but through our
undiluted experiences as queer, black, indigenous
people of color in America, but that starts with you
giving us a seat at the table, this table by funding
our initiatives and all queer, BIPOC organizations,
you enable our work to uplift our communities,
contribute to our strive for equality through social
justice and programs against marginalization of our
people. I implore you to visit our website at
National Queer Theater, to support our festival that
starts on the 22nd to 26th of June, so that our
stories that have been censored in countries continue
to thrive among audiences who appreciate theater in
the five boroughs of New York City. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you for your testimony. The last member of this panel will be Deborah Cowell. Ms. Cowell, you may begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

2 SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

3 DEBORAH COWELL: My name is Deborah 4 Cowell, and I'm speaking on behalf of myself, my 5 partner, Katie Madison (SP?) and our community arts network. When artist first looked to the star, the 6 7 result was astronomy and eventually travel to space. The gift to us, May Genison (SP?). When the artist 8 looked to the human body, the result was medicine, 9 common cures. The development of the sciences was, 10 for the longest time, intrinsically attached to music 11 12 and poetry. It was through rhythm and song that 13 theory and science was with discipline taught and 14 remembered. We are here now talking about how to 15 save the arts as a direct result of systemic 16 compartmentalization of the human spirit. In 1984, 17 Mable Hampton (SP?) addressed the New York City gay-18 pride rally and said, "I am proud of myself and my I would like all my people to be free in 19 people. 20 this world, my gay and my black people". Empirical fact, black, queer artists are responsible for the 21 2.2 artistic and cultural impact of the Harlem 23 Renaissance, and yet, in 1923, the New York Aide reported that the average black worker earned \$25 per 24 25 month and spent half to two-thirds of these monthly

2 wages on rent. The report also stated that black tenants generally paid twice as much for rent as 3 4 their white New York counterparts. Nothing has 5 changed. Black and brown New Yorkers are paying 6 disproportionately more in rent in relation to their 7 wages than their white counterparts. We cannot live in and then be expected to create in these 8 The Human Rights Campaign Foundation 9 conditions. published a study wherein they stated anti-10 transgender stigma, denial of opportunity, and 11 12 increased risk factor compile to create a culture of 13 violence disproportionally impacting trans and gender 14 non-conforming people of color. We should not get 15 lost and any of us, is the fact that conversations 16 around the preservation of the Arts in New York City 17 resonate differently now because we are in the midst 18 of the 100 anniversary of the beginning of the Harlem It's no small things that the 19 Renaissance. 20 conditions of a pandemic and physical uncertainty are also the same. At the very same time, the Museum of 21 2.2 Modern Art is aware of these times. It has no 23 problems displaying Art from that era on its walls in rotating fashion which lets us know that somebody, 24 somewhere knows something about what this time is 25

reflected of. So, what are we going to do about it?
How are we going to make this better? New York City
is not teaming with artists the way it used to
because it is no longer affordable for somebody to
just live here. What we are acutely aware of in any
conversation having to do with putting funds back
into the Arts community is the enormous (<u>inaudible</u>)
in which the word Artist is consistent read as
synonymous for white, and whenever any mention of
black and brown peoples is made, it is essentially
lip-service. Inevitably one position gets set aside
for a whole bunch of people to compete for, and that
one person has to bear the weight of being the
standard bearer, and when they break, they are
usually an example of why these programs don't work.
The same holds true for any conversation about
queerness. The default is always to whiteness if the
conversation about queerness comes up at all, and it
is both depressing and enraging at the same time.
Because we are black women

22 SGT. SADOWSKY: Time has expired.

DEBORAH COWELL: And also, part of the LGBTQIA Plus community, what we say here should be read from that perspective with that in mind first

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because some of us remember what New York City used to be like growing up surrounded by all kinds of culture beyond Apple Stores, Whole Foods, and H&M. We are tired of the conversations being a talking point for the re-election of elected official all the while being set up for our failure. So much of the basic infrastructure that was in place that made it possible for artist to thrive is now gone. frustrating to watch New York City try to build up tourism on a reality of what used to be. When De Blasio was running for Mayor for the first time, one of the promises he made was to establish affordable housing for Artists. It's the reason many of us voted for him. That promise has fallen by the wayside. What we need is a plan for Artists that provide spaces to create with a set deliverables attached. They can be spaced out incrementally to ensure that demonstration of progress is beneficial for both the Artist, the programs supporting them, and the rest of New York City. We cannot have this discussion without talking about institutional homophobia. We will not have this conversation without coming out and saying point blank, all this has become culture of the City of New York, and as

change. Thank you very much.

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- right as it makes us mad as hell because we should be talking about so many other things instead. We have to be talking about so many other things instead, but here we are once again in demonstration of the fact that we can do so many other things at the same time.

 We just need to be doing better. A lot has got to
- 9 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank
 10 you.
 - CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you. Go ahead, Brenda.
 - COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you Chair Van Bramer, go ahead.
 - CHAIR VAN BRAMER: So, thank you very much all for your testimony and your work, and you challenge. I wanted to Douglas a question if we can unmute Douglas about the funding that you do receive, and where it comes from and your interaction with the Department of Cultural Affairs, in particular in the city funding streams if you will.
 - DOUGLAS DUBOIS-CARD SEBAMALA: Yes, I would love to that, but I'm going to request that Adam takes on the, Adam Odsess Rubin who is the Artist Director, but I'll say that we recently

streams of funding.

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applied to the DCLA funding, but our previous

contributions have been coming in from individual

donors. We have a partnership with the Stonewall

Foundation and then Adam will speak to our other

ADAM ODSESS RUBIN: Yeah, thank you, Douglas. So, last year, we were a subgrantee of Dixson Place in the Lower Eastside and received the Mayor's Grant for Cultural Impact for \$50,000 for our annual Criminal Queerness Festival which is promoting international immigrant LGBTQ artists. That program was supposed to be renewable for a year to 2021. had to do our festival on Zoom last year. We're doing it outdoors this year, and when we approached DCLA about the second year of the program, they said the program no longer exists because of pandemic budget cuts. So, when we applied for DCLA funding, just last week, I believe or the week before, they said they're not accepting new competitive applications, we're limited to City Council funding, and this is our first year as a three-year-old organization that we're eligible for DCLA funding, so based half of our budgeting on being newly eligible for DCLA funding, and this year, because of COVID,

2 they say that there is no DCLA funding for

3 organizations like ours, a queer, diverse

4 organization through, you know, as we approach pride

5 season, our busiest season of the year, we're

6 extremely underfunded and under-resourced by the

7 government.

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CHAIR VAN BRAMER: So, that's really disappointing to hear. You may or may not know, I'm one of only four queer Council Members in the City Council and you know, I will definitely speak to Commissioner Casals and see, you know, what we can do. Obviously, many of you spoke to the issues around homophobia and the under representation that the LGBTQ community faces in terms of funding. So, that's particularly painful to hear in terms of your experience with getting 50 and then having it pulled and yanked right back, that's devastating. I'm sure that's a fairly significant grant for you all, right?

ADAM ODSESS RUBIN: Yeah, you know, we want to put money into the pockets of our artists who are mostly queer, immigrant artists, especially as people have been out of work for a year in theater community, so as we try to bring back theater safely and employee LGBTQ artists and especially queer

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artists of color, we really need that government

support from the City Council and from DCLA in order

to get people back to work and bring back the Arts

5 and Culture to New York City.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you. We should definitely be in some communication, and Melody and Deborah. Thank you, Melody. Obviously, you always bring some truth and incredible passion, and you have for as long as we've been doing this work in the same space and you're always challenging all of us as you should in calling injustice out at every turn. just want to appreciate you and the role that you play here which is a particularly furious one, if I may use that term, and Deborah, thank you very much for your contributions here, and you know, we've had hearings about the topic housing and security, real estate pricing out of artists, particularly artists of color and gender, but all of the those things that you raised are real and important among others. I want to thank each of you for being here. If there are any other Council Members who have questions for this panel, feel free to raise your hand. If not, we will move on to the next panel and I'll throw it right back to Brenda to facilitate.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank
you, Chair Van Bramer. We're not seeing any hands
jumping in. Just checking one more time if any
Council Members have questions for the panel. We're
not seeing any hands, so we'll move to the next
panel. All right, thank you to our first panel. The
next panel, so, we'll move to panel two. That panel
in order of speaking will be Cheryl Warfield from
MORE Opera, Alejandra Duque Cifuentes from Dance NYC,
Courtney French from JCAL, and Adam McKinney from HI
Arts. So, we will call you one at a time, and again,
please wait for the Sergeant to call the clock before
you begin your testimony. I will now call on Cheryl
Warfield. Thank you.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

CHERYL WARFIELD: Thank you, Chair Van
Bramer, Majority Leader Cumbo, and Members of City
Council for the opportunity to testify. I am Cheryl
Warfield, an (<u>inaudible</u>) performing artist
(<u>inaudible</u>) Arts organization providing performance
and outreach to underserved (<u>inaudible</u>) in New York
City. I want to speak to you today to one, urge the
formation of (<u>inaudible</u>) to provide equity for BIPOC
and queer artists and artist-led organizations

2 rendering services to underserved New York communities, but not eligible for DCLA funding. 3 Two, to change the grant awarding system to provide 4 greater equity and sustainability for BIPOC 5 programing. Three, to support increased funding for 6 7 CASA and SU CASA initiatives to underserved communities, and four, to inform City Council that 8 artists and cultural organizations never stop 9 providing services during the pandemic and to 10 heighten awareness that many smaller organizations 11 12 like mine in the trenches increase services to help our communities in this great time of need. 13 reality is that under current funding models and 14 15 granting mechanisms, neither I as an independent 16 artist for over 30 years, nor my 20-year-old BIPOC 17 organization will see a penny of the multi-millions 18 of anticipated federal dollars that will be distributed. There needs to be a more equitable way 19 20 to distribute City Council funds and I urge City Counsel Members to identify all artists in their own 21 2.2 communities. Artists live in every part of New York 23 City, from Wall Street to unfortunately homeless shelters. New York City needs a vision and a plan to 24 put artists back to work and provide a living wage to 25

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pull artists out of the poverty level. Throughout the pandemic, Arts and Culture has never stopped. My organization pivoted to online programming and thanks to Vance (inaudible) at the Bronx Opera and the (inaudible) Cortland Senior Center Administration for valuing and sustaining a senior chorus program that originated through SU CASA, I have continued working virtually with Bronx Seniors for over 13 months. Now is the time for our leaders and government to be forward thinking and to plan effectively for reopening and stimulating the economy with Arts initiatives, being mindful of new and pandemic-related expenses for organizations and ...

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

With inflation. New York has been advantaged by a strong arts and cultural landscape for decades. Let New York City be a guiding light for bringing back culture by valuing all of its artists and cultural organizations that's renewing and restoring itself to its rightful place a mecca for worldwide culture. Thank you.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank
3 you so much for your testimony. The next witness

4 | will be Alejandra Duque Cifuentes.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: Thank you. It wouldn't let me unmute. Hello folks. My name is Alejandra Duque Cifuentes. I'm the Executive Director of Dance NYC and I represent dance, artists, workers, cultural organizations and businesses. coming to offer testimony really requesting things that I've been requesting in multiple testimonies across the past year and several years. First, to acknowledge the ongoing lasting impacts of slavery and settler colonialism by establishing and executing a plan to address those impacts and repair the harm down by establishing a commission for reparations for past and continuing harms inflicted upon black and indigenous peoples, from colonialism to slavery to food and housing redlining, mass incarceration and surveillance. Second to prioritize funding to black, indigenous folks of the global majority, immigrant, disabled, and LGBTQ plus Arts and Cultural organizations in order to decenter eurocentrism and white supremacy in main street New York cultural

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representation in order to begin to undo the prerogative and hurtful narratives and depictions and associations with those communities and cultures. substantial investment is needed in order for those organizations that authentically represent primarily serve, are led by or founded by these communities to thrive. Third, to establish funding to ensure that BIPOC, immigrant disability, and LGBTQ organizations and artists can own and properly maintain their venues, buildings, and/or land recognizing land stewardship and ownership as one of the most significant ways to address systemic inequitable distribution of resources. Four, to ensure that funding streams created to support these communities and cultural organizations are streamlined for multiyear support providing expensive technical assistance to facilitate the application process and award sites that actually allow for the payment of dignified wages to those Arts and Cultural workers, and lastly and very importantly and timely, to ensure that Federal relief funds that are received by the city prioritize both in their allotment and in their distribution mechanisms those communities and especially independent Arts workers and small budget

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organizations to ensure those most impacted by COVID and continued systemic injustice are able to access that needed support and services quickly. We cannot have dense, difficult application processes that are based on who is already getting funds, who is already well connected, who already knows how to get those funds because people are dying, our cultural organizations are closing, our workers are fleeing the city, and the communities that make New York City great are going to disappear if we do not invest in them. We know that our budgets are investment, and not just a line item in the budget, but also ... (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

ALEJANDRA DUQUE CIFUENTES: The mechanisms for how we distribute money are a reflection of the values that we have as organizations, as a city, and as a community. So, I thank you all for listening, and I hope that to work with you to establish some mechanisms for healthy support of our communities.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you so much for your testimony. Our next witness on this panel will be Courtney French from JCAL. Mr.

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French, you may begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

COURTNEY FRENCH: Thank you and good I am here today to give testimony about morning. amplifying the voices of BIPOC and queer communities in our cultural institutions. I come to you today inspired by the philosophy of ubuntu. I am because we are. We are a city of expanding convergence of diversity, multiple languages, angulating perspectives, and a fierce hunger to be heard. indigenous of color and queer voices can be found on stages, in front of cameras, behind microphones, and even in Executive offices. What is not readily accessible are opportunities to decide what content populates our airways. Theater, TV, cinema, and there mere digital gateways we have all grown to accept as standard mediums. My name is Courtney French. I work in the Arts, Culture, and Education industries for over the past 20 years. I'm a dancer, choreographer, writer, educator, and currently the Artist Director for the Jamaica Center of Arts and Learning. The initiative I would like proposed is based on a pilot program initiated with the help of

2 the New York Community Trust partnership with the Jamaica Center for Arts and Learned called Building 3 Equity. Building Equity was developed as a two-year 4 program that creates an advisory counsel made up of 5 queer, black, indigenous, and people of color with 6 countless task of creation of presentation of 7 programmatic ideas and advances that are directly 8 driven by their collective cultural and community 9 interests. The Council works directly with the CIG, 10 in this case, the Jamaica Center for Arts and 11 12 Learning, or JCAL. JCAL provides all material support, access to creative space, technical 13 14 assistance, marketing and promotions, stipends, and 15 administrative assistance. All of this is done, of 16 course, with the help of funder, in this case, New 17 York Community Trust. The programs created through 18 the Council have gone in directions we never dreamed, of films, on the essentially the invisibility of 19 indigenous population in the city, exhibit on queer, 20 South Asian arts, and electrisim tying of culture. 21 2.2 Actually, topics we would have never explored had it 23 not been for this particular Council. It is my professional experience that programming generated by 24 these institutions are often called on what is 25

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considered the norm, whatever was done last year and the year before that. The lineage of programming can be traced to a time when the Eurocentric ideal or white dominant culture was only the lens through which art was seen. There was not too much room for other voices. It is imperative that we take a revolutionary turn and develop more funding streams to programs that are driven by the voiceless and underserved. We are here today standing with freedoms and liberties that many before us didn't have, some of whom we don't know, have never celebrated, but did the work quietly and often ... (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

COURTNEY FRENCH: We are who we are today because of them. I close as I begun. I am because we are. We must amplify the voices of black, queer, and indigenous people of color in our community.

Thank you. My name is Courtney French.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you for your testimony. We have one more witness on this panel. The last witness will be Adam McKinney from HI-Arts. Mr. McKinney, you may begin your testimony when the Sergeant calls the clock.

2 | SERGEANT SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

ADAM MCKINNEY: Good morning. I am Aaron 3 4 L. McKinney, Interim Executive Director of HI-Arts, 5 located at El Barrio's Art Space, PS-109 in East Harlem. Charlie Small's (inaudible) for one of my 6 7 favorite musicals, the Wiz. It begins, "When I think of home, I think of a place where there's love 8 overflowing". I would add that when I think of home, 9 I think of a place where I am safe to be my full 10 self, but where can black, indigenous, Latin X, 11 12 Asian, other people of color, queer, and other historically marginalized artists call home? Are 13 14 there enough safe spaces that allow these artists to 15 bring their full selves to their art? HI-Arts is one 16 of those safe spaces, both literally and metaphorically for marginalized communities to share 17 their stories. We are a leading cultural hub within 18 the urban arts movement. For over 20 years, we have 19 provided unique development opportunities to artists 20 of color, always placing issues of equity and social 21 2.2 justice at the forefront. We invite our artists to 23 bring their full selves and our staff to do the same. 24 While many organizations only devote resources to 25 late-stage work, we invest in the development phase

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2 of artistic creation rather than a final product. For artists of the global majority, especially those 3 4 in hip-hop and in the urban arts, this kind of 5 support is rarely afforded. Development takes time. 6 Our artists need this time with pay. Additionally, 7 we work with our artists to design residencies that are tailored to their specific needs. Many are used 8 to catering to the static or structural norms of 9 white-led institutions. HI-arts residency divert 10 this structure asking artists to tell us what they 11 12 need and providing it. We have heard time and again 13 from our artists that this sets us apart from many 14 other institutions. I want to take a moment to 15 discuss this word, institution. There have been long 16 tensions between artists and institutions. For many, these power dynamics reached a breaking point in this 17 18 past year. There are countless stories, some documented, mostly undocumented of artists who 19 20 comment they never want to work with an institution again. The trickle-down system from institutions to 21 2.2 artists isn't working and the safety net is fragile 23 at best. The COVID pandemic highlighted these failures that we know are not new. In 2020, 24

Americans for the Arts found that 62% of Art and

Cultural workers were unemployed and more than 69%
were black, indigenous and other POC. As leaders of
organizations, as leaders in government, we need to
provide direct financial support to our artists and
cultural workers during this emergency and on an
ongoing basis. For me, it will always be about
process over product, artists over art, human being
over funded deliverable. When our residency's
exhibits and productions are over, it means
everything when artists tell us that they felt loved
and supported rather they want to work with HI-Arts
team again. Developing those relationships with and
building pipelines for historically marginalized
artists is the reason why we do what we do. We thank
Chairman Van Bramer and the Members of the Committee,
Commissioner Casals, and DCLA and the City at Large
for its partnership. Let's work harder, provide
resources, and continue to make New York home for
these artists. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you for your testimony ... (crosstalk)

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you, oh sorry, sorry Brenda.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY:

3 (Crosstalk) Chair Van Bramer.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you to all of the members of this panel. Alejandra, I just want to say I support the Commission on Reparations Legislation that you spoke of. Council Member Inez Barron has introduced a Resolution along those lines. I think there are some other as well, and I just checked to make sure that I was a co-sponsor of the Commission of Reparations that Council Member Barron has proposed. So, thank you for raising that today, and I am officially signed on as a co-sponsor of that, and I just want to thank everyone on the panel. Courtney French for your work in Queens. Obviously, we greatly appreciate JCAL and all that it means to this borough, and to everyone who serve and work, and you know, I was thinking as all of you were speaking, Aaron, Cheryl, who said sat at our hearings before, you know, we've been talking a lot about these issues this past year, and sometimes, it feels very frustrating, I'm sure, for Alejandra and Cheryl in particular, who have been here many times; obviously, Melody as well, but I do feel like we need to keep talking about this and having hearings about this

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because if we don't, you know, it just doesn't get spoken about, right. It just doesn't even make it into the dialogue here at the Council in the ways that it needs to be. So, I just appreciate your persistence in coming and in speaking truth to power all the time, and I thank you all, and Cheryl, thank you again for the incredible gifts you gave to my mother, which was incredibly generous and sweet. So, I think we have no other questions or comments from Members, but thank you, and Aaron, this is the first, I believe, we've met, at least in this bizarre virtual world capacity situation, but your energy came through very profoundly and thank you for your work. I was once there many years ago, but I greatly appreciate everything that you brought to the hearing today. Thank you all.

you so much, Chair Van Bramer, and also to the members of the panel. So, we will now move to panel three, and I'll read that panel in order and then call you individually. The members of panel three will be Evans Richardson from the Studio Museum in Harlem, Stephanie Cunningham from Museum Hue, and Ana Chireno from El Museo del Barrio. So, we will next

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2 move to Evans Richardson. Mr. Richardson, you may 3 begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

EVANS RICHARDSON: Thank you, Chair Van Bramer and the Members of the Committee on behalf of the entire board, staff, and extended community of the Studio Museum in Harlem. I want to express our sincere gratitude for inviting us to participate in this critical conversation on amplifying BIPOC voices in the cultural sphere. My name is Evans Richardson, Chief of Staff at the Studio Museum in Harlem where for over half a century, we have committed ourselves to the study, presentation, and conservation of the work of artists of African descent. In the 52 years since our founding, our mission has been to uplift our community and bear witness to black life through art and culture. The Studio Museum is a proud member of the Cultural Institutions Group and as such, is committed to supporting the public health, public life, and public service of all New Yorkers and of the city itself. Our commitment to the art and artists of African descent has only deepened since March 2020 when the museum made its transition to remote work. Today, I want to celebrate for a few

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moments, the accomplishments of BIPOC organizations of which the Studio Museum is just one example, who have been able to create new opportunities for audience engagement and amplify the voices of artists across the five boroughs and indeed the world. example of this work is the Museum's Iconic Artists and Residence Program envisioned by artist, William I. Williams. This is the program from which we get our name. This program gives emerging artists an unparalleled opportunity to develop their practice in an 11-month residency and culminates in annual exhibition. The program has supported over 150 artists who have gone on to highly regarded careers. Individuals selected for the residency receive institutional guidance, professional development, and research support. On December 10th, we were thrilled to open our annual artists and resident's exhibition, this longing vessel, at MoMA PS1. In its second year, this collaboration with the fellow CIG provides a promising model and exciting opportunities for cross-institutional programing and audience building. This year, we were also thrilled to present Chloe Bass Wayfinding in Harlem's St. Nicholas Park, a collaboration with NYC Parks and a part of our in

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Harlem initiative. This exhibition took place from September 2019 through 2020. The exhibition, made up of site-specific sculptures explored the structural and visual vernacular of public Wayfinding signage, resonated with viewers even as we remained physically distant. Massive sculptures activated in eloquent exploration of language, both visual and written encouraging private moments of private reflection in public space. I also wanted to mention another program called Find Art here, a collaboration that has taken our collection and high-quality reproductions of works from our collection and put them in public spaces such as NYCHA public housing complexes and New York City public schools. Most recently, we worked with the grant houses to install a reprint of Henry ... (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

EVANS RICHARDSON: How I got over.

Despite the challenges of the current moment, we understand that the artists the Studio Museum works to amplify will both reflect and shape this time, placing our history in a global context for future generations. We hope the outcome of our collective work in this moment will be an affirmation of the

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2 sanctity, complexity, and beauty of black life and
3 humanity. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you so much for your testimony. The next witness on this panel will be Stephanie Cunningham from Museum Hue.

STEPHANIE CUNNINGHAM: Thank you.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

STEPHANIE CUNNINGHAM: Thank you and thank you, Chair Van Bramer and Commissioner Casals for your work and advocacy and members of the City Council. My name is Stephanie Johnson-Cunningham, I'm the co-founder and Creative Director of Museum Hue, an Arts organization dedicated to supporting hundreds of museum professionals in various cultural institutions across New York City's five boroughs. Museum Hue was specifically created for the advancement of black, indigenous, and people of color throughout the field. Museum Hue joins colleague advocates working across creative disciplines in thanking the Committee for your leadership, especially during this time. The Arts play an essential role in cultural and social life across New York City. The Arts is how we all tell our stories,

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preserve our heritage, interpret the past, and
imagine our future. It is a tool black, indigenous,
and people of color have used to both amplify and
transcend the oppression, injustices, and
impoverishment of our communities that are present in
the very moment. The Arts are used to enrich our
lives daily and has also been used as strategy for
community building and as a form of resistance. The
Arts are an essential part of liberation and have
helped to paint a fuller, more vibrant portrait of
New Yorkers across the city, and beyond this cultural
impact, the Arts sector is also essential to New York
City's economy, generating GDP, stimulating jobs, and
contributing taxes. The Arts and Culture sector is
the number one driver of tourism to the state
generating \$110 billion in economic activity
according to the controller's report in the creative
economy. It highlights that the vastness of the
cultural sector with nearly 400,000 jobs has changed
the framework of the city, but due to the pandemic,
Arts venues were forced to close and cancel programs
due to COVID-19. So, in order for the vibrancy that
is New York City's Arts and Culture to be revived, we
need the support of the City Council. We know that

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black, indigenous and people of color Arts
organization have been disproportionally impacted.
Our Arts and Culture eco-system needs funding to
ensure the survival. So, I'm recommending that the
City Council fund initiatives for Arts organizations
led by and censoring black, indigenous, and people of
color, provide necessary funding in order for us to
continue to support black, indigenous, and people of
color, recognize the critical work and critical needs
of black, indigenous, and people of color's Arts
organization, and within the budget of Arts and
Culture, there needs to be a portion dedicated to
black, indigenous, and people of color's Art
organization. Museum Hue advocates for a vision
(crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

advocates for a vision rooted in racial equity and sustainability for the Arts and Culture industry.

City budget and funding are needed so that Arts and Culture can continue to thrive in a city known and celebrated for its Arts and Culture. As a lifelong

New Yorker and museum professional, I know firsthand the impact of the Arts and Cultural field. Censoring

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you so much for your testimony. Our last witness on this panel will Ana Chireno from El Museo del Barrio.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

ANA CHIRENO: Thank you, Chair Van Bramer and the entire Cultural Affairs Committee for the

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opportunity to present today. I'd also like to say that I'm honored to be part of this distinguished panel. Evans and Stephanie, I think the work that your organizations are doing and yourselves are amazing. My name is Ana Chireno, and I'm the Director of Government and Community Affairs at El Museo del Barrio. As a native New Yorker, Afro-Latina, and daughter of immigrants, it's a distinct honor to be able to speak on the chosen topic. Firstly, El Museo is one of 34 organizations within the CIG, the cultural institutions group that are located on city property. Throughout the pandemic, CIGs have remained committed to providing free offerings for nearly 10 million individuals. El Museo is also a member of the Latin X Arts Consortium of New York, a peer network dedicated to knowledge exchange, resource sharing, and collective action towards systemic change. El Museo del Barrio, an anchor of the East Harlem community has a 50-year grassroots legacy of amplifying Puerto Rican and Latin X voices in the Arts. In fact, addressing the lack of representation of Latin X artists in the mainstream art world was a main catalyst for El Museo's creation. Recently the art world has taken

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steps towards addressing stubborn lack of (inaudible) and its staffing audiences in content, but the work of culturally specific institutions like El Museo is still necessary and worthy of support from the City Council now more than ever. A national survey found out Latin X artists represent only 2.8% of artists and museum collections in the US, 2.8%. comparison, the 60 million Latin X people in the US are 18% of the population according to the census bureau, 2.8% versus 18%. In New York City, we represent almost 30% of city residents, so there's still work to be done. Most recently at El Museo del Barrio, we continue to amplify Latin X voices which, by the way, include black and queer Latin X voices with a recent exhibition, "Estamos Bien, La Tienal 2021", the museum's first ever, national large-scale survey of contemporary art featuring more than 40 artists. Art writer, Barbara Calderon, when reviewing the show for Art Net mentioned that La Trienal shows how much latent and under-recognized talent there is in the field. The exclusion of Latin X art from relevant art conversations is a reality. That persistent exclusion in museum collections, galley shows, etc, is a running testament to the need

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for surveys like El Museo's, she continues. The collected works are by a glimpse into the range of Latin X art. The curators have outlined communal needs for doing justice to express. It's up to the rest of the art world to respond. I would add two last barbarous last words that it is also up to our partners in government to respond by supporting the organizations that are correcting the art cannon so that it more accurately reflects the beautiful (inaudible) of who we are as a city and a nation ... (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

ANA CHIRENO: We need your support to continue doing this work. I don't need to tell this Committee that Arts and Cultural Organizations will play an essential role in our recovery, but I would be remissive if didn't mention that without intensified support, many organizations may have to close their doors permanently. This is especially true for arts organizations led by and serving communities of color that have been historically underfunded. The (inaudible) in 2015 study of diversity in the arts that the 20 largest mainstream organizations have a median budget of \$61 million,

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and the 20 largest organizations of color have a median budget size of \$3.8 million, so quote the foundation, this difference of 16 times in median budget size is a glaring illustration of disparity. Additionally, many funding opportunities such as the Federal SDOG and PPP grants are not a level playing field, and the other shut out small non-profits or do not address barriers to applying such as needs for technical assistance which especially effects BIPOC organizations. We also need to be supportive as a ramp up or reopening, and as we are now operating massively decreased revenue streams with an uncertain fundraising future. It's time to acknowledge and truly honor the diversity of artistic expression in excellent in our city and provide critical funding to organizations and communities that have made a significant impact on our cultural landscape despite historically limited resources. We look forward to working together to ensure adequate funding for the entire arts sector and search for innovations that quarantee equitable funding in the future. you.

CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Thank you and thank you to everyone on this panel. Evans, thank you for

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the partnership with MoMA PS1 which is in my District
and we're very, very thrilled to see the
collaboration there. Incredible, and of course, you
know, we love Studio Museum Harlem, and Museo as
well, and thank you Stephanie, all of you, but
Stephanie in particular for talking about the need to
develop more and increase the existing funding
streams that we do have that are dedicated to black,
indigenous, and people of color and queer-led
organizations. The Commissioner talked a little bit
about some, I talked a little bit about some. I've
got Coalition of Various Color, the Cultural
Immigrant initiative, but those are very small
pockets relative to the larger funding picture and
the Commission also mentioned some other attempts and
I think some good stuff where there's some equity
built in, but clearly, we're just touching the
surface, right. We're just starting, so I appreciate
all of the work that you all do and for being here
today to remind us of the work ahead.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you. Chair Van Bramer, we don't have any hands raised from other Council Members. So, if you're okay moving to the next panel, we can move to panel four. This

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will be final panel for this hearing today. So, as with the previous panel, we'll read all the names of the panelist and then call people one-by-one. You may begin testimony after the Sergeant calls the clock. So, thank you again for panel three and our other panels, and we will now move to our final panel. The members of the final panel will be Fredy Taveras from the New York Historical Society, Richard Burns, also from New York Historical, and Lucy Sexton from New Yorkers for Culture and the Arts. So, Mr. Taveras, you may begin your testimony when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

 $\label{eq:CHAIR VAN BRAMER:} \mbox{ I think Freddy needs}$ to be unmuted. There we go.

FREDDY TAVERAS: Dear Members of the

Committee of Cultural Affairs and everybody else

here. I am Freddy Taveras. I'm the Executive Vice

President and General Counsel of the New York

Historical Society Museum and Library. Thank you for

the continued support and continued service to the

Arts and Cultural community in New York City,

particular during these challenging times, and thank

you for the opportunity to offer testimony on behalf

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of the New York Historical Society. New York Historical aims to be an active, accessible community resource and destination for audiences typically underserved by cultural institutions. Some of our past exhibitions include Art as Activism, which showcased protest art from the 1930 through the 1970s including that of the Black Panther Movement; Nueva York, which told the history of the Latino presence in New York from the 1600s to World War II, and Chinese American Exclusion Inclusion, which explored the centuries long history of the Chinese immigrant experience. Our groundbreaking traveling exhibition, Black Citizenship in age of Jim Crow will be on view at the Pull-up Texas State History Museum in June. Our aim is to ensure our museum professionals hail from a wide range of backgrounds so we can create museum programming that highlights under recognized stories, challenges, hegemonic historical narratives and enriches public understanding of our shared past. In addition to our diverse staff, our Frederick Douglas Council and Women's History Council authenticity groups promote deeper discussion and engagement by encouraging support for programming that enriches and advances the knowledge and

documentation of black history and women's history.
To ensure BIPOC and queer voices are included in
museum conversations, the New York Historical Society
has assembled recently an inclusion diversity equity
and accessibility committee open to all employees.
New York Historical is committed to amplifying BIPOC
and queer voices, not only at the museum, but in the
Arts and Culture field in general. As such, since
2019, we've been partners with the City University of
New York's school of professional studies to offer a
very successful Master of Arts in Museum Studies
Degree program. It's a unique collaboration designed
with the goal to diversify the city's museum
workforce and address the needs of our increasingly
diverse museum-going public. The Master's program
was launched to address the pervasive lack of
accessibility and inclusion in the American museum
leadership staff working towards generating an
equitable and sustainable cultural workforce of
tomorrow. The program is specifically structured to
attack these students from non-traditional academic
backgrounds (crosstalk)

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

FREDDY TAVERAS: And we are pleased to
offer scholarship funds for qualifying students. In
closing, I can't not say this. New York Historical
has and continues to partner with the American LGBTQ
Plus Museum to bring forth plans to construct the
city's first major museum dedicated to LGBTQ Plus
history and culture. This new museum will be housed
in a dedicated floor of the New York Historical
Society's planned expansion which has received
generous funding from the City Council and the
Administration in the last two fiscal years. This
partnership represents a vital part of our
institutional mission, and we look forward to
offering robust programing on LGBTQ Plus history and
culture to New York City. Thank you very much. I'll
pass it on to the next speaker.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BRENDA MCKINNEY: Thank you so much for your testimony. The next speaker will be Richard Burns. Mr. Burns, you may begin your testimony when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

RICHARD BURNS: Hi there. My name is, indeed, Richard Burns, and I am the Chair of the Board of the Developing American LGBTQ Plus Museum.

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It's a museum to come of history and culture here in New York City. The concept of a queer history museum in New York has been talked about for over 20 years, and there have been a couple of efforts that have come and gone. Elsewhere around the world, there is a significant LGBTQ history museum in Berlin, there is an effort underway in London called Queer Britain, and there are small LGBTQ history museums already opened in San Francisco and in Fort Lauderdale. In addition, there are numerous LGBTQ archives around the country. The one archive in Los Angeles is the older and largest, while here in New York City, we have Lesbian History archives in Brooklyn, the LGBTQ archive at the LGBTQ Community Center and the archives at the Cornell Sexuality Collection in In 2017, about five years ago, a group of Ithaca. LGBTQ activists came together to begin conversations to create a museum here in New York City, and our first decision was to assemble a team that reflects the true diversity of New York's queer communities before any specifics or visioning got started. early seeds support from the New York City Council and the New York Community Trust, pro bono legal support from the law firm Brain Cave (SP?) we were

able to secure our museum charter from the New York
State Board of Regents in 2019, and we engaged the
museum planning firm consulting to do deep research.
What does our communities need and want in a queer
history museum? There were interview with LGBTQ
historians, academics, leaders around the country,
focus groups in English, Spanish, and Russian and in
all five boroughs talked with museum leaders and
experts and we engaged a consumer research firm to do
an online survey of over 40,000 LGBTQ people. We
incorporated data from NYC GO on LGBTQ traveler to
New York, and all of this came together to create a
vision for a queer museum here in New York City. Our
goal is to create a museum for people who might not
be comfortable in traditional museums in New York.
We wanted to be both physical and digital home to
school children and researchers, New Yorkers and
tourists. Museums can take a long time to happen,
and so in late 2019, we developed our partnership
with the New York Historical Society. New York
Historical Society President, Louise Mirrer and her
team have very generously agreed to incubate our
museum effort and we hope that's the case for many,

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2 many years. We're working now with curators at the 3 Historical Society ... (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

RICHARD BURNS: And our first

programming. We've undertaken this effort with a volunteer board of directors of 24 activists and our team includes folks who have helped create the New York City Aids Memorial Park, the designation of the Stonewall National Monument by President Obama and the LGBTQ Community Center. All of these efforts are not simply to record, explain, and celebrate, and commemorate the stories and struggles of our people and the path to change that we've all made together. Our goal is really to inspire rising generations with these histories to future activism. All the progress that we, as people, have achieved is very, very fragile and is under assault around the country by the right wing. Rising generations need to have access this history so that they can lead forward, arms with the lessons, mistakes, and victories that we, older folks have lived. We thank the Council for its strong support and asked for continued support. New York is the right place, the right home for this

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2 museum, this springboard for activism towards justice 3 and equality. Thanks very much.

You so much for your testimony. We have one more witness, and one more panelist. As a reminder, we will check for anyone that we inadvertently missed after this panel. So, if you have not heard your name, don't worry. We will check afterwards, but the final member of panel four and our final witness is Lucy Sexton from New Yorkers for Culture and the Arts and the Daily Culture of (inaudible). Ms. Sexton, you may begin when the Sergeant calls the clock.

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time starts now.

LUCY SEXTON: So, ominous, the final witness. Thank you very much. I am Lucy Sexton of New Yorkers for Culture and Arts. Thank you, Chair Van Bramer and Members of the City Council for this important and urgent hearing. When we talk about raising the visibility of BIPOC, queer, and other marginalized artists, we have to talk about money. It is this historical and intentional underfunding of black and immigrant communities that makes those voices so hard to hear. It is the long-held fear of funding radical queer voices that keeps them out of

2 the mainstream. I think we need to talk about a reimagining of New York City, one with Arts and 3 Culture supported in all communities, one that 4 invests in the economic and emotional recovery of 5 6 every neighborhood, one that raises up the voices of those still suffering all kinds of oppression. 7 time to be bold with our budget and intention with 8 laying the groundwork for an equitable, just, 9 diverse, and thriving city. The benefits of Arts and 10 Culture extend far beyond economics. As I've said, 11 12 in many hearings, data shows that neighborhood with cultural assets have improved outcomes in education, 13 aging, mental health, youth engagement with criminal 14 15 justice, community strength, and safety. Yet, what 16 are the neighborhood lacking in cultural assets, even before the pandemic? Economically disadvantaged and 17 18 historically black, brown, and immigrant sections of our city. Arts East New York, one of the few 19 20 cultural organizations in Eastern Brooklyn has closed. We must direct investment to those 21 2.2 neighborhoods now if we are to lift up the voices of 23 those communities. We are at a pivotal moment in our 24 city's history. As we emerge from this crisis, a crisis that has devastated the cultural sector across 25

the board, we must not simply refill the buckets of
funding that existed before. We must find new ways
for funding to flow. In recent years, the Council
has worked hard to increase the support of culture
and we are grateful. Right now, Arts and Culture are
hanging on by a thread. Most cultural organizations
remain partially or wholly shuttered. More than half
our workforce remains unemployed and the
organizations most at risk are the ones most
dependent on public funding, organizations
disproportionally led by and serving BIPOC
communities that have been hardest hit by all aspects
of this crisis. I'm asking that we intentionally
invest in parts of our eco-system most likely to
disappear. We can do this by existing structures
like providing long overdue stability for the
coalition of theaters of color by baselining its
funding, the uncertainty of funding year-to-year is
destabilizing to its 52 member organizations. I will
also add my support of Melody Capote's call to expand
the (<u>inaudible</u>) many more black, Latin X, Asian, and
(<u>inaudible</u>) organizations. We must also find new
(<u>inaudible</u>) initiate and forward (crosstalk).

SGT. SADOWSKY: Time expired.

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Lucy SEXTON: We cannot come out this terrible with a cultural landscape that is more white, more homogenous, and more centralized than it was before. We need to act decisively to fund and lift up voices in every community of our city. Thank you.

Thank you very much, CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Lucy, and as the final witness, I appreciate you delivering such powerful testimony as always and your leadership of a really diverse community that doesn't always agree on how we move forward, but you play a real instrumental role in keeping us all together, and I want to thank the New York Historical Society, Louise has done some great things with that institution and I think the partnership with Richard, you and your organization is brilliant on so many levels and so, and so needed, and I really, really hope we can make this happen, and do it as quickly as possible. There does need to be a museum for the telling and sharing of LGBTQ and queer history, and this seems like a really, really terrific way to accomplish it and get it done. So, thank you Richard for you and your team and obviously your long history of activism on behalf of LGBTQ folks including, as I

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mentioned to you, you know, privately while you didn't know it, when I came out of the closet as a gay 19 year old with no where to go, I found the gay and lesbian of New York at the Center and that safe space allowed me and lot of other queer youth to find a home, right, and also in that building to be exposed to act up and Queer Nation and all of his amazing activist I was intimidated by, but who I often sat in the back of room and listened to and learned from, and that's sort of the beauty of the Center, right, and that period of late 80s and early 90s when so many people were dying of AIDS and there were still so many young people who were at (inaudible) Martin and you know, so many black and brown queer kids and trans youth who also had a few a place to turn to, but new work at the Center is much appreciated, and I just want to say that for the record cause it meant a lot to me in my early life, and also to so many others. So, so thank you all for being here. Thank you, Lucy, thank you Melody. see you staying through to the end and listening to all of this, and needles to say, I support a more inclusive and diverse CIG, and more additions, but we will continue that battle and Lucy, yes, money does

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matter, and what we do with it matters, and where it goes matters, and so we have to make sure that we're doing the right thing. So, with that, I will thank all of you. We have a few more months until this particular budget is adopted, and yes, it will be the last one that I will be the Chair of Cultural Affairs for, and the last one that Majority Leader Cumbo will be a part of as a Member of the City Council, but we will all get to fight one more time together on behalf of all of the things that we care about. So, thank you, and I think Brenda will go through some of the logistics to close us out, but after that, we will adjourn the hearing.

thank you so much, Chair Van Bramer, and thank you everyone for your testimony. At this point, we have concluded the public testimony portion of our hearing; however, if we inadvertently missed anyone that would like to testify, please use the Zoom raise hand function now. Raise you hand and we will call on your in the order that your hand is raise. So, we'll just take a moment, if anyone is logged in and we inadvertently missed you. Chair, we are not seeing any hands. So, at this point, we have

1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS 92
2	concluded the public testimony portion of this
3	hearing.
4	CHAIR VAN BRAMER: Great. Thank you very
5	much. This hearing is officially adjourned.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date June 6, 2021