CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

----X

TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES
AND ELECTIONS

----- X

OCTOBER 29, 2020 Start: 11:08 A.M. Recess: 11:54 A.M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING

B E F O R E: KAREN KOSLOWITZ, CHAIRPERSON

COUNCIL MEMBERS: ADRIENNE E. ADAMS

MARGARET S. CHIN
COREY D. JOHNSON
RORY I. LANCMAN
STEVEN MATTEO
DEBORAH L. ROSE
RITCHIE J. TORRES

MARK TREYGER

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

KENSETH ARMSTEAD

DEBORAH MARTIN

COUNSEL LANCE KALEVI

COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES 1 AND ELECTIONS 2 SARGEANT POLITE: Recording started. 3 COREY JOHNSON: Thank you. 4 SARGEANT AT ARMS: Recording started. 5 COREY JOHNSON: Thank you. 6 SARGEANT AT ARMS 2: Backup started. 7 COREY JOHNSON: Thank you and Sargeant 8 Polite if you would be able to start with your 9 opening statement. 10 SARGEANT POLITE: Okay. Thank you. Good 11 morning, welcome to the remote hearing on privileges 12 and elections. Will Council Members and staff please turn on their videos at this time? Once again, will 13 14 15 at this time? Thank you. To minimize disruption

Council Members and staff please turn on their videos please place all cellphones and electronics to

vibrate. Chair, we are ready to begin.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay great. Good morning and welcome to this virtual meeting on the Committee on Rules, Privileges and Elections. My name is Karen Koslowitz and I am the chair of this committee. Before we begin, I would like to introduce the members of the Rules Committee present. We have Minority Leader Steven Matteo, Council Member Adrienne Adams, Council Member Margaret Chin, Council

2 Member Rory Lancman and Council Member Mark Treyger. And we, we will be having, the speaker will be 3 4 joining us shortly. I would also like to acknowledge Rules Committee Counsel Lance Kalevi (SP?) and the staff members of the Council's Investigative Unit 6 7 Chuck Davis, Chief Compliance Officer and Andre Johnson-Brown, Alecia Vestel and Ramses Butin, Butin 8 Investigators. We will consider the nomination of Kenseth Armstead for appointment to the Art 10 11 Commission for the painter slot and Deborah Martin I 12 have put on the list for appointment to the Art 13 Commission for one of the layperson's slots. Should Mr. Armstead receive the advice and consent of the 14 15 Council, he will be eligible to serve the remainder of a three-year term that expires on December 31, 16 17 2020 and another three-year term that expires on 18 December 31, 2023. Should Ms. Martin receive the 19 advice and consent of the Council, s he will be 20 eligible to serve the remainder of a three-year term 21 that expires on December 31, 2021. Chuck Davis, our Chief Compliance Officers has briefed all members of 2.2 2.3 this Committee regarding the contents of each candidate's background investigation. The New York 24 25 City Art Commission, also known as the Public Design

2 Commission reviews permanent work of art, 3 architecture and landscape architecture proposed on 4 or over city owned property. Projects include construction, renovation or restoration of buildings such as museums and libraries, creation or 6 7 rehabilitation of parks and playgrounds, installation 8 of lighting and other street scape elements and design installation and conservation of art work. The Commission is composed of the Mayor, or his 10 11 representative, the President of the MET, the 12 President of the New York Public Library, the 13 President of the Brooklyn Museum. One painter, one 14 sculptor, one architect and one landscape architect. 15 There are three other members who cannot be painters, sculptures, architects, landscape architects or 16 17 active members of any other profession in the fine 18 arts. All members must be residents of New York, the Mayor and the Museum and Library Presidents serve in 19 20 an ex-officio capacity. All members serve on the 21 Commission without compensation. Members serve for 2.2 three-year terms or until their successor has been 2.3 appointed and qualified. I would like to welcome Mr. Armstead and Ms. Martin and would you please both 24 25 raise your right hand to be sworn in.

the Whitney Museum of American Art Independent Study

25

2 program. I have now lived and created in Brooklyn 3 for three decades. For 20 of these years, I have been 4 a homeowner and a landlord. First in Ft. Green, then in Greenpoint and now solely in Crown Heights. in this time I achieved a Master of Science from NYUs 6 7 Tanden School of Engineering. My artwork has been included in historic exhibitions at the Whitney 8 Museum of American Art, MIT Visual Art Center, STUDI Museum in Harlem, Brooklyn Museum, the New York 10 11 Museum of Art and my artworks are also in the 12 collections of the STUDI Museum, the Center Pompidu, 13 African-American Museum in Dallas, Texas, New York Museum of Art and numerous other public private 14 15 collections. This semester, I received an 16 appointment as a lecturer at Columbia University in 17 the graduate school of Architecture, Preservation and 18 Planning. This fall, I will be a guest lecturer at Overland, St. Francis College, the GERTA Institute 19 20 New York and Harvard's Graduate School of Design. 21 Over the last three years, I served as a member of the New York State Council on the Arts Visual Arts 2.2 2.3 Panel. The panel awards grants to support the visual arts statewide. The role encompasses reviewing the 24 25 creative programming and physical stability of not-

2

3

4

6

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

for-profits that explore and investigate the issues and impressions of our contemporary environment from real to virtual. This includes a variety of juntas, sculpture, video, painting, drawing, printmaking, photography. Some of the institutions are sculpture parks where arts are in direct dialogue with nature and the public like Socrates in Queens or the Highline in Manhattan. Many are experimental facilities where new work is researched and developed, like Pioneer Works in Brooklyn or Maker Space on Staten Islands. Other are tradition Y-cube exhibition galleries like Momma or Bishet (SP?). The Visual Arts Panel supports creativity and imagination. This past year, we awarded \$1.4 million in 72 grants to 68 organizations supporting a wide array of living artists today. Public service is an institution in my family. My father fought in World War II and Korea. My mother helped pilot the Women, Infants and Children's Program in the 70s. My halfbrothers fought in Vietnam and my service follows the examples of founding mother, Phyllis Wheatley. Wheatly while enslaved became the first published African-American poet. In 1775, she sent a poem titled appropriately to his excellency George

2	Washington. To the then Commander of our Continental
3	Army. In the midst of the Revolutionary War that he
4	was not winning, Washington responded and invited her
5	to visit. Washington, the slave-owning founding
6	father and Wheatly the enslaved 20-year-old African
7	poet founding mother broke bread together in 1776, a
8	miracle. My artwork seeks to poetically address
9	history. I focus on existing sites and monuments and
10	celebrate all of the diverse voices hidden in and
11	around them. The approach presents art regeneration
12	in public spaces. A new monumentality over the old,
13	unearthing multiple layers of story-telling, not only
14	honors the forgotten but also serves as a guide for
15	an integrated future. Art anticipates cultural
16	change. Art and culture show us possible futures in
17	the present. In the 90s, I created multimedia art or
18	the legacy of Malcolm X and the Nation of Islam
19	normalizing the American-Muslim experience before it
20	was widely accepted. For a decade after that, I
21	developed the project about James Armistead
22	Lafayette, the enslaved African and double agent spy
23	whose intelligence reports lead to the end of the
24	American Revolution in 1781. This work filled in
25	gaps in our history about the role of Africans and

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

the role Africans played in the American Revolution. Public art has been my focus for most of the last decade. These works require meticulous historical research, rigorous engineering standards and the public and project management skills of a general contractor and developer. My public art commissions will be featured in the forthcoming book "Teachable Monuments" published by Bloomsbury Academic. My latest work, Boulevard of African Monarchs which is presented by the Marcus Garvey Park Alliance and the New York City Department of Transportation's Art Program, Community Commissions, is on view in Harlem at 116th Street and Adam Clayton Boulevard until 2022. My life's work is to explore difficult to rain with creativity. Finding bold new approaches to the combination of history and space. Serving the people of New York as a Member of the Public Design Commission will be a great opportunity to enhance these goals. I believe my experience makes me wellsuited to the task of balancing three elements; first, the selection of beautiful art and assessing the elegance and viability of concepts in public projects. Second, evaluating the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of proposed projects. Third, and

you may have at this time.

1

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

finally insuring that the needs of local communities 2 3 that host any project implemented are met with flexible tailored solutions, creative solutions. 4 In conclusion, I want to serve on the Public Design 5 Commission because I believe it is my civic duty to 6 7 both care for as an artist and improve the public 8 space that we engage the city and its use. I want to thank you again for your time and attention to my candidacy and I will gladly answer any questions that 10

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Thank you.

Any, anybody have any questions? Okay, with that Ms.

Martin do you have an opening statement?

and thank you for that Kenseth, I enjoyed your statement. Uhm, good morning, I don't believe the speaker has joined us yet but good morning Chair Koslowitz and Members of the New York City Council's Committee on Rules and Privileges and Elections. I'm Deborah Martin and I thank you for considering my nomination to the Public Design Commission. It is an honor to appear before you today and a pleasure. My New York story starts at King's County Hospital in East Flatbush where I was born but the reason that I

2

3

4

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

am here today appearing before this Committee started in Budapest, Hungary in 1956. That year, Russian tanks rolled into Budapest and that triggered the Hungarian Revolution and my parents flight to the US seeking a better life. They met here in New York City and they married and they moved to Canarsie where I lived until I was 5. I grew up hearing stories around the dinner table about that flight from authoritarianism, lots of stories, every night and earlier desperate efforts to stay alive as Jews who were hiding in Budapest during World War II and then of course the hard work and the ingenuity it took to survive in America and we did much more than survive. I am the first person in my family to have attended college and then university for an advanced degree and my siblings followed and we have enjoyed excellent educations and rich lives. I am acutely aware of the specific privileges that are afforded to White Europeans who immigrated to the US when we did and I understand that opportunities available to us have often not extended to others. My family's experience taught me that individual success relies on a web of social and municipal factors that aren't equally available to everyone. My professional

2

3

4

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

experience has taught me that as well. understanding a sense of empathy compelled me to seek work that supports others who struggle like my family did to build a better life. So, my life's work has been focused on creating a city where every New Yorkers, particularly those living in under-resourced communities, where every New Yorker benefits from architecture and public spaces that noble and dignify our everyday lives from the high-performance quidelines that I published as Executive Director at the Design for Public Space to the community-driven garden renovations and constructions that I oversaw leading New York Restoration Project to my current work at the Van Alen Institute on the Neighborhood's Now Pandemic Rapid Response Project. I've worked to listen with humility to my fellow New Yorkers and to bring my skills to bear on some of our City's most important challenges and opportunities. In City's like New York, Green Infrastructure, affordable housing, social services all overlap in the public realm. When they are well designed and integrated, these physical and systemic urban elements can amplify other efforts to increase public health, to reduce crime, to build social and environmental

resilience. But when they are poorly executed, in 2 3 any of these areas that can lead to generation 4 spanning disadvantages and devastating consequences and we've seen that in some of our communities during the pandemic. Systemic challenges call for a cross-6 7 disciplinary approach. For example, public health 8 responses to diabetes and asthma are supported by opportunities to connect with neighbors to get adequate exercise in open space and to connect to 10 11 nature, clean air or clean water. These municipal 12 assets provide maximum benefit when they are 13 considered comprehensively with other investments. 14 So, for example, when we consider the design of a 15 tree pit which is admitted a small urban capital 16 project, we should think of it in the context of its 17 impacted scale implemented across the whole City. 18 So, will it capture storm water, lessening the burden 19 on our combined sewer system, will it decrease the 20 need for irrigation? Will it support understory 21 plants so that pollinators that can use it and then 2.2 go pollinate plants necessary to grow food in our 2.3 community gardens? Will it be beautiful? integration across scales, across impacts, across 24 25 users, that is what designers do and this

interdisciplinary perspective is the extraordinary 2 3 strength we all gain as a City because of the Public 4 Design Commission. The diverse perspectives brought to bear on every project that come before PDC help 5 our City communicate what we really care about to 6 7 visitors and to more importantly what we really care 8 about to our fellow citizens. Our environment, the buildings, the parks, plazas and streets where we New Yorkers share our lives is the place where important 10 11 messages are shared between each individual and the 12 larger community of which we are all apart. 13 message is communal in that design in the public 14 realm articulates a shared civic identity but it also can contribute on to the best of circumstances to 15 16 civic unity. So, Central Park, the Brooklyn Bridge, 17 the Empire State Building, they serve specific 18 purposes but they are also global icons in New York The other message that is communicated in the 19 City. 20 public realm is personal and it says to you, you are 21 or you are not an important person and a valued 2.2 member of the community. So, well designed buildings 2.3 and public spaces communicate respect and help us feel supported and unique and precious human beings 24 wile at the same time underscoring our value as 25

2.2

2.3

24

25

citizens, each of us embraced by the larger culture. 2 3 So, in conclusion in this moment of terrible loss, I 4 have been so proud of fellow New Yorkers who responded with compassion, with generosity, with 5 courage and that goes for all of you here today. 6 7 COVID-19 won't be the last challenge we face as a 8 city or as human beings and because we don't know the exact form the next challenge will take, we have to ensure that our public buildings and open spaces are 10 11 adaptable for distancing, for gathering, for food distribution, for outdoor education to provide 12 13 shelter, to provide joy, in short, for whatever use 14 we might need to put them to. We are as a City and 15 as a people immensely resilient. Our City can be designed and constructed to be equally flexible and 16 17 resilient. It would be a great honor to me to serve 18 my fellow New Yorkers working with PDC. So, I think each of you for considering my nomination and of 19 20 course I would be happy to answer any questions, 21 thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Thank you very much. Now, we are going to open up with questions, starting with, the speaker has not joined us yet so I have two questions that I would like to

Martin you can answer first.

1

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

ask and after any of my colleagues have question 2 3 please raise your hand. These questions are for both 4 candidates. First, what new design considerations or other considerations should the PDC prioritize during 5 its review of projects in light of COVID-19? Ms. 6 7

DEBORAH MARTIN: Thank you, uhm, I think that is a really important question and I would say that the key design consideration isn't really a new one. It is about looking at projects through lens of flexibility, of cost efficiency and of enduring value. So, I think uhm, our, as I said in my opening statement, our public spaces, our public art and our public buildings they need to be adaptable and flexible to times when we need to distance, to times when we need to gather. So, I think when viewed through that lens, that can give a kind of information about how to make decisions about projects and how to advise them to move forward.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay thank you. Mr. Armstead.

KENSETH ARMSTEAD: Ah, thank you. That is a great question Council Member, Chair. The, would like to agree with Deborah first and I also

would like to add that being nimble is especially
important at this time, we are seven months into a
pandemic, we don't know when it will end. A lot of
proposals will come to the floor and some of them
will also read meet CDC guidelines, some of them
will meet City Guidelines and State Guidelines and we
need to be able to expedite as I know PDC is already
working to work on projects that have already met
those criteria. And then, of course, there are
projects that may come to the table that don't adhere
and we need to be able to nimbly decide which from
which and to be able to effectively suggest or make
comment on and make additions to projects so that
they meet those safety guidelines and that is the
most important thing as we have this pandemic and you
know we are in the third wave, while we are in the
third push of this first wave and uhm, we don't know
when it will end and there isn't any vaccine that may
save us, so, we really need to be precise in how it
is that we manage process that are coming in and be
efficient. Thank you.

ADRIENNE ADAMS: You are muted Chair Koslowitz.

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

1

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: I am trying to stop you hearing the banging. Second how do you think the PDC can hire, write and address the inequalities in adequate facilities through its day to day operations for this question we will start with Mr. Armstead.

KENSETH ARMSTEAD: Thank you, that is an amazing question Chair Koslowitz. I really believe that the role of the PDC is vital to maintaining democracy in our City and in terms of equity and as an artist my experience over most of the last decade is being out, having boots on the ground and talking to regular people in plain English about art and the space around them and I believe that is a vital civic duty. Uhm, when we do this, we are allowing that A) we know more about the communities that we engage and we are going to be able to be more receptive as the Public Design Commission will be more receptive to how it is that communities can accept art into their lives and I believe that that is a key role. It's one of the things that I do. I have work up right now in Harlem, I'm in Harlem every other week to one week just to talk to people about the work. I was there six months before the work was put in, every

2.2

2.3

Commission as part of the mission to be able to be boots on the ground and have that direct communication with people about how the public space, especially in a pandemic, right now, we have both a health crisis and a mental health crisis and people are out using these spaces and we need to be able to make sure that they respond appropriately and that you know this open space which creates so much joy in people's lives can be made even more applicable to what it is that they are going. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Ms. Martin.

DEBORAH MARTIN: I think PDC can highlight inequality in two ways. One is by making sure that it looks at projects through a very broad lens and it situates particular projects in broad social and economic context and that we understand and we make sure that we communicate the connection between those things and I will give you an example of what I mean by that. Every year New York City's Department of Health puts out annual community health profiles and if you open up one of those annual community health profiles, you will find language in there, every single one and it takes about and how,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

and I am going to quote it here, the ability to live a long and healthy life is not equally available to all New Yorkers and then it goes on to say that a baby boy to a family that lives in the upper east side will live 11 years longer than a baby born to a family in Brownsville. This inequity is unacceptable and it goes on to say that resources and opportunities are at the root of good health including secure jobs, while maintaining affordable housing, etc. So, we understand that Department of Health is in control of all of those things but it is contributing to our collective understanding as a city that your health as an individual is connected to these other factors and that I think by highlighting inequalities across communities as opposed to critiquing particular projects or agencies PDC can highlight how we need to address these inequities effectively citywide.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Thank you. You are finished?

DEBORAH MARTIN: I am indeed.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay, thank you. I now want to turn to my colleagues if they have any questions please raise your hand.

1

3

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

COUNSEL LANCE KALEVI: Council Member
Chin and Council Member Adams both have questions.

4 CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Council

5 Member Chin.

MARGARET CHIN: Thank you Chair, and good morning. Uhm, it is really wonderful to uhm hear the statement from two highly qualified candidates. I am really impressed with the Mayor's nomination I was like wow. We don't get that too often. Uhm, my question is that uhm, you know the COVID Design Commission doesn't really have a good reputation, uhm with us because a lot of times projects take forever and that is one of my questions following up with, when we talk about, you know how do we paint more equity throughout the city and really have you know creative space in poor community and often times some of these projects that we support with Council Funding takes forever. Uhm, so I think looking ahead, being on the Public Design Commission how can both of you make sure that communities are not left out, that they are included, uhm in the discussion but at the same time that the project expedited and not really you know that we could see it quickly and they would benefit from it quickly. And that's

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

something that I think is really important for a lot of the community that we talked about, they really need to be taken care of. Thank you.

DEBORAH MARTIN: Kenseth, do you mindif it, do you want to go first? Okay. Thank you for that question Council Member Chin and I think I need to start by saying that trust and speed are connected and if things take too long people st... and I have seen this in my own, particularly in community gardens and under resourced communities at New York Restoration Project if things take too long people become weary and they start to lose trust in their government, so I think to address the question that you raise of why I think that how can PDC help things to move in a way that earns trust. My experience ranges from, I started my career as an attorney, I did corporate litigation and then I trained as a landscape architect and my first work after that training was with the Department of Parks and Recreation. I went on from there to work as a landscape architect for James Carter Field Operations and then have lead three non-profits all focused on the public realm and in particular New York Restoration Projects which is actually the landowner

2.2

2.3

and manager. So, from that I think it has to be knowledge that no bureaucratic agency is perfect but that PFC by integrating the many complexed factors that come in to making sure that our public realm is equitable, it serves an important purpose and what I am hoping to do is bring that perspective that I have from being on pretty much every side of the equation of sort of frustration that you are addressing to help make sure that uhm that the value of PDCs input is, is one that helps to move things and to gain trust from citizens and not the opposite.

ADRIENNE ADAMS: You have to unmute, Kenseth.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: You are muted.

KENSETH ARMSTEAD: I just wanted to say that is an amazing answer Deborah and I wanted to follow on that that my experience as an artist is that I'm in the communities that we are serving. My personal presence is in those communities and I believe that my experience. I have made works at Socrates Sculpture Park in Astoria, Queens. I've mad

2

3

4

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

works in Central Park. I have made works in Union Square and in all of those cases, at least six months before, I'm in those spaces and I'm talking to people. And I'm not talking to them about art theory, I'm talking to them about how they use the space and what do they expect, you know? There is an art work that is coming and I'm drawing and they are like why are you drawing? And I'm like oh by the way I'm making the artwork and I'm talking to people all the time because what I am doing is I'm taking a temperature of the room and I'm learning about that community and I'm becoming a part of that community and I believe that my projects may start on a day like the piece that ended up launching this year, it was delayed by COVID but it ended up launching in the midst of a pandemic in June, it began six months earlier when I was on that corner with my sketch pad talking to people and they said why are you drawing and I'm like why wouldn't I draw here and they are like you know I'm an artist too and I'm like you are? And so, in some ways whether or not a project is delivered by being communicative, you can start to deliver a project, before my pieces every go in people are imaging what art on the street corner that

has never had art before might be. Beyond that, I 2 think as part of my role as an artist that I am 3 4 talking to thousands of people about art in plain English all the time and also in every one of my 5 cases, I have a community partner, so I've got the 6 7 Marcus Garden Park Alliance, the A. Phillip Randolph Community Board 10 and 11 in Harlem and they are my 8 partners so even before I am out there on the streets I know I have people who have been in that community 10 11 for a long time and that does build trust and that 12 builds the sense that there are certain things that 13 can't be avoided and I don't, I can't say case by case what happened in the past but I can say as an 14 15 artist you always have to make more from almost nothing and you have to do it as quickly as possible 16 17 because resources are not something that you are 18 overly burdened with. So, I am all about being nimble and doing things as efficiently as possible, 19 20 but even with that said, even before a project goes 21 in I believe very much that my role if I'm made a 2.2 member of the PDC is to bring a connection directly 2.3 to those communities via conversation so that even before they get anything they know that they are 24 starting to receive a service which is creativity and 25

2 a hopeful outlook about what it is that they are
3 going to receive. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Council

Member Adams?

1

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

2.3

24

25

ADRIENNE ADAMS: Thank you Chair Koslowitz and thank you both for being here today. Thank you for your testimony and I did have a question but alas as very often what happens is that Council Member Chin and I share the same brain and so eloquently once again expressed pretty much what my question was, I wrote it down and my question is how will you independent bring your broad perspectives to the PDC which is pretty much what you just answered independently so. I will just make a short comment. Thank you so much Council Member Chin for always being the sister in my head for #1 and for the two you I wholeheartedly agree with my colleagues the Mayor has made such a wise choice in selecting the both of you. We have a historian who is also an artist and we have Ms. Martin who is passionate and has so much compassion for the people and the work that she does. So, the both of you bring a tremendous broad perspective of lift, of public service and the good and welfare of New York and all

1	COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 29
2	ADRIENNE ADAMS: Once again I look
3	forward to the full body vote this afternoon,
4	congratulations to the both of you, I
5	enthusiastically vote aye.
6	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Matteo?
7	STEVEN MATTEO: Yes.
8	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Speaker
9	Johnson?
10	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: I vote aye.
11	Thank you Chair Koslowitz and congratulations to our
12	nominees today. Thank you for your service.
13	CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Thank you
14	Speaker Johnson.
15	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Council
16	Member Lancman?
17	COUNSEL LANCE KALEVI: Mr. Clerk, who are
18	missing?
19	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Council
20	Member Lancman is signed on, Treyger was on, I don't
21	see him now and then there is Council Member Rose and
22	Torres are not on at the moment.
23	COUNSEL LANCE KALEVI: Uhm, Council
24	Member Rose is to be excused, she has a family

zero in the negative and no abstentions. Vote is

24

25

still open.

RITCHIE TORRES: I vote aye.

25

1	COMMITTEE ON RULES, PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS 32
2	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Thank
3	you.
4	CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay.
5	WILLIAM MARTIN, COMMITTEE CLERK: Final
6	vote now on these items will be eight in the
7	affirmative, zero in the negative and no abstentions.
8	Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay, now
10	we can close right?
11	ADRIENNE ADAMS: Yeah, you just have to
12	adjourn the meeting.
13	CHAIRPERSON KAREN KOSLOWITZ: Okay, this
14	meeting is now adjourned. Thank you. Okay the live
15	has ended. Everyone can log out now.
16	Congratulations to you both.
17	DEBORAH MARTIN: Thank you.
18	KENSETH ARMSTEAD: Thank you all so much,
19	it was amazing to meet you.
20	DEBORAH MARTIN: Take care, bye.
21	
22	
23	
24	
	ii

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date NOVEMBER 15, 2020