CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY

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September 10, 2020 Start: 10:11 a.m. Recess: 12:23 p.m.

HELD AT: Remote Hearing

B E F O R E: INEZ BARRON Chairperson

HELEN ROSENTHAL Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:
Ydanis Rodriguez
Eric A. Ulrich
Laurie A. Cumbo
Alan N. Maisel
Ben Kallos
Diana Ayala
Brad Lander

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Sherry Cleary, University Dean of Early Childhood Initiatives
CUNY

Keisha Fuentes, University Manager of Childcare and Leadership Programs CUNY

Juvanie Piquant, Student Senate CUNY University

Amber Rivero, President John Jay College student Council 11 counsel staff please turn on your videos? Thank you.

12 To minimize disruption, please place all electronic

devices to vibrate or silent mode. If you wish to submit testimony, you may do so at

15 testimony@council.nyc.gov. I repeat.

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Testimony@council.NYC.gov. Chairs, we are ready to begin.

Out. Good morning and welcome to today's virtual oversight hearing on child care services at City

University of New York in the wake of COVID-19. I'm

Council member Inez Barron, Chair of the Committee on

Higher Education and a proud CUNY alum. Thank you,

Council member Helen Rosenthal, Chair of the

Committee on Women and Gender Equity for joining us

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY to hold this very important hearing. And before I get into today's topic, I just want to say that, yes, we are still in the midst of this virus, this pandemic and I want to urge everyone to take all necessary precautions. And as we are looking at CUNY as a tool for helping people to get through this COVID crisis, and come out on the other side, I am, again, urging the Board of Trustees, do not impose the additional fee, health and wellness fee, on students at this time. They're already overburdened and we are hoping that you will not vote to implement this fee which you had decided that you would. we are hoping that the vote will not go forward, nor the increases in any tuition.

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But to get to today's topic, at the committee last joint hearing on child care at CUNY which was held at city College following the tour of the then shuttered City College Child Development Center, we welcomed University Dean Sheri Cleary who had recently taken on CUNY's Campus Childcare Centers and her portfolio. At that hearing, CUNY testified about plans to reopen City College's CUNY Development Center this fall, create a comprehensive directory of campus programs available at CUNY, create a

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY centralized website for student parents to use as they determine their childcare needs, to centralize marketing to enhance campus-based recruitment efforts to ensure that every student is aware of childcare availability, to develop tools and more efficient use of real-time data to understand usage, operations, student retention, and graduation rates, in addition to other key factors, and to consider expansion possibilities for the focus on infants and toddlers, as well as our campuses that lack childcare services. At the time, I was hopeful about these plans and the future of accessibility-- or of accessible quality childcare for the CUNY student parents. Now, I have concerns about the status of childcare as it is and the university have been impacted by the pandemic at a time when parents and CUNY student parents, in particular, may have the greatest need. relatively affordable path to the middle class, CUNY has been a lifetime for New Yorkers looking to improve the quality of their lives for their families. It looks like I may have been knocked off. CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: No. You're good. CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Quality for their families. But and a city where childcare costs

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY are estimated an average of 1300 dollars for infant care and 1030 dollars for four-year-old, access to affordable, quality childcare is one of the biggest hurdles student parents phase when pursuing higher education. In August 2019, US Government accountability office report found that more than one in five undergraduate students in the country were raising children and about half of the students left school without a degree. In 2015 2016, an estimated 55 percent of student parents were single parents, 44 percent were working full time while enrolled, and 64 percent attended school part-time. Yet, despite a dearth of time between parenting, completing coursework, and working for pay, student parents often have higher GPAs than students without children. They are also more likely the job out as per the Institute for Women Policy Research. According to CUNY's 2016 Student Experience Survey, SES, the most recent SES available online, 12 percent of CUNY students, 11 percent at senior colleges, and 16 percent at community college were financially supporting children, of which 49 person reported having children under five years of age. 46 percent senior colleges and 54 percent community college, yet

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY only six percent of CUNY student parents utilize campus-based childcare. Meanwhile, 37 percent of CUNY's student parents pay for off campus childcare. Know that this issue primarily impacts women of color at CUNY. 71 percent of CUNY's student parents are women and 51 percent are students of color. Last March, COVID forced to transition to a distance learning model, which was a huge fee accomplished through sheer determination. As it will be expected with such a large undertaking, there were pickups along the way, but we have, how of the other end and now we need to understand what the, quote, new normal is in light of the pandemic. And now, more than ever, we need to hold fast to the university's mission to be, quote, of vital importance as a vehicle for the upward mobility of the disadvantaged in the city of New York, end quote. In addition to gaining a better understanding of the university's plan to support student parents at this time, while many have lost their jobs and many may be otherwise struggling, I am particularly interested in the status of the CUNY Family Empowerment Community College Program, the pilot initiative to support student parents for which CUNY's borough of Manhattan

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY community College, Bronx community College, Hostos community College, and LaGuardia community College received a total of 2 million dollars over three years to serve approximately 160 student parents. Ιn my capacity as the Chair of the Council's Committee on Higher Education, I am committed to demanding real investment in the city's black and brown communities, which includes investment in CUNY. This includes fighting for a tuition-free CUNY, as well as supportive programs that lead to degree attainment, which is an investment in the city's economy. Indeed, New York is one of the most culturally diverse cities in the country and, along with many of its great institutions, such as CUNY, New York is the greatest city in world not in spite of its diversity, but because of it. I would like to acknowledge the work done by my chief of staff, Joy Simmons, Indigo Washington, my director or legislation and CUNY liaison, Chloe Navera, the committee's senior policy analyst, Paul Zenegal [sp?], counsel to the committee, and Monica Paragren [sp?], the committee's finance analyst. And at this time, I would like to have-- I will turn it over to Council member

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 10

Rosenthal, Chair of the Committee on Women and Gender Equity for her opening statement. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Well, good morning and thank you, Chair Barron. I am Council member Helen Rosenthal, Chair of the Committee on Women and Gender Equity. My pronouns are she/her/hers. I want to thank Speaker Johnson and Chair Barron for--Chair Barron of the Committee on Higher Education for working with us on this important hearing. The lack of affordable, quality childcare in this country has had a historically profound impact on women, both socially and economically. We know from research and lived experience that childcare responsibilities fall overwhelmingly on women. But parents are deeply impact by-- Sorry. Let me start again. But all parents are deeply impacted by the availability of childcare which determines whether they can work outside the home, go to school, etc. I know it was the case for my mom and I'm sure everyone is thinking of someone they know right now who was in the same situation. It's important to note that the average annual costs, as Chair Barron noted, of infant care in New York is over 15,000 annually, nearly 1300 monthly, making it simply unavailable to many

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY families. Childcare is a fundamental need and the current crisis has exposed the inequities and weaknesses throughout our childcare system. Many of the community-based childcare centers, which were closed during the pandemic, are minority and womenowned businesses, but the loss of these childcare centers and overall school closures force the city to launch its own childcare centers for essential workers. For the purposes of this hearing, we are here today to investigate the lack of childcare at CUNY knowing that the lack of childcare is one of the main barriers that women with young children face in accessing higher education and the workforce, exacerbating gender-based economic inequality and inequity. As mentioned at our last hearing on this topic, studies show that people with a bachelor's degree earn 68 percent more and are half as likely to be unemployed than those with a high school degree. And these economic impacts have been intensified by the COVID-19 crisis. Addressing childcare at CUNY is incredibly important on its own and this is why we're holding a third hearing on the top during this session. But CUNY is also a micro chasm for the city. Striving to get childcare right for CUNY

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY students helps us get it right for everyone. Indeed, our examination of demand, safety, and communicationrelated issues within CUNY's childcare system may provide insight as the city prepares to significantly expand childcare services this fall. From very moving testimony provided at past hearings, we know that CUNY student parents have had to make the difficult decision to leave school because they were unaware of or unable to access CUNY's childcare program. We are here today to understand why. there a lack of communication with students regarding the availability of childcare because of the limited number of slots? Our central goal is to better understand how we can support student parents. what we can see, the demand for childcare clearly exists, as very well documented by Chair Barron. acknowledge that even with shortcomings, the city's Department of Education has stepped up to provide childcare and open discussion on this vital resource. We commend the DOE on opening the rec centers and for their work on the learning bridges program. again, it's unclear to us how the city is measuring need when only 100,000 students will receive free childcare via learning bridges, yet we have the

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 13 student population of over 1 million. We think CUNY for your time, as always, knowing that there is so much more work to do. And a special thank you to the many people who are going to be testifying today. know how busy you all are, especially as the demand for childcare continues to grow. I'd also like to thank my chief of staff, Marie Samah, my legislative director, Madri Suklah, my communications director, Sarah Krien, as well as the committee staff for their work in preparing for this hearing. Brenda McKinney, our counsel, Chloe Rivera, senior legislative policy analyst, Monica Peppal, finance analyst, and Elizabeth Arts, who represents community engagement. I would like to acknowledge the members of the Committee on Women and Gender Equity have joined us today. I think Council member Ayala, Council member Kallos, and Council member Lander. Thank you. turn it back to Council member Barron.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you, Council member Rosenthal. Chair Rosenthal. And I will now turn it over to the committee counsel, Paul Zenegal, who will review some procedural items relating to today's hearings and administer the oaths to the

25 panels. Thank you.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair

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I'm Paul Zenegal. I'm counsel to the Barron. Committee on Higher Education of the New York City I will be moderating today's hearing and Council. calling panelists to testify. Before we begin, I want to remind everyone that you will be on mute until I call on you to testify. After you are called on, you will be on muted by the host. Please listen for your name. I will periodically announce the next panelist will be. Council member questions will be limited to five minutes. Council members, please note that this includes both your question and the witnesses answer. Please also note that we will only allow one round of questions at today's hearing. public testimony, I will call up individuals in panels. Council members who have questions for a particular panelist should use the raise hand function in Zoom. You will be called on after everyone in that panel has completed their testimony. For public panelists, once I call your name, a member of our staff will unmute you and the Sergeant-at-arms will give you the go ahead to begin speaking after setting the timer. All public testimony will be

limited to five minutes. After I call your name,

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY please wait a brief moment for the Sergeant-at-arms 2 3 to announce that you may begin before starting your testimony. I will now call on the following member 4 of the administration to testify. Sheri Cleary, University Dean of Early Childhood Initiatives. And 6 7 I just want to note that Dean Cleary will be 8 accompanied by Keisha Fuentes who is the University Manager of Childcare and Leadership Programs. Fuentes will be available for questions after Dean 10 11 Cleary finishes her testimony. I will now deliver 12 the oath to both of you and, after, I will call upon 13 each of you individually to respond to the oath. Dean Cleary, Ms. Fuentes, would you please raise your 14 15 right hand? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this 16 17 committee and to respond honestly to Council member questions? Dean Cleary? 18 19 DEAN CLEARY: I do. 20 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Ms. Fuentes? 21 KEISHA FUENTES: I do. 2.2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you very

much. Dean Cleary, you may begin your testimony when ready.

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DEAN CLEARY: Thank you very much. Good morning, Chairwoman Barron and Chairwoman Rosenthal and members from the Committee of Higher Education and Women and Gender. I have to say I so appreciate your opening comments. Thank you so much. It's my pleasure to be here today. I'm joined by Keisha Fuentes, my colleague in this work. I'm Sheri Cleary, University Dean of Early Childhood Initiatives and I have the honor of working with CUNY's 17 campus childcare centers. I also lead the work of the New York Early Childhood Professional Institute. I co-chaired the Governor's Early Childhood Advisory Council. I oversee the Family Empowerment Project and I chair CUNY's newly formed Student Parent Taskforce. I assure you that we have made progress in every one of the components of my previous testimony. In the past year, I'm also going to share with you, that my office has created the CUNY Early Childhood Workforce Scholarship which has provided career and college advisement and scholarships to support career mobility to individuals working in the city's early childhood programs. Of the 101st time recipient of the scholarship, 99 completed their studies last semester

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY and spite of the pandemic. Of the 99 individuals who completed, 91 percent were women, 87 percent were of color, 72 percent or over the age of 30, and 96 percent earned grades ranging from A+ to B. Today, I'm here to give you a report on the campus childcare centers. As is the case with every entity across the city, state, and country, the campus childcare centers have been deeply affected. At the same time, each of the programs has risen to the occasion and has fulfilled their mission of serving children of campus student parents with great care and attention to detail while maintaining teaching relationships with each and every child. You will see in the first chart that I attached to my testimony about the childcare centers enrolled 18 percent more children in the spring 2020 semester. As the pandemic became a reality, these children were served at home using a range of remote learning platforms. Select centers stayed open to provide childcare for essential employees across the city. During the past six months, the childcare centers use the funds provided them by the state and the city Council to keep all program staff employed. They conducted regular family wellness calls and continued to engage

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY children through virtual means and through the US mail and by telephone. It was immediately clear in late March that are CUNY families were sustaining significant illness and unthinkable loss. student parents were caught between worrying about their elderly family members, their young children, and their studies. The staff of the campus childcare centers called upon their family's support skills and being in making regular wellness checks with our student parents providing support and referrals to manage health, housing, financial, and academic stressors. Mitigating food insecurity was a regular topic. Balancing the needs of their young children with the needs of their school age children, while trying to maintain an online presence with their college classes and professors entailed a new kind of time and attention management. The Chancellor's emergency relief fund prioritized students with dependents when making grant awards in late spring and early summer. My office raised an additional 45,000 dollars of private money to add to the Chancellor's emergency relief fund to send an additional set of funds to the 99 student parents experiencing continued financial hardship in late

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY Distance learning for young children is not summer. ideal and, yet, the teachers at the CUNY campus childcare centers demonstrated the creativity and resourcefulness that has been used as a model elsewhere in the state. Teachers found ways to interact with children individually and in small groups, reinforcing their already established relationships creating videos, reading familiar in news stories, including a book that encourages parents to participate in the sentences, while providing children with math and cultural lessons, singing songs, dancing and exercising, and learning the type of foundational skills that will serve these children forever. Centers have expanded their services to CUNY's student parent school-aged children providing tutoring and class support and social engagement on a remote basis in an effort to further support student parents with children that span both early and elementary ages. The directors and I have been meeting weekly since the shutdown to monitor their needs and to develop guidance to reopen programs in anticipation of the DOHMH closure order being lifted. You have the guidance for reopening document that was developed by my office and sent to

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2 each campus president in support of their

3 | deliberations about reopening individual colleges.

4 Phased recommendations for campuses that are opening

5 | for the fall include making all essential

6 arrangements, including guidelines for disinfecting,

7 cleaning, providing appropriate PPE, creating

8 policies and practices to minimize risk, limiting

9 enrollment and attendance, managing drop off and pick

10 up, and much more. I'd like to share a short video

11 made by one of our programs, the Child development

12 Center at Bronx Community College, if I may, as they

13 | welcome back 25 percent of their enrollment for in

14 person learning. So, Paul, is it possible to show

15 | that video?

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16 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: The video will be

17 played shortly.

19 waiting, I'll tell you that this video was made to

DEAN CLEARY: Thank you. While we're

20 help parents get ready for rain joining the program

21 | in a face-to-face format and then it was shared with

22 all the other programs and it has been shared across

23 the state of an example of how to support families in

making the transition back to a face-to-face format

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 21 which most families are very, very nervous about, understandably.

[VIDEO PLAYING]

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DEAN CLEARY: Thank you so much. I think this represents the real diligent precautions that each center is taking to keep children and staff safe and to engender trust and peace of mind for parents to come back to campuses whenever possible. Each campus has made their own decision about whether to reopen for children to physically attend the center. Some of these decisions have been made based on the level of infection the community experienced during the height of the pandemic. Other factors in the decision-making process involves the type of campus environment. For example, vertical campuses that rely heavily on elevators to move students and faculty through the buildings. These plans change as campus leadership continues to monitor risk and the availability of support staff to manage the facilities and security needs, as well as program function. City College suffered construction delays throughout the pandemic. I've met with both the new director and campus administration over the past several months, monitoring their progress in

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY supporting their efforts to mitigate me additional challenges they face with construction, difficulty in receiving deliveries, paramedic, and license inspection delays, and decisions affecting the entire campus reopening. Based on the limited student presence on campus this fall, I supported their decision to open the program in January, providing that CUNY is able to move to a more robust in person campus presidents. The director continues to prepare the program for opening and is managing a waiting list of city college students, faculty, and staff who patiently manage their own COVID-19 circumstances. Centers that are opening are doing so by name by the guidance document beginning with no more of 25 percent of their enrollment in person. All other children are receiving daily engagement from their classroom teachers using virtual platforms. Most of the time, the engagement moves synchronous. Some of the programs have added virtual storytelling features and other activities that parents can use other times while they are attending one of their virtual college courses. Campus says that also manage pre-K contracts from the city and directly from the state are in compliance with the requirements of those

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 23 contracts and an alignment with family choice maintaining daily engagement with children in person and virtually. As the semester proceeds then we continue to monitor program success and challenges, we will remain hyper vigilant to manage risk while providing a range of supports for families and their young and school-age children. We remain optimistic in our belief that there will be a vaccine in the future and that we will be able to build enrollment across the year to accommodate as many student parent children as possible. I want to thank you and I am truly happy and ready to answer all of your questions.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. We will now turn to Chair Barron for questions.

much. I want to thank you for your testimony and for including the video. Getting it done I'm really having an opportunity for us to see what it is an action. And I, before I forget, want to acknowledge the behind-the-scenes staff that is working so diligently on juggling all of this. I want to acknowledge all of that. Before I go further, I do want to acknowledge that we did have Higher Education

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 24 committee members as a part of the panel. Council member Maisel and Councilmember Rodriguez are both on this board. They were here and we want to acknowledge their participation. I have got lots of questions before I turn them over to my Chair Rosenthal who is sharing with me today. And I'll try to be so synced because I want to allow the members to pose their questions, as well. First of all, what is the status of the childcare center at City College?

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childcare center is that it is nearly complete in its construction. It is working with the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to secure its final inspections. Those two pieces, both construction and inspections, have been delayed. Most of the inspectors are also working remotely and so everything is been delayed. But the center, the last time I was there, which was across the summer, is looking very beautiful and items have been unpacked and things have been put in their place. There is a robust waiting list and, when the program is able to open, it will open, I would hope, with a full enrollment, unless, of course, the pandemic

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 25 perseveres and then it will open in the same way that we have guided the other programs to open. In phases starting with 25 person, adding another 25 percent after that, and so on. I think that, in truth, because there are almost no students on campus and only students who are participating in required labs are on campus, it made the most sense, especially since the licenses are not secure yet, to wait until the spring semester when most of CUNY is anticipated to move into another phase.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Let me pose

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Let me pose a more direct question.

DEAN CLEARY: Sure.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: What is your target date for opening? And how can I be of assistance in helping you get the documentation or the permissions that you need? Because a very, very displeased. I understand the pandemic came--

DEAN CLEARY: Uh-hm.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: but this is unacceptable that it's taken five years for a program that was supposed to have been-- a project those supposed to be completed in one year. So what, now, is your target date to open?

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY

DEAN CLEARY: So, I can speak for myself.

My target date is that the program what open, at the very least for 25 percent of its enrollment, as the

January semester begins. As the spring semester

begins. I don't want to say spring because that does

imply much later than January. So, all campuses

reopened after the winter break in late January and

our target date is at that point.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay.

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DEAN CLEARY: Everything should be done and I want to say that I truly welcome your offer of help and, if we need to, I will take you up on it.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I really appreciate it. It's very heartfelt and sincere and I want to do whatever I can to help assist in that.

DEAN CLEARY: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Secondly, the comprehensive directory that we discussed on our last hearing, what is the status of that directory?

Comprehensive childcare programs are CUNY.

DEAN CLEARY: Yes. So, it is complete and it is so the framework has been completed and we continue to put more information in doing it, but it's framework is complete. Some of the funding that

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY you provided to us has afforded us the opportunity to hire an extraordinary data manager who has created this framework for us and we just now continue to populate it, but it is complete and, along those lines, we now have access to real-time information. He is, essentially, trained each of the directors how to use that database and so, as new information becomes available, it gets inputted. The pandemic is forced us to think about recording information slightly differently so that we have real-time data this fall to determine how many children are physically on site and how many children are being remotely served and in what ways they are being remotely served. So, we've expanded the use of this directory for Keisha and I to monitor progress and how the programs also are managing the pandemic. we've expanded its value.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: What is the purpose, the audience, the accessibility of this directory? Is it just for-- I heard you talk about directors. Is this going to be accessible in some form to the students that are on campus? Is it a part of the website?

DEAN CLEARY: Yes.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: How do they know it

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DEAN CLEARY: Sure. So, we are in the process of building the website that I referred to back in the fall or winter when I landscape testimony. Clearly that effort has taken a slight back burner, but that doesn't mean we stopped working on it. We just slowed our work to really spend more time focusing on the pandemic. But the website is in development and, as that website is launched, it'll have all the basic directory information on it. Students will be able to use it to consult-- to figure out where they might want to be. As I understand it, a request of the city Council a few years back influenced and inspired a change in our policy which is that a student who attends a campus that doesn't have campus childcare can now attend an existing campus child care center on a different campus. In this directory and website will facilitate those matches much better. And, at the onset of the pandemic when we decided to be open for emergency workers, essential workers, we formed and created a centralized site, website and contact number and that was a great test case for what we

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 29 intend to do going forward, which is to have a centralized way for student parents to find child care. And so, we also alluded to that in my previous testimony and tested that with the pandemic. It was most effective. It worked. And so, we will continue to work in this vein so that when student parents find that they need childcare, they have a centralized place to go. They surely can do what they use to do, which is go to a campus childcare center physically and apply, but also have a centralized place where we can track and monitor that.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. So the directory information will be used for the website so that students know what's available. Now, you said you tested it during the pandemic. How did you tested and how did that manifest itself and what did you find?

DEAN CLEARY: So, what we did in the pandemic-- So, during the pandemic, we kept two programs open first with the plan to open others if there was enough demand. There was not enough demand. And this was also experienced by the DOE when they set up their childcare. They set up much

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE
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more childcare than there was actually a demand for.
So, but having said that, what we did was we created
a website and a centralized phone number and an email
address where people could go if they needed care.
For the essential workers, what they did was they
created a flyer and we circulated that far and wide
amongst hospitals and other essential workplaces and
then, as people needed childcare, they could contact
that email or phone number and then they received a
call immediately back-- Keisha monitor this.
Keisha was on the phone, she would call them
immediately back if they left a message.
                                          If they
emailed her, she contacted them immediately and did
an intake of what they needed, how old their children
were, where they worked, where they lived, where
their geographic preference was. We purposefully
kept a program open in Manhattan, lower Manhattan,
and in the Bronx to try to get some geographical
span. And then, as people asked-- told us what they
needed, she made references. And the only--
           CHAIRPERSON BARRON:
                                  [inaudible
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25 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I'm sorry.

DEAN CLEARY: And I would only--

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DEAN CLEARY: And we not only suggested that they use one of our two programs, but, if that didn't work, we made other referrals to them to try to help them find a place that met their need.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: What were the locations of the two sites that you used and how-DEAN CLEARY: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: many students were enrolled? How many children? I'm sorry.

DEAN CLEARY: Yep. Lehman and BMCC. And after about six weeks, we closed BMCC because there was no interest from essential workers to use lower Manhattan and Lehman stayed open across the summer-spring and summer-but very, very few children. I think at any one time, they probably served between five and eight children. So, there were very few children, families, who took advantage of this availability.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I find that interesting because I would've thought that there was a greater need than just five or eight. And was it limited to just the essential workers or did you do in outreach then soon see you did have a center to trade a get others involved?

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DEAN CLEARY: We did outreach in the governor's office did our age. The governor's office asked for the flyer and sent the flyer to as many—
We gave them full— We said, send it to whomever you think in the city will need our services. And that's just what happened. So we were open. We worked, we manned the phone and email account every single day and there were probably— you know, there were several people that inquired, but what they needed or were able—

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing]

DEAN CLEARY: find other places.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: What hours that it was available? The service hours.

DEAN CLEARY: Good question. So each program was open for five days a week full, full days. So eight to six on any given day.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: All right. So that leads me to my next question which is we had talked about it in our last hearing. Centralized marketing to enhance the campus-based center availability knowing that they were there and [inaudible 00:45:29] because I think that there's a disconnect someplace. So, that comment about only five to eight during the

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 33 summer leads directly to the next question. How are we going to make sure that the marketing that we are doing for the knowledge to get out that these childcare centers exist, what are we going to do to market it?

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DEAN CLEARY: So, once we finish this website, we will have a centralized website that will have this directory on it. We will provide people with quidance, simple quidance, how to identify their need and then we will be able to centrally monitor what people need and where people need it and how they need it. They also have an additional affect because, as we understand what student parents need, we will be able to support our programs to add infant care, to add additional hours. As you probably remember, some of our programs have very extensive hours and days of services. You know, I always use BMCC as an example. They're open, during regular life, they are open seven days a week and five nights a week. So, we want to monitor what is that the student parents need? I would also add that we have established a student parent task force that is CUNY wide to begin to really study and understand what are all the needs of student parents. This task force

1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 34
2	charge exceeds or extends past early childhood and
3	childcare, but, course, there will be a significant
4	focus on early childhood and childcare. But we are
5	also extended to really better understand and help
6	campuses understand what are all the opportunities to
7	meet the needs and support the success of student
8	parents. In your testimony, you surely acknowledged
9	that our student parents are some of our best
10	students. They are some of our most motivated
11	students and we want to consider all the ways that we
12	can support them. So
13	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: In terms of the
14	marketing that were talking about to let students
15	know
16	DEAN CLEARY: Uh-hm.
17	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: how will you gather
18	the information to determine where the greatest need
19	is, whether it is for UPK, K3, or early child? How
20	will you know
21	DEAN CLEARY: Uh-hm.
22	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: where the need is
23	so that you can determine how you will set it up at
24	the different campuses? And as it

DEAN CLEARY: So one of--

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: is each campus?

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DEAN CLEARY: So, one of the pieces of work we did over the summer was to meet with central office data people to try to determine what is the best way as soon as the student becomes affiliated with the City University of New York, to determine whether they are student parent, what their goals are, and how old their children are, so we can contact them. In other words, where not going to wait until they contact us. We will contact them to say, well come to CUNY. We understand that you are a parent, as well, and he would like to understand what your goals are at CUNY and what your needs are. And so by--

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So, what is that document that will capture that information?

[inaudible 00:49:07] student application to CUNY or is it a separate document or do they have to log into their student account? What is that document that will capture that information so that you can help determine the level of child care services in terms of the types of programs?

DEAN CLEARY: So, one of the things that we have acknowledged in the course of these meetings is

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 36 that CUNY's students come to us in many different ways.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Right.

DEAN CLEARY: So, one form is to use their FAFSA form, but it's not adequate and enough because not everybody files a FAFSA form and not everybody--So, we worry that we wouldn't catch everybody that way. So, we will use the FAFSA form to first determine who has dependence and then we are working right this moment on is there a question on the application that we would add? You know, what are the other ways? We have met with some of our central office partners that run our programs where students come in may be at a-- you know, at a job-training level and how can we access their needs and support and provide support? So, were working with different parts of the central office to make sure that we are maximizing our ability to identify as many student parents as we can.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And when do you anticipate that you will have that document or that question on the application or question on the outreach entry form that students will be completing? When do you anticipate that will be ready so that we

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 37 know every student entering CUNY or already in CUNY—that's another question. Not just those that are entering, but those that are already in. How do we do that? So, when will you have this comprehensive ability to let students know all of the grant

programs that all of CUNY has?

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes.

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DEAN CLEARY: And so, we have to figure out what that looks like and how we go about that. So, you ask a great question. We're working on it.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Not to be insensitive to all of the needs and the pressing demands and the urgency that were facing, if we could work double time or double up our efforts and get it for January, along with the city college child development center open, that would be really great. And, again, if I could be of any assistance, please let me know. I'm available to put in some ideas and hours and I have staff that I can assist with that I can have assist with. I really think that it is critical that we open these opportunities for students so that they can get into having themselves complete their education because they know that have child care. And, lastly, before I turn to my colleague, Helen Rosenthal, how can we expand what we are already doing? How can we increase the numbers? Because that was one of the questions that we asked from the previous hearing. How can we expand that in what can be done?

DEAN CLEARY: We've increased enrollment in the spring semester and we think that we can increase

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY enrollment even still by centralizing our work a bit more and we have written a proposal, still pending. We should know something mid-October or no later than the end of October. We have written a proposal to actually deepen and strengthen the work that some of our programs to and, some of that proposal was to determine whether we could add more infant and toddler care. We acknowledge it is very important to me that we expand not only in number, but in the age ranges of children that we serve. We know that if student parents can start back to school earlier with younger children, they probably would have a better chance of succeeding and, of course, finishing, which is for everybody the goal. And so, we've just, as I said, written a proposal for private money to build out some of this work with the goal, and for successful in, A, and for granted the money, and doing what we promised, to then expand out after the first 18 months of this project to include even more campuses.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Right.

DEAN CLEARY: So, we're going to start targeting three campuses and then expand out. And so, while we are incredibly indebted to you, the city

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 2 Council, for your support, we are also interested in 3 finding some private money to help us make a greater 4 expansion quicker. CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes. DEAN CLEARY: So, that's what I will say. 6 7 We know it is both about centralizing our work to increase enrollment, but also to look at how can we 8 9 serve a wider age range of children to go down into the infant program. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Thank 12 you so much for your testimony. 13 DEAN CLEARY: My pleasure. CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And, at this time, 14 15 I will turn it over to my cochair, Council member 16 Helen Rosenthal, Chair of the Committee on Women in Gender Equity. Thank you. I have lost more 17 18 questions, but I want to share the time. Thank you. 19 DEAN CLEARY: Thank you. 20 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Thank you, Chair I really appreciate that. And you already 21 2.2 hit on some of the most important questions and 2.3 cleared up a lot of the questions that we have been having going into this hearing. So, I really 24

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appreciate you--

DEAN CLEARY: I'm glad.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: for that. Dean Cleary, I really just have two questions or two areas of questions that I want to focus on. One is sort of trying to get a better handle on whether or not we are meeting the demand for childcare and, secondly, around the funding. So, I would like to start with the demand and, Chair Barron laid it out in her testimony where she gave the data from CUNY's 2016 SES which was the most recently available——— I guess my first question is when will the 2018 or the more recent survey be available?

DEAN CLEARY: So, that's a great question.

I'll have to find out. I think I'm just too new to know, but that's no real excuse. I'll find out.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Do you know if an SES has been done since the 2016 one?

DEAN CLEARY: I don't, but I will find out.

I'm sorry. But I would also say that, if there's any
question about whether we are meeting the need, the
simple answer is, absolutely not.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yeah. I mean, thank you. Thank you for acknowledging that. I mean, just a simple map from the 2016 survey, you

Now, the total number of students is roughly 275,012 percent need childcare, that means about 33,000 need childcare. And, you know, roughly 1700, maybe more, use the on-site CUNY services, again, using the statistics from that Chair Barron shared about 12,000 pay for off-campus care. So, that totals up to roughly 14,000 students and what is going on with the remaining 19,000 students? You know, how many are

dropping out because they don't have child care at

all? You know, fundamentally, meeting the needs of

you know, should give all of us pause.

17-- 1800 students when you have 33,002 are parents,

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DEAN CLEARY: Yes. There's no question.

And, of course, pre-K, the establishment of pre-K has affected all childcare across the city. It has destabilized childcare across the city. I'm proud to say that the campus childcare centers have figured out how to incorporate pre-K and of the programs that they have so they have not suffered the loss of enrollment that others have, but I think we know, for sure, that there is a greater need. You know, I'm sure it's not 33,000, but we know that it's easily a lot more than we currently serve.

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 $\label{eq:confused} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: So, I'm a little} \\ \mbox{confused by what you just said. I mean--}$

DEAN CLEARY: Sure.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: you're sort of flipping an idea. You're saying that other childcare centers have been destabilized, in other words, they are losing children--

DEAN CLEARY: Yes.

and available universal pre-K, but it would strike me, particularly given what you just said, that we know there is more demand out there that, in fact, CUNY should let those kids go to the free UPK and use all of its spots for the people who need something different than free UPK. Like I don't understand the thinking--

DEAN CLEARY: I can explain.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: of -- Yeah.

DEAN CLEARY: Yeah. So, here's what it's really important to be mindful of is that services for three and four-year-olds in childcare help make childcare financially viable. And so, program, no matter how well it is funded-- and no program is funded well enough to serve only children from birth

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 44
to age three. There is no program in the country
that is funded well enough, unless it has
extraordinary private resources, to serve children
only from birth to three. Childcare locally,
statewide, and nationally, requires a balanced
enrollment of all the ages. And three and four-year-
old children who require to have a higher ratio of
teacher to child, stabilize the financial stability
of an early childhood program. And, further, with
the campus childcare centers have done is responded
to the DOE requests that they also serve pre-K
children because the city has been looking always for
high quality settings for it to put pre-K in. And
so, there is some
CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: But, does that mean
that the University is paying for that UPK? In other
words
DEAN CLEARY: No.
CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: taking on that
DEAN CLEARY: Their pre-K is funded.
CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: burden is that
funded by the DOE?

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DEAN CLEARY: Funded by the DOE and strengthening the financial models, in many cases, the centers themselves. So, your programs like--

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: I mean, you have to sort of way what you're saying here. You're saying that you got money to take care of a segment of the population, but you are not acknowledging your taking the space is an, therefore, they are not available to cancer or other ages. And, basically, what you are saying is, because the CUNY system doesn't have the money to adequately fund childcare, you have to give up spaces that could be serving zero to three by taking the money from DOE to financier childcare centers. Another way of thinking -- And I understand finances drives so much. I really do. More than you probably know. And much decision-making is based on the finances that are available. That doesn't mean it's good decision-making. It just means that you need money, but, fundamentally, what could've happened is CUNY campus says could have said to their parents, use the free UPK that the city is offering, perhaps on elementary school near you, and a childcare site near you. I've got plenty in my district. Use that in, if the money were available,

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE
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     which it's not, then CUNY would have had more space
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     is for the people who need childcare for zero to
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     three.
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                DEAN CLEARY: So, I guess what I'm
     suggesting is, of the 33,000 children that we
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     acknowledge that CUNY has, many of them are already
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    using their community-based pre-K.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yes. We know the
     14,000 are.
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                DEAN CLEARY: [inaudible 01:04:13]
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Or 13,000. No.
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    mean, I'm just doing the math off of your 2016--
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                DEAN CLEARY: Yes.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: SES.
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                DEAN CLEARY: So--
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: 13,000 are using
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     their community.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Correct.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: That means that
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     19,000 need somewhere to go.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Right. So, parents choose
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     different things. Some of them choose to use campus
     childcare and we acknowledge that we need many more
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spaces for more student parents to use our programs.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 2 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Right. And what 3 I'm saying is that, because CUNY made the decision to 4 take the money from DOE--DEAN CLEARY: Uh-hm. CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: in order to 6 7 subsidize the cost, you actually -- CUNY actually 8 lost spaces that could of been made available by the city's generous offering, brilliant offering-- no question-- of universal pre-K. What you've done 10 11 fundamentally because CUNY is not prioritizing 12 childcare, as they are taking city money to take away 13 space is that could have been freed up, if you have the money, for zero to three. And so, if what you're 14 15 taking-- I mean, I guess I'd be curious to know, the 1750 childcare slots, how many are UPK? 16 17 DEAN CLEARY: I can get the number for you. 18 But I am--19 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: But that tells us--20 DEAN CLEARY: Sure. 21 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: mean, let's assume it's half. I mean--2.2 2.3 DEAN CLEARY: Yeah. It's not.

1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 48
2	CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: I mean, a quarter.
3	A quarter? 10 percent? If it's 10 percent, that's
4	175 kids.
5	DEAN CLEARY: Uh-hm.
6	CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: 175 student parents
7	who can't send their kids to CUNY because you don't
8	have space.
9	DEAN CLEARY: So, let me assure you that
10	the majority of the children that are three and four,
11	and are especially for that are being partially
12	funded by a pre-K spot, the majority of them are CUNY
13	children whose parents want them to be on campus with
14	them. And I hear what you are saying.
15	CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yeah. Okay.
16	DEAN CLEARY: I just
17	CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: I mean, I think
18	DEAN CLEARY: We're trying to really meet
19	the needs of what parents are telling us they want.
20	And it is not a good idea, from a child development
21	standpoint, to have a child is somewhere for a year
22	or two and then move for a year or two, and then yet
23	another move. So the consistency
24	CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Of course.

DEAN CLEARY: [inaudible 01:07:06]

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Of course. I'm all for stability.

DEAN CLEARY: Right. So--

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: But I'm just saying that--

DEAN CLEARY: I appreciate that.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: And I do want to link this to the second point which has to do with cost. And what I am struck by is, in your testimony, you said that you were able to raise 45,000 dollars for 99 kids to get childcare.

DEAN CLEARY: No. No. Sorry. We raised some money to add to the Chancellor's emergency relief fund to just provide parents of our highest need families— to provide them with some financial support. Not childcare. So, let me just talk for a minute about the emergency relief fund that the Chancellor created. Early on, there was private funding in public funding combined to support students at the City University of New York that were in desperate need of financial support and assistance. Those monies were distributed in late spring across all of our 25 campuses for students that were determined to have financial need. It

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE
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     wasn't a lot of money, but it was something that kind
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     of give them a little bit of support. When we
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     realize that we, too, could perhaps do more of that,
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     we raised-- we were able to apply for a 45,000
     grant. I did that. And we then identified 99
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     families that currently attend our programs who were
     experiencing, as I said, greater financial need.
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     was simply an effort just to help people get through
     the summer and early fall and it was not-- it was
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     just financial support. It had nothing to do with
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     childcare. It was just--
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Oh. So you don't
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     even know if it went to help with childcare.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Well, most of our families--
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               It was as parents wanted to use it.
     No.
        No.
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     was--
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Sure. It could be
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     for food, it could be for rent.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Yes.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Gotcha'. No.
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     gotcha'.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Yes.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: All right.
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DEAN CLEARY: Simply that.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 2 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: All right. I'm 3 done for this moment. I'm going to turn it back to Chair Barron. I may want a second round, but I'm 4 going to turn it back to you. I don't see any questions from our colleagues, so turn it back to 6 7 you, Chair Barron. 8 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. I will 9 turn it to the counsel. Do we have colleagues that have questions that they want to raise? 10 11 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yes. If any 12 council members have questions, please use the Zoom 13 raise hand function. Seeing none, we'll turn it back to Chair Barron. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. So, I want to follow up on the question that my colleague 16 17 just asked. In terms of the assistance that you gave 18 to those 99 students, what was the average cost? What was the criteria for determining who would be 19 eligible and what was the average award that each of 20 them received? 21 2.2 DEAN CLEARY: So, there was no average. 2.3 Each of them got 500 dollars. CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. They each 24

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got 500 dollars.

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DEAN CLEARY: And the criteria, we worked with each of the directors given that they had regular weekly contact with families and understood the issues and challenges that families were receiving to prioritize a list of families that they felt needed support the most. It was not as scientific criteria. It was weekly interaction, feedback, checking in with families every week, finding out where their stressors were. And that—So, again, not exactly a scientific approach, but, as personal as we could keep it. And we created a confidential list and then sent it through for these disbursements.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Thank you.

In terms of the set up at the child development

centers, the video showed that there was a clear

barrier between children that would be positioned at

either end of the desk. Is that something that we

would see at every child development center?

DEAN CLEARY: It's interesting that you ask. Each program was guided to take as many different precautions as they could and so, my best answer would be most of them are using that strategy. Some of them may have found other strategies that

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 53 they felt made a better accommodation. You'll notice that, in the video, they didn't talk about social distancing. They talked about physical distancing in, so I think that -- and the other thing that I would point out is that, in the course of the video, they say that, if your child needs a hug, they will get a hug. And I think this is the kind of challenge that everybody would acknowledge that we are experience across the city and state and country. Ιt is do we touch people? Do we not touch people? And you can't not touch little children. Children will need help in the bathroom. They will need help, you know, eating their lunches. We have all these strategies about we no longer doubt to what is normally acceptable behavior and, actually, encouraged behavior, which is family-style eating. Every child will have their own portioned out food and we will throw away everything after the meal. All of those things will be in play. So, physical distancing of all sorts. Then the other thing I will say is that, you know, this requires -- since every classroom that is physically open and also will have remote learning component to it, we are using every available staff member because, at the same time that

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 54 it teachers with children, there is another teacher with children remotely. And so, everybody is doing the best they can to meet the needs of the kids that they are surveying. And it will be different and an infant room as it will be in a preschool room, which is what we saw. A preschool room with Plexiglas.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And in those settings that you have been using, how do you sanitize the play equipment, the books, the stuffed animals? How do you sanitize them?

DEAN CLEARY: So, no stuffed animals anymore. Right? All soft, porous materials have been removed. Every classroom has been rearranged to eliminate any extra stuff. As you might know, early childhood classrooms typically have a lot of stuff in them.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Uh-hm.

DEAN CLEARY: These classrooms have been really kind of pruned to only have materials they need. Every time a child abuse is the material or piece of equipment, it is put up for disinfecting. In typical terms, and it's a photo classroom that a child does a puzzle and it gets put back on the shelf, and now the child does a puzzle and it gets

2 put out for somebody else to come along and

3 disinfected. There are a couple ways to disinfect.

4 We have disinfecting chemical. You know, all child

5 safe, of course. So things are sprayed and then they

are air dried, which is the recommended approach.

7 And then, as they are tried, they are put back on the

8 | shelves. So, what teachers have had to do in every

9 classroom that is open is proving the amount of

10 stuff, but to make sure that there is enough stuff to

11 be rotated in, is what I will say.

12 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Right. I want to
13 acknowledge that we have been joined by Majority

14 Leader Laurie Cumbo who is a member of the Hire

15 | Education Committee. I wanted to make that

16 acknowledgment. And if you have any questions,

17 | Council member Cumbo, please indicate that and the

18 | counsel will know that he can call on you on the

19 appropriate time. For CUNY, was there any

20 | interaction between CUNY and the rec centers that the

21 DOE established?

DEAN CLEARY: No.

23 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: So there were no--

DEAN CLEARY: Not that I'm aware.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. So, there

3 were no rec centers a CUNY?

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DEAN CLEARY: Not that I'm aware of. No.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. And have you been involved at all with providing any type of—
it's not really a question specifically for early development, for early childhood, but have you been involved with the DOE in terms of considering what might be done to accelerate those persons, those students who are in a teacher prep class that they might, in fact, be able to accelerate their classes or the requirements so that they can, in fact, become teachers? Even perhaps in early childhood setting?

DEAN CLEARY: Well, in community-based organizations, people who have not yet received their credentials can certainly work in childhood settings and they can work in those settings with study plans. And another part of my office help students work on those study plans. In earlier in my testimony, I talked about a scholarship program that we funded at CUNY for the early childhood workforce to ask but eyes their credential and agrees success. Also, we worked with the state of New York, the state education department, to extend certification for our

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 57 graduates who had not yet passed to the certification exam so they got a grace period for a year so that they could begin their teaching as certified teachers while they were using a grace period of a year to take their exams. In my office tutors people to prepare than to prepare for their exams and just pass them successfully. So, my office on a number of other CUNY offices are very involved in trying to support students in early childhood and childhood Ed to work through the systems and get employment. my office, early childhood is our biggest focus. also acknowledging that almost immediately the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene in the city close down the childcare centers at the onset of the pandemic, we created an employment network for people who lost their work and for students who also lost their work to connect with other employers to try and make matches so that they could find work. most concerned about our students who need to work to continue to manage their studies. And so, we have this employment network--

23 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Right.

DEAN CLEARY: that has been working very

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2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Getting

back to getting students to know-- student parents to know that there is some availability, your setting each campus will have its own policy that will follow the guidelines that you have been issued, that you have issued for them to be aware of. So, as of Friday, September the 4th, we did not-- the staff that did the research did not see that many of the campuses and, in fact, any updated information about their childcare center. What is your role from central in assisting campuses to get the information out? They have links to their centers, but there is not information. The colleges have links, but there is no updated information. So, what is your role in assisting and having oversight to the campuses to

DEAN CLEARY: Yeah. So, my role is to support the 17 campus programs. My role is to meet with them on a regular basis and to help them do the work that they need to do. They are autonomous to a very large extent. The majority of the programs are private 501(c)(3)s and may work independently. They function as small businesses. In my role is to bring them together to help them consider best practices,

help them understand that they've got to get it out?

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY help them be more successful in the way that they run their businesses, and to support the way they meet the needs of each and every CUNY campus. particular moment, every campus, every college, was given the responsibility of deciding how it would reopen and what that would mean. What did they open their libraries? Would they open their campus childcare centers? What classes the in-person or virtual or hybrid? Would they only have their lab students on campus and everybody else online? So, every single campus -- and there are, as you know better probably than I-- there are 25 campuses. They have tremendous autonomy and the Chancellor honors that autonomy and gave them that choice. each of our childcare centers is working with their individual campus administration to make the best arrangements. And those arrangements, and the last three weeks, has shifted a little bit as we become more comfortable, as we understand what it would mean to include young children on a campus, and, as you might imagine, there are some campuses that are so very worried about the health and welfare of small children coming to campus during the pandemic. And so, each campus is managing it in their own way. Our

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1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 60
2	guidance was meant as a floor. Like if you are going
3	to reopen, use of recommendations we're making.
4	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: How many campuses
5	have indicated that they are reopening?
6	DEAN CLEARY: At least between eight are
7	reopened and more are considering a phased-in
8	opening.
9	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Are there any that
10	indicate that they will not reopen? Have
11	definitively said that they will not reopen?
12	DEAN CLEARY: Yes. Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Do we know why?
14	DEAN CLEARY: And I think we provided you
15	with a list so that you have it somewhere. I don't
16	mean for you to look at it, but John Jay has not yet
17	decided. I'm just looking at my list here. Medgar,
18	I think, has decided not to open. Brooklyn is
19	considering how to manage because they have a state
20	contract and then they have their other enrollment.
21	So, they are working on it.
22	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And do we know
23	You said some of them are questioning whether they
24	will reopen.

DEAN CLEARY: Yeah. Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Others are phasing

in. Do we know why Medgar is not reopening?

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DEAN CLEARY: It acknowledges that it may reopen for some of its pre-K children that the long the student parents, but I think that Medgar felt that-- and I want to be careful that I don't speak for them, but I think they felt that it wasn't safe. That they were very worried about the amount of disease in Brooklyn and in that immediate community, as was Brooklyn College. In the Flatbush area, there was tremendous illness and so I didn't speak-- all always respond if a campus administration wants to discuss their reopening plans and we had a really viable conversation with Brooklyn who expressed their concern about the number of families in their communities that had been stricken. And their initial decision was that they didn't want to have anybody on campus.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay.

DEAN CLEARY: And I suspect—— Again, I'm not speaking for Medgar. I have not talked to their campus administration, but I suspect that their concern was simply around health and safety of children of student parents.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Now, in the spring semester where there were the campuses that did maintain their services and you said you were able to maintain the employees and muted not have two dismiss any employees, what is your expectation going forward, starting with this semester, in terms of employment?

DEAN CLEARY: Yeah. Great. So, this is a month-to-month issue for us and it is driven by--So, first let me say about the support that the city Council has provided has helped stabilize this work in a dramatic fashion. The second layer of stabilization has come from the Office of Children and Family Services in the they made a decision early in the pandemic that they would honor the enrollment numbers that were in effect back in March and may have funded each of our programs based on that level of funding every month since the pandemic. combination of funding has enabled teachers to remain in plan, directors -- the staff to remain employed and that has enabled them to do this one-on-one, you know, regular family wellness checks, and small group teaching, individualized teaching with children. You know, I'm sure I don't have to tell you that a twoCOMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 63 year-old or a three-year-old really can't be online by themselves and needs help on both ends, both from a parent and a teacher on one end. So, there's a lot of individual, small group, and midsize group instruction going on on a daily basis. And so, that funding has allowed that to stay whole. And so that's--

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: And are you going to anticipate that there will be any layoffs of any of the employees at the child development centers?

DEAN CLEARY: I worry about it every single day and Keisha has been extraordinary in keeping contact with the Office of Children and Family

Services on a regular basis to ensure that we receive this grace of funding every single month so we, as of last week, know that September is funded and we hope that October will be funded. And that is how we have been— how the programs have been sustained each month by your steady funding in this monthly affirmation of funding that we've had since the day—

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: [interposing]

Right. I think Council member Chair Rosenthal has a great experience with those juggling and monthly allotments since a budget has not been approved and

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 64 each level of government waiting for the level above them to come with some kind of definitive statement. So, we understand that that is a problem.

DEAN CLEARY: Yeah.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I don't know if Chair Rosenthal has further questions?

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: I do. Thank you very much. And I really appreciate the issues that you just got to, Chair Barron, and Dean Cleary, your honest responses. I really appreciate that and, you know, can tell you are juggling a lot. So, thank you. I'm wondering is the child care centers are—have a plan for a possible second wave of COVID?

DEAN CLEARY: We do. We have been working on that through the summer. So, one of the things that is happened in most of our sites is that, not only did we maintain an online presence, but, periodically, the programs would send families activities and materials to work with at home. We fully appreciate that not all of our families have a preschool classroom in their living rooms. And so, we've been sending things periodically and, what we've talked about and what the staff have been doing is creating what we call go bags so that, if a

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 65 program was to have to reclose, that on that day, children would leave the site with a bag of things.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Got it. That's great.

DEAN CLEARY: So, we're really worried—
You know, we never have the luxury— and I'll call
it that— to talk about the social emotional impact
of this craziness, this madness, on small children.
You know, they experience their parent's stress, but
they don't understand it. They have—

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yeah.

DEAN CLEARY: their own stress because they use to come to school every day or every other day and now they don't. They used to have a grandma and either they don't have one anymore or they just can't see her anymore. And not everybody is so great, you know, with FaceTime. And there are— you know, not every grandma is great with FaceTime. And so, there are all these things and so, what the campus childcare staff have been committed to—— I would call it dedicated to—— is somehow keeping a real—life line of social emotional connection to these children. And so, you know, you could go online and download somebody reading the story, but it's way,

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 66 way better if the teacher you know is reading you that story. And so teachers have videotaped themselves reading stories. They have videotaped themselves, you know, doing exercises and song so that a parent can-

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: [inaudible 01:31:10]

part of that. Like what would happen if we end up with a second wave and we have to shut down again? How are we going to stay connected to these children and help them? So go bags, mailing things, you know, CUNY has been extraordinary in that. While it feels like nobody's on campus, if we have to do a mailing, you can contact the mail room on campus and they'll help with that. So they'll help with that kind of thing.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Okay.

DEAN CLEARY: A few programs are member-are participants of Quality Stars New York and they
have had additional supports to get things out into
the homes. So--

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Makes sense. Thank you. And then, again, this is a tricky issue when it

2 comes to fees, but also, you know, what are you

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3 charging students, but also having enough money to

4 keep your teachers employed and the childcare centers

5 open. I am wondering if someone chooses to send

6 their child or have their child. Child care

7 remotely, is there a discount of some sort?

DEAN CLEARY: It's my understanding that most of the programs are not charging for remote learning.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Oh, wow.

DEAN CLEARY: And I think it's, of course, the decision of campus by campus. I think the mindset there was that these are families that are already experiencing extraordinary hardship and that, if they could avoid— now I think you already know that some of our families pay less— you know, they pay five dollars a week in regular circumstance.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Sure.

DEAN CLEARY: In some programs, five dollars a day. But most of our programs have-- I forgot to mention that they also have, many of them, have campus grants. Those are federal dollars. That money has also remained intact. So, the programs have been able to hold themselves whole. You know,

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 68 some of them of loss staff just because the staff has decided they just can't work in these moments, but, for the most part, the staffs are intact and they are covered by the different funding levels. And if a program was able to not charge families, they have not charged families. And just last week, we had a conversation about, you know, how people came to those decisions. And, obviously, it's based on the simple fact that these student parents are experiencing incredible hardship.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Do you have a sense of how many of had to drop out of school because of juggling coronavirus and childcare?

DEAN CLEARY: I don't have a number, but what I can tell you is enrollments that several of our campuses were up over the summer and up in the fall. Some are down. Some enrollments are down.

And I can say, although it was a very small sample, considering how large CUNY is, earlier in my testimony when I talked about this project that we launched full scale in January in that semester for 100 people, will my lost one student. So, one person in a very targeted population. Now, I'm sure that that is not indicative of CUNY's population and we

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY can surely try to find that out. But in the student parent world at the campus childcare centers, one of their direct charges is to not let go of people. And so, we don't have data for this past semester, but data across the country, about the campus childcare centers ability to retain students in typical times can be as high as 94 percent and there is another place on campus that can boast that kind of retention rate. So our goal with our directors is to make sure that they fully appreciate their role in helping keep people in. And so, of course, in the regular wellness checks, one of the questions is often are you able to continue to, you know, manage your studies? Do you need help? Do you have a laptop? Do you have a laptop with Wi-Fi? You know, many students maybe do most of their online work in a library and when the library is closed and then the campus library closed, we became very, very worried about who had, you know, internet. And so all those questions come into play when the campus childcare centers are doing their job.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Okay. And last question because I know we have parents waiting to testify. I'm wondering has the University made a

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE
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    ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY
    decision about student activity fees? Whether or not
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    to waive them this year given that there are very few
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    student activities, but also my concern, too, is that
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     I know some of the childcare money comes from those
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     fees.
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                DEAN CLEARY: Right. So, I don't know what
    the campuses have decided and quiche and I can
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    certainly try to find out get that back to you.
                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Is that going to be
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    made college by college or by the University?
                DEAN CLEARY: Well, I suspect it is a
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    central office decision.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yeah. Okay.
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                DEAN CLEARY: And we'll find out--
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Okay. Thank you
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    very much.
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                DEAN CLEARY: what the status of that is.
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    My pleasure.
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                CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Chair Barron, thank
    you for the courtesy. I appreciate it.
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                CHAIRPERSON BARRON:
                                      More than welcome.
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    More than welcome. Just one final question. The DOE
    has protocols in place for determining if a student
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should be sent home because they may be exhibiting

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 71

COVID-like symptoms and they also have protocols that say if one child is sick for 14 days, the student and staff in that classroom have to be quarantined and if two children in different classes are sick, the whole building is supposed to shut down. What are the protocols regarding children who may be exhibiting symptoms of having COVID?

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DEAN CLEARY: Sure. So, per the video, children are assessed before they even come in the building and the night before their parents really have to ascertain that their child has no symptoms. Then they come to the building and they, again, are assessed for symptoms.

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Right.

DEAN CLEARY: If they have no symptoms, there able to come. As we all know, child can develop symptoms in the matter of an hour or so and so, if they exhibit symptoms, they are sent home and, yes, they can't come back until they are symptom-free for 14 days. Depending on where the child was or when they had symptoms, the program would make a decision whether to close the classroom, close the center. It would depend. But I think all of those kind of guidelines come from the CDC and from the

- COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 72

 Department of Health and Mental Hygiene and the State Department of Health. And the programs, the centers, are required to abide by those guidelines and
 - CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Mr. Zenegal, are there any members that have questions?

 If not, this panel can be excused and we want to thank you so much for your testimony.
- 10 DEAN CLEARY: You're welcome.

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requirements.

- COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair

 Barron. If there's any Council members that have a

 question, please use the raise hand function in Zoom.

 There being no raised hands, we've concluded

 testimony for this panel.
 - CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Is the counsel now going to begin to call the public for their testimony?
 - COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yes. Now that we have concluded the administration's testimony, we will now turn the public testimony. I'd like to remind everyone that you will be on mute until I have called on your name to testify. Once your name is called, a member of our staff will unmute you and a sergeant will give you the go-ahead to begin. Your

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 73

testimony will be limited to five minutes. Wait for the sergeant to announce that you may begin before you start your testimony. So, the next panel which is, apparently, our last panel will be, in order of speaking, Juvanie Piquant, CUNY University student Senate, and Amber Rivero, President, John Jay College student Council. Juvanie, you may make in your testimony when the sergeant tells you it's okay to begin.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time begins now.

JUVANIE PIQUANT: Thank you. Good morning, everyone. Good morning, Council member Helen Rosenthal. I would just like to say thank you for setting up this panel in this hearing for us. We've been waiting here anxious. It's been a long year in the pandemic, but we started the school year strong and I just want to say thank you for giving me the opportunity for us to share our concerns. Before I want to address anything or my remarks that I want to say, I think--I just want to thank Council member Helen Rosenthal and Council member Barron for asking these tough questions because I do believe there needs to be more communication with the student leaders at CUNY. As

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY we were on this panel, I checked in with the student trustee, Timothy Hunter, in regards to ask him if he knew about this Student Parent Taskforce at CUNY and he didn't know about. And, as student leaders, we would like to know which student parents are on this task force. This is a student trustee. He is a member of the Board of Trustees. It's alarming that he does not even know that this task force is going on. And my colleague, Amber Rivera, she is also a parent, so she will be talking, as well, about this But we are calling for more communication with student leaders because we're the one that disseminate that information to our students and we have been hearing a lot of concerns about childcare. But I just wanted to talk here today to discuss why we're here. And there's a lot of racial injustice and uproar that is going on in our nation, in our institution that goes into our gender equity issues and how do we see equality and justice for our students. And when we talk about funding for higher education, I think, when we talk about more resources for mental health. A more inclusive opening this for our trends students on our campus sees. Menstrual equity is a huge issue. We met with Council member

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY Rosenthal many times last year to try to get pilot programs on our campuses, but we do feel as if our administration should be taking a more robust approach in regards to that on our campuses. We're calling on CUNY to provide more gender neutral bathrooms on our campuses, more gender neutral focused policies, more gender neutral focused service for our students, therapy for students, counseling for our students. Many students may feel as if they don't know where to go. They don't know which resources to go and I-- when Council member Barron brings up our centralized marketing, that is really big portion. CUNY, the federal government has changed the Title IX policies and CUNY has worked with us and we were part of those conversations. But I do think a centralized marketing in regards to others students who go beyond the CUNY student leaders and CUNY are very important for us to be had because it's not-- it's going to be the students and become disenfranchised of these services, despite being in a pandemic. Students are going through a lot at home and we need to ensure that there are services and they know where to go. Another thing I would like to touch on is the support services.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY Support services during COVID-19 is a huge, huge issue within our institution as of right now. Many students are saying that being at home, they understand the pandemic, but what can we do? How can we help? Students need places to study. Students need services. Food insecurity is still a major issue. Currently, my local student government on my local campus at city Tech, we are figuring out a way to get food to students on our campuses. Our administration has been installing. We have been trying to put this together ever since last year. Timothy Hunter was the SGA president there. We had pressed him. When we had our first hearing last year with Toby Anstevitzki [sp?], senate of the Higher Education Committee chair, and we at Brooklyn College, discussed that food insecurity was huge issue. And that has not been resolved. It is up to our SGA now for us to figure out who is going to help us get the food on campus -- how we're going to disseminate that. It is all reliant on the student government on that campus. And I, quite frankly, don't think that is right. I think we need more involvement in the administration. I think there needs to be oversight with our CUNY administration to

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 77
understand the services that students have student
services that are having on each campus. Every
campus is different and we need to understand and
ensure that each student from each campus is
receiving the same services and qualities are at
least let's try to do it to diligence. Let's try to,
like Council member Inez Barron said, centralized
marketing tactic for is to ensure students know that
these services are there. Because, as we speak right
now, I'm hearing a lot of things about the child care
centers, the task force. I took some notes. Many
students don't know about these things and they are
concerned and they are going through a lot. And I
would say those students who are student parents
juggling class and also juggling a student at home
and trying to get
SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.
JUVANIE PIQUANT: services from campuses
is extremely tough. And I yelled over to my
colleague, Amber Rivero.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Juvanie, if you have more-- and, Chair Barron, if it's all right with you--

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 78

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Yeah. You can continue. And were going to be asking you questions, as well. But if you have more of your testimony you'd like to share, please continue.

JUVANIE PIQUANT: Yeah. And thank you for And also I would really like to talk about our state of higher education. We know the pandemic is in place. We know this semester is started, but we have not heard notice on this tuition hike. This mental health and wellness fee. It is extremely alarming with the lack of announcement or lack of notice for students. We are now about to be-- soon near to be about a month away than this semester and students deserve to know if the price of their education will be rising on left field. Many students had intentions of enrolling into this semester with a certain price in mind and that can instantly hike. And that is extremely, extremely alarming being that a lot of students are dealing with housing and food insecurity. And my colleague and I-- and we share the same [inaudible 01:46:47] that university student Senate. We are really calling on oversight with CUNY to understand the support services. To understand the state of the

ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 79
students that they are in because many students have
enrolled in classes at CUNY for this semester, but
many students do not know how they are going to get
through those classes. And it is really reliant on
the student government to get students together to
understand these support services. And I must admit
that we are very overwhelmed. We are dealing with
school, but we are also trying to keep things afloat
and be the best leaders that we can be for our
students and we need our local campus administrations
to step it up. We need them to be a part of these
conversations and include them and us in these
conversations because I don't think it's fair that I
am hearing at a city Council hearing that we have a
task force for student parents and the trustee has
never heard of it. University student Senate has
never heard of it. SGA presidents have never heard
of it. And we have student parents who are student
leaders. We have student parents and are student
governments and in our institutions. And I really,
really encourage that conversation to be had and
there is some oversight there. And I yield my time
to Amber Rivero. Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 80

2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Ms. Rivero, you may

begin your testimony.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts now.

AMBER RIVERO: Thank you. Good morning, Chair Barron and Chair Rosenthal, and all of the committee members and Council members who are here today. Thank you for allowing us to come and testify. My name is Amber Rivero. I am a parent and also a CUNY student. I am also proud of alumni Medgar Evers College in Central Brooklyn and I am now a senior at John Jay College of criminal Justice and serving as president of our student government for the college representing about 15,000 undergraduate students within CUNY. And graduate students. Sorry. A lot of what I'm going to share right now actually testifies to the experience pre-COVID, so I can't really attest to what is happening for parents during COVID with childcare centers, but I am going to focus on concerns that I had before COVID. As a parent, I can attest to how helpful childcare can be for students to be successful during their college journey. However, at John Jay campus, the lack of staffing and the lack of funding, allegedly, for the John Jay childcare center has led to being very

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY minimal on the services that it can provide students. So many students in our CUNY Edge program, which is connected to HRA, are often single parents and young There is a high rate of lack of parents. participation and extracurriculars for students in this program and I often see them having to take their children to appointments for all of their administrative and academic needs at the college, which can be really tough and distracting. There is also a low amount of space every single semester for students to participate in the childcare center services with their children, as most of the children being cared for are from college staff. A certain amount of funding for the childcare centers, I am told, comes from student activity fees, as well. asking that the Committee on Higher Ed consider ways to either provide more funding and support for CUNY campus childcare centers or that a policy or taskforce, similar to this oversight committee from city Council, be charged with specific oversight on the childcare centers to make sure that the public funds and student activity fees are being used to serve the students, not just CUNY employees. I would love to actually know how many of those 1750

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 82 childcare slots that were mentioned earlier in the Dean's testimony are actually serving students children at CUNY. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you so much. We appreciate you coming and offering your testimony. And, Juvanie, once again, good to see you. And you talked about food insecurity and we know that that is a very important issue and we do want to acknowledge -- I don't have the dollar amount in front of me, but there was an initiative which the Speaker funded from the Speakers pot which provided money for the pantries that each of the CUNY campuses. So, we don't know what that will be this year, but we certainly appreciate and recognize that it was much needed in terms of addressing the needs of hunger. People like to fancy it up and say food insecurity. It's hunger. That's an issue and it is a disgrace that in this country that exists, but it is, in fact, an issue that we have to address. So, we are hoping that we will be able to look at how that can be addressed and whether there is any opportunity for any of this federal stimulus money that has come or is, main further to be addressed for that issue. To be directed to that issue for both

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY food and for childcare services. And you did raise a very important question. You said that there are not enough spots and, often times, the faculty and staff have their children in spots that are allocated at these campuses. And we will, in fact, include that as a follow-up question to CUNY because I have always been told-- we didn't raise the question this year, or this hearing, rather, that we have been previous hearings and we been told that first priorities for students. So, what we can do now is to request documentation. Request the data that gives us the disaggregated attendance or enrollment for student's, for faculty, for staff, and for community. Because as always been said that priority goes to students first and we want to make sure that we get the numbers validate that. And in terms of your pursuit of a degree, I want to encourage you. Glad to know that you are at the senior college now. So, Amber, did you go to Medgar for an Associates or did you, just after a period of time, transfer from Medgar to John Jay?

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AMBER RIVERO: Yes. I actually got my
Associates Degree in public administration and then I
transferred to John Jay to pursue my Bachelor's.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 84

2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Okay. Good. So,

we will have our counsel follow up with that question
to CUNY admin to the central and I will turn it over
and out to Council number Rosenthal. Chair

Rosenthal.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Thank you so much,
Chair Barron. And, you know, I really do want to
give a shout out to Dean Cleary for staying on with
us and hearing from--

CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: the students yourself. I'm not sure it is protocol, but if you would like to answer Chair Barron's question now about priority and numbers, if you have the data or if you will need to get back to us on that, I think that is really important. I don't know if the Sergeants can unmute Dean Cleary. There we go.

DEAN CLEARY: Thank you. So, I've asked

Keisha to look at the numbers as soon as Amber said

that because each and every campus childcare center

and takes the great majority of its enrollment as

students and so I think that the data will bear out,

but I don't have it in front of me and Keisha is

working on it. So, if we get it before we end, I

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY will share it, otherwise we will certainly share it. The other thing I would like to say is that the task force is brand-new. Has not yet met. And, Amber, if you email me, I would love to talk to you little bit about it. And so my email is a CUNY email. Sherry.cleary@CUNY.edu and we will spend the next week thinking about which students, now that the semester is back up and running, we will-- will be adding considerably more students to the group. you have not missed a thing. We are just starting the actual meetings and maybe we will arrange for you to serve. So, I don't want to put any pressure, but we are looking for student participants. So, you're actually right, Juvanie, that there should be students on this group and there will be. So, as I said, we've already recruited students, but we are meeting next week to strategize how to make-- you know, you can get a representative group at a place as large as CUNY, so we have to be really thoughtful about how do we involve students at several different levels, one, on the taskforce, and then reaching out and getting information from them. So both of you are on the money and, Amber, I welcome you. And I'll

see you, Juvanie, to feel free to reach out to me.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 86

I'm a pretty good responder. And so we will try to get the numbers for you and I'll-- I don't want to hold you up, so we'll get back to you.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Great. Thank you, Dean Cleary, for sort of addressing this right on the spot. Juvanie, you know, is on the student senate. I mean, both are, but so she can, you know, make sure that Timothy Hunter is involved given that he is a trustee and we really appreciate your openness to this right on the spot. That's great. And to both students, Juvanie and Amber, I mean, your leadership here is extraordinary. I can't believe you're able to do your classes and be such great leaders for your school, for the students and communicating what you are seeing, what you are experiencing of the latter. That is so critical and you should both know you do it extremely well. The other CUNY students are really lucky to have you. I wanted to ask, actually, Amber, but I get the feeling, because I know sometimes you have to jump away for a second, but Amber, if you're still around, but Juvanie, maybe you can take a stab at this, as well. Just sort of your sense from knowing your friends who are student parents, do you get a sense of how the lack of

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 87 childcare affects your friends and whether or not you know people who have had to step away from college for a while because they did not have childcare options?

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JUVANIE PIQUANT: Well, I don't know anybody specifically, that I met this one girl during my time at university student Senate a couple months ago. She did have to take some steps back from her college experience at your college dude to childcare and a lack of financial hardships and just many things overall. And I to have a colleague in my own personal student government and she is so passionate about getting this food pantry rolled out on campus because she expresses how sometimes she doesn't eat to ensure that her daughter eats. There is some times that she doesn't know where she is going to get food. And when we were on campus, we did have some money from the [inaudible 01:58:02] grant that gave us vouchers and we were able to go across the street to get some food from the market or from our cafeteria. Being that the campus is closed and this is exactly what we are were afraid of, last year we were pressing our administration. If we had a food pantry distribution, no distributions could've been

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY The campuses I know are doing it right now. You requested online. I believe BMCC has a great mechanism of doing that. Students can request online exactly what nonperishable items they would like and then they set up an appointment to pick it up to make sure that social distancing is in place, everything is in order, and there is a schedule. And I think that, on my campus, the lack of urgency of creating a food pantry, as you mentioned, there was money to go to a food pantry-- there is no physical pantry. If you all go visit my campus as of right now, there is nothing the administration can tell you, but there is evidence that the students have been pushing for this for months, way before the pandemic has came I now we are still meeting with local or community organizations to figure out how we're going to get food on campus. And I would assure you and say that parents, they're going through a lot. They are very stressed. They don't know what is going to be their next meal. They know they have to get through these classes and the lack of support I feel like is slowly deteriorating and deteriorating, you know, their motivation and their urgency, you know, to continue college. And we feel so helpless because simple

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 2 things such as hunger should not be an issue at an 3 institution--CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Of course. 4 5 JUVANIE PIQUANT: where we have leaders who go on TV and say CUNY is less. These students go 6 for free and we have a food pantry and the reality is 7 that it is not. Our college president was aware that 8 there wasn't a food pantry because, after this student trustee mentioned at a hearing, you spoke to 10 11 him. And it is now September 10th, 2020 and we still 12 don't have a food pantry. 13 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Hm. Yeah. CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Oh, Amber. We have 14 15 another guest with us. Hi. Hi. Sorry. My children 16 AMBER RIVERO: 17 were actually acting up in the background while you 18 guys were asking that question. 19 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: That's fine. 20 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: You just improved 21 today's hearing by 1 million percent. 2.2 AMBER RIVERO: Say hi. 2.3 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Hi. We're so happy

you're here. Thank you for joining us.

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 90

2 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: I just want to say

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that the city Council, we just want to knowledge, that last year the speaker did fund an initiative for food pantry and that was 1 million dollars and that is, again, available and has been put into the budget for this year for 1 million dollars. We want to acknowledge that happening and we certainly want to see what central can do to assist of those campuses that do not have a food pantry, particularly in this time of the pandemic and people really being challenged. People having lost jobs and been very restricted in their budgets. So, we want to ask CUNY central what they can do to assist those campuses. I've heard it. They are autonomous. They are, perhaps, certain things that they are not required to do, but I would think that, during this time, we need to assist any campus that has genuine interest in

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Nice. And just as a quick follow-up to that, Juvanie, you might want to do a little research on the free freezers. This is the new thing where people are sending out refrigerators and the communities packing them with food and they are popping up throughout the city.

establishing a food pantry and doing that.

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Amber, while we have you and I know you are always juggling beings of the parent, could I ask you is there— from your experience, what were the biggest issues in terms of getting childcare CUNY and is there anything CUNY could do to alleviate those concerns? Are there any that we haven't mentioned today that CUNY central could address?

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I think, like I AMBER RIVERO: mentioned, the CUNY Edge program is actually HRA recipients and, you know, a lot of those students are single parents or young parents. And so, our childcare center John Jay, you are not allowed to like dude drop ins and like you have to-- if your child is enrolled in the childcare center, you have till I give them your class schedule and then you have, literally, five minutes to pick them up after class ends. So there's no extra grace period to go like to financial aid or to an advertisement or even to like a career workshop to get your resume worked on in case you're trying to apply for a job. And so I've tried within the college to kind of push back on the and ask why there is not a little bit more time allotted, because it is very difficult to like talk to your advisor and plan for your future find out

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY what is going on with your bursar hold while your child is kind of like, you know, not busy and really understand what you're doing. And I think that just even like giving the extra support, right? are paying for child care services, why do you have to immediately pick your child up five minutes after I don't think that the faculty and staff are class? being required to do that after their work hours. And I don't know if that is only John Jay specific. I haven't talked to other childcare centers, but I know when I was at Medgar Evers that I think it was like, movie, five dollars-- 10 dollars a week for parents. It was really affordable and it was just a lot better policy structure for parents and staff and I never heard of anyone complaining how the childcare center wasn't conducive for parents to be able to go to school at Medgar Evers was John Jay is a large entity and he had I personally have never been able to send my child there. So, I drop them off in Brooklyn and then I travel an hour from South Brooklyn and Manhattan and then I have to rush back after classes or student government, right, to pick him up. And it would've been nice if I would've been able to utilize it, but how many other parents, you

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 93 know, just really need an hour to study or a time to go to the library for exams and don't even have that space? Why are they paying for child care and it's not the same childcare that would be offered at a private daycare with regular pre-K? I don't know again if that is only John Jay specific, but that was my personal take on struggles within.

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CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: That is very Wow. Mute just at the perfect time. I saw helpful. Dean Cleary taking notes and I'm sure she is going to follow up about that. That is a critical insight where the center is not meeting your needs. I thinks it is because it's got you covered while you're in class, but the truth of the matter is, as a student, you have many other things that you need to spend time on. So, if they really want to give you comprehensive help, they need to be able to stretch that window. So thank you. Thank you for that. know, I do just want to mention that the task force, it sounds like it is critical. It's great that it is starting. It's too bad it didn't start a long time ago, but I really hope that an agenda item, very important agenda item will be letting students know what is happening. You know, we hear regularly of

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY the problem of communication between the school administration and students and student leaders. Whether it be childcare or last year, you know, even setting the school down and kids being told they had to evacuate the rooms and, you know, less than 24 hours. Communication is always the key to implementing any program successfully and I really hope there will be time devoted to the issue of messaging, you know, what is the message? What is the message at which campuses? How do we cover every base? You know, snail mail, email, social media to make sure that -- bulletin boards to make sure that student parents know what's available for them. know, it's often the easiest thing, communication, but, yet, it's the last thing so-- that anyone thinks about. So, you may be making some brilliant decisions in the task force, but they don't really have any value if the information doesn't get to all of the students. So thank you for bringing that up. I think I'm about to wrap up. Chair Barron, you know, certainly, the floor is yours, but to the students, if there's anything that you would-- that we haven't covered that you would like to talk about a little bit more, you should feel free.

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 95

JUVANIE PIQUANT: I think we covered everything so far. One thing I will make it our business to do is follow up with you all to let you know the status. I think we have some verbal commitments on engaging students in this process and we'll be sure to update the city Council, maybe, monthly on how we think communication childcare is going from the student perspective. I think it is going to be very conducive because I've been, you know, doing the student advocacy stuff for a year and I truly feel like this is the year we need to get things done actually. And I look forward to working-- to sitting on the Student Parent Taskforce along with Amber Rivero and we will rally up the students. We know students will gladly be able to provide their input and their experiences from many various backgrounds. We can be sure to get you a good handful of students. Amber just reached out to me and she said she had to leave. She was late for a meeting, but she says thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Sure. Sure. Sure. Thank you for passing them out along. I know that I've asked you this question before, but when are you

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COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE 1 ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY running for office? You know you have me there. 2 Ι'm 3 ready to engage in your campaign. 4 JUVANIE PIQUANT: When you make sure the 5 academics are in order and we get the degrees that we need to get in we do what we need to do, then we can 6 7 think of next things, but--8 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: All right. 9 JUVANIE PIQUANT: we're students first and we still have homework and classes to go to. So, 10 11 that's important. 12 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Fair. Fair good 13 point, but just remember. You have my sell. 14 JUVANIE PIQUANT: Thank you. 15 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: I'm there for you. 16 JUVANIE PIQUANT: Thank you, Council 17 member Rosenthal. 18 CHAIRPERSON ROSENTHAL: Thank you. 19 CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you, Council 20 member Chair Rosenthal. And I echo the comments of my colleague and, as-- Juvanie, as you talk about 21 2.2 this is the time to make a change, you referenced 2.3 earlier, I believe, in your testimony, that this country is been a model of so many injustices and 24

inequities and people often times hear the phrase we

COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY are all in this together and to that I say yes, but were not all in the same kind of boats. Some of us are in ocean liners. Some of us are in yachts. Some of us are in sailboats or rowboats and some of us only have lifejackets. So, what we've got to do is use this opportunity to make sure that, as we go through this storm and as we come out at the other ends, that there is the equity that does not exist now. We've got to raise our voices and share our ideas about how to make that happen and it's not just an education, but in all of the dynamics and all of the social institutions and corporate institutions and economic systems that exist, as well. And I did find some references for one of the news programs that had links for organizations that address the issue of hunger. I think the program was Hunger in America. And there are three websites that I would like to share. One is for everyone. Eligible for everyone and it is called feedingAmerica.org. Another website is targeted specifically for children and its website is nokidhungry.org. nokidhungry.org. And there is a separate site for veterans and that site is feedourvets.org. feedourvets.org. So, hopefully, that will be of assistance, as well.

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1	COMMITTEE ON HIGHER EDUCATION JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON WOMEN AND GENDER EQUITY 98
2	at this point, there are no further formalities that
3	have to be conducted
4	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: We would just like
5	to ask if there's any Council members who have
6	questions
7	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you.
8	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: please use the Zoom
9	raise hand function, if so. And seeing none, it
10	appears that we concluded public testimony for today.
11	CHAIRPERSON BARRON: Thank you. Having
12	said so, I will now adjourn this hearing. Thank you,
13	Council member Rosenthal for your
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date September 13, 2020