1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 1
2	CITY COUNCIL
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7	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL
8	INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION
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LO	November 19, 2019
L1	Start: 10:13 a.m. Recess: 12:14 p.m.
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L3	HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall
L 4	B E F O R E: James G. Van Bramer, Chairperson
L5	Carlos Menchaca,
L6	Chairperson on the Committee on Immigration
L7	
L8	COUNCIL MEMBERS:
L9	Joseph C. Borelli Laurie A. Cumbo
20	Mark Gjonaj Francisco P. Moya
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1	COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 2
2	APPEARANCES
3	Tony Marx
4	President and CEO of the New York Public Library
5	Linda Johnson
6	President and CEO of the Brooklyn Public Library
7	Dennis Walcott President and CEO of the Queens Public Library
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9	Colette Samman Executive Director of IDNYC
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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: [GAVEL] Good morning to our three Presidents and CEO's of our public library systems and also, the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs.

Is Colette with us? Do you want to join the panel. Okay, so when they finish testifying you will go up on the panel, okay? Okay, and then you will be sworn in.

So, I want to welcome everyone today to our joint oversight hearing with the Committee on Immigration regarding the role of Public Libraries in support of immigrant New Yorkers.

My name is Jimmy Van Bramer and I am Chair of the Committee on Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations and I want to thank my colleague Council Member Carlos Menchaca, Chair of the Committee on Immigration who is such an amazing leader and champion on these issues for being a part of this important hearing today. And I think we all know and appreciate the role that public libraries play in serving and empowering immigrant communities in all five boroughs. And I am always proud of the work that the Brooklyn Public Library,

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the New York Public Library and the Queens Public Library do and have been doing really for decades.

But in these paralysis times where so many are being vilified and attacked, it is even more important than ever that we go further in libraries, dig deeper and think further about how much more we can do to serve immigrant communities. Because I have always believed that if we are proud to call ourselves a sanctuary city, which we are, our public libraries were the original sanctuary in this city long before we even adopted that moniker. Our public libraries were doing that work and probably serving in that capacity before anyone even realized it or gave libraries credit for that.

So, the services are many and we'll hear from the Presidents and CEO's, but just sum include the Immigrant Justice Corp, we're under the supervision of experienced immigration attorneys. Individuals can seek information and referrals to trusted immigration specialists for helping filing applications for temporary protected status, TPA, naturalization, Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals DACA, work permits, visas, and Violence Against Women VAWA petitions. Libraries also offer

special programming such as the New Americans Corners program, that are located in every branch and of course the Queens Public Libraries New Americans

Program was born over 40 years ago and something that we should all be very proud of.

Obviously, there is assistance with the United States Citizenship and Immigration services and the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs and there is so much more that we can do.

Additionally, of course, free library workshops provide information with the rights of immigrant New Yorkers and an overview of services such as IDNYC, New York City's Municipal ID Card and we can't talk about IDNYC without talking about the role that our public libraries played in making it as successful as it is. We could not have done it without the cooperation of libraries and I want to solute my colleague Chair Menchaca of course whose work on that made history in the city of New York.

ActionNYC, an immigration legal screening service and NYCitizenship, We Speak NYC which I'm interested to learn more about and NYC Care, a health care access program that guarantees low-cost and no-cost

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services to New Yorkers who do not qualify for or cannot afford health insurance.

Finally, as I know well, and I think all of us appreciate, the library service is a cultural center providing forms for music, drama, dance, poetry, storytelling, arts and crafts, for new immigrants who have come to the United States. While maintaining and celebrating the rich ethnic history that contributes to the wonderful cultural diversity that is New York City.

Today, we are here to learn about the services and programs for immigrant in Brooklyn Queens and the New York Public Library system. But we also want to talk about how libraries are the trusted space and how we can better serve immigrant communities, enhance partnerships with community based organizations. And how the city can support these efforts in a time that is dire for many immigrant communities and families.

Finally, I want to thank my Legislative Director

Jack Bernatovicz, my Chief of Staff Matt Wallace, the

Committee's Finance Analyst Aliya Ali, our

Legislative Policy Analyst Cristy Dwyer and our

Committee Counsel Nell Beekman and I would like now

turn it over to my Co-Chair and friend, Council
Member Carlos Menchaca.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Buenos Diaz to everyone and thank you to my amigo and admono Chair Van Bramer. The work that we do and we've done before, this is not the first time that we've had a joint hearing.

When we can bring the conversation around immigrants and the kind of cultural energy of the city together, some beautiful things happen and IDNYC as a program and the incredible execution that the Administration has done really with the support of your vision that cultivated so much connection to the cultural institutions and the libraries. I think that's one of the magical things about this card and I know you helped so much to ensure that everybody was at the table. So, thank you for that.

And so, what I want to do is really kind of bring us and connect us to the work that the Immigration Committee has been doing for awhile now as we talk about the libraries.

The Committee continues to explore many
dimensions of the everyday lives of immigrant New
Yorkers. We've held hearing on language access in
city agencies and accessing legal services, existing

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mental health support and our municipal ID card, the IDNYC. A card intended to simplify the very act of entering government buildings among other things.

At a time when our communities are under attack by a vicious and overly White supremacy, federal administration, we need trusted and safe public spaces more than ever. To convene, to share information and to provide resources. With over 200 branches citywide, our libraries quietly serve this powerful role within our neighborhoods.

It is in fact the libraries who are the critical component of civic life. They provide democratic platforms to share knowledge in more than just written form. For example, many of the city's libraries host citizen classes, English conversation classes, family cultural events, adult literacy courses for adults. And as we prepare for the 2020 Census, the city has invested \$1.4 million in the three library systems for a coordinated census effort.

This will allow New Yorkers to complete their census online at their local library branch. The three library systems also offer the New American Corners the Chair mentioned NAC, which is a dedicated

program serving immigrants by creating a space to provide materials and informational resources on the citizenship and other immigration related topics of interest, partnering with the USCIS and MOIA.

This program offers studied materials and online resources to help individuals prepare for the US history and civics questions and the citizenship exam.

NAC also offers workshops of New York City services such as IDNYC, ActionNYC, NYCitizenship, NYC Care and We Speak NYC as well as information about public charge and ICE.

And importantly in this time of increased immigration enforcement and fear among immigrant communities, the Immigrant Justice Corp provides immigration screening services and referrals to immigration specialists through city libraries.

Libraries hold a special place in my heart. As a child, and I'm just actually, before I tell my story. I love hearing Chair Van Bramer's stories about him working the libraries. I want to see pictures if there is pictures, it would be kind of cool to kind of see.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: There is lots of picture.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: There's a lot of pictures, okay, I want to see some of them. I can't give you this picture but I will describe it to you.

So, as a child, I remember my brother dropping me off at our library in El Paso Texas and I remember going together with my mom and this was a Head Start Program that she was dropping me off and she said, you know, hijo, you have to learn English and that was like her only send off. She was like, this is why you are going to go to this place, to this library, you are going to learn English and I had not spoken English. Spanish is my first language and there I go with a superman tin lunchbox and a burrito that she made.

Later, I found about Doritos and ham sandwiches
but here I am with my burrito and it was at this Head
Start program that I got to learn and really through
the privilege of education learn English. And for
that, I will always be supportive of libraries and
the power that they have in our communities,
especially our immigrant communities as a space
that's not just safe but can really open up the world

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for you. Now, I'm here in New York doing this good work with all of you.

The New York Public Library reports that it has increased outreach to recent immigrants and further expanded its robust language and citizenship offerings, to ensure immigrants can access the free legal services they need.

Today, I hope to hear about how the Administration and all three libraries together are making language access a cornerstone for their service delivery model for immigrant New Yorkers. Increasing literacy across the city is a noble goal. In our city, 50 percent of immigrant New Yorkers are considered to have limited English proficiency. Without full language access, there remains a gap in English language, let alone literacy. And I believe that libraries are uniquely positioned to respond to this.

So, I look forward to this conversation. to thank staff who helped work on this hearing. Committee Counsel Harbani Ahuja, Committee Policy Analyst Elizabeth Kronk, my Chief of Staff Lorena Lucero, Legislative Director Cesar Vargas and

Communications Director Tony Chiarito, as well as the

staff of the Cultural Affairs, Libraries and International Intergroup Relations.

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Thank you so much, I'm looking forward to this.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much

Chair Menchaca and that story of you and your

lunchbox is impossibly adorable and you never get

tired of hearing stories of people and their love

affair with their libraries and their first

experiences with their libraries and how they came to

get their libraries.

And I'll just share, you know I grew up in Astoria, Queens and our library was the Broadway branch and it was there that I got my first library card and I remember my mother taking me at the very spot in that library where I got the card and when I got the card, I felt for the first time in my life that I was like a person. You know, because I could see that I had this ticket to all of this information and then learned how to read and really appreciate books up in the childrens room on the second floor at the Broadway branch in Astoria. Only to then go to work for the Queens Public Library system for eleven years and help that library and now, I represent that branch in my district and we have renovated virtually

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the entire library. But most importantly, my mother was there with me when we cut the ribbon on the reopening of the newly renovated children's room at the Broadway Library, the very same room I learned how to read. So, it's an incredible story. All of ours and our love affairs with our public libraries and everything that you all do.

So, I want to welcome a member of the Cultural Affairs and Libraries Committee, Council Member Francisco Moya, also of Queens and I think we're going to hear now from our three Presidents and CEO's in the order that they choose but I will recognize them. Tony Marx, President and CEO of the New York Public Library; Linda Johnson President and CEO of the Brooklyn Public Library and Dennis Walcott President and CEO of the Queens Public Library. You may begin.

TONY MARX: Good morning, I'm Tony Marx and I want to start by of course thanking Speaker Corey Johnson, Chairs Jimmy Van Bramer and Carlos Menchaca and Councilman Moya on the entire City Council for holding this hearing and for your incredible support over these years of all things library and therefore, all things New York.

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This issue is obviously hugely important.

Alright, we're going to do stories, so, I grew up in Inwood, the Inwood branch was my branch and I'm so proud that we're about to provide a completely new, bigger, better library in Inwood with 170 affordable

housing units above it and that's super exciting.

So, New York is home to approximately 3.2 million immigrants. Actually, that's a sort of strange sentence. New York is all immigrants. America is almost all immigrants and in these days in which we are provoked to hate and disrespect, we've completely forgotten who we are and where we come from and what we owe to the next generations to make possible the American dream in the way that it was made possible for us.

We're sitting here and you know, it is a sad statement that we have to remind ourselves and do more than remind ourselves. We have to yell and scream about what's going on and do everything we can to bring America back to where she should be.

So, as the nations largest public library system, we are of course committed to serving the immigrant population. We are committed to serving all populations with language, reading, learning,

cultural programs across all ages backgrounds,
educational levels and ethnicities. The libraries
are the most visited civic institution in this town.
They are the most used and trusted in this town. And
that's because we are meeting peoples needs.

We will take you wherever you are from illiterate to Nobel laureate and help you move further and that is a glorious statement of inclusion and opportunity and respect at the core of libraries and at the core of New York. If it's my mother, tell her I'm - no, never mind.

So, let's see, we have — everything we do is for every New Yorker but you know, immigrants being a hugely important part of that. We particularly focus and in fact have an immigrant services division that is trying to pay particular attention to this community.

This morning I'd like to focus on four priority areas; information, technology and collection development, government partnerships and citizenship information, outreach and programming and the Census. And I will summarize but you have a copy of my testimony.

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On 2012, we launched TechConnect to provide free computer skills training to any New Yorker who seeks it. We've grown to offer over 80 different classes in multiple languages including Spanish, Chinese and Bengali and we've helped hundreds of thousands of patrons gain much needed skills in an increasingly digital world with classes available at all skill levels from how do you turn it on to how do you code.

We offer a host of electronic resources including test preparation materials, practice exams for immigrants interested in pursuing U.S. citizenship to freedom flicks and E Book online platform, and of course, we provide the broadband, the Wi-Fi and the computers that make it possible since a shocking number of Americans are on the wrong side of the digital divide or in the digital dark.

We promote our world language collections. I am happy to go into details about that amazing collection of millions of items. We have curated a Latino and Puerto Rican cultural collection and gallery. We've created the best books in Spanish for kids, a list, because we are committed to getting as we say, more people reading more and that means the library needs to focus on New Yorkers who are not

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reading or not reading enough. And those are often in the poorest neighborhoods and that is a primary focus. In fact, it's our number one goal this year to see if we can massively increase, not just library card holders but people who are actually using their cards to read.

Turning to government partnerships and citizenship information, we provide services including application assistance, test prep, study groups, citizenship classes and legal services for immigration related programs. With 6,000 attendees annually, to programs that offer a path to citizenship. The New American Corners, with your help and support are in every NYPL branch. We're partnering since 2015, with the United States citizenship and immigration services and the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs and proud to do that and great partners. So, thank you for that.

We offer citizenship classes and informal study groups. Again, through those partnerships, we're able to provide free legal assistance to immigrants. Again, it is a sad statement that we should come to a place where that is necessary but it is essential at this point.

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We work wiht the Immigrant Justice Corp who have set up shop in the Mott Haven Branch in the South Bronx, the poorest congressional district in the United States. We've established in 2017, we partnered with Justice Fellows with supervising Attorney to assist applicants with removal defense. Again, amazing and shocking that that should be necessary and complex affirmative asylum application.

Since 2005, the until now known Mid-Manhattan

Library, shortly to be the Stavros Niarchos

Foundation Library when it opens in March of this

year. We help those who are applying for the

Diversity Visa Lottery. We work again to help New

Yorkers get past the digital divide by lending Wi-Fi

to people at home working with the school system to

do that. And we're delighted to see that we can help

people become citizens with applicants hailing from

Albania to Burkina Faso, Ecuador to Mongolia and 27

other countries from around the world.

Let's see, since 2012, our English as a second language, adult basic education and English for work classes has significantly expanded. A seven fold increase to now 15,000 seats in the last fiscal year in 39 of our locations and you will be hearing

similar impressive numbers from my colleagues at Brooklyn and Queens.

We help people continue on to the ABE and English for work classes with over 20,000 attendees in the last fiscal year. We have a drop in English conversation classes for ESOL learners in 22 sites.

We have opened ESOL in two correctional facilities on Rikers Island where also for the first time, the library now has physical libraries, both at Rikers and at the Manhattan Detention Center.

With additional funding from the City Council,
we'll be able to continue to expand both formalize
literacy and language instruction as well the more
drop in programs. We partner with the nonprofit
organization New Women New Yorkers, to help target
that community. That includes resume and services
such as assistance at resume writing, networking,
writing workshops and public speaking, at both our
mid-Manhattan and Chatham Square branches.

The year, we are working with contractors to bring additional language program in Urdu, Hindi and Italian. We of course also are focused on the refugee community. We've partnered with the Cayuga

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Center to connect unaccompanied immigrant children and their foster families with library services.

We know that there are still folks, I think it's fair to say, the libraries are the most trusted institution in this town and you know all the poll links suggest that. I recognize that maybe a low bar in terms of some of the federal issues at play. But it's one that makes it possible for us to serve this community and for them to feel welcomed and respected. But we know that there are still people who are hesitant to sign up for library cards because they don't want to provide any information. So, we've now exploring what it would look like to provide a library card to folks who don't want to provide that kind of basic contact information.

We will do anything to help people feel comfortable, respected and trusted and they can trust us.

In terms of the Census, we all know how essential this is and I had the partnership between the city and the library system. I think is a demonstration, a recognition that we are in every neighborhood. We are the place that everyone feels comfortable and it's particularly important that therefore we use

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that trust in those facilities to ensure an accurate count and we're particularly focused on the hard to count neighborhoods where again, we are sort of at the core of those neighborhoods.

With funding support from the city, we've recruited a manager for this project. We'll be staffing up. We will leverage community partnerships to ensure communities know that the library is welcoming space to complete the Census and to get support. We'll provide language support through frontline staff, volunteers and partner organizations. We'll provide Census kiosks and digital support because this is the first online Census and again, millions of New Yorkers rely on us for their connectivity and we'll be providing a range of programming opportunities for patrons to engage with the Census in our branches. We'll do community town halls, networkwide census open houses, especially in April 1st, the key date, and we'll be having scheduled drop-in census support programs.

So, we're super excited and we think we really can do this together, so thank you for that.

In conclusion, libraries serve as community hubs for people of all ages, backgrounds, ethnicities,

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religious affiliations based on a very simple premise. It is the basic premise of the enlightenment and of democracy, which is everyone has the spark of intelligence and everyone should be respected and encouraged to develop that spark.

And we know that America provides horribly unequal opportunities of that sort. The libraries simply put are our stake in the ground as a city to say, we have to equalize that opportunity and ensure that everyone enjoys it. That's why all patrons are welcome through our doors, it's why we've created trusted community relationships and partnerships with city agencies, with the City Council and beyond, and why we continue to expand those offerings. We know that we have to do this to ensure the city and the country that we aspire to be.

Thank you for this opportunity.

LINDA JOHNSON: Good morning, I'm Linda Johnson;
President of Brooklyn Public Library and I want to
thank Chair Van Bramer and Menchaca and members of
the Library and Immigration Committees. Thank you
for your leadership and thank you Commissioner
Mostofi and Deputy Commissioner Samman for your
visionary leadership of the Mayor's Office of

Immigrant Affairs. And a particular shout out this morning to our founder, the father of the public library movement who immigrated to the United States in 1848 at the age of 13, Andrew Carnegie.

Brooklyn Public Library has been a home away from home to Brooklyn's immigrants since its founding over a century ago. Our libraries are trusted community spaces. Once of the first civic institutions newcomers visit when they arrive in the city.

Given the current political climate, our role is more crucial than ever. Recently, a participant in one of our popular English conversation groups, put it this way. The library is a chance to escape the news and get away from the constant worries of my everyday life.

Our immigrant patrons come to our libraries because we strive to serve them in ways that are culturally appropriate. Often in their native language and our trusted staff and volunteers help smooth the way for their full participation in society.

The libraries shelves contain books in nearly 100 languages and you can hear children's story time

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every week in 12 languages, including Arabic, Cantonese, French, Japanese, Spanish and Urdu.

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More than 4,500 people take part in English conversation and citizen preparation groups and we offer free immigration legal assistance through our many partnerships. We distribute over 25,000 pocket sized United States Constitutions in English and Spanish at citizenship ceremonies across Brooklyn and on the fourth of July. A relatively new practice we plan to continue.

Everyone who walks through our doors has within them the spark of a successful entrepreneur. The curiosity of a child, the thrill of getting lost in a good book or the desire for full civic participation and we are proud to help bring those dreams of a full life to a reality.

Our aim is to provide access to library resources in patrons native languages, strengthen our multicultural collections and English educational programs and develop responsive programming while continuing to build strong community partnerships.

Last spring, a student published a love letter to our McKinley Park Library in her student newspaper,
Yale University. She wrote, that she went to the

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library every weekend as a child stating, my parents immigrated to these states in the late 90's, without any knowledge of English. No matter how much they wanted to, they could never help my siblings and me with school.

The library offered me the opportunity to gain access to knowledge that would not have been available to me outside of this space.

Her story is mirrored by the thousands each year who rely on our services. McKinley Park Library is a small but bustling branch that has one of the highest circulations in the Brooklyn system. Primarily driven by patrons borrowing materials in multiple languages.

The city has made it possible for us to do even more. Brooklyn Public Library has nearly doubled the budget for books in language other than English. Our online catalogue has approximately 4 million books, E Books, audio books, DVD's and other media available in nearly 100 languages.

Beyond materials, we engage patrons with innovative programming in over a dozen languages geared toward their needs and interests. For nanny's and caregivers, we have developed fairy tale writing

workshops in English, Spanish and Russian. Russian writers and poets are coming to our monthly literature club in Sheepshead Bay.

For academics and learners, we teamed up with

Prospect Park Alliance to launch University Open Air,

a free popup university in Prospect Park taught by

immigrants who were teachers and professionals in

their home countries but for a host of reasons are

unable to teach in the states.

An open call for academics who were trained outside of the United States brought in more than double of the expected number of qualified candidates. Over three weeks, more than 500 people attended and joined classes. One university, Open Air professor found a teaching position through connections he made during this program.

Our work with immigrants is lead by a dedicated team in the outreach services department. Their approach is to engage directly with vulnerable populations, identify needs, and develop services to meet them.

As a result, or offerings are in high demand.

Last year for example, attendants at ESOL classes

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2 increased by over 14 percent and our immigration 3 hotline received nearly 2,000 calls.

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In a touching response to the family separation crisis, our librarians delivered over 1,000 backpacks filled with school supplies and books in Spanish to children in New York who are here without their families.

These books have been used by legal organizations to engage children during the long waiting time surrounding court proceedings. Librarians also set up story times and craft stations for children in waiting rooms on legal intake days

In 2017, fear of United States Immigration and Customs enforcement arrests was so great. Brooklyn Public Library, like other institutions saw students dropping out of our programs as they dreaded leaving their homes. We responded with a Know your Rights workshop for ICE encounters and in fiscal year 2019, we trained more than 330 participants.

We assist patrons with citizenship, green card renewals, adjustment of status, renewal for deferred action for childhood arrivals and temporary protracted status. These services are delivered through a strong partnership with the city's

NYCitizenship program and Immigrant Justice Corp. We apply this expertise strategically. When the federal decision to end temporary protected status for Haitians was enacted last year. The library responded by hosting special TPS workshops at Flatbush and Central branches with a strong Haitian community presence.

Over the years we have learned that many of our older patrons have a stronger desire for in person support and hotlines, so we set up walk in hours for immigrant services with no appointments necessary.

These serve as a fist step for our staff to connect to immigrants to other services with the library as well as a lead into appointment based resources available across the city.

Our vision is a Brooklyn Public Library where everyone can access information, collections and services in the languages they speak.

In 2015, we became the first city library to offer language line. Allowing staff and patrons to communicate in over 100 languages via telephone. This winter, we will expand language access by introducing Travis translation devices in every

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library in Brooklyn, providing an additional real time interpretation tool to enhance customer service.

Two years ago, Brooklyn Public Library created a volunteer language bank. A group of librarians certified and formally trained in interpretation and translation services. These librarians translate print material ranging from library card applications to program flyers as well as providing simultaneous translation at BPL events.

As Brooklyn Public Library rebuilds a historic number of libraries across the borough, we have been conducting stakeholder engagement in multiple language. For Sunset Parks new library, the library hosted design workshops in Arabic, Chinese, English and Spanish to bring a wide swath of the community together for a design session. At New Utrecht Library, engagements were held with simultaneous Chinese interpretation. As we renovate or construct one third of our branches over the next five years, we will continue this level of engagement, accessible to the language of the communities we serve.

Brooklyn Public Library's 1,000 community

partners are the bedrock of our ability to meet the

needs of a diverse borough. One of our strongest and

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most longstanding partnership is with the Mayor's

Office of Immigrant Affairs. We support and

participate in many of MOIA's initiatives including

IDNYC, New American Corners, NYCitizenship, Immigrant

Heritage Week, We Speak NYC and Community Resource

Fairs.

At Central Library, we are building a brand new office and waiting area for IDNYC as part of our new government services wing. Including a passport office, rotating partner space and a space for civics. It will open later this winter in time for Census 2020 outreach to Brooklyn's hard to count populations.

Along with the Mayor's Office of Immigrant

Affairs, the library is also a convener of local

coalitions. For example, the Sunset Park Community

Round Table, a group of organizations and neighbors

dedicated to helping immigrants meets every six weeks

at the Sunset Park Library. The Round Table has

collaborated on resource fairs, community surveys and

programs offered in library space.

A meaningful new partnership with Brooklyn based non-profit Emma's Torch repurposed the Café at the Central Library. Emma's Torch provides culinary

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training to refugees, asylees, and survivors of human trafficking, positioning them to begin meaningful careers in the food services industry.

As part of the Café program, students acquire skills and customer service experience as well as the opportunity to attend the diverse range of free classes at the library further supporting their educational development.

I would be remiss if I did not mention our partnership with the City Council. You are one of our closest allies from ensuring funding for our libraries and the services provided within them to hosting events, town halls and even immigration attorneys at the branches in your district. The Council truly understands the importance of libraries for immigrant populations in every neighborhood and for this, we cannot thank you enough.

Everyday, Brooklyn Public Library welcomes people to our branches who arrive in this country hungry for opportunity. We connect immigrants with knowledge of English, employment opportunities and legal assistance. Libraries provide everything from pathways to civic participation to an escape from day to day worries.

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With tensions rising in the aftermath of the 2016 election, Bay Ridge Library staff who serve a significant immigrant population captured the library sentiment perfectly on a chalkboard sign outside the branch. It read, you are welcome here, you are loved. Patrons began adding their own messages to the sign. Filling it with notes written in the many languages spoken in the neighborhood. Everyone is welcome here has become the unofficial slogan of Brooklyn Public Library. It reminds us that we are here to ensure access to all regardless of language, country of origin or immigration status, a space for families to connect and a source of critical information in a changing world. We are as honored to serve immigrant communities today as we have for over one century.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Good morning. My name is Dennis Walcott and I have the honor of being the President and CEO of the Queens Public Library. I want to thank the Chairs Van Bramer and Menchaca and the members of this joint committee for the opportunity to testify today. I would also like to thank the Commissioner for her leadership and partnership with New York City's public libraries as well.

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that regard.

So, now, before I give my formal testimony, I want to answer two things that were mentioned earlier in the introduction by the Chairs. In one, in my library experience as a child, really draws to mind the people who are probably the librarians if they were alive today saying, he's the CEO, the Queens Public Library, it's like the disconnect might be somewhat mind boggling for them. But in addition to that, I would say to the Chair to get the Chair Van Bramer's pictures, you are going to have to issue me a subpoena because we have it under lock and at this moment and only released on special occasion. So, the younger Van Bramer is always protected by us in

So, it's separate in the part of that. You are always welcome to see what pictures exist of the Chair and we also have pictures of other Queens Council Members who are on the panel as well in their younger days as well. So, I just want you to know that and that's why we provide information to serve your needs.

Yes, it helps us in the process of continuing to expand our information services to all populations.

And you have my formal testimony and I will skim

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through it because it also repeats a lot of what Linda and Toy have stated as well. But you know, we are the great equalizers in a democratic society as all of you know, any individual can walk through a library door. We don't ask your background, we don't ask your race your ethnicity, your sexual, it doesn't matter, you are always welcome to our doors. And as a result, to that, we always try to come innovative and programs to serve that population and as Chair Van Bramer mentioned, back in 1977, 42 years ago, we created the New Americans program and it was dedicated to providing comprehensive programs and services for immigrant populations.

Almost half of the Queens residents are foreign born making this program a vital resource and just to share a snapshot of what we all do and what we just recently did over this past weekend. This past Saturday at one of our libraries we had the opening of our Caribbean Arts Festival which was a gorgeous festival where we had over 210 people coming into our library to look at the artwork on the wall and if you go to nine of our libraries including Central right now, you will see Caribbean art displayed. And even before I came here today, I stopped at Central and I

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saw some pieces of art on the wall that was truly magnificent. I mean, it was just like over the top gorgeous and I say that because it really ties into what we're talking about today and that's to make our libraries open and welcome to all populations but also making sure that immigrant populations feel welcome and warmly engaged.

In addition to that, yesterday, through Nick
Buron chaired it, we had at another one of our
libraries, a memorandum of understanding with the
Korean cultural center with that formal MOU we were
able to reinforce the relationship that we have with
them around providing material and books and services
to populations in the Goldrick Library and other
libraries in their area and our area and that's
exciting as well.

And we work closely with our own programs. We work closely with the Adult Learner Program, the Job Business Academy and community libraries to assess local needs and link residents with existing systemwide library and social services to enhance civic engagement.

The New American Program organizes workshops in languages spoken by the Queens immigrant communities

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to assist new immigrants in adapting to life in the United States. Workshops cover a variety of topics that include but are not limited to job search help, entry job level training, technology training, small business development, immigration law, citizenship application, tenant rights, career planning, parenting and health, coping skills, music and dance, drama performances, bilingual poetry readings, story telling and crafts are among the cultural programs offered to celebrate the diversity of our communities.

Our adult learner program also offers adult basic education for immigrants covering topics such as math, reading and writing skills. It offers high school equivalency instruction for new immigrants who did not complete high school in their home country or those who have a high school diploma but it's not recognized in the United States.

Case management services are also available at several of our adult learning centers which provide social service assistance and referrals to immigrants for important matters like housing and accessing supplemental nutritional assistance program SNAP benefits. Queens Public Library also offers ESOL

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classes at many of our branches and adult learning centers including conversational English classes as well as contextualize ESOL classes that focus on job searching and entrepreneurship and using new technology.

ESOL conversation groups are also offered in select libraries for customers to practice English.

The New Americans initiative, Corner initiative in partnership with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services held and the New York City

Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs dedicates a space in every single one of our libraries where immigrants can find information and resources to become U.S. citizens.

In partnership with the New York City Mayor's
Office of Immigrant Affairs, we along with the New
York Public Library and the Brooklyn Public Library
participate in the New York City Citizenship or
NYCitizenship program, which assists immigrant New
Yorkers with free citizenship applications and
financial counseling. Weekly appointments can be
made with immigration attorney at our Central,
Flushing and Jackson Heights Libraries. As the city
transitions from NYCitizenship to ActionNYC, we look

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forward to continuing the great partnership and hope to provide the same level of services in those programs as well.

Queens Public Library provides free citizenship classes that help customers prepare for the naturalization exam. Moreover, we collaborate with the Immigrant Justice Corp to provide free immigration legal assistance, status adjustment, green card renewal, and other related services in English and Spanish at our Long Island City Adult Learning Center.

Through another proud partnership with the de Blasio administration, [INAUDIBLE 1:14:06] IDNYC, New York signature free identification card program for all New York City residents and since the program's inception, the Queens Public Library has helped over 220,000 New Yorkers enroll to receive their ID cards with over 12,400 people integrating their QPL card with their IDNYC card.

Undocumented immigrants often have difficulty obtaining government issued identification. Knowing this and knowing that immigrants trust our institutions and spaces, New York City libraries were and remain ready and willing and able to serve some

of our most vulnerable communities. And just as a quick side, when I look at the stats from our libraries, obviously Flushing is number one with IDNYC. It's just off the chart with Central and Jackson Heights and others following, but Flushing is just an amazing library as far as the volume of services that it provides.

In addition to providing vital programs and services, we must also ensure our frontline staff, are communicating effectively with our newest New Yorkers. Every library and adult learning center in our system have both the Travis devices that Linda referred to and tablets with google translate for our staff to connect with our customers regardless of the language they speak.

These translation devices are crucial for our staff to properly assist customers in an efficient and timely fashion. QPL's collection contains materials in 30 languages. We actively purchase adult and childrens books and magazines and newspapers and CD movies and more. Other in our international language collections are throughout the system, some of the largest available in the United States.

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And one more quick a side and then I will wrap up. It's interesting, say for example in Langston Hughes Library, where Council Moya represents. As you know, with the founding of Langston Hughes was founded predominantly based on African Americans who lived in that community and as the community has changed, we've seen the library change. With more materials, diverse materials representing the various populations that have moved into that neighborhood and I think all of us have that example in our respective libraries as a neighborhood changes, the demographic changes, we're out in front of that and having materials and responding to that in ways that really reflect and hopefully support and respect the individuals who are moving there.

Our immigrants programs and services are continuously in high demand. In fiscal year 2019, QPL welcomed over 18,200 participants to our more than 8,600 immigrant focused program sessions. We hosted over 4,600 ESOL sessions, which had over 4,100 participants. Our ESOL participants are seeing the results. This past fiscal year, they experienced an average educational gain of 59 percent.

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In addition to our ESOL program, QPL provided citizenship counseling to over 900 individuals and completed more than 1,600 sessions. Our over 380 coping skill workshops helping newly arrived immigrants or just to American society also had over 6,200 participants.

The Job Business Academy integrated English
literacy and Civics education sessions which teaches
contextualizing and training for technology or home
health aid jobs to over 230 individuals who produced
a post test rate of 79 percent. Nearly 2,500 hours
of immigration, legal assistance to 270 individuals
and over 230 cultural celebration programs attracting
over 6,400 attendees reinforcing our commitment to
inclusion and diversity within our borough. And a
lot of those programs, people who are from the
communities but beyond the communities, attend the
classes, the cultural programs, the dance sessions,
you name it and it's really the true mixture of New
York City at those events.

These programs and services we offer to our customers allow them to make real positive differences in their lives.

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For immigrant New Yorker Anna Diaz, finding a free and high quality English language class where she could express herself in a safe and trusted environment was extremely difficult. She then discovered and registered for an intermediate ESOL course at the Briarwood Library. With every class, she started becoming increasingly independent and self-reliant.

She became so confident in her English language skills and was so grateful to the library for empowering her. She felt compelled to share her story and show off her new skills last year by providing public testimony at the Libraries Committee FY 2019 Preliminary Budget hearing.

Libraries as indicated by my colleagues, our trusted entities to have people to turn to when in need. Anna's story is unique to her but it highlights the role of not just Queens Public Library but all of our libraries and played in the lives of immigrant customers.

As we strive towards building a vibrant and formed cohesive and empowered society, it starts with making sure that our most vulnerable populations receive the care and services they need.

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Thank you again Chairs for all your leadership.

Thank you to the City Council, to our Speaker and to the Mayor for the opportunity not just to testify but as a result of your funding, to be there for immigrant communities in New York City and always have our doors open and we truly appreciate your support. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you very much to all three of you for your testimony and Dennis, in particular, I want to thank you for your discretion with the photos of younger Jimmy Van Bramer.

DENNIS WALCOTT: I protect our staff members.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: I have seen those photos and I want you to know I did not have any grey hair when I worked for the Queens Public Library. This is what a career in politics will do for you with all of this grey hair.

So, I want to thank you all for everything you do. I also want to recognize the members of the Cultural Affairs and Libraries Committee who are here and then Council Member and Chair Menchaca will recognize the members of his Committee.

I want to recognize Majority Leader Laurie Cumbo from Brooklyn and the newest member of our Committee,

Council Member Mark Gjonaj from the Bronx and I'm going to hand it over to my Co-Chair Carlos Menchaca.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you Chair Van Bramer and I want to welcome Council Member from Queens, both of them actually, Council Member Moya and Council Member Dromm. Thank you for being here and we also want to thank and welcome and we want to swear in Deputy Commissioner Samman and thank her for being here and representing the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs.

It's important that we have that voice here to really kind of think about how the Mayor's Office is really supporting the work that we're doing here and that we're talking about here. And so, we're just thankful that you are here today and we can swear her in.

COUNCIL CLERK: Please raise your right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

COLETTE SAMMAN: Yes.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you for that and I also want to welcome Council Member Levin as well. Thank you for being here today.

So, I want to start with some questions actually to the Mayor's Office of Immigrant Affairs. I want to ask a little bit about how the Mayor's Office utilizes library branches to get information out into the public in very specific rapid response ways. So much of what we heard from testimony is kind of embedded in the daily work of a library but so much has been coming down from federal government, public charge, DACA etc. Can you talk a little bit about the rapid response.

COLETTE SAMMAN: Sure, first I will say that MOIA absolutely loves its partnership with the libraries and thank you so much for all of the work that you do with us on a daily basis.

So, as we assess situations and excuse my voice,

I'm losing it. As we assess situations and we

understand policy changes happening and yes, they are
happening on a regular basis. We see the libraries

as a key community partner and like with our other

community based organizations, in a very quick

turnaround, we disseminate information, we assess

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 46 what forms or town halls or community gatherings are 2 3 happening, how do we get information to all of our 4 stakeholders in a quick way. Whose covering what neighborhoods, where do we fill in, where can the 5 libraries fill in and then the other partners. 6 7 so, that's how it has been working and I think we've all been doing a pretty good job trying to asses the 8 9 needs and getting the information out very quickly CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Is there a sense of, you have 10 11 three different branches here covering the entire 12 city, how you target specific branches for certain 13 factors and information, language etc.? COLETTE SAMMAN: Sure, and I think I can use an 14 15 example that Linda referenced in her testimony during the TPS with the Haitian community. We quickly work 16 17 with those partners in that community to get the 18 information out. Obviously, that's not the entire need but building off that example. 19 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Got it. How has MOIA served 20 as an advisor in language access to the three 21 libraries? 2.2 2.3 COLETTE SAMMAN: So, Local Law does not cover the libraries. Of course, if we are asked anything and 24

can be a partner in any way in order to help inform

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 47 2 language access services or translation, we will but 3 I believe the libraries cover that on their own and 4 said so in their testimony. CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And what are the results of the - and I know you mentioned the Local Law 6 7 component. But the work that you've done already in the past for other projects. I guess what I'm saying 8 or I'm trying to ask, is how successful are the language access conversations with the libraries and 10 11 have you gleaned needs that are coming from the 12 libraries around language access through the multiple 13 projects that you've been working on? COLETTE SAMMAN: So, if we speak specifically 14 15 about programs that are running in the libraries that 16 MOIA oversees for instance, IDNYC. IDNYC or MOIA 17 will handle the language access needs and 18 translations. As far as working with the libraries on these specific needs, we have a very open 19 relationship and anything that we can do to assist 20 with both language access or a translation, we will 21 2.2 but I think they are best suited to answer questions 2.3 regarding their needs on translation language access. CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Absolutely, and we're going 24

to get to the needs piece from the libraries.

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 48 2 Really, we're just trying to pin the kind of 3 accountability and role for the Mayor's Office and 4 understanding what the needs are from your prospective. How does the We Speak New York program operate within the three library branches? 6 7 COLETTE SAMMAN: So, we speak last year, had 269 classes total citywide and 99 of those classes were 8 held in the library. So, actually 35 percent of our classes are held there. 10 11 The library serves as a host and a partner site 12 The way we speak operates that facilitators 13 are volunteers. They get trained through our office. We give all of them materials to the sites and to the 14 15 facilitators that they need both for the students and 16 the facilitators to execute the curriculum and there 17 are two seasons. 18 So, the curriculum is both written and video based. And so, the libraries have been instrumental 19 in helping us role this out. 20 21 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: I want to get sense of the 2.2 numbers here. You said, 296. COLETTE SAMMAN: 269 classes in FY'19. 2.3 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And then 99 classes happen at 24

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outreach efforts.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Let me look to our right and get

COLETTE SAMMAN: While they are waiting, I will speak a little bit. We just received an Emmy.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: That's right, congratulations.

COLETTE SAMMAN: Yes, thank you and it was on instructional instruments, production and we are super excited about it, so is our teams and it was on one of our episodes which you can access online called, Rolando's Rights.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And it was for that one particular episode.

COLETTE SAMMAN: For that episode yeah.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Okay, Rolando-

COLETTE SAMMAN: Rolando's Rights.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Rights, okay, thank you for that. Is there data as we wait for them? Data on like downloads and that kind of user data?

maybe a year and a half ago moved to digital — really expanding our digital platform and we were ready to execute on that in making the website more interactive so that people could actually take quizzes after each episode. That rolled out last spring, so for people who cannot go to a site or want to access materials at home.

Since we have updated the website to allow for that, we have had about 164,000 visitors, which is amazing and we've actually, and I don't have the data on me, but we've actually had people globally access the website, which is awesome.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: We're teaching the world how to speak New York. Okay, please Linda.

LINDA JOHNSON: With my accent. So, in Brooklyn we speak New York classes conversation groups across the entire borough. Most recently, in Brighton Beach and Sunset Park coincidently and the classes are promoted through other programs that we offer and also through our online calendar.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And Linda, can you talk a little bit about the ways that it is advertised within the libraries. We kind of want to get a sense about the kind of experience of someone. How do they get experiences or well, you tell us exactly how.

LINDA JOHNSON: Well, for one thing, patrons who are participating in other programs will learn about the We Speak NYC classes there and all of our calendars, in particular, the online calendar makes note of the time of those classes and the location.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And what languages are people learning about We Speak New York? How are they being invited?

LINDA JOHNSON: Apparently, their offered to all of the languages that we're doing, English conversation classes. And so, I don't have a more specific answer than that, sorry.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And if the other libraries do that, I'd like to hear that as well. Thank you.

TONY MARX: We'll get that to you Mr. Chairman.

So, we focus the We Speak NYC efforts previously, We

Are New York with the videos and the programs

associated with it in our drop-in English

conversation classes, which I mentioned.

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So, in FY'19, we had almost 24,000 participants

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in a little over 1,600 sessions in 22 locations or 22

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of our branches. I think it may be 23 at the moment.

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In FY'18, we served over 19,000 and in FY'17, we

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were at 20,000 and again, we're so grateful for all

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of the assistance from MOIA on this front.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And I wanted to ask a little

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bit about how it's being advertised. In what

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languages are people being invited into the space?

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understand and the way that the curriculum is built

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within the We Speak is in English, so you are

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learning it in English and this is in kind of English

What we're looking for is a sense of how someone

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conversational.

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16 is being invited and is it — what language is the

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invitation coming in?

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TONY MARX: Well, in our case, because we focus

advertise it in English, because English is what the

system, you know, we have trained our staff and we're

on sort of intermediate language capacity, we do

conversations are happening in. But across the

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using technology to ensure that we can help people who need help in any language potentially though.

That means, there are a lot of languages we have in

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our collection, 222 different languages associated, but of course, we focus on the major ones.

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, with Queens, we'll be glad to get back to you with specific numbers because I don't have the numbers here and I don't want to give you wrong information. But with any type of advertising, we use our various platforms to advertise our program. So, that includes our marketing department and having information go out on the website, as well as the flyers that we put up.

And then we've started something new in our central library where we have a board basically, a computer board, that gives all the information around the various classes and programs we offer and we do that in different languages. And then we I guess around nine months ago, developed a new website and the new website is language friendly and it really has a lot of accessible information in a variety of languages but I can't give you more details without giving you wrong details, and I don't want to do that.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you for that and we'd like to follow up on that. I think the numbers are indicative of the role partnership that you have

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Affairs. A lot of money has been invested in this program and so, I think what we're trying to figure out is how we understand it and make sure that we can create more robust access to the service.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Well, if I may, a key point to that though is that with these sessions as well as other sessions with MOIA, they provide a valuable service to us as far as translation services as well of material. And so, we work in close partnership with their staff and our staff to make sure whatever the class maybe in whatever particular area, there is that integration of services between MOIA and for us, I imagine my colleagues, the library system.

that you all — well, you are not part of the Local
Law pertaining to language access. You all take care
of your own language access needs. And so, what are
those needs and do you see them change over time and
very specifically around some of the rapid response
stuff that we've been as a city trying to do and get
information out. What are the language access needs?
Are they increasing in any way and how can — MOIA is
here right now, how can we ensure that they

2 understand what those needs might be across the 3 board?

TONY MARX: So, I'll jump in. In that with the changing needs and the changing demographics, I mean, our librarians are always trained in professional development around what's going on in their respective communities and we put a lot of power in our managers to be reflective of knowing what's happening in their areas of service. And so, the materials reflect that, classes reflect that and adjustments are made accordingly based on what they see locally.

And then from Central, today is Tuesday, we have every Tuesday, PD set aside from nine until twelveish or so, where we go into a number of areas to make sure that our staff are participating and getting new information and material around what's happening.

Whether it's language access to new immigrant populations, different type of training, equity diversity inclusion training and what that means for our society and our customer base as well.

So, we try to incorporate that on a regular basis on Tuesday's in our professional development in

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addition to our normal class sharing that takes place.

LINDA JOHNSON: We're very appreciative of the services that we've been offered. I don't think it's an issue of needing more, I think the question is as we've all discussed earlier today, how populations are shifting in the borough and how language needs change in various branches depending on how those populations are moving.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And just to stay there, really quick in Brooklyn Linda and talk a little bit about how you are anticipating those changes and how quickly are you able to meet those shifts and change in language access needs?

LINDA JOHNSON: Well, of course, a lot of that happens because of the individual relationships that our librarians have with our patrons also, because our collections float.

Often, we end up seeing foreign language materials that we thought belonged over in one branch starting to pool in a different branch, which is an early indicator of what's going on in terms of language needs in different branches.

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TONY MARX: Mr. Chairman, so, you know all this but, in the Bronx, obviously focus on Spanish as well as various African languages, Bengali, French,
Albanian and Italian. In Manhattan, it's again
Spanish and then Chinese, French, Korean, Russian,
Japanese, German, Hebrew and Italian. In Staten
Island, Spanish, Russian, Italian, Chinese and
Arabic.

We again, as Linda said, as neighborhoods shift, the constituency in the branches shit. The collections move, partly naturally through floating but also as directed when we see increased demand. So, for instance, you know, the neighborhood I grew up is now primarily Dominican. So, massive collections in Spanish, which I suspect were not as massive when I was a kid growing up in the neighborhood.

And not only do we move collections but we also try to move or target staff who have language skills you know, that are appropriate for each neighborhood. That may mean training, sometimes with computer assistance for translation, especially if someone doesn't have those language skills, but we're always looking for you know, our amazing talented librarians

to be based in places where if they have those language skills, we can put them to play.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Currently in Queens, we're conducting a community needs assessment and asset mapping with Expand Ed and that includes analyzing demographic data as well as program data in order to identify gaps in services and programs and that includes languages as well.

And so, we've been very assertive in that regard and working and developing the community mapping initiative.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you for sharing that.

The asset mapping would be really interesting to utilize. The asset mapping sounds really interesting and I'm assuming, I don't know if that's happening across the board but the shifts are happening so fast. I guess we want to make sure that we're all concentrated on language access, which is why I took a little bit of extra time with We Speak New York as just one program and thinking about how people are accessing that program. And really thinking about how someone who might read in Spanish, might not be ready to read in English but can speak in English has

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COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 60 2 an access point that is in their language, not 3 necessarily English. 4 So, this is why we want to be thoughtful about how we increase access as it continues to grow. I'm going to hand it back to Chair Van Bramer. 6 7 though I have a Census question to but -8 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Please, go ahead. 9 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: I can keep going? Thank you. The New American Corners is an important program 10 11 and I quess if I can ask MOIA this question. How are 12 we working together with the libraries to ensure that 13 this program and the library itself can remain safe 14 for a space for immigrants to seek out library and 15 community services? This is about a safe space, how are we 16 17 maintaining the libraries as a safe space for 18 immigrants to enter and access services? 19 COLETTE SAMMAN: I mean, I would say that the libraries are a trusted partner. We promote the Most 20 21 Trusted Partner, that's why we host so many of our programs at the libraries. 2.2 2.3 The libraries do an unbelievable job in making sure that people are respected. That the spaces that 24

we do create are private and or have some sense of

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 61 2 privacy. I can speak to the IDNYC space as an 3 example of that. We made sure as we went from 4 library to library, even our pop up models, that even 5 in a very busy lobby like Flushing, there is still a sense of privacy created. There are still waiting 6 7 and maintaining areas and I think that we did a lot 8 of the set up with the libraries in the very beginning making sure that these corners were in every single branch and the libraries have done an 10 11 unbelievable job maintaining that spaces as safe for 12 all people to access. 13 Did you guys want to say anything further about 14 that? 15 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Well, before I get to libraries, I just want to go back to MOIA. 16 I guess, 17 is there like a sense of protocol or a kind of 18 established sense of things that you just do. I 19 think the IDNYC is a great example of this model. 20 I'm asking about the New American Corners, does that 21 same protocol advice, consulting, happen across the 2.2 way to maintain the safe space? 2.3 COLETTE SAMMAN: We are in constant communication with the libraries on everything that we are doing 24

with them. So, yes, of course, we are always looking

to see how we can maintain and improve any programming happening.

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CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And so, the libraries, how has MOIA helped instruct you in maintaining the sense of safety. We all know that libraries are very, very trusted partners. We want to maintain that and that's through intentional work and a lot has happened in the last few years. How has MOIA kind of consulted with you on that work?

appreciative of MOIA's initiative and support in this area. We're in every branch with the New American Corner and really, it's incumbent on the library to talk to MOIA about replenishing those collections, which we do annually.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Just to add, I think again, it's a partnership and so, we listen to them, they listen to us and as part of that partnership if things need to be improved or refined then we're always there.

So, MOIA has been four square with us as far as making sure that support is given to us and around the issue of safety, I think just walking through our door, provides that safe environment just to start out with. I think the people coming to the library

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view us that way and I think MOIA helps us reinforce that as well.

TONY MARX: Totally agree. I want to add one other thought. I mean, I think at this moment in history and in New York and elsewhere, organizations that are focused on the immigrant experience are essential and doing amazing work under difficult circumstances and we are proud to partner with them.

I do think it's worth at least noting that because the library serves everyone, meaning, we're not only — I don't mean that majoritic, only focused on immigrants, we're focused on every one of which, the immigrants are a huge portion. I actually think that helps to provide the sense of trust. There's a sense that I think there are people who come to the library for services who might not be as comfortable walking into an immigrant specific location because it's identifying.

So, we can have programs for people who are not legally citizens or not you know, and you aren't self-identifying by walking in the library door, and I do think that's part of the power of the library. Right, that we can target programs and welcome everyone but you're not self-identifying in a way

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that may be scary to you under these current circumstances by taking advantage and walking in.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Great, thank you, thank you for that and again, we want to stay close on that as we keep increasing the relationship with the libraries as a place for implementing a lot of the programs that we are talking about here, including the census.

So, many of you mentioned, all of you actually I think mentioned the census work. The \$1.4 million that we allocated earlier this year were really to target that need. Is there anything more that you can tell us on exactly that process you may have already developed for library users to fill out the census. Anything that's specific in design that you can share with us now and give us a glimpse of?

TONY MARX: So, for instance, this notion of kiosk. So, we'll have staff dedicated to helping people with the census and they will have technology with them that will be dedicated to that that also ensures privacy, so that we get rid of the fear factor. Thank God we've gotten rid of the horrible citizenship question which was designed to keep people from filing out the census, which is mind

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boggling. And in addition to the \$1.4 million of city funds, thank you, and working closely with the Mayor's Office of Census Outreach as well as ABNY and other partners, the New York Public itself is putting about over \$600,000 of our own funds, in private funds towards this effort.

LINDA JOHNSON: So, actually appropriately, I think we're having a teaching tomorrow on the census at our Central library but we have created a whole team of people that are focused on this issue alone for the next year and a little less than a year now, I guess.

And it involves not only what's happening in each of our branches with technology and people who are trained to assist and assistance comes in different levels depending on the sophistication of the particular patron. Whether they need tech assistance or already sort of comfortable filling out forms online. But also, we're very focused on outreach and our partnering with other organizations throughout Brooklyn. So, that anytime we know there will be a gathering of people, whether it's in our neighbors at the Brooklyn Museum or the garden or the park, we will be sending outreach librarians with dedicated

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tablets to those events to make sure that we can also get people to sign up even if they're not coming into the branch.

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, at Queens, we just hired our new Civic Engagement Manager who will start in two weeks and that individual will begin working with our community outreach and program and services department to created a cohesive comprehensive outreach strategy. We'll be hiring, I will have started to hire ten new outreach staffers who will focus exclusively on census related outreach efforts, especially in the 40 identified hard to serve areas.

In addition to that, we are in the process of identifying those specific, very detailed challenged areas and making sure that we have services available through our libraries and those areas in terms of connectivity and making sure computer access is available. We will have as we indicated before, translation devices at all of our libraries to make sure we are able to do that.

Participating with other community based organizations and making sure information is shared through TRYLY[SP?]. We've been working very closely together as far as our coordination around census

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along with the city, along with all the various partners at the city to address that. Participating in a form on Thursday as a matter of fact, talking to a number of organizations around the Census 2020 and what it means.

And the other layer that we're doing and I imagine my colleagues as well, we all have our friends groups as well. And so, we've identified our friends groups as ambassadors for Census 2020 and they'll be doing outreach and they know their particular areas and how we'll dispatch them to bring in more people to make sure they're participating one way or another and also, through our professional development with our libraries and our managers making sure they have all the up to date information.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And to come up with a fine point on language access, how are people being invited to these spaces that are Census related and that they all have a very microtargeted way to get whatever communities around that library and those languages spoken by people to come into that teaching or that kiosk.

And so, that's something we want to be monitoring as well with you and just cognizant of. My last

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question on Census and I'm going to hand it over to the Chair is about security. I think one of you mentioned about securing data and information and how you were able to describe the steps that you are taking to ensure that everyone's information is going to be secure. And I'm assuming that's a real issue for all of you.

And so, talk a little bit about how important that is for people and the users of libraries to have that conversation and how important has it been in your history as you've kind of moved into technology. And what will you be doing to describe that cybersecurity priority to individuals doing the census online and really anything actually.

And then, what manual, have you put any kind of manual together for all the librarians across the system? Does that exist as well as a way to go back to that for reference?

LINDA JOHNSON: I'll jump in here; this seems to be the topic of the month. And I want to underscore that security and privacy is something that we've taken seriously for a long time. And that while some of the tablets and the new devices that we're buying particularly to increase capacity during the census

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 69 period will be dedicated to that particular function 2 3 that all our computers in fact are secure. And that 4 all of the data, whether it's data that's being submitted in the census form or whether it's other 5 work that patrons are doing on our computers is 6 7 secure and that it's a high priority for the library. I think that the challenge here in making 8 9 decisions around whether computers should be dedicated specifically for the census because of the 10 11 sensitivity of that information. In some ways, 12 undercuts the work that we've been doing on this 13 issue throughout the borough, throughout time. And in fact, it's always been forefront and center at 14 15 Brooklyn. CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And how are you communicating 16 17 that to people? How are you explaining that? 18 LINDA JOHNSON: This is something that we're 19 just, I said, this seems to be the issue. something that we're working on as we're speaking now 20 21 because it has become a significant issue in the last few weeks. 2.2 2.3 TONY MARX: So, just what she said. Look, the simple fact is we maybe the last major institution 24

left that strenuously believes in and protects

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privacy. It is a core mission for us. The most obvious way to describe that is arguably our most valuable asset. The thing that we have that we could monetize, is we know what everyone's reading and we destroy that information as soon as the book comes back. We don't want to have that; we don't want to have it even if somebody comes looking for it.

Similarly, while we increasingly try to measure and have metrics and assess our programs and audience etc., we never cross the line to saying you have identify yourself if you walk in the door or you walk into our program. I mean, so the library is really committed to this and of course, we recognize it's our obligation to double down when it comes to the census because of the sensitivity around those issues and we'll be training our staff as well as our dedicated census staff on how to address those issues and we'll be looking at how to publicize that an reassure people.

DENNIS WALCOTT: And just to add one other point, in that I think with all of us, we invest a significant amount of money in our IT departments or the whole area of security and not just around census and it really is part of our bread and butter and our

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basic existence as far as protecting information and you can't say anything is 100 percent guaranteed but at the same time, we put a lot of emphasis in that and really do cross partnerships with the TRYLI experts as well as people outside of our TRYLI network to make sure that we are front and center around security.

LINDA JOHNSON: Not to beat this issue to death but I do want to add that it goes to the trust that we've all been talking about this morning and it's really what we pride ourselves on. That our patrons can come and trust us and if we weren't focused on this issue, we'd always be in danger of losing that trust.

And I would also add that as we learn how to communicate with our patrons in whatever language their most comfortable, all the while assisting them with their English language skills, the census is being woven into all of our communications as the form becomes due.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you for that and I think that there is no doubt that you are all focused on the cyber security. You have been focused and now the census is putting it even more at the front and

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center as a topic but the kind of harder part is how we communicate that to communities that may not have technology savvy understandings about security and the different protocols, but that message has to be communicated.

So, let's just keep connected on that. I'd like to kind of hear more and work with the Chair to help spread the message when that message has been crafted. And how we can ensure that people trust and continue to trust the institutions for census. Thank you.

Oh, Mathieu Eugene was here as well. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you. First of all, listening to Chair Menchaca's questions and all of your answers makes me appreciate the staff of all of your systems ever so much. Because all of those services and all of those questions and all of that care and concern for immigrant communities and indeed, everyone that you serve, it's the staff at front line. It's the staff that they see at the circulation desk. It's the staff that are at the Adult Learning Centers and so, I just want to mention that. Because as I was listening to all of that, I

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was thinking about all of those front line staff members who people trust and who come to actually love, right.

There is a deep bond between the staff of the library and the communities that they serve and I witnessed it first half. And speaking of staff, I have never seen the external affairs, government affairs folks more running up and down here. It's like a run on those little yellow pieces of paper. They probably ran out of them somewhere at Central.

DENNIS WALCOTT: And they're secured now and destroyed as well.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: That was my job for eleven years, I never made that many runs up to the dais. But I do want to ask a few questions obviously, everyone knows how much I care and love about libraries but Tony, you mentioned the issue and the thing that you're are looking into, discussing around the issuing of library cards without identifying information, the normal information that libraries have always sort of requested when someone applies for a library card.

How close are we to maybe achieving that goal and making sure that no one is failing to seek a library

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care for fear that they might have to give information. Because it's sort of a number that you may never know right, how many people don't even do it, because they've seen their friend fill out the application and they don't want to go there.

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, Mr. Chairman, this came out of I think one of the reasons it emerged for us is last year, our sort of number one system goal was to significantly increase the number of library card holders. Which this year, has moved to having achieved that. I think 23 percent increase in one year, which is significant from a large base. This year, it's getting people to use the cards to read more right. And not just being passive on that front but being proactive about it in more ingenious ways.

But as we were focusing on the library cards, I think our frontline staff, who are fantastic, they are the ones who came back to us and said, there are people who are resisting this because they are scared and that generated the conversation where we said, you know, could we have a library card that doesn't require the identifying information. It will probably have less borrowing privileges associated with it but you will still be able to borrow books

2 and do anything else that the card makes possible.

3 And our plan is to pilot it and we are piloting it in

4 Park Chester and at 125<sup>th</sup> Street right now and we'll

assess that and my guess is, we'll go systemwide

6 after that.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: George Escany[SP?] has steps for the day by the way at this hearing. And what is piloting look like exactly. So, you said this particular version of the card may have fewer borrowing privileges associated with it.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Less total number of books at a time but as long as you are returning them you keep going.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Okay.

DENNIS WALCOTT: And I think that you know, a lot of this is about relying on our frontline staff to say, oh, you don't have a card. Would you like one? Which we've gotten much more used to. Oh, you're concerned about it, here's another option or even before concern is raised, this is another option if you would like it. Right, and doing that in person as well as on the web and you know, signage, all of those things.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: So, if the pilot is successful, then we take it further.

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DENNIS WALCOTT: We are in the knowledge sharing business. That's what we do, so of course we want to maximize that and we want to get rid of any constraints on it.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Great, so now of course
I have to ask the two systems if they are equally
interested in taking a look at your pilot.

TONY MARX: So, a couple of things, when I'm always listening and learning and so, we always take information back in all seriousness because I think it's great in different types of initiatives and programs. We do do this for temporary housing. So, for the individuals who may not have a permanent ID or residents or anything on that line, we issue those types of cards. And I think of one person I always site, I haven't seen him for a while as a matter of fact, but Waldo is his name and Waldo was living in a variety of different locations and he would come to the library at Central and read at least nine books a week and to sit and read and read and read. And we engaged in our conversation and started talking and then Waldo said, I don't have a library card and he

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 77 2 said, I didn't think I could get one. I said, yes, 3 you can. So, we do that for temporary housing and so, 4 5 we're very proud of that. And we do notice though especially in Corona where a number of people will 6 7 not get the cards out of fear as well, of having 8 information identified. So, we're going to explore it and I was listening to what Tony was talking about and it is fascinating and I'm not opposed to it. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: It would seem like a 12 particularly good thing to do in Queens in so many 13 ways. Obviously, every one of the five boroughs but as you mentioned I think in your testimony, at least 14 15 half of our population is foreign born. LINDA JOHNSON: I await the results of Tony's 16 17 pilot. 18 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Good, as do we. sounds like something really important. Now Dennis, 19 I was there at the launch of your new tag line, Linda 20 referenced the unofficial. 21 2.2 DENNIS WALCOTT: We Speak Your Language. 2.3 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Of the Brooklyn Public Library but Queens has a new permanent tag line, We 24 25 Speak Your Language and I wanted to ask, number one,

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 78

I guess all three systems, the staff speaks so many

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languages in of themselves. Do you have a sense of what those numbers actually are and what languages the staff speak? Because that's such an incredible resource and I know how diverse the staff is in all our library systems.

You may not have it; I see the staff going —

DENNIS WALCOTT: No, I was going to say, we don't

even expect the staff to come up to us with that

information at all.

LINDA JOHNSON: But we will get you that information.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Interesting to know, I just don't even know if you've done it but you know, if the staff at the Queens Public Library speak 52 different languages, that would be amazing and I think something to promote and brag about right, because you literally speak so many different languages.

So, no need to work over the yellow pieces of paper on that one but we can get that later. In term of though We Speak Your Language and the website, right, which is in so many different languages. How is that going? How is that being received and if the

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other two systems want to chime in on what they do in terms of - well, not having the same slogan, but doing the same or similar work.

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, the feedback I've received, the website has done extremely well. I mean, both the platform purpose of being easier to access information. The time in turning it around as well. I think the vibrancy of the color pallets that are being used and I think, all the goals that we wanted to achieve for the website. Obviously, working out any bug that we hear about or feedback that we hear about.

We're doing that in real time, so it's been really good and I think people have gained a better understanding of We Speak Your Language because it's not just a literal language but it's figurative language as well of individuals in making sure people have a clear understanding of that.

Today is Tuesday as I said, yesterday we started at It's Time for Kind project and so It's Time for Kind has been marched through our website as well, as well as through the program initiatives.

Yesterday, we had several programs at Central, we're branching out to the other branches to make

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 80 sure we have acts of kindness and then what we 2 3 started either last year or two years ago, was post its throughout all of the branches of people posting 4 acts of kindness including school children and 5 reinforcing that and then we capture that on our 6 7 website as well. So, we're doing all these things and integrating 8 9 it through the We Speak Your Language and making sure that people have a clear understanding on what's 10 11 going on. I think it's going well. 12 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Is it powered by Google 13 Trans-14 DENNIS WALCOTT: Now, you are getting into 15 definitely above my pay grade as far as technology is 16 concerned but I mean, we use Google translate at the 17 libraries. How are system is powered, I always defer 18 to people to give me a better understanding. 19 In addition to the language skills of TONY MARX: our staff, at the frontline and the branches, staff 20 21 are all trained to have devices and to use Google 2.2 translate when there's a challenge in terms of 2.3 communicating with folks, so we're totally into that. LINDA JOHNSON: I don't have much to add to that, 24

only that we've all had the benefit of hiring from

within our communities and therefore hiring people who are multilingual in a borough where over half the households are speaking a language other than English at home. And it's important today, it will be important in the future. It's always been sort of our bread and butter and the only thing that's really changing is the way technology is helping us reach different languages and more and more people who are learning English as a second language.

DENNIS WALCOTT: And if I may chair, to just give a shameful plug to the City Council as a result of the City Council allocation, it has allowed us to hire more folks as well. And folks from various backgrounds and that type of funding, especially with the unrestricted nature of the funding, as of Queens and I imagine my colleagues, given us the ability. We have postings all over the place and then having the two universities, library universities, Queens college, there it give us that richness and diversity and the word of mouth and so, maybe gaps that we had existing before we're filling now as a result of the City Council funding and the importance of that funding in the future.

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CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Right, let me just assure you, there is no such thing as a shameful plug for the New York City Council.

LINDA JOHNSON: He meant a well deserved plug.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah, we will take it

wherever we can get it. So, look, we were talking, yesterday we had a big briefing on this hearing and when I worked at the Queens Public Library, I bragged about this and I've bragged about it ever since Lacey Chan[SP?], I don't know if she is actually still with the Queens Public Library, but when I worked there was the demographer of the Queens Public Library. And I just loved the work in the research that she did right. And that was really geared at making sure that we anticipated even the population shifts that would take place in various neighborhoods and that the collection development strategies were geared

And in some ways, I think it was groundbreaking work and it was so exciting to see that the library cared that much to make sure that we were purchasing childrens materials in languages and from countries that we knew young mothers might be taking their children to Sunnyside or Corona, or Glen Oaks.

towards emerging populations even.

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Do we still do that kind of work? Is that part of how we make sure that the actual collections themselves are also meeting the needs of immigrant communities and also speaking those languages?

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, with Queens, we no longer have a demographer on staff but we do a lot of that frontline work through our managers and also, assessing it through the various departments at Central. And as I mentioned before, we're doing this project with Expand Ed, which is really taking a look at the demographic data and mapping it with the goal of then going after funding because I would love to have somebody who was specific to that research analysis and demography of communities and how it reflects even better programming. Because then that lays the foundation of going after more grants that be a part of city funding to provide the funding for those gaps.

So, that's what we're in the process of doing now.

LINDA JOHNSON: So, you know we actually have heard a horrible humor that Joe Salvo, the City Demographer is retiring.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Oh, really?

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LINDA JOHNSON: Yeah, is that true? Heartbreaking, the guy is really a just treasure and has more to contribute and certainly to our systems but probably to every agency that he touches.

But in terms of language and of being particular sensitive to the needs of our patrons, I think in terms of children in particular, we focused in the last year on making sure that our story time is being hosted in now twelve languages every week. there's always a place for parents to bring young children regardless of their primary language.

TONY MARX: So, just to sort of make a full circle here, our primary reliance in terms of this data is from the census. So, we also have an interest not just financial, not just citizen but in terms of our own analytics, so that we can track it. But then, you know, the frontline staff are tracking We track in terms of where the collections are floating in terms of languages trying to anticipate that and we do have an analytics team that's in the president's office for the system to do that as well.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah, so, Dennis in your case, even if you don't have the title Demographer, although it's good to see Nick smile and Lacey Chan

is still with the library. But we still are doing that work and making sure that we are meeting the needs of the communities in every way possible.

And I think not everyone knows how incredibly interesting I think the collection development teams are at library systems and that they are literally purchasing materials from all over the world. Going to other countries, going to book fairs and other things and other countries making sure that they're selecting titles and books and then making sure that they are coming back to Queens and Staten Island and Brooklyn. It's an incredible thing when you think about how much work goes in to making sure that all of the right information in all the right ways is coming back home here, which is just amazing.

DENNIS WALCOTT: That's why the Chief Librarian and the team plays such an important role because I think when you look under the hood and find out how a library actually works, it would boggle the folks mind as far as all of intricacies and details that you just referred Chair, that go into the selection of books, the materials, programs and how one has to make adjustments based on the changing demographics

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of neighborhoods and what that means for the system overall. So, you are correct sir.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah, I mean, obviously,
I could talk about how much I love libraries for days
but it's fun to talk about it with folks who maybe
are a little bit less intimately associated with our
public libraries.

Oh, I know what I wanted to ask. So, some of you mentioned in your testimony, some did not the exact numbers of folks who are in the ESOL classes getting and receiving those services, learning how to read, write and speak English for free. Which is such an incredibly important service that libraries provide.

But I also know there's like a ton of interest.

Not everyone gets in and sometimes there are waiting

lists and that you could provide even more of those

services if you had the space and the resources.

So, is everyone getting in? Is there more interest than there are slots? And, is it a matter of resources or space? Obviously, you're doing some of these services in the meeting rooms at the libraries. Some of them are very small but some of you gave your testimony how many folks are in the program but I guess, I'm interested to know if we are

meeting the need? If we are turning anyone away and not the library turning them away in a way that you would desire but that you just simply can't accommodate everyone who is looking for services for free at the public libraries.

TONY MARX: So, as I think I mentioned in my testimony or at least it's in my testimony even if I didn't mention it. Since 2012, we've increased our English language you know, offerings, the spots in them 700 percent.

So, you know, we're really working at this. I do not hear about people turned away from English language classes. I think the only major program that I'm aware of where we do have a waiting a list, is for coding classes. Which is a twelve week very intensive you know, sort of full on program.

But my guess is offering more, we'd find more takers. Another example of our commitment to this is, as we approach the opening of the library previously known as the Mid-Manhattan, we will have an entire floor focused on education programs, particularly adult education programs, and that means English language as well as computer skills.

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And the reason we're doing that at 40<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> is because the neighborhood is filled with folks who are working in offices, in hotels, in restaurants, who look to the library as a way to gain skills to move up.

And not only will we have a whole floor for that, but it will be connected to a whole floor to help people find jobs, to create jobs.

DENNIS WALCOTT: He's just showing off, I'll tell you.

TONY MARX: Hey, you do what you got to do.

DENNIS WALCOTT: Just showing off.

LINDA JOHNSON: In Brooklyn, we have two different types of language classes. We have specific classes where the sign up and repetitive, you know, weekly or more frequent meeting but then also, we have drop in classes. Many of which are staffed with volunteers and we use those as a way to try and make up for the fact that we have limited spaces in the more formal class.

DENNIS WALCOTT: So, at Queens, we are turning people away and it's mainly through the Central operation because of space constraints as well as funding constraints at times as well. Because

demand, as you can imagine, in that area especially also in Flushing as well and Jackson Heights.

You know, we just get an influx of individuals and so, Queens, we're in little nooks and crannies of the Central Library at all different hours and in the evening, we're offering programs on the second floor. Even at Central, which is mainly the offices. So, we'll set aside some of our meeting rooms up there and then during the day we'll use the rooms in the teen section, where the teenagers are supposed to be in school. And so, as a result of that, we are really tight in a number of our libraries because of demand and the populations are just changing.

And I think the beauty of it is, is that the success of the program generates additional interest on the people. So, the word of mouth spreads not just through the formal network but through the underground network as far as you can get this type of service and as you all know, when people sometimes, especially in Queens, with the two airports being there, come off the plane, they go to a library. I mean, that's the place they know and that's the place they trust.

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And so, the demand really is high. So, we can meet that demand with additional funding but also, we have to take a look at our internal space allocations and how we do it and also, balance the other needs of the library as far as space allocation that's a concern.

TONY MARX: Can I just add, if I may Mr.

Chairman, so the thing about the Bronx Library Center which is our second, right now, our largest branch.

It's typically our second largest branch. You know, we have a whole floor for English language instruction. It looks like the UN or what the UN should look like and really dramatic. I will never forget going, showing a donor this space to get some more support and we're sitting there and a woman, covered woman suddenly stands up and walks towards me and then, gets on her knees. And I am like, what is going on and I realized it was prayer time and I was standing on the eastern side of the room.

I mean, it's just incredible what goes on and you know, as we all have increased our education programs, we find parents coming in for English language while there kids are doing homework help or afterschool programs. This has changed how we build

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libraries and we're all again with thanks to the support of the City Council and being in the tenure capital plan finally after I don't know a century.

That we still need the open floor plans for the library space but increasingly we're recapturing or adding space with program appropriate classrooms.

Last story, I remember when we were about halfway through this, I went to visit the Bronx Library

Center and I remember Michael Alverez, who I'm shocked is about to retire, showing me around and we turn a corner and he starts apologizing for the fact that there is a class. I think it was English language class, that's taking place literally in a hallway because we've run out of space. And I had to assure him that there was nothing to apologize for that that was the best thing I had seen ever, and you know, we keep going.

CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Yeah, so, before I turn it back over to Chair Menchaca, who I think has a final question or two.

You know, I think the Adult Learning Center's piece is such an important function here and I am reminded that about twenty years ago, when I worked at the Queens Public Library, we celebrated the

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formation of the friends group, the First ever friends group at the Steinway Adult Learning Center in Astoria and at the Charter ceremony for the friends chapter, several of the students who formed the board spoke. And I remember a woman saying that she came to Astoria Queens and didn't know any English and didn't really know anyone else, but in walking around the streets, was able to meet someone who she could communicate with. And she said, I don't know where to go or what to do to figure out what I'm going to do here.

And the woman said to her, go to the library. If you go to the library, they will help you and they will teach you how to speak English and she said, that's exactly what I did. I walked right up into that library, found the Steinway Adult Learning Center and she learned how to speak English and she gave a speech that night which brought many of us to tears. And I think that's another one of the million stories that you could tell about the public libraries and the work that you do for and with immigrant communities.

So, thank you and I know we can and should always do more and we've done some really good things in

2 terms of funding over the last several years.

Obviously, we want to keep that progress and momentum going, but thank you.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you Chair for that story and that real recommitment to civic engagement but also civic education, and that happens in our libraries. And one of the most exciting, so many exciting programs, but one that touches me even more deeply is participatory budgeting. And a lot of that work is and has been happening in our communities through our district offices in our district engagement, which is a voluntary process right now, but there's this big citywide thing as well and maybe this is a question to MOIA as well as the libraries. What and because immigrant communities find it as a way to engage with power to make decisions about the budget and the libraries have been a big partner for us.

So, talk a little bit about PB, Participatory
Budgeting and any future work that is coming down
from the Mayor's Office in terms of their process and
what you've learned so far. How you were getting
invited to that work and any insight that the Mayor's

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Office of Immigrant Affairs or the libraries can kind of give us on that topic.

DENNIS WALCOTT: No, no, I mean, let me talk about PB for a second because I think PB has been a lifeblood of our local library branches in that, I think through the respect of those branches and through the involvement of the local council member as well. The relationship has been very strong and that we benefit.

I mean, we can give you an exact breakdown of the libraries that have benefited from participatory budgeting, but I can tell you we are always getting feedback about the participation level of people selecting libraries with very specific detailed projects and we try to honor that commitment as far as the money that's been allocated through participatory budgeting.

So, I mean, I can get you — I'm not sure if they have it, but I can get you more detailed information on how we've benefited.

CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: And that's the Council side.

Anything that's coming down in terms of information about the citywide process that is by the Charter is supposed to kind of launch in July. Both of those

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2.3

things, both the current City Council project PB initiative and then the citywide stuff.

LINDA JOHNSON: I mean one of the ways that's sort of two sides of the coin, of course we benefit when libraries are allocated funds through participatory budgeting.

But also, we make sure the libraries are there for specific council people who want to hold meetings about the process. So, it's a place where people can come and learn about what their responsibility and their rights are.

TONY MARX: Mr. Chair, so of course, we're involved with PB and we're grateful for that and not just for the funding, but for the way in which that channeled the sort of democratic sense of engagement of the citizenry and empowers them.

In terms of civics, we're generally, I just want to say, we're there as we have moved now into the census. We created a manager for civic engagement and community partnerships as part of the census work and we want to build from that. And we actually have, we have a new chief branch library officer.

Carol is here, who is the Intern Chief and through her guidance and working together with Brian, we're

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 96 actually, this is a live issue right now. Which is, 2 how can the libraries go the next level of helping 3 the next generation understand how our systems work 4 and how they can make them work for them. So, for instance, we've been learning about the 6 7 Los Angeles Public Library, which creates teen 8 councils in branches and instead of having them advise on what color paint for the walls, they pick a local problem. A park that's in bad shape or you 10 11 know, whatever it is and actually try to solve the 12 problem. 13 So, rather than sort of lecture them about like, here are the three branches of government, which is a 14 15 rough sell said the former political science 16 professor, it's okay, let's learn how the system 17 works by actually making it work. 18 And so, we're looking at those issues and my guess is we will be launching more initiatives of 19 20 that kind. 21 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Thank you for that. that kind of settles my curiosity around 2.2 2.3 participatory budgeting, but if the Mayor's Office has anything to say about the citywide work and 24

really thinking about how immigrants and libraries

COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL AFFAIRS, LIBRARIES AND INTERNATIONAL INTERGROUP RELATIONS JOINTLY WITH THE 1 COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION 97 2 connect to this larger now city charter mandated thing. If there is anything that you've been working 3 4 on so far. COLETTE SAMMAN: So, we're excited about it but I 5 have to get you more details on the plan. 6 7 CO-CHAIR MENCHACA: Okay, so we'll come back to you on that. We'll put a request in for more 8 9 information there. And I just thank you all for the work and dedication you have for our communities, all 10 11 our communities in today's specific focus on immigrants and libraries. I just want to say thank 12 13 you and thank you to the Chair for that. 14 CHAIRPERSON VAN BRAMER: Thank you all very much. 15 We obviously will be hearing from you again as we 16 enter the new year and go into a new budget cycle but I want to thank my Co-Chair for his love of libraries 17 18 and his lunchbox story, which was absolutely 19 adorable. With that, we are adjourned. [GAVEL] 20 21 22 23 24

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 1, 2018