CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY

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September 26, 2019 Start: 10:18 a.m. Recess: 1:35 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: Mark Gjonaj Chairperson

Committee on Small Business

Robert F. Holden

Chairperson

Committee on Technology

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PEDRO LUGO: Sound check, sound check.

This is the sound check on Committee on Small

Business. Today's date is September 26, 2019,

location is committee room, and recording done by

6 Pedro Lugo.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Good morning. Council Member Holden, chair of the Committee on Technology. I want to welcome you all to our hearing. We are pleased to be joined today by the Committee on Small Business, chaired by the gentleman to my right, Council Member Mark Gjonaj. Today we will focus on the expansion of the film industries and how it affects New York City's communities, residents, and economy. The hearing will also focus on the following six bills: Intro 158, sponsored by Council Member Levin, would update the fees on filming permits on city property. Introduction 937, sponsored by Council Member Eugene would require film companies to provide residents with at least 72 hours notice when film shoots will disrupt parking in the area. Introduction 1495, sponsored by Council Member Barron, would create a local community and media bill of rights, addressing the issues that communities face during film and television production. Intro

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1515, also sponsored by Council Member Barron, would create a task force to produce an action plan on film and television production to improve the economic impact on local communities in New York City. And Intro 1700, of which I am a sponsor, would establish a 14-day notification requirement for movie making, telecasting, and photography permit applications when special parking requests are required. And finally we will hear testimony on Intro 1722, also sponsored by myself, which would require that certain applicants for film and television production permits pay a fee of \$800 to cover the city's costs of providing such permits and would provide that these permits would expire 30 days after the date they are issued. New York City has experienced both positive and negative impacts from the film industry. Positive has been certainly job creation, tax revenue, but the negative disruption of operations, complaints from residents and small businesses, which includes, but not limited to, parking, noise, congestion, and lack of notice. With the film industry's continued growth we hope to work together with the Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment to see more done by the agencies in mitigating any

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negative impact on our communities. We also look forward to hearing valuable testimonies from the administration, industry experts, community boards, civic associations, residents, businesses, and others. The testimony today is crucial for understanding the present problems and for building better solutions for our constituents. And I'd like to recognize joining us is Council Member Chin from Manhattan and to my right, obviously, I mentioned Mark Gjonaj, Council Member Gjonaj. I would like to acknowledge the staff of the Committee on Technology, my counsel, Irene Bahofsky, policy analyst Charles Kim, finance analyst Sebastian Bocky, and former policy analyst Patrick Mulvahill. I also would like to thank my own staff, Daniel Cozina and communications director Ryan Kelly, for their valuable assistance in preparation for today's hearing. I will now turn it over to my cochair of

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Chairman. Good morning. I am Councilman Mark Gjonaj, chair of the Committee on Small Business, and I'd to welcome you to our joint hearing with the Committee on Technology, chaired by my good friend, Council Member

the committee today, Mark Gjonaj.

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Robert Holden. Our hearing today focuses on the film industry expansion and its impact on the New York City economy, city residents, and our small businesses. New York City is one of the most soughtafter cities for film schools in the world. From our city's iconic skyline to our diversity of locations, New York City is an attractive location for film and television shoots. Since the early 2000s the film and television industries have expanded in the city. The rise in popularity of streaming services like Netflix, Amazon, and Hulu has further increased demand for new content and stimulated a large surge in television productions in New York City. expansion of the film industry has certainly had positive impacts on the New York City economy. Film production has helped contribute over 12 billion to the city in 2018. The film industry has also provided new employment opportunities for city residents. To the associates, representatives, and members of the film industry that are here today, I thank you for choosing New York City. I hope you have had the opportunity to enjoy our lively city and vibrant culture and contribute to our local economy. Mom and pop shops are obviously at the center of what

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makes New York City great. While I welcome of the film industry, I want to make sure small businesses are benefitting from the expansion, too. Our small businesses operate in an increasingly harsh environment, from the rise of e-commerce to big box store competition, consumer behavior changes, or government regulations our small businesses are facing more and more hurdles. The expansion of the film industry should not be another obstacle that mom and pop shops have to worry about. Small businesses rely on foot traffic. Block a small business's visibility or closing down a street can be a massive hindrance to the daily small business operations. Similarly, small businesses are not being given proper notice of when filming will be occurring in their neighborhoods. The administration must do a better job at notifying small businesses and communities of when film making will occur on their streets. Small businesses rely on delivery to their stores and mom and pop restaurants depend on their customers being able to park near their store to grab a quick slice, sandwich, or food of their choice. The administration's closing down of streets and the lack of warning given to small businesses makes it

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harder for small businesses to keep their doors open. That includes things like preparing for reduction in foot traffic by scheduling fewer staff, to arranging commercial deliveries. Without enough notices businesses may be over-scheduling staff or preparing to receive deliveries that may not be able to get down the block at all. Some neighborhoods of the city are used more frequently for film schools. These hot spot areas may experience greater disruptions, with some areas receiving permits almost every other day. In one such instance, West 48th Street and Sixth Avenue Manhattan was granted almost 200 permits in 2018. That's almost two-thirds of the entire year. No city resident should feel that they are living in the parking lot of a Hollywood film shoot. While some areas of the city may not be more desirable than others for production, inundated neighborhoods with shoots can hurt the quality of life for city residents and our small businesses. We need to develop a more fairer system in issuing permits to provide businesses and residents the relief from the constant noise and disruption from film shoots. Although many productions play by the rules, not all do. It is essential that we value and

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are clear about the recourse communities have when they feel film shoots go too far. The administration needs to value resident and small business voices and communicate better between all parties. Residents and small businesses need to know what to expect from film shoots, what impacts may be anticipated, and what is improper behavior. Finally, I implore film productions to shop locally. Our small businesses are in the central aspect of the New York City culture and economy. Allow them to benefit from your expansion, and small businesses and the film industry can thrive together. Before concluding, I'd like to recognize my fellow council members, Council Member Chin, and my colleague, Holden, for the work that was put into this hearing and the concerns. I will turn it over to Council Member Barron, oh, she's not here. I do want to recognize the hard work that the City Council staff has put into this in working with the administration and industry and stakeholders, from Irene to Stephanie, and including my staff. I want to thank them all for their commitment and dedication. I pass it on to you, Chair Holden.

Member Gjonaj. We are joined by Council Member

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Council

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Ayala, she just walked in, thank you, and counsel will now swear in the first panel.

COUNSEL: Good morning. Do you affirm to tell the truth and answer honestly to council member questions?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: [inaudible]

COUNSEL: Thank you.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: It's not on. Shall I start again? OK. My apologies. I do work in media, I should know that that goes on. [laughter] Good morning, Chair Holden, Chair Gjonaj, and members of the City Council Committees on Technology and Small Business. My name is Ann Del Castillo and I'm the commissioner of the Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment. I'm joined here at the table by my colleague, Dean McCann, who is MOME's deputy commissioner of the Office of Film, Theater, and Broadcasting, and Laurie Barrett Peterson, our general counsel, as well as my senior leadership team, seated to the right of me. I want to thank you for giving me the opportunity the opportunity to be here to discuss the impact of the film and television production in New York City. Before I had the privilege of being MOME consumer, I had the privilege

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of being born a New Yorker, and over the years I have witnessed first-hand the changing landscape of our city and the growth of film and television production in particular. So I do get it. Film and television productions can be disruptive to New Yorkers, including local businesses. In fact, once when I was moving a film crew made me park my truck around the corner from where I was moving into and believe me, I got some exercise that day. But that is not the entire story. Film and television production is a New York success story. It is a story born of more than half a century of strategic thinking, collaboration, and engagement among city agencies, communities, industry, and other stakeholders, and of course with the advice and input of City Council. Think of what we've done together. New York City was the first in the country to establish a Cultural Affairs Commission and a Film Commission. We need strategic investments to draw businesses and jobs to increase opportunities for New Yorkers in the creative economy. Through our collective efforts we now have a thriving creative economy and good-paying jobs, expansion of other tech and innovation industries, increased tourism, and a global

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reputation as a world-class center for creativity and culture. When governments from other municipalities, states, and countries want to see how this is done they look to New York City. So I sit here before you filled with pride and gratitude in our shared success. Of course, growth comes with challenges, especially in a city of 8.6 million people that runs 24/7. At MOME we are acutely aware of the inconveniences New Yorkers and local businesses face when the film and television production industry comes to their neighborhoods. But when we look at those challenges we must also consider what the term production industry actually means. The first thought that comes to mind is the big studios, but New York City's production industry is also comprised of 130,000 New Yorkers. They are freelancers, artists, artisans, union members, and small business They are our family, our neighborhoods, our owners. friends, and they are all New Yorkers who are earning a living in their city. Each year in the course of doing their jobs this industry spends almost 9 billion dollars right here in New York City. So they aren't just helping themselves. They are contributing to our shared success. MOME is here to

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ensure that New Yorkers can continue to have these opportunities in film production and at the same time cause minimum disruption to neighborhood residents and small businesses. MOME engages in a collaborative, flexible, and responsive approach with communities, productions, productions, and our sister agencies to anticipate and mitigate problems before they arise. By the time a crew lands, a production in a given area alone has already limited that production schedule, size, and location according to the specific needs and characteristics of that particular community and surrounding neighborhoods, because every community, every street, and every production is different. Last year we issued more than 14,500 permits. By contrast, the number of inquiries we received from the public amounted to less than 10% of that number. Nevertheless, there is always room for improvement. That is why in my first five months of office I have made it a priority to meet individually with each of the members of the council. I've met with about a third of you so far, and these conversations have been critical to understanding the ebb and flow of your respective districts and what other projects are occurring,

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whether public works, transit, block parties, or other street activities and how we can work together more effectively to offset the impact of production in particular. These conversations have set the foundation for collaborative solution seeking as issues arise. For example, there was an instance recently where production landed in a neighborhood and residents expressed concerns about parking. The council member in that district reached out to my office, actually me directly, and we were able to identify a mutually agreeable solution for production parking for the remaining days of that production. In addition to troubleshooting, these conversations also help inform our office for productions. are countless churches, schools, parks, and nonprofit organizations throughout the city that have hosted productions and benefitted from location fees and community give-backs. Materials for the arts is an example of an organization that has received countless donations from the sets that are built and recycled materials to the benefit of nonprofit organizations throughout the city. The parks department also reported that it received more than 360,000 in donations, \$360,000 in donations from

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productions. Productions participating in the Made in New York marketing credit program, which only captures a fragment of the films made here, contributed more than \$170,000 to cultural organizations across the five boroughs last year alone. The increase in production activity has also resulted in increased demand for local talent. that end, the Made in New York production assistant training program was established to provide free training for underemployed and unemployed New Yorkers seeking work in production. Over the last 10-plus years more than 800 people have graduated from the program and secured jobs in the industry. program also served as a mode ft more recent Made in New York post-production training program, which has graduated dozens of New Yorkers in the fields of editing, animation, motion graphics, and visual effects. Graduates from these programs are now working in production and are also hiring their successor graduates from these programs. programs were developed in consultation with employers to ensure that the participants gained relevant skills so that we can build a strong pipeline of New York City talent to continue to build

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our local industry. Overall, MOME has created educational and training programs that reach 6000 New Yorkers a year. The benefits of our thriving film and television production sector ripple out far beyond the boundaries of any given location shoot. Film and television production creates jobs and opportunities for New Yorkers who have never set foot on a set. We hear many stories from local business owners who tell us how business generated by productions has helped them grow and thrive. I'd actually like you to hear just two of these stories from local entrepreneurs themselves. We just have to very short videos I promised to play. So if we can pull those up. Do we have those?

Restaurant and Catering here in Harlem I was really thinking about my Grandma Amelia. She taught me the best way to take care of people was through food.

Now I take care of the film industry week in and week out. They know what they want and it's got to be good. Production catering is a big part of our business and that means more chefs, more servers, more jobs in the neighborhood. My business works in

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New York because the film business works for New York.

SECOND VIDEO: My family and I started this business 25 years ago in the Manhattan flower market. Since working with film and television we've grown our business and become a daily destination for set designers. I'm a florist and I work with set decorators for TV and movies. I love working in New York because there's resources like this right around the corner. I'm always running in and out of here every day. I think the best ideas come out of New York and we're proud to be in that mix. My business works in New York. Because the film business works for New York.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: These success stories are possible because of the drive, talent, and hard work of small business owners themselves, film productions that spend money with them, and also the collaborative responsive and flexible approach that city government has taken with respect to production. We all should be proud of what we have achieved together. Decades ago we were the first city in the nation to set up a governmental entity to make film and television production work for everyone, and look

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where we are now - 130,000 New Yorkers working in production that supports 300,000 other jobs in related industries outside production. Together that's approximately 10% of New York City's total employment. The freelancers, union members, and small business owners, the artists who work in film and television productions spend almost 9 billion a year directly in our city and generate 400 million in tax revenue. They create images of our city that are unforgettable. Each time someone somewhere sees an image of New York City on a computer, television, or at a movie theater our position as a world capital grows. I look forward to working closely with the council to ensure that this great city, this great New York City success story continues. I'm happy to answer your questions. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you,

Commissioner. We've been joined by Council Member

Lander and Council Member Barron. I understand

Council Member Barron would like to make a statement
on her two bills.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you to the chair and thank you to the panel, and thank you to the public for coming. This is a very important

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issue because New York City is seeing more and more instances of neighborhoods being bombarded with film crews coming in, taking up space, making their films, and we want to make sure that the communities are being respected. So I've proposed two bills. talks about establishing a bill of rights for the communities and we've met and we've talked about the intent and that objective of that bill, and the other one talks about, without trying to extort money from film companies, what can we expect film companies to do to make sure that there's some kind of reciprocity and benefit for the communities where they are inconveniencing people who live there for whatever number of hours or days that they're there. that's the intent of the two bills and we want to look to see how we can shape that so that communities benefit from allowing themselves to be the site for these wonderful films that are being made in New York City. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Council Member. We understand that the film industry is very important in New York City and the productions and we certainly understand that. However, when it's on the, the people that pay the most for these film

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shoots, aside, we understand the billions it brings into the city, that's what we're told and that's what we hear. However, on the front lines when productions take over an entire commercial district it seems like this administration is willing to say let these small businesses suffer. They're going to put up with no parking in their, in front of their stores for many times, several days, if not weeks, and nobody actually reaches out to them. You have a code of conduct in your MOME, in the MOME Code of Conduct. I'm reading that the film companies or production companies are supposed to notify the community boards and the council members. I've never got a call from a production company in advance of shooting. I don't know if any council member here has gotten a call from a production company, but I never have. We get the flash notice two days before and then we get the frantic, when the signs go up in the neighborhood that there's going to be a film shoot and no parking for an extended period of time, the administration is essentially saying fend for yourselves, find your parking at your own expense. Same thing with the businesses. There's no outreach. We hope that changes under your leadership. However,

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we haven't seen it and the straw that broke the camel's back for me was a film shoot on my two commercial districts, the week before Christmas, and dozens of cones went out, actually the day before. The day before the permit the film companies were brazen, right before Christmas, to take over the entire district and to put parking earlier than they were supposed to. So the oversight, I question the oversight from this administration. I would hope that your office would have more people, because we were checking with your office many times before your predecessor and we didn't get answers. We got more cooperation from the film production companies, to be They actually worked with us, if we reached out to them. But there's a host of other problems. The permits that are listed on the poles, they ask you to call a phone number. The number doesn't work many times, it'll just ring and ring and then hang up after ten rings. Nobody's at the phone. So I had so many businesses call me and say we couldn't get our deliveries. How dare the city schedule a film shoot right before Christmas, the most lucrative time of the year. Many businesses were telling me they lost \$15,000 at least in a couple of days of shooting and,

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again, the administration is willing to say sorry, it's a benefit of all New Yorkers that this happens, but you guys will have to take the hit. So that's why, I mean, your Kumbaya little video was fine, a commercial, but it wasn't really, it's not reality because yes, you paid somebody to do that or you had somebody do it. That is not reality on the front lines, at least in my district, and in speaking to my fellow council members that's the same feeling. understand the contributions to the city. However, we need more done. I don't know if your office can figure out something. I tried with legislation. could reimburse the businesses if they lose parking, or give them other avenues to recoup the money, but there has to be something figured out, that you're just willing to say sorry, this is going to happen in front of your business and you have nothing to say. You could reach out to a number that doesn't, nobody answers. You could call the council member, but we don't get the calls from the production companies. They don't notify the community boards. They don't notify the BIDs or the LDCs. They don't. We asked if any of them have received calls. So if they're not, if the production companies historically are not

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going to follow your code of conduct then where are we? Then they, then they take more and more parking. Yes, they do. I've seen it, I've, want to show some photographs?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: If I may, Councilman.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Yes.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Ah, Chair, ah, it's actually one of the reasons why I reached out to your office within my, when I was even acting in February, I've literally spent the first five months of my tenure trying to meet with every single one of you. There are 51 districts throughout the city and we know that there are issues. I'm not going to sit here and pretend that there aren't improvements that we need to make. I actually have worked in the industry for a greater portion of my career and I understand how these things can land. I also care a lot about the city. We really are focused on making sure that we can play well in the sand box together and so that is why I've taken, I've dedicated this first five months to meeting with you as well as the productions to say hey, we need to be doing better. We absolutely need you to be doing better outreach to the council districts and the communities where

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you're filming. That said, I do think it's important to draw a distinction. There are situations where there are small films and they're just going to land for a day, whereas there, and then there are larger films that may land for a more significant amount of Those are the ones that we're focused on. time. Those are the ones where we're working, making a concerted effort to work with them, to reach out to you and the community boards before they land. definitely know we can do better and I do remember that incident and that what was predicated the meeting with you, so we really are working hard to make sure that we are doing outreach and really looking to you to help us understand the ebb and flow of your respective communities. You know, when I say there are 51 council districts I say that to point out that there's such a diversity of neighborhoods, and so what may work in your council district may not work in another one. And in order to better understand how that works for the city so that we can land productions well in neighborhoods and work well with the community, I need to have this open dialogue with you, and I think we're off to a good start.

I've met with about a third of you so far and that is

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just one part of a multi-approach strategy that we're taking to do better with working with production and the local communities.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: You see a photo up now of, this is a catering truck in front of a diner. Now that's against your code of conduct. Who's enforcing it? So if your office is going to be reactive that means somebody has to complain, but nobody goes out apparently because I don't think you have enough staff to actually go out and check or visit each site. I understand that. However, we need someone and whether it's the production companies themselves going around saying, you know, somebody is in charge of this, saying we can't do this.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: We can't block a fire hydrant. I saw cables, I don't know if we have that photo, of very, with no trip hazard, it was a trip hazard, no covering on, cables going across a bus stop. So people can get off a bus and trip over these huge cables on the commercial strip. There's so many violations, and this is what happens when there's lack of oversight. So that's why, that's

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what we're providing here, because we pointed out, and when I spoke to the previous consumer and mentioned this production company, and I'll tell you the company that was shooting, it was Billions, they were shooting it on my commercial district right before Christmas, violated almost every part of, or every issue, numbers of the code of conduct. Every single one. And we said what is going on? And, again, I got, oh, this is a 9.8 billion-dollar industry and you're benefitting, you're a taxpayer. Nobody wants to hear that when we have specific problems that we're bringing to MOME, and we never got them addressed, by the way.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Hmm.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: The production companies, and we still, we're still not getting them addressed. They're still violating codes of conduct. Why have it if you're not going to enforce it? And nobody is looking at this. So it's not up to us. We have many things to do in the office, in our council offices, but dealing with every production, which is happening every week, we get a two-day notice, and then we get the calls from residents who can't find parking because for two days and businesses that

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 29 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS
2	can't get deliveries and nobody is reaching out to
3	them, and that's what has to change. And that's what
4	I hope under your leadership that will change.
5	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely,
6	absolutely.
7	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I want to just
8	recognize, do you want to?
9	LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: Yeah.
10	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: OK. Kalman Yeger,
11	Council Member Yeger, is joining us. Anybody else?
12	OK.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Thank you,
14	Chairman. You did a stellar job of explaining some
15	of the issues that our communities, residents, small
16	businesses are facing and Commissioner, part, the
17	beginning of something is acknowledging there's a
18	problem. And we hope that the problem solution is
19	the next step or discussion. And I just want to put
20	things into perspective, using your own numbers.
21	Last year you issued 14,500 permits, some large, some
22	shorter in time and duration. How many staffers do
23	you have?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: We have about 20 staffers at the film office.

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 30 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS						
2	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: I'm sorry?						
3	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Twenty staff at the						
4	film office.						
5	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: I didn't hear						
6	that.						
7	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Twenty at the film						
8	office.						
9	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Twenty.						
10	ANN DEL CASTILLO: You know, our agency						
11	covers several portfolios, but in the Office of Film,						
12	Theater, and Broadcasting in particular we have 20.						
13	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Of the 20, how						
14	many leave the office that have responsibilities of						
15	oversight?						
16	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Four.						
17	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Four. So let's do						
18	some math.						
19	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Five, five, sorry,						
20	five.						
21	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Five?						
22	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes, yes.						
23	COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK, so the 14,500						

permits, the year is 365 days a year, well, assuming

that they're doing this on weekends as well and night

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and 24 hours, we won't take into consideration the shifts that your employees have, which will make the number a lot worse, but that would mean there's 40 permits today on average, 14,500, divide that by 365, of the 40 that are going on today as an average that would mean you have five employees, that there are eight sites throughout the city that each employee is responsible for oversight. Now...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: To be clear, those 40 permits are not all large-scale productions. I mean, sometimes in the case of a student film shoot it's a van that's parking, you may not even realize it's there. So I just want to, I think it's important to draw that distinction. But I'm not going to sit here and pretend that, you know, the volume is not quite significant and we definitely need to do better about making sure that our team is getting out there. I think that's also why I'm saying it's important for us to get to know these communities better so that we can get ahead of some of the problems, and then the communication with your office and the local communities is helpful in making sure that we're responding immediately to the issues on the ground.

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CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, Commissioner, can you tell us where the 40 permits, and I'm assuming just average, that have been issued as of today, effective today, where they are in the city and what period of time they'll be doing their film shoots?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Not right now, I mean, I could certainly get back to you with that information, but yes.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I expect we'll be here for a while, so maybe you can help us understand, maybe you can have someone look into while we're continuing the hearing. That will give a real picture of what is happening in the daily lives of New Yorkers.

DEAN MCCANN: Thank you. That was a great question. One thing to add to what the Commissioner said, in addition to our staff that go out and do site visits and check on those things, we also have an NYPD movie unit that's very well versed on what the rules are and a lot of the sets that we, you know, when we have actors in police uniform walking down the street for Blue Buzz we have a real officer

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there. So there are other sets that have either the...

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: You aren't sworn in, can we swear him in?

COUNSEL: He was here.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: We did it?

COUNSEL: Yes, yes.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: OK, thank you.

DEAN MCCANN: I don't lie. [laughter]

But, you know, we have, we have sergeants that are on 24 hours. I, you know, communicate with the sergeants often. We have officers that are assigned specifically to the sets. We know which sets the officers are assigned to. So our field reps may prioritize and go to the sets where they're shooting an interior and then inspect how the truck packages landed and, you know, what literally is happening on the ground. So we prioritize with our staff which sets we know NYPD is not going to be assigned, in addition to checking on the sets that NYPD is assigned to. We have people that check on things at night. We have people that check on things very early in the morning. You know, we do everything that we can do to get to every single set. So, you

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know, it's, we'd love to have a hundred people out on the street every day inspecting sets, but, you know, that's not the way the system was originally built. We weren't budgeted for that. But, you know, there's no doubt that we can get more bodies out there. just need to hire them. And I could I just, to one point that you made in your statement? The number of permits that were issued for 48th Street and Sixth Avenue is because there's a film, a studio there. There's a show that broadcasts live from the studio every day and every day they get permits because they're going to have the florist, box truck pull up, drop off props, you know, set up trees and things. So that's why that number is so high. And they're only there for a couple of hours. It's like a pull up, offload, they shoot the live show on the plaza, and then they load everything back into the truck and it's gone. But I just wanted to make that point. CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I want to thank you for that, Mr. McCann.

22 DEAN MCCANN: Yes, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Help me, the idea is we, the idea is to have a complete understanding and

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what you've just described now is you have NYPD, a specific unit that's responsible for oversight.

DEAN MCCANN: No, they contribute...

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Contribute?

DEAN MCCANN: To our oversight.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

DEAN MCCANN: So we have more bodies than just the four that are eyeballing what's happening on the sets. You also have to remember...

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: OK.

DEAN MCCANN: We know who the bad players are. You know, there are, these shows, many of them are extremely conscientious. You have shows that know that they want to go back to the same location potentially a month later, or they know that, you know, CBS might shoot on Monday and NBC is going to want to be there the following Tuesday, and they don't want to ruin it for the other shows. So, you know, we know who the good players are and we know who the bad players are, and again that's what we prioritize, you know.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I want to, I appreciate your response. I just want to have a

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clear picture. So the NYPD assistance that you receive, what is the phone number to that division?

DEAN MCCANN: I could get you that phone number.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Have it with you, I mean, I would imagine that you guys are the...

DEAN MCCANN: I have the sergeant's cell phones, because usually that's my first point of contact. I have the lieutenant's cell phone because I don't know always which officer is assigned to which shoot. They also have an office that's, um, 24 hours, theoretically, where they, you know, the productions will request NYPD coverage that we collaborate with, and then they have a 24-hour number that, you know, when the sergeant comes on duty at 10 o'clock he checks the voice mail in his office to see if there's any changes for production or if they received a call with a complaint. So, I mean, I have all the sergeants' cell phone numbers. We could provide, and we have actually on occasions. There was a period of time we tried it, but we used to put the NYPD's phone number on the signage and then we were told take that off.

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 37 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS								
2	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Why do you think								
3	that happened.								
4	DEAN MCCANN: Because they wanted								
5	everyone to call 311.								
6	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Oh, yup, perfect.								
7	DEAN MCCANN: It was the innovation of								
8	311 and they wanted citywide services calls to go to								
9	311 so they could track it.								
10	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: So how many calls								
11	did 311 receive last year? Specific complaints to								
12	movie shoots?								
13	DEAN MCCANN: Oh, gosh, I								
14	ANN DEL CASTILLO: We had less than, what								
15	was it, [inaudible] calls to 311? We don't have the								
16	exact number, but it was								
17	DEAN MCCANN: I think it was like 800.								
18	ANN DEL CASTILLO: It was less than 900,								
19	total for the year.								
20	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Total for the								
21	year was what number?								
22	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Less than 900.								
23	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Less than 900, so								
24	roughly three a day.								

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ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes, but they're not all complaints. Some of them are also, you know, we're tracking by inquiries, we're not, like that's the total number of inquiries.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: I received a 311 breakdown for my district, for example, it was broken down by category. I've never seen a category that's specific to movie shoots.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Right, that's what I'm saying. So that's just like the calls to our office.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: To your office or 311?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Well, that get directed from 311 to our office.

DEAN MCCANN: 311 doesn't really, I mean, if they can answer the question they answer the question, but 311 directly routes the caller to our office.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: I've made those calls. I've never been rerouted to anyone's office. They've taken the complaint as a noise complaint.

DEAN MCCANN: No, we get, I get a lot of calls routed from 311, and then, you know, when our office, you know, all of our coordinators, we have

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 39 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS							
2	seven permit coordinators. They're all assigned a							
3	specific job. So there's one person that does Law							
4	and Order. There's one person that does Blue Bloods.							
5	If we get a call regarding Blue Bloods, whether it's							
6	before they've landed or when they're on the ground,							
7	that call will be routed immediately to the							
8	production coordinator that supervisors that show in							
9	our office and they will call Blue Bloods							
10	immediately, speak to the production, and address the							
11	issue.							
12	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Great. So let's							
13	stay on that for a moment. I call 311 now. How long							
14	before 311 contacts you to let you know there's a							
15	complaint?							
16	DEAN MCCANN: I was under the impression							
17	it's in real time.							
18	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Are you open							
19	24/7?							
20	DEAN MCCANN: Ah, no, but we're							
21	COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: So who's							
22	answering that call tonight at midnight?							
23	DEAN MCCANN: Well, I check the							
24	voicemail I mean vou know we stagger it a little							

bit. I'll call the general voice mail.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Let's acknowledge 3 the real problem. Let's acknowledge there's a concern here and a potential for a 311 call that's 4 made that has a real impact on a business or a 5 community or a resident that doesn't get acknowledge 6 7 safely until after the shoot is done. You yourself acknowledged that right now there's, there are movie 8 shoots that are being done that are a short time in 9 duration. They can be out there for just a few 10 hours. But that few hours there'll be no one 11 12 responding to an issue. It could be life-13 threatening...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Well, if it's life-threatening it'll get responded to.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: It could be an inconvenience, I'm sorry?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: If it's lifethreatening I would imagine it would get responded
to. So I think it's the, it's the...

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: So, the cables that were across a bus stop that my colleague just mentioned, how long do you think before someone could receive that notification and responded to it?

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ANN DEL CASTILLO: So I can cite an
example where we had another situation at 10 o'clock.
I was out and I got a call because there was a
situation in a neighborhood and there was a concern.
So that call came directly to me. I then called Dean
and he called the local precinct and we resolved the
issue that night. So that's how quickly it can get
resolved.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: I want to be a part of the solution, and I just, I don't want to villanize, make the industry a villain, that's not my intent. I want to acknowledge and I was hoping that we would both acknowledge...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: There's real issues and then say what are we going to do to correct these conditions?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: That's the whole idea.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: The idea would be a 24/7 hot line that live, someone will answer, that there will be a direct number that someone can call

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and expect an immediate response, whether it be as something as minor as perhaps they're blocking my driveway to the lights are gleaming into my apartment and my newborn can't sleep to the noise that's impacting me where I'm not going to be able to get the rest that I need to go to work tomorrow, to the I have a scheduled delivery coming in that cannot be stop. I have a scheduled grand opening of my business that cannot be rescheduled, that only happens once. That's the idea of the these hearings, that we identify a problem and collectively come up with a solution.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: What commitment can we hear from this administration, from you, you in particular, that will alleviate at a minimum a person of contact 24/7 that will be responsible to receive the phone call and address the issue?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Respectfully, I think what I'm trying to express to this committee here is that we are working to be responsive, and we have been responsive, time and again when issues have come across our desk, and so, you know, part of this is the beginning of a conversation to really understand

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what some of the issues are and come up solutions that are attainable and feasible given the current structure of not just our office but the way that the city is working. There are many, many challenges with street activity in New York, not just production. And so we are all trying to work around those challenges and again I think that's why these conversations with the local communities directly are critical to understanding how to prioritize some of the issues that are arising. Again, some of, there are certain communities that may tend to be more impacted than others just due to the location of production activity and so we want to address those. There are other communities that are asking for production that need support to understand how to land production in those communities. So, so that's, that's the broad, when you say that you want a complete picture, that is the complete picture. are trying to be all places throughout the city to work with the local communities, to best understand how to land production there, and then we're working with the productions of varying sizes. Again, student films up through big blockbuster productions

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

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2 to make sure that we are managing that activity
3 properly.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you.

council Member GJonaJ: But I'm asking a specific question. And I'm hopeful that we can come up with, this is probably the most simplest of issues that we can address, a 24/7 live answer phone number. Wouldn't cost much. Sprint offers a \$25 a month unlimited phone calls, just [inaudible] to pick up.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I want to make sure that whatever solutions we put in, ah, will truly address the issue and in this case, you know, we have multiple productions so even if we have one person answering that phone we still have to reach the appropriate staff or the appropriate production. So I think, you know, at the moment the way that it's working is they're coming to Dean or myself and we know who's on the ground and which staffer is working on that production and that has been the most efficient way to resolve the issues immediately.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: So, Commissioner,
I appreciate that, Commissioner. So then based on

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2 what that statement that you just made, can I have a

list of the 40 permits that on average are issued 3

4 today that are going out in New York City, I'm

hopeful that someone can pull that out of the office. 5

I'd like to know how many officers are on those 6

7 permitted sites and who's responsive. And we can do,

and I can go as far as doing a quick test on any one

of these sites now and we can really have an 9

understanding of the breakdown. I'm really trying to 10

help shape the direction that we're going on and not 11

12 make it that much more difficult.

DEAN MCCANN: I'm sorry, will excuse me?

14 I'll call my office [inaudible].

> COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: That would be Absolutely. So while you're looking into the 40 permits to find out how many officers have been assigned to those sites right now, and we're so quick to respond at the City Council, hopefully there's one locally that a City Council staff member can run out

there now and see who's on site. We're good. 21

2.2 pass it back to my colleague in the meantime.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right, I'm going to have some more questions, but I want to just get

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some colleagues involved. My colleagues, CouncilMember Chin has some questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair. Thank you, Commissioner. We still have not met.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I know [inaudible].

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And in my district lots of production going on every single day. guys, we're the oldest part of Manhattan, everybody comes down there. I mean, I agree with you that the production, the film industry, is making a lot of contribution to our city. Everybody love to see their neighborhood in the movies and, you know, we love the revenues that's generated. But we just want to make sure that our neighborhoods are not, you know, getting disturbed constantly. Just to give you an example. Right here, not too far, on Reed Street between West Broadway and Church, just in this year film production was there three days in January, three days in February, they were there in March, they were there in May, and they're back again in September. And Reed Street is a very narrow street. And they also use that street as staging area. lot of family lives there, people, families with stroller, and it's just creating a havoc, and that's

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just one example. This goes on all over, Chinatown, Soho, Tribeca, financial district. Yeah, we all love Law and Order, OK, [laughs], but like come on, enough is enough, and I know that from your predecessor we can ask for a moratorium.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Um-hmm.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Right? So you could get a short break and then they come back again, and some of my colleague, you know, raise the issue about the disruption and all those wiring that you have to walk across and it's dangerous, because when I walk along my district I have to be very careful. Just a couple days ago there was a film shoot going on on Center Street. They're using one of the old building, but they took up the whole block, you know, with their trailers and all the wiring, all over. We have a lot of seniors in lower Manhattan and it's really dangerous, and so who is really doing the oversight? And that should not be my office.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: No, I agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: That's when the constituent calls and complain to us we have to do a lot of work. We have to call the production manager. We have to call NYPD. We have to call the NCO

of them are here today, because it is something that

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is really hurting their quality of life. Like it just can't be so often that they come in. And with the small businesses, there's a lot of disruption and film shoots happening not just during the day but also at night. I was in, it was a couple weeks ago, we were walking home. We usually just cross Columbus Park and we were told, no, you cannot cross because they're filming there. We had to go somewhere else.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Huh, OK.

of production company, big and small. Ah, oftentimes there are no bilingual staff. So one of your code of conduct talks about get to know the neighborhood.

Well, you know the neighborhood speaks Spanish or Chinese, you should have some staff politely tell people, ah, there's a production going on and you have to go this way. That goes a long way.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Rather than, there was one incident which my staff complained where somebody was making fun of the people and said, oh, why are they so scared of us, do they think that we're ICE?

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COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: We took the name of the person, we filed a complaint, he had to go to a sensitivity training session. I mean, it's kind of like you are in someone's neighborhood be nice.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Agreed.

the local businesses. And I know the complaint that we have, you know, from a lot of local businesses, they see the catering, that they have the big spread out there and mean while you've got all these local restaurants that the production company can patronize, and there are production company that does that.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: They give vouchers.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: You know, to the staff and they go and they support the local businesses. And that's great, and we should really mandate more of that. The other thing is that those humungous trailer, we have a law in New York City that you're not supposed to idle for more than five minutes. [applause] A lot of those trailers are idling and it's causing pollution. I mean, nobody is

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checking on that. But there were good production company. You know what they did? They actually rented some of the hotel rooms for their actors to change and do whatever they need to do so they don't have to have those big trailer. Right? And then there are good production company that actually go around, talk to the neighborhood, talk to the small business, and they do compensate the small businesses. So the good things do happen. There are, as you say, good actors, right, and we need more of those...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And maybe in your code of conducts or whatever you need to sort of encourage more of those. Because once you come into a neighborhood we want to make sure that everyone benefits, not just seeing the picture in the screen or the TV, but actually the small businesses can also benefit, you know, from the production, and sometimes there they're for a long time. So we really want to work with you and see how we can turn this positive thing into something that everyone...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: ...can benefit and so that my office will not get these constant complaint.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I know we have, I don't have the exact number, I'm sure we can look it up and I'm sure you can tell me in terms of District 1, lower Manhattan, the number of film shoots permit that was given out every year. I mean, you know we love our neighborhood but we do need a break.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And so does the moratorium there still go into effect? I mean, can neighborhood request a moratorium?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: We do put certain locations on hiatus, and that is a decision where, you know, we look closely at the circumstances because when we're doing them were obviously taking a location off the map for productions to film, but we have worked with your office to do that in certain cases. So there's a sort of number of factors that we look at when we are determining whether or not to put a neighborhood on hiatus and so we'll look at the amount of construction in the area, you know, road

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work, other activities that are happening in addition to production. Production is one of those factors.

But, yes, if there are specific issues in a community I would welcome the opportunity to discuss those with you so that we can figure if the [inaudible] is the appropriate way to go or if there are other ways that we can be staging and landing productions in your districts, and you are correct, I have yet to meet with you, but I will be coming to your office. It's, you know, I've been in office for five months and I've been trying to meet with everyone and so I will be coming to your office to have these conversations.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Well, we definitely look forward to meeting with you and thank you,
Chair, for hosting this meeting. My staff was so excited and they kept, you know, spreading the word out there and I think some of the testimony will come in because people's quality of life are, you know, being affected. But ultimately I think for our small businesses...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: There's so much ways that, I mean, I know your show is great. That should be all the small business. They should

ANN DEL CASTILLO: So one thing I just, I

want to be sure that I'm making clear to the council

is I really am committed to making this work. I

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really do want to make sure that we are working in lock step with you. I think we both share a desire to make sure that this industry works well and that we are minimizing the impacts to the communities. The best way for us to do that is to understand the specific needs of each of the communities and also to highlight the good actors and set them up as good examples. That is something that I have been doing in all of my conversations with productions as well as in my conversations with our colleagues in City Council. You know, some of the things that we've been talking about is really working with the productions to do outreach to the community boards, the borough president, the council members, and really be proactive in working with them from the start. You know, we do have a variety of productions that work in New York City. So I also don't want to be misunderstood that like every single production that comes to a community is going to reach out to your office because, truly, if they're only there for a day and like half a day or whatever that it's not the same kind of investment that we're looking at, but for those that have recurring locations or have big shoots, absolutely, we are going to be working

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with them more concertedly to make sure that they're working with you and us to address these concerns.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Well, to that, consumer, I think your office should require a checklist that is sent to the production companies and you have to get it back with the production company checking off each item that they actually completed, you know, notifying the community board, the local BIDs, LDCs, ah, and the council members, and just checking in, like checking in, like the council member said, to make sure that there's the outreach. Because, again, I want to recognize Council Member Levin, who just walked in, who has a lot of film shoots in his district, we know of that because I work in downtown Brooklyn. And I don't know if they're still shooting in Brooklyn Heights, which it was a hotbed for production and it actually I remember 2013 there was a caused problems. moratorium because the neighbors were just under constant film shoots.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: But I just want to move on to Council Member Barron, who actually has

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a couple of bills that we want to get your feedback on also, Commissioner.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you to the And I'll be brief because I have another chairs. committee hearing across the hall they I have to be in and they're ending soon. So my question will be very brief. Thank you for having the meeting prior. And in our meeting we talked about having a bill of rights, and you indicated that you do have a code of conduct which is presently in place which governs how it is that the film companies are supposed to conduct themselves. And what I'm saying to you a code of conduct is really targeted to the companies, and we're looking to establish a bill of rights which would be targeted and addressing the issues of the community and the residents. So what is your response to that?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: The code of conduct is in place for the productions to work well in the communities. The community bill of rights, while I certainly appreciate where that is coming from, each community is going to be different, and so my concern about codifying such a code is that we won't be able to deal with the specific needs of each of the

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communities. So I'm happy to look at that more closely. But I think what we really need to be focused on is enforcing the code of conduct to the specific needs of each of the communities, because...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Do you agree with the code of conduct is for companies?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: It's for the production...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Even though it's their behavior, right, production companies.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely.

council Member Barron: Right. A bill of rights is for individuals and community organizations. There's a different focus, there's a different target. So we perhaps can draw from this code of conduct, but I certainly believe that individuals in a community who have all the issues that are hearing about need to know there's a document specifically targeting what their issues and concerns are, and this bill of rights would be produced from your office and we would be able to have it with a comment period for 90 days after, we're allowing you to produce it because you're the office that does it, so we're asking you to draft it

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and then it would go to the community for a 90-day comment period and then it would be finalized. So it would draw in fact from the code of conduct, goes to film companies, but would focus on the individuals who are the people who are saying that they're being abused, they're not being respected, their communities are being, ah, left in conditions that are not appropriate. And yes, each community is different. But there's a generic basic understanding of what all communities are entitled to.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Right. Respectfully, Council Member, if the communities are feeling that they have, their rights haven't been respected, it would be because a code of conduct or...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Precisely.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: ...was violated.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Correct.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: And so that, I guess that's why I'm a little bit hesitant to understand the need for two documents governing the...

council MEMBER BARRON: Because this one is not what is in agreement between the media, your office, and residents. This is for film companies, and it says that the production manager signs this,

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communities have.

so even though it talks about the residents and what the film companies should do to respect the residents, there's nothing here that talks about residents knowing what their entitlements are. So that's the difference. And, again, I would think that this would serve as listing eight, ten, twelve, whatever, very precise entitlements residents and

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I think it would be helpful to go through and see how they track against each other and then, absolutely, I'm happy to...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: ...look at that with you.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Very good, thank
you. Um, and part of the issues that we're hearing
about is inability for traffic to go through because
these streets are designated. What provisions do you
make for school buses that might be needing to get
into that block to drop off children, or for AccessA-Ride with handicapped people to be able to get into
those blocks?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: When we're permitting productions we're not closing streets. We're

supposed to, is what's required.

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designating parking, but by and large there is supposed to be accessible pedestrian and traffic flow. The rare instances in which we will close a block is if there's going to be like an explosion or something where, you know, we are concerned about public safety, but there's, through traffic is

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: OK. OK.

DEAN MCCANN: Productions themselves aren't allowed to close streets.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: OK.

DEAN MCCANN: When we have a request like that, that's one of the scenarios where we would assign one of the movie unit police officers to be there and what we'll do, say there's a walk and talk with a show, the officer will intermittently hold traffic. But obviously if there's a school bus...

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: OK.

DEAN MCCANN: ...he'll pull that right through.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Great. And my second bill is a, that I'm proposing, is establishing a task force. We've heard about many of the situations and conditions that communities are being

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subjected to and this would establish a task force to, in a very organized way, look at all of the issues that exist and gather data for the situations and conditions that have been, um, brought forth and to suggest how communities might be able to benefit in some tangible way from the inconveniences that are done. For example, as has been said, local, local businesses, I believe it says that the film companies are encouraged to use local businesses. But perhaps if we have a task force we could explore how in fact we might want to set some minimal percentage or target or goal, we don't like to say, so we set a goal that we want to establish in terms of interacting and pouring some of that revenue directly back into the community that's being inconvenienced. So what is your opinion about that?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: So we did discuss this a bit and, you know, again, I appreciate the spirit of setting up such a task force. I think, however, given the resources of the agency I would prefer to see that, those resources focused on building the relationships in the communities so that we can address some of the concerns that the task force is looking to...

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Could that be a 3 part of what the task force would do?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I'm sorry?

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Your objective could be a part of what the task force would include in their study and in their research?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: When we're talking about a task force, are we talking about dedicating MOME resources to a particular team that would focus on those issues?

about representatives being appointed from the mayor, the public advocate, from your office, ah, to look at all of the problems that exist to gather data, to do a survey of the general public and local businesses in particular to see what it is that we can do that would bring some of the financial benefits that these companies are experiencing and set a way for the community to be able to benefit. We don't want to, when we spoke you said, well, we don't want to have an extortionist kind of policy. That's absolutely right. But a task force might look to examine what it is that economically we can these companies should

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2 ANN DEL CASTILLO: Um-hmm. We say no a lot actually.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: By the time you see a permit we've probably said no a lot.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Productions come to us with crazy ideas about what they want to do and so we spend a lot of time negotiating with them to make sure that we are landing productions appropriately.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Does your no involve simply curtailing to a shorter space the area that they need or to simply moving them out of the neighborhood that they've chosen?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: It really depends, and I'm not trying, you know, I mean, it really depends on the scenario. I mean, we've had productions that say that they want to shut down the Brooklyn Bridge because they want to do a chase scene. We're obviously not going to let them do that.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: We're not going to shut down the Brooklyn Bridge. There are certain areas of New York where productions just really can't

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function, depending on the size and scale of the production they won't work and so we will direct them to another location. But it really is a case by case basis and, but yes, we say no all the time and Dean can probably speak more to that.

We, um, deny thousands of DEAN MCCANN: proposals every year. But one of our philosophies is to work with the production. Sometimes it just needs a modification. Sometimes it needs a complete change of venue. We sort of adopt the same rationale as the police department, which is time, place, and manner, and if they don't satisfy those three criteria for us, you know, we'll work with the show or the feature film. I mean, we just did it with a Steven Spielberg They're making a remake of West Side Story. movie. Fifteen of their proposals they had for where they wanted to film giant dance sequences were all denied. So they readjusted. They rescouted, found the places that were appropriate that they could still execute the creative vision, but it wasn't going to be inconvenient or a huge traffic nightmare for the police department. So, you know, in answer to your question the only time we will really will flat out reject a permit is most often because they've come to

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the wrong agency. You know, we might have an entity that came to us because they're filming something, but what they're filming is a promotional event with branding and a marketing stunt. So in that circumstance we will flat out reject it and transfer them over to the Street Activity Permit Office so they can assess the appropriate fees and issue the permit, because that's their jurisdiction. So that's really the few circumstances that we reject, but we work to, you know, modify to make things work for our constituents, but also get the creative vision that they need for the show.

neighborhood, its community board or its council member should decide through its own conversations that they wanted its neighborhood, that neighborhood, to simply not have productions, not 12 days a year, not 20 days a year, but 365 days, just go somewhere else, don't come to our neighborhood, can they make that request to you and it be adhered to?

DEAN MCCANN: Sure.

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: Let me explain the grounds under which our hot spot policy is based.

Our hot spot policy is based on our film permit rules

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and the specific regulation is 43RCNY9-02B7, and that sets forth six grounds under which we may deny a film permit, and it's those grounds that inform the hot spot policy. I'm not going to read all of those grounds to you, but let me use one of those grounds to illustrate an example. One of the grounds is that use of the location would interfere unreasonably with the operation of city functions. So in some cases we know ahead of time, for example, that the New York City Department of Transportation is planning on doing road work in an area and we're able to forecast ahead of time that we'll have to deny any film permits that come in for that particular area. put that area on the hot spot list, and the hot spot list goes to production companies so that they know that they shouldn't apply for a permit in that area. There are fie other grounds in that rule that we consider, and so when we hear from communities we have to base our determination on whether to place an area on the hot spot list based on what the law says.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: What are those five grounds? Well, that's not the law, that's, just to be clear.

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COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: That's not the law, the law is the administrative code, that's your rule. Right? That's a promulgated rule of your agency.

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: A promulgated rule is a law.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: A promulgated rule is not a law. A promulgated rule is the interpretation of the agency and its right to create a rule based on the administrative code and the charter, but it can be changed by you any time, so let's hear what the other five rules are.

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: I'll explain...
COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK.

that may pose a danger or a threat to participants, onlookers, or the general public. The next is the location sought is not suitable because the proposed use cannot reasonably be accommodated in the proposed location. The date and time requested for a particular location is not available because one, a permit has been previously issued for such date and time, or two, the permit request is the subject of a

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new project account application, and then there's an internal site, or three, another city agency has issued a permit for such date or time. The fourth ground is that the film office has concluded based on specific information that the applicant is unlikely to comply with the material terms of the requested permit. The fifth is the use of the location or the proposed activity at the location would otherwise violate any law, ordinance, statue, or regulation.

And I've already explained the sixth one.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: OK. So if I were to tell you that I just don't want you to issue permits in my neighborhood, that's not covered by your rule.

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: No, it's no.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Would you consider adopting a rule that would say that any community board can declare itself a safe space from the, from the film production permitting issuance that you do?

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: The film permit rules take into consideration First Amendment rights of film makers that use the city streets.

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Just to, just to be clear, the First Amendment is not for commercial

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think...

purposes. The First Amendment is when Law and Order decides that it wants to shut down some streets because it wants to film an outdoor scene of Detective Stablers chasing somebody, there's no First Amendment in there.

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: There is a First Amendment right, and the city government can regulate First Amendment protected rights for the safety. But saying that there's no First Amendment right is incorrect.

neighborhood declare itself to be exempt from film production permitting with your support with a rule that says that any neighborhood that decides that it wants chart its own destiny and be exempt from having filming done in its neighborhood can so declare?

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: If you're, I

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Would your agency promulgate or consider promulgating such a rule?

LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: It would be irresponsible for me to sit here and tell you what we could or couldn't do without discussing.

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COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: All right. testimony indicates that filming produces, that the filming industry spends 9 billion dollars a year and produces 400 million dollars in tax revenue. I don't know where that 9 billion dollars a year gets spent, but I can tell you that when a company decides to shut down six blocks and take up six blocks of parking they don't use our dry cleaners, they don't use our caterers, they don't use our food stores, they don't use our local bodegas or groceries to even buy a Diet Coke. They spend no money in the neighborhood. They bring everything on their own. If anybody working on that scene wants to get a drink they don't walk into a store and buy a drink. walk into the truck and get their drink for free. They spend no money in the neighborhood. They just bring chaos. And I recognize that 9 billion dollars is a lot of spending to be done in the city and 400 million dollars in revenue is great to have on our books. But if you give me the city's budget and a red pen and a half hour I could save us 400 million dollars. So I'm not that concerned with whether or not we lose 400 million dollars in revenue. But I am concerned with some of what I've seen in my time in

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office and on a community board for 18 years before I took office, when they come into a neighborhood they don't bring anything but bad. They just don't. And maybe in other neighborhoods they bring excellent. But in my neighborhoods when they show up they're not bringing anything good with them. They're just bringing chaos. They're bringing, they're bringing loss of parking. They're bringing it at times that are inconvenient to our neighborhoods for not just, for terms of permanent operation of a neighborhood like any other neighborhood in the city, but also because that, you know, if they want to film on a Saturday people have to move their cars in some parts of my neighborhood on Friday, and find parking, and we've had, as you know, situations, I don't know if, it wasn't actually under you, it was under your predecessor, where the signage went up so late that people had already parked their cars on Friday and then sundown comes and they're no longer in a position to move. Here comes the signs, here come the tow-trucks, and the cars are gone, and come Saturday and all the great cameras are showing up, so that's a problem and I'm not blaming you for it, but what I'm saying is that I think that if they just

	AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS
2	simply stayed out of some neighborhoods that were
3	declared safe spaces then I think we could alleviate
4	a lot of this problem, and I'm not suggesting that
5	they all go camp out in Council Member Chin's
6	district either, but these are our streets, they're
7	not their streets. These streets belong to the
8	taxpayers of the city. They don't belong to the film
9	production companies. I'm a big, big fan of Law and
10	Order. And I recognize how much of what they do is
11	on the streets of New York City. I just don't want
12	them to film in my neighborhood. And I think that we
13	ought to be able to figure a way to make certain
14	residential neighborhoods exempt from the burdens
15	that come along with the permitting that you issue
16	and if you're not able to promulgate a rule that
17	would allow a community board to chart its own
18	destiny and to make its neighborhood safe from the
19	obstructionism that comes along with these, ah, with
20	these productions then perhaps we ought to consider
21	that here in the council, because I don't agree with
22	your assessment that a statue or a rule along those
23	lines would violate the United States Constitution.
24	That wasn't really a question, so I'm good. Mr.

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2 Chairman, thank you very much for your time. I yield 3 back.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Council Member. Council Member Ayala.

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: Hi, good afternoon, Commissioner. I actually did have the pleasure of meeting with you just yesterday. Um, my question, really, I just, I want to just piggyback on Council Member Yeger's comment about the small businesses not really making any money when these production sites are in our communities. believe that is an accurate statement and I don't know what if anything you'd be able to do about it, but I think, you know, we definitely want to go on record to say that we support our small businesses and we encourage and hope that anyone that's patronizing or using our streets as a means of, you know, promoting anything, ah, it's also helping, you know, those local businesses to thrive. I wonder, however, regarding the small businesses, there is some compensation that is provided to small businesses by some of the production companies when they're on a specific block. Do you know how the

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amount of, the amount that that compensation equals out to is negotiated? Is that by neighborhood?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: It varies from production to production. You know, the productions have their own budgets and so it depends on, you know, what the production is able to do in specific communities. So as I mentioned the size and scale and scope of the productions that we're permitting range in size and so those are business decisions on the part of the productions. That said, however, we have been, we have had a number of success stories where we've worked with the productions to really work with the neighborhoods to do walk-away lunches, to hire locally. You know, we've had a couple of productions just in the recent, um, recent months that have been very effective at doing that, and so what we are doing is working with them and having them model that the other productions that are coming in.

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: I guess because my concern is that one of the complaints that I have, I actually, these came to mind after our meeting yesterday, from the small businesses is the compensation equals to a couple of hundred dollars.

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And the loss of revenue is a lot higher than that for a day's worth of work. And so I think that there needs to be more oversight to ensure that, you know, whatever compensation is equal to whatever the loss of revenue is for the day for that business, and every business is different.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: But I'm also concerned about what the compensation looks like for street vendors, because they're also impacted by these, ah, these productions and they get even less compensation than the brick and mortar businesses.

So I wonder, that's a conversation that you've had at any point and if there is any plan to kind of address this?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you, and I do appreciate the picture of what's happening in your district and that's why again I think it's really important for us to engage in these one-on-one discussions so that we can really get a clearer picture of what's happening in these different neighborhoods. I can't stress enough it's always a challenge to figure out how to do street activity in this city that has so many diverse neighborhoods and

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I think the best approach to that is to really work hand in hand with you to see how we can address those when we are landing a production in your specific community, because the needs in that community may look very different in another one and we just want to make sure that we're calibrating appropriately and that we're being flexible in our approach, so that we can have a better win situation for everyone involved.

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: So I would add if the code of conduct sheet was shared with my colleagues, there are 51 of us, I think that only a few of us that sit on this committee, it would be really helpful. It would have been helpful to me two years ago to have a better understanding of what this was and how it impacted my community, and the, you know, the last comment is really around the schools and I would ask that special sensitivity be given to production companies that are granted permits around schools. A lot of my schools company that they lose parking during the day. A lot of our school teachers, unfortunately, travel far to be able to teach at these schools and parking is very limited as is. So when production companies come in and take up

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what little bit of space we do have available, it poses a huge problem for our, you know, our public school teachers and so I would ask that you please, please, please consider that when you're issuing permits between schools, that the schools' operational hours.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely. And I'm going to, I do want my colleague to talk more specifically about that. But one thing that I think is just important to realize is that when my team is permitting productions throughout the city they're just looking at a map, right? But that map doesn't tell us what's on the block necessarily and it doesn't tell us even the ebb and flow, because you could still say that there's a school, but maybe it's a school that doesn't, that's like under renovation or something like that and we don't know, so again this is why, like I can't stress enough, like the conversations I've had with each of you and that I will continue to have with each of you are really critical, and it's not just me. My team is getting to know each of the communities are well. We are, you know, restructuring the office a bit to ensure that we can engage in these ongoing conversations to

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really better understand what's happening on the ground. But, that said, I think it would be helpful to have Dean talk about the schools question in particular.

DEAN MCCANN: We are very hypersensitive about productions around schools. One of the things that we do, and it comes with all authorized parking. You know, we have a show that just, um, vouchered all the district attorneys' parking so they could film in a [inaudible]. When they submit a permit and it says request permission to clear this street, they have to stipulate on the permit what the parking regs are, no standing, 7 to 7 commercial vehicles, and if there's any authorized parking on that request and it references that they're trying to take school parking in order for us to sanction that that have to get the principal to sign off on it, and then what the production do with either voucher all the teachers to go into a parking lot and pay for that, or what sometimes we do so it's not inconvenient, like not every neighborhood has parking lots, so what we'll do is we'll allocate a different space for the teachers to relocate to that's within striking distance of the school, but only if the school approves it.

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COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: I think that the issue is that the keyword here is authorized parking. And not the city no longer issues authorized parking for schools, and so if a school had a limited, maybe four or five spaces in front of the school building that's all that they have, but it doesn't mean that the school teachers are not parking in the immediate vicinity of that school building. So I, I don't know how you would be able to ascertain whether or not you're, you know, displacing teachers because if you're only looking at the authorized parking criteria then it's flawed.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: OK, so that's a circumstance in which it would be helpful to sort of sit with you, as we're sort of looking at production that's landing in that neighborhood to work with you to figure out what is a more viable alternative to stage that parking.

COUNCIL MEMBER AYALA: Yeah, thank you, I appreciate it.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: We've been joined by Council Member Levine, and I want to recognize now for questions Mark Levin, I mean Steve Levin.

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much, Chair. Hi, Commissioner, how are you, to see you all. Um, I just want to ask about the legislation that I am sponsoring, 158, related to the, ah, updating the fees for permits to film on city property. Can you explain a little bit, and I apologize for arriving late. Can you explain a little about the fee structure...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Sure, yes.

that we see is that, as Dean mentioned before, West Side Story, Steven Spielberg, very large production, um, ah, they are able to afford to be able to pay, you know, reasonable fees or, um, for the size of the production, and also there are film shoots that have to get permits as well that are student productions or independent productions that are much smaller, and it's my understanding that they are, the same fee applies to, um, permits of all size, and so that doesn't, you know, obviously that doesn't quite make a lot of sense, and in reality because of the tax benefit, ah, that is provided to the film industry, which I think has been very successful in ensuring that the film industry stays in New York and has been

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able to grow in New York, but as a result we are, um, because of where the fees are now we're not really seeing the revenue generated to the city in a way that is, um, you know, is really commensurate with the size of the, of the film economy basically. So if you would speak to that a little bit.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: There are two, I'd like to make two points in response to your question, and thank you, it's been great working with you to sort of troubleshoot these issues because you do have a lot of them in your district, I recognize.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Yes, yes.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Could you pull the mic a little closer?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I'm sorry, yes, yes, sorry, I'm not really used to being on this side of the camera, microphone, what have you. But with respect to the tax credit, I think it's important to note that the New York State tax credit is unique and actually very thoughtful in the way that it was set up because it is set up to reimburse below the line costs, and what that means in production speak is we're not paying for luxury items for like the A list, like whatever, like chocolate habit. We are

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paying for, we are incentivizing the creation of jobs, so below the line costs, it's like your grips, your electrics, your hair and makeup and wardrobe and all of the people that build the sets and learn really strong trades and that can then turn around and make significant investments in their communities right here in New York City. So I think it's one of the stronger credits that I've seen. In terms of the fees, you know, the fees we recognize and I totally appreciate and I'm looking forward to working with you on this bill, because our fee structure was set up over 10 years ago and at that time we were just trying to draw production to New York and there hadn't been any fees, um, if any of you were here I think you'll remember there was a pretty significant discussion around it because there was a question about how we were going to structure the fees in a way that was fair and equitable, to take into access the huge diversity of film making that occurs here in New York. The way that they arrived at the fee was that it was an application fee. It's not a permit fee on property. It's an application, it's a processing fee for the actual permit application and so we do recognize, my office has recognized it, we

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need to revisit that. We're in a totally different time now. I think the studios have recognized as well. We need to revisit that and so we have been working very closely with Legal because there are certain legal requirements for what we can charge in terms of fees.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Budgetary requirements, justifications that we have to make, and so we are absolutely in support of that and look forward to working with you on that. The amount and the structure and how that gets set...

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right, right.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I think we do need to take into account the legal requirements, the budgetary policy, as well as how the industry functions and how the city functions, so that we can make sure that it's appropriately structured.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Great, great, because certainly we don't want anything to be arbitrary and it shouldn't be up to just one person's judgment about, you know, how much a production should be, ah, should be paying for an application.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Correct.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: But at the same time, you know, we do recognize that there's a large economy here and it is using public resources and, ah, in light of that it's, the city is, you know, the entity of the public in this instance and so it makes sense to...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I agree, there does need to be restructuring of it for sure. We've been working on that. I look forward to sharing those notes with you and Chairman Holden...

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: ...to see how we can move that conversation along. Um, you know, I think, look, at the end of the day everybody wants a certain level of predictability, right?

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Um-hmm.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: The industry wants it, we want it, as New Yorkers we want to know what to expect and I think by revisiting that structure and coming up with a sound structure we can do that.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: That would be great. And I look forward to also working with the industry as well, because obviously they're an

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 87 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS
2	important part of this conversation, so thanks so
3	much.
4	ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: OK, Council Member
6	Levine.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: If I just may,
8	Chair, I just want to know whenever you have that
9	information that was requested?
10	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I have, um, I have
11	it.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: OK, then I'm
13	going to come back to you. I just want to make sure
14	you have it.
15	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Oh, I have it.
16	[laughter]
17	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you so much
18	Chairs Holden and Gjonaj for convening this very
19	important hearing, and great to see you again,
20	Commissioner. You know, I represent a district in
21	northern Manhattan that may be home, if not the most
22	productions, certainly one of the most heavily used
23	by the production industry. I also represent a
24	district which is home to, I would estimate,

thousands of people who work in this industry as

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well. Not the big executive types, but, ah, union members, people who are on the job, for whom this is really a wonderful and meaningful career. So on the one hand I, I'm always pushing for ways to lessen the impact on neighborhoods where these productions are taking place, whether it's, I know, smaller trucks, ah, whether it's turning to local merchants for food as opposed to bringing everything in, um, finding ways to bring local young people in, ah, as mentors and protegees to learn about this incredible industry. I think there's a lot we can do and should do to continue to push, ah, to reduce the adverse impact on communities and expand the benefits. And there are good productions which have done this. just finished in the Heights, uptown, and it was a very large-scale production. I think it went on for like two months. It was pretty intense. But they really did a good job at community outreach and, um, we had very, very few complaints relative to most productions of that size. Regarding some of the legislation here today, I know that he's gone, I do commend, ah, Council Member Levin for reconsidering the fee structure and I have no problem with charging Steven Spielberg a little bit more to process the

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paperwork. But I would be really sensitive to the impact on smaller productions, and to the possible inconsistency in a city where we have the policy of tax credits to the tunes of hundreds of millions of dollars to promote the growth of the industry here, but on the other hand looking to increase fees feels a little contradictory. And then regarding the proposal Intro 1700, which would require a 14-day advisory period, um, what little I know about the production industry, man, that's going to be really hard to implement in practice. [applause] Um, I mean, these guys are working with scripts that are being written three time zones away in LA often, where the changes can be day to day. That can totally impact a production schedule. These folks are dealing with weather conditions and a storm might up-end the filming schedule and you don't have 14 days accurate weather forecasts. I would be worried that this would be the kind of thing that would push some people to produce in other cities.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes. [applause]

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: And I don't think

any of us want that. I don't think there's any

council member or any, ah, person who cares about the

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them.

city who wants that. I love Toronto. I don't want this film production going to Toronto. Again, I think we can work around the margins to find ways to lessen impacts on neighborhoods. But I just worry that a 14-day advisory period would have severe unintended consequences. And I don't know if the administration has taken a position. I didn't see any remarks. I apologize, I didn't hear you deliver

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: And I actually do share your concerns about the 14-day notification period. Um, we are a television town and television functions on a very different schedule. The benefit of being in a television town is that they are regular jobs, like the schedule is more regular than, say, features. That's not to say I don't want features to come in. We had three lovely features that came in and created a lot of job opportunities for New Yorkers. But as television is more serialized and more regular that provides, again, a level of predictability for New Yorkers to have jobs and support their local economy. I think it's

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probably better, as some of my colleagues will tell, some of the, ah, our partners in industry can attest to the fact that the way that television works is, ah, the demands for content are so great now, ah, particularly in the streaming, and that's what I'm hearing across the board. It's not just New York. It's in LA, but it's worldwide this demand for content is happening and decisions about productions are being made very quickly. The turnaround time on these is very quick. So someone today is writing a script for what they're going to shoot in a week, right? And so we're working with them to figure out how they're going land that. Fourteen days will definitely kill the industry. I mean, I just, I can't mince words about that. That's not how television works and they will go away. And I definitely don't want to see that. I also understand that communities want a level of predictability and certainty about when productions are going to happen. And that is why we have tailored the notification period to when we know things are going to happen with utmost accuracy. I know we don't like to be inconvenienced in New York and so I don't want people to be making plans unnecessarily to change things up

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only to have that shift later on and so the 48 hours that we provide is in line with a lot of our other city projects that happen. A lot of street activities are permitted within that timeframe and then in terms of industry practice that is the standard for these kinds of productions. That allows us to be sure that what's going to happen within that time period, we can predict the weather a little bit better, we can be sure that when we're telling communities that this is going to happen that it's really going to happen. So thank you for that.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: OK, I appreciate you saying that, and I'll wrap up. I'm just, I'm glad that, Mr. Chairman, we have the Small Business Committee here as well because there's a whole ecosystem of small businesses around this and, um, you know we're wringing our hands a lot right now in the City Council about how hard it is...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: ...for small business in New York City today, and we shouldn't be making it any tougher, and so I do want to go on record with my opposition to the 14-day, ah, requirement and I do appreciate your thoughts on this

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2 and I want to thank both the chairs for allowing me 3 to go a little bit longer on time.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you,

Commissioner, and thank you to the chairs.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: We see other cities, though, for three- to five-day requirement. understand that. Ah, but the 14-day is really an offshoot of the lack of oversight from the administration. Again, it's putting the small businesses on the frontlines to take the brunt of the, any impact of filming for several days in front of their businesses. So this is, again, we have to look at extending it. It has to be longer than the 48 hours because we're not getting cooperation from MOME or the administration and we're not getting the outreach from the production companies, which we established is in your code of conduct yet it's, I never get a call from a production company. Maybe you do. Maybe other council members do. But we haven't heard one today that gets a regular call from a production company in advance of shooting, which is required. So that, you're seeing now a reaction from council members who are saying something needs to be

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You don't have that?
3 OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You wanted to say something on the numbers, right? Council Member Gjonaj.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Chairman. I would really hope that in preparing for this type of hearing, the first of its kind, again that we would be prepared with, if we approved 14,500 how many were applied for and how many were denied.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Actually, can I, so at the point which someone applies for a permit that's really at the end of the conversations that we've had. It's not, it's a little bit difficult to explain, but it's not like I want to make a film, I'm going to go New York, I'm just going to file a permit. Like there's so much information that the permit requires that they have to have conversations with our office before they actually file that application. Um, there's insurance requirements, there's a whole host of requirements that go into submitting that application. So at the point at which they're submitting their application they're

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actually, like we've ironed out most of the issues that they're going to, it's not like the application would get rejected. The project proposal would get rejected before the application even gets submitted.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Do you think we have enough time to figure out how many applications were denied in all of 2018?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: But that's what I'm saying, there's no denial of an application because at the time that they're applying for the permit any proposals that we would have rejected we've already rejected. They're not going to apply for a permit unless they know that they're going to get a permit, and the only way that they're going to know that they get a permit is if they have a conversation with our office to iron out all of those details.

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Then I'm not understanding.}$

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, me too.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So when they make, would they actually notify you of the intent of and the desire to apply for a permit?

DEAN MCCANN: Well, there's multiple phone calls that will take place, you know, we want

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to do a driving sequence. Um, can you recommend where we could do it, or they'll present a scenario where they want to do the driving sequence. Then they'll go scout it with NYPD. NYPD might set forth conditions. NYPD might say no, we're going to do it on this avenue instead of this avenue. Then they have a production meeting in our office, you know, weeks before they start production. We'll sit there with a one-liner that breaks down every shooting day for the film. They'll present maps. They'll show where they want to park, what's for picture. that production meeting we may look at everything and say, ah, no, I know this block well, in Councilman Chin's block, and, um, it's not going to be a place we're going to let you park. Or they may have proposed something that was in our hot zone. So we're going to tell them at the production meeting that's not going to work. Sometimes NYPD actually comes to the meeting if it's a complex job, you know, like in the Heights or West Side Story, so they can get answers in real time. So by the time, like the Commissioner said, by the time they actually press submit they've already had their proposals modified

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to a place that works for our constituents, works for our office, and gets them their creative.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I don't want to cut you short. Have you identified earlier on that there are some bad actors?

DEAN MCCANN: Bad actors?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Yes.

DEAN MCCANN: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: What have you done to go after those bad actors? Have they been blackballed? Have they...

DEAN MCCANN: Well, you know...

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: ...} \mbox{been informed that} \\ \mbox{they'll no longer get a...}$

DEAN MCCANN: I mean, years, you know, one extreme example was, you know, we don't let, sanction crew cars on the set, and we had a very big movie and we revoked their permits and we wouldn't let them film in New York the next day, which cost them about \$450,000. The thing you have to remember, too, is that, you know, these shows are not one-offs. They're here 26 episodes. They're on the ground for 10 months. If they mess up on Monday they're going to have a hard time working with us.

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2 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Mr.

3 McCann. Did you get that list of today's permits?

DEAN MCCANN: Yes, I was just going to email it to you. I was hoping that there was a show like Law and Order filming right around the block on 60 Center Street that we could go work at, or look at, that an officer was assigned to. I'm sending it to you now. Um, everything is uptown. Columbus Avenue, 78th Street, but I'm emailing it to you right now, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So how many permits are there currently issued for today?

DEAN MCCANN: Um, I'll tell you in one second. Do you want that list also? It's pretty significant. Or do you want me to just count them out?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Just give me a number, and then we hope to verify it on your portal, but.

DEAN MCCANN: How many? 58? 58 permits were issued for today. There's another part to this, though, is you have a show, and I'll use Law and Order because their name has come up several times.

But we issue one permit per day per job. But

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them, or three locations on it. You know, Law and Order shoots interior bodega, then they come outside, they do a walk and talk a block away, exterior in a brownstone, and then they might company move to their stage on Chelsea Piers. So the numbers are deceiving. It's not something that we wanted, but that's how the programmers of the citywide event database created it years ago.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Of the, you emailed me the 58, because we're going to try to figure how to evaluate those 58 permits, and I have staff standing by that are willing to run out to one of the sites and illustrate what they see live stream and then I'll show you the breakdown.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: You know, I think...

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: This is the importance of, and I'm not vilifying, Commissioner, the industry. I want to point out again we identified a problem and now it's about solutions.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: And if we can't get a 24/7 live person to answer that phone to address any of the issues and concerns it is a breakdown. Of

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the 58 I dare to imagine how many of them have notified the community board. How many of them have notified the City Council, the block and merchant associations in which they are filming at least 48 hours in advance of the shoot.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: I am reasonably confident that you will see a noticeable change within this next six months of my tenure here. have, as I said, made a concerted effort to meet with each of you to understand the needs of the communities to work with production to be more proactive and, ah, just knowing the industry, I know how it works and so I feel like I can be a good partner both with our productions to make sure that they're being good neighbors as well as with you because I care about the city and I want to make sure, and I, actually I want to correct that dichotomy. Because production does care about the city. That's why they're here. They're here for the local talent. They're here for the culture. They're here because they want to be here. There could be many other jurisdictions that they are in and they've chosen New York, which is not an easy place, as we've said, right? And so my task at hand is to make sure

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that we make this an industry that works for everyone in the same way that we present. Those are not anomalies. We have two, at least 2000 small businesses that are working with productions, and I would love to create an environment in which the small businesses that are impacted by this can be positively impacted. And that is my goal, is to work with you towards that vision.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I appreciate that and that's what I'm looking for. So in the next, or the next version of the code of conduct in big bold letters it should say shop local, support small businesses. I would imagine that would be in their best interest as well. But as I look at that last, and I'm sure the chair has other questions, we'll be looking at the issue. And if 311 is the answer or the number that's posted is the answer and we clearly identified it is not working, then the definition of insanity comes to question, doing the same thing over and over again, expecting a different result and we don't want that. And I embrace the industry. just need them to be partners and that's going to require all of the stakeholders, including your the production companies, community boards, office,

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residents, small businesses, BIDs, merchants' associations, schools and houses of worship, and everyone else working together to make sure that we all benefit, that the hardships or burdens aren't placed on any one particular individual or business or community. That's the intent of this hearing and the purpose of the bills.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: And I appreciate the opportunity to have this be the beginning of this conversation with you, so thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I just want to ask a question on the 311 complaints. You mentioned how many complaints were registered on 311?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: We received less than 900, 900 inquiries through 311.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: There were 300 complaints on the permit, the 14,500 permits?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Some of them may have not been complaints. But, yes, for sake of argument, yes.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: But you determined they were complaints about the film shooting or production or trucks or whatever, right?

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days, 48 hours.

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Two days, no, the 3 length of the permit.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: The permit? The length of the permit. Ah, I thought it was 30 days.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Like in LA it'll be 14 days, the whole permit for shooting will be 14 days max, right?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yup, 14 days and something like 10 locations or something like that. I'm sure my, I'm sure the industry represented here could speak to the specifically.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Are we, OK, so.

DEAN MCCANN: One of the things that's been discussed for a while, and this almost was executed during a previous administration, they just didn't get to it in the end, was adopting a timeframe similar to what you're talking about, so that, you know, the job that's here for a two-day commercial isn't paying, is paying the same thing, but the job that shoots 365 days a year, the Today Show, or the Colbert Show for CBS, the permits would only be valid 14 days. I think it's something I saw from the council you wanted 30 days. So it's one of the conversations that the Commissioner has been having.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yeah.

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THIN DEE CHOTTEEC. Team.

DEAN MCCANN: When evaluating changing the fee schedule, having it end at a certain duration, which is much more appropriate than just paying once and being able to shoot for 26 episodes for 10 months.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: And that is what I was referencing when I was saying that we are looking at how to structure that, like setting time limits, setting locations, something like, and so we've been really working closely on that and hope to have a proposal soon.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So just on, what's the usual cost for your office to review and process a film permit?

ANN DEL CASTILLO: The standard application, the standard processing fee is \$300 per permit.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, that's just the fee. But what's the, what's the cost to your office, to actually the personnel to work on it?

Let's say an individual working for three hours, two hours?

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LAURIE BARRETT PETERSON: We're in the 2 3 process of collecting information in order to determine those costs and, um, there's a significant 4 5 body of case law that governs how governmental entities may set their regulatory fees. So we're 6 7 following the process that has been set up for every, every city agency, through OMB. We're looking at the 8 direct cost, the executive costs, administrative 9 costs, office space and utilities and other agency 10 costs, and where we've collected a lot of that 11 12 information but we don't yet have the final average, ah, fee per permit yet. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK, but the \$300

permit, how long has that been in effect? Is it...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: That's what I mean, sorry, sorry. That's been in effect since, for over 10 years and that's why we had...

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, so it's time...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: ...undertaken to review it. Yes, no, it's absolutely time, we are in full agreement on that.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: \$800 would not be an unreasonable fee.

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ANN DEL CASTILLO: Again, we need to make sure that it calibrates to all of these costs, because \$800, I'm not, I would be interested to have a conversation with you to see how those, that amount was arrived at, um, because we need to take into access the various types of productions that are happening, the length of time the productions are happening, what are the appropriate fees we can charge as a city according to these rules. So I am in full support of restructuring. I would be interested to have a conversation with your office to understand how the \$800 figure was arrived at.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: But we are absolutely in agreement that we need to review and restructure the fees.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And I would hope that, um, with all this money coming into the city from these film shoots that some of the money, or a good portion, would go to your office, um, to have more personnel work on these and then, um, I think everybody would be happier if there was better oversight.

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Do you have any 3 other?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Chair.

Just because for the sake of time and we have others that we really want to hear from...

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I look forward to working with you to make this experience beneficial to all stakeholders and sometimes it doesn't take much more than communication for the general public, and as we figure out what notice could possibly be given in advance, as well as to the fee structure, which I would imagine would be dependent on potentially the size of the shoot, is it a not-forprofit, is it a college student, should be in consideration. It shouldn't be a blanket approach. So a silver screen production coming into the great city of New York shouldn't be in the same permit price as a college student from around the corner that's looking to do something to help promote the business that they're looking to start. There's considerations that we're looking forward. So I look forward to continuing our meetings and discussions.

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2 ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you very much.
3 Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And I'll echo that.

We'll work with your office, and we, we're already
hearing good things from your office, so it's
encouraging. Thanks, Commissioner, and thanks,
panel, for your testimony.

ANN DEL CASTILLO: Thank you for the time.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right.

DEAN MCCANN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right, the next panel, we're going to hear from the community, residents, and civic. First Nancy Sogozarich, I hope I'm pronouncing that right, Jeffrey Elkin, and Mark Amruso. We're going to do, because we do have to exit this room by one, so we're going to put a two-minute clock on your testimonies, so try to summarize.

UNIDENTIFIED: Oh, yeah.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Nancy, do you want

23 | to begin?

24 NANCY SOGOZARICH: Sure, I'll formalize

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UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you, all right.

NANCY SOGOZARICH: So I guess, um, I had a whole speech written but a lot came up during the meeting that I wasn't aware of about the rules and regulations, which is my major issue with the filming in my area. Um, I feel safety for me is the biggest concern since they're not following the rules. It's, it's not all of the production companies. I am a major supporter of the production in my area. I was, and all my neighbors hate me for it and now I'm here speaking on their behalf, since we are being harassed. I, when I make 311 complaints that I don't how are logged because it's for the illegal standing, the idling trucks, the garbage, the trespassing on our property, we have a private alley and they just drive right through, speeding, my kids are out there playing. Um, the issues are so many. But I want to get back to, I know you guys spoke about a few things that I want to make a point filming, OK. You said you're supposed to know two days before. Do you know they're filming today, Councilman Holden? Do you know that they're filming today by Broadway Stages? OK. So are they allowed to take the parking spots from the neighborhood? How many hours before their

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permit? Because 10:00 p.m. around the corner while I was walking in, they're taking the parking and no standing zones. I thought that no standing means no standing. Are they allowed to park in no standing? Because then maybe my community doesn't have an issue. But how are fire trucks going to make the We are on a street where there is no, a truck restriction. When these trucks come down the block they can't turn because people parked in no standing. They're idling next to a 90-year-old woman's home. And it's not all the crews. But how are we going to track the bad crews? Do they have a process of evaluating these production companies? These are things that I want enforced. I want to be able to call 104 and know that I'm going to be able to talk to them and Holden's office and my community board. I'm getting no help for the past three years. I have thousands of complaints. I've sent your office over 85 photos this week on my own lunch hours. help. This is ridiculous. Am I up?

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, no, thank you, and I, you know, we share your frustration and that's why you heard today about not being receptive at MOME and not listening enough.

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NANCY SOGOZARICH: Yeah, I mean...

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: But this is, this is, we're bringing, we're on your side on that one because we do get a lot of complaints in my office about that.

NANCY SOGOZARICH: How do we track it as citizens? Like the permits, what website do I know that they're coming? There's multiple crews at multiple times. They misuse the permits. They make multiple copies. They're extending their boundaries. All these things, we just need compliance. We need oversight and we need compliance so we can work together.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK. Thank you. Jeffrey?

JEFF ELKIND: Good afternoon, members of the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Technology. I'm here today in my capacity as the president of the Ridgewood Property Owners and Civic Association. My name is Jeff Elkind. I didn't think I was going to share this before I heard this morning's testimony, but I happened to be an attorney licensed here in New York and I've spent the better part of my career working with Deloitte and a number

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of the big four consulting firms on administrative governance of regulatory agencies and their capacity to conduct risk-based supervision and oversight. And that was the last thing that I thought was ever going to come up even tangentially this morning. But what I really want to talk to you, at least for now about, is my experience and our community's experience with the film industry. And Ridgewood and the communities in Queens Community Board 5 are certainly proud of our newfound cinematic popularity, especially with the film industry. That being said, in the past year we've been experiencing too much of a good thing. And actually it used to be a good thing. It is no longer. We've become a filming hot spot by any definition of that term and, just as a quick aside, what I heard earlier described as a sliding definition of hot spot doesn't seem to match any definition of hot spot I've seen by comparing filming, film production legislation in other cities, either in Canada or elsewhere in the United States. So we don't have a hot spot definition, certainly one that's not operable here in New York. What we're seeing is an unacceptable increase in the number of frequency of large-scale film shoots. I'm going to

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just, I'm going to do a quick rocket list of the types of issues and challenges we've identified with respect to film production in our communities. These require greater scrutiny, and I can provide this in email form after today's testimony so you can have it in writing. Again, these are observations simply by what I see on the ground in Ridgewood over the past five years.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right, we have to wrap it up, so could you summarize?

JEFF ELKIND: Yeah. The permitting process is broken. The Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment appears unable to officially manage the permitting process or conduct effective oversight.

In fact, from what I've seen, personal experiences with filming, there's no oversight, period.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Can I ask you how long do you think you have to testify, because if it's lengthy you could submit it in writing.

JEFF ELKIND: I can do that.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: We have 15 more people signed up to testify.

JEFF ELKIND: Right.

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2 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: And each one is 3 suppose to get no more than three minutes.

you the headlines, just so you know what's coming?

Hot spots, I don't think the Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment knows where the hot spots are in the city. We are certainly one they have no clue, from our perspective. Poor communication, lack of advance notice, basically notice comes usually two or one, sometimes negative one days after, after the.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK, well, but we have to summarize, Jeff. By the way, is anybody from the Mayor's Office, MOME, here? You're, OK, thank you. So you're listening. OK. Thank you.

JEFF ELKIND: I'll just give you the three headlines.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right. One more. Hurry up, quickly.

JEFF ELKIND: OK. Ineffective no parking signage. The signage doesn't mean what it says and it doesn't say what it means. Common abuses of the permitting process. Scope creep, where production companies sort of applied. Print more signs. And

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 11' AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS				
2	they expand them down adjacent streets. Other fun				
3	and abuses are just making it up.				
4	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And we talked about				
5	these today.				
6	JEFF ELKIND: Yeah, unauthorized,				
7	unauthorized filming.				
8	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK, all right, thank				
9	you, thank you, all right. Next.				
10	JEFF ELKIND: And the last item is				
11	Mayor's Office transparency. They don't have the				
12	right information technology systems to manage what				
13	they're supposed to do.				
14	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Exactly, thank you,				
15	Jeff.				
16	JEFF ELKIND: Thank you for letting me				
17	finish up.				
18	MARK AMRUSO: Good morning. My name is				
19	Mark Amruso. I'm a 30-year Tribeca resident. I'm				
20	also a member of Community Board 1 in lower				
21	Manhattan. I'm just going to wear the community				
22	board hat for one second. I was asked by my co-chai				
23	to submit a resolution that we dealt with this				
24	subject on the issue of parking. It's from June				

2018. That's in your packet there. We're also going

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to take up this issue about the Intro, ah, Intro administrative codes in our [inaudible] committee in, um, next money. So we'll have more information for you on that. Now my personal testimony. I, ah, I was a former location manager so I have a little bit of insight into, into, ah, you know, what was said, and I hope we have continuing hearings on this as well going forward. Of course, acknowledged because of that that the film industry does supply a lot of jobs and sometimes I have to fend off the residents. I always get the phone calls when there are issues because I have the experience that, listen, you know, these guys are mostly local folks that are working, small businesses and that, all that, but there's also a balance. Ah, there are a lot of good film companies but there are also some bad ones. Ah, you mentioned Billions. We actually had a good experience with them. We had a bad experience with the FBI show. But, ah, personally regards to the local laws I support all of them, but there was a note about the 14-day notice. You have to define what special means, the definition of special parking. Um, now consequently, like it's been mentioned, that CB1, like other districts and

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neighborhoods of quality of life disruptions, ah, equipment trucks, cars being towed, ah, additionally alternate side parking has been taken away. Um, and just one thing about MOME, the Mayor's Office on Film, ah, we have a good relationship with them. They'll, they'll get back to us, it's better than most agencies actually, so just, you know, a little beat up a little bit here, but, but I think they're just, they are, um, um, I think overwhelmed by the bureaucracy and things need to change. So I'll be quick with the last two points. I think these two points, and this is addressed actually in our CB1 resolution, ah, that can assist some of the topics you're talking about. Point one - film production companies must have a justification for taking away alternate side street parking for non-filming purposes and that this justification requiring be a question that is added to the permit application. This should be citywide. We got a rejection letter from their office about this, but I think they misunderstood. They thought that it would just be special for the CB1 district. But we want it citywide. And these, these need to be policies and procedures that you've got to put in your

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testimony.

administrative code because I don't know if they'll do it on their own, honestly. The second point addresses the other chairs, that the film production company provide a neighborhood liaison with contact information for the community to contact with any issues at any time. Often the phone number on the film permit is, ah, goes to a voicemail or especially if it's on a weekend and weekends it's difficult to get in touch with the city's, city office, and I think both of these requests should not be different for the Mayor's Office to implement and it would not negatively affect any jobs in the film industry at all. So I thank the council for having this hearing. We hope to look forward to more hearings and just question, how long is the record open for so we know how long we have to give you more information? CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I think to the end of the day, correct? MARK AMRUSO: No, submit, to submit

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Submit in writing testimony?

MARK AMRUSO: Or comment on the bills.

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: By tomorrow, by 3 tomorrow.

MARK AMRUSO: OK, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, thank you panel. Next panel is Hillary Smith, Angela Mealy, and Les Venture. Whoever wants to start.

HILLARY SMITH: Sure, hello, good afternoon, thank you for letting us be here. actually really interesting and you've all brought up really good points, so I know there's a brief timeline, so I'll just jump into it. My name is Hillary Smith. I'm the unit production manager on the Warner Brothers TV show, Blind Spot. The role, my role as the UPM is to manage all aspects of the production's administration, including hiring crew, locations, and budget, from pre-production through the end of principal photography. The biggest thing that we are concerned about is the 14-day rule. would cause a lot of issues for us. We are on a very short timeline, which was brought up, you know, for our show and for many shows. We're a one-hour show, so we have seven to nine days to produce that show. We basically are out on location anywhere from four to five days during that time period. In that time

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period from the time we get the script we have to find the location, get it approved, talk to the location, work out a deal, get the permits, talk to the community boards, which we do, talk to any co-op boards that you might have to talk to, talk to the businesses, get the parking, find parking in the area for residents that we're displacing for our crew, and it's just not enough time to do that within that 14day rule. And especially with weather, as winter is coming up we have unforeseen weather issues that happen all the time. It would be real hard to do that, 72 hours would be also be a challenge but it's something that I think we would be willing to address and not agreed to, but if that's, 48 hours really works well. Um, I understand that it may not be getting the information out to people in time, but we are certainly willing to, open to the conversation of how to do that better. And, you know, I used to live on Reed Street and it's a real pain, I get that. You know, I live in New York City, I live on the Upper East Side. There's filming all the time. I'm open to the dialogue and helping the city and the productions to working in getting this, this, whatever is the best way to get it done, done, so

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everyone is happy. I live here. I want to continue working here. My colleagues live here and work here. I'm really pro-filming. We want to keep it here and we want to do everything we can to help.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you.

ANGELA MEALY: Thank you, Chairman. name is Angela Mealy. I'm with the Motion Picture Association. Our members are Disney, Sony, Warner Brothers, Paramount, NBC, Universal, Netflix, and CBS, and our members have had a long history of filming here and even more with the boon that you've heard about in terms of the nine-billion-dollar impact here. So we really appreciate it, and we appreciate your having this dialogue because we know it's been a concern for the neighborhoods. And, as you've heard before, we actually have been working very closely with all of our industry partners, our stakeholders, to try to address this problem, and it's been a problem for a while, and one of the things that we have a concern with respect to the two bills, Intro 937 and 1700, is the fact that those timings are very difficult and if we're unable to comply with it you're going to see productions fleeing the city and that's not what we want to have

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happen. And so we look forward to having that dialogue. I think legislating that is going to be difficult. And I think what I heard today was a problem is a communication, not necessarily the timeframe, but you weren't actually getting that notice. And I think that's something that we want to make sure happens, that that actual notice happens, not that we change the notice timing, because I think that could be detrimental. And so the other thing I just want to stay quickly is we support the increase in the fees and we'd like to see that money earmarked to the film office, because I think they need the resources from what I've heard here today. So we look forward to working with you and would be happy to address any questions that you have and thank you for this opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And I agree with almost everything you've said, so I appreciate that.

Ah, Council Member Yeger?

COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Hi, I just want to clarify. It's not, I think I, if I understand what you're saying, it's not just that we're not getting the notices, but the timeframe within the notices, we get them possibly 72 hours before, um, a film is

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about to take off, or production is going to happen.

3 | You understand that that happens, right?

alluded to and others is there are a lot of decisions that happen at the last minute and we worked with the council, we had an issue with the predictable scheduling that you had done before, because things happened very quickly. At that point we had a concern because this industry operates very differently than any other business. We're not, we're not able to actually know and tell an employee maybe in a week how many hours you're going to work because there could be decisions. You know sometimes, maybe the night before, where you're going to film. So that 48 hours, as far as I know, we've been trying to comply with that and obviously I'm hearing there are some problems with that.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: All right, I think what you're hearing from council members is that 48 hours is great except if I get, if I found out that on, you know, Thursday at 9 o'clock at night by an email sent to my City Council email address that there's something going to happen in my neighborhood on a Saturday, it gives me very little time to put a

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stop to it and I need to stop it because it's going to destroy my neighborhood, and that is not hyperbole. A production in some parts of my neighborhood on a Saturday will destroy my neighborhood. And I need to be able to stop that, and if you're, if the reason that there is a requirement that council members receive notice is so that we can have input. It's not just, otherwise why let me know? If I can't do anything about it don't send me, don't tell me that it's happening. The whole idea, and I don't mean to make you the target, you just happen to be sitting there in the seat.

ANGELA MEALY: No, that's all right.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, and you have the microphone, so it's your turn. But there's a reason that we're asked, that we've asked that our predecessors in this body have asked that we be part of the notification. There are a lot of things that happen in the city that we don't get told about, every single day. But we wanted to know, our predecessors who instituted this requirement, wanted to know when is a film going to happen in their neighborhood and if we, if we're told in a manner that allows us to do nothing other than receive the

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email and great, thank you, it serves no purpose. We want to have enough notice so that we can then reach out to the Mayor's Office of Production and say, well, you know, this just doesn't work for us. Um, and the manner in which we do receive the notice almost lends itself to the thought that perhaps it's intentional that we're being given such short notice so we can't raise that much of a stink. And, again, not blaming you, you didn't make the rules...

ANGELA MEALY: Right, and I think...

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: You're complying with what you have, but I don't think that any major production of which hundreds and hundreds of thousands of dollars and dozens of trailers and hundred of people are involved, you know, the trigger for that gets pulled 72 hours before the event. It's just hard to believe.

ANGELA MEALY: What, you want to take that?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I mean, you can respond or not. It's up to you. I'm telling you my theory.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, you don't have to respond.

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though. That's you know, there, I, we were filming a scene today and I flew an actor in last night because we changed the order of things, and we're filming on stage so it's not affecting anyone, but it's just an unfortunate and unpredictable business, and it happens.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Then do better.

don't want to work 16 hours a day. I'm exhausted all the time. But, ah, it's, you know, I don't know how to make it better. I'm not here to change it to make it better. I want to help. And I'm here to do that. But, you know, I certainly sympathize with what you're saying and I'm open to it. I don't know. You know, what would you do, though, if you got the notice and you didn't want us there?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I would call the Mayor's Office and I would say stop these people from coming into my neighborhood and destroying it. I, I need to have a neighborhood where people can live. I represent, like all my colleagues here, we represent 180,000 or thereabouts people, and they have rights, too, and they pay for those streets.

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2 HILLARY SMITH: Yes, I, I feel the same 3 way.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: And frankly production companies didn't pay for those streets, and certainly the \$300 filing fee for an application didn't pay for the streets, and the 9 billion dollars that gets spent in New York City and the 400 million dollars in tax revenue, ah, is not being spent in my neighborhood. Um, with due respect, and again...

HILLARY SMITH: Right.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I don't mean to be disrespectful, you just happen to be sitting in the seat...

HILLARY SMITH: Absolutely, yes.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So you have the microphone, so it's your turn, but I think that we're entitled to ask that our neighborhoods, those who have put their lives into building the neighborhoods that you want to come in, and you, I mean the industry, want to come in and film for three days, give us a break, give us some time, and if it doesn't work out for us because, hey, it's a holiday. For example, if somebody were to tell, um, ah, my office tomorrow, me, tomorrow, on Friday, ah, um, tomorrow

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is not Friday, but, or tomorrow is Friday, that, ah, we're going to start filming on your neighborhood on Monday and Tuesday of next week, that's gonna cause me a heart attack. It's a big problem for me. You can't shut down my neighborhood on Rosh Hashana. So I need to be able to, and Councilman Deutsch represents a neighborhood similar to mine, um, I need to be able to reach out to the Mayor's Office and say you've granted a permit to these people who are going to film Detective Stabler running up and down the street. That's wonderful, I love him. But do me a favor, make it a different day, if you don't mind.

HILLARY SMITH: Yes, and I think that's an excellent point.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Two days is not enough time for me to make that happen.

HILLARY SMITH: Well, on a holiday and a religious holiday I, you know, I think that there should be a reasonable amount of time that I would think that the Mayor's Office would be respectful of that and not issue a permit in a specific neighborhood for a specific holiday.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Well, we're working on that.

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HILLARY SMITH: And that's a conversation that would have to continue with them as well.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: And I do believe that more than two days, and I d love it if you an come in here and say you know what, we can make it work in our industry and we can say we can give a week, a week, a week's notice to a community, ah, to be able to shut them down so that they can at least do some planning.

ANGELA MEALY: I think for features they have some idea of where they're going to film generally, and I know they've worked with some communities and there have been some examples where they've tried to do what you're saying and give some idea of where they're going to be filming. But if you, especially with respect to television, it becomes really difficult to first of all legislate that, but second of all to actually say those creative decisions can't be made and so what that's going to have the effect of having productions leave the city. And that's not the effect we want, and we want to be respectful of the neighborhoods. But I think we've started working with Ann Del Castillo and she's been a great partner, even before this, these

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY 132 AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS				
2	bills were introduced. She had reached out to the				
3	studios. She met with them last week. She's going				
4	to be, she was talking to us about these issues				
5	because of the growing film production in the city.				
6	She realizes we need to work with her office and the				
7	community and everybody to make sure we have a good				
8	balance. And so that's our commitment going forward.				
9	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK. Next, we just				
10	have to move on. Next.				
11	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you, Mr.				
12	Chairman.				
13	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Next panelist. You				
14	have the mic, you have a mic in front of you. You				
15	have that one.				
16	CHRISTINE AGODATA: Good afternoon,				
17	members of the Committee				
18	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Is it on? Does she				
19	have the button pressed?				
20	CHRISTINE AGODATA:on Small Business				
21	and the				
22	UNIDENTIFIED: Just be closer.				
23	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah.				
24	CHRISTINE AGODATA: OK, good afternoon				

members of Committee on Small Business and the

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Committee on Technology. I am Christine Agodata, owner of the Park Deli. Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today about my business and support I receive from the television and filming industry. Since 2007 I have been proud owner of the Park Deli located at 209 South Avenue at Green Point across from [inaudible] Park in Green Point, Brooklyn. This deli is considered a Green Point institution, to originally opened in 1931. The deli has changed ownership several times over the years and I consider myself fortunate to be a part of that 80-plus-year history. In 2017 I almost lost the deli at the end of my 10-year lease. I was shocked when my landlord said my rent would be double what I was currently paying. As a small business owner I could not afford to pay double the rent. I was devastated and had nowhere else to do, to go. That is when my friends at Broadway Stages came to my rescue. Broadway Stages supports my business regardless, buying food for their staff, clients, and family. But when they did in 2017 was above and beyond what most of the customers could or would be able to do. They...

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Just could you, could you wrap it up, or just summarize? 3

CHRISTINE AGODATA: Excuse me?

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Could you summarize

6 your testimony because you're out of time?

UNIDENTIFIED: He just wants you to quickly finish.

CHRISTINE AGODATA: OK, OK. They heard about my situation and worked with me, when, ah, me and my landlord to make arrangements to help me to pay the extra rent. They are also helping me to find a new location for my deli for the longer term. type of support can come only from a company that truly cares about their community and the local businesses. I'm blessed to still be in business. owe that to my many regular customer and I owe that to the Broadway Stages. They are a family-owned company that selflessly share their own success with the community and other local companies, like mine. They believe I'm giving back to their neighborhood and do so many wonderful things. Thank you for your time and the opportunity to share my experience working with the television and filming company.

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2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, thank you 3 so much. Next.

LES VENTURE: Hello. My name is Les I'm a location manager. And location scout. I've been in the business for over 30 years. I'm a board member of the Location Managers' Guild International. And I have to say that as a location manager and location scout, I'm the own, the first one on the street trying to find places to shoot. work diligently with the Mayor's Office for Film and Television. They work very, very, very consciously, work very hard to make sure all the rules are met every time and that film companies meet the requirements for parking. And they are, they're respectful of the communities. They're respectful of religious groups, the schools, churches, and in holidays. The Mayor's Office is always there. As a location person on the street I have donated money to community boards, to, to, um, community centers. I've hired local folks to help me work in, like in Spanish Harlem, and I hired a local person from the Puerto Rican, um, Culture Center to help me work the neighborhood. I've done all those things that's suggested. And I think as a community the location

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managers truly do care about sensitivity of our industry on the streets, and I'm someone who walks through and make sure those cables are covered. It's rare that they're not covered, because I know the grips and the electrics are working very hard to preserve our job and preserve safety. And all these stories about the, let's say, the bad companies, they're few. Because we work very, very hard to bring this and the consciousness of filming in a positive note. The unions do on every level, and the unions give back to the communities. I give myself up.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you. Chaim Deutsch, Council Member, has a question for the panel.

be 15 minutes, if you don't mind. I'm kidding. So first of all I want to thank you for being here today testifying. So there's a few issue that I have.

Number one, first of all I want to, you know, the Mayor's Office of Entertainment, before they have a film they do send notices like a few days before, which in the interim I send it over to my community board in that area, um, just to let them know in case

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there's any issues, this way we tackle it a few days before rather than, you know, the day of. So some of the issues that I have is that the collaboration between, um, the media, the Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment and National Grid, Con Edison, um, the MTA, DDC, so like I know in my district in particular Brighton Beach has a, um, is probably one of the most used neighborhoods, because I get notifications all the time. Like I could get one every couple of weeks, we're doing a film in Brighton beach, and in those areas, um, especially in southern Brooklyn, where it's congested, and then you have a film and you have MTA doing work that, which they're currently doing right now, DDC has a project, ah, and then between all the other agencies and emergencies that come up, so sometimes we have like five different, a few different utility companies and then you have city agencies and a film, all at the same time. And so one, one most important issue is to have that collaboration that, yes, there's work to do, um, between the Mayor's Office and the film companies to get the film done, but there is another piece of the puzzle and that needs to be done is by reaching out to everyone who may be out there and to

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try to collaborate with them and work together. way we don't destroy your neighborhood when there is a film. Um, I also had working for my predecessor, we had NBC Studio in our district back when NBC was in business on Avenue L, Locust and East 14th Street, and there everything was in-house, ah, so that, you know, it didn't impact the neighborhood as much. But then another thing that I've seen is that when they take out the permit that issues, like there could be an issue, let's say two blocks of parking and then when they use the space they only use one block. you're taking up an additional extra block for no reason. So there needs to be more oversight of how much space, how much space you exactly you need, so this way it doesn't impact the neighborhood. Um, one other thing is that I had a bill in the City Council and I have to check where it is now because I know I had, um, conversations that when there is a permit for a film in a certain neighborhood and that area has alternate side of the street parking which is in effect, so during that time for, if you take up, let's say 200 parking spaces or 100 parking spaces or 50 during those times when alternate side of the street parking is in effect, they should be suspended

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equal amounts of parking spots during that time by having those companies put out signs saying that this, this block is currently suspended from this and this hour. This way we give back a little bit to the community. So, again, I welcome you in my district, um, and, but we need to work together. We need to work in partnership to make sure that we don't get any, we don't receive any complaints, and I have to say that the Mayor's Office has been very accommodating when we had issues. They've been very responsive in resolving it a few days before. So I'm glad that we could work together on their part. But there's a lot more work that needs to be done.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: OK, thank you panel, thanks so much. Next panel. Deb Garcia, Rudy Caligari, Marny Majorel, and Joe Falco.

 $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{UNIDENTIFIED: Do you have testimony you} \\ \mbox{want to hand up?}$

UNIDENTIFIED: So Chairman, Joe Falco had to leave because he couldn't stay so long.

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Joe Falco is not here? OK. }$

UNIDENTIFIED: So he left his, yeah, he left his testimony.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: All right, we have, we have three panelists then. This will be the last panel before we have to move probably in the next room. We're trying to, because there's another committee coming in at one. So we'll try to get extra time in here if we can, but if not we'll have to move to the chambers next door.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Please adhere to the two-minute time clock.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, we have a two-minute time clock. That's what that bell is. OK, whoever wants to start.

is Marny Majorel. I'm the founder of Alive

Structures. We're a certified woman-owned business.

We specialize in designing and installing green roofs
and ecological gardens. I'm here today because I

want to talk about particularly my relationship with

Broadway Stages. Um, and the work that we've been
doing together to create green roofs. Broadway

Stages is a family-owned television and film

production company. They have been in business for
more than 35 years, and in that time they have worked
to not only meet the growing needs of their industry

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AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS but also focused on sourcing from and looking, working with local- and state-based vendors and suppliers. Ah, I say this as a company that has had the fortune of being one of those businesses. Broadway Stages works with hundreds of local companies and engages everything from plumbers, electrical suppliers, lumbar, roofing, and HVAC to engineers, architects, printing services, catering, coughing, coffee shops, and so much more. literally takes a village of service providers to produce a television show or movie. I know this because of the work I do with them and I see firsthand the other vendors that come to support their clients as well as the projects that I work. can honestly say that they work deliberately to direct their investments to local businesses, including women- and minority-owned companies and they encourage others to do the same. But their consideration goes beyond direct economic growth. Broadway Stages also cares deeply about their community, supporting social programs, education, the arts, and environmental sustainability through financial, in kind, and volunteer resources. They

make a difference in our community and invest several

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hundred thousand dollars a year into local programs. Broadway Stages is sincere in their caring, creative in their approach, and effective in their actions. Their investments in green infrastructure and renewable energy projects, including Kingsland Wildflowers and Eagle Street Rooftops, um, shows their real sincere commitment to the environment. Ι just want to say one last thing. I've been in business since 2007 doing green roofs. Um, it takes a big commitment on a property owner's behalf. usually find a lot of the funding for these projects, and even with finding the funding I cannot find property owners to do green roofs. Broadway Stages is the only property owner since 2007 that I have worked with to give this kind of commitment to green infrastructure. And it is made a huge difference in my business and in my whole industry, 'cause we are working on over 60,000 square feet of green roof with them. So I just want to say that not only are they doing something for their community, but they're doing something for the city.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Great. Thank you, thank you so much for your testimony.

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DEBRA GARCIA: Good afternoon, Chairman Gjonaj, Chairman Holden, and members of the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Technology. I'm Debra Garcia, executive director of Camp Brooklyn We're a not-for-profit organization that offers children from economically disadvantaged families an opportunity to leave their urban environment and experience sleep-away camp. I'm here today to talk about the impact of the film industry and to tell you about my experience working with Broadway Stages, a local family-owned TV and film production company. Camp Brooklyn provides children with an experience of a lifetime, one that opens up a world of opportunities to young people. We truly believe the camp transforms children, families, and our community. It takes \$750 to send each child to camp for two glorious life-changing weeks. Through the generosity of caring individuals and companies like Broadway Stages we have been able to send more than 3500 children to sleep-away camp since our organization's inception in 2002. The personal commitment of Broadway Stages, Gene Argento, Tony Argento, Monica Hollowats, and the rest of the staff is truly amazing. They understand that this group of

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children deserve the same experiences as others that are able to pay for this type of adventure. Our community is blessed to call Broadway Stages a friend and a neighbor and we are especially proud that they are members of our board, and which requires additional time and commitment. Those who know Broadway Stages know they are generous beyond measure and that their dedication to the community is sincere and heartfelt. They share their success with their neighbors with local businesses and organizations. I for one am grateful for their steadfast approach to conducting their business and giving back to their community. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, thank you so much of right.

RUDY CALIGARI: Good afternoon everyone.

[coughs] Excuse me. My name is Rudy Caligari and I'm the co-founder and CEO of Edge Auto Rental. And I'm here to tell you how Edge Auto Rental has grown because of the film industry. We started back in 2006 with just a few employees and less than 40 vehicles. Today I'm able to employ over 100 individuals and we've grown our fleet size to over 900. Um, Edge has developed to be one of the larger

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companies that are able to supply vehicles in the industry and we are able to supply vehicles for over 11,500 productions that have happened over the years. Um, it's all because of the industry. The industry has really helped us and we grew from a very small company to being, you know, again, being able to employ over 100 people. Um, I was also, ah, a crew member many years ago and looking at some of the proposals I want to say that, um, we would oppose 1700 and its 14 days' notification. Just knowing that just does not work. So I want to say that on the record, and also I want to say that I do support 158, um, the Mayor's Office needs all the help they can get. They've been doing a great job and helping filmmakers, helping vendors and helping the city itself, and the more support we could give them and a larger budget, providing that that money that is coming in from additional, ah, permit fees goes to their office. Nothing but help us all in general, regardless of where you are at any point in the city. That's it. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, thank you so much for your, thank you panel. Ah, we'll do, can we do one more panel before we switch? We're going

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY AND COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS to have to switch rooms. Are we good? All right. Let me call the next panel and if we're here we're going to be here, and if not we'll have to move next door. Are we good? We've got move. OK, we have to move. We're going to have the next panel come up in the chambers, right next door through this door. Thank you. (end)

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date ____October 20, 2019