CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION

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September 26, 2019 Start: 1:21 p.m. Recess: 4:03 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: PETER KOO

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Carlina Rivera
Andrew Cohen
Andy King
Mark Gjonaj
Francisco Moya
Jimmy Van Bramer
Adrienne E. Adams
Eric A. Ulrich
Justin Brannan
Joseph C. Borelli

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Mitchell Silver, Commissioner NYC Parks

Liam Kavanaugh, First Deputy Commissioner NYC Parks

Mark Focht, Deputy Commissioner and Chief Operations Officer NYC Parks

Matt Drury, Director of Government Relations NYC Parks

Sam Biederman, Assistant Commissioner NYC Parks

Lynn Kelly, Executive Director New Yorkers for Parks

Adriana Espinoza, Program Director New York League of Conservation Voters

Corey Provost Prospect Park Alliance

Chuck Wade, President Kissena Corridor Park Conservancy

Dorothy Woo Kissena Corridor Park Conservancy

Aziz Dekhan, Executive Director New York City Community Garden Coalition

Roxanne Delgado Friends of Pelham Parkway

Joe Pulio, President Local 983 Daniel Clay, President Local 1507

Martha Lopez Gilpin Astoria Park Alliance

Christin Glass, Manager of Environmental Leadership Programs Girl Scouts of Greater New York

Chantal Fairer Community Gardens

Adolfo Al Morales, Owner Yorkville Sports

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Sound check. Sound check. This is a sound check for the Committee on Parks and recreation. Today's date is September 26th, 2019. Location committee room. Recorded by Pedro Lugo.

[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Good afternoon. Peter Koo, Chair on the Committee on Parks in Recreation and I would like to welcome all of you to this hearing which will examine how we can best maintain our savings parks system. Over the course of the last few decades, the city gradually reduced its contributions to the park system as the shares of Parks funding and city budget fell from a high of one and a half points and nine 1960s to the 0.86 percent in the mid-80s and to half a percent of the budget of 2013. Recent years have **seen** a slight reversal of the trend. Of that trend. However, while the recent parks budget was the largest ever in terms of dollar amount, about 580 million dollars, it is still only represents 0.6 percent of the entire expense budget. The trend over the last few decades has been to real ion more private dollars to fund our parks, which decrease the political view of the city to the

achievement, it is not enough. If we are to truly

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Thank you.

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MITCHELL SILVER: Good afternoon, Chair
Koo, members of the Parks Committee, and other
members of the city Council. I am Mitchell Silver,
Commissioner of New York city Parks. Joining me
today is the agency's First Deputy Commission, Liam
Kavanaugh, as well as Mark Focht, our Deputy
Commissioner and Chief Operating Officer and our
Director of Government Relations, Matt Drury.
Firstly, we would like to express our congratulations
to Council member Koo for presiding over his first
meeting Parks Committee Chair into Council member
Adams and Rivera on their nomination to the Parks
Committee.

[applause]

COMMISSIONER SILVER: We have had the pleasure of working closely together for the past few years on issues important to your districts and look forward to working with you more specifically on the issues and policies being examined by the committee. Thank you all for allowing us the opportunity today to discuss the agencies maintenance and operational practices. With a portfolio of over 30,000 acres, NYC Parks is responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of nearly 4500 individual properties ranging

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from parks and playgrounds to ball fields and green streets. Keeping these parks in good condition requires focused attention of thousands of employees who consistently labor on the ground and behind the scenes to make sure New Yorkers can fully enjoy our portfolio of picturesque spaces which are indeed across the country, if not the world. administration recently released the mayor's management report or MMR for fiscal year 2019 which tracks progress in our agencies primary services and goals, including our focus on ensuring that all parks and playgrounds are clean and in good condition. are pleased to highlight, for the second year in a row, our readings for overall Park condition and cleanliness either increased or held steady across all part categories. We are pleased to be here today to offer the Council and overview of our maintenance approach so you can better understand the successes we have achieved, as well as the challenges we face. Over the course of this administration, NYC Parks has evolved into a more modern, data-driven, innovation focused organization and improving our operational practices has been a primary focus of my time is agency Commissioner. I am proud to have created a

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2 new agency leadership role held by the Deputy Commissioner, Mark Folk, which is now the -- he is 3 now the chief operating officer. Chief operating officer who works in close coordination with the 5 First Deputy Commissioner Kavanaugh to standardize 6 7 our maintenance efforts across the city and improve our management practice says, providing a more 8 enjoyable park experience for all New Yorkers. 9 10 their supervision, the agency is able to execute its maintenance strategy in a thoughtful and targeted 11 12 manner. We have invested in technology to help us be more effective using detailed data metrics to improve 13 14 efficiency of our mobile cleaning routes, providing 15 handheld devices to our operating staff on the 16 ground, to report and track their efforts in real time, improving our process for work order 17 18 implementation and reorganizing our burrows storehouses for the parks equipment and supplies. 19 have also changed our approach to maintenance and 20 staff deployment. For example, we all know that many 21 2.2 of our parks and playgrounds are heavily used seven 23 days a week. In previous years, many of these hotspot parks were only being cleaned five days a 24 week, resulting in overflowing garbage bins and 25

litters strewn throughout parks come Monday morning.
In this administration, we have reconfigured our
staffing patterns to provide additional maintenance
on weekends focusing on the 100 most intensely used
parks, the hotspots. Another traditional challenge
we face was managing the redeployment of park
employees that step up during the peak summer season
to take on seasonal positions at beaches and pools to
address the various operational and maintenance needs
of those very busy summer destinations. This
redeployment had been something of a strain on our
agency resources in light of the longer daylight
hours and increased usage at other park properties
outside of beaches and pools, so the mayor provided
12 million dollars in base line expense funding in
fiscal year 2017 budget from parks to create our
seasonal districts staffing levels through the summer
peak season to offer our 141 step in replacement for
those temporarily vacated maintenance and operation
positions. And we could continue to maintain our
parks and playgrounds on busy summer days to the
standard we have all come to expect. I would now
like to introduce the Deputy Commissioner, Mark

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Focht, to outline in more detail how our daily maintenance efforts are structured and managed.

4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Thank you,

Commissioner Silver. Good afternoon Chairman Koo and members of the committee. I am Mark Focht and I am parks Deputy Commissioner and chief operating officer. The maintenance and operations of parks or M and O, as we refer to it, staff our New York City parks varies in size throughout the year expanding with seasonal hires during our peak park usage in the warmer months. Depending on the time of year, the agency employees between 3000 and 5300 M and O staff members with and FY 20 operational budget of 230 million dollars. Full-time year-round staff constitute a large portion of our workforce, but we also benefit from partnerships with fellow city agencies to create employment opportunities. Our signature program, the parks opportunity program, or POP, hires applicants referred by the human resources administration Department of social services to clean and green are parks, playgrounds, and other facilities citywide. These POP workers receive onthe-job training, career coaching, and specialized

training opportunities during the six months they

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serve with parks, which help them to succeed both while at our agency and also helps them in their search for their next job. Our seasonal hires are vital members of our team, helping address conditions brought about during the season such as cutting grass, raking leaves, shoveling snow, etc., as well as preparing for season specific park uses enjoyed by the public such as ball fields, beaches, and pools. Both the POP and most seasonal workers are a critical pipeline to the entry-level city Park worker or see PW position. In terms of organizational structure, individual parks and properties are managed into 75 park districts which largely correspond to the community board district boundaries. Those are overseen by park supervisors who manage crew chiefs, see PW's, and other employees. These park districts are then organized into 45 park factors, which are overseen by park managers and those sectors are further clustered into 14 park regions overseen by our regional managers. These regional operation efforts are then organized into the five individual boroughs which are led by a chief of operations and the borough commissioner who report them myself and first Deputy Commissioner Kavanaugh. Borough

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operation staff care for our parks every day and serve as our eyes and ears in the ground observing any problematic conditions and tackling them head on. As Commissioner Silver mentioned, our work is compiled-- is completed by staff is tracked in real time using one of his called a daily tasks app on mobile devices, which are supplied by parks to our employees. This includes fixed post staff that are stationed in a single Park location, as well as mobile crews to clean multiple parks in predetermined Their work is monitored by supervisors who routes. is also equipped with the mobile devices. frequency of park cleaning varies, depending on the nature, location, and intensity of use for each property. The frequency of maintenance is defined what we call a service level agreement, or an SLA. Parks which are highly used in well traffic areas receive five to seven visits a week. Those with moderate use are cleaned three to five times a week, and those with lesser used sites are maintained weekly or on an as needed basis. Beyond the daily maintenance efforts performed by district staff, certain tasks require additional resources or technical expertise. This is managed through our

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work order process which our work required or routed to skilled trades people at both our borough shops and borough specialized crews. This could include target improvements and-- targeted repairs. Excuse And improvements involving plumbing, electrical work, masonry, metalwork, painting, as well as fence repair, pressure washing, and ball field grooming. These teams to not just reactively address concerns. They perform ongoing preventive maintenance and play a key role in many of our exciting strategic initiatives. As part of the community parks initiative, this administration's signature effort dedicated to the park equity, our specialized crews implemented transformative targeted improvements such as basketball court sports coating and nearly 100 parks and playgrounds throughout the city. They were also the linchpin in making our cool pools initiative a reality. Over the past two years, we gave a vibrant new look and feel to a live in outdoor pools in underserved neighborhoods throughout the city which have seen few improvements since they were built in the 1970s. We utilize the creative approach to reactivating these pools by providing colorful art and cabana style shade structures to help keep

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swimmers cool. This could not have been possible without the hard work of our specialized crews. pools has been a tremendous success in improving the outdoor pool experience so much that attendance increased 22 percent at the 11 cool pools, which people in these neighborhoods have begun to call their resorts. These boroughs specific efforts are further bolstered by hours citywide services division which provides broader repair and maintenance services for our property is and facilities throughout the city and things such as installing green roofs, dressing conditions at pool filter plants, replacing inefficient boilers. Additionally, our borough for his street teams are specifically dedicated to keeping our urban tree canopy in good condition, maximizing all of the environmental land social benefits of trees both in parks and along the I also have to recognize our dedicated streets. staff that manages our fleet, which ranged from small, durable, four-wheel utility vehicles, known as gators, to heavy duty pickup trucks, vans, and larger packers which transport park trash to DSNY trash management facilities. Without these vehicles, transporting our staff between parks and within our

2 larger parks would not be possible. organizational structure allows the agency to have 3 4 the ability to address maintenance and cleanliness 5 concerns as they arise, but also ensure that we are marshaling our resources in a consistent and 6 7 efficient manner across the five boroughs. Behind the scenes, the talented individuals of our 8 innovation and performance management team work with 9 data created by our operations staff to help us 10 assess current practices and apply new approaches so 11 12 that we can optimize our finite resources. 13 their efforts, all alongside ongoing internal review 14 and analysis of our maintenance practices, we have 15 been able to implement an innovative maintenance 16 approaches like assessing the efficiency of our 17 routes being used by mobile crews and our zone 18 management maintenance approach which has been successfully piloted in Crotona [sp?] Park in the 19 20 Bronx, as well as Fort Greene and McCarran parks in Brooklyn. In addition to me on the ground 21 2.2 observation and monitoring perform daily by our 23 staff, we also received feedback directly from the public through 311 and these complaints are routed 24 directly to our staff to address. Further, our park 25

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supervisors inspect every site in their park district on a monthly basis and, in addition to all this, New York City parks has a separate division dedicated to performing independent inspections and reviews of our park properties to make sure they are in the best condition possible. The park inspection program, known as PIP, is a comprehensive outcome based performance measures system that generates detailed inspections of our parks and playgrounds managed by our operations and management planning division independent from operations. PIP inspectors conduct annually 6000 inspections using rigorous review of 16 different park features to develop park ratings and each site is judged on both cleanliness and overall condition. Alongside local staff observations and 311 reports, these PIP ratings guide the agency's effort to target areas of concern and to efficiently utilize resources. PIP data for each park is fully available to the public, the NYC Parks the website, and the ratings are ultimately compiled and reported for each fiscal year in the Mayor's management report. As Commissioner Silver referenced earlier, in the most recent MMR for fiscal year 2019, the overall condition for parks was 90 percent, a

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substantial increase from the rating of 85 percent in fiscal year 2013 and our part cleanliness rating increased to 95 percent, a significant improvement over the 90 percent rating and FY 13. specifically, our inspection ratings focus on Park litter, during the past three summers, has shown a six percentage point improvement since 2017. positive outcomes are a reflection of our strategic efforts to more effectively allocate resources and monitor maintenance staff. We are very proud of the progress we have made. Regardless, we consistently seek to find new ways to improve our practices and procedures and gave devoted employees the tools they need to care for their parks. To this end, we would like to thank the Council and the Play Fair Coalition led by New Yorkers for Parks for their incredible support and advocacy for the agency which led to the increased baseline funding Councilman Koo referenced for city Park workers and gardeners and additional one-time expense funding for the agency to provide more maintenance staff. This funding will help us to continue to deliver valuable services efficiently and a challenging economic environment. As hard as we work to maintain our parks, the agency cannot do it

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alone. Our staff are dedicated public servants, but cannot be everywhere at all times and cannot always control how some people of the public treat their public spaces. With thousands of properties serving millions of visitors, we rely on New Yorkers to treat those spaces as they would their own homes or backyards and we hope the Council will join us in reminding their constituents that they also have a responsibility to our parks and a role to play in keeping our city clean. On a similar note, I want to recognize the many volunteers and community organizations that take time out of their busy schedules to help beautify the green, open spaces dear to their hearts we rely on the generous support from these volunteers still words to create a positive environment in which people can interact with their parks and help make them even better places. Volunteers, such as those participating in the Its My Park program, spearheaded by Partnerships for Parks division and co-administrated by the city Parks foundation participated in volunteer events and programs that roughly 336 park locations last year bringing New Yorkers closer to their parks and getting them even more engaged and invested. Τo

conclude, we always welcome feedback from Council and to invite you to continue alerting us about incidents or maintenance concerns regarding the conditions of your local parks. We hope that the next time you visit park, you will be able to smell the fresh air and enjoy the scenery with a comprehensive understanding of everything it takes to keep our parks in the best condition possible. Thank you for allowing us to testify before you today. We look forward to continuing to work with you to create and care for an incredible park system for New Yorkers. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you, Commissioner
Silver and Deputy Commissioner. We are joined by
Council member King and Council member Gjonaj. I
will begin asking a few questions and then the other
members of the committee can ask questions.

Commissioner, Department of-- DPR, Department of
Parks and Recreation received 43 million dollars in
additional expense funding for the fiscal year 2020
budget. Can you specify how that funding is being
allocated and how many positions have been filled
today with those funds?

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COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, thank you for the question, Council member Koo. First, we are implementing the funds are exactly as it was suggested. There were very specific categories with the 43 million and including both baselining of the existing staff that prior only had one shot funding, which included CPW's and gardeners. It included funding for green thumb, for additional PEP officers, rangers, forest management framework, street, tree stump removal, and beach and pool extension. All those programs are underway to go more specifically about, the positions. Clearly, the baseline positions are now going from one shot to the baseline is already underway. In terms of the specific 50--44 to 50 rangers that were given have now been hired and I know would -- 52 of the 80 PIP officers have also been hired and will be starting the Academy and I will now referred to Commissioner Focht for some of the specific numbers on the boat CPW's and gardeners. CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, of the 100 CPW city Park workers that were one time employed—one time funding, they have all been hired, so we have hired full 100 of them in, of the 50 gardeners,

fill those positions?

2 we are about halfway through hiring the gardeners.

The gardeners are more select position. It's taking a bit longer and a higher the gardeners.

5 CHAIRPERSON KOO: How many positions 6 remain to be filled? And what is the timeline to

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, in terms of both the PEP and the rangers, they are always in the process of receiving applications. These are very specialized positions. They require qualifications and background checks, so our expectation is that we are going to fill these in as quickly as possible, but as I stated, for those positions, they are 52, so there are 38 last for PEP hires and six left for ranger hires. And, again, I'll defer to Commissioner Focht for the numbers. I believe he shared with you already the process that we have had most of them hired to date. Gardeners are the one that will take a little bit more time because it is specialized position.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: For the remaining gardener positions, we are currently interviewing for those and we expect to fill the

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about what are the most common challenges or the

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biggest obstacles to keep our parks clean and parks
and our playgrounds well-maintained?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, I couldn't say there is a challenge. It's just that our parks are heavily used. We roughly get about 130 million visits per year and, as a result of that usage, people tend to have litter that's there. They tend to use our parks. So, it's just part of our operation to handle for the volume of traffic. Of the Deputy Commissioners stated, we have service level agreements based on the usage of the park, we send cruise out to clean it. So, we know those that are more heavily trafficked clearly is more challenged. And so, we go out there to make sure we give it the proper surveys on a weekly basis and some cases multiple times during the week. We just want to make sure we communicate that to the public. Were also looking to make sure we are putting the trash receptacles in the proper place so we minimize the litter that is placed in our parks. But it certainly is part of our daily routine. We want people to use our parks and we have to make sure we keep up with that demand to keep them clean. So I wouldn't say it's a challenge. It's just something we have to do

as our normal operation. From a technology side, we
want to analyze to make sure what routing works,

staffing patterns work to make sure we maintain our

5 parks system.

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CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Yeah. I'm going to ask something in my district. Yeah. In my letter dated September 16th, I wrote to the Parks

Department regarding lead paint and asbestos in parks facilities, especially ones used by young children like pools and skating rinks. Can you share with me if the Parks Department has found evidence and lead and asbestos in parks facilities?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, as you know, lead was outlawed as the use in New York City in 1960s and so, the pools, for example, those are scraped and cleaned interior almost every year.

There is no longer a practice of using lead paint.

If it is a rare case that we discover it, we address it and remediate it immediately. Asbestos, for example, is, typically, in locations subsurface, whether it is boiler rooms where it's no contact with the public. Our staff is well aware whether we to a capital project. We will do some testing and assessment to make sure there is the existence of

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sisters. If there is, that is also remediated. We want to make sure that the public is not in any

danger of lead pay or asbestos in park facilities.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: The problems that

Kissena Park [inaudible 00:31:01] are constantly

blinking and we are hearing reports on toxic algae.

What is the parks department doing to change this?

To address this?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, first, I want to clarify for the record there was some stories over the summer. No individuals or dogs were harmed by any toxic algae in the city of New York. been a problem both here in New York and across the country. I am pleased to say that we've been doing extensive research and we will be launching a pilot this fall in Prospect Park called and eco-wheel to see whether that approach will work. The good news is that toxic algae is weather dependent. You will start to see it dissipate as the weather gets colder. But, clearly, with climate change in the increase with heat in our cities, we are keeping a close eye. So, we are doing the research. We are working with our partners to determine exactly what we can do to reduce the toxic algae. In addition, we encourage

COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION

- 2 people to keep their dogs on a leash in these
- 3 locations. We have signage throughout those parks.
- 4 We are optimistic that we are going to attempt in
- 5 Prospect Park will be successful and that we can
- 6 deploy it to other parks throughout our parks system.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Okay. I'm going to ask
- 8 some of my members to ask questions. Council member
- 9 Adams?

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- 10 COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you, Mr.
- 11 Chair. Thank you very much. Commissioner, very good
- 12 | to see you, as always, and we welcome you and your
- 13 Deputy Commissioner, Commissioner Dir. here today to
- 14 offer testimony. Just have a few questions for you.
- 15 | According to-- okay. That's not what I wanted to
- 16 ask. How does the agency determine where fixed post
- 17 | cruise are allocated or stationed?
- 18 COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, I'm going to
- 19 | refer to either one of the Deputy Commissioners. We
- 20 | just want to clarify may be an explanation of what
- 21 | fixed post versus mobile means.
- 22 COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Please.
- 23 COMMISSIONER SILVER: and, and staff
- 24 dedicated to parks, we to within, quote unquote,
- 25 | fixed post parks also have mobile crews within them,

2 but it does require, one, a park house or a

3 Fieldhouse where supplies can be stored, but then we

4 look at the nature of the park and we do have some

5 parks that have zoned management. But I will defer

6 now to what of the Deputy Commissioners to answer

7 | your question.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Councilman, the primary focus for fixed post staff are two things. One, as the Commissioner just said, is there a physical place to fix post staff? So, we need a park that has a building in it so that staff literally has a place to go to hang up their hat in store supplies and equipment. So, with fixed post, you need a bricks and mortar building. And then, the second thing is the site needs to be large enough in order to have a full day's worth of work in order to fix post the staff there. Those are the two primary factors that we look at when choosing where to fix post staff. I do want to note that we fix post more staff in the summer because, again, when we exponentially grow the volume of park workers we have out there in our peak season, we simply have more staff to fix post. So, during the summer, we fix

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post more staff at heavily used playgrounds and other sites that may not be fixed post in the off-season.

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS:

Thank you very much for the clarity.

And, likewise, Deputy Commissioner, in speaking of staff, in your testimony, you have referenced seasonal hires and how vital they are to shoveling snow, raking leaves, etc., and just maintaining the parks overall. How much of the agency's maintenance and operations the work is done by seasonal or temporary staff?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, the staff that is working in maintenance doubles in the summer. So, again, we have about 3300 full-time employees and we generally pull in about 3400, plus or minus seasonal staff. So, we about double in size during our peak season. Those numbers are separate from the POP, the Parks Opportunity Employees that we have engaged in operations year-round. That's kind of the study number to the 12 months.

[Background comments]

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Yeah. I keep referring the peak season. So, peak season for us is, obviously, this summer. It generally starts--

as staff starts to ramp up as early as mid-to late

March through April. By mid-May, we are fully

staffed for our season. Calm mid-September, we start

to ramp down and, by November 1, we are out of what

6 we consider our peak season and we are back to our

7 off-season staff levels.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Okay. And what does the training look like for seasonal or temporary workers?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, each grouping of seasonal workers are trained in their respective boroughs consistent with what their title is. So, if they are a CPW, the insurance level position, when they come in, there is a training program done by the operations staff in the borough to which they are assigned.

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: And I just have one more question for you. It has to do with friends of groups partnerships with New York City Parks

Department. Can you explain how the role of private organizations, such as friends of groups and park foundations to refer from the role of DPR regarding park maintenance and improvement?

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2 COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, it varies. 3 We have levels of conservancy and friends of relationships. You have one like, for example, 4 5 Central Park Conservancy wage we have a license 6 agreement that paid to the bulk of the maintenance 7 and operations, although, there are still some New York City Park staff working in those parks. 8 you have some hybrids like Prospect Park where they 9 have some staff that they hire, but, we have a 10 significant number of parks employees also working in 11 12 the park staff with the manager overseeing park 13 operations. And so, there is just as shared 14 responsibility. Need to hire some and pay for 15 workers, but there is also city of New York workers 16 there, as well. For the friends of groups, these are 17 more volunteer efforts to do strategic cleanups. 18 could be weekly. It could be more than that. But those parks are still maintained by New York City, 19 but it is offset by the work done by volunteer 20 groups, but it tends to be very specific to what 21 2.2 they're good at doing. So, it may be gardening. 23 may be raking of leaves. It may be planting flowers. It just varies. So, again, it depends on the friends 24

group and what their capacity is. But, as was

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our parks system.

stated, we too have an organization, partnership with parks which works with all those friends groups and so they to supplement some of the work, but it may vary to once a week to one some months to seasonally, but it does add a great deal of value to maintaining

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Sure. And I said balance my last question, but, of course, you just made my brain spark. So, with regard to your relationships with parks and those types of groups, how does that— how is that relationship usually honed between those groups in the parks department?

relationship and I also want to include a lot of the private sector service days. We have organizations coming in and doing specialized cleaning. It is a very treasured relationship. We value the relationship. We recognize them. Reward them. We come out ourselves to stand by them to clean. I'll always say a park that has a friends group does far better than those that don't. And so, we understand their love for that public space. Their guardians, as well, is a value to the city and that is why we applaud them, recognize them, and support them in any

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Terrific.

Thank

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you very much.

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2 COMMISSIONER SILVER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

Commissioner, I want to ask you about a couple of local questions again. My office received frequent complaints about lawns not me mode for weeks about local neighborhood parks, including an [inaudible 00:39:42] ground and [inaudible 00:39:45]. Is mowing built into the maintenance schedule?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Answer to that question is yes, but there are other factors that may interfere with mowing with weather being one of them and heavy rains, but we need to have an expectation of what the mowing cycle will be and it does vary from parks to ball fields. I will defer to Commissioner Focht or Kavanaugh to answer more specifically, but the answer is yes. It is, in some cases, weather dependent. And if we have all of our equipment that is operating so that we can actually execute the work.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Then, how come it's not mode? Some lawns are not mode for weeks and there's some people that like complain?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: As stated, I believe the expectation is about every two weeks. If

2 | there is heavy rainfall, we are unable to cut it at

3 that time. And so, it does depend on the weather.

4 It does depend on making sure we have the equipment

5 that is operational. But the expectation is, for at

6 least of the general Park, is to cut it about every

7 two weeks.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Yes,

9 Councilman. As the Commissioner said, our cycle is

10 | every two to two and a half weeks on all lawns,

11 | however, weather is the biggest impediment to that.

12 | I will just take you back. For example, you may

13 | recall, but it rained every single Wednesday in July

14 | this year, so we lost every Wednesday to mowing

15 | because you can't blow when it is raining or when the

16 grass is wet. So, you lose one of several days a

17 week and a mowing cycle and it pushes the cycle back.

18 And, also, obviously, rain contributes to the growth

19 | of grass, so the two things are running counter to

20 each other. But, clearly, there are ever sites in

21 your individual districts where you feel like they

22 | haven't been mowed in an appropriate time, please

23 reach out directly to the borough Commissioner who

24 | is, obviously, direct connections with the staff.

some cases, at our beaches, and daily and it could be

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several times during the day to make sure that the supplies are there and that they are clean. So, you are correct. Depending on the location, but it is daily and it could be many times throughout the day.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Yeah.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Just to add,

Councilman, all of those 690-- 700 plus

conversations are locked and unlocked every day, so

when I staff goes there every morning to unlock the

comfort stations, they unlock the door, they turn on

the lights, they check to make sure there's toilet

paper and etc., that the comfort stations are in good

shape, they are then generally checked to be cleaned

at some point throughout the day and then, in the

evening, we return the lock them up and there is

another check done then.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, what time do you lock those bathrooms?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, during the season, during our peak season, again, which is summer, we are committed to keeping our comfort stations open until 7 p.m. or later seven days a week. During the winter months, the comfort stations are closed more around 4:30-- 5 o'clock. It gets

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lighter. Excuse me. It gets darker much earlier and I staff is on a single shift, so during the winter months they are closed 4:30-- five. During the

summer months they are closed 7 p.m. or later.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, what happens when the bathrooms are locked? I mean, people need to use it.

and a safety concern that we do not keep our parks op-- I'm sorry. Comfort stations open. They are locked for security reasons and then are reopened again in the morning. So, those comfort stations are not available to the public and, in most cases, they coincide with the closure of parks where you should not be in the park in the first place. But, in terms with we have to work with our shifts and, 7 p.m., as it was stated, in peak season, and then much earlier on the non-peak season.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, how many bathrooms are closed for winterizing and at what point in the year two such bathrooms have their water shut off?

Councilman, will get you an exact number, but is a very small handful. A few dozen. Maybe 20+ or minus

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So,

1	COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION 41
2	of the 690 that to not have heat in them, so they
3	have to be winterized. And winterized means that the
4	functioning of them wraps down in November or so.
5	So, by December 1 for generally winterized and then
6	they are brought back up to functioning in the
7	spring. It all depends on when it starts to get
8	warm, but it could be some point in March into mid-
9	April. But we will get you the list of comfort
10	stations that have to be winterized.
11	CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, can you give us a
12	list of the bathrooms that every year you have to
13	close because of
14	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON KOO: Yeah.
16	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: We will get
17	you that.
18	CHAIRPERSON KOO: How many bathrooms are
19	able to be open year-round? So, only those few
20	bathrooms need to be winterized. There are open
21	year-round except for
22	COMMISSIONER SILVER: Right.
23	CHAIRPERSON KOO: those ones.

the ground running. He is mad not only with me and

my fellow elected officials in my neck of the woods in Queens, but with all of the civic and nonprofit leaders in the community. So, I wanted to say that Dottie Levondowski [sp?] left some very big shoes to fill. She did a phenomenal job, but Commissioner Docket really is hit the ground running and I think he's doing a fine job and I want to thank you for appointing him to that position because he is doing I'd like to talk a bit about Rockaway and also Forest Park, if I can. Rockaway Beach, as you know, has seen a wonderful resurgence since hurricane Sandy. With the ferry coming back, it's product, you know, millions of additional visitors, but that requires more service and maintenance in one of the many complaints that I got this seer to my district office and to my Facebook account was pictures of these overflowing garbage bins on the beach and on the boardwalk and I know that halfway through the season, I think, parks stepped it up and add an additional service, but how do you actually plan for that? What does that look like and then how do you make change? How long does it take to make changes to a plan like that?

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COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, one, first of all, I appreciate your comments and it's always good to see both of you here or on the boardwalk. As you know, some photographs are always taken on a snapshot in time and I always tell them that we have dedicated crews that will go up there. If you go out there some hours later, it is gone. But it's that peak time when people take a snapshot, but we have crews out there that make sure that before the days up, the beach is clean. We have made adjustments. We've added additional staff out to Rockaway. listened. We all know that the Rockaway community is not shy at all so we make sure we make the adjustments necessary. We have an administrator out there, a new administrator, so we make sure that we make those adjustments that the park maintains, the beach maintains as clean. I've been out there many I've not seen what people are referring to, but certainly that is a heavily, heavily used beach and, on some of those very hot days, there is excess trash. We want to make sure through the way we approach collecting them, they are in a location where we are not disturbed being and having gaiters going up and down the beach. But by the end of the

day, by the next morning, those beaches are pristine and cleaned.

employees confidentially told us that there were five pieces of equipment that could be used for cleaning the beach, but that at any given point this season, there were four of them being repaired or serviced by DCAS and how long that takes. And so, sometimes there were times throughout the summer that there was only one piece of equipment available to new the entire, you know, stretch of the beach there. I thought that that was a bit silly. Why is parks able to repair some of their equipment in-house? I don't--

rule of thumb, is the people to speak to an administrator. I don't know if a park worker with a beach 5.5 miles at him to be taking care of, may know all the details about what vehicles are in or out of operation. But it is something that we make sure we have the proper vehicles to maintain. That sounds highly unusual that a four to five vehicles beyond the service, but it is something that we watch on a

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daily basis and we rectified and we have ways of backfilling vehicles, if needed, in situations. So--

any— At any given point able to have a vehicle impaired and not have to wait three weeks for it to come back from DCAS? Either do it in-house or go to private mechanic shop and have it done? I mean, just for the sake of, you know, such as short beach season, seems unusual to me that certain pieces of equipment could be out of commission for almost a month. In, we only have three months or four months out of the year to really make it work.

Commissioner?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So,

Councilman, we monitor our equipment and our vehicles
on a daily basis in what is called the out of service
report that is generated very early every morning.

So, we look at in and we determine which vehicles
need to be prioritized for maintenance to get them
back in service. Clearly, during the beach season,
we always prioritize page vehicles. We do have
different agreements. DCAS maintain some of our
vehicle types because they are very specialized. We
maintain other vehicle types and a third are

2 maintained by contractor. So, it completely depends

3 on what vehicle you are speaking about, who is

4 responsible to maintain it, and it depends on what is

5 wrong with the vehicle. Some of the beach vehicles,

6 the beach rakes, they are called, are very

7 specialized equipment that need specialized parts

8 and, unfortunately, if it does go down, it may take

9 longer to repair. Often time, they are not simple

10 repairs.

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the-- I think there were five of them in the rockaways and then, at one point during the summer, there were four of the matter out of service. So, I believe that was the equipment. We had a meeting with the other elected and some of the community people about a month and a half ago and that actually came up. Lastly, because I know there are a lot of questions and I want to speed this up, Forest Park I also represent. My district goes, literally, from Park Lane south down to the Rockaways. It's quite large. That Forest Park, you know, we do, I think, pretty good job of investing a lot of local discretionary money and other capital monies.

Myself, Council member Holden, and the borough

jointly operated playgrounds, they are called JOP's,

and they are fully accessible to the public, except

I was going to start by complementing the Manhattan

borough Commissioner, Bill Castro, but he owes me an		
answer on the annual Thompson Square Park Halloween		
Dog Parade, so tell him to call me back. It's very		
important. It's an important tradition. So, if		
anyone hasn't been there, please join us. It's super		
fun. So, I want to just get right into I think that		
maintenance and operations really does impact our		
local gardens and I want to ask a couple questions		
about the recent license agreement that I think you		
are currently negotiating with some of the local		
gardens. So, 1 million of the 43 million dollars		
that was allocated is to community gardens. How is		
that maintenance plan? How is that being		
distributed, and when will we see community gardens		
and our districts start to benefit from the funding?		
And if they have, what are some of those things?		

COMMISSIONERS SILVER: The division well hire additional staff. This was 8.2 million help engage our universe of 550 community gardens. The 350 of which that are on Parks property, but managed by groups licensed within the city will benefit from target in infrastructure improvements. For the entire universe of the 550 of registered community gardens will benefit from tools, materials,

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equipment, as well as increased guidance and advisory services from the agency. So, it would be a

4 combination of actual tools, as well as resources.

resources, do you mean staff for some of these gardens? My people will come through some of the garden space is more frequently and to help them out? Because, for those who don't know, these gardens are independently run by countless volunteers who give tons of hours and have created incredible spaces that people come from all over the world to see.

commissioners silver: Right. Again, I'll underscore the additional staff provides guidance and advisory services and it may vary from garden to garden. What we do know is that we need to have some of those tools and other hard resources, so to speak, that we can— such as soils, material, and other equipment that we can make available. But in terms of the additional staff, it's to offer that additional guidance and advisory services on an ad needed basis. But, again, it may vary from garden to garden.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay. So they're more tangible than I guess, personnel. So the

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advisory services you bring up, the license agreement that has been in discussion, one of the major challenges for some of our local group says the advance that you have to give for the events held in the gardens. And some of these events are well planned out and there are amazing. There are backpack giveaways, there are barbecues. Shakespeare. It's really amazing stuff. But some stuff is planned a little bit last minute. Press conferences, community gatherings, family events, they can get planned last minute and they could potentially be out of compliance with that sort of short term planning under the new license regime. How are gardens supposed to operate independently with this very strict garden agreement and no other services with the additional funding besides advisory services?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Bringing up

Assistant Commissioner Sam Biederman, we knew the hearing was about maintenance and operations, but since it's a question about gardening, Commissioner Biederman is most of today. I assume that he is deemed sworn in. If not, he can do that now.

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LEGAL COUNSEL: Do you affirm to tell
the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth
and your testimony before this committee?

5 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER BIEDERMAN: I
6 do, sir.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Thank you.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER BIEDERMAN: Hi. So, thank you for the question, Council member. So, the license agreement does ask that gardens submit their events four times a year, right? So there is a quarterly schedule for events admission, but after conversation with quarding groups who did raise some very reasonable objections to that, the items that you brought up. You know, last minute press conferences, last-minute festivals, whatever. know, not all of these gardens, we understand, can planned for months in advance. Our volunteer groups. We adjusted the handbook that governs the rules and regulations around the gardens to provide that the green done staff can work with gardens in the time between those quarterly check-in periods so, turn around event approvals as quickly as possible.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: From what I understand, the agreement would be somewhat ironclad

and it would put these groups in a binds in terms of trying to host a gathering. If they don't follow these new administrative kind of code like to the letter, couldn't that potentially jeopardize their status as an open space?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER BIEDERMAN: I don't want to get into hypotheticals about, you know, what might happen. I do want to underscore that we did adjust the handbook to explicitly allow garden groups to submit their proposals for events far closer to the date of the event. You know? Not on a quarterly basis.

don't like speaking in hypotheticals, either, but I do finds, I guess, of the newer version of what you originally proposed to be problematic and I just urge you to stay in contact with the gardeners here to make sure that you are negotiating something that is fair, considering the history and culture of what these spaces represent. We like to talk about how proud we are of these garden spaces and, without them being able to somewhat freestyle and respond to local happenings and what is going on in current issues, I

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2 think it kind of takes away from what's the spirit of
3 these gardens.

we've enjoyed a decade's long relationship with our gardeners. We celebrate them. We enjoy them being there in the service they offer. Every few years we are up for renewing these licenses and new issues, that we have to discuss, but your points are well taken. We have been in active negotiation for many, many months and this is something that we will continue to do as we get to resolve some of these thorny issues that are there for a small percentage of the gardens. We still have a significant number who did sign and we are continuing to work out some of the issues with the few who have not signed.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay. I will be sure to follow up. I just have a couple more questions. So, we added— the Council added 34 million dollars in one shots in this year's budget, including additional maintenance workers. And, in your opinion, so we can be helpful, what are the top one shot items that Parks would want to see ideally baselined in the next fiscal year, and why?

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good question. That is a question I'll be prepared to discuss in more detail in March when, traditionally, we have these conversations. But, as you know, it was very beneficial in terms of the 43 million that was given to parks this year and we look forward to the conversation to continue when we have the preliminary budget hearings in March.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay. And this is my last two question, Mr. Chair, if that's? One Okay. One more. Okay. I better make a more? I have so many. I guess I want to ask-good. Wow. going to make it local. So, Union Square Park, great Park. Great place. We have a little bit of a trash issue there. There tends to be-- it's clearly a very busy park. It's legendary. All of these things. So, when you go to pick up the trash, you have these push carts and they put them at the side of Union Square East and when the trucks calm to empty the push carts, there is -- they park in the bike lane. So, we have been talking to Parks and I know the Department of Transportation, you have to work together to find a solution for maybe the west side or the north side, but we been able to get a

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timeline on when we could find a solution so that way we can get the trash out, keep the bike lane clear, and then keep it nice and clean. So, if you could just maybe get back to my office on that and, additionally, the last thing I wanted to mention was talking about the citywide Conservancy that was mentioned in the report in terms of the Center for and Urban Future and how we could, maybe, work together on whether it is citywide or more nuanced and support the smallest parks to make sure there's equitable resources. So thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Yeah.

Commissioner, you mentioned that you have an app to mobilize the maintenance crews to different parks.

Can you give us some details on how you use the app system?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: You want to know more information about how the app works?

CHAIRPERSON KOO: No. No. How you mobilize the-- How you assign people to different parks. Yeah. And how you make sure these workers, when they go there, they did a good job? How the supervisors know they're doing a good job or not goofing off.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, the app
that I mentioned is called daily tasks. It tracks
the daily tasks done that are associated with
cleaning of parks. So, there are two components of
daily tasks. One is the component followed by the
staff that are sent out on predetermined routes and
it's on a handheld device like this that we provide
to staff and they, literally, record everything they
do in the park. When they show up, what they did,
when they leave, etc. Then there is a separate
component of daily tasks which is called the
supervisor application of daily tasks. And the
supervisors do the inspections referred to by
Commissioner Kavanaugh and follow the routes to make
sure that the work was done to an appropriate level
in all of that is recorded in as close to real time
as possible on their mobile devices.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: What is the ratio of supervisor to workers? How many workers they are supervising for each supervisor?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: It varies. We can look into that and get you the range. It varies greatly depending on the time of year, because as Commissioner Silver mentioned earlier, during our

we recently had. I know that we have a few things to

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2 follow up on and I know that we are going to continue this partnership of ours, but I can't help but 3 4 mention, since our meeting -- I represent the largest 5 park in New York City. 2700 acres. We don't have 6 the equipment necessary to maintain the largest park 7 in New York City. We don't have the manpower. Although the grass does get cut, we have a problem 8 with the hedges that don't seem to follow 9 simultaneously and I know that is a lack of time and 10 maintenance issues, but we had to hold the first-11 12 ever, believe it or not, grass Summit meeting in my 13 office with-- actually, Assemblyman Michael 14 Benedetto's office-- where we brought in state DOT, 15 city DOT, sanitation, and Parks Department to address 16 some very fundamental conditions of Pelham Parkway. 17 To my surprise, no one knows cut the grass for years 18 or was willing to admit to cutting the grass on Pelham Parkway, the median and the sides of Pelham 19 20 Parkway. This is the major park way leading into Pelham Bay Park, Orchard Beach. The first impression 21 2.2 that our visitors get where you yourself may have 23 seen the pictures. It was more like a wheat field than Parkland where it was as tall as me. And I was 24

months of trying to figure out who is going to be

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2 responsible. Before you answer that, pocket parks

3 don't have a dedicated routine maintenance staff.

4 And those are the Greenleaf pocket parks I am

5 referring to. What do you refer to them as?

Green streets?

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Green streets. dedicated staff. I don't see a steady funding stream for abandoned boats for waterfront communities and debris that washes up on our shorelines and, although parks department is the agency responsible for these properties, we know that there is agreements in place with other agencies that you've indicated you would be continuing with the Commissioners at your next meeting. I hope to get an update on that. But they abandoned boats that create a life and health safety issue to other boaters, as well that I have polluted our shorelines, it takes years to have the most minuscule investment made into removing those eyes sores and potential safety issues. Your partnerships with friends and not for profits is great, but they cannot be police officers. We have a very active group that pursues illegal barbecuing and homeless encampments and we haven't been brought up to date on the posting of when a park opens and when a park

- 2 closes or Parkland, I should say, in particular.
- 3 Pelham Parkway. So we can better enforce the
- 4 regulations. On the last point I want to bring up as
- 5 we recognize there is a real shortfall in the budget
- 6 that you have when it comes to capital and
- 7 | maintenance requests. Why would we put the
- 8 | jurisdiction of Heart Island into parks
- 9 responsibility when you currently don't have the
- 10 | means necessary for maintenance and improvements?
- 11 Taking on such a large responsibility is one that I
- 12 | would love to hear how parks is currently going to
- 13 meet the needs of maintaining the largest public
- 14 cemetery in the country. Thank you.
- 15 COMMISSIONER SILVER: Thank you for those
- 16 questions, Council member. There were quite a few.
- 17 | I will try to take them in order and then ask the
- 18 deputy commissioners to respond. As you know, we are
- 19 | having conversations about those green assets that
- 20 are maintained by multiple jurisdictions and we will
- 21 | get back to you once we understand the resolution.
- 22 | In terms of green streets that are assets, anything
- 23 that we are in charge of does get maintained.
- 24 | They're going to be by mobile crews. We will not
- 25 have fixed crews for greenways or green streets, but

already moving forward. And so, certainly, we can have conversations with you about that, but that, right now, discussion is already taken place. I

discussion and legislation that, I believe, is

20 don't know if I missed any of the other questions,

21 but I think I covered all the--

22 COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: No. Abandoned

23 boats.

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24 COMMISSIONER SILVER: Oh. Abandoned

25 boats.

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2 program is responsible for more waterways than we

3 are. Give us the list. We'll take a look at it and

4 | we'll let you know what we can do.

COUNCIL MEMBER GJONAJ: Why do I have a funny feeling I'm going to have a boat summit next to find out who is responsible for what? You know what the problem is? New Yorkers don't really care. don't care if it's sanitation, parks, or if it's city DOT or state DOT. They want basics. Cut grass. grows. You're supposed to have a program in place to If there is a sunken boat or if there is get it cut. debris that washed up on our shoreline, they don't care who is responsible. They expect someone to be doing that work and when we get into this gray area about, well, I'm not sure if I'm responsible or they're responsible, it looks like government is failing and it is failing them. These are basics. If there is a sunken boat out there, it should be on everyone's radar. You don't need me or the community to bring that to your attention. If there is overgrown grass, you don't need the elected officials or the community to bring it to your attention. There are multiple agencies responsible to oversee

Which leads me to my last point. I am one of

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the few council districts that does not have the luxury of a pool. It's unfortunate that 170,000 residents do not have use of a public pool. I have brought this up before. I have offered alternatives where we can use our existing waterways and have these new pools that are being looked into as a very viable and inexpensive option. And before I turn over the microphone to you, I am very fond of our borough parks commissioner, Iris Rodriguez. She does an excellent job.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Council member King. Your ask questions?

COUNCIL MEMBER KING: Thank you, Mr.

Chair and Commissioner and the wonderful team at parks. Go Iris. We are Iris fans here. My questions are very brief in regards to the maintenance of our parks. I would like to know what kind of system that's in place that actually tracks when a call comes in and how do we know that the job is finished? And is there a timeline by the time a r-- a complaint or a request comes in that the systems in place that you have two weeks to handle this or one week to handle this? Because Council member Gjonaj mentioned and I know I have parks in my

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2 district that, because of weather, bushes are six We had a young lady that was stabbed and 3 feet tall. injured because of visibility because the trees were 5 blocking the lights. So I did share that because it was all on the news, but still it hasn't been cut 6 7 yet. So I'm asking you what is that process that you all have to make sure that this gets managed and 8 What timelines that you work with so you 9 taken care. 10 know someone is responding and being held accountable. If they haven't [inaudible 01:16:28] 11 12 then why and why not? My second question goes to the fact of your workers, your seasonal workers. 13 14 Summertime is a good high-spirit time, but come in 15 the winter when you do downsize, what do we do with 16 these workers? Can we find ways to utilize them because parks still need help in the wintertime? 17 You 18 may not need as many workers, but how do we still maximize them in our system so not every season 19 20 you're training a whole bunch of new workers every day to keep stability within your Parks Department? 21 2.2 I understand from bodies there can be shortages at 23 any given time of people getting appointed to certain because of personnel. I'd just like to know how you 24 25 manage that. And then the last question I have for

you is what maintenance challenges that you know that
you have that we in the city Council can help you out

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COMMISSIONER SILVER: Thank you for those questions, Council member King. To answer your first question, 311 is always the best approach. tracked and we will respond on 311 about how that issue was addressed. Clearly, people fax us, call There are a lot of methods. We prefer 311 because it is tracked and we are able to address it through that system. In some cases, what someone may see as a concern after going out and inspecting it, we may have a different perspective. That's always difficult to share, but we do look at the 311 calls coming in and we do have an obligation to respond back so that the person that's calling it in, whether it's by app or by call, gets a response. So all those vary. If it's a different situation, we do ask for a high level of intervention. If some [inaudible 01:18:13] took place and there seems to be some visual obstacles-- as you all know, the whole parks and boarder is to provide more visibility to the parks, reducing fences, removing vegetation. That is a high priority. So that is something we certainly

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take a look at. In terms of the seasonal workers, they sign on knowing that it is for a season. good news about retraining is many of them return again and again whether they are retirees or they just are-- like working in parks in a seasonal basis. You heard the period can be quite long. are comfortable with that schedule and so we are very blessed to have a lot of our seasonal workers return again and again, which minimizes the retraining of these employees. I did answer earlier, but in terms of our challenges, we really don't have any challenges, per se, on an operational maintenance side. It's something that we embrace as part of our daily operation. Our staff takes great pride. think the challenge coming in -- I was somewhat frustrated when I found out that parks were open seven days a week, but we were only cleaning some parks only five days a week and I felt that had to be rectified. So we were able to get infusion baseline funding from the mayor in FY 2017 and that was-we are able to, for the top 100 hotspot parks where barbequing and other things take place, they are now cleaned seven days a week for the first time. And so that was a challenge because I kept getting calls and photographs of overflowing garbage cans come Monday morning and now staff is very grateful because they are not confronting that mess come Monday morning and they are able to intercept and take that trash out over the weekend. So, as part of our operations, we don't see it as a challenge. We see it as something that it is a privilege to keep these parks clean for New Yorkers and visitors.

answers and that you, in advance, again, with your help with Haven Park and the pool. Thank you for that. We're excited about what that finished product is going to look like. So, thank you again for all the work that you gentleman do, and ladies do, to make sure our parks look great in the city of New York. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you, Council member King. And, Commissioner, I want to ask you a couple questions and then we will turn to other Council members again. What is the role that the Park Inspection Program, PIP, plays in determining what types of maintenance is needed in a particular park?

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COMMISSIONER SILVER: The PIP program, the Parks Inspection Program, has been around for almost 30 years and it is a valuable part of our operation. It's somewhat of an audit function, so it's outside of the maintenance and operations. inspect -- do about 6000 inspections every year and almost every park property is inspected about twice a year. It is instrumental in telling us what needs to It is very detailed. We have overall get fix. condition and then we have cleanliness. So we are able to in and staff does not know when these inspectors are showing up. And then we meet once a month to analyze that data. Just like the police have CompStat, it's kind of ParkStat--

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Uh-hm.

COMMISSIONER SILVER: so to speak and it let's both the Chief Operating Officer and the Deputy Commissioner— First Deputy Commissioner understand where we need to make some adjustments. There could be a variety of reasons, but it also gives us an indication of what capital improvements are already needed. Also needed. It tells about some of the trends. We may see some districts trending more positive. Some trending in a different direction.

COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION

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But we are able intercede early to find out exactly what was going on. Is it the right crew? Is it weather? Is it the supervisor? So we can go in and give the support of what is needed. Was it equipment? To that particular district. So it's instrumental and critical to our operation so much so that it is part of the mayor's management report and that is something we are very transparent about. We are very pleased with the 95 and 90 percent rating for condition and for overall cleanliness.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, does the department reallocate or increase maintenance workers if a park or ground does not meet the PIP inspection criteria?

COMMISSIONER SILVER: It is possible.

I'll let the Deputy Commissioners respond. It is possible. We first try to see exactly what is going on. We have our Chief of Operations, we have our Commissioner level to determine what exactly what the issue is before we try to make adjustments to additional staff. So I'll let the Commissioners respond, but it does vary.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Yes. As Commissioner Silver said, we look at the data at

Τ	COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION /4
2	almost a daily basis. So we won't adjust staff based
3	upon one report. One PIP report. But if we start to
4	see trends over a number of weeks or months of a
5	district or a sector that is performing poorly in one
6	function or another within a borough, we can adjust
7	staff to address the conditions to elevate the
8	cleanliness and the overall condition at those site.
9	COMMISSIONER SILVER: Right.
10	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, not on a
11	day by day basis, but over a trend basis, yes.
12	COMMISSIONER SILVER: So, the good news
13	is because we meet monthly, you do not see problems
14	surfacing in parks on the maintenance side. We know
15	right away and we are able to intercede right away
16	and not wait for several cycles to take place.
17	CHAIRPERSON KOO: Are these reports
18	available online for the public to see?
19	COMMISSIONER SILVER: Yes.
20	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: All of the PIE
21	data is available through our website. Through
22	Parks. And then through the open data. NYC Open
23	Data.

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2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Okay. Thank you. Now,
3 I turn to Council member Cohen to ask questions.
4 Yeah.

Koo. Good to see you, Commissioner. We actually spent a fair amount of time this summer. I think we did a couple of groundbreaking. Some ribbon cuttings. We had a good summer. So it's good to see you back here at City Hall. I have a bunch of questions that are sort of all over the map. A couple of years ago, we had a hearing of PEP and the high turnover rate on PEP. Has there been any progress made on that front on PEP retention?

were able to work with the unit to increase the number of hours per week which increased the salary. And we also did employee survey to find out some of the concerns. This was across the board with all agencies. We recognize retention for PEP was an issue. A lot of them were moving on to NYPD and other, you know, corrections because we are told we have some of the best and brightest in recruiting and our standards of being a peace officer. But we have seen that stabilize a bit. Personally, at all

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events, during my personal recognition and showing my appreciation, giving them all the support they need. We're doing new training facilities. So we are doing whatever we can to upgrade their experience because we care deeply about the work that they do. So we have seen those numbers stabilize. Do we still have some attrition? Yes. Many, after being with parks, realize they have hire pay in other opportunities in the city of New York or elsewhere, but we were very pleased that we were able to address some of the severe retention losses we were experiencing in the past.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: And along those lines, I was a little surprised to learn, I guess, PEP is not on the job 24 hours a day. There's not PEP-- because I think all of us have probably experienced a lot of times where there will be a disturbance in the park, noise, and it's all the police department at that point. I don't know what hour PEP wraps up, but--

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Correct. We have the two shifts and there are some special occasions when we have certain events, but most of those evens end around 10 o'clock, but they do have to stay

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2 whether it's New Year's Even or some events in some

3 of the larger parks. They do have to stay beyond 10

4 o'clock. But we do have primarily two shifts to do

5 our coverage in New York City parks.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: I've been working closely with the 50th and, you know, in Van Cortland Park, it all falls into the jurisdiction of the 50th, but some of it is very far from any other place in the 50th. So, working with the 52nd precinct and the 50th to deal with when we have partying and barbequing that goes well, you know, past midnight and I see on social media people who can't sleep and can't enjoy their home because of disturbances in the park. You know, we talked a little bit about mowing. And, you know, I've got to give credit where credit This summer that was just past was better, is due. but the summer before, we really had challenges all over the Bronx, is my understanding. And this summer was much better. So, but it appears to me that the equipment levels-- there's not a lot of margin in the Parks Department with equipment. If a piece breaks, you really feel it. And I think that we need to have a commitment to try to like-- the there be maybe like a couple of backup mowers so that, in

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addition to getting them repaired, that you also have another mower that operation doesn't-- yes. Please.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Yes. you, Councilman, first of all, for recognizing the improvement in the Bronx. And it's interesting, specifically, that improvement occurred because we replaced a lot of equipment in the Bronx between 2018 and 2019, both combining Bronx resources that Commissioner Rodriguez, Rosa made available and central resources that we had. So, we are in the process, now, as we are wrapping down our moving season-- by the time we end-- finish moving by the middle of October, we will do a full diagnostic and debrief on all five boroughs and then we've also-we have already identified some resources to purchase additional equipment. We are trying to build redundancy into the system. We recently had a success in building redundancy into our forestry equipment, which is very important and responding to forestry issues. Now, we are looking building redundancy in the turf maintenance.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: And I wonder, is the Parks Department given any thought to more creative uses of groundcover? I mean, grass is a

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pain to maintain and I don't know why we are so eager to cover everything in crass. If we could use IV use or other kinds of plantings, maybe we can reduce some of-- you know? Because I get a lot of complaints.

6 You know? I know you get a lot of complaints--

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Right.

COMMISSIONER SILVER: I'm sure we could all comment. There is some plant material that does attract rodents, so we have to be careful. depends on user experience. I mean, we have 30,000 acres. A lot of it, 10,000, is natural area. does impact the type of use. We explore synthetic turf. There is only so much we can do there. natural turf. There are options for groundcovers, but even with that, maintaining it, and how do you allow the public to enjoy those areas varies. I'm sure all of us can weigh in and have a comment, but, clearly, having natural grass or natural turf provides the most options for the public to use and mowing in edging seems to be the way you maintain, as well as your seeding and aeration during some parts of the season.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: We also do regularly look at areas that we can take out of regular mowing regime and put into meadow grasses and other things that are only required to be mowed twice a year. They are more environmentally sustainable and appropriate and, in many ways, they support lots of species. You know, there can be challenges with the fact that, generally, our park users expect this kind of appearance of a mown lawn when they come to a park. So we also have to balance use patterns, perception of what maintenance looks like to our park users, environmental, and then, of course, budget and resources.

also a few years ago, we did a hearing on the use of herbicides in the parks. I've been getting a lot of emails from people and it does seem to be, you know—

I'm not a scientist, but there does seem to be a sort of more growing consensus about the dangers associated with the round. I was convinced, actually, the last time we had this conversation about, you know, the dangers imposed by basic species versus the benefits of using herbicides, but I am wondering if it is worth revisiting some point, that

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discussion, as there does seem to be, again, more of a consensus growing around—— I know Roundup is the commercial name, but you know what I am talking about.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH:

Councilmember, we are very aware of all the concerns and debate around use of herbicides in general and glyphosate, in particular. We have significantly reduced our use of glyphosate in parks where there is the likelihood of any kind of public contact. And we have limited it to places where public contact is unlikely. You know, for example, are Green Street where we growth can interfere with visibility for drivers and pedestrians and we don't want our employees to be repeatedly out in traffic maintaining those places. And in natural areas where we are closing places for restoration purpose says and where we could not control invasive spy any other We simply couldn't do it mechanically. As a result, I mean, we didn't see more weeds captured in our park inspection program inspections, of course, for this year. We are looking at other alternatives that, you know, may help us prevent weed growth in those places and other, you know, methods of removing them when it does occur. But we have significantly reduced use of, specifically, glyphosate and we are looking for alternatives.

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: Okay. I appreciate that. You know, I don't know if this is anything to do with the parks or this is OMB or, but up until this year, because we talked about friends groups, we were able to, through the city Parks foundation, is very sort of like micro grants that were able to go to the friends of groups to help them support the programming and we were not able to do that this year. I don't know what— if you know. All right. Matt is ready to—

MATT DRURY: Yeah. Matt Drury. Director of government relations for parks department. It's my understanding that central Council, I believe--

COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: An internal decision.

MATT DRURY: An internal decision was made to discourage what is determined as fiscal conduits to third-party organizations that can't be formally incorporated. You know, they don't have a 501(c)(3) number. That sort of thing.

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COUNCIL MEMBER COHEN: We should try to
figure out a way to support those groups because they
were the small amounts of money that were, I
think, really well used and very appreciated on the
ground. So, we did lawn. We did that. Do you know
if the Van Cortland pedestrian bridge is back on
track? I'm not getting more money for the bridge, so
hopefully that will and, you know, there was a
discussion about pools and I would like to maybe have
a discussion with you at some point about I think
there is an opportunity for greater utilization of
the Van Cortland Park pool. It's a hidden gem. It
shouldn't be a hidden gem. It instead should be out
there kind of bling gem. So, I would like to work on
something that we could do maybe to try to increase
the visibility of the pool. Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So, Commissioners, New York City is a big problem. It's always talked about in the press. It's the rat problem, no? So, what is the parks department doing about the route problems in the parks? Are you training some special people to address this or you're hiring outside exterminators to do the job?

detail.

COMMISSIONER SILVER: First Deputy

Commissioner Kavanaugh respond, but we are taking the matter very seriously. It varies from place to place. The mayor also made this a top priority. And so, we, dealing with a Department of Mental Health and Hygiene to identify the locations of these rat reservoirs where they are a problem and then there are different strategies we use to address them. My, I will let Commissioner Kavanaugh go into more

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: As Commissioner Silver noted, the Parks Department is part of the neighborhood rat reduction program led by Deputy Mayor England. The health department using 311 data in their own inspections have identified areas in the city that have higher than acceptable levels of rodent activity. We identify the parks within those zones and, through the mayor's initiative, we have received additional staff for both cleaning, for exterminators— we have our own exterminators who work for us full-time— supplies and equipment such as a rodent resistant trash receptacles, and other equipment and material to help us address the rodent problems. In the zones that

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have been targeted by the Department of Health, we have reduce the signs of rat activity by 50 percent so far. Our goal is to reduce it by 70 percent, so we still have a way to go, but we still have made significant progress in those areas by focusing on cleaning, reducing food sources, illuminating harborage. What they call harborage. The ability for rats to find shelter, and to treat for rats on an aggressive schedule. So we are doing a lot. There is a lot of rats in the city. We are continuing to be committed to it, but we made some really significant progress.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Do you have the special garbage cans in the parks and so the rats cannot go into the food? Leftovers? Or it's just open cans?

In the parks, we have quite a range of trash receptacles in the park system, unfortunately. But, in the zones that we have targeted to reduce the rat population, we have two principal types of receptacles. One is called a big belly. It is a solar powered compactor that is completely wrap proof. A rat cannot get into it. They are very effective, but they are expensive. And then the

sanitation department has developed a new design. We call it the steel can. It's a tall steel receptable that is also very effective at preventing rats from getting into food sources. They are much less expensive than the big bellies and we are using a lot of them in the parks that we have targeted for the rat reduction program.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Do you use poisons to kill rats?

use a range of products. We have been especially using dry eyes which is, technically, not a poison, but it is a registered pesticide. It is effective and it does have the benefit of not creating what is known as a secondary kill. We still do use some rodenticide's the have a poison as part of their ingredients. We use them on a limited basis and we don't use them in places where there are nesting hawks or other wildlife that might feed on the rodents—

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Uh-huh.

 $\label{thm:commissioner kavanaugh: and thus be poisoned in turn.}$

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2		CHA	IRPE:	RSON	KOO:	Thank	you.	Council
3	member	Brannan,	do	you	have	questi	ons?	

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Thank you,

Chair. I was walking my dogs last night in a park

and I got caught in sprinkler, but I want take that

out on you personally, even though we--

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: Was it irrigation or a [inaudible 01:38:26] sprinkler?

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: It was actually 97th street ramp, so I can't complain about it. Something that Councilman Gjonaj said-- I sort of share his frustration. And I have a fantastic relationship with Marty Mar, the Brooklyn Parks Commissioner, but there is definite frustration on the maintenance stuff in that so much of our jobs as Council member and dealing with city agencies has to be, unfortunately, reactive. You know, and I think before 9 o'clock every morning, I send Marty like 10 emails of stuff I've seen that needs to be addressed. And I was looking at an old report about back in the 70s during the height of the fiscal crises that Parks had a staff of a little over 11,500 to do exclusively maintenance operations. Once the account today?

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2	COMMISSIONER SILVER: It varies. The
3	numbers 3000 to 5500.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: What is it?
5	COMMISSIONER SILVER: 3000 to 5500,
6	depending on the time of year.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Okay. So that
8	means that we had more than double the amount of
9	staffers working on maintenance and operations back
10	during the worst times in city history?
11	COMMISSIONER SILVER: Let me, since I was
12	not here at the time in Commissioner Kavanaugh was,
13	maybe he could add some
14	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: I
15	was not.
16	[laughter]
17	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: For
18	the record.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: All right.
20	Well
21	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: I
22	know it's white hair.
23	COMMISSIONER SILVER: You have more
24	insight and I

not sure what the years were, but a federal program

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called SETA which provided a lot of staffers for the
Parks department.

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Okay.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: Now, our full time equivalent-- Yes. Commissioner Silver is absolutely right. We have approximately 4700 full-time employees in the Parks Department, but, in addition to that, we have, roughly, on average, 1700 POP workers. The use of the transitional workers through the HRA program that work for the parks We have our seasonal staff that comes on department. in the summer and, you know, about 1500 or so are dedicated. Actually, more than that. I don't remember the number. [Inaudible 01:41:14] are dedicated to maintenance. So, full-time equivalent is actually about 7500 per year. So, that gap is a lot different. And what makes up the gap between now and the 1970s-- I'm not quite sure. I can't answer that. My suspicion is it has to do with the SETA employees that were assigned to the Parks Department at the time.

23 COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Okay.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAUGH: So, there were lots of differences. And then, you know,

the fact of the matter is that, compared to the 60s and 70s, you know, all-- not all, but there's market efficiencies that have occurred since then in terms of equipment and tools and things like that that are extremely different. And I can give you a couple of

examples, but I don't want to pour everybody on that.

understand even getting into the semantics. It still just seems like a huge difference. I understand that the titles have changed in that kind of stuff, but how does parks currently do maintenance inspections? I mean, is a sort of, you know, the guy who collects the garbage he goes out there and collects the garbage. There is no one though call him up and say, hey, go check out this park today. It looks really bad.

COMMISSIONER SILVER: As was stated, we have a separate unit. Somewhat of an audit division that independently goes out and will inspect a park at least each one twice a year. So, we do 6000 inspections. But, in addition--

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: I'm talking about like daily. Daily stuff.

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COMMISSIONER SILVER: There is da Yes.
Well, I'll let Commissioner Focht but the answer
is, yes. There is daily. And I do want to emphasize
I know I often hear the numbers. The bottom line is
we now become a lot smarter, through technology and
having the proper routes and crew size that our
numbers are 90 percent and so we've learned, over
time, Commissioner Kavanaugh is saying is that
approaching part maintenance is very different and in
the past. When you had 11,000, you just a ploy them.
And now there are smarter ways way to our work. But
now coming up with this routing software, we have now
optimized our routes. We have optimized our crew
size at what makes the most sense. For us, it's
about a crew chief with a crew of four. I'm sure
before they probably had 15 going out to clean a
park. So, we have learned a lot over time and so we
are very efficient. And so, if you look at them
numbers of the mayor's report on keeping our parks
clean. I will refer now to Commissioner Focht to go
into more detail on how those daily inspections take
place.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: So, on a daily

basis, our staff is deployed based upon predetermined

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rounds. They are managed by his supervisor. supervisor independently follows the cruise and make sure the work is done and then the supervisor-is on a daily basis. On a monthly basis, the supervisors independently visit every site in their geographic areas of responsibility and to an independent audit or assessment of those sites. will look more toward structural issues like gap playgrounds and drinking fountains and stuff like that. And then, on top of that, we have the semiindependent system that Commissioner Silver spoke about. The Parks Inspection Program that does 6000 audits a year. But on a daily basis, every site that our staff is followed up by a crew chief or supervisor to make sure that the work that they were assigned to do is done.

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Okay. I think there's a lack of efficient, at least, on our end just because we have to work so closely with the local staff. And they are very responsive. You know, they're fantastic, but the fact that there is an overflowing garbage can on the Lord, you know, there was a mess left at a park over a weekend, the fact that we have to notify the Parks folks who will

then run away go and address it, there is a
disconnect there. So, we may have found some, you
know, ways to increase efficiency as far as staffing
numbers and stuff, but as far as being proactive
versus being reactive, there seems to be still a
considerable Delta. And, honestly, it's outrageous
how little this administration gives money to the
parks department. I think it is insane. I mean, I
think if you ask any of my colleagues, this is a huge
issue. You know? And we understand the constraints.
I mean, obviously, you can't admit it, but we
understand the constraints that you are under which
is why we fought so hard to get that additional 43
million this year, but I know it is just a drop in
the bucket. And, but with the amount of complaints
and concerns I hear from my colleagues and how much
of it, you know, revolves around parks and parks
maintenance, I wish the administration would
prioritize giving the Parks the money that they
deserve to get this done the right way. So, I
appreciate the work that you guys do with the meager
tools that you have been given and we want to be
nartners You know we don't want to be adversaries

We want to be at partners to try to close this gap because it, ultimately, benefits everybody. So--

COMMISSIONER SILVER: Well, certainly, we encourage more conversations. I'll speak with Commissioner Mar about some of the concerns you raised since we do have these monthly meetings. by way of example, you probably know I went out to Als Head and I was there when a worker actually was, with a car, loading up some of the trash. didn't find not one piece of garbage in the park, but she said, if you were here this morning, she said, the day before it is a place where she said where there are quincenieras, whatever there is, there are lots of lots of parties. They don't just bring regular trash, but whatever gifts and boxes, they're just overflowing. But when I got there, that was Sunday morning, the park was spotless and she was lifting some of the bags. So, it could be timing, but I am certainly open to figure out exactly what is happening in your district. That is something we can go back to address. But our expectation is the staff likes to have those parks clean. It is something they are committed to doing, but if there is a

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2 problem somewhere, we certainly want to figure out 3 what it is so we can make that adjustment.

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Thank you.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: And,

Councilman, I just would like to address that certainly some element of our work will always be reactive and we certainly appreciate your kind words about Brooklyn's staff being reactive, but the basis of our operations is a proactive basis. We preplanned routes. We determine the right level of staffing and I suspect that the conditions that you see and you may notify Commissioner Mar about it at 8 o'clock in the morning at a certain overflowing trashcan on a playground, a mobile crew is about to hit that site at 10:30 in the morning and take care of the situation. The situation is not going to last for more than a few hours because, again, the vast majority of sites are covered on mobile crews.

COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: Obviously. No one ever calls Councilperson this say I wanted to send you a photo of a perfectly clean garbage can.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOCHT: Us, too. They don't do that to us, either.

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appreciate it.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER BRANNAN: So, no. I get
3 it. It's just, you know, people's heads explode when
4 they see the garments can overflowing. Then, after
5 it's fixed, they're on to the next thing. So, but I

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Yeah. So that concludes the administration testimony. We will now go into a public participation. We will call four persons at a time. The first panel will be Lynn Kelly, New Yorkers for Parks, Adriana Espinoza, New York League for Conservation Voters, Hunter Armstrong, Natural Area Conservancies, and Corey Povos, Prospect Park Alliance. But before we start, I want to take a five-minute break so people can go to the bathroom at a stretch. It's not good to sell for too long. Five minutes. Can Sergeant-at-arms get a pause for five minutes? So, Sergeant-atarms, are you ready? So, we will start our public participation. The first panel is already here. You can identify yourself and you may begin. Identify yourself first.

LYNN KELLY: Hello. I'm Lynn Kelly and I am the executive director for New Yorkers for Parks. Before we begin, I want to just think the Council, in

2 particular our speaker for reconstituting this committee. I want to welcome Counsel member Koo, and 3 4 I want to acknowledge that, finely, the parks 5 committee reflects 50 percent of the users of parks 6 and over 70 percent of the management of parks and I 7 welcome Councilwomen Rivera and Adams in that regard. So, I thank you. New Yorkers for Parks is a founding 8 member of the Play Fair Coalition. You are familiar 9 with us. Many of our coalition members are here 10 today to speak. Thank you for staying and listening 11 12 to the public testimony. I am going to breeze through some of this. You heard today how this money 13 14 is being allocated from the Parks Department in terms 15 of the new funding. It is great that Parks as jumped 16 in so quickly to be able to move on this money. 17 want to know some concerns. One, we didn't hear 18 where these positions are going to be allocated. Distributions five, by parks, one is the process for 19 20 How is that being determined? And, two, that we understand that it is harder to hire certain 21 2.2 positions. Certainly gardeners and PEP officers, but 23 the clock is ticking and if we don't fulfill those 24 PEP officer positions quickly, we will lose the 25 opportunity. And I want to point that out. Lastly,

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on the community gardens, I also want to mention that there is a lot of money on the table, which we are happy is going to be distributed to the community gardens throughout the city. We understand there are open issues with the license agreement as an advocate for community gardens. We do not want the issues with the license agreement to be connected or tied or held up in any way as it relates to the distribution of the funding. We are also working under the clock of Mother Nature. These gardeners need their tools. They need to be able to get into their gardens. are in support of a transparent process as it relates to the allocation of the 43 million dollars and continued reporting measures. We will certainly be keeping an eye on that and encourage the coalition to do so. And, rather than me continue to give testimony, I think it is really important to say that we feel are beginning to scratch the surface. Play Fair Coalition is delighted at what the Council did and the administration. And particularly, the baseline mean. But that is what is key. Like phase one shots are great, but if we don't baseline them, we are going to lose the opportunity and many of the coalition members -- where I want to point out our

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Since we have a lot of people participating, so the time limit is three minutes. No more than three minutes, but less is better because we have a lot of people who want to speak.

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ADRIANA ESPINOZA: No problem.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

ADRIANA ESPINOZA: Good afternoon. My name is Adriano Espinoza. I am the New York City program director at the New York League of Conservation

Voters. I would like to thank Chair Koo for the opportunity to testify today. Our Sadie is staring down a crisis existential importance and it is incumbent upon our elected leaders to invest our tax dollars in climate action command climate solutions.

New York City's Department of Parks and Recreation plays a critical role in the fight and that is why we are proud to join New Yorkers for Parks and DC37 of founding members of the Play Fair for Parks campaign.

Earlier this year, our coalition helped to secure a

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landmark 43 million dollars increase for the New York City Parks and green spaces. The budget will begin to provide New York City Parks with the care that they need to remain healthy and are changing climate. I echo Lynn in thinking the speaker for the support on the campaign, as well as the city Council and Mayor DeBlasio. It's critical that we continue to support the city's environment by finding for green spaces citywide. Well-maintained parks are a vital part of New York's urban environment. New York City Parks, echoing what Councilmember Brannan said earlier, have done a commendable job maintaining our parks for years given matter historically underfunded by two and we look forward to highlighting the improvements that come out of the Play Fair victory in following the implementation process from the budget. Parks and other green spaces are one of the city's most valuable environmental assets. They are a major source of the city's urban canopy with over 2.6 million street M Park trees. This canopy mitigates climate change, provides clean and, and habitats for native wildlife and contributes to the well-being of New Yorkers in our economy. They removed 1300 tons of pollutants from the atmosphere,

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store 1 million tons of carbon per year. They help to mitigate urban heat island effect and can lower temperatures. They also contribute to resiliency by capturing almost 2 billion gallons of storm water runoff. Based on these benefits, we can all agree that this is critical infrastructure and, however, these green benefits cannot be realized without Parks employees who worked tirelessly to ensure the health of these spaces. Our trees cannot retrieve the faction of the environmental benefits that I just outlined until they reach maturity and that is why park maintenance workers, gardeners, pruners, horticulturalist, and forresters are all critical cream jobs. And despite the laudable budget increase in fiscal year 20, we know that there are still needs to be met overall for maintenance and operations in city parks. Every staff line is critical and we are concerned about the long-term security of some of the green jobs implemented this fiscal year. In order to make a long-term impact on our parks, those positions should be baselined. Additionally, there were several critical play fair asks that were ultimately not included in this year's budget. Funding for the implementation of zone management strategy and

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maintenance across some of our largest parks and resources to allow fixed post permanent staff would both go a long way to ensuring well-maintained parks. There is also an ask for implementing a capital ask for implementing the forest management framework that was on met and, in fiscal year 21, it is critical that the city do more to ensure that the 25 year roadmap for maintaining forests is fully funded.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Yeah. Next.

12 Yeah.

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Thank you.

Armstrong. I am speaking on behalf of the Natural Areas Conservancy. Thank you, Chair Koo for the opportunity to speak today. Unnatural areas Conservancy is a nonprofit organization that was formed in 2012 with the goal of increasing the capacity of the NYC Parks and its partners to restore and manage the 10,000 acres of forest, grasslands, and wetlands over the agency's jurisdiction. To achieve our goal of bringing all 7300 acres of city forest under active management, we worked in partnership with NYC Parks to develop and release the forest management framework for New York City in

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spring 2018. This plan includes a comprehensive look at the condition of our city's natural forests, one quarter of the entire NYC Parks system, and it outlines the investment needed to manage them over the next 25 years and to improve public access through a citywide trail system. In fiscal year 2020, forest management received one year of an additional 4 million dollars. We are grateful for this one year investment by New York City Council and for the advocacy efforts of the Play Fair Coalition. I am here today to provide an update on this investment and to ask New York City Council to include increased funding for forest management in the FY 2021 budget and in future years. While New York City Parks is making progress this here, you cannot change the condition of our publicly owned natural forest in one year and we need additional funding in future years to the see success. As we all know, nature works on a different time frame. Over the past decade, tens of millions of capital dollars have been invested in our forests. to ensure that this investment and future investments live up to their potential to provide our city with high-quality access to nature, call our city, clean

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our water, and support wildlife, they must be maintained. Sustained investment for ongoing management is important for the following reasons: first, NYC's natural area forests are at a tipping point. There's surprisingly healthy right now, but they mean sustained investment or they risk losing biodiversity. In the next 25 years, we will be living in a hotter and drier city with higher sea levels. New York City's forests are critical to mitigating the effects of climate change, including extreme he, capturing storm water to reduce flooding, and absorbing greenhouse gases. Extreme heat kills more people in the United States than hurricanes, flooding, and storms combined. I cities for should be part of the city's climate solution. developing the citywide trail system will allow people, many in low and moderate income neighborhoods, new forms of recreation and opportunities for well-being. The 4 million dollar one-shot expense funding for NYC Parks this year by New York City Council is addressing these challenges. This is one of NYC Parks and partners are working-this is why NYC Parks and partners are working to achieve by June 2020. 2000 and acres of forests

- 2 improved, 16,000 trees and shrubs planted, 40 miles
- 3 of trail improvements, 3500 volunteers engaged.
- 4 There is more detail in my written testimony. We
- 5 earns the parks committee to support long-term
- 6 inappropriate funding for New York City forests, an
- 7 | invaluable part of our city's infrastructure. Thank
- 8 you.

9 COREY PROVOST: Greetings, Chair Koo,

- 10 and other members of this committee. My name is
- 11 | Corey Provost and I serve as the director of
- 12 government and community affairs for Prospect Park
- 13 | Alliance. It's my honor today to provide this
- 14 | testimony on behalf of our president, Sue Donahue.
- 15 | Over the past 30 years, the Prospect Park alliance
- 16 has played a pivotal role in restoring the park to
- 17 | its original glory. During this time, we have worked
- 18 | closely with local elected officials, the parks
- 19 department, and their surrounding communities to
- 20 | identify, prioritize, design, and complete
- 21 | approximately 50 restoration projects. Over close to
- 22 | 120 acres of park-- of the park and 5100 linear feet
- 23 of our watercourse, totaling over 200 million dollars
- 24 of investment into the park. In particular, Majority
- 25 Leader Laurie Cumbo and Council member Lander,

2 Eugene, and Levin have been instrumental in helping secure broad support for all of our projects. 3 4 Brooklyn is booming. In almost every corner of our borough we are seeing new housing and the 5 neighborhood surrounding the park are bustling now 6 more than ever. We now estimate that a park received some 10 million visits each year and weekly we see 8 thousands of people engaging in our many public 9 programs, participating in a number of recreational 10 activities, or simply gathering with family and 11 12 friends to enjoy a picnic. All these activities have an impact on our park. From increased wear and tear 13 14 on our lawns and our ball fields to the trash and 15 litter that must be removed from the park. Keeping 16 up with maintenance is paramount for Prospect Park Alliance and we know that the feeling is the same on 17 18 any other park in the city. Parks are not only vital, green infrastructure, but critical to the 19 20 quality of life for all New Yorkers. This is why we added our voice and we thank the city councils are 21 2.2 adding the 43 million dollars for this past fiscal 23 year. However, we know we New York City and its millions of park users would be best served with a 24 25 fully funded Parks apartment that could secure a

[background comments]

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2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Rosanne, are you ready?
3 [background comments]

CHAIRPERSON KOO: So you want to start from the other ones? From the right side. Dorothy. Chuck, you want to start first? Okay.

CHUCK WADE: All right. Parks Committee. Councilman Koo and all the members of the Parks Committee, thank you for sharing your time with us. I'm Chuck Wade. I'm the President of the Kissena Corridor Park Conservancy. This conservancy was made for the 101 acre tract of land that lies between Main Street Flushing and Kissena Boulevard. It is an undeveloped area and is perhaps the newest park being developed in the whole city of New York. We have been working since 2006 to develop the Kissena core door park and so far have accomplished -- we had the-- we had the Evergreen community garden, which is the largest community garden and New York City with over 300 plots. We have planted from 7 to 10,000 trees in the core door park and that was done during the administration of Mayor Bloomberg and we have now and need for having those trees pruned and we trees such as mulberry and invasive species like cottonwood to be thinned out so that those hardwood

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trees can develop in the park. We work with Councilman Koo and with Melinda Katz, our borough president, 20 incorporate and develop a meditation garden for the borough of Queens. This is a chase that to New York Hospital Presbyterian Queens and we saw a need for the patients there in the oncology center and also for the employees of the hospital to have a place where they could calm interest. Also, people who are visiting, patients and people of the area would find that this meditation garden is a place for solace and comfort during times of stress in need that they may have. We are happy to say, Councilman Koo, that the garden is now under construction. We have been told that and that we hope to have the dedication in 2020.

> CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you, Chuck. Yeah. CHUCK WADE: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Now it will go to Aziz Dorothy? Okay. or-- Oh, good.

DOROTHY WOO: My name is Dorothy Woo from the Kissena Corridor Park come Conservancy in Flushing Queens. Just to continue what president has being stated, I would like to thank our Councilman [inaudible 02:12:44] surveying the Kissena Park and

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Corridor Park in 2018 and the mayor DeBlasio for fully funding the lights he installed throughout the park and the news state of the art [inaudible 02:13:04] spring playing around which was opened in April. In spite of those construction improvements, they are still long overdue undeveloped area that needs to be cleared for and maintained. A list of [inaudible 02:13:24] is as following: first, it's pruning trees trees. Those young trees planted during the million tree initiated of that survived now need pruning and to grow into words. building a park aboard her and paving the missing sidewalks. The area of concern is along the corridor Park between 146 playground and the future meditation [Inaudible 02:13:58] describe this place as poor quality landfill covering a depth of tender 20 feet. [Inaudible 02:14:07] -separated the park land from the street for more than 40 years. Third is making casino way accessible first safe passage. There is a paved path connecting Kissena Boulevard and the Main Street will provide a safer mobility option for children, elderly, and cyclists. Four, adding lights for pathway and the proposed paths that would next Colden [sp?] Street and 56 Road would

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2 ROXANNE DELGADO: Sorry about that. Thank
3 you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Just say your name and start.

AZIZ DEKHAN: My name is Aziz Dekhan. the executive director of the New York City Community Garden Coalition. I thank you, Councilman Koo, for your support for community gardens and all the members of this committee whose support community gardens. As you have heard from Commissioner Solar, there are 550 community gardens in New York City. There is probably more than that because there are some land trusts and privately owned spaces. Commissioner Silver talks about climate change affecting some of the work that they do in the parks department. On a make clear that we believe that parks, open spaces, community gardens are all climate mitigate errors and make the city more resilient, more sustainable and the air is cleaner and we support any efforts that they make to continue those policies that make this happen. I also want to talk about something that Committeewoman Rivera brought up about funding for community gardens. As many of you know, there is a license issue that we are still

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trying to resolve then we have some concerns about maybe the 100+ gardens that have not signed the license and how they are going to be treated and whether they are going to be getting resources as we continue to negotiate with the city and with the Parks Department to resolve some of the outstanding issues. One of those outstanding issues actually has to do with maintenance. And I find it kind of--want to say bizarre, but it's not really bizarre. find it a little disturbing community gardeners who are volunteers and who are stewards of the land of New York City are required to shovel sidewalks during snowstorms and if they don't complete that task, they get violations that could lead to termination of their license. It would seem to me that the city should be responsible for shoveling their own sidewalks and not put it onto the community gardeners who, especially in the winter, are not always around. My wife, who is about my age, was just diagnosed with coronary artery disease. It's a ticking time bomb that she and no idea that she had. If she were to go out in the winter and start shoveling sidewalks and has a heart attack and falls at times, who is responsible for that? So we've offered a solution to

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that by asking the city, with the 43 million extra dollars that parks has, to purchase liability insurance policy that comes out to just under 200 dollars per garden and that will give every gardener the ability to continue to be volunteers without having this liability issue hanging over them. so, I strongly urge this committee to continue to help us pursue that liability issue as one of the resolutions that can happen with this license. last thing I want to say is that there is been a lot of talk also about who is responsible for keeping these gardens and how we get resources. I want to make it really clear. Community gardens don't get one single dollar from green thumb to continue to operate these gardens. The money comes out of our pockets. We buy equipment. We buy soil. There is a lot of materials that we get and were being asked by the parks department under this license to be audited. Which means personal checking accounts can be audited to find where the money goes. This is our personal money. If it were green thumb money, we would say find. So, that's another issue that we would like to bring up. I know my time is up. think this committee for your continuing support.

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2 CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

ROXANNE DELGADO: Thank you, Chair.

Roxanne Delgado on behalf of Friends of Pelham Parkway. All these photos, chair, was taken on the month of September. His first one was taken on the second show a big group of families barbecuing right next to a tree. Illegal barbecuing. Let me see if I can go to the next photo. Sorry. [Inaudible 02:20:17]. Sorry. It just has to go back. Sorry. It just froze when I clicked on it, but I will do it Otherwise I'll just go to the testimony. All again. right. This is people on September 9. They dump trash near the tree, as you can see. That's awful. That's the problem that the people tend to be the problem. Over a quarter of a time of illegal dumping on the parkway on September 9th, Chair. A quarter of a ton. That's almost 500 pounds. Then it took two crews to clean up that mess. On September 19 there is another mess left behind by park goers. Again, September 18th and 22nd, we had people don't household trash. One person dumped seven bags of household trash onto the trashcan and she even loved her telephone bill. This was the second day. left two additional bags of household trash including

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medication that pain patches, which is dangerous for pets and children. Then she left her phone number This is why we have so much trash in the parkway. Even when they do daily pickups, with the household trash and with the illegal dumping and with a large gathering, we can accumulate almost seven or eight bags of trash in just one area in less than two days, chair. Again, in this other corner on Brownsville and Pelham Parkway North, again, almost 9 full bags of trash because of the illegal dumping, household trash, and also large gatherings. recently had two days ago someone drove through the parkway and the debris. Glass, metal parts, as well as destroyed a park bench. Again, this is why a lot of park and maintenance is more than just picking up This is just happened in less than 26 days, Chair. Can you imagine all year long with the things we have to deal with in the parkway? They left treadmill marks on the grass. So, even though the parks can do more with less, they cannot do the maintenance of the park that is required. It's not even adequate. And they do work hard and they do their best, but it's not enough manpower to address the way the parks are being used today. Not only do

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2 President of Local 1507 DC 37. Yeah. Please 3 identify yourself and you may start. Yeah.

JOE PULIO: Good afternoon. My name is Joe Pulio. I am president of Local 983. I reference to the urban park rangers, the PEP officers, they associate Park service workers, and all the city seasonal aids and parks. In total, I represent approximately 1700 Park employees, so whatever the number is, 1700 of those people belong to our local. I like to be again by thanking you and the new people on the committee. I thank you again for that 80 PEP officers and the 50 rangers. The problem we have is that this is not baselined the money and the requirements are high for these people. They need a two year college degree in order to even be considered. They have to go through a background check. It takes approximately three months of training before they actually set foot in a park and that doesn't include the interview process. So, by the time they're actually hire one of these PEP officers, their time under this budget is very limited. And who wants the job to go through all that just to be told they are only guaranteed a year? It's difficult to get these people.

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difficult to get the qualified people to do the job. And I know the intentions work great for everyone to get these people and we really appreciate it, but I'm afraid that we're not going to, you know, me the We are already under numbered. As we all know this, 30,000 acres of parkland. Parks is the biggest landowner, you know, for city land. We need to get more PEP officers, you know, and we need to keep them on a continuous basis. It's unfortunate, the ones that are they are leaving. A lot of them go to NYPD. Why? Because it has salary. They make approximately half of what New York City police officers make. know they complain all the time, but can you imagine They make half of what they make on average. So, you can see the dilemma that we are facing. need more full-time jobs. Our city seasonal aids to a great job, but they can't do this job, you know, when it is most needed. We need them for the winter. We need them for the fall. We don't just need them for the spring. And these are real people. people need to earn real income. You know? people take on these jobs for one or two months, three months, but they also have families themselves.

Again, I think you all. I think you for saying so

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2 late and I hope that, you know, we will have this 3 money baselined. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Next. Yeah.

DANIEL CLAY: Thanks. Hi, there. I'm Daniel Clay. I've been a New York City gardener for almost 15 years. Really close to 15 years now and I have been president of the local for just about a year now and I would first like to thank you and everybody so much for everything you have done to help take care of my people and baseline the 50 gardeners and CPW's as well. I love giving people the great news and they're so appreciative and the next thing I like to say I can't wait to see the results next year after everybody is hired and the new one shots and everything and I am really excited. It's such an exciting time to be a gardener and I can personally promise you that you will see results, especially as we could do the same thing next year and baseline all these one shots do right by them. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

MARTHA LOPEZ GILPIN: My name is Martha Lopez Gilpin. I am from a story of Park Alliance and these two gentlemen sitting on my last have just kind

2 of touched on something that is crucial, as I listened to this testimony today. We need to empower 3 4 our workers, our park workers. They are at the 5 forefront of the sustainability and environmental 6 issues that we are facing in the city. We should 7 empower them and make this a proud, strong union workplace for these people. When we started 8 volunteering in our parks, we had to put volunteer on 9 the back of our shirts because people would parade us 10 and scream at us that the park workers were doing 11 12 this and that. And it was very demeaning and we have close contact with a lot of our park workers and as 13 14 many officers in our gardeners and these people work 15 very hard and take a great deal of pride in what they 16 They should be a very viable and prideful source of employment and sustainability in New York City. 17 18 These green jobs mean more than just jobs. people are actually bringing their skill and their 19 20 heart to the parks. So, we need to do a whole other new park initiative in terms of workers and users. 21 2.2 Users have to step up and be responsible. 23 come from in Santa Fe, New Mexico, if you are in the park and you bring trash, you bring a garbage bag 24 25 with you. That should be a requirement of everything

that is permitted in parks. We need to pack it out.
We are responsible. This is public land. It's free
land to use. It's not free land to abuse. And I
think back, along with all the great works that New
Yorkers for Parks has done, another great initiative
that could happen is pride for our workers and pride
for our users and responsibility for our users. We
need to reimagine how we look at parks and we need to
build a sustainable message and outreach for people
that use parks. And not really as all of us. So I
told myself I wasn't going to say anything today, but
I am, and so thank you and bless you to our parks
workers who work so hard and all of our volunteers
and our park users who get so much out of our parks.

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Any questions from anyone? No. Thank you. Okay. The next panel will be Christian? Christin Glass or Grass. Elle Morales [inaudible 02:30:56] and Chantel Pierre from Community Gardens. You may start.

We see so many people who want to make it better.

Let's help them make it better. Let's empower

everyone. Thank you.

24 Yeah.

2 CHRISTIN GLASS: Hello? Wonderful. afternoon and thank you for the opportunity to speak 3 4 today. My name is Christin Glass and I manage 5 environmental leadership programs at the Girl Scouts of Greater New York for the 32,000 girls from across 6 7 the five boroughs who we serve. Girl Scouts of Greater New York is a proud member of the Play Fair 8 Coalition which we joined because outdoor learning 9 10 and environmental stewardship are our core 100-yearold tenants of Girl Scouting and because, when we 11 12 surveyed today's Girl Scouts about the issues they care about most, the environment is their number one 13 14 priority. That is why we are here today calling for 15 an increase in park maintenance funding. First so 16 many young people and youth serving organizations like ours, New York City parks are central outdoor 17 18 classrooms. They are unifying elements where young people play and make lasting friendships. They are 19 where young New Yorkers sense of place and sense of 20 pride are developed. Even more than infrastructure, 21 2.2 other kinds of improvements, basic, equitable, and 23 consistent day-to-day park maintenance can ensure that these spaces are the incredible places for 24 25 learning and discovery that they are meant to be.

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Too often, your ZIP Code determines whether you have access to the incredible benefits of parks and that is unacceptable. Young people in all New York City neighborhoods deserve access to clean and safe green Increased funding for parks, which are currently under maintained, will help our city realize equity in this area. I want to share a few words from Kayla, a 10-year-old in Girl Scout Troop 2054 in Brooklyn. Kayla spends a lot of time with her mom at Canarsie Park which she says is well taken care of, but she sees differences in how parks across the city are cared for and maintained. Often, other parks are not as clean with overfilled garbage cans or no garbage cans at all. She says if the parks were cleaner, it would be so much nicer for me and my mom and all the other people who use city spaces to exercise and enjoy time outside. On behalf of Kayla and all the other young people in New York who want clean and safe places to learn and play, I call on the city to increase funding to our park maintenance in the upcoming budget. Lastly, I want to thank members of the Parks Committee for your advocacy in this area. The Play Fair Coalition is grateful to have your support, as well as the support of the

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super majority of the city Council. We are excited about continuing to work with you on this historic investment in our city parks. Thank you.

You ready?

Hi. CHANTAL FAIRER: I'm Chantal Fairer. On behalf of a number of community gardens and, I'm sure, as Aziz Dekhan had mentioned, you're aware of the challenges we are facing with relicensing with the Department of Park and Recreation. There is quite a few things that are still contentious for us and it really hurts the spirit of the people who have invested and volunteered their time and stewarded these spaces for 20, 30 years. Now they are elderly and are told that they have to shovel sidewalks. They may have health challenges. I personally am dealing with PTSD issues. These were therapeutic issues, places of solace and peace. So, it's really disconcerting to see that our relationship with the Parks Department, which used to be congenial, has now turned adversarial. If we are on parks land, how does the shift in responsibility happen? How are now these elderly people who have been soldiers in the field, how are they supposed to take care of the sidewalks, etc., and if they don't follow these rules

dollars giving to Green Thumb Community Gardens. How

Commissioner had talked about there was a 0.2 million

10 is that allocated and did they actually survey the

11 community gardeners to see how best those allocations

should be distributed? You know, it's beside me to

13 understand that some in an office can determine

14 what's best for the soldiers in the field without

15 asking them. So, you know, we feel that it is

16 incredible erroneous. We respectfully appreciate the

17 concern for safety of the community gardeners, but,

18 you know, when you have a situation where perception

19 of what's needed trumps reality, it needs to be

20 reevaluated and we hope that you will help us

21 continue to fight New York Parks Department and get a

22 more fair license. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you.

ADOLFO AL MORALES: Good afternoon. My name is Adolfo Al Morales and my company, Yorkville

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Sports, has been organizing community soft ball and corporate leagues in Manhattan parks for over 40 years. First, I would like to thank the committee members for securing more funds for our parks. you. My biggest issue is maintenance. And I wanted to thank the parks also for the quick reconstruction of the ball fields in a timely manner. And that's where my concern begins. In the past 40 years, I've help to maintain ball fields when there was no budget. Obviously no workers to maintain the ball fields. So, before we got on the ball fields, we had to move water and maintain the fields. And we've been doing that 40 years up until recently. Now we are getting [inaudible 02:38:45], but what has happened in the last-- I want to say 10 years when the first Astroturf field was placed at D Wood Clinton, within two seasons, not even a full two years, ball field became almost unusable. started ripping and moving in they had to replace sections of it almost immediately. It is taken another -- I don't know. Another five or eight years to replace it. The problem is there are certain ball fields that are dedicated first softball and others first soccer. Rectangular ball fields or fields that

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are first soccer and actually going to be meeting with the Parks Department to recommend that they follow through on with their rules and regulations state that rectangular fields are for soccer and that these goals should be set like in football like when you set up for ball fields, they are set for this season. They don't get moved. What's been happening is the soccer goals get pushed and shoved on and off the turf, immediately destroying it. It compromises the foundation of the turf. Starts to shift and then it tears. I have got-- I don't know if you all have it, but I gave you all of folder. If you can-barcode bring up the barcode, I showed you some videos. You can see it later. Of how the fields and the dragging of the notes in the heavy duties structures have torn the field up and they have had to replace pieces of it. I am very concerned with D Wood Clinton. It just got reconstructed three months ago and there is already movement on fields that there dragging metal sentencing, metal goals on the That field is not going to be in any good shape within the next year or two and it's a lot of money of the city and the Council allocated for that field. These fields should last 20 years with the

1	COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION 130
2	proper maintenance, so I'm really pushing hard for
3	the correct amount of money for ballfield crew to
4	maintain it properly every day because we don't get
5	any of ballfield crew maintenance on the ball fields,
6	so we are advocating heavily for a ballfield crew,
7	dedicated ballfield crew. Thank you.
8	CHAIRPERSON KOO: Thank you. Final. This
9	is the last one. Thank you very much.
10	ADOLFO AL MORALES: All right.
11	[background comments]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date October 3, 2019