CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

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Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Fernando Cabrera

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Donovan J. Richards

Peter Koo Deborah Rose Carlos Menchaca Antonio Reynoso Brad Lander

Chaim M. Deutsch I. Daneek Miller

Rafael L. Espinal, Jr.

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Bill Heinzen
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Charles Mitchell

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PEDRO LUGO: Mic check, mic check. This

is the Committee on Transportation. Today's date is

4 September 10, 2019, recording done by Pedro Lugo,

5 located in the Council Chambers. [pause]

CHAIRPERSON: [gavel] Good afternoon and welcome to today's hearing on the Council Committee on Transportation. I'm Ydanis Rodriquez, former taxi driver at [inaudible] service and Bell Car Service, when I was the number 112. But at a time where it only took for my brother-in-law and I to get \$2000, go to Jersey, buy a Chevrolet Impala, get like a few hundred dollars permit from the TLC and let's get ready to work, especially in the South Bronx and Washington Heights. Today in 2019 we are dealing with a different story, a story where we need to stand for the drivers, a story where we need to bring together all the sectors of the industry to be sure that we address a crisis that didn't happen overnight, but a crisis that we have the capacity and we should have the will to address it in our city. Today we will be conducting an oversight hearing focusing on the Taxi and Limousine Commission and their implementation of several Local Laws the council has passed over the past year and it

2	[inaudible] strengthen the taxi and for-hire vehicle
3	industry. But first let me recognize my colleagues
4	who are here with us today. Council Member Cabrera,
5	Diaz, Richards, Koo, Rose, and Menchaca. And thank
6	you, Menchaca, also for leading the press conference
7	today together with the speaker standing for the
8	immigrants of our great city of New York. We all
9	know that the industry has been in a state of turmoil
10	over the last several years. We have seen taxi
11	medallions skyrocket in value and then come crashing
12	down, wiping down the entire investment and leading
13	many drivers to file for bankruptcy. We have seen
14	the rapid growth in the for-hire vehicle sector and
15	how we have a negative economic impact on all drivers
16	as their incomes have fallen due to the increased
17	competition for passengers. We have seen how the
18	number of cars saturating our roads have led to
19	environmental concerns for our city, especially
20	around congestion, and sadly we have seen number
21	drivers take their own lives because they had lost
22	hope for a better tomorrow. In response, the City
23	Council has taken several steps during this
24	legislative session to try to alleviate some of these
25	concerns. Among the many important steps that the

2 council has taken there are a few that I would like to highlight. Local Law 147 of 2018 requested TOC to 3 conduct a study on the impact of the for-hire 4 vehicles, that the for-hire vehicles bill could have 5 on the city and authorize a commission to establish 6 7 and revise vehicle utilization, standards for higher volume for hire services. It also put a pause on the 8 insurance of a new for-hire vehicle license while TLC 9 erformed performed the study. This [inaudible] 10 moratorium was recently extended by TLC and I want to 11 12 be clear that from the beginning I've been asking for TLC also to work, we are another sector that we 13 14 cannot leave left behind, which is the livery taxi 15 sector that many also has been impacted by this 16 crisis after 2014. Many of them have been closing, many of them have 500 drivers affiliated with them, 17 18 700, and the number been going to 300, and I hope again that working with TLC we can find a way of how 19 to be helpful. So I say I will always be there for 20 the yellow taxi drivers, even though I represent an 21 2.2 area that is mainly Uber, Lift, and livery drivers, 23 but I will always be standing for all drivers, yellow, but also the for-hire, not only drivers but 24 25 also thoses bases that we have in many areas in the

2	city, especially in Washington Heights and South	
3	Bronx. The council also passed Local 150 of 2018,	
4	which required TLC to establish minimum payments to	
5	for-hire vehicles drivers and authorize establishment	
6	of minimal rates of a fare. As a result of this law	
7	TLC promulgates driver pay rules in December 2018	
8	that went into effect early this year. Many of you	
9	also saw the article in the Times today about the	
10	drivers affiliated with Uber and Lift and the need	
11	that we have as a society to treat those drivers not	
12	as independence but drivers that they should get all	
13	the benefit provided by those institution that hire	
14	them. The council also passed Local 149 of 2018,	
15	which create a new license category, category of high	
16	volume for-hire vehicles that dispatch more than	
17	10,000 trips on a daily basis. Local Law 2019 of	
18	2018 created an Office of Inclusion within TLC to	
19	promote diversity, inclusion, and cultural	
20	sensibility in the taxi and for-hire vehicle	
21	industry. The council also passed Local 2020 of 2018	
22	which required TLC to provide the licenses drivers,	
23	the licensed drivers, with financial and mental	
24	health counseling and referrals to nonprofit	
25	organizations for additional assistance and services	

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1 2 Last year the council also passed Local 212 of 2018, a bill that I sponsored which created a task force to 3 4 study the sale prices of taxi medallions and 5 recommend changes to the law, rules, regulation, and 6 policies relating to medallions. This task force has 7 already been assembling and its members are currently meeting peroidically to perform its work. 8 I also want to share with everyone that I also 9 10 introduced a language for the law to create also a livery taxi, a task force including the corporate car 11 12 and black car that we should also dedicate same time, same energy to bring a group of experts to also 13 14 discuss how those livery bases have been impacted and 15 how we as a city also has responsibility to stand for 16 Council Member Steve Levin and I have been appointed by the Speaker Johnson to serve as co-17 18 chairs, that TLC also has a representative and also there is a voice of the drivers in different sectors 19 20 who has expertise addressing this crisis. Earlier this year the council passed Local 10 of 2019 which 21 2.2 required the TLC or another agency or office 23 designated by the mayor to study the problem of medallion owner and determine what appropriate 24

actions need to be taken to address the problem.

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2 know that there are many medallion owners that have loans with terms and condition that are unaffordable 3 4 and payments that are unsustainable. Hopefully this law will bring some relief to these medallion owners 5 6 that are drowning in debt. While much has been done 7 since the beginning of the, since the last couple of years to address some of the problems facing the taxi 8 and for-hire industry, we know that there's a lot 9 more that needed to be done. Yes, remember 2014 when 10 we had the package of bill ready to be voted at the 11 12 council and unfortunately that was the moment where Uber and Lift has many meetings and was able to bring 13 14 a coalition that throw their support against the cap 15 that we were trying to vote it in 2014 and many other 16 legislation. But we cannot go back to 2014. We have to address where we are today and where are we going 17 to the future. And we need to stand for the yellow 18 taxi drivers, for the livery taxi drivers, for all 19 20 the stakeholders that we have in this industry because we need to rescue the taxi industry 21 2.2 limousine, and again as I said this morning I also 23 feel that we need to have conversation about reorganzing this agency. This committee 24

is committed to finding practical solutions to help

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2	all drivers earn a decent living and to improve the	
3	performance and standards across the taxi and for-	
4	hire vehicles sectors in our city. It is my hope	
5	that working together we can continue to explore	
6	options and actions that will help us achieve that.	
7	I would like to welcome the representative of the	
8	administration who are here with us today. Thank you	
9	for being here. And I now ask the committee counsel	
10	to administer their information and then invite you	
11	to deliver your statements.	
12	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Please raise your	
13	right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the	
14	whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your	
15	testimony before this committee?	
16	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I do.	
17	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: And to respond	
18	honestly to council member questions?	
19	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I do.	
20	OK, good afternoon, Chair Rodriguez and	
21	members of the Committee on Transportation. With me	
22	today is Rodney Stiles, the head of TLC's policy and	
23	external affairs division. Rodney, ah, was	
24	personally involved in overseeing working with DOT	

and the study that was mandated by City Council to

Law 149 established the term of the licenses, two

years, and authorized TLC to set a fee for the

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2 license, which we set at \$380,000. Since then TLC has undertaken the rule-making necessary to implement 3 the legislation and to create this new license type. 4 The applications were due earlier this year. TLC is 5 6 completing a review of the applicants' business 7 plans, impact analyses, and also revealing each company's compliance with TLC rules and Local Laws, 8 including our accessibility mandates. Later this 9 fall we will make a final determination regarding the 10 issuance of licenses based on a combination of these 11 12 factors. This new license category has already a very useful tool, allowing TLC to create more fine-13 tuned regulations that account for the different 14 15 impacts of for-hire businesses of different sizes 16 have on our city. And in response to widespread 17 concerns the drivers were not earning a fair living, 18 TLC released a report in July 2018 on the economics of the app dispatching companies. 19 The report found 20 that more than 96% of New York City's 85,000 app drivers were earning less than the equivalent of the 21 2.2 minimum wage, driven by a combination of low earnings 23 and high expenses. Drivers, as you know, take on most of the business costs and risks, particularly 24

the purchase of, the cost of purchasing or leasing a

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2 vehicle, maintaining it, and insuring it. Drivers had no guarantee of their pay levels or that there 3 would be enough work to cover these high expenses. 4 The companies they worked for were adding more and 5 more drivers to the streets, diluting each driver's 6 7 The council shared our concern opportunity to earn. and passed Local Law 150, sponsored by Council Member 8 Lander, which empowered TLC to pass landmark driver 9 pay protection rules, the first of their kind in the 10 world. After proposing rules and holding a public 11 12 hearing, these new protections went into effect in 13 February of 2019. So today the high-volume for-hire service companies, the apps, must pay drivers enough 14 15 that they gross at least \$27.86 per hour, which 16 translates into taking home on average \$17.22 an hour after covering their average expenses. These rules 17 18 also for the first time create an incentive for the app companies to stop recruiting more drivers than 19 20 they need because their rates will automatically increase if they do not keep their existing drivers 21 2.2 busy. These rules are working. Average driver gross 23 earnings per hour are \$28, which is slightly higher than the rules require. In the first five months of 24

the program drivers were taking home an average of

2 more than \$750 per money than they would have without the policy. TLC projected that the rules would 3 increase a typical driver's earnings by \$9600 per 4 5 Although we will not know the price, precise 6 annual impact until the program has been in place for 7 a year, a review of earnings data thus far puts the typical driver on track to receive this nearly 8 \$10,000 a year annual raise. Also passed in 2018, 9 Local Law 147 required TLC and the Department of 10 Transportation to evaluate the impacts of the rapid 11 12 growth of for-hire vehicles in New York City and to 13 consider various policy options to address the issues 14 caused by their uncontrolled growth. The council 15 paused the issuance of new for-hire vehicles licenses 16 for one year, and for the first time TLC was given the authority to limit the number of for-hire vehicle 17 18 licenses. Before exercising that power, TLC required us to propose permanent growth control policies and 19 to ensure that these policies were in place by August 20 13, when the prior cap would expire. TLC and DOT 21 2.2 oversaw a groundbreaking study of how various policy 23 interventions would impact congestion, vehicle utilization, and driver income. The study found that 24 vehicles working for high-volume for-hire services 25

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2 were typically cruising empty 41% of the time. also found that in the Manhattan core, which is 3 Manhattan below 96th Street, for-hire vehicles make 4 5 up approximately 30% of all traffic. Based on the 6 data obtained in compliance with Local Laws 147, ah, 7 mandated quarterly studies on the impact of the vehicle license cap on ridership, TLC's analysis 8 showed that after a year of the license cap service 9 10 levels did not decline. Trips across the city continued to increase, particularly in the outer 11 12 boroughs while passenger wait times remained 13 consistent. We have seen no indication that the license cap had any of the negative impacts predicted 14 15 by the app companies ahead of council's vote last 16 summer. Following the study, TLC extended the cap on 17 for-hire vehicle licenses for one year. TLC also 18 created a second cap, which limits how long the highvolume for-hire vehicle companies can let their 19 vehicles cruise empty without passengers in the 20 Manhattan core during peak hours. Taken together, 21 2.2 these caps should meaningfully impact congestion, 23 increasing speeds in the evening rush hour by up to 10%. To provide a degree of flexibility consistent 24

with the city's ambitious goals on accessibility and

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2 greenhouse gas reduction, the new rules exempt 3 wheelchair-accessible vehicles from both the license cap and the cap on cruising and they exempt battery 4 electric vehicles from the license cap. Further, we 5 extended the exemption for TLC licensed drivers who 6 7 entered long-term lease to own agreements for a vehicle before the affected date of Local Law 147. 8 After the first year of the extended license cap we 9 will evaluate several factors every six months, 10 including, but not limited to, congestion levels, 11 12 driver pay, license attrition rates, and service across the city. Through that evaluation TLC will 13 14 determine whether and how many additional FHV 15 licenses to issue and whether the cap on cruising is set at the correct level. TLC has also been hard at 16 17 work this year making sure that this city for-hire fleets are accessible to all New Yorkers. No one 18 should ever be denied for-hire transportation based 19 20 on illegitimate factors such as race, religion, or disability. In July 2018 Mayor de Blasio and Speaker 21 2.2 Johnson announced support for a new Office of 23 Inclusion within the TLC, whose mission is to ensure that all passengers receive the service to which they 24 are legally entitled. The council then enacted Local

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2 Law 2019, sponsored by Councilman Richards, which 3 empowered the office to develop antidiscrimination training for drivers, reinforce the zero tolerance 4 discrimination policy, raise awareness about service 5 6 refusals, and streamlined the complaint process. 7 office has met with civil rights, disability, and driver stakeholder groups, including the NAACP, 8 Hispanic Federation, National Action Network and 9 Taxis For All to discuss how we can collaborate and 10 effectively spread awareness of the issue of service 11 12 refusals and discrimination. TLC has conducted focus groups with drivers from each sector of the 13 14 industyrindustry to discuss the issue of service 15 refusals, discrimination, and license 16 penalities penalties for those who illegally refuse to 17 take a passenger. Staff members have attended 18 outreach events geared towards both the riding public and our drivers. Currently public service 19 20 announcements on how to file service refusals complaints are circulating on all Link NYC kiosks. 21 2.2 In addition to our print campaign, we've created a 23 video that shares stories from two passengers about their experiences with discrimination in the taxi and 24

for-hire vehicle sectors. It also spotlights two

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2 drivers with exemplary service records to tell their stories of how and why they provide service to 3 everyone. This video plays at TLC facilities and is 4 used at stakeholder and community meetings with 5 drivers and the riding public. We are also engaging 6 7 marketing experts to design and deploy a passenger awareness campaign, ensuring that New York City 8 residents and visitors are aware of their right to 9 for-hire service. We look forward to reporting more 10 progress on our work with the office, um, on our work 11 12 with the Office of Inclusion and our one-year report to council that is required by Local 219. Um, last 13 year council enacted Local Law 148, which waived the 14 15 vehicle license fee of \$275 for any taxi or for-hire 16 vehicle that is used as a wheelchair-accessible vehicle. By reducing the financial obstacle to 17 18 vehicle owners who want to provide accessible service to passengers the law furthers the city's overarching 19 20 for-hire vehicle accessibility policy. For many years people who use wheelchairs were not able to 21 2.2 access for-hire service. The inequity of that 23 situation became even more dramatic with the introduction of dispatching apps, which are offering 24

passengers to who do not use wheelchair service

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administration there were approximately 50

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2 wheelchair-accessible for-hire vehicles and people requesting accessible service usually found 3 themselves without a ride, there are now over 900 4 wheelchair-accessible vehicles. Before TLC's rules 5 many companies, including the largest services, 6 7 explicitly restricted their accessible service to individuals who could climb into and out of foldable 8 wheelchairs that would fit in the trunk of a for-hire 9 vehicle. Today they now provide fully wheelchair-10 accessible services and are providing them, serving a 11 12 majority of requests in under 15 minutes. Much work 13 remains to be done on this program. It is in the early days. We believe there is much more demand for 14 15 this service and the companies are going to have to 16 adjust to meet that demand. Companies are going to have to continue to improve their wait times and 17 18 they're going to have to make sure that members of the public know about their right to this service, 19 20 but we are proud of the significant progress made to date and we are optimistic that continued monitoring, 21 2.2 enforcement, and outreach will further improve 23 service to where it needs to be. In addition to addressing driver income, congestion, and 24

accessibility, council also in the last year called

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public benefits.

This center will be located at our

2 Long Island City facility and will be open to all of our drivers. We are also in the process of creating 3 a new business practices accountability unit. 4 unit's mission will be to protect medallion owners and TLC drivers from unfair practices by businesses 6 7 that fall under TLC regulation. The unit will be tasked with increasing accessibility and transparency 8 of business practices in the for-hire transportation 9 To promote sound business practices, the 10 sector. unit will investigate violations of TLC rules and 11 12 relevant local, state or federal regulations. will be fully incorporated into TLC operations, 13 working with other divisions, including licensing and 14 prosecution on any necessary revisions to the 15 16 licensure and renewal process and insisting, assisting in the investigation of right upper 17 18 extremity violations by TLC licensed businesses, and also educating drivers of their rights when working 19 20 with a TLC licensed business. We are currently staffing up this unit and we plan to have it fully 21 2.2 operational in the coming months. Finally, in 23 February of 2019 the council directed TLC to 24 promulgate driver protection and disclosure rules 25 regarding leasing, rentals, lease-to-own, and

2 conditional purchase agreements to obtain an FHV for use with a license issued by the commission. 3 rules have long included transparency requirements 4 for financial transactions between drivers and yellow 6 taxi owners. These requirements provide yellow taxi owners the information to understand all charges the fleet may impose and allow TLC to effectively 8 investigate allegations of fleet overcharge. 9 Previously the FHV sector did not have these same 10 requirements and TLC, TLC's driver protection unit 11 12 was not always able to have the tools addressed valid concerns brought to us by for-hire vehicle drivers. 13 Since December of last year TLC's transparency rules 14 15 now apply to all for-hire vehicle bases regardless of 16 size. As a result of driver complaints received, our driver protection unit has to date helped taxi and 17 18 for-hire vehicle drivers recover more than 3.2 million dollar. But even with the added protection 19 20 provided by the transparency rules, drivers remain concerned about high leasing costs. We have heard 21 2.2 these concerns at hearings and in meetings and we are 23 actively investigating this matter. We are directing FHV leasing companies to provide us with information 24 and data to better understand the practices of 25

2	leasing companies, including the costs and types of		
3	the arrangements offered. We are particularly		
4	interested in finding out whether lease costs have		
5	increased recently and whether the leasing terms that		
6	are being offered to drivers are unclear, misleading,		
7	or unfair. Our initial research indicates weekly		
8	leasing prices have not increased in the last year,		
9	but we are gathering more information and will		
10	propose regulation if necessary. It should also be		
11	remembered that our driver pay policy is designed to		
12	account and adjust for increasing driver expenses.		
13	We look forward to sharing our findings with you and		
14	with other stakeholders. Working together, I think		
15	the council and TLC have achieved real benefits for		
16	drivers and passengers. Obviously, important work		
17	remains, but we look forward to our ongoing		
18	partnership, which I consider a true partnership as		
19	we take concrete measures to limit		
20	unpresidentunprecedented growth in the for-hire		
21	vehicle sector and as we continue developing long-		
22	term solutions for issues resulting from that growth.		
23	Thank you for the opportunity to testify today.		

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. I would like to acknowledge also that we have been

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is TLC monitoring for compliance?

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joined by Council Member Reynoso, Lander, Deutsch,

Miller, and Espinal. I have a few questions, then we

will have Cabrera being the first one to ask

questions. When it comes to the leasing company told

recently implemented the lease transparency

requirements. How have these rules been working and

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: We monitor for compliance. One of the best ways to monitor is when the drivers bring us complaints, and the drivers have brought us complaints and have sent us leases. So our driver protection unit receive leases and they evaluate them. Um, as I said, we are stepping up our efforts on leases and getting more information, um, we learn a lot through our complaint-driven process, but by issuing directives to the companies to get copies of the leases and to get more information we hope to learn a lot more and to be able to evaluate the situation with for-hire vehicle leasing in a more systematic way.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Would TLC support a cap on the for-hire vehicle lease amounts, and are other other mechanisms by which TLC could regulate the lease amounts?

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Right now,
really, we're trying to learn more information about
what those, what those lease costs are, and so we're

5 going to look into that. We have other ways of

6 accounting for expenses for-hire vehicle drivers,

7 including if we saw an increase in lease prices we

8 could increase the amount that the for-hire vehicle

companies need to pay their drivers under our minimum

10 | income policy.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Has TLC like, how many staff who from the agency is dedicating to be monitoring any changes in for-hire vehicle lease prices, and what has TLC learned about those changes?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So in terms of staff, um, that's a good question. We have, we have attorneys in our driver protection unit which is a part of prosecution, um, who are monitoring. We have people in policy, we have people in external affairs. I can get you the number of people who are, who are on this project, but it's not one person or three people. There are several of us, including myself, who are looking into this.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK. How do you think that, and of course this is a conversation that

alternative solution?

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I, first of all, I appreciate how accessible you have been, and being open to understanding and having your knowledge about the livery taxi basis, how can you describe the situation based on your own knowledge about the number, their number being going down and how open have TLC been to sit down with that sector also to address that situation and to think about on

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So for several, for several years, um, dating back probably to the onset of the apps, there has been a decrease in the number of vehicles and drivers who have been affiliated with the bases. Um, we did, at our, before our most recent vote on the extending the vehicle license cap I did speak with representatives of the livery industry and said that we were absolutely willing to meet with them to talk about whether there might be any unintended consequences of the vehicle license cap that would fall unfairly on a livery basis. Um, one of our commissioners made that point very clearly and committed the TLC to ask the staff to be sure to look into it. I have met recently with representatives, several representatives of the livery community, um, and to

and is attractive to the drivers.

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understand their concerns. Any, any proposal that we're able to develop has to be something that keeps in mind the larger city policies of ensuring lower congestion, not adding too many vehicles to the road, accessible service, and coming up with, if, if there is an approach that has to be an approach that works for the bases, but that also works for the drivers

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. What was the number of the drivers that we had registered at TLC before the app company were allowed to use tech to do prearrangement and how that number has changed?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So the number of for-hire vehicle drivers, how has that gone up?

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yeah.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I'm going to ask Rodney if you have that.

RODNEY STILES: Yeah, it's only, I think, if we're thinking back to 2012, 2013, ah, we had roughly 105,000 to 110,000 combined. Back then, remember taxi and for-hire vehicle drivers, those are two separate licenses, which I think you were instrumental in making sure there was just one

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2 license, and now it's over 200,000. So it's been an increase of about 100,000 licensed drivers.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: But the livery was, I know that we have leaders here from the industry, their numbers of livery bases drivers was around 40,000, right?

RODNEY STILES: Yeah, if you look at the number of vehicles, the number of for-hire vehicles, was about 40,000.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: 40,000, numbered 38,000, 40,000. So, and as I said before, look, I've been trying to develop our community around technology [health] as a top issue. So I'm for technology. I'm for innovation. I believe that in the City of New York where we have [cc] family and tourists, a city where we have 8.7 million New Yorkers, it's a city of opportunity for everyone. While we, I've, we've been advocating for years and years it's also for not only Uber and Lift, but the other [inaudible] and Juno and the other 73 app company to also be part of the solution. There is a problem here and everyone has to do their part, and I feel again that, as I said before, we need to stand for the brothers and sisters in the yellow taxi

2 industry, we also need to stand for the drivers who 3 are behind the wheel driving in those tech company.

4 And also, as I said before, someone that, as I was

5 taking classes at City College in the '80s I was

6 driving a taxi, a livery taxi, in the 1980s. I feel

7 | that today we need to also to look at that situation.

8 That situation also that probably not intentionally

9 but also had an impact in the sector related to the

10 livery taxi and that's something that for me is

11 something I need help from the, and I will be

12 | advocating together and in that direction will TLC

13 support the creation of the livery taxi task force as

14 also we had the one studying the devaluation of

obviously, but the idea, yes.

15 | medallion?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: We, you know, we are working with you together on the medallion task force. We try to be, we try to provide the information that we have and the expertise that we have to the extent that we can, so I don't see any reason why we wouldn't continue to work with you specifically on every task force. I do want to see, I would want to see the proposal,

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, and it's something similar. I put the language already to create a livery taxi and corporate account, a limousine task force who also dedicate the same energy and amount of time and study and also how those two sector also been affected and how we can work together to be helpful to their situation. about the TLC, at the TLC public hearing on its rules, drivers and representatives from the IDG mentioned that Lift is prohibiting a driver from logging into the apps until the driver drives to an area where demand is higher. How is TLC looking at that situation? Should we ask all app company, not only Lift, but Uber or whoever, not to use that practice so that drivers are not allowed to logged in, in any particular area?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So we, we definitely have heard of deactivations. We have drivers come in and they've shown us on their driver apps how that works at times, that they're literally not available for a ride because of the most recent trip they've done or the part of the city that they're in. Definitely the, the apps, as we've always said, the apps have a lot of control in this

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Well said. And I understand the concern, and we always have to

situation, they have a lot of control over the drivers and control where the drivers can get trips. So it doesn't surprise me that they would be able to do that and that they would do it. We did recently just start collecting information on the number of times a driver is deactivated and whether that was a driver-initiated deactivation or whether it was a company-initiated deactivation so that's something where we're getting more data and we're looking at it.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: But we are the regulatory entity.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um-hmm.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And I would like to invite TLC to speak to your, you know, the rest of your team and to City Hall and as a regulatory entity I would like to see how we can establish a new rule that will not allow any app company to deactivate the app for their own particular interest because at the end of the day they are thinking about their investors and we are thinking about the drivers [applause].

make sure that we don't have the unintended consquenceconsequence that a reaction by the companies would simply be to put fewer drivers, to allow fewer drivers on the platform at one time.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: But can we agree to work on rule or legislation to look at that situation and address?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I absolutely agree to work with you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: We agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you so

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

Council Member Cabrera?

much to the Chair. Commissioner, welcome, it's good to see you. Thank you for your leadership as the acting commissioner. I have some random but important questions here, ah, and they're not necessarily in order of importance. Ah, but I'm just curious. I know there's a new policy that does not allow for rooftop advertisement. Is there a particular reason? I mean that's like a staple of New York City, I mean, you can't see a movie where you don't see, ah, a cab driver without their rooftop

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advertisement. I don't think there was a problem previous to that and it's a good source of income that will help our taxi drivers.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So thank you for that. Ah, it's not a new policy, we, the TLC for 20 or 25 years has prohibited exterior advising on for-hire vehicles and we were sued, the city was sued a few years ago. As a result of that lawsuit a trial court judge enjoined us from enforcing our rule. The city then appealed. The city won on appeal. Now there's been a petition for rehearing by the other party. So it's sort of caught up in the ligation maze, but it's, we have been, we have been told by the court of appeals that our original policy is constitutional. Um, I've heard a lot of people, people have talked about advertising. I would just say, and I think you'll appreciate this, that we've got 85,000 app cars, we've got more, we've got 120,000 for-hire vehicles on the road. We've got, um, before we, the city puts that much advertising on the street you would want to know what you're getting and how you're getting it and who's getting it. seen assertions in the media that drivers can make this much or this much. What I know right know is

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thatth there were 70 different vehicles licensed under this. So there's not a huge universe of I don't know how much the drivers actually get from that. What I've seen, what we've all seen in the yellow sector is we put the ads on the car, the money maybe it goes to the fleets. The drivers don't benefit from it. So I would, so I would think so many times TLC licensed drivers have had people come along, have had companies come along and say, you know, this is promised land, I'm going to bring you there. And then they don't quite get there and the details aren't very clear, but at that point, you know, so, we don't want to buy a pig in a poke is what I'm saying. You'd need to know exactly what drivers were actually able to get out of this. You'd need know, you'd need to be, you'd want to see quarantees, etc. I haven't seen that. What I've are media reports.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Can you institute a policy that would force the companies and the fleet owners, ah, 'cause they're not all fleet owners, but in that circumstance you're talking about it will directly benefit the driver?

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Ah, we
might be able to do that. I'm not sure. I'm not
sure if they're offering to do that at this point.
Because you would want to, you would want that to be
locked in. We're, we're meeting on this issue, so
this is not, um, I'm looking, I haven't seen the
evidence, I haven't seen the proof. You know, I want
to see it in writing. We haven't seen that. I'm
confident that

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: OK, we'd love to...

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I'm confident, especially after saying this out loud, I'm pretty confident that I'm going to start getting some written proposals.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: We'd love to follow up on that. Can you explain to us the difficulty, ah, if any, of putting a cap on drivers with licenses? [applause] So, normally we'd just go like this, all right? So, ah, is there a particular reason why?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Well TLC, we just got the power to cap vehicle licenses last year. We got it from you, and you have the power to

I think,

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cap vehicle licenses and the state does. In terms of capping driver licenses, that's not a power that TLC has and, you know, my understanding from lawyers is

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that's not a power that City Council has, that that's

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something that would have to be done by state

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legislation.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So you're saying

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it's only the state can make that policy law?

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: That's my

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understanding.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: So, you know,

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we'll talk to our lawyers here, talk to the

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that I'm really very interested, if it is possible

administration council, ah, 'cause that's something

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would that be something that you see that it will be

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profitable?

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we're, I'm always willing to discuss issues with you

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:

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and with any of the council members. I'm not

going to directly help the drivers.

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convinced that that's, that is something that is

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I'm just looking

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at the correlation that if it is, we saw a benefit

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with putting a cap on the cars that it would seem

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logical and reasonable a correlation with, ah, with the driver's license, those with a driver's license. So it would be on parent.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: also point out that we don't have a large rush of drivers entering the situation anymore. It's not, things have changed drasticially since a year ago and we now, as you know, Uber and Lift and some of the other larger companies have stopped accepting new driver applications. So drivers are still coming through the system and seeking licenses, but nothing like the numbers that we saw before.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: But what about car services? They're hiring? Is there an increase, decrease?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Ah, we get, as I said, we still are getting, we're still getting...

> COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Data?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:

Applications for driver licenses every month. non-high-volume sectors like the car services, they're, you know, they're smaller organizations so they're responsible for hiring fewer drivers.

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see some kind of empirical study that would show what, what correlation and what numbers will make sense between, ah, between cars and drivers. There has to be like a magic number, it doesn't have so magical, that makes sense, that will, ah, will give us the greatest potential, will meet the need, ah, and at the same time we don't have so many that puts either companies at advantage and drivers at disadvantage.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: And I would just say I don't have that magic number. But I do know that one of the, one of the great functions of the license cap that we put in place after being authorized by you to do it is it's not permanent, it's something where we collect a lot of data on an ongoing basis and we're going to review that for, um, is there an impact on driver income, is there an impact on congestion, are there impacts on citywide service and with that, that helps us make the determination about whether there should be more or fever driver licenses.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That might be something that, ah, the chair mentioned earlier, ah,

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question...

with the new task force maybe something to, you know, it could be a part of the agenda and the task force to look at so we could have all the data. But it seems from the driver's point of view, ah, almost every driver that I'm talking to, that this is paramount, that it's a necessity for that to take place. You know, they get the sense that there's just too many drivers. So, um, one more, ah,

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I don't, and I don't think anyone disagrees that we are in a situation where there are too many drivers and too many vehicles.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: OK, thank you for that. Um, can you talk to us about companies that are buying all these medallions? What's your sense what impact that would have, ah, on the industry?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I know that it's been reported that there are, you know, companies that have purchased hundreds of medallions. I'm not aware of what they're, I can't really predict the impacts would be.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Do you, do you

3 have data as to how many? Do you track that?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So we have, we have, ah, data, we have the transaction data for medallion transfers, um, so we could probably get, ah, I can't guarantee how precise it's going to be off the top of my head, but we could get a sense of that.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I think any data would help us to see...

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: OK.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: ...if there's a trend, if you could please follow up with that.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um-hmm.

a crucial number for us to understand. You know, I'm just curious as to the intentionality of it. Is it because they're so affordable, quote unquote, I'm putting big quotes there, ah, compared to what it was years ago, where they see the direction is going in terms of, I'm afraid that it could get monopolized, ah, and that's my bigger fear. I have more questions, but, ah, for the sake of time here, Mr. Chair I appreciate the time that you allowed me to

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 44
2	ask these questions, and Commissioner, thank you, I
3	appreciate, ah, your demeanor, your tone,
4	accessibilities, as I mentioned before, and you're
5	doing a good job. Thank you.
6	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you,
7	Council Member.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member
10	Diaz, followed by Council Member Lander.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Thank you, Mr.
12	Chairman [clears throat]. I missed that, let me try
13	it again. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Commissioner,
14	good afternoon.
15	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Good
16	aftern <u>oon</u> .
17	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: How are you doing?
18	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I'm doing
19	well, thank you very much.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Is everything going
21	well?
22	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: You know, I
23	have my ups and downs, like many of us. But I'm
24	here right?

25 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Surviving.

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2 ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: To quote 3 Stephen Sondheim, I'm still here.

Let me ask you a question that I, as of today, cannot understand. Every taxi in the city has a mandated computer monitoring system that connects them directly with the central TLC computer. So that every taxi in the city, so like that you, all data goes directly to TLC. Could you explain to me why is it that Uber, Lift, and all other companies are not mandated as the same way that the taxis are mandated to carry and to install that system that they report data directly to you?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Certainly. So traditionally the meters that we have now, which are called TPEPs, were put in the yellow taxis to achieve a few different functions, one of which was to enable credit card purchases, and we do get trip data from, we do get trip data from those. Ah, we also receive trip data from the for-hire vehicle sector and that goes from neighborhood bases, which provide us the information, to the, the high-volume for-hire vehicle service, which is a sector you created through your legislation where they have to

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2 skepticism in your question and among the audience,
3 but...

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: No, Commissioner, Commissioner, with all due respect, I just want to find out what it is that the taxis are mandated to report that daily to you and Uber and Lift and all those companies are not. I just ask why.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So they're all mandated...

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Or maybe, or it is that you don't trust the taxi?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: No, that's not the, that's not the situation. All the companies are mandated to give us information. In fact, the app companies are mandated to give us more information than any other sector.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: So, so, you trust Uber and Lift to report an accurate and to give you accurate information?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I'm not sure if I trust anyone anymore, besides my brother perhaps, but I would say that I have a lot of systems in place that help me and help us and also help the state to verify that information.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: My last, my last

3 question.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Would you be in favor see knowing, no, let me ask you one before that. Would you agree with me that it's unfair for the drivers to be mandated to report their data to you and giving Uber and Lift that break?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Well, it's, when the, when the yellow, I don't think it's that simple with yellow taxi drivers. Some of the drivers are owners. Some of them aren't. The obligation is on either the medallion owner or the agent to be providing that information. So they're all, everyone is under an obligation to provide the data.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: OK. Last question.

There are people that are gentlemen here in this group and many people are, even Congress Membermember

[Paya] one time when I was the president of the committee, he came in and he asked for the, this monitor of TLC.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um-hmm.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: And there are groups, ah, collecting petition to reform TLC.

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um-hmm.

the one I'm talking to you about, ah, people are treated differently. Liveries in the street are being killed, I mean, killed, not literally, killed with someone with persecution, with, with entrapment, with all kind of tactics, and not [inaudible] to all this. When you say when you agree that, or would you be in favor of having Uber and Lift be forced to install the same computer [in their system] so they could report that daily to you as the taxi drivers are?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So I, and again that information that we get in taxis is brought to us by the TPEP companies, so there is, there is this sort of intermediary that's collecting the information. If, if, if there were demonstrated a serious problem with the information we're getting from the apps, that isn't happening right now. So before there's another mandate for equipment, which would probably have to be borne by someone and would probably get passed on to the drivers, I don't think there's a demonstrated need for it.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 50
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: All right.
3	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So right
4	now I would not support it.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: To be, to be fair
6	and honest and
7	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Please.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: I want to thank
9	you. I have a [inaudible] in my office, ah, a person
10	name Jenny [Mejia], who is responsible to work with
11	any problem with taxis, and I would like to thank you
12	for the response and the treatment that you are
13	giving Jenny and my office to solve taxi problem when
14	we contact you. Thank you very much.
15	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Thank you, Mr.
17	Chairman.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you,
19	Chair. Welcome, Commissioner, and thank you for
20	being here. Ah, I just want to ask questions
21	relating to the cruising cap.
22	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Yes.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Currently it

says that there's an interest to cap the cruising at

25 36%?

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I, yes, absolutely, I understand your question and I can under, it may or may not sound impressive but in fact two things that we've done, ah, limiting the number of vehicle licenses and then actually limiting the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRAINSTORMATION 52
2	ability of the for-hire vehicle companies, the apps,
3	to operate in Manhattan below 96, which is the most
4	congested part of New York City, probably in the
5	country. I think those are absolutely major steps
6	and those are going to have real impacts on
7	congestion. Um, we've, we bring it in stages from
8	41% to 36% and then to 31%. We evaluate this
9	throughout. I should defer Rodney, who actually is
LO	responsible for this policy and I should let him take
L1	you through it and explain to you the actual benefit
L2	that this will yield. But these are real and, this
L3	is a real and significant policy that is going to
L 4	yield amazing results and I believe, you know, we
L5	were empowered to do this by you, by City Council,
L6	and you've heard me say this before
L7	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [inaudible]
L8	because I'm
L9	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:because
20	this is something that we should be
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Commissioner
22	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I think
23	that this is something we should be proud of.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I'm extremely

limited on time, so I just want to make sure that I

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can ask my questions, 'cause this is the only thing I want to address...

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Sure.

and I'm hoping that the, ah, the chair would, would give me some time. Ah, we empowered you so that you can do something that is bold and significant, um, I personally believe that this cruising cap is insignificant and, um, would have probably been something that we could have trended down, ah trended down with limited, with limited assistance. Um, can I ask...

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I just have to disagree with you. I think this is bold and significant and I think we're the first city in the world to do it.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Yeah, that's why I said to you, that's my personal opinion. So I agree we disagree.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I understand, we're very happy to meet with you and take you through it. I'll set it up this week.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So, let's go, but let's go through a data, data, through data

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

the CBD numbers?

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 54
2	points. Um, I'm going to ask about Uber, Lift, Via,
3	and Juno. And I hope you have this information
4	considering this is what we're talking about today,
5	is what is the current, ah, ah, cruising rates of
6	Uber independent of the rest of the companies.
7	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Rodney?
8	RODNEY STILES: Uber's cruising rate is
9	50, or, sorry, the opposite of that, 42%.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: 43?
11	RODNEY STILES: 42% citywide and
12	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: That's 43? You
13	said?
14	RODNEY STILES: 42, 42.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: 2, OK.
16	RODNEY STILES: Yeah.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: And then, ah,
18	citywide, CBD is the numbers we're using, right? So
19	we're using the Central Business District numbers?
20	RODNEY STILES: Yeah.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So we're saying
22	41% is average.
23	RODNEY STILES: Yeah.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So do you have

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 55
2	RODNEY STILES: It's the, I think, I
3	believe it's 41%.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: 41%.
5	RODNEY STILES: The largest companies,
6	they'll often, their number is the industry-wide
7	number.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Ah, OK, so 41%.
9	So let's say 41. Lift's cruising rate in the CBD?
10	RODNEY STILES: Lift's, I don't, it's
11	very close to Uber's. I'm sorry, I don't have the
12	exact number on me.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Can I try to
14	make an assumption to say high 30s, low 40s?
15	RODNEY STILES: Yeah, it's very similar
16	to the industry.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: 35 to 45
18	percent? OK. And then Juno?
19	RODNEY STILES: Juno's is higher, um, I
20	believe Juno's is, um, 45 or 47 percent, somewhere
21	around there.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: All right, we'll
23	give them a low number at 45. And then Via?
24	RODNEY STILES: Via is at, ah, 13%.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Excuse me?

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RODNEY STILES: 13, one-three.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: So 13%. OK. So it looks like, you know, considering 41% I think is extremely high, if not for Via in this case that number would be even higher. So Via is assisting in, in, ah, making it seem...

RODNEY STILES: It would be somewhat higher, but remember having more vehicles Uber has on the street than Via does.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Right, so, so let's talk about that, um, I think what, the problem that, that I, I have with this cruising cap and the approach that the policy you took is more of a just trying to get this number down and mandating it, um, for these companies as opposed to incentivizing good behavior. Instead of giving more opportunities for companies like Via, or rewarding Via for being at 13%, which shows that there is an opportunity here to do better and not encouraging or supporting companies like Juno and Lift and Uber in this case, um, that have above 40% in the cruising rates, how is it that we incentivize companies, for example, allowing maybe Via to get more licenses as opposed to expanding the licenses on Uber and Lift drivers, for example?

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ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So I think, I think one way to answer the question is how do we disincentivize the apps from their practices and try to get them to reduce, especially Uber and Lift, which, you know, are the major players here. And that is through a series of fines and penalities until they comply with this rule. In terms of, I'm aware that Via has asked to have more high-occupancy vehicles so it can do more shared rides. I would just point out that those rides would overwhelmingly occur in the most congested parts of Manhattan and currently there are between 22,000 and 23,000, you know, SUVs, FHV, SUVs that are licensed and available for service, so there's no shortage of vehicles that are available to Via to dispatch, so there's no shortage of high-occupancy vehicles.

just don't, I just don't understand how we're treating Via, Uber, and Lift the exact same way even though they have different practices. Ones, ones that I wish we could encourage on one side and discourage on another and that we're just having a blanket policy to reduce, um, when, you know, if I was Juno I would just start letting it, you know,

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doing, they can go up to 40% or up to 31% and suffer

3 no repercussions for moving from 13% to 31% by 2020.

4 So what's the incentive for them to continue to do

5 | the good work that they're doing?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So, again,

I would appreciate and offer the invitation, we'll

come to your office any day. I would love to sit, I

appreciate your interest in this, I would love to sit

and talk with you and go through the policy and why

we think this is a great and innovative policy, and I

would also just say that in fact our policies do

treat the app companies different, whether it's

driver income or whether it's this policy, the worse

you do the more you have to pay or the more

disadvantaged you are. So I think, I think we have

built in incentives for all the companies.

to have an appendectomy to sit with you and have this discussion, but right now it's not something that I would support. Ah, I think that we can do better and I want to just be bold. I don't want a half-step measures, which I think is kind of how we get ourselves in trouble. When it comes to the work that the TLC has historically done it's just do what you

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 59
2	want, ah, build behavior through policy changes tha
3	you want instead of just trying to slowly manipulate
4	you know, how, how things are moving in a very, in a
5	very slow. I just think we need to just be bold and
6	this is one of those places where we could really,
7	really do something and I don't know if we're going
8	all the way. But, I have
9	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I
LO	definitely appreciate your enthusiasm. I'll tell yo
L1	that the companies have a very different view and
L2	they think that we're like
L3	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: [inaudible]
L 4	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:just
L5	crucifying them.
L6	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I work, I work
L7	for the people of the City of New York
L8	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So do I, so
L 9	do I.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Not for the
21	companies. So I could care less about what the
22	companies think. My thing is I appreciate good
23	behavior.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I am [inaudible], my point is simply that there are people

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who think we're being too bold. I think we're being very bold and I think this is, again, this is a first-in-the-world policy. I'm incredibly proud of my team for coming up with this and grateful for the support of City Council on this, and the mayor.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you, Mr.

Chair, and thank you, Commissioner. I want to appreciate your service and your joke earlier with Council Member Diaz. You know, this has been a time of, of, transition and I really appreciate the leadership that you have been showing to continue to push forward. We gave you a lot of laws to implement, a lot of new rules to put in place, a lot of data to collect, a lot of change to make, um, and, you know, there's a lot of work still to do, but I appreciate the leadership that you have been showing. I want to come to what I think was the, you know, most significant number in the document and ask just a little more about it.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: This testimony says that, ah, as a result of the implementation of

the driver pay law the average driver is on path to earn \$10,000 a year approximately more than before the law. Um, earlier data that you had put out was somewhat less than that, something like \$6000. Our friends at IDG have asked a question about that and they're going to testify to it later.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Sure.

if you could speak to, you know, how you got there, obviously we'll have an annual report when the year is done, but just give us a sense of kind of what you think is shifting as that's moving forward so we can understand the numbers.

I'm just going to say something briefly and let
Rodney take you through it, but, you know, our point
is this, this policy is working. Drivers are getting
paid what they're supposed to be getting paid on a
pay-trip basis, on a per-trip basis, and they're
also, the companies are paying it. There were
glitches in the beginning. We monitor on a regular
basis. But the companies are paying what they're
supposed to be paying. The drivers are receiving per
trip what they're supposed to and this is in fact

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living up to the projections that were contained in the report that we based our policy and your Local Law on, um, and Rodney, if you can explain how we get to the 9400, 9600.

RODNEY STILES: Sure, I'm happy to, to walk you and others here, too. I think that's something a lot of people are interested in, right, because it's at heart of people's livelihoods and I appreciate the vigilance of drivers to like call on us to, frankly we take a second look at the numbers and can, you know, explain things a little bit better. So I think, you know, we have a goal, we're going to look at the first six months and, so even before a year we're going to have a look at how the policy is working more in depth. But in doing more back of the envelope what we have looked at was the marginal driver pay per trip, because the policy went into effect. So basically before the trip each trip, ah, before the policy each trip was earning a certain amount and afterwards that amount is higher. I think what we failed to account for is that actually on average drivers are doing, are getting more trips per So it's not only that marginal per trip amount that they're earning, um, above what they were

2 earning before, but there's actually more trips out 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

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there per driver, and so that actually accounts for the difference between 500 and now, um, as Bill, the commissioner, mentioned, over 750 per money per driver which gets us closer, it gets above 9000, we're going to be monitoring this a lot more closely. I thank everyone for pointing us to it and, obviously, as I said, we'll do a six-month check-in every six months and have a lot more to say. But, um, [glad] to have taken a second look and understand actually that it's, it's even better than we were saying before.

OK. COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: I want to say thank you for that. Obviously there'll be additional testimony. We'll keep looking at the numbers. Look, whether it's \$6000 or \$9000 or \$10,000 it's a lot more money in drivers' pockets, ah, and I think we should together, the advocates from NYTWA, IDG, you guys, and us have made a big impact here and that's something we should feel good about. I do want to like expose the dark side of it, I mean, that's hundreds of millions of dollars that it suggested that this whole model is based on like paying people hundreds of millions of dollars less

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2 than living wage rate of pay. That was the business We made a good law to correct it to some 3 extent, but in the vast majoirtymajority of cities 4 5 all around the world, that's what we're talking 6 about, and I think it is worth just noting that this 7 data makes it pretty clear. So I'm glad we've got the right law here, that you're implementing it, that 8 we'll follow up on it. But, um, you know, but that's 9 10 just, that's pretty clear. The chair asked about this issue that I mostly heard about Lift doing. 11 12 Maybe other, ah, platforms are doing it as well, of kicking drivers off their, ah, their app when they 13 make a trip out to sort of a far-flung neighborhood 14 15 in order to try to keep their utilization rate higher 16 artificially. That, you know, is a clear violation of the spirit of the law and the rule, um, and I hope 17 18 you're really looking at it aggressively, and I just want to make clear, I mean, Lift can't have it both 19 20 They can't say the whole business model is based on people being independent contractors because 21 2.2 they don't control the hours the work or the trips 23 the take and then kick them off the app when it's 24 inconvenient for them to treat them like independent

contractors, and so, I mean, I guess my question is

2	[applause], my question for you guys on this is, I
3	mean, I appreciate that you guys are looking at this
4	issue, asking about it, investigating it. You don't
5	control the question of how people, whether folks are
6	employees or independent contractors, but, but do
7	you, might it be the case that if they are exercising
8	more control over what people, what trips people
9	take, separate from the question of looking at our
10	law, it would raise the issue of whether they push,
11	are pushing people from being independent contractors
12	into them exercising the kind of the control that
13	makes them employees.
14	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So thank
15	you
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Which I recognize
17	is not your call to make, but it, it is
18	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: It's not
19	our
20	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: It's a real
21	question.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: It's not our call to make. I am an attorney, but, as you know, the dividing line between independent contractor and employee is notoriously hard. But as

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a general rule I think the companies exert an enormous amount of control over the drivers and I

4 | think that's, that's pretty obvious.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And this would be an even higher level of control, if they were increasing the number of trips that, you know, their ability to determine what trips you took [inaudible].

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: OK. I have a couple more questions, but I'm glad to, OK, all right, thank you. Um, ah, this issue that you're looking at of where people are not being able to access the apps, I'm hearing more stories also from, ah, NYTWA about drivers being decommissioned by the apps for a broader range of ranges, being sort of booted off without, without cause or explanation. Is that something that you guys are, are looking at?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: That's something that we have heard, ah, sort of loud and clear at our hearings. The question that we're grappling is how, you know, what's the right role for TLC to be involved in that. Is that something that driver groups want TLC to take a role in or would

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they prefer to serve a more union-like function and be the point of contact with the companies.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: OK. And we're going to be looking at that as well. As you may know, for fast food workers we're taking up this question of good cause termination, and I think, Mr. Chair, we should look at it for the issue of TLC drivers as well. And then my final question has to do with leases. Um, you said that you're looking more deeply at them and at their cost. I shared this one heartbreaking story with you personally, and this may be only one person, ah, but it might be a bigger problem. I got in an FHV, an app-based FHV, I won't say which, which company, ah, to the airport over the summer and my driver, um, told me this story, not knowing that we would be here talking about it or that I was a council member. He moved here a couple years ago, I think two, two-and-a-half years ago, did not at the time have money to buy a car, immigrated to this country, um, started therefore, got, signed a lease, signed a long-term lease, got his license, um, he's been successful, I think partly thanks to our, our law he was able to save up enough money to buy a car not knowing that we were going to put a cap on

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vehicles, a cap that I supported, so, and now he has to make his lease payments because he's both locked in a long-term lease but also because that's the only car that he has available to drive to earn money and now he has to make his car payments because he bought a car hoping he was going to be able to start driving it, but he can't because, and so you know, obviously whether it's a question of capping the drivers or whether it is a question of enabling a pathway for existing drivers who are driving under leases [applause] to be able to move into ownership without, I don't want to increase the number of cars, I really appreciate we need to be sensitive.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: But nor do I want to lock people into a kind of lease servitude or as a result of what we've done drive up leasing costs because we've made the vehicle licenses scarce, um, it sounds like that's something you're looking at, but I really just wanted to tell you that, that story and make sure we're going to try to figure out together how we can do something about it.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you, Mr.

3 Chair.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: I have a question before, thank you, Council Member. I had question before passing to my colleagues here. What on the leasing part, how many for-hire vehicle licenses are held by the leasing companies?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Excuse me, let me see. We think, ah, that's around 30,000.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: 30,000. So how many companies hold those licenses?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I'm not sure how many hold them, but I do know that the top six leasing companies control about half of those, about 15,000.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And how many forhire vehicle licenses are held by drivers and other entities of individuals?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Ah, that would be, so we believe that about 20% of for-hire vehicle drivers lease and that would, and we think there are about, um, I'm sorry, what your question, was your question the number of for-hire vehicle drivers who lease...

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, Um-hmm.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Or who?

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Ah, how many forhire vehicle licenses are held by drivers or another entity or individuals?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I just want to, we just, I just want to check to make sure we have the number right. [speaking in a low voice] So we've got 60,000 who own their own vehicle, we know for sure, so it's an approximate, no, that's 30,000 [inaudible]. Again, about 30,000.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So definitely, as a follow up from this hearing, I will be working with my staff and the speaker to have another hearing just on leasing. We need to go deep understanding all aspects related to leasing, how is that happening, what those brokers, how much has TLC regulating that sector and what more, what more can we do to address the whole cultural dynamic on how that sector the taxi and limousine is operating, so, let's follow the conversation after this hearing to see how we can look to probably in the next money to follow a conversational hearing on this, on this issue. Do you know how many drivers, like, no, let me put it

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- this way. What percent, what is the percentage of
 that go to the drivers, what percentage go to the,
 from the fare that the consumers pay through the app,
 what is the percentage that go through drivers and
- what is the percentage that go through drivers and what percentage go to the companies?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: For the four, for the four big app companies? Or really maybe just focus...

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Well, Uber and } \mbox{Lift.}$

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: On the top two. Rodney has the latest on this.

RODNEY STILES: Yeah, so last year before the driver pay policy was in effect in aggregate I think it was about 16% was the commission, effective commission out of all the fares collected. Now that means, that doesn't mean that on some trips the commission is higher or lower but in the aggregate of all the fares collected, 16%. Um, as the driver pay policy has gone into effect that number has gone down, I think because companies were slowly raising the fares for consumers. So that's actually a number that has changed, it is currently changing, but as of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION /2
2	last year in aggregate, um, 16% was the, the
3	effective commission out of all the fares paid.
4	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK. So, again,
5	this is something that we need to look at and sit
6	down, and of course we will also sit with the
7	leaders, sit with the drivers, and the drivers by
8	themselves, and see how, you know, what is their own
9	experience and how we can compare information, and as
10	far to know, as far as we know those companies, they
11	don't provide any insurance to the drivers, right?
12	RODNEY STILES: Any insurance?
13	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Insurance.
14	RODNEY STILES: I don't believe so.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Health insurance,
16	that's
17	RODNEY STILES: No, I don't think so.
18	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: No, OK. So
19	Council Member Levine.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you, Mr.
21	Chair and good to see you, Commissioner.

22 ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Good 23 afternoon.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Today's focus is not on yellow taxies, but I do want to ask you a few questions about pending items on that front.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um-hmm.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: I want to thank you for supporting, ah, our legislation to, ah, exempt yellows from the annual fee, ah, that is yet another burden on a struggling industry. We know that legislation is needed to codify that and we know it's time-sensitive and we're moving quickly on the legislative process. Ah, but I do want to thank you for your support of that. Um, as we've sought to tackle the problem of crushing debt faced by so many of the yellow taxi owner-drivers. We have often by faced by the lack of information that the TLC and the administration has on just who owns what and how much and under what terms. And so we passed a bill last December, ah, it became law in January. It was Intro 1069 that, ah, that, ah, as you well know requires TLC to begin to collect that kind of data for the first time in the city's history, to understand exactly what is the debt burden, um, held by the owner-drivers. And that report is due soon and I wanted to ask you...

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2 ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: December

3 1st.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...about how the data collection is going, if you can share anything about, um, whether you are succeeding in accessing the data that you need, um, and all that we can expect and when we can expect from the final report.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you, and I think, yeah, I believe that report is due in December and, um, we have been working on that, obviously. We've also been participating in the medallion task force and collecting information, ah, in connection with that. There is a lot of, there is information we collect. We don't have insight into everything, as I've said the last time I was here. We often don't have information about transactions that occur on the secondary market. We know that they occur, but we don't have the same level of insight. Right now we're in the process of collecting as much information as we have, ah, to make available to the task force and a lot of that is going to also inform the information that we're going to have. I don't, I would just to manage expectations I would say it's not going to give us

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the level of insight that I think you want and I
think that we want and New Yorkers want, and some of
that will be probably better tackled through the four
medallion intros that were introduced in June, some

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: We understand the limitations.

of which require a stick like additional information.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Right.

a huge step forward and the information that we've been wanting, the public has been wanting, that we know you need. There's a second part to that bill, which is a requirement to develop a plan for helping those drivers who are struggling. The focus as the legislation lays it out is really more on technical assistance, that might be in the form of legal assistance or financial advising, which is extremely important. Um, can you say anything about where you're headed on that piece of this bill?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I think the biggest piece of that is the Driver Assistance

Center, as I said. There was legislation passed by you that required us to offer a driver assistance services and financial education. Um, and what, as we

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2 have done many, dozens and dozens of meetings and outreach with drivers, what we realized was we 3 4 actually need a brick-and-mortar place, so we've 5 committed a space at our LIC facility. We're going 6 to have, it's going to be staffed, it's not, it's 7 going to be staffed by people with actual financial counseling experience who can, you know, bring people 8 in, look at their medallion documents, look at their 9 10 loan documents, and give them not just the advice, but the support to go and to reach out to the lenders 11 12 and to try to, to try to right size those loans. I think that's one of the most significant pieces 13 14 that has come out of, really was inspired by the 1069 15 and also by the driver assistance and financial 16 education bills.

appreciate that. I'll just close by reiterating what I said before, that this crisis, ah, this scandal, the New York City's taxi medallion mortgage bubble, and its bursting, which really ruined the lives of so many working-class New Yorkers, ah, was partly created by the actions of the city, ah, we helped pump up the bubble. We reaped windfall from it, and so I think we have a moral responsibility to help fix

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2	this. I think we can do it. I think we can do it
3	without an exhorbitantexorbitant cost. It's going to
4	take some creative solutions. Ah, getting the data
5	is a huge step forward. Um, I'm excited about this
6	task force and what it comes up with. In the
7	meantime, I'm going to continue to beat the drum on
8	this because I believe our moral debt is as yet
9	unfilled to these hard-working families. Thank you,
10	Commissioner. [applause]
11	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Appreciate
12	it, thank you.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: And thank you,
14	Mr. Chair.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And
16	before, and I don't know if my colleague Cabrera has
17	any questions, if not even though of course most of
18	those questions have been related on the for-hire
19	vehicle, but I don't want to lose the opportunity to
20	[inaudible] question what are the newest steps that
21	we've been talking also to address the crisis that is
22	affecting the yellow taxi drivers and that sector?
23	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Well, one
24	thing that we've done, and Councilman Levine

introduced the legislation to waive the renewal fees

look into, ah, broker practices.

Thank you, Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: I know Council

Member Levine has a question, and as I said before we

both co-chair the yellow taxi medallion task force,

with all the members here. So, Council Member Levin.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN:

Um, thank you, Commissioner, appreciate you being I just have a couple questions that, I'm sorry that I missed your testimony, so if we've covered any of these topics already feel free to just, ah, cut me off. Ah, let's see, the first question around kind of utilization of FHVs. So we collect the data on meters, on yellow meters through the, um, TPEP system, is that right? Is there an, um, an analgous analogous system within the FHVs, to be able to collect similar data so that we're getting a sense of where they're going, where the trips are, what the utilization is, um, how are we measuring all of that? I mean, is there a way to do that that's kind of through an independent mechanism, or is it entirely dependent upon, um, the, the data from the companies?

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So I did have a discussion with Councilman Diaz about this, um, but, the answer is we do collect several streams of data, many of them enabled the legislation that

2	you all have passed, from the app companies. They
3	provide us a tremendous amount of it. When there are
4	problems, when we see problems with that data, either
5	because something doesn't look right or through
6	auditing, we go back to them, we have several tools
7	at our disposal, including directing them to produce
8	it, summonsing them. Ultimately we could suspend or
9	revoke the base license of any app company, license
10	or licenses, any app company that falsified or
11	omitted providing us with data. We also through the
12	new high-volume for-hire service license that you all
13	created through legislation last year, um, compliance
14	with those requirements is a factor that we're
15	considering as we evaluate those applications so we
16	could deny that to them. That would, you know,
17	either way would mean that they simply, they could
18	not do business in New York City. Um, additionally
19	there are, ah, other requirements on them because the
20	state, because they have to collect the sales tax for
21	the state and they also now have to collect a
22	congestion surcharge, so there are two different
23	revenue streams that they provide to the state, and
24	so the state has that additional extra financial

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incentive, ah, to ensure that those records are accurate.

is it apples to apples with what we're collecting on, on metered, um, yellows?

apple, with the, the data requirements are, are greater for the, especially for the app companies.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: OK. Um, I mean,

let's keep talking about it. Because we want to make

sure we're getting as comprehensive a picture as

possible and in an as, obviously, an objective a way

as possible, you know, and if we don't have to go to

the companies themselves that might be, there might

be some benefit to that. In terms of, um, the

overall picture of the effectiveness of the FHV

license cap from last year, um, how are we, how are

we measuring the impact and where are we seeing, in

terms of license numbers and, and, um, attrition and
things like that.

<u>ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:</u> So we, what we have done throughout the year, and we continue doing, is measuring the impacts on areas like, um,

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION	82
2	available service citywide. There was a concern,	yoı
3	remember	
4	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Of course.	
5	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN:that	
6	this would have a negative impact such as a decrea	.se
7	in service citywide, overall decrease in trip numb	ers
8	for the for-hire vehicles, which would again resul	<u>.t</u>
9	in reduced service	
10	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Increased price	<u>-</u>
11	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Increased	<u>1</u>
12	prices, etc., and also an increase in wait times.	
13	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Right.	
14	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Um, what we four	nd,
15	and by looking at this every quarter and submitting	<u>g</u>
16	quarterly reports to the speaker, what we found wa	. <u>S</u>
17	those predictions of gloom and doom from the app	
18	companies did not come true. That there was not a	1
19	reduction in, there was not an increase in wait	
20	times. In fact, the number of for-hire vehicle tr	ips
21	of the app trips continue to increase. Now that r	ate
22	of increase has greatly dropped and some of that i	. <u>S</u>
23	also just because of pre-existing market factors	
24	where we think that they had, they had or were	

peaking, but we did find much greater areas of growth

among, ah, the app companies trip numbers in the

outer boroughs and that is, that is not, I'm not just

talking, I mean, I know you have, ah, wide-range,

wide-ranging district. It's not just like Brooklyn

Heights.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right.

ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: I mean,
this is throughout Brooklyn, throughout Queens,
throughout Staten Island and the Bronx, and northern
Manhattan, those trip numbers have gone up. So we
did not see any of the negative impacts which, um,
suggested to us what I think we already knew, which
was the market was greatly oversaturated, the app
companies had far too many vehicles on the road.

One more quick question, separate topic. So I don't know if this came up with the, the issue around advertising on, um, on the FHVs. Um, why not? You know, we're talking about, ah, and obviously with drivers every penny counts, um, and so, um, you know, it frankly doesn't bother me that much to have an ad on a, I mean, there, you know, there are ads on, on other types of vehicles.

2	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: So I, ah, I
3	did have this question before but I want to talk
4	through it again, um, and obviously I'm always
5	available to speak with you on these issues. Um,
6	before, this was not a shift in policies. This was a
7	long-standing policy going back to the '90s to
8	prohibit that exterior advertising. The city was
9	sued on that. We lost in the trial course. The
10	judge enjoined us from enforcing it. We then
11	appealed and the city won and so, um, there were a
12	few questions about when we can enforce but we are
13	not changing the policy, we are going back to our old
14	policy, and our view is before we do allow
15	advertising, which would be on tens of thousands of
16	cars, so it would have an extreme impact, we would
17	want to know what is in it for the drivers. Because
18	too often the drivers have been promised different
19	things by different companies and this is going to be
20	the thing that is going to get you the extra money,
21	and it often doesn't get to them one way or the
22	other. So I would have a lot of questions about how
23	do the drivers actually benefit. Another issue is
24	this has been framed as the city's driver income
25	policy isn't working or it's underperforming and

2	therefore we sort of need, we need this additional
3	money. Um, we went through this before and, again,
4	I'm happy to meet with you and take you through it.
5	The city's driver income policy is performing and
6	it's yielding real results, so I think kind of the,
7	one of the factual predicates for that isn't actuall
8	accurate.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: And then last
10	question here. The, on the driver income policy, ar
11	we seeing, I know that, ah, you know, an hourly wage
12	per trip is, is, that's effective.
13	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Yes.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Are we measuring
15	this, um, you know, on a monthly income and on a
16	yearly income and seeing the kind of impact over a
17	larger span of time?
18	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Yes, yes,
19	yes, and yes.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: OK.
21	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Um, we see
22	on per trip drivers are getting paid what they're
23	supposed to be getting paid. We see that, ah, on a
24	monthly basis they're getting paid significantly
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more. I think it's \$750 a month, and although, you

1	COMPLIED ON TRAINSTORMATION
2	know, we need to look at this end of the year to see
3	how that, how it all really nets out at the end of
4	the year we think that we are on track for what our
5	economists had projected, which was a benefit of
6	\$9600 and we think we're on track for that, or
7	certainly in the neighborhood.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: OK, great, thank
9	you.
LO	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.
L1	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. Thank
L2	you, Commissioner, and you know a lot of work has to
L3	be done. As I said before, this crisis that cannot
L 4	hold anymore and we know that yourself and many other
L5	[inaudible] entity you've been trying to do the best
L 6	you can, but we need to come together again from Cit
L7	Hall to the council, all the stakeholders, address
L8	this situation and see how we can put some light to
L 9	this situation that is affecting the industry. So
20	thank you very much for your leadership.
21	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.
22	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
23	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEINZEN: Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Now let's call

the members of the public. First we have Brendan

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Sexton from IDG, Independent Drivers Guild, Tina Robinal, Azi Bhat, Paul Flegnance.

Good afternoon, Chairman Rodriguez, member of the transportation committee. My name is Brendan Sexton and I'm the executive director of the Independent Drivers Guild. Joining me today are IDG stewards and drivers who help tell me, help tell us the story. The story of app drivers who continue to struggle to make a fair and liveable livable wage, continue to be exploited by app and predatory leasing companies, while the agency with the responsibility and power to help fails to act and takes bizarre, insensitive, and arbitrary actions to further worsen driver opportunities. As you know, IDG is a nonprofit affiliate of the machinists and our organization represents over 80,000 drivers working through the for-hire vehicle industry. The machinists are the only union to successfully organize black car workers in New York City, and they have been for over 20 years. I want to thank the committee for all the work you have done and all we have accomplished together over the last few years in providing real relief to the 80,000 working families, specifically the landmark Driver Income Transparency

2	legislation. This has provided some needed relief,
3	but the TLC's resulting regulations and their lack of
4	enforcement has caused some real problems, whereby
5	the full intent of this legislation has not been
6	seen. To put it simply, the TLC is failing to do its
7	job and our city's hard-working drivers are paying
8	the price. We are in severe and immediate danger of
9	history repeating itself. We all have heard how
10	TLC's neglect destroyed the medallion sector of our
11	industry and now their inaction on numerous issues is
12	turning the app-based sector into another failed
13	medallion system. Over the last year, most recently
14	this past summer, we have repeatedly outlined serious
15	concerns to TLC and they had every opportunity to
16	address some, if not all, of our concerns this
17	summer. We have yet to hear from the TLC on any of
18	our concerns. Not only were we ignored, but the TLC
19	has acted like a deer in the headlights on many
20	fronts. They are overwhelmed. Failing to enforce
21	their own regulations have implemented rule changes,
22	which have adversely impacted drivers and turn a
23	blind eye on the app and leasing companies. Mr.
24	Chairman, council members, the more than 100,000
25	hard-working men and women of the city who serve as

2	for-hire vehicle drivers deserve better. It's time
3	for reform. To tear it down and start over. The TLC
4	is a failed 20th century model and we need an agency
5	that can meet the needs of the 21st century driver
6	and gig workers. Create a mayoral agency that at
7	least the City Council will have meaningful
8	oversight, because clearly the TLC is lost and
9	accountable to no one. Drivers are dying, families
10	are going bankrupt. How many lives must be
11	destroyedestroyed? How many drivers must we lose to
12	suicide before the city takes meaningful action? As
13	you will hear from the IDG stewards and drivers
14	today, the minimum pay rules are failing to meet
15	their mark, leaving more than 80,000 drivers and
16	their families \$4000 short. Lift is blatantly
17	defying the TLC's rules with no consequence.
18	Predatory leasing companies continue cnot to exploit
19	drivers. The cap on vehicles rather than drivers is
20	further exacerbating the exploitation of drivers by
21	the app companies. In response to TLC regulations on
22	utilization targets, Uber removed their destination
23	filter, which allowed drivers to get back to their
24	homes and to their families. And add insult to
25	injury, TLC recently decided to prohibit app-based

2	drivers from having rooftop advertising, a meaningful
3	opportunity to earn extra income. And while we
4	understand some of these issues are complicated, we
5	believe certain things, like rooftop advertising and
6	destination filers are no-brainers and the TLC or the
7	council should act on them right away to provide
8	immediate relief. We've had an issue with predatory
9	leasing and before Local Law 147 went into effect
10	and, as we've seen, it's only grown. Drivers are
11	paying thousands more to lease than the cost to own
12	and have no vehicle at the end to show for it. Plain
13	and simple, what the cap has done is establish
14	another failed medallion system, enabling predatory
15	leasing companies and app companies to exploit and
16	worsen the plight of working class, mostly immigrant,
17	for-hire vehicle drivers. We need to learn from the
18	mistakes of the past and that have given undue power
19	and influence to companies and folks on [polys] that
20	uplift drivers, providing them the power to control
21	their own destinies. To make matters worse, the cap
22	on licenses has also allowed app-based companies to
23	take advantage of drivers and continue their
24	exploitive practices. Since vehicle cap went into
25	effect last year, the commissioner has continued to

2	issue thousands of TLC drivers license. This dynamic
3	has again shifted the power to app-based companies
4	who view the drivers as expendable. As a result,
5	hundreds of drivers are deactivated every day without
6	cause and without any due process. This leaves
7	drivers no way to pay off their investments, let
8	alone support their families. And as the only union
9	that represents deactivated drivers we get hundreds
10	of drivers coming into our office weekly. There is a
11	simple way to flip this dynamic and empower workers
12	instead of empowering app companies. Fleet owners
13	and predatory leasing companies, while a cap on the
14	vehicles provides more power to leasing, a cap on
15	drivers helps make sure that the drivers are in
16	power. And just a few weeks ago the TLC has
17	shockingly decided to deprive the app-based drivers
18	an opportunity to earn additional income and make a
19	living wage. Reversing its own rules, which would
20	have helped alleviate some of the pain and allow
21	drivers to earn an additional \$3600 a year, the TLC
22	arbitrarily made the decision to ban rooftop
23	advertisements without consulting app-based drivers
24	and with absolutely no reasonable policy
25	justification that could outweigh the needs of the

2	drivers. The TLC has once again demonstrated their
3	incompetence by reversing this rule while
4	simultaneously allowing medallion owners to reap the
5	economic benefits of rooftop advertisements. Mr.
6	Chairman, a simple policy change in allowing for-hire
7	vehicle drivers to engage in rooftop advertising
8	would provide immediate relief and would surely
9	demonstrate that the TLC and the City Council are not
10	only listening to drivers' concerns, but are also
11	sincere in their efforts to address the struggles
12	which drivers continue to face. We hereby call upon
13	the council and the TLC to establish an app-based
14	drivers' bill of rights. One - the right to fair and
15	minimum compensation without any loopholes that the
16	apps can exploit. Cap company commissions to stop
17	practices of overcharging riders and underpaying
18	drivers. Require dead head pay for all classes of
19	vehicles. Enact higher minimum rates for classes of
20	vehicles with higher expenses. The right to due
21	process and job security. Prevent apps from
22	deactivating ving drivers without a stated cause.
23	Require apps to have a due process structure, which
24	includes a fair hearing with the union and guild.
25	The right to equal protection and enforcement of

2	laws. We must have a driver cap that provides power
3	to the drivers to control their own destinies. We
4	must have active enforcement of existing laws and TLC
5	regulations and new laws and regs that promotes
6	fairness and parity. The right to a secure, safe,
7	and humane work environment. Rear-facing cameras
8	paid for by the apps. Active and aggressive NYPD TLC
9	investigations into assaults on drivers and
10	cooperation with victims' families. Adequate parking
11	spaces for the city's 80,000 for-hire vehicle drivers
12	to legally make brief stops and access running water
13	and restroom facilities. Request apps to charge a
14	rider fee for safety violations to be paid in full to
15	the driver. The right to pursue reasonable
16	opportunities. Adopt policies that promote driver
17	ownership over leasing. Limit new TLC driver license
18	rather than vehicle license. Allow all TLC drivers
19	the same opportunity to increase their earnings
20	without increasing congestion through rooftop
21	advertising. As I mentioned, there exist
22	opportunities to provide immediate relief to drivers.
23	Rooftop ads and destination filters. Let's do it
24	now. Let's start working on it, and we'll start
25	working on the rest immediately. We repeatedly

2	brought these issues to the attention of the TLC and
3	our past pleas continue to fall on deaf ears and our
4	members were crushed when the TLC passed these new
5	rules this summer and failed to address any of our
6	concerns. IDG hears from hundreds of drivers every
7	day who truly feel as though the TLC, the mayor, and
8	the City Council do not appreciate the real life
9	personal effects their inaction has on drivers. This
10	is not just about public policy. This is about
11	economic security. This is about livelihoods. This
12	is about putting food on the table for struggling
13	families. This is about the unfair treatment of
14	hardworking New Yorkers, immigrants who keep our city
15	running, without who much of the city would grind to
16	a halt. To be blunt, this is about life and death.
17	Make no mistake. This is an emergency and the TLC
18	has failed to act in a timely manner on the taxi
19	medallion crisis and now they're failing to act with
20	regard to our sector, an app-based industry. Because
21	the TLC's failure to act over the summer and take
22	app-based drivers and IDG's concerns over failed
23	policies and economic security seriously and they
24	failed to heed both your call and the speaker's call
25	not to page more ill-conceived rules and without

addressing our issues. Um, the committee and the council must step in and act, and we hope this hearing is the first step in that direction. Thank you very much for the time and I'm here for any questions. [applause]

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. To the rest of the panels, we are limiting it to two minutes and then we can, so that we can [inaudible] other members of the public.

Good afternoon, Chair Rodriguez, members of the committee. My name is Aziz Bah. I'm a steward with the Independent Driving Guild, and I'm an appbased driver. I've been driving for five years. I want to note that as steward my colleagues and I file hundreds of calls and complaints from drivers every week. We do our best to help, but we are all beyond frustrated by the inaction and inability of TLC to help us. As Brendan as explained, one of the biggest problems we face is the issue of predatory leasing. I am a driver that has been leasing and unable to get my TLC FHV plates, coming before you to share my story and the story of thousands of drivers like me. This is not a request for mercy, but a cry for fairness and common sense. Drivers are often scared

2	to come forward due to many factors - language
3	barriers, fear of losing their vehicle, and even
4	retaliations, even though they clearly know they're
5	being taken advantage of and what they, you know, and
6	when they hit the brinks, suicide can feel like the
7	only option left. Let's be clear. The vehicle cap
8	did not work. It did not stop the flood of excess
9	FHV drivers and vehicles. The TLC kept licensing
10	thousands of new TLC drivers since the cap. It did
11	not help existing drivers make a better living. The
12	TLC has not only allowed predatory leasing companies
13	to acquire and control thousands of new FHV licenses,
14	but these greedy companies have taken advantage of
15	this position of power by exploiting drivers to
16	onerous and unfair leasing terms that keep drivers
17	under their control and in unbearable debt,
18	preventing them from making a liveable livable wage
19	and making their own career decisions. The
20	continuation of a permanent vehicle cap will only
21	force more low-income drivers into leasing rather
22	than owning, and, um, I just want to say I do not
23	want to spend 14 to 18 hours on the road because
24	American Lease need to get paid. I shouldn't sleep
25	in my car because Ruggy might tow my webicle when I'm

a few dollars short of my weekly payment. And I will
not miss my kids' soccer game because Tower Auto Mall
decide to overdrawn my account due to some EZ-Pass or
some violation that I didn't know I have or they
never explained to me. So it's time to end the
predatory leasing and give drivers ownership of their
vehicle and their lives. Thank you. [applause]
CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members of
the committee. My name is Paul Climus and I'm proud
to be a full-time ride share driver. I'm a native
New Yorker who was born and bred in Queens. I know
that it's drivers like myself and my colleagues at
this table who service the transportation needs of
New Yorkers 24 hours a day, seven days a week. I
love to drive and that's why I made this my career.
I love meeting new people every day and I love making
sure my riders get their destinations quickly and
comfortably. Most importantly, this is my livelihood
and I love paying my bills. Unfortunately, it's
getting harder and harder to survive in this business
with rate cuts, gas prices, tolls, increased
competition, and all the costly insurance and other

requirements just to get on the road. That's why

2	it's so frustrating and disappointing that the TLC is
3	not helping and in fact has gone out of its way to
4	make it harder for me. I work more hours, and I
5	often don't even make minimum wage, a benchmark we
6	were promised and one that we deserve. The latest
7	slap in the face over Labor Day when the TLC decided
8	to abruptly ban digital rooftop advertising on FHVs
9	and forced me to take the sign off my car, which lost
10	me an afternoon of income and stopped me from making
11	extra money every month. That rooftop advertising
12	opportunity helped me and other drivers earn
13	additional income while spending less time on the
14	road. I was earning at least \$300 a month by just
15	having a digital rooftop ad on my car. That equals
16	approximately 10% of my salary. I had plans for that
17	money. With the additional income from the digital
18	roof ads I was planning to pay for my mandated TLC
19	insurance. I even started to look for health
20	insurance because I was finally able to afford it.
21	What has been most insulting is that the TLC is going
22	around the media saying that they haven't seen
23	evidence of the drivers who have benefitted from the
24	money from rooftop ads. Well, here I am. Have you
25	seen any evidence yet or do you just not care?

2	Drivers are struggling to make ends meet. We are
3	working longer and longer hours, spending more time
4	on the road, and our paychecks are getting smaller
5	and smaller. I had multiple drivers ask me how they
6	can also sign up because they, too, need the
7	additional income. Now that the program is over
8	drivers will have to spend more hours on the road to
9	support themselves and their families and for all
10	TLC's talk about cracking down on congestion this ban
11	on ads will have the exact opposite effect. I
12	strongly urge the committee and the City Council to
13	pass legislation that overrules the awful and harmful
14	decision by the TLC to ban us from making money with
15	rooftop ads. Thank you for listening. [applause]
16	TINA RAVENO: My name is Tina Raveno and
17	I am a member of the Independent Drivers Guild. I
18	live in Brooklyn and I have been a TLC driver for
19	two-and-a-half years. Today I speak from my own
20	experience and on the behalf of other drivers in this
21	industry. My first issue is to address is the app-
22	based company Lift. In the recent month Lift has
23	made me, has put me on schedule shift, allowing me to
24	only work from 5:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. Monday through

Thursday. I also drive for Uber, who also forces me

2	to drive without control of my time. I entered this
3	industry because of its flexibility and destination
4	filter option, a feature which allows me to pick up
5	my son from school on time. The removal of this
6	feature also affect my take-home pay. My son is 10
7	years old and so this controls my schedule, but Lift
8	does not allow me to take home a liveable livable
9	wage. I urge you to give, I urge you to give this
10	critical problem your undivided attention, as many
11	drivers like me are failing, are falling into the
12	poverty lines. Making matters worse, the TLC just
13	extended, the TLC just extended the so-called vehicle
14	cap. Instead of limiting new drivers as IGD called
15	for, the cap limits new vehicles, which does not
16	reduce congestion. I just, I just blocked thousands
17	of drivers like me from owning their own vehicle and
18	costing us thousands of dollars per year in
19	additional to expense of renting vehicles from
20	leasing companies. Last August, last August when
21	this rule passed I had already been driving full time
22	for well over a year, renting a TLC vehicle while I
23	saved up to purchase my own. By blocking from owning
24	ownership you are not reducing congestion. You are
25	making me a slave to a big fleet ownership and app

2	companies. I am also extremely concerned that my
3	payrolls are not meeting the wage increase we were
4	promise. As a steward of IDG I spend months and
5	months organizing with my fellow drivers to fight for
6	a liveable livable wage. We made a count, we have
7	made countless phone calls and lobby visits.
8	Hundreds of IDG members rely right here at City Hall
9	and spoke on hearings like this one to win the
10	nation's first law requiring app increases. The TLC
11	told us that we will make \$10,000 more per month.
12	But so far the data shows that the pay raise is
13	barely half that. That's missing \$4000 more, a huge
14	difference for more than 80,000 New Yorkers who are
15	struggling to get by. That's \$4000 which could have
16	been a down payment on my new vehicle that I wanted.
17	I, I have, I have brought my concerns to the TLC many
18	times again and they have continued to ignore me. I
19	am coming to you as my last resort for help, and as
20	a, and as a struggling single mother in hopes that
21	you help put an end to this inhumane behavior by app
22	companies and the TLC. All we drivers ask is for you
23	to be able to provide for our family. Thank you.
24	[applause]

2	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. We're
3	not going to be getting into question to, you know,
4	not only this panel but the rest so everyone because
5	we had to continue conversation by working with you,
6	with [inaudible] we see that Jose, all the sectors
7	are represented, you know, the Uber drivers, the
8	Lift, the for-hire livery, the yellow, is something
9	that we have to continue having conversations. So
10	because of the numbers of the members that we have in
11	the panel, so I'd like to thank you and let's, we
12	just have to continue working together. Thank you.
13	TINA RAVENO: Thank you.
14	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So the next panel
15	we have Raymond Wayne, and thank you for being
16	waiting, I know they had to schedule his Access-A-
17	Ride, so, Ceda Anhelis, Ruben Solimani, and Baraby
18	Desay. And Peter Maser. Raymond, you can go first,
19	and I know that you had to schedule your
20	transportation so as soon as you're finished you can
21	<u>leave us.</u>
22	RAYMOND WAYNE: Thank you. Good
23	afternoon, I'm Raymond Wayne. I represent the
24	National Federation of the Blind, New York City
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chapter. Many blind and visually impaired New

2	Yorkers rely on for-hire vehicles, including taxis
3	and everything that's been mentioned here today. Um,
4	we are concerned that any restrictions placed on how
5	many vehicles can travel or how they can, how much
6	they can travel to the outer boroughs are going to
7	create problems for our membership, many of whom
8	cannot, cannot make a complaint. If someone calls
9	for a ride and they don't get a ride they may not
10	have a computer or typewriter, they may not have a
11	way of calling TLC and saying hey, I'm blind, I'm in
12	the outer boroughs, and I can't get a ride for
13	anything. Another issue the their want to mention, I
14	thought of it today while I was listening to the
15	Commissioner. He mentioned, ah, training, as far as
16	nondiscrimination. We have those who use guide dogs,
17	and I've had, back in the day when I did, I've had
18	this experience, and it continues to happen, have
19	drivers refuse to take us because, you know, various
20	excuses, the dog, they have allergies, or it's
21	something, whatever, they don't want the dog hair all
22	over their car or whatever, um, and we hope that TLC,
23	the training that they provide includes the message
24	that you cannot refuse to take someone accompanied by
25	a quide dog or other service animal. You have my

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written testimony, my contact information is there, and thank you, Chair Rodriguez, for letting me to come up first. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

BETARI DESAI: Good afternoon. I'm the

executive director of the New York Taxi Workers Alliance. Um, I kind of trying to figure why you schedule the hearing, to be really honest with you. Um, but I do want to say for the record that around July 17 the Taxi Workers Alliance already submitted a petition to initate initiate rule making to the TLC to address most of these issues, and as you know the process of, of petition to initiate rule making, it is a legal one under the City Charter, which means the clock is ticking and the TLC is going to be required to give us answers and to follow up. Our petition is already calling for a cap on FHV vehicle financing and leasing. Back in 2012 it was the Taxi Workers Alliance that won a similar lease cap for the yellow cab sector. We have a proposal that we've been talking with the TLC about. It's already in the rule making petition. Simultaneously, we've been working with Councilman Moya on legislation where the council would authorize the TLC to engage in that

2 rule making. So first and foremost, we want to say 3 to the FHV drivers of this city, whether they work 4 for Uber, Lift, Via, or Juno, or a neighborhood 5 livery or a corporate black car, that their rights 6 against predatory leasing are going to be protected. 7 We are going to win that petition. It's already in 8 the works. The legislation is moving, yes, the rule making is going to be moving. We know that that 9 victory will soon be coming, especially the more that 10 drivers organize. In our petition we also have a 11 12 proposal that app drivers should be paid whichever is 13 higher, either 85% of the passenger fare or 100% of 14 the driver payment rates. That's right, because last 15 year we submitted a thousand trips, Uber X trips to 16 the TLC, which by the way, you know, a federal court, 17 note, a state court judge noted was the reason that 18 the TLC even increased their driver payment rates in 19 the first place. The judge noted that it was due to 20 the data submitted by the Taxi Workers Alliance, both 21 on the Uber X trips, which showed that the average 2.2 commission the companies were taking, the average, 23 was 31%. However, on some trips their commission was as high as 50% to 60%. They are taking that much of 24 25 the fare. That's why in 2017 Uber and Lift moved in

2	the first place to separate out. It used to be that
3	drivers would earn a percentage of the fair. Then in
4	April 2017 the Uber said we're now going to paid the
5	drivers on a static rate on distance and time per
6	trip and we're going to charge the passenger an up-
7	front pricing rate. It doesn't, they said, they
8	claimed don't worry, if the passenger pays less you
9	won't be affected 'cause we're still going to pay you
10	by these rates. We all knew at the Taxi Workers
11	Alliance and a number of our members sued in federal
12	court to stop Uber from doing this because we knew
13	the minute they separated driver earnings from
14	passenger fares was the beginning of when they were
15	going to start to charge the passengers more and
16	that's exactly what they have been doing. And in
17	that process, you know, they look to take more of
18	that fare. Our petition is calling for a hybrid
19	solution. Keep the driver payment rates as a real
20	floor. Make it a real minimum, minimum meaning you
21	cannot earn less. But it cannot be the ceiling, the
22	maximum. The maximum should be at least 85% of
23	whatever fare is charged to the passenger. We have
24	that petition for council members that want to
25	support the drivers, call on the TLC to pass our

2	rule-making petition. Our petition is also calling
3	for the TLC to regulate the minimum passenger fares.
4	This way the companies cannot drop the passenger fare
5	rate on the app drivers and, equally important, so
6	that yellow cab, livery, green cab, and corporate
7	black car drivers don't have to be afraid to call for
8	a raise. Right now all of their raises, their
9	earnings, are being hijacked. They're kidnapped by
LO	these companies. No sector of driver feels
L1	comfortable to call for a raise knowing these
L2	compaies companies are not regulated for what is the
L3	minimum that they have to charge the passengers.
L4	Everybody knows because of Wall Street's orders these
L5	companies are already starting to charge the
L6	passengers more. But without regulation they can get
L7	away with deceiving publicity and secondly they can
L8	continue to get away with cheating the app drivers by
L 9	not allowing those higher passenger fares to go to
20	the very drivers whose labor is the one that's
21	earning those higher fares to begin with. That's
22	what we need this City Council to support along with
23	a debt forgiveness program, which is not about
24	counseling but it's about putting money on the table,
) E	nut together a fund of 000 million dellars to burn

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2	back the existing loans, refinance them to the owner-
3	drivers at the current market value, cap their
4	mortages mortgages at \$900 a month, so every single
5	sector of driver can survive and they can live and
6	they can breathe and they can earn the benefits of
7	their labor which has made this industry all of its
8	riches. Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Great. Thank
10	you. [applause]
11	ZUBIN SALIMANI: Good morning, Chair
12	Rodriguez, council members. My name is Zubin
13	Salimani, also with the New York Taxi Workers
14	Alliance. I just want to reiterate that the work
15	that the council started last year, um, is only
16	beginning, right. This is a floor from which we need
17	to expand upon. So I'm shocked to hear driver
18	advocates calling for the dissolution of the TLC.
19	The TLC is an agency that is charged with the welfare
20	of the drivers to ensure that they earn a living
21	wage. They take their orders from the council. If
22	the TLC isn't doing its job it's own us as drivers,
23	as advocates, residents of New York, to make the
24	council have them do the right thing. And that's why

we're pushing two, two initiatives here at, ah, at

2	the council where the TLC did not pick up the ball,
3	and they dropped the ball, and those are predatory
4	leasing and driver deactivation. It has been the
5	rule in New York for a decade that no yellow cab
6	owner may charge a driver more than \$275 a week for
7	the vehicle portion of the lease. This is a no-
8	brainer. There is no reason that a black Toyota
9	Camry should cost twice as much as a yellow Toyota
10	Camry. This, this chamber had a bill that would have
11	authorized, actually required the TLC to pass those
12	regulations and you dropped the ball last year.
13	Council Member Moya is reintroducing it. It will be
14	introduced, as stated, later this money and I urge
15	you to support. It is crucial to have that parity
16	for drivers across the industries and to protect them
17	from predatory leasing. The other issue is unjust
18	deactivations, right? We have called on, we have
19	drafted a bill, we're talking to Council Member
20	Lander about it, to, to introduce, ah, to introduce
21	legislation that would, that would prohibit the app
22	companies, the for, the high-volume companies from
23	deactivating drivers without just cause. When you're
24	talking about companies that are telling people to
25	log out here and there on a moment's notice every day

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2	that's because there isn't enough work. That's
3	called a lay-off, right, and that is not a just caus
4	deactivation. Um, this, this needs, this needs to b
5	addressed by the council. We're looking forward, ah
6	we're looking forward to working with you on it and
7	we hope that you will support those initiatives and
8	the TLC rules that implement them. [applause]
9	SERI ANGELIS: Good afternoon, Honorable
10	Chairman Rodriguez.
11	UNIDENTIFIED: Please turn on the
12	microphone, you have to have the red light on.
13	SERI ANGELIS: Oh, good afternoon, my
14	name is Seri Angelis, Honorable Chairmen Rodriguez
15	and members of the transportation committee. I
16	represent the livery base owners, which actually
17	affliates about 250 livery bases in New
18	York City with approximately 150,000 rides New
19	Yorkers that use our services every day. Our
20	passengers are residents of the outer boroughs and
21	upper Manhattan who may or may not speak engage as
22	their first language. Our bases are equipped to
23	serve these passengers because most of our
24	memberships are immigrants as well. We come from th

same communities as our passengers. We thank the

2	City Council and the TLC for the work that you have
3	done throughout to address the concerns of our
4	drivers. You stepped up to help them when they were
5	in crisis and we continue to support anything that
6	goes towards bettering the conditions of work, labor,
7	and, um, increase the pay. We also believe it's time
8	to step up and help the struggling small bases. As
9	the TLC pointed out today in 2012 we were 40,000
10	vehicles. Today in 2014 when the majority of the,
11	um, the app company came into the sector over 25,000
12	affiliated vehicles were with our bases. However,
13	that year marked the entrance of the high-volume
14	vehicle bases who gobbled up the market share and
15	provided financial incentives to our affiliated
16	drivers and they went with them. The high-volume
17	base services operated at a loss because their goal
18	was to eliminate the competition here in the city.
19	As a result, after five years the number of
20	affiliated vehicles in our sector has dropped to only
21	10,900 vehicles. We are calling on this committee to
22	re-examine the cap of for-hire licenses. We
23	understand that the cap was established to stem the
24	unprecedentunprecedented growth of the high-volume
25	for-hire vehicles. TLC data indicates that the

2	congestion in Manhattan business district due to
3	those high-volume bases flooding the street with
4	vehicles and encouraging those vehicles to cruise
5	without passengers. In the effort to regulate that
6	congestion our small bases have been harmed in the
7	process. In practice, the cap is choking the
8	remaining life of our small bases and our drivers
9	that we represent because we cannot replace the
10	vehicle loss to high-volume bases. TLC also reports
11	that 26% of active licenses do not renewed for a
12	variety of reasons, which represents a service gap
13	that threatens that community that we serve.
14	Actually that represents 30,000 vehicles less on the
15	road. So far when the cap started on August 12 we
16	had 135,000 vehicle license on the road. Today on
17	the second year as of August we had 120,000 vehicles.
18	By the end of this third year I believe that 30 more
19	thousand vehicles, according to TLC data, will be
20	out. That will not allow us to service, um, our
21	communities. At TLC the livery-base owners, I'm
22	sorry, supports the creation of a new class of
23	licenses as restricted vehicle license, ah, that will
24	only be allowed to operate in our communities for
٥٦	hive when effiliated at a community one couning

2	traditional black car or luxury limousine. This is
3	not a new concept. The council has created
4	restricted licenses in the past. For example, the
5	council created the WAV license, which is a
6	wheelchair-accesible accessible vehicle license, which
7	has the limitation to only affiliate that kind of
8	vehicle. All the electric vehicle, for that matter.
9	The ability for, there's no mechanism today to have
10	our drivers, when they lose their license on their
11	vehicles that they already paid for or are in the
12	process of paying for it to reinsert themselves in
13	case of anything that happens to them. Our small
14	bases are in crisis. In only five years we lost more
15	than half of our vehicles and the trend of loss is
16	not reversing. While everybody is focusing right now
17	and the conversation is around high-volume bases,
18	Uber, Lift, and the likes, and the yellow medallion
19	crisis, our small livery sector is quickly
20	disappearing. We're calling on you for your help.
21	Thank you. [applause]
22	PETER MASER: Good afternoon, Chairman
23	Rodriguez and members of the committee. My name is
24	Peter Maser and I'm general counsel to the
25	Metropolitan Taxicab Board of Trade, a 68-year-old

2	association representing the owners and operators of
3	approximately 5000 licensed medallion taxicabs. For
4	the past four years we've also operated the Drivers'
5	Resource Center that provides a variety of services
6	to licensed taxicab drivers from assistance in
7	obtaining and retaining licenses, to training and
8	safe driving practices, to free legal representation
9	before oath, traffic violations bureau, and criminal
10	court. We have represented drivers in over 10,000
11	matters and provided more than a million dollars
12	worth of free services to our drivers. This
13	afternoon you are reviewing the effect of recent
14	changes in local laws regarding high-volume for-hire
15	services. In particular, legislation has imposed a
16	vehicle cap to limit the proliferation of these
17	vehicles and it's created a compensation formulated
18	in an attempt to ensure drivers of these vehicles
19	earn a living wage. Furthermore, the TLC has
20	recently supplemented these laws with a set of
21	regulations designed to limit the amount of time
22	these vehicles can cruise without fares in the
23	central business district with the intent of reducing
24	traffic construction. First, let us consider the
25	effect of the vehicle can As of today liber has

2	82,778 affiliated vehicles, Lift has 4594, Juno 217,
3	Via 1964. The black car bases have an additional
4	15,887 affiliated vehicles. So there's a total of
5	105,440 black cars licensed by the by the TLC. This
6	is 10,000 more vehicles than were licensed when the
7	temporary vehicle cap was first introduced a little
8	more than a year ago. The number of licensed black
9	car and high-volume for-hire vehicles has never been
10	greater. Contrary to the statements made by the
11	owners and operators of these businesses, they, that
12	they are going to lose a significant number of
13	drivers each month, there appears to be little or no
14	attrition in the number of vehicles. These 105,000
15	vehicles perform about 700,000 recorded trips per day
16	or an average of about seven trips per licensed
17	vehicle. At the same time, licensed medallion
18	taxicabs average more than 20 trips a day. Yellow
19	cabs are simply more efficient at moving large
20	numbers of passengers with fewer vehicles. There are
21	eight times as many black cars as yellow cabs, yet
22	they move only about three times as many passengers.
23	This is because the high-volume industry works on a
24	different business model, one which by necessity
25	floods the street with as many vehicles as possible

2	so that whenever a passenger needs a car there's an
3	empty one waiting just seconds away. This is
4	something their customerss have come to expect, but
5	this business model is not without serious
6	consequences. This business model adds to
7	congestion, since far more vehicles than necessary
8	occupy scarce street space. It is also by its very
9	nature ensures that drivers cannot earn a sustainable
10	income because that requires that drivers spend a
11	large portion of their time without passengers, so
12	they are available for the prospective customer who
13	demands instantaneous service. The city has
14	attempted to ensure that drivers earn a sufficient
15	income while working, but since the city cannot
16	compellcompel passengers to use their services or pay
17	the fares as required to support an adequate driver's
18	income, the only way high-volume vehicle services can
19	meet these mandatory earning requirements is to limit
20	the number of hours drivers are allowed to work.
21	We've already experienced these changes. Some
22	services are not accepting new drivers. Others are
23	requiring drivers to log off so they will not be
24	required to compensate them during periods with less
25	demand. These drivers want to work, but are not

2	allowed to. As drivers are unable to work the hours
3	they want and earn the income they need, they resort
4	to accepting unlawful street hails, further adding to
5	congestion and depriving licensed drivers of these
6	fares. This creates a breakdown in the regulatory
7	system and undermines confidence in the TLC's ability
8	to regulate its licensees and protect the public. At
9	the same time, limiting cruising time in the central
10	business district may have a slight effect on
11	congestion as the TLC and DOT report indicated,
12	however, it will create other problems, such as
13	increasing congestion in other areas of the city,
14	particularly areas where congestion, near the
15	congestion zone as vehicles tend to hover just out
16	outside the congestion zone as they wait for fares.
17	Furthermore, drivers may very well log off in a
18	congestion zone and engage in unlawful street hails
19	without the TLC having any record of their
20	activities. Congestion will not be mitigated and the
21	TLC will not have accurate data regarding fares,
22	trips, or driver incomes. We do have a model that
23	works, the medallion taxicab model. Its numbers have
24	been limited since the 1930s when the city learned
25	that oversaturation of the market is not good for

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

1	COMMITTED ON TRANSFORMED TO
2	drivers, customers, or the overall health of the
3	industry. While other transportation services are
4	needed in some areas of the city
5	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sir.
6	PETER MASER:the hail system has
7	worked
8	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sir.
9	PETER MASER: I'm sorry.
10	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Please summarize.
11	PETER MASER: OK. But is there, OK, I
12	will, and you have my written comments. I will just
13	say in conclusion despite competition from Uber,
14	Lift, and other for-hire services and despite a
15	decline in ridership, average hourly income for
16	taxicab drivers has remained relatively constant
17	before expenses. As lease fees have dropped, gas
18	prices have lowered, the taxicab drivers' income has
19	in fact increased. We think that it's time for the
20	city to seriously look at the transportation needs of
21	all the residents and think creatively about the
22	provision of services in every segment of the
23	industry, and we need a complete review of how we
24	regulate

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2	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry, I
3	will, we will take, you know, your written testimony
4	so [inaudible].
5	PETER MASER: Yes, I am.
6	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
7	PETER MASER: Thank you.
8	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member
9	Levin.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Thank you, Chair.
11	Betari, I just wanted to ask a quick question about
12	the mechanism for implementing the, um, the driver
13	pay formula that you made reference to. So that,
14	that would be exclusively, that could be exclusively
15	through a rule or, um, or what other mechanism is
16	there?
17	BETARI DESAI: Yeah, so, you know, last
18	year, ah, Councilman Lander's bill, I don't remember
19	the intro number, already authorized the TLC, right,
20	to engage in rule making around, um, app driver
21	earnings and that's how the TLC passed the rule
22	that's already in effect since February, which is
23	that TLC regulates the minimum, um, payments that the
24	companies have to pay, the minimum rates the
25	companies have to pay the driver on distance and

	il en
2	time, mileage and minutes per trip. And then they
3	use the utilization rate. Right now there's an
4	industry-wide utilization rate. They use that as a
5	multiplier, which is really interesting, by the way,
6	because that means that New York City ends up having,
7	um, the only way to make sure that app drivers are
8	paid, even on empty time. So even if they're covered
9	under minimum wage laws, for example, like what we
LO	hope AB5 passes in California today, minimum wage
L1	laws would only be covering you on your, um, on app
L2	time. But your empty time, the companies refuse to
L3	have you covered. So it's actually a really ground-
L 4	breaking method that the TLC uses here. What we have
L5	been saying, though, is that that method is not
L 6	enough. You know, it was necessary to establish a
L7	floor
L8	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: The floor but not
L 9	the ceiling.
20	BETARI DESAI: Exactly. Because before
21	it app drivers 86% were earning below minimum wage.
22	This at least brings people closer to a minimum wage.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Right.
24	BETARI DESAI: But as these companies
25	continue to charg charge each higher rate of fare to

the passengers we wanted to see it trickle back down to the drivers and not have drivers just be stuck at COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: Yes. Um, OK, but so TLC could do this through a rule? BETARI DESAI: Absolutely. We've submitted a petition to initiate rule making, calling COUNCIL MEMBER LEVIN: OK, great. OK, BETARI DESAI: Sure. CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. [inaudible] with a question of what is intention of the hearing, the purpose of this hearing was to go over on how TLC has been implementing those laws that we passed in 2018 or 2019. And of course, like with you and we've been working for years. And because you are like one of the most probably, not probably, important voices, you know, together with the drivers, I already said that for me this is a matter of social justice. So when it comes to how do, can we the council oversight the TLC, how much hard work

we're trying to do, 24/7. That's, you know, that's

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limitation. We were ready to vote a package of bill.
You remember 2014?

BETARI DESAI: Right.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And what happened? The big one, they spent all those money, and fortunately, you heard members here, and we were not able to move those vote that we have. So when it comes to, you know, everything that we're trying to do for the last, at least in my case in 2009 after being elected, being a member of the transportation committee, even under John Liu, and then working together with the other chairmen, Chairman Bach and myself being chairing this committee, I can teltell you in a way that probably I've been going, even getting a lot of heat and criticism in my own community because in the district that I represent, as I said before, [inaudible] mainly composed by livery taxi drivers. I don't have this, the large numbers, or yellow taxi drivers, but for me I've been fighting for the yellow taxi drivers [inaudible] for the livery bases, that when the city only have 40,000 livery drivers, as I say, I used to be 140, or [inaudible] Car or Bailey Car Service. I understand at that time the situation with that particular

2	sector was not as the same as the one before. And,
3	yes, I want to make, you know, the big one
4	accountable, the Uber, the Lift, all the 73 app
5	companies that we have, but I feel that as we need to
6	address how to bring the dignity and respect, and I
7	go for the bailout, like seven years ago. So for me
8	how will that happen? That's a conversation that we
9	need, also support from everyone. We need all the
10	groups to come together. But one thing that in my
11	case as the chairman of this committee, I have never
12	been afraid of pushing the conversation or doing
13	whatever we can to be sure that we make all sectors
14	accountable, that we level the playing field, that we
15	make everyone accountable. It is unfair, as I said
16	before, that a yellow taxi that they had to do the
17	environmental study, that we need to get some
18	preapproval and when it come to their company they
19	been adding, thousand, thousand more vehicles without
20	being mandated to doing environmental report, without
21	being accountable to follow all the rules and
22	regulations. So, again, like for me it has been an
23	honor to be working with you and I mean all of you,
24	all the sector that you represent.

PETER MASER: Thank you.

BETARI DESAI: We would support your call
for the livery task force. We think there has,
everyone in this industry needs to find a way to work
together to stop the race to the bottom. There were
nine driver suicides. We can only move forward if
all the drivers are united together and that each
policy supports the other, and we do need to reorient
the TLC exactly as [inaudible] said, but the, the
reason I made my comment, if I could be frank with
you, I remember a year ago when the suicides started
and we were out on the streets campaigning, call for
immediate action. What we heard Uber and its
lobbyists say was kill the bill. And the same time
when the vehicle cap passed again a month ago we
again heard Uber and their lobbyists say they were
going to use the City Council to undermine what for
us was a lifesaving policy. That's where our concern
really comes from. These companies have spent more
money than Microsoft, Amazon, Walmart combined in the
year 2016 and oftentimes they do it, it's claiming to
stand for the drivers, when in reality all they're
doing is standing up for their own profits at the
expense of drivers, and so we hope that this City
Council remains committed to the drivers and does not

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2	work with not just corporations but any of their paid
3	lobbyists whoever they claim to be. Thank you.
4	[applause]
5	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, thank you.
6	UNIDENTIFIED: Just to conclude, we also
7	agree that the creation of a task force to address
8	the concerns of our industry segment. It is
9	important, because unfortunately we waste too much
10	time talking about everybody else, and it seems like
11	some people do not exist in the room, and it is
12	important that, ah, we voice our concerns, but at the
13	same time the misconceptions that one segment has
14	over the other. I think it is important that we
15	bring it together and we would put some sort of
16	report out there that actually identifies the needs
17	of each segment, not one over the other. I think
18	that would be very important.
19	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. So
20	now the next panel are Scott Reuter, Joseph Collela,
21	Jatin Liu, Brian Lozano, Alizin Nickerson. I'm goin
22	to take two minutes to step out and come back.
23	[pause] Sorry, you may begin.
24	JOSEPH COLLELA: Good afternoon, Chair
	1

Rodriguez and members of the Committee on

2	Transportation. Thank you for the opportunity to
3	testify here today and thank you for the stamina to
4	get through a long day. My name is Joseph Collela.
5	I'm here on behalf of the New York Building Congress.
6	The New York Building Congress is a nonpartisan@
7	coalition of businesses, labor, professional, and
8	governmental organizations serving the design,
9	construction, and real estate industry. Our
10	association is made up of nearly 550 organizations,
11	comprised of more than 250,000 professionals. We're
12	concerned that the proposed rules for on-hire, ah,
13	for-hire vehicles will hurt New York City's economy
14	and its residents. The new regulations could hurt
15	growth and economic development in areas poorly
16	served by mass transit. Our research shows that 38%
17	of all active building permits for major construction
18	in New York City are within transit deserts, or areas
19	that are more than a 10-minute walk from a subway
20	station. That translates into hundreds of thousands
21	of new square feet of office, retail, manufacturing,
22	and residential space in the service areas for-hire
23	vehicles. Given the adoption and high use of for-
24	hire vehicles in these paresthesia, particularly
25	outside the borough of Manhattan, many businesses and

2	residents are choosing to continue investigate in
3	these neighborhoods. Under these new rules, it is
4	likely that many drivers will decide to idle in
5	communities close to Manhattan in order to get fares
6	into the central business district, which could lead
7	to less reliable service in areas that have a
8	shortage of transportation options. We support the
9	TLC's efforts to reduce congestion, which is why we
10	advocated strongly for congestion pricing. However,
11	creating regulations that punish hard-working New
12	Yorkers and people without access to mass transit
13	Is too high a cost. We urge you to
14	reconsider the proposed regulations and find a more
15	equitable solution. Thank you.
16	SCOTT RUTTER: Good afternoon. My name
17	is Scott Rutter. I'm the vice president of the Limo
18	Association of New York. We represent operators
19	within the luxury limousine base classification, a
20	group of operators that you've heard nothing about
21	today whatsoever. Ah, and we very much appreciate
22	the opportunity to come speak with you. So let me
23	begin by saying that we fully support the city's
24	efforts to ensure a viable and sensibly regulated FHV

industry. We want to work with the city in any way

2	that we can to help advance that cause. However,
3	we're very concerned over the fact that literally all
4	initiatives that have been adopted or proposed do not
5	take into consideration any of the significant
6	differences that exist between the various different
7	base license classifications. So I'm here today to
8	ask that some of these significant differences are
9	taken into consideration, not only for some of the
10	existing regulations, but for any new or proposed
11	that are brought up. Let me outline what some of
12	these differences are that I'm referring to. First
13	off, luxury limousine base drivers are employees of
14	our company. They are not independent operators, or
15	IOs, as are typically referred to, that are
16	associated with most of the other base license types
17	here in the city. Just yesterday Governor Cuomo and
18	again I think even today announced that more workers
19	should be classified as employees of their company
20	and we couldn't agree more with that. As our
21	employees, unlike IOs, they have absolutely no
22	expenses that they have to incur. The base pays them
23	all. This includes the cost of the car that they
24	drive, it includes fuel, the insurance on that car,
25	any maintenance, even any damage that might occur

2	throughout the course of their activities. It even
3	includes parking tickets. Sorry, I'll hurry. As
4	employees, unlike IOs, our employees are protected by
5	the Federal Fair Labor Standard Act, minimum wage,
6	overtime, paid sick leave, and they receive other
7	benefits, such as unemployment disability and even in
8	many cases health insurance. Our employees, unlike
9	IOs, our drivers can earn \$50,000, \$70,000, even
10	\$100,000 in some cases and I want to stress again,
11	without any expenses other than the normal payroll
12	taxes that would be due on these W2 wage earnings and
13	a nice suit to wear when driving. So the regulations
14	that have been put in place to ensure minimum
15	earnings clearly were not needed within the luxury
16	limousine segment. Another significant difference
17	with us is that we do not contribute to congestion
18	problems in the city at all, right. First, while the
19	livery and black car segments have grown to over
20	100,000 vehicles the luxury segment has actually
21	shrunk to about 4000 vehicles. Even more important,
22	though, we do not offer on-demand service, which is
23	the issue that results in the state of affairs that
24	we face in the city today. The high majority of all
25	of our businesses with established customer accounts,

2	the work which is prearranged usually hours, days,
3	and sometimes even weeks in advance, we simply do not
4	cruise the streets looking for passengers. We build
5	our business by selling new accounts that use our
6	services on an ongoing basis. We don't cruise. If I
7	go out and sell a new account, under the current
8	regulations I cannot add any more vehicles to service
9	those accounts. So therefore the moratorium on
10	luxury limousine bases is significantly limiting our
11	ability to survive in the one FHV industry that truly
12	provides real middle class jobs. We'd love to,
13	genuinely hope that you will take a look at these
14	unintended consequences and we would love to work
15	with you in coming up with some better solutions.
16	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
17	BRIAN LOZANO: Good afternoon. My name
18	is Brian Lozano. I'm the director of external
19	affairs for Tech NYC, and I want to thank you for
20	this opportunity to testify today. Tech NYC is a
21	nonprofit coalition with the mission of supporting
22	the tech industry in New York, to increase engagement
23	between our more than 750 member companies, New York
24	government, and the community at large. One

innovation that undoubtedly improved New Yorkers'

2	lives over the past several years is ride sharing.
3	Ride sharing provides New Yorkers with an affordable
4	community transportation option. It has provided
5	many with an important source of income. However,
6	over the past year and a half New York City has
7	instituted a number of regulations which is
8	negatively impacting the services offered by ride
9	sharing companies and are doing more harm than good.
10	We share the goals of many of the recent regulations,
11	like increased driver pay and decreased congestion,
12	and unfortunately several of the regulations are too
13	rigid and don't allow for the ride share companies to
14	implement innovative solutions. Moreover, by
15	instituting so many new rules in such a short period
16	of time there are bound to be negative consequences.
17	In particular the blunt cap on for-hire vehicle
18	licenses, which was recently extended, has failed to
19	produce any discernible benefits and it is likely to
20	have negative long-term effects. While congestion is
21	a serious issue that needs to be addressed, the cap
22	on for-hire vehicle licenses is misdirected,
23	incorrectly singles out FHVs. Further, as currently
24	constructed, the license cap fails to account for the
25	difference between single passenger and pooled rides.

2	The cap would prevent more high-occupancy vehicles
3	from coming on line and limit the share of pooled
4	rides. Pooled rides are more efficient than single-
5	occupancy rides and have been shown to reduce
6	congestion. Pooled rides are also one of the more
7	equitable forms of travel and are requested at a
8	higher rate in low- and middle-income neighborhoods.
9	Any FHV license cap should exempt high-occupancy
10	vehicles utilized for pooled rides. The cap will
11	also hurt New Yorkers who rely on ride sharing as a
12	source of income. In the long term this cap will
13	create a system akin to the taxi medallion system.
14	Recent reporting investigation by this City Council
15	have demonstrated the folly of that system and how it
16	impairs drivers. FHV licenses are for particular
17	cars and many of these cars are owned by fleet
18	companies which rent vehicles out to individuals who
19	want to drive. The license cap incentives fleet
20	owners to increase prices, taking advantage of people
21	who would otherwise get a license for a car they own.
22	Another recently enacted rule that will only hurt
23	drivers is the TLC's ban of advertising in or on
24	FHVs. Interior and exterior advertising are an
25	important source of income for drivers, with many

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2	drivers earning an extra \$300 a month in income,
3	which amounts to 10% of some drivers' salaries. And
4	we believe that this decision should be reversed. In
5	order to benefit drivers and combat congestion, New
6	Yorkers need to enact smart equitable policies. At
7	the same time we must be careful to avoid using old-
8	fashioned methods to regulate new models and repeat
9	[inaudible] of the past. We hope the City Council
10	continues to look into these issues and we look
11	forward to working together to find a more creative
12	way to regulate while ensuring New Yorkers have
13	access to affordable, convenient transportation
14	options. Thank you.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. Before, before hear from Via, I would like to, can we have like the numbers of members of the public ready to testify, I would like to, I know that there's people sitting who represent Uber or Lift. They should be here ready to testify too. One thing that I've been doing as my years of chairman of this committee I've been fair to everyone. But when we had a conversation of something that involve all the sector it's more than the lack of respect that institution that had a lot to do with the impact of

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this policies and not ready to testify. So I hope
that before the end of the hearing, this hearing,
those of you who work with in some capacity with
those institution, especially the main one, Uber and
Lift, you should have your people here and be ready
to testify in front of this committee.

YA TING LIU: Good afternoon, Chairman

Rodriguez. My name is Ya Ting Liu. I am the director of government affairs and policy at Via. Thank you so much for this opportunity to, um, offer some feedback and comments and recommendations to this body and how we can all sort of achieve the shared goals that we, we share with this council, which is greater efficiency, reducing traffic and congestion, and equitable driver earnings. Via is a New York City, you have my testimony, I'm not going to read it verbatim, so I'll just try to be quick with my remarks. So Via is a New York City headquarter company, you know, we are the industry leader when it comes to driver pay and providing efficient and pooled rides in New York City. We're really proud to be the only company that supported this council's minimum driver pay rule because a lot of the, the drivers on our platform were already

2	making well above the minimum pay rule. We are also
3	the only company that supported the cruising standard
4	because we think that that's a really efficient way
5	at getting rid of the empty cruising around for
6	passengers. And as you heard from Council Member,
7	other council members earlier, they pointed out that
8	Via's cruising rate is only 13%, compared to the
9	current industry-wide standard that is 42%. Now, we,
10	um, one of the reasons why we're so efficient at
11	providing really efficient rides, low cruising rates,
12	high driver pay, is our use of the high-occupancy
13	vehicles. They're sort of vans. That's very
14	different from SUVs. They fit about five to eight
15	passengers and that's a key part to how we achieve
16	this efficiency. Now unfortunately this blunt
17	vehicle cap is really preventing us from
18	transitioning this fleet of sedans over to these more
19	high-occupancy vehicles and in fact we have to turn
20	away drivers, about 150 drivers every week, who want
21	to drive in our high-occupancy vehicles and our vans
22	but can't because of the license cap. So one way to,
23	um, we think that we can solve this issue is perhaps
24	a policy that sort of issues new licenses for high-
25	occupancy vehicles used exclusively for pooling or

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2	based on some performance metric like cruising
3	standard is one way to get around that. And then
4	lastly, just real quickly, on the subject of driver
5	earnings, like so many other folks that have
6	testified here today, we really do think that TLC
7	can, should reconsider the advertising ban. I mean,
8	we think that that's an importantly strong source of
9	revenue for driver earnings and, you know, if they
10	can advertise on vehicles the way that yellow taxis
11	and city buses already do, drivers could earn even
12	more money, and it's a very easy thing for the TLC to
13	just set a rule to ensure that drivers are earning a
14	minimum revenue from that advertising funding. These
15	are the policies that we would love to continue to
16	work with you on and work with the TLC on. Thank you
17	for your time.
18	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: [inaudible] you
19	mentioning you talk about how on the luxury limousine
20	there's some level of health insurance provided.
21	Have you looked on the possibility of providing
22	health insurance to all drivers that work for you
23	guys?
24	SCOTT RUTTER: Yes, indeed. Many of our

companies already do provide that. I don't know the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 137
2	exact number, but a high majority of the luxury bases
3	provide some level of health insurance for the
4	employees, yes.
5	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: What about with
6	Via? Is that something that you have looked at
7	numbers to see the feasibility to [inaudible] health
8	insurance program to the drivers?
9	YA TING LIU: We're definitely open to
LO	explore, um, options with drivers and with this
L1	council. We've looked at portable benefits before
L2	and definitely open to continuing that conversation.
L3	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, thank you.
L 4	SCOTT RUTTER: If I could also add, some
L5	of us provide 401(k) programs to employees as well.
L 6	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, thank you.
L7	Next panel. Paul Notch, Dorothy Leconte, James Mary,
L8	Osama Tawi, Picharo, I'm sorry, Richard Lisky, Rosy
L 9	Celestine, Michel Doltin, Nichman Joanne. Miss, you
20	may begin.
21	UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon, Chairman.
22	Good afternoon. This is not my first time coming
23	here and I been working with Taxi Alliance for the
24	beginning. We are fighting for this, ah, war. I
25	been a taxi driver for the past 32 years. And when I

2	came to this city I know I signed a paper for the, by
3	the immigration, that I came here not to be a burden
4	for the government, but I come here to work and fill
5	my dreams. As a taxi owner since 1989, a medallion
6	owner, I work and I know I will be retired with my
7	dignity. And I find out [inaudible] then I wish the
8	commissioner should be here. For my help I receive a
9	lot of email offering me help to get food stamps, to
10	get help from the government, Washington is fighting
11	to take food stamp from people, and I work hard not
12	to be in that system. And I find out my, my
13	medallion is going down, the value is going down, and
14	I work for the past 32 years and I have no future
15	right now, 32 years, 62 years old. And I don't know,
16	I'm worried. I used to work three, four days a week
17	and have a driver fill in my spot. Right now there's
18	no driver, they're tired, they don't to want work
19	hard, and I'm right up working seven days a week.
20	And this is really unfair. This is really unfair.
21	I'm looking for help. They're lying to us. They're
22	doing other thing. If you have a property in the
23	middle of the road, the government need the road to
24	extend the route, what the government do, they pay
25	you off and they (inaudible) But the medallion. T

2	figured out, the city should pay that off and bring
3	those app because they feel like they need them more
4	than us. For the airport they kick us out of
5	Laguardia Laguardia, they bringing customer in the
6	buses. In JFK at Terminal 5, customer have to walk
7	miles away with their suitcases coming to
8	[inaudible]. That's the Uber right in front of the
9	terminal, those app cars, and we are the one who have
LO	all the rules at the airport, they kick us away. I
L1	don't know what they want. Lawn Bank is taking
L2	medallion away from people and then they sell it out
L3	for a hundred twenty and they come back, even your
L 4	little house, they want you to be homeless, sitting
L5	in the street. That's what I work for, I didn't want
L 6	to be in that situation. So please I want you guys
L7	to work hard for us. Save the industry. Thank you.
L 8	[applause]
L 9	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you for
20	that. So we really [inaudible] and we're really
21	sorry for that situation that, you know, the
22	medallion owners and the drivers have been going
23	through and [inaudible] representatives of the TLC
2.4	also here, that they are also taking notes and they

also can follow with you, but they are, even though

2 the commissioner isn't here [inaudible] to be sure
3 that, you know, they take the information from all

4 <u>the panelists here.</u> And if there is any need to

5 <u>follow with you then they should talk to you after</u>

6 you finish.

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UNIDENTIFIED: OK.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

9 ROSENY F. CELESTINE: Yes, good afternoon.

[inaudible] two thing. The first thing is the loan

they give us. [inaudible] because I've been a taxi

12 driver in honor since 1983. That mean about 37,

13 going on 38 years. I been a taxi driver and

14 [inaudible] I been working. Before, when I started,

15 I'm always had the loan, the regular loan. After

16 1989 they started to give us loan [inaudible] this

17 loan is for 10 years, or is for 15 years. But there

is a balloon every three years. I do believe the

19 <u>balloon is illegal in financial loan, I do believe</u>

20 that, because I never heard, I never heard it. It's

21 only, because they tell you balloon every three years

because every time they refinance you, you get more

23 interest. But that I can fight it, it's only me, I

have to get the loan, I need money, and I'm always

taking it. The first thing I gotta say is I have a

2 medallion a long time now. I'm 67 years old. I'm a 3 sick man, but I need to work, I love to work, and I 4 love New York City. Now the medallion sit on storage 5 since three years, since 2016. Because they took my medallion [inaudible] on wheelchair. Which is I'm 6 7 not able to drive the wheelchair to push people. I 8 cannot do it. I would like to do it. I cannot do 9 it. I come here many times, said I cannot do it. I go everywhere, I went to Albany, everyone said I 10 cannot do it. Now even I pay the interest on my 11 12 medallion every month. Last money I didn't pay the 13 medallion, the August. I went down to the TLC, they 14 told me my medallion is changed, the name is not for 15 me anymore. When I ask them who has taken the 16 medallion, they said I don't know. They tell me they 17 don't know, talk to my bank. I went to the 47, ask 18 that, they told me same thing. I went to the broker who give me the loan. He told me no the medallion 19 20 [inaudible] finally they took, they sold the 21 medallion since April. They took the medallion since 2.2 April. I mean, I'm still from April to August, I'm 23 always pay my loan. Now I don't know what to do. 24 [inaudible] myself a [inaudible] to get a job or get 25 a job here but I choose one. I prefer to get a job,

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2	not kill myself, because I'm not a [inaudible], just
3	I need to work. If you can give me a job here,
4	believe me, I will take it. This is my problem. I
5	cannot be on the street. They took my medallion away
6	from me and then I'm always paid, always paid every
7	month. This is not justice. I come here looking for
8	justice. Thank you very much.
9	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And
10	we want to be sure that TLC will follow with you,
11	too, and also, and also some member from our team
12	after we finish, so we want to follow. We have your
13	contact here. One thing that we are trying to do
14	right now is to address the devaluation of the
15	medallion, all the situation that you the medallion,
16	the independence medallion owners, are going through.
17	So after you finish your testimony someone from our
18	team also will approach you, OK?
19	ROSNEY F. CELESTINEUNIDENTIFIED: OK,
20	thank you.
21	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, and
22	sorry, can you say your name too?
23	ROSNEY F. CELESTINE: My name is Roseny
24	F. Celestine.
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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, thank you.

1	COMMITTIES ON TRANSFORMED 140
2	ROSNEY F. CELESTINE: Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And we're sorry
4	for that situation.
5	ROSNEY F. CELESTINE: If you want to give
6	me down your number I can give it to you. It's 6-B-
7	<u>86.</u>
8	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, so we will
9	follow after you finish, the panel is done already.
10	ROSNEY F. CELESTINE: Thank you very
11	much, thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
13	MICHELLE DAUTON: Good afternoon,
14	Councilman Rodriguez. My name is Michelle Dauton. I
15	am a member of IDG and also a steward. I'm a little
16	disheartened right now because I'm looking at all our
17	drivers who took their day to come here and testify,
18	to see them sitting here leaving, not getting heard,
19	because they're now losing a full day's pay, to ask
20	them to come and speak to let you know what's really
21	happening with them. It's bad. Everybody is more
22	important than the drivers right now. The drivers
23	should have been heard earlier today so that they car
24	go out there and move the city and make the money

that they're not been making. So I ask you guys,

when you ask them to testify please don't put them

last, because now we had [inaudible] we don't have

drivers who, our issues were being able to be told to

you. So I'm here because our drivers are suffering.

your information, for the record, drivers were the first panel. The way we have, we organized it with IDG. That's why their sector director had five minutes additional time and then they grouped all the drivers that were there together. They became the first panel. That's how, it was as by the IDG, that's how they wanted to structure it. So if you don't mind, I would like to hear from you your experience so that we can keep moving for the rest.

actually represent the drivers. I sit and talk with drivers every day regarding being deactivated from the app-based companies. Based on customer complaint, they get deactivated, not on the truth, because there's no true investigation. They don't ask the drivers what actually happened. They keep the facts from the customer and then determine whether or not the driver did that charge that they did, partly because it's a good way to level the

MICHELLE DAUTON: Yeah, sure, so I

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And they were the first panel of this hearing.

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OSAMA TAWI: Good afternoon, Chair
Rodriguez and committee members. My name is Osama
Tawi and I driver for Uber using a vehicle that I
rent. I am here today to talk about why for-hire
vehicle rentals are the solution, not the problem.
For me, renting is my only option. The TLC hasn't
issued new for-hire vehicles licenses for more than
one year and now they say they'll only issue new
licenses for electric vehicles or waves. I'm an Uber
driver. I cannot afford to buy a Tesla. Without the
rental companies I would be out of a job. Renting is
also the best option for me. I don't drive full time
every week, so even if I could buy a car and get a
TLC license, I wouldn't want to. Renting gives me
the flexibility to work when I want, for as long as I
want. If I want to take a few days off or some weeks
off I can, and I don't have to worry about making car
payments or paying for the insurance even when I'm
not driving. I can also change cars if I like. I
can rent a used car this week or I can pay a little
more and get a new car or a larger care, based on
what I choose. Without a lease I am, with a lease I
am stuck with the same car for a very long time. I
also didn't have to worry about, that the TLC would

2	revoke my diamond when I needed to take a month off
3	to visit family or go to school for classes. If I
4	lease a vehicle I am stuck making expensive payments
5	and paying interest on a vehicle when I am not
6	driving. When I choose to rent my car I just reserve
7	a vehicle for how long I need it and return it when
8	I'm done. It is the best option and for me it is
9	really the only option. Thank you.
10	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. And I
11	do believe that it is important to have choices, to
12	have options. So in your case, it's interesting to
13	learn more about. So who do you rent your care from?
14	OSAMA TAWI: I rent it from Buggy.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Who are they?
16	Are they part of Uber, or they are different from it?
17	OSAMA TAWI: They're a partner of Uber,
18	yes.
19	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: What's that?
20	OSAMA TAWI: An Uber partner.
21	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So it's an Uber
22	partner. So then do you know how many vehicles do
23	they have that they rent?
24	OSAMA TAWI: I don't have an idea.
25	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK. Thank you.

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2		OSAMA	TAWI:	Thank	you
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3 <u>CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Next panel.</u>

Steven Valenzuela, Pedro Costa, Haley Chang, Chalise
Met, Hozman Cho Curry.

UNIDENTIFIED: Um, yes, hello. So I am an independent driver. As stated, um, once you do get your TLC license you are independent to drive for whatever company you decide to drive. I been driving only with Uber and another company, Lift, so far and I been involved in an incident very badly with the TLC police, um, where I was, so I want to bring this to your attention because this is very important and I know this is going to help every single other driver outside who is driving and doing their work. I never been involved in this type of situations in my life. I'm not a person that has a criminal record. And I believe that what happened to me is very unfair and what the TLC commission, commissioner, here today discussed I think there's a lot of false statement on that because I don't think there's, there's been somebody really regulating, what they're doing, watching what they're doing, seeing what they're doing outside with the drivers. So I'm here today to speak on behalf of that. I had

2 a ride with Uber at Laguardia AirpotAirport. 3 That was about two weeks ago now, and I drop, I dropped off my client, I left my client at Terminal 4 5 B. Right after I dropped off this client so Uber has 6 a system now where you have to be on a queue. They 7 automatically sign you out if the queue is full or 8 you can sign out yourself. I signed out of the 9 application by myself because I felt that I needed to 10 end my shift. I'm pulling out of the airport going 11 on my way home. I put my location to the my address, 12 my home. So I'm driving towards my house and there's 13 a TLC police that stopped me because the girl saws 14 me, I pull out a cigarette inside of my car and I was 15 smoking a cigarette inside of my car with a clients 16 in my car. Um, I did not. She was wearing regular 17 clothes, didn't have any badge on her. She stopped 18 me and told me to give her my credentials, license and registration. I asked the reason why did you 19 20 want my license and registration. At the very moment 21 I'm not understanding why she is stopping me and what 2.2 is going on. Um, she asked me again and I also asked 23 the question again, why do you want my license and 24 registration. I'm not aware of what's going on. She 25 tells me put the car in park. I park my car and she

2	tells me, oh, I'm a TLC police, the reason why I'm
3	stopping you is because you're smoking a cigarette
4	inside your car, you can't. And I told her, I
5	apologized to her the moment she told, excuse me, she
6	told me that. I turned off the cigarette with my
7	hand. I literally just pulled it out, it's the
8	cigarette [inaudible] I have a proof, it's something
9	totally legit what they sell at the grocery store,
10	it's a black [inaudible] cigarette, and, you know,
11	it's not a drug or anything bad. Anyway, she told me
12	it's prohibited to smoke inside of a TLC car and I
13	apologized to her, I'm turning off the cigarette.
14	The moment that this happened, um, another person
15	opened the door of my car and he's telling me if I'm
16	not listening to what she's telling me, she's asking
17	me for my credentials and I'm supposed to comply
18	right away. I told this person, sir, I have all the
19	rights, I have all the rights to ask a question. I
20	believe this is not a dictator country. This is a
21	free country where you can ask a question, you know,
22	we're not living under Adolf Hitler or any other
23	dictator president or anybody, you know, this is a
24	free country, you can ask a simple question, you can
25	ask a question of why you're being stopped and why

2	you have to give your credential. I wasn't
3	identifying that she was a TLC police. I have a
4	video where it shows that she didn't have any badges
5	and it took me about three times to ask the question
6	who she was and why she wanted my credentials and
7	then she, um, identified herself. She says she was
8	TLC police. When this guy opened the door of my
9	car
10	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So let's do
11	something. Let's address with, later, let's be sure
12	that we follow, let's talk to TLC and see what is
13	[inaudible] what is that situation, get into more
14	detail
15	UNIDENTIFIED: This situation?
16	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And see if there
17	is anything that we can do.
18	UNIDENTIFIED: The situation, that day I
19	got arrested by TLC because I was smoking inside of
20	my car.
21	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So you were
22	arrested?
23	UNIDENTIFIED: I was arrested. I have a
24	case in court. They took my fingerprint, they took
25	me to booking, that day the officer that sent me

2	under arrest I asked him the question why was I taken
3	under arrest and he said, this is what he said and I
4	have it on a tape, I have it right now to my phone, I
5	can play it in front of everybody so you can see it
6	if you would like to. This is what he said, you are
7	being under arrest because I say so. That's what he
8	told me, because I say so. He did not have any
9	legit, if I was doing something incorrect or breaking
10	any rule he was supposed to just give me a ticket.
11	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So let's do
12	something. Let's be sure that one of my staff
13	[inaudible] we'll follow up with you
14	UNIDENTIFIED: Please, thank you.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And then let's
16	follow, [inaudible] let's follow.
17	UNIDENTIFIED: Si, gracias.
18	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Have a good day.
19	UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Of course.
21	UNIDENTIFIED: Hi. So I think that there
22	are two goals that the city is trying the accomplish
23	with a lot of the recent legislation with minimum pay
24	and with a cap and with the new thing with driving in
25	Manhattan. And I think one of the things the city is

2	trying to do is, um, make sure that drivers are
3	earning a living wage and another thing is they're
4	trying to minimize congestion. And I think that as
5	long as the issue of Lift, um, locking people out of
6	the app isn't addressed neither of those ideals will
7	be accomplished. Um, as someone earlier mentioned, I
8	think Councilman Lander was the first to mention it,
9	um, when Lift signs drivers out or doesn't allow them
10	to log in they are, um, they're, they're, um, they're
11	messing with the utilization rate. So utilization
12	rate is supposed to be, um, a measure of how, ah, of
13	driver availability, but if Lift is forcing drivers
14	offline so the utilization rate is going to go up and
15	driver pay is going to go down, so we're not going to
16	accompishaccomplish that goal. And I also think that
17	as long as we don't address that issue of Lift
18	signing people out we're not going to see congestion
19	addressed because we have a cap on driving in
20	Manhattan and if Lift can just sign people out to
21	address that cap then you're going to have a lot of
22	cars driving around in Manhattan offline and they're
23	going to be causing the same congestion that they
24	would otherwise. So it's very important to, um, make
25	sure that Lift is held accountable for signing people

2	off that that affects the utilization rate. And I
3	think that in order to do that we need to, um, we
4	need to have a way of tracking, um, when that button,
5	the online button is online or off, we need a
6	reliable way of doing that, and I think the best way
7	to do that is to have Lift submit to TLC, um, data on
8	online and offline and whether the drivers, the
9	driver went offline or they went offline and they
10	need to have, they need to have three pieces of data,
11	um, on a trip, four pieces, on a trip, online,
12	offline, and locked out, 'cause locking out, when the
13	driver is locked out the TLC doesn't get any data on
14	that. TLC only gets data on when Lift logs a driver
15	out, not when Lift, when the driver is offline and
16	Lift doesn't let them log in. So the TLC needs to
17	get data on that, and all of this data needs to be
18	publicly available to each driver so that each driver
19	can look at that data and confirm whether it's
20	correct and if it's not correct they can submit a
21	complaint to the TLC with proof with a screenshot
22	that at that time that Lift says that they were
23	online or Lift says that they weren't locked it that
24	they were locked out, so that there's going to be a
25	way of verifying, um, by the drivers, the driver

2	complaining, there'll be a way of verifying when,
3	when this happens. And I also think we need to get
4	clarification from the TLC, and I have not been able
5	to get it so far. We need clarification how the TLC
6	calculates the utilization rate. Because the TLC
7	gets a lot of data from the apps. They get online
8	data, off, they get, when we press that button,
9	online, offline, and they get the trips, when we're
10	on a trip, when we're not on a trip, and the TLC has
11	not clarified to me and even though I reached out to
12	them, they never got back to me, they have not
13	clarified to me what the definition of utilization
14	rate is. Is it only based on when we press that
15	button? Are we relying on the apps', you know, honor
16	and, and honesty or is there some other method of
17	calculating it? We need specific information on how
18	they do that.
19	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, sorry, sorry,
20	let's summarize today, we move to next one. Next one
21	please.
22	HENRY CHIN: Hi, my name is Henry Chin.
23	I am app base driver and the steward of Independent?
24	Driver Guild. I have been driving for two years.

I'm driving for Uber and Lift. As is true with the

2	guilds, I work hard to fight for the nation's first
3	minimum pays raise through for the driver. I spent
4	countless hour gathering signature and, um,
5	organizing driver to show up to the lobby day,
6	rallies, and everything like this. So it is
7	extremely concerning that the raise drivers are
8	getting is falling short of \$10,000 raise we were
9	promised. Our pay is coming out short of \$4000 and
LO	TLC is doing nothing to help, nothing to help. That
L1	\$4000 could cover most of the yearly cost of the TLC
L2	vehicle insurance that we are required to purchase in
L3	New York City. It could help the many uninsured
L 4	driver finally get covered. It could help drivers
L5	reduce their car payment. That is \$4000 that could
L 6	make a huge difference in the lives of 80,000,
L7	80,000 of your poorest and hardest-working
L 8	constituents. We urge you to force emergency action
L 9	on this issue. As a IDG steward I also heard, hear,
20	heard horrible story about my fellow drivers about
21	getting deactivated or fired from the app. There is
22	absolutely no due process for the driver. Some of
23	the driver have [inaudible] 10,000 trips, just like a
24	few sitting right there, they were deactivated for no
25	reason. There is no process for them, right? If you

2	accuse someone of any wrongdoing, at least you prove
3	it. If you prove it, it's fair for everyone. It's
4	fair for the government, it's fair for the people,
5	it's fair for the driver. But driver do not have
6	those process right which is promised under the law.
7	So we are not just very concerned, we are [inaudible]
8	of TLC and we think we have to put that into place
9	with the drivers' right is getting protected. And
LO	that is so important and we urge you to take
L1	emergency action on it. So many drivers spend
L2	\$50,000 or \$60,000 on the car. They bought a new,
L3	brand-new car and all of a sudden they are
L 4	disqualified from driving for black and SUV service.
L5	If it's leased in their qualified vehicle lease on
L 6	Uber, Uber should give people opportunity to drive
L 7	for the black and SUV. People [inaudible] how there
L 8	is not to provide a service for the hotel. So I
L9	think that is critical, many of their lives is being
20	affected. We do not want to see any more suicidal
21	wave and that is not right, especially in the what we
22	claim as the fairest city in the United States of
23	America. Thank you so much, Chairman.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

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SHOHAN NAMAN: Good afternoon, Chairman. My name is Shohan Naman. I'm with Uber maybe two years, after being knocked out of my yellow cab. But someone said to me, Mr. Chairman, just the other day, why don't you quit. The challenge is that in this industry I don't walk up there and sign a job. Some of us, there's much as \$80,000 to buy our way into this business. So it's not so easy to just walk away. With the rating system that was created, it was created to measure good and bad drivers. What is happening today is that that system is turned into a new form of slavery, passenger disrespect, abuse, and even killings, and the TLC and the city are standing by and not doing anything. Those institution are able to break one's day, month, or even their career totally by deactivating them at will. I'm sure that today you have heard a lot of deactivation issue, but it's real. Every morning when someone get up doesn't know whether he or she has a job because they might not allow you for one, for whatever reason they think. They take you out of the platform without due process. So what can TLC do on the short, in short term? Chairman, I, in my, I'm in the business since 1991 and TLC have always been there for the

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2	passenger. But there must be a time when we have to,
3	I urge you to go on YouTube and see how much abuse
4	drivers are going through daily because of all the
5	rights that they give riders and nothing to the
6	drivers. So TLC must find a way to start protecting
7	the drivers that are moving this city. Second, I do
8	believe that the app-based companies cannot use a TLC
9	regulated car to pick up someone from Croton on the
10	Hudson for \$40 to JFK. They have the right to
11	manipulate your system and, for instance, if I can
12	talk about myself I will put my system on black and
13	SUV, but they could manipulate me and put X without
14	me knowing that. So I will get a ping and I will
15	think somebody maybe 30, 40 miles away from the
16	suburb into JFK for \$40, and that is something that
17	the TLC can regulate, the way they abusing drivers,
18	the way they abusing the system. Second
19	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sorry, summarize
20	please.
21	SHOHAN NAMAN: Yes, um, if you allow me
22	just one more, one more minute, Chairman. Second,
23	um, a black or SUV driver has to pay about \$7000 in
24	insurance per year. Now there is not so much work so

TLC must find a way to lower that cost for each

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 1 2 driver, you know, not only for [inaudible] but in 3 general. It is imperative that TLC start protecting 4 the driver. I cannot stressed that enough. Because 5 it's hurting to see how people are treating the 6 driver each and every day. I thank you, Mr. 7 Chairman. 8 CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, sir. 9 10 11

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CHARLES MITCHELL: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman. Before I start, I just want to say to you it's good to see you.
You may not remember me, but at City College we worked together as students to fight for students' rights, so it's good to see that you're still on the case. My name is Charles Mitchell and I'm born in raised in Brooklyn, New York, and I'm here today because I'm upset with what's going on with the TLC, ah, with the apps, and how it's impeding my ability to not just make a living, just to have a quality of life that everybody should have, right? I have come from a background where I worked in a lot of offices. I worked for temp agencies and stuff and I got tired of working for other people, having them set my hours and impede me from helping my family, my community, and doing the work that I was doing. So I decided to use these

2	apps to make, to be an entrepreneur, to start myself
3	out as an entrepreneur as thousands and millions of
4	people that have come to New York City and started
5	with nothing and built themselves up there. This is
6	a time now that we need to be concerned because the
7	people are not able to life a quality of life in
8	whatever aspect, whether they're yellow car, yellow
9	cab drivers, Uber drivers, or clerks in offices. The
10	people in New York are being priced out of New York
11	and we need to address that above all things. That
12	being said, I found some pitfalls in doing this,
13	right. The rentals, I'm paying an
14	exhorbitant exorbitant rental fee of \$439 every week.
15	That's breaking down to \$756 to almost \$2200 a month,
16	depending on whether is a four-week or five-week
17	month, right, and that's plus tolls, plus gas, and
18	plus my phone bill that I have a dedicated phone line
19	for Uber and Lift. I'm plagued by this arbitrary
20	pricing and this lack of disclosure. What the riders
21	pay is often not what I see on my app. And I was
22	hearing that before I started and I'm still hearing
23	it and I'm still seeing it. And if the apps are
24	really third parties as opposed to connect riders and
25	drivers with each other, why do they have the

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2 discretion to set prices unilaterally, to turn off 3 people's accounts, to hold people's money hostage? 4 Last week I missed a TLC ticket, parking ticket hearing and they have suspended my driver's license 5 and so in order to pay the driver's license I would 6 7 have needed the money in my Uber account, but Uber 8 put my account on hold and I couldn't access my 9 money, so I wound up missing four or five days of work over the Labor Day weekend because I couldn't 10 11 get the money to pay before the Labor Day weekend 12 occurred. And they should not have that type of 13 power over my money. Yes, I may not be able to use 14 the app, but I should still be able to access my 15 money, right, and why don't drivers have, and 16 passengers have, more a say in what we talked about 17 the due process and impartial hearings for options 18 and issues that arise, because drivers, or passengers also, get cut off arbitrarily and they don't know 19 20 why, right? Speaker Johnson's mandate to make the 21 city environmentally and pedestrian friendly is at 22 the expense of people that need to earn a living 23 driving. He seems to forget that the drivers are 24 citizens and tax payers of the city, too, right?

Congestion and environment are very important, right,

2	but the changes that you've implemented have impacted
3	my ability to earn my living, and I was already
4	struggling. I have not paid my rent now, my
5	apartment rent, for four months now because all my
6	money is going primarily to paying for this car, and
7	I had plans before, ah, de Blasio put his mandate
8	last August into effect that froze the release of new
9	TLC plates, and he messed my whole thing up and I've
10	had to rent. Ah, so since the changes that were
11	implemented recently Uber kicks me out of the app
12	sometimes, even up to a half a mile away from the
13	airport and it says, like this morning I was at
14	Lag Laguardia uardia , there were maybe 20 cars, and it
15	was saying the queue was full and it kept kicking me
16	out. And it clearly was not full, and I have video
17	that I even posted on my Facebook this morning, and
18	I've only be able to log onto Lift three times and
19	since those new rules were implemented, two to three
20	times, I don't even think it's three times, in the
21	last three to four weeks. Lift was at least a third
22	of my income. I made like two-thirds of my income
23	primarily from Uber and another third from Lift. But
24	since then I haven't been able to make any money off
25	of Lift. How am I supposed to pay my bills? The

2	council and related agencies need to rethink how it
3	deals with congestion. Especially the idea of
4	informally, illegally taxing drivers that work and
5	the passengers to pay for services, meaning MTA
6	services that they're not using, especially since it
7	would take years to amass the kind of money needed to
8	repair, replace, and rebuild the city's transit
9	system. The MTA needed something done now and when
10	it is done the congestion will decrease because
11	people driving into the city because they can't
12	afford to be late to work, they can't afford to spend
13	two to four hours every day going back and forth from
14	home. Right.
15	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sorry, it's
16	[inaudible], if you don't mind. [inaudible], I'm
17	sorry, I need to call the rest so they [inaudible].
18	CHARLES MITCHELL: All right, let me say
19	just one more thing.
20	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Ten seconds.
21	CHARLES MITCHELL: Your colleague was
22	here earlier, he was talking about being bolder,
23	right. The city, if it wants to deal with congestion
24	and the environmental crisis that we have, and we
25	definitely have one, because I've never seen flooding

	ll control of the con
2	like I've seen in the last few years here in New York
3	City and like I said, I spent my whole life here, the
4	city needs to be more aggressive in implementing
5	things like the city can work in conjunction with New
6	York State and mandate that car manufacturers that
7	want to sell cars in New York City come up with
8	better engines and come up with better generator
9	systems, right, and the city also needs, if you want
10	the people to use E, ah, electric cars, where are the
11	docks for these cars to charge up at? The city needs
12	to implement docks around the city
13	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sir, thanks.
14	CHARLES MITCHELL: Just like they
15	implemented these crappy city bikes that has all over
16	the place. You need docks for people to charge their
17	<u>car.</u>
18	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
19	CHARLES MITCHELL: If you want to be
20	forward thinking you have to be forward thinking.
21	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sir, so first of
22	all it's a honor to have the voices of the drivers,
23	not only from the first panel that we had from IDG,
24	but also by you that, you know, share with us
25	different perspective different story. And it is

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2	also nice to be able to see someone who know who we
3	are, in the case of [inaudible] selected to serve ou
4	community. We were there in the '80s and the '90s
5	organizing at City College, organizing against polic
6	brutality. So nice to see you, thank you everyone,
7	and my study [inaudible] if you don't mind that we
8	have your cell phone so that we can follow with you.
9	CHARLES MITCHELL: Thank you.
LO	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Next panel,
L1	sorry, sorry, we need to leave it there, sorry. Nex
L2	panel, Steven Pollack, Steven Valenzuela, Sy Wood,
L3	CDV, Sam Pierre, Geev Sefan, Ben Pierre, Monep
L 4	Rebman, Sulma Arsubrown, Mohammed Tepal Sultan. You
L5	may begin, sir.
L 6	STEVEN POLLACK: Hello, my name is Steven
L7	Pollack. I've been a driver with a TLC license.
L8	Hello, my name is Steven Pollack.
L 9	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
20	STEVEN POLLACK: Hello, my name is Steven
21	Pollack. All right. So my name is Steven Pollack.
22	I've been a TLC driver for about 30 years now. I've
23	seen the industry change dramatically. When you guy
24	and TLC instituted that supposed pay rise, I got new
25	for you. It was more of a loss than it was a raise,

2	'cause let me just point out that we lost our base
3	fee, which was \$1.83 per trip, right? If you do 20
4	trips, that's \$36.60 that you lose a day, right? And
5	then they took the minimum ride, which we have much
6	more of than any other ride, we lost 36 cents per
7	ride. They're paying \$5.39 now. Before they were
8	paying \$5.75, OK? And then the per mile dropped 16
9	cents, from \$1.25 to \$1.09, right? Just to get a 24
10	cent per minute raise doesn't anybody see where that
11	doesn't make any sense? And this utilization rate?
12	That needs to be abolished. The TLC, they're a joke.
13	OK, also what I wanted to say is they were talking
14	about a per trip basis, right? So we're supposed to
15	pay a per trip basis, then how is it that the minimum
16	rate that we're supposed to be paid on a per trip is
17	supposed to be \$5.39, 'cause that's what the local
18	call is, right? So Uber, Lift, Juno, all these
19	companies, well, I can't say Juno, but Uber and Lift,
20	they don't pay a per trip, because when you go on a
21	pool call if you have one call going farther and ther
22	you pick two shorter calls you're getting paid like
23	\$1.33 to pick up the second and third passenger, each
24	person? That's ridiculous.

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STEVEN POLLACK: I mean, you can't even

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK, thank you.

and I'm an Uber driver. I've been driving since 2000 and I switched to Uber in 2016. And now I'm an organizer also with New York Taxi Worker Alliance. The issue I want to bring up here, one of my [inaudible] just brought it back, is about a disactivation situation. I think the City Council look, needs to look into this situation, because there's a lot of unfair, you know, disactivation. I know people who have been disactivated just because they are getting in a brawl with like passenger and [inaudible] have the passenger call just the company, said that OK, these guys were sleeping or smoking. They even lie to some people saying we were drunk. So just because there's no regulation to give a chance a to the driver to defend himself. We know in the yellow cab issue when a driver file a complaint they go to TLC and then the drivers have a chance to defend himself. But with this deactivation case, nothing. The company is the rule maker. It can fire

2	the driver anytime they want. And a lot of people
3	right now they are out of a job. You know, they've
4	been disactivated by Uber, by Lift, even by Juno, and
5	we have a car now, we don't know what to do. So this
6	is very serious. We need to do something for us,
7	because right now I was driving with Lift and Uber,
8	now I'm just driving with Uber. I don't know if I'll
9	be the next, because right now there's no way you can
LO	defend for yourself when you're accused by a
L1	customer, saying OK, you did this. Because we don't
L2	even listen to you, and the next day we just say, OK,
L3	you call them, we say we're going to investigate. So
L 4	it depends. We make the choice. If they want we'll
L5	tell you, OK, we take you back or you just, you're
L 6	just fired. So please look into it. It's a very
L7	important issue. Thank you.
L8	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
L 9	UNIDENTIFIED: Hi, good afternoon
20	everybody. Thank you, Mr. Ydanis Rodriguez for
21	having this panel. I'm a New York City driver since
22	2012. I've been an Uber driver since 2012. And I
23	have seen how Uber has been manipulating the drivers.
24	They're taking advantage of 89% immigrants who are

into this industry. These drivers are not only hard

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2	working, but they also have families. I am one of
3	the biggest victims of Uber and other app-based
4	companies who are making billions off of our backs
5	and driving us into poverty. It is an unsustainable
6	business model. You've seen the IPO release.
7	They've made billions of dollars and squeezing their
8	losses from the drivers as much as they can. Uber
9	had in the past the wage theft and still doing it.
10	They're stealing money from the drivers in every way
11	and form they can. There was a lawsuit back in the
12	days with the help of NYTWA with which drivers got
13	some money back. After the drivers, after nine
14	drivers have committed suicide there was a cap being
15	placed in this industry. There's already, the
16	industry is already oversaturated. There's over
17	200,000 drivers in New York City. If we open the
18	cap, how many more drivers we want to put on the
19	streets, 'cause Uber, Lift, Via, Juno, all these
20	companies, they came in, they want to have access to
21	as much as drivers they can, but they are not
22	supporting enough work for them. They're doing, like
23	the price war is between them, but we are the one who
24	are getting, ah, squeezed by it. And history is
25	repeating itself, the way they have kicked out and

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their, 'cause we are the people who are driving all

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK. Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Hi, good afternoon everyone. That was my phone that went off. I am a working mom, an entrepreneur, a businesswoman, so I'm literally multitasking as I am here. But I knew that this hearing was extremely important. I am here on behalf of the New York City Hispanic Chamber of Commerce. I am writing to express our support for ride sharing in New York City and our growing concern over regulations that will stifle the immense benefit this vital service provides to New Yorkers. I actually took a Lift on my way over here. While I understand the need to reduce congestion, especially in the central business district, the taxi and limousine commission, TLC is fast tracking the implementation of these regulations, which have not received a true vetting at the expense of vulnerable communities. I am deeply concerned that the absence of a chair is causing the commission to veer towards a troubling direction that would have an adverse

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2	effect on the outer boroughs and communities of
3	color. Traditionally, communities of color and those
4	looking to travel to outer boroughs have faced
5	difficulty in hailing a yellow cab. When ride
6	sharing was introduced companies like Uber and Lift
7	imposed strict antidiscrimination policies and now
8	almost 60% of for-hire rides begin or end outside of
9	Manhattan. Ride sharing has become a vital lifeline
10	for these communities, for our communities, who
11	increasingly use it to run errands like grocery
12	shopping, to go to the doctor appointments, and for
13	transit connections. It filled a crucial gap in
14	these communities that far too long have been ignored
15	by the TLC. Considering the TLC's track record,
16	there should be more of a conscious effort to create
17	a collaborative climate that ensures all stakeholders
18	and experts have adequate time to consider the
19	unintended consequence its proposed regulations may
20	have on current plans. We hope to count on your
21	support and we urge the TLC to stop creating new
22	rules so our communities can continue to benefit from
23	ride sharing. Thank you.
24	MOHAMMED TEPISULTAN: Hi, my name is

Mohammed Tepisultan, being with the New York Taxi

2 Workers Alliance since 2005, actually, and driving a 3 yellow cab for a while and still I'm driving a yellow cab. As brother [inaudible] I remember 2012 what is 4 5 the Uber practice and business model. That's why he 6 started with the Uber black and this the very, very 7 sad news when we have the same platform as discrimination, Uber X, this is their goal actually, 8 9 lower all the way to the bottom, race to the bottom, 10 let the driver to be under poverty, do not raise them. So what is the Taxi Workers Alliance did last 11 12 years and years, we are fighting to keep the cab that 13 can be, we did it implement 2018 and we did again, 14 that is one more years, and now we have it, New York 15 Taxi Workers Alliance already filed for the rules 16 making petition. What is a rule making petition? It 17 is the 85% for the driver [inaudible]. This is the 18 all driver, 85% income should be the driver, and 19 that's no more deactivation. If this is it, it 20 should be the legal, legal, legal, ah, for the system 21 follow-up, so this is all in there, my brother and 2.2 sister, and also we want that one meter, one rate. 23 There will be no more, should be [inaudible] price. 24 So this is all TLC already filed in the petition. It 25 is all is working, all the drivers should be standing

from mic].

2	a platform instead of Uber paid lobbyist group. My
3	brother and sister, it is very important, and also
4	the City Council that you already working on this to
5	improve this taxi driver. This is all driver need to
6	be improvement. Same time we already fighting for
7	the yellow sector, the loan forgiveness program. It
8	is very important, so loan forgiveness is there, rule
9	making petition is there, 85% income is there, the
10	deactivation should be a legal process. This is all
11	in the TLC and the City Hall, and the City Council
12	and the TLC more focused to be work on those bill and
13	implement and pass the bill as soon as possible, so
14	driver can be benefitted for that. But, again, there
15	is, Uber is spending millions of dollar to be derail
16	our movement, destructs our movement, destruct the
17	driver to be profited with the livable income. So we
18	have to be careful and the City Council also should
19	be focused on that. Thank you so much.
20	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. So
21	the next and last panel, Richard Chow, Wayne Chin,
22	Ara Rise, Magdar Sayu, Charles Mitchell, and Raul
23	Rivera.
24	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: [speaking away

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RICHARD CHOW: So hello, Mr. Chairman,

council members, good evening. My name is Richard

Chow. I'm an owner-driver. I'm driving a yellow cab

for 14 years. I'm also Taxi Workers Alliance member.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sorry, sorry, if
you don't mind. In your case, do you coordinate with
the leadership of the IDG so that they will have
additional time and they will speak? Is there any
driver here that you have not speak that you would
like to take? Miss, excuse me, miss, sorry. Let me
ask a question. Is there any driver that would like
to testify that we have not called, raise your hand.
[inaudible] you can come to the table. We will add
another chair, there, you can sit in the chair there,
and after we finish testifying then we do
[inaudible]. I'm sorry for [inaudible]. Please
start over.

RICHARD CHOW: Hello, good evening,

Chairman, good evening council members. My name is

Richard Chow. I'm a taxi medallion owner. I've been

driving for 14 years. I'm also a Taxi Workers

Alliance member. I will just tell you the story

again, the old stories, one of my brother, Kenny

Chow, last year he committed suicide. Now we have,

2	because he cannot pay, make enough money [inaudible]
3	pay back the medallion loan. That's why he committed
4	suicide, because too many Uber and Lift flooding the
5	street, so nobody making money. That's why he
6	committed suicide. So we have over 4000 medallion
7	owner struggling alone, so about thousands are
8	already filing bankruptcy. So because of basically
9	the TLC and the [inaudible] Lift, the Uber and Lift
10	running our business, took our business, that's why
11	we lose the business, we cannot pay back the money
12	back to the loan. So now the more cabs cruising in
13	the central business, worse in the last year. Nobody
14	making money and the streets are, even emergency
15	vehicles cannot go faster. So the more cabs on the
16	street, the more drivers not making money. The more
17	driver not make money, the driver is going to be
18	suicide, like my, I don't want to see any driver
19	depression like my brother did. So and also I want a
20	task force investigate the credit union. They
21	transfer my loan to another bank and they charge me
22	like over the interest rate of 5.5% and we lost the
23	retirement. We need to have [inaudible] we need a
24	debt relief fund right away. We don't, we don't
25	have, running out of time. We don't have time. We

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are struggling, the loan, we cannot pay back to the bank. So please change as soon as possible. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for allowing my

testimony. I know it's been a long day so I'll keep it brief. I'm looking at the clock here. I just wanted to talk about two things, and they've been covered to some extent, but I just wanted to put a fine point on each of them. The first is the advertising on top of the vehicles. What I've read is that the TLC reversed course because of what they claim is visual clutter, which to me, I mean, we live in New York City, if we, each of us go to Times Square right now there's a heck of a lot of visual clutter, and I think that benefits, that visual clutter is advertisers, you know, national <u>advertisers</u>, <u>giant</u> <u>c</u>orporations. We're talking about people like me who own their vehicles and, you know, to claim that visual clutter is an impediment and a reason to deprive us of that \$3000 of income seems a bit of a weak argument to me, and I hope the council and the TLC will reconsider. That's my first point. My second point is I wanted to also talk a little bit

2	about destination filters. I know that term isn't
3	brought up a lot, but I want to use a real life
4	example to help you understand, or better understand
5	the actual issue. A destination filter is such that
6	we can set a place where we want to go. Let's say I
7	have an appointment tonight at 7 o'clock. Here's an
8	example. If it's 5 o'clock and I'm down here and I
9	have a ride, if I'm down here at 5 o'clock I have to
10	shut off my app because I can't risk getting a trip
11	to Brooklyn, because if I'm going to Sheepshead Bay
12	that means I can't get home by 7 o'clock and I miss
13	my appointment. With the destination filter I can
14	then drive, if I'm in this area, up until about 6
15	o'clock. So that's an hour of lost revenue. You
16	multiply that by, let's say you have three or four
17	commitments a week. I have a family, like most
18	people do, and that's, you're out about, you know, a
19	lost hour, about \$80 dollars a week. That adds up to
20	about, you know, several thousand dollars a year.
21	It's real money and that's, I just wanted to put a
22	point on what that dollar value is and that
23	destination filter. Thank you for taking my
24	testimony.

2	WAYNE CHIN: Good evening council members
3	and chairman. My name is Wayne Chin. I'm a taxi
4	owner-driver for more than 20 years. You know, since
5	the [inaudible] driver, whether you're driving yellow
6	or green or [inaudible] because the city failed to
7	regulate from the beginning, you know, now it's all
8	come to a mess and [inaudible] no driver, either
9	yellow, black, or app car make enough money to
10	survive, plus we have a loan to pay the medallion and
11	now, you know, we're stuck with the loan, whether you
12	file bankruptcy or city help with restructure the
13	loan, I don't know what the city is going to do, you
14	know, we need help with the loan medallion, you know,
15	either like a collective bargaining with the bank,
16	you know, to reflect the current value or the current
17	account level, the payment, the payment is higher
18	than, you know, your actual income. You know, you
19	just barely survive. So we want the city to, you
20	know, help with the debt relief program, like
21	negotiate with the bank to actually lower the payment
22	or the further current value of the medallion because
23	your income is not increasing. Your income is
24	decreasing. So you cannot survive paying the loan.
25	You know, also, you know, like all the driver here,

2	we hear they're not making the money because the app
3	company are manipulating the system. So the city ha
4	to regulate them, so they cannot manipulate. For
5	example, my friend drive a yellow, now they're
6	driving Uber, you know, they get to JFK, they get
7	locked out. Why do they do this? The city has to
8	regulate them, preventing them from locking out or
9	they have to make it equally, like base fare for all
LO	[inaudible] in the street, yellow, green, or app
L1	company, same base fare, so everybody can have an
L2	equal opportunity and can survive. That's my
L3	suggestion and also, you know, we need to have all
L 4	the medallion owner, thousands of medallion owner,
L5	they file for bankruptcy already, and we, we don't
L 6	file bankruptcy yet, but we are just barely
L7	surviving. So we need the help immediately. So I
L8	want the council member to [inaudible] for this, I'm
L 9	praying for that. Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: I got to say that
21	[inaudible] in this side listening to that reality
22	which is not fake news, but is a true story
23	WAYNE CHIN: Yes.
24	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: That is happening
25	to your case, to your family, to the city, to 6000

2	individual medallion owner like yourself, and others
3	that they probably told that by buying one, two,
4	three medallion they will guarantee the retirement
5	for themselves, something we value to get a mortgage,
6	to buy a house, to send their kids to college. And I
7	can tell that you we being, in our case, in my case,
8	I've been working so hard and for me, you know, I can
9	I'm sorry for the loss of your brother, but only you
10	know how, you wake up every day and go to sleep every
11	day knowing that your brother is not there anymore.
12	So I definitely, you know, I am committed to do
13	whatever I can, and as I called before, we need to
14	put out enough, if the [inaudible] bail out, if the
15	[inaudible] assistance, but the city has to act as
16	just today, every day that pass we putting the lives
17	of hard-working people, people that started with,
18	coming with nothing, that they told that they had a
19	dream by being part of the middle class, getting into
20	medallion and now you had show yourself and your
21	family that you aren't strong enough just to survive.
22	So I definitely, you know, understand and if it would
23	be up to me I would like yesterday, today, tonight,
24	because every day counts. So hopefully, you know,
25	with the modallien task force that we have together

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2	we can be able to put real alternative how to rescue,
3	you know, the investment. I believe in an open
4	market society, investors, individuals take risk.
5	But when you structure a business where the city
6	relies on millions of dollars of revenue, when we
7	dictated that by buying a medallion you had exclusive
8	right to pick up and drop off in every single corner
9	of the city and suddenly we change the rule, we also
10	have to take responsibility. Thank you. [applause]
11	SLOAN WELLS: Good afternoon. My name is
12	Sloan Wells. I am a TLC ride share driver for the
13	last 18 months, and I just want to share how this
14	vehicle cap has impacted me and my finances. In May
15	2018 when I went about starting the process of
16	obtaining a TLC license through the Uber green light
17	hub, it was not presented to me or told to me that
18	there was an upcoming cap of any kind that was coming
19	up with vehicles. I had my own vehicle and the plan
20	was to get that registered and be on my way and start
21	working. Well, unfortunately the car that I had was
22	of no use because this vehicle cap had happened. So
23	now I was, I had to rent a car weekly like a lot of
24	other drivers at \$425 a week. So now I had that

unexpected budgetary, um, option, budgetary reality

2	that I had and I still had a car note and insurance
3	to pay off. Well, one thing had to give and that car
4	that I had was repossessed. Now I'm responsible not
5	only for \$425 a week, about \$2200 a month, plus I'm
6	still responsible for the rest of that loan that I
7	had on the car that I wanted to use for my
8	independent contracting work. So what I'm saying is
9	that cap was a real hardship on a lot of drivers, not
10	just myself, of course. Now I feel that if we are
11	paying \$300, \$400, \$500 dollars a week renting a car
12	to do our jobs we should be able to make that
13	realistically in a 10 to 12 hour shift, and we're
14	not. We should be able to make that in one day.
15	That's putting a lot of people in financial hardship.
16	I also almost was evicted from my home because of
17	that. And I am in, and I just want to say that 85%
18	that all drivers should be getting, let's implement
19	that as soon as we can. Let's get that rolling, so
20	that way more drivers won't have to go through this.
21	So now I'm really, like my credit score is low, I'm
22	out there six days a week. I force myself to take a
23	day off, but, hey, that's the way the business is, I
24	guess. But that's not what I signed up for. When I
25	heard about this liber of great he an independent

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contractor, work when you want, when you want, and at that time they say guarantee \$600, ah, \$6000 a month, that all went out the window, that's gone, that's over.

ANNE BERNICE ROSERON: Hi, my name is

Anne Bernice Roseron and I've been doing Uber for a little bit over three years now. Um, all these issues that the other drivers mentioned are very real and should be taken into consideration as soon as possible. However, I have a little different issue that I would like to bring to the table today. August 7 my car was hit by a city garbage truck and ever since that day I haven't been able to really work. My car does not look good and when I went to the city the garbage truck driver, I was hit right in front of the sanitation department, so the supervisor was there and he advised me to go, um, down right around here to file a claim, which I did. They told me to give them a week to contact me back with information of who I should be speaking to about my car getting fixed. I contacted them and they told me that there's 50,000 plus cases before me and that they would not be able to fix my car for at least five to six months, if I was going to get something,

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we can be helpful.

2	and the problem with that is Uber is my full-time
3	job. I live on my own, I'm single, and I pay my
4	bills. I do, I take care of family back home and I
5	do what needs to get done. So what am I supposed to
6	do? Five, six months without work. This happened
7	August 7th and today's September 10th. Five, six
8	months is a long time. Like she said, my car, yes, I
9	was able to purchase a car, but I'm facing
10	repossession, eviction, homeless, it's a lot of
11	things, like what am I supposed to do? I feel like
12	it should be some type of way to like, especially
13	drivers like us, and it wasn't my fault, that we can
14	be pushed up and that the issue can be dealt with as
15	quicker than what the other people say who do not use
16	their car for work.
17	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: [inaudible] we
18	can respond to that, we will talk to TLC and
19	[inaudible] yeah, but then we should, the agency,
20	should speak to the agency and if we also have to,
21	you know, follow up, so let's be sure with respect to
22	Sanitation. Again, it's not TLC's responsibility but
23	let's be sure that with the commissioner and his team

and our office we will talk to Sanitation to see how

2	ANNE BERNICE ROSERON: OK, thank you.
3	RAUL RIVERA: Good afternoon, my name is
4	Raul Rivera. I'm a New York City TLC driver. I'm
5	also a driver advocate, not by choice. In New York
6	City we have a agency that is abusing of the New
7	Yorker. That agency is the Taxi and Limousine
8	Commission. You know I have a petition to reform the
9	TLC. It's simple. It's a basic petition. Basically
10	it's the key to open the door of reform. You signed
11	the petition. You agree with me that we need to
12	reform the TLC. Ritchie Torres also signed the
13	petition, Carlina Rivera, Jumaane Williams, people
14	are signing. City Council members are signing the
15	petition to reform the TLC. There's a lot of abuse
16	that's happening. Everybody wants to blame the apps.
17	You hear all the complaints about all different, ah,
18	issues that are happening with the apps. But the
19	blame goes to the City Council. The blame goes to
20	the TLC. The reform of the TLC is going to come from
21	the drivers. I've been asking you for weeks and
22	months let's have a driver sit-down. You said, you
23	promised me that we was gonna sit down and talk, the
24	drivers and myself. We're not imbeciles, we're not
25	morons. We have solid ideas. We have solid ideas.

2	This petition is simple, but it's for you to listen,
3	it's for you to give us the opportunity. I'm not
4	talking about just here. You have to listen to the
5	driver. The reform is going to come from the driver.
6	In June 24th you admitted, Ritchie Torres admitted,
7	the City Council admitted that the city failed the
8	drivers. It was not the city. It was the City
9	Council. You know, in June you also tried to throw
10	the chairman from the TLC under the bus, you know,
11	you blame, everybody's blaming everybody. They want
12	to blame Uber, but the reform has to come from the
13	drivers. I'll say something else about the apps.
14	Uber, if a company has an unlimited supply of workers
15	they don't have to respect them. They can just toss
16	them to the side. That's it. It's like a 5-year-old
17	boy, you let him walk into the candy store he's gonna
18	eat up all the candy, because nobody's doing their
19	job. Hence City Council and TLC, that's 51
20	gatekeepers, 51 gatekeepers, and they left the doors
21	unguarded. You guys are the gatekeepers. Protect
22	the New Yorker. Not just the taxi driver, the New
23	Yorker, and [speaking in Spanish]. They have a
24	language barrier and they're being abused. Reform
25	the TIC Peferm the TIC that's all we want. We

2	don't want to abolish the TLC, we need the TLC. But
3	we need a real reform that's gonna come from the
4	drivers. We don't want no city official or elected
5	official try to profit from the reform. If anybody's
6	gonna profit from the reform it's gonna be the
7	drivers, IDG, TWA, the drivers, it's the drivers.
8	Focus on the drivers. That's it. That's enough
9	time. I started speaking with you in the beginning
LO	of the year. How much time do we need? Now you're
L1	having an emergency hearing, right? This is an
L2	emergency hearing. But I spoke to you in February.
L3	We had, in this room, this room was full of City
L 4	Council members. I know they're busy. They have a
L5	lot to do. But they all left. So you can, that's
L 6	actual proof that the city is not listening. They're
L7	not listening. Brad Lander was here. I've been to
L8	his office several times. No answer. It's almost
L 9	like I'm pestering him. I've been to his office
20	three times, Menchaca, I talked to him, Menchaca is
21	the, he's the chair to immigration, and 90% of the
22	drivers are immigrants. It's common sense that he
23	should sign the petition.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 1 2 RAUL RODRIGUEZ: Just one more thing, one 3 more thing. 4 CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sorry. 5 RAUL RODRIGUEZ: This is the petition. This is the petition. And this is the City Council 6 7 checklist. The City Council members that don't support the petition, we're going to get [inaudible] 8 9 down here. Unfortunately it's harsh, but that's the 10 way it has to be. CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: OK. Thanks a 11 12 lot. So with that I would like to thank the staff 13 committee, Jim Digiovanni, Elliott Lynch, Emily 14 Rooney, Riga Bello, Chima Abercheri, John Basile. 15 They did a great job. They worked, you know, so with 16 the yellow taxi medallion task force, we've been 17 meeting with all the sector, the taxi industry, the 18 livery bases, everyone, we're hoping to continue having conversation to be sure that as we've been 19 20 able to address this crisis so far we have a big 21 responsibility to bring the dignity and justice that 22 you deserve. With that, this hearing is adjourned.

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[gavel]

${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date September 29, 2019