CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USE

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May 2, 2019

Start: 1:32 p.m. Recess: 4:57 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room - City Hall

B E F O R E: Adrienne E. Adams

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS: Peter Koo

Margaret S. Chin Mark Treyger Inez D. Barron I. Daneek Miller

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Lacy Tauber
Leila Bozorg
Karen Haypacks
Scott Short
Dylan Salmons

HPD

Assembly Member Deborah Glick

Lawrence Hong Chief of Staff Assembly Member Yuh-Line Niou

Toby Bergman CB2

David Gruber CB2

Carter Booth CB2

Lynn Kelly
Executive Director
New Yorkers for Parks

Nancy Sanchez

Kay Webster

Valerie Reyes Jimenez

Maurice Dujets

Susan Wittenberg

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Elizabeth Street Garden

Michelle Campo

Kate Kobiachi

Tito Delgado

Stephanie Sosa
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Development

Grayson Jordan

David Vincent Chief Program Officer SAGE

Jeanine Kiley
President
Friends of Elizabeth Street Garden

Ms. Elstrom

Lisa Fairstein Mata

Conta Limbar

Aziz Dehkan

Valerio Orselli

John Scott

Didi D'Aurico

Andrea Gianfrani Live On New York

John Foret

Norman Segal

Kirsten Theodos

Siggy Raybel

Melanie Maccio

Jordan Press

Tom Connor

Sikay Tan

Jody Mark

Ben Carlos Tipan

Ted Class

Michael Gruen

Richard Emerson

Eliot Maisel

Arthur Derris

Elizabeth Yuark

Steve Herrick

Mark Greenberg

John Shabel

Eric Diaz

Sayed Fasha

Magdaly Regis

Stacy Kaufman

Barbara Horn

Ed Morris

Allison Smith

Tom O'Neill

CHECK: This a microphone check. Today's date is May 2, 2019, Committee on Landmarks, being record by John Viando, City Hall, Council chambers. check] [pause]

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet, please.

[[gavel]]

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Good afternoon. Welcome to this meeting of the Subcommittee on Landmarks, Public Siting, and Maritime Uses. I'm Council Member Adrienne Adams, the chair of this subcommittee. We're joined today by Council Members Koo and Chin. Today we will be hearing preconsidered LU Haven Green Senior Housing, an application submitted by the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development, for development of a site in the Little Italy neighborhood of Manhattan in Council Member Margaret Chin's district, which is the only site and community board to currently controlled by HPD. Specifically, the application is for disposition of city-owned property at 199-207 Elizabeth Street, Mott Street, block 493, lot 30, and sale of this disposition area to the project sponsor. This application presents us with the difficult process of balancing two of the most critical issues

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currently facing our city - the need to balance access to green space and access to affordable housing for our most vulnerable populations. All members of this subcommittee and the City Council are aware of the complexity involved with dealing with these issues and look forward to hearing testimony from advocates of both sides. The approvals that HPD is seeking would facilitate the development of a new seven-story building with 123 LGBTQ-friendly affordable units for seniors, approximately 6700 square feet of public open space, nonprofit office space, a community room, and storefront commercial space. Haven Green will offer on-site supportive services to all building residents in partnership with RiseBoro, SAGE NYC, and Habitat for Humanity NYC. Before I call on HPD and the development team to testify on this application I would like to invite Council Member Chin to provide remarks.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair Thank you for providing me with an opportunity to speak about this land use application in my council district. The path to this hearing has been a long one. For decades this site in Little Italy has been promised as the future home of affordable

community. However, I speak regularly with seniors

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who fully support this effort to bring more safe, accessible, and affordable housing to the people of our city. They want to know when it will be ready. Telling them that now is not the time and that this city-owned lot is not the place, it's unacceptable. The depth of the affordability crisis requires an all-in approach to maximize the public benefits of public resources. We will need more affordable projects, not fewer. Fair and equitable housing calls for all neighborhoods in our city to participate in alleviating this crisis. I thank you, Chair Adam, and the members of this committee for their consideration of this application, and I look

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you, Council Member Chin. We now call on the panel for HPD, Lacy Tauber, Leila Bozorg, Karen Haypacks, Scott Short, and Dylan Salmons. You're here, welcome. Council, please swear in the panel.

forward to hearing all the testimony.

UNIDENTIFIED: Please say your name before answering. Do you affirmed to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this subcommittee and in response to all council member questions?

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2 LEILA BOZORG: Leila Bozorg, yes I do.

LACY TAUBER: Lacy Tauber, yes.

UNIDENTIFIED: Press the button.

KAREN HAYCOX: Karen Haycox, yes.

SCOTT SHORT: Scott Short, yes.

DYLAN SALMONS: Dylan Salmons, yes.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you all very much for being here today. You may begin.

LACY TAUBER: All right. Thank you, Chair and council members for your time today. So, ah, this land use application is related to, um, an urban land use review process, [inaudible] application seeking an article 11 disposition approval for a city-owned lot located at 199 to 207 Elizabeth Street in Manhattan Council District 2 for a project known as Haven Green. The Haven Green site is composed of several lots that were acquired by the city through deed and condemnation between 1853 and 1930. In 1991 prior to HPD assuming management jurisdiction of the property the Department of Citywide Administrative Services, DCAS, leased the property to a neighboring property owner on a month-to-month basis. This lease allowed that tenant to use the property for any asof-right use, including storing sculptures.

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lease stipulated that the tenant must vacate the property upon 30 days' written notice from the city. DCAS transferred jurisdiction of the property to HPD in 2018. Given the tremendous need for affordable housing in core Manhattan and the extremely limited number of public sites, the city made a commitment to develop affordable housing on this site in 2012 as part of an agreement regarding the Seward Park, Essex Crossing Development, in the Lower East Side. issued the Mott Elizabeth Streets RFP in September of It required that respondents propose a highquality mixed use affordable housing development to include affordable senior housing, quality commercial and/or community facilities, and a creative design to ensure at least 5000 square feet of publicly accessible open space that would be reserved for community use. The RFP also noted that the site is located in the Special Little Italy District, or the SLID, which was established in 1977 with the goals of preserving and strengthening the historic and cultural character of the community. The selected development team, which includes Penrose, RiseBoro and Habitat for Humanity, submitted a proposal that met these requirements, complied with the terms of

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the SLID, and exceeded the minimum open space requirement by including 8400 square feet of publicly accessible open space, including 6700 square feet open to the sky and 1700 square feet of covered entryway. The project will be developed under HPD's Senior Affordable Rental Apartments, or SARA program, and is deeply affordable, targeting seniors with incomes from 30% to 60% of the area median income, AMI, which amounts to an annual income of approximately \$21,930 to \$43,860 for an individual based on 2018 AMI levels. As is customary, HPD and the developer will enter into a regulatory agreement to memorialize the project's affordability and other restrictions. The regulatory agreement will have a 60-year term and will require that all units will be rent stabilized even after the regulatory agreement expires. 30% of the units will be set aside for homeless seniors referred by the Department of Homeless Services, DHS. The newly constructed building will be seven stories tall with 123 agefriendly studio apartments and on-site supportive services. Resident amenities will include laundry facilities, an exercise room, computer room, common room, an outdoor landscaped terrace, and supportive

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services offices with LGBT-friendly senior services to be provided to residents in the community by SAGE. The building also includes community facility space for Habitat for Humanity and ground floor retail. Haven Green will be built to passive house standards, which is the gold standard in energy and resource efficient building design. The project will include publicly accessible open space to be maintained in perpetuity through restrictions included in the property disposition agreements and in the regulatory agreement. These restrictions will run with the The open space will be designed based on input that the Haven Green development team collected through their public engagement process. The team engaged community members, gardeners, and other local stakeholders in a series of participatory design sessions to obtain public input on the activities, design elements, and character of the space, with the goal of creating a high-quality open space that is grounded in community input and meets community needs. The Haven Green project will be an LGBTQfriendly senior development and a welcome home for many seniors who have been waiting years to have the opportunity to apply for an affordable housing unit.

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Therefore, HPD is before the council seeking approval of this land use action to facilitate the development of a multiuse development called Haven Green to provide much-needed affordable housing for seniors.

And I'll turn it over to the development team to walk

you through their presentation. [pause]

DYLAN SALMONS: Thank you, Lacy, thank you, members of the council and the subcommittee for having us here today to hear about Haven Green. name is Dylan Salmons. I'm representing the development team, comprised of three very experienced and long-standing members of both the affordable housing property management and home building community. Penrose is lead developer for our threemember team, is located in New York City here with experience for over 45 years delivering high-quality exceptional affordable housing and open space communities, with having 16,000 units developed in our over 200 properties. Our partner here in RiseBoro Community Partnership is both a co-developer in the creation Haven Green, a provider of highquality supportive services, and the project's property manager. They have over 45 years of experience into themselves as well in New York City

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2 beginning in 1973, and also have a large number of units developed and currently under their management 3 and stewardship. Habitat for Humanity NYC is another 4 one of our co-developer partners and also the ground-5 floor tenant. Habitat has also 30-plus years of 6 7 experience in New York City, has built hundreds of affordable homes and preserved as well and has a 8 long-standing history in this community having begun 9 their initial stewardship with Mascot Flats. 10 general timeline of the project, as Lacy went 11 12 through, the project was identified for affordable housing in 2012. The site was opened in limited 13 hours to the public in 2013. In December of 2017 HPD 14 15 selected the Penrose, RiseBoro, and Habitat for 16 Humanity team. In September of 2018 into the fall we 17 led four participatory designs in order to solicit 18 and garner feedback for the eventual opening of the public space that would be behind Haven Green. 19 20 November we certified the project into ULURP and the public review process began. In December of 2018 we 21 2.2 had our CD2 review and recommendation period, which 23 was ultimately disapproved. In February of 2019 we had the Manhattan borough president review the 24 recommendation period, which was approved with 25

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conditions. In March and April of 2019 CBC reviewed and had their voting period, upon which the project received unanimous approval. We are currently in the City Council review and recommendation period. Haven Green is at once trying to accomplish several things - affordable housing for 123 seniors of New York City, provision of high-quality open and public space, community facility space to provide services for those who are most underserved and have the smallest voice in the room, and also provide opportunities for increasing the retail tapestry along Elizabeth Street. For the affordable housing for seniors component project, in [inaudible] alone there are over 4600 seniors awaiting affordable housing, with an average wait time of over seven years. Since 2014 only 93 new units of affordable housing was constructed in the community ward and the site designated for Haven Green is the only developable site within CB2 that is controlled by HPD. Of the 123 rental units that will be at Haven Green, 100% are affordable, at or below 60% of the area median income, with greater than half of the project below extremely low incomes, which is 30% of the area median. Beyond housing, Haven Green will

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES offer on-site support services, tailored to meet the needs of an aging population, as well as those LGBTQ identified community members. The project will [inaudible] depths of experience from RiseBoro, Habitat for Humanity, and SAGE New York City, along with the many other not-for-profit and community members, who have been our supporters all along. Supports will be offered from a breadth of services, including entitlement and advocacy, wellness, and connectivity. As a neighborhood asset, Haven Green will offer a diverse array of public open space, both open space to the sky, covered open space from the elements, and over 600 square feet of space that will be offered through Habitat as a community asset for nonprofit entities to use. As far as community engagement, as stated in the summer and fall of 2018, we led an inclusive participatory design process to collectable imagine the future of the open space at Haven Green. The process was designed to be open, inclusive, accessible, and engaging, and provide an opportunity for a wide range of stakeholders to participate and provide input, which was ultimately gathered into a participatory design report that is

hosted on the Haven Green community website. For the

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2 residential features of Haven Green, there are over

3 123 affordable apartments. There are common

4 | laundries on each floor, allowing residents to

5 comingle with their neighbors and escape

6 reclusiveness of their own apartment. There is an

7 | 1100 square feet community room on the second floor

8 | that opens into a roof terrace [inaudible] diverse

9 array of programming 365 days a year for residents of

10 the project. There will be a 300 square feet support

11 | service space which will be shared by the supportive

12 service providers to provide case management and

13 | including a designated case management office and, as

14 mentioned, the site is designed to passive house

15 standards for the highest levels of energy

16 | efficiency. The commercial space along Elizabeth

17 Street is partitioned into small scale, neighborhood

18 | scale retail, and the community facility space spans

19 | the ground floor at the rear of the project and the

 $20 \parallel 5200$ square feet and also has cellar level space.

21 | The community facility will be leased to Habitat for

22 | Humanity NYC, offering again the 600 square feet

23 meeting room available to neighboring groups and

24 \parallel local nonprofits, as well as SAGE New York City. The

ground floor of the building program fronts Elizabeth

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1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 The tan is identified as the small scale retail and commercial space. The blue is the 3 [inaudible] residential lobby served by elevators for 4 5 the aging seniors, and then towards the rear of the ground floor is the lease space for Habitat for 6 7 Humanity NYC and SAGE New York City. You'll see towards the far right, left-hand side is the 8 demarcated space, it will be reservable for not-for-9 10 profit entities. Zoning analysis - the project is consistent with zoning regulations, including the 11 12 Little Italy Special District requirements. design has been reviewed and certified by the 13 14 Department of City Planning. The height restriction 15 imposed is in alignment with the Little Italy Special 16 District requirements and is seven stories, with a 17 total building height of just about 75 feet. 18 building design is underneath the maximum floor area ratio that permitted 4.1, with a floor area ratio of 19 20 3.7, of the [inaudible] 34% is open to the sky. building mass itself is centered towards the northern 21 2.2 portion of the site with attention to create as much 23 open space for a solar access as possible. The site offers access both from Mott Streets and Elizabeth 24

Streets and will be open to the public continuously

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21 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 year round. The current site design is laid out as part of the initial RFP response and is yet to be 3 4 updated to reflect the design strategies, goals, and features identified in the participatory design 5 6 response. The northern portion of the site, as shown 7 here, is the second floor roof terrace. The site at no times becomes a private back yard for the 8 residents or community tenants or retail tenants of 9 10 Haven Green and so the space is just for tenants in the evening. A couple renderings here that describe 11 12 the architectural quality of the building, replicating the unique masonry material shown along 13 14 Elizabeth Street, architectural details of vertical 15 coining, and [inaudible] masonry rose, emblematic of 16 some of the other architecture around the street. There is a continuous metal banding reminiscent also 17 18 of the iron facades along the street and then there's the gratuitous kind of open breezeway that flows 19 20 towards the rear end of the site. Closer view of the entry way and breezeway. Condition of the breezeway 21 2.2 space heading towards the public open space with 23 access to the community facility space to the right.

24 An illustrative view of the critical mass of open

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space surrounded by public [inaudible] and other

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features that are identified in the participatory

design response. I think I'm going to hand it over

to Scott Short, who is going to give a few remarks of

the development team. Thank you again.

SCOTT SHORT: Thank you, Dylan, and thank you, council committee. My name is Scott Short. I'm the CEO of RiseBoro Community Partnership, one of the co-developers, service provider, and property manager for Haven Green. You've heard about the merits of the project from Dylan, and I'd like to talk a little bit about the philosophical underpinnings that brought this team together to propose this project, and those revolve around equity and fairness. Equity and fairness are two big concepts...

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet, please!

SCOTT SHORT: Equity and fairness are two big concepts that the development team believes in deeply and I know that belief is shared by everyone on this committee. We believe in it because we see the disparity all around us in this city. We see the growing homeless population. We see kids falling behind in low-income neighborhoods. We see long-time residents being displaced. We see seniors forced out of the communities that they helped build, and we

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want to do something about it. I admire all the steps that this City Council has taken to change laws and create new resources to make this city a fairer and more equitable place. The Haven Green project builds on the legacy that the council has established in promoting these essential ideals. It's rare that you get the opportunity to approve a single project that so clearly advances the principles of equity and fairness. To be able to build housing for some of our poorest, oldest, the most vulnerable citizens in one of the wealthiest and most privileged communities in the entire city, while offering publicly accessible open space back to that community as part of the project is a chance that does not come around very often. I urge you to take advantage of this unique opportunity to advance equity and fairness in our city and vote to approve Haven Green. Thank you.

KAREN HAYCOX: I am Karen Haycox, CEO of
Habitat for Humanity NYC. Habitat for Humanity NYC
joined this team because of the opportunity to build
housing for a more vulnerable population than we
traditionally serve and to make a real impact on fair
housing in our city. Haven Green will be built in
one of the wealthiest, whitest neighborhoods in the

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES city, a neighborhood that rarely, if ever, sees new affordable housing created. In short, this project on this piece of land in this neighborhood is a matter of social, economic, and racial justice. Habitat NYC knew that a preexisting conflict existed around this site, one that has separated neighborhoods and created tension in the neighborhood. We empathize with those who feel passionately about the current space, though through our participatory design and ongoing community engagement efforts we have sought to hear residents and consider their thoughts and opinions. We also listen to the voices of those who were unable to attend participatory design meetings or community board meetings, the low income and homeless seniors in our city. Those who may be confined to fourthfloor walk-up apartments all day long until a relative or caretaker can help them. Those who are currently experiencing homelessness. Those LGBTQ seniors who, after paving a way for so many and so much social progress, were forced back into the closet for fear of losing their existing housing. Those voices are loud, too. We see this project as a

compromise and an opportunity for all stakeholders to

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come together in service of multiple neighborhood needs. Haven Green will provide more than 123 lowincome and formerly homeless seniors with desperately need affordable homes, which they will utilize one hundred percent of the time and provide the neighborhood with publicly accessible green space. Additionally, we believe the development of the site will provide [inaudible] access to green and open space by square feet once one factors into consideration the hours of access of the current space. We are thrilled to stand beside our development team partners and all of you as we work to build for a better city for every resident in every neighborhood. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much for your testimony today. Thank you for being here once again, panel. I do have a few questions for What will the hours of operation for the public space be?

UNIDENTIFIED: The hours of operation for the public space will mirror or be longer than those of neighboring surrounding open spaces at no less than 9 to 5.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: All right, and who is going to manage the open space?

UNIDENTIFIED: Ah, RiseBoro Community

Partnership as the property manager will be primarily responsible for the management, but we envision bringing in interested parties from all the community engagement that we've done to help participate in the planning, design, and ultimate maintenance of that space.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: What about the Parks Department?

UNIDENTIFIED: We can speak to that.

UNIDENTIFIED: Yeah, so I can speak to that a little bit. Um, I think there are, ah, a couple, ah, issues with working with Parks that, you know, we've been in active conversations with them about the possibilities of involvement here, um, and we think, um, that having the development team be the one that manages the space is really the best outcome for a couple of a reasons. Um, one, they've done this really extensive outreach process, you know, with the community. They've heard a lot of input about what folks want to see happen in this space and so they're really well positioned to make sure that

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years.

the design, ah, really reflects that community input. And then secondly in our conversations with Parks we've heard that with the resources available to them at this time they're really only able to commit to what they call a roving crew of maintenance, which may not be as regular as, ah, you know, what the development team is able to provide since they're on site and really more able to respond to issues in real time. But I would say, you know, that we all really share the goal of making sure that this is, ah, a very high-quality open space that is accessible to this community and really based on the input that we've heard from them over the last few months and

UNIDENTIFIED: And I'll also just add to that that it's really through our financing that we can ensure that the proper financing is in place for long-term maintenance of the park and we also legal tools in place that we'll be employing to ensure that it is publicly accessible in perpetuity, so having the development team do it does enable us to bring more resources to bear to the management than we know might be available to Parks, and we have a way of actually enforcing that for the long term rather than

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term.

leaving it up to kind of the status of the city's

availability to finance it. We can actually ensure

now when we're financing it that the financing is in

place to manage and operate it for the very long

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, so along those lines can you describe the process for developing the future of public open space? What does the process look like? Kind of soup to nuts, for all of us to hear it.

UNIDENTIFIED: Sure. So if the project is successful through the [inaudible] application the next steps would be working with HPD Finance and HPD Program to develop a final site plan for both the building and any open space. Ideally that plan is completed within six to nine months and then the project would be able to break ground on its construction financing, construct the building and the park hopefully over a period not to exceed 24 months.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Anybody have anything to add to that? That was a quick process.

UNIDENTIFIED: A lot of it will depend on how soon the project is able to move forward and

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again we put into our agreements at financial closing, um, that we, um, you know, we wouldn't fully convey the land until the park is, we would essentially put in our land disposition agreement that they would need to complete the park before being able to, um, ah, get their TCO.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, and what assurance can you give that the public space, the public open space, will indeed remain in perpetuity.

UNIDENTIFIED: I can answer that. have a number of tools that we use to make sure that, um, the agreements we come up with, um, are enforceable and in place. So some of those tools that we've used on other projects like this, um, is an open space agreement that gets recorded, um, with the financial closing. We can put it in the deed. We can create a new restrictive declaration, um, these are all really powerful legal tools that we have used on similar projects to require, um, that certain commitments actually are legally recorded and in place for the very long term. Um, the way we enforce something like that is that we actually do have things called enforcement notes and enforcement mortgages, um, and our regulatory agreement, where if

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anything is violated we can actually, um, ah, enforce really high financial penalties. It's usually, capturing the land value can become that penalty, um, so there's a huge financial incentive to not violate any of those terms.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK. Did you explore other configurations for the building mass in order to provide more public open space on site?

UNIDENTIFIED: Um, so, you know, based on the borough president's recommendation we have locked into, um, you know what it would take to accomplish that and, you know, I think as an agency we're very committed to both maintaining the unit count on this site and also the programming and, you know, the only way that we have, ah, been able to, ah, see an opportunity to do that would involve violating the zoning provisions that are outlined in the Special Little Italy District. Um, they're actually very proscriptive in terms of what can happen here and, you know, any violation of that would require, you know, a follow-up zoning action and, you know, I think also our RFP really called for projects that were respectful of the SLID because we wanted to make

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2 a project that was respectful of the community
3 character here, yeah.

UNIDENTIFIED: Yeah, and I'll also just add during the competitive request for proposal process one of the things we were looking forward is the best proposal that balances these two very important needs, the affordable housing and the open space, and so looking at the various configurations of what different teams proposed to, you know, that was very much, um, one of the things, this project, the way that it presented the balance of affordable housing and open space, um, did that best relative to the other proposals, um, as Lacy mentioned, we're open to continuing the conversation about how to make that even stronger, but it has serious costs and tradeoffs that right now we feel like this is the best balance of a strong number of affordable units staying within the Special Little Italy District zoning and providing high-quality, publicly accessible open space.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, thank you. I have just one more question before I turn it over to my colleagues. What is the nature of the lease with the current tenant?

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UNIDENTIFIED: It's, um, currently still a month-to-month lease. It was a lease that was previously managed by the Department of Citywide

Administrative Services. Um, it was always a month-to-month lease. It's now managed by HPD rather than DCAS, um, and the tenant is, ah, the lease does say that the tenant is required to leave the site after given 30-day notice, um, by the city when the city needs to take the site back for affordable housing.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, thank you very much. Colleagues? Council Member Chin?

I have a couple of questions. Ah, HPD, because I know this financing program, the SARA program, is for 60 years. So can HPD tell us like how can we, you know, extend the affordable ability? What tools do you have, um, to help make sure that that can happen, that the affordability doesn't end at 60 years? I know that part of it is keeping as rent stabilized and for sentinel nodes, hopefully, you know, the SCRIE will continue so there will be no rent increases. But in terms of what tools HPD have, that can help extend the affordability for this both.

1 2 UNIDENTIFIED: Sure, so, um, we, as you mentioned, there will be an initial 60-year 3 regulatory agreement and we have a couple tools that 4 5 we plan to use as of now for Haven Green. Um, the 6 primary one is how we structure our financing. 7 do require, um, ah, we're essentially providing a mortgage for the construction, um, of this project, 8 um, and we have the terms set up in a way so that 9 there is interest growing over time, over those 60 10 years, on our mortgage, and that becomes a very large 11 12 balloon payment at the end of that 60 years that the developer is responsible for paying back unless they 13 14 extend affordability with us. Their tax incentive 15 also expires at the end of that term. So there are 16 very large financial incentives that through practice, and this is essentially how HPD is able to 17 18 do, um, preservation and extended affordability, we've set up the financial incentives for the, um, 19 20 development team, which has, um, very strong nonprofit partners that are committed to long-term 21 2.2 affordability, as is Penrose, um, to come back to the 23 table and renegotiate another regulatory agreement, um, with new financing. So that's the primary way on 24

a project like this. We also, as I mentioned, we

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have our enforcement note and enforcement mortgages,

um, which the enforcement note captures the value of

the land, um, and we can enforce the repayment of

that if there's any violations during the term of the

agreement.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: The other, part of the plan, there is going to be four retail units.

Can you talk about the retail units' effects, um, the financing of the affordable senior housing?

UNIDENTIFIED: Sure, so part of the strategy for achieving very low levels of affordability, or deep levels of affordability, I should say, is leveraging the income generation of the retail value of those four spaces. So we intend to market them to market rate-paying retail tenants. We intend to use that market-rate income at its high levels to pay down a larger project-wide mortgage to finance the project rather than relying on the rent of the low-income units.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: But I guess at the same time we are losing a lot of, you know, mom and pop stores, neighborhood retails, affordable grocery store. I don't think you could find a shoe repair shop in that area. So are you looking at, you know,

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maybe working to make sure that small businesses, neighborhood business, have an opportunity there to also be able to operate a business so that it's not, I don't want to see any more, you know, luxury boutiques and all those things that are in there now.

UNIDENTIFIED: We are absolutely committed to working with HPD to come up with a structure of financing that could balance, you know, the burden on rental income from the residential and the desired need for a diverse amount of retail at the front.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Now, in your presentation on the page that says ground floor block plan you have the community facility. So that community facility actually opens up to the public open space?

UNIDENTIFIED: So the rear of the community facility, I don't know if I have a cursor, yeah. This rear space here is a double door that actually leads into this, you know, effective meeting room or boardroom. The idea is that, and this is the space that Habitat for Humanity will administer together with local nonprofits. And the opportunity is available for that space to spill out into the grounds for events and that's available there. Ah,

otherwise the intention would be that this is used by
the tenant, which is Habitat for Humanity, as their

4 boardroom space.

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another opportunity we'd want to look at in terms of, you know, increasing more public open space, that that could be because it extends out into the green space, the garden, and then that could be something that you can have some programming during the day, especially when it's raining or when it's cold. So let's talk about that in terms of having more public access for part of that space.

UNIDENTIFIED: Understood.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you, Council
Member Chin. Council Member Koo? Oh, before Council
Member Koo, I understand that we may have two people
that might want to be added to this panel, your
architect, Mr. Jordan, and David Vincent from SAGE.
Would you like to come up and join this panel for
questions?

UNIDENTIFIED: I think we would have them join if is questions that they need to answer relative to the designs.

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2 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, thank you. We'll 3 continue then. Council Member Koo?

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Hi. Can you explain to the public what is a month-to-month lease? How can you terminate a month-to-month lease?

UNIDENTIFIED: Ah, we have the, because it's not a long-term lease and it's month-to-month, we have the ability at the end of any money to decide not to renew it for the next month. We need to give a 30-day notice to say that we do not intend to renew the lease, um, at which time, um, the tenant is required to vacate the site and plan for vacating the site.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So you just need to give them 30-day notice?

UNIDENTIFIED: According to the current lease.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah, and they cannot stay, and they say, oh, I want a few more months, six more months?

UNIDENTIFIED: As we've been going through this process we've been, you know, in a normal circumstance, for example, on a city-owned site where we've designated a developer we'd already have given

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the developer some site access through a temporary license agreement to start doing environmental testing. We've been, um, very sensitive, obviously, to the existing use, knowing that it's a benefit to the community, um, right now, so we haven't required them to leave the site, but we've been flexible, um, to date and, ah, we would, you know, continue to be flexible going forward in terms of getting that site access, but at some point, um, assuming the project receives approval, we will need the tenant to leave the site so that we can do our environmental testing and due diligence in order to prepare for development.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So I notice you have 8400 square feet public space. Who made the determination what are the uses of this public space? Who decided this will be a garden, this will be a playground, or whatever, you know?

UNIDENTIFIED: So we, HPD, put into the request for proposals a requirement that at least 5000 square feet, um, be, um, used as publicly accessible open space. Part of the review process was looking at the approach that the development team was proposing to design and develop and that site.

The development team has run a number of charettes to have an inclusive process to inform that design, um, and I know they're going to continue to be inclusive as they make final decisions and HPD will be part of that process as well, but as final decisions are made about what the open space will actually look like.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Can you use like at least part of the space for garden use, where the residents can grow vegetables or flowers, or whatever they want to grow?

Option and I know one that came up, um, in the charrette, um, I will also add that that's actually one of the benefits of having the development team manage the manage the open space, because most Parks Department, most parks operated and managed by the Parks Department do not actually allow for community gardening, um, unless they're specifically for that use through the Green Thumbs program, for example. So that is one of the benefits, too, of having the development team manage the site is that we can be flexible in determining the final uses of the open space.

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questions.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much,

Council Member Koo. Thank you panel. We're going to

call up the next panel at this time. I'll state for

the record that we were joined by Council Member Mark

Treyger as well. I'd like to call up Assembly Member

Deborah Glick, Toby Bergman, Community Board 12

[applause], Toby Bergman, CB2, David Gruber, CB2, and

Carter Booth, CB2. [pause]

ASSEMBLY MEMBER GLICK: Just before I begin, I came from my rent regulation hearing across the way and, um, my colleague, Yuh-Line Niou, is on the housing committee and that's why she is still there and she will probably have staff deliver some testimony later one. She is definitely stuck.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Come on up. Thank you, Assembly Member Glick. Welcome, by the way. Glad to have you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER GLICK: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: All right, you may

begin.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER GLICK: Thank you very much for the opportunity to testimony before you today regarding the Elizabeth Street garden uniform land use review process application for the

2 disposition of city-owned land at Elizabeth Street

3 Garden site in order to construct the proposed Haven

4 Green development. This is a difficult and

5 complicated ULURP. The Haven Green development is a

6 prime example of the need for the City Council and

7 this administration to have a more transparent and

8 understanding approach to the needs of the community.

9 In this instance, the proposed destruction of the

10 | Elizabeth Street Garden despite affordable housing

11 | being a public benefit is emblematic of the constant

12 pernicious way in which the city pits two scarce

13 resources, like affordable housing and open space,

14 against each other. It is disappointing to me

15 ...[applause]

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16 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet down, please.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER GLICK: It is

18 disappointing to me that residents are asked to

19 choose between critically needed affordable housing

20 and vital open public space. These two elements are

 $21 \parallel \text{essential for the quality of life in our increasingly}$

22 dense city. This administration has spoken at length

23 \parallel about affordable housing and affordable communities.

However, the concept of livable communities is often

25 lost in the equation in favor of pursuing other

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public policy goals wherever feasible, even when more appropriate and robust opportunities exist elsewhere or have been offered by the community, this is what has happened here with Elizabeth Street Garden. risk Manhattan, and particularly Community Board 2, has one of the lowest ratios of open space to population and is frequently forced to fight to maintain the little space they do have. Affordable housing is desperately needed in the city and we all know that. While efforts to develop affordable apartments are important, sacrificing a beloved community space where there is an available alternative site that has not been fully explored is doing a disservice to the greater community. there are basic land use questions surrounding this application, the merits of the ethical question that our city faces in this particular ULURP remain apparent. In the case of Elizabeth Street Garden, if the community uses a space as a park, it has all the characteristics of a park, and there is a grassrootsbased effort to preserve it for the quality seen in similarly other open spaces, it is then effectively a park. As part of the discussions over the last six years regarding the Elizabeth Street Garden, CB2 has

44 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 suggested an alternative site at 388 Hudson Street in order to build a much larger development of 3 affordable senior housing. This site was once 4 5 promised to CB2 as an open space and is used as an access point to Water Tunnel 3. While it may be a 6 7 little logistically difficult to ask Housing Preservation Development, the Department of 8 Environmental Protection, and the Department of 9 10 Buildings and a private developer to actually work together to build on this location, that does not 11 12 mean that we should relying on destroying Elizabeth Street Garden simply because it is easier. 13 Unfortunately, and I will point out there is a park 14 15 across the street from this alternative site which 16 could serve the residents as well. Unfortunately, 17 this administration has indicated that they wish to 18 build on both sites and not allow the community to maintain an already-used open space as a park in 19 20 addition to building a larger amount of affordable housing. I find this particular ULURP and the 21 2.2 proposal that this administration is forcing the 23 community to absorb and debate flies in the face of 24 the stated goals of previous objectives undertaken by

various agencies. In theory, the community board

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 process should allow for local control and discussion about how city-owned sites, those assets that are 3 owned wholly by the public, can be used in the 4 future. My opposition to this development does not 5 6 mean that I am opposed to affordable housing for 7 seniors when it is constructed on sites that are 8 valuable to the community. Quite the contrary. does it indicate any animus towards Haven Green and 9 10 its partners. They simply responded to an RFP the city never should have released. As it happens, I'm 11 12 simply forced to oppose communities being forced to decide how to dispose of their necessary public 13 assets when presented with false choices surrounding 14 15 communities. I will point out, I will point out in 16 another, ah, community not far away a parking lot 17 that was designated for affordable housing was 18 subsequently turned into a park. This is a park. has been used as a park, and they are being forced to 19 20 forego crucial, essential open speech. It is a false choice. There is another, better site. Thank you 21 2.2 very much, and I urge the City Council Subcommittee

on Landmarks, Public Siting, and Maritime Uses to

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

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Thank you for your testimony, Assembly Member. I appreciate your being here. Assembly Member Niou?

LAWRENCE HONG: Thank you for the opportunity to speak on the proposed plans for Elizabeth Street Garden. My name is Lawrence Hong, chief of staff for Assembly Member Yuh-Line Niou, who serves as the assembly member for the 65th District, which is home to the Elizabeth Street Garden. be delivering the member's statement on her behalf. Following the demolition of a public school, the derelict lot was overrun with weeds and covered in debris. Our community poured countless hours into creating new open space. There was no direction from the city in developing the garden to what it is today. I wanted to make it very clear that Elizabeth Street Garden is what it is today because our community stepped up when the city would not. engaged our community to develop the Elizabeth Street Garden into a jewel which meets our community's needs. As a member of the Committee on Housing, I recognize the need for low income and affordable housing in New York. There is an assembly committee on housing hearing on rent loss set to expire in June

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES that the member is presiding over as we speak. have fought for critical funding in our housing system and affordability in our community. I have also stood with advocates and other elected officials to defend against privatization of public space on all fronts, such as NYCHA housing, public facilities like Rivington House, green spaces, and open space. I firmly believe public land should remain public and require ample public input prior to any change in When public land becomes privatized it rarely, if ever, returns to public. Therefore, we must be doubly sure that the local community needs are taken into account fully prior to engaging the often-permanent change in ownership. Lower Manhattan is in need of affordable housing, but we cannot pit the need for housing against the need for green space, especially when good alternatives are available. Both are vital and both are in dire need of protection and expansion. Our neighborhood is the only downtown neighborhood that NYC Parks defines as underserved by open space, with an open space ratio of 0.138 acre per 1000 residents. In Little Italy and SoHo we have even less open space, with the open space ratio of 0.07 acre per 1000 residents, or about

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three square feet per person. The city proclaimed its commitment to expanding open space to 2.5 acres per 1000 residents. Yet the current plan for the garden lowers the open space ratio even further and eliminates nearly 70% of the open space currently available, from 20,000 square feet to a mere 6700 square feet. The EAS, Environmental Assessment Statement, arbitrarily stated that eliminating the garden does not do any harm, even though it will reduce the extraordinary minuscule amount of public open space this area has. Losing the garden, or at least diminishing and altering the garden, should have triggered a more extensive environmental review process to fully capture the damages done through these plans. In addition, we believe the city owns this site, entrusted to the Board of Education. The current plan to transfer the property for a noneducational purpose, such as creating non-permanent affordable housing and office for retail space does not adhere to the requirements of the trust. Eliminating the garden for non-permanent affordable housing and 11,200 square feet of below-market office space is not a win-win scenario like the city often portrays it as. It is a false choice. As Community

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2 Board 2 elected officials like myself and others, and other advocates have said time and time again, a win-3 win solution is to build up to five times as much 4 5 affordable housing at a nearby city-owned 25,000 6 square feet alternative site at 388 Hudson Street, 7 and designate the Elizabeth Street Garden as a New York City park. Choosing this solution would not set 8 a precedent. In fact the mayor's support is 9 10 similarly a real win-win solution in Chelsea, where the city is creating a new park on West 20th and 11 12 building more housing on the largest city-owned site nearby the park. We should be discussing a real win-13 14 win solution and creating plans for truly affordable, 15 permanently affordable housing while supporting the 16 garden's operations and our community. In face of 17 the overwhelming support from Community Board 2, 18 other elected officials and community residents, I urge the city council to vote nay on this proposal 19 and to seek out a solution that can match all of our 20

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much for your test. [applause]

[inaudible] needs. Thank you.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet on the floor please.

2 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Community Board 2

3 members?

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CARTER BOOTH: Hello and good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. My name is Carter Booth. I'm the chair of Community Board 2 Manhattan. CB2 has been working to preserve the entirety of Elizabeth Street Garden for many years. Thousands of people support Elizabeth Street Garden and most of our elected officials have specifically identified and support saving and preserving Elizabeth Street Garden in its entirety. proposal before you is masquerading under the quise of balance and fairness. For some reason this has been caught up under, um, this idea that this one space needs to serve multiple purposes. Right now it serves a single purpose in the best way possible as a beautiful garden and open space that is used by an entire community from young to old, newcomers to oldtimers. The proposal before you now has one space serving multiple needs, resulting in a below-par project all around to address two major issues in our community - senior housing and public open space. It's hard to understand why we are here at this point right now when there is a better solution. We can do

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2 better for seniors and the community in this case.

3 You will hear this again today. The solution is a

4 balance solution, a balanced solution across district

5 lines which allows for preserving the gem which is

6 the Elizabeth Street Garden in its entirety, and

7 creating a significant larger amount of senior

8 housing on an alternative site on Hudson Street, also

9 owned by the city and which is located within CB2.

10 Good governance and long-term planning for New York

11 | City should not include jamming multiple uses

12 | resulting in marginal plans, but it should include a

13 | larger vision that crosses district lines and allows

14 \parallel for projects to shine. I urge the City Council to

15 \parallel vote no on this proposal and send it back for more

16 work so that we can all benefit from better

17 | alternatives for senior housing and preserving

18 | Elizabeth Street Garden in its entirety. Thank you.

19 DAVID GRUBER: Hello and good afternoon.

20 | I am David Gruber, the past chair of CB2, and the

21 | current chair of the CB2 Elizabeth Street Garden Task

22 | Force. The community board has been trying to save

23 | Elizabeth Street Garden for over five years now.

24 | It's not a storage facility of old stone building

parts or a park supposedly for the new millennials,

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as some have said, but a vibrant park used by all residents of our community - teens, young families, seniors, from Chinatown, from SoHo, from Tribeca, from the adjoining Section 8 housing. programmed all year long and the summer movie nights, the Halloween harvest festivals, the free community barbecues are attended by thousands, and Elizabeth Street Garden is always listed as one of New York's 10 most beautiful and unique parks. I'm not saying it's an equivalent to Penn Station at all, but there will be buyer's regrets in the sense of what did we do and what were we thinking if this park is largely destroyed. We have over the years tried to engage and meet with our City Council member to work out a win-win site swap, just like the mayor and people have referred to it just earlier, just like the mayor and Speaker Johnson did in Chelsea, and what the mayor says is an example of win-win governance. have identified a site that can in fact be built with far more FAR possibilities outside the landmark district, but within the boundaries of CB2, which would mean that the residents of CB2 who get 50% priority, have a much better chance of landing a We have offered other pathway ideas that could

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be pursued, but nothing has gained traction. not a NIMBY community board. We have 178 units coming up on 350, ah, 550 Hudson Street, and we when we rezoned Hudson Square a huge swath, we made sure that there was an incentive for affordable housing. Some 6000 people have identified themselves as friends of Elizabeth Street Garden and almost 10,000 are on the mailing list. Wouldn't you as City Council people, um, how would you react and consider other possibilities if that many people spoke out in unison in your district? Our three public forums were attended by some 800 people. We know the City Council almost always black votes behind the issue of council person but let this hearing not be just going through the motions of a pre-decided exercise, but a real hearing. I call on the City Council not so much to vote no, but to vote to return the ESG, Elizabeth

like the mayor and the speaker did in Chelsea, a good governance solution. Thank you.

Street Garden, issue back to the council to work out,

TOBY BERGMAN: Good afternoon. I'm Toby
Bergman, ah, I'm a member of Community Board 2. I'm
also a past chair of Community Board 2. I'd like
the, I think we all understand, ah, the deference the

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES council has to its local members for, ah, largely local issues. But there's also a reason, ah, why ULURP ends with the council and that's because, ah, sometimes there's a need for a larger view, particularly when there's an issue that's generated along conflict in the community. So just one person really should not be making the decision and it's a time to not show that deference. I'm not showing deference, it's a matter of being the council, ah, a council for all New Yorkers. Ah, I think if you look carefully at the Community Board 2's resolution you'll see that we did oppose this project, but our last clause of our resolve tried to offer a road map for a solution here. We think we have a better site. We suggested that site. It's a bigger site. It's a better place. It serves Community Board 2 also. We also think a must better job could have been done on this site and we think that with a very small reduction of the amount of housing units, ah, this site can provide a much, much better park. Not a perfect park maybe, but a much better park. That can be done by adding two more floors, altering the SLID to provide two more floors in this building, I think

something the community would embrace given the

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importance of the two competing issues. Ah, also greatly reducing the amount of office space, which was never a part of the balance. It was supposed to be a balance of parks and housing. Not a parks, housing, and offices, and no matter how good the cause of those offices, they're still offices and they could be put someplace else. Then there are aspects of the design of the building, like the big pass-through, which looks attractive in the beginning, but a covered open space is never really an attractive kind of, it's more like a driveway than anything else. It more serves the retail uses than anything else. Then finally there's kind of a protrusion out of the back of the building, which really just houses a conference room. Now, Community Board 2 holds dozens of meetings a month and we find conference rooms. There are plenty of conference rooms, plenty of places to meet in our neighborhood. A one-story conference room building that sticks out of the back of the, ah, this building should not be taking away space for open space, and it doesn't just take away the space that it covers, because it divides the open space, the potential open space, into what's being offered, which is very small, very

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2 narrow, and very odd-shaped, and by removing that conference room you would also open up the adjoining 3 4 space and create a much, much bigger space for a 5 reasonable open space park. The last thing I'd like 6 to say I think we'd really like you to take seriously 7 what we raise about the importance of Parks Department management. That doesn't mean it has to 8 be done by Parks [inaudible]. So we have a great 9 example opposite the old St Vincent's Hospital, where 10

building association of that, ah, of that project.

But it's managed under the guidelines and auspices of
the Parks Department through a contract with the

a park was built and that park is managed by the

Parks Department. It makes all the difference. That makes it a public park. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much for being here today, all of you. We really do appreciate your testimony and for myself, past chairperson of Community Board 12, the second-largest community board in the borough of Queens, I especially want to thank our Community Board 2 counterparts for being here today. It's very, very important that we have balance of discussion and I really do appreciate you bringing that balance here

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2 today to this forum. So thank you all very much for 3 your time. Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, we are going to bring up our next panel. In the interest of time we are going to have to start a clock of two minutes or we will be here until midnight and I know we don't want to do that. So we will call upon Lynn Kelly, Nancy Sanchez, Kay Webster, Valerie Reyes Jimenez, and Lourdes Dujets. [pause] Anybody can begin whenever you're ready. Thank you.

LYNN KELLY: Good afternoon. My name is
Lynn Kelly and I'm the executive director of New
Yorkers for Parks. New Yorkers for Parks is the
city's independent research-based advocacy
organization for over 100 years, championing parks
and open space for New Yorkers. Thank you for the
opportunity to speak today. We believe that healthy
neighborhoods require a balance of essential city
services, affordable housing, schools, healthy food
and of course open space. While our organization
seeks to maximize publicly accessible space wherever
possible, we also recognize that in a wellfunctioning city that strives to be equitable to all

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its residents it's necessary to plan for the present and future needs of New Yorkers. It is a false narrative for New Yorkers to have to choose between open space and new opportunities for deeply affordable housing. However, we ultimately believe that the city is within its rights to move forward with developing Haven Green and furthermore we support the city's attempt to balance the dire need for affordable city housing in this area while still providing open space for the community. As the public's voice and grassroots organization for over 100 years for open space, we have not come to this decision lightly. It was made after many meetings and conversations with stakeholders, parks and garden advocates, both groups for Elizabeth Street Garden, Department of Housing Preservation Development, the Haven Green development team and our own board of directors. We do have some concerns with the current ULURP proposal that we hope the council take into consideration. Number one - long-term maintenance. The Parks Department is overburdened. Full stop. urge the city to have the developer commitment to a long-term agreement. Public access - to maximize access we urge the city to have hours beyond 9 to 5

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2 testimony just so everyone can understand your message today. [pause] 3

UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon. I'll be reading the statement that Nancy Sanchez just presented in English. I arrived at RiseBoro in 2012 in the moment when I was no longer able to pay rent, for rent, with my mother. There were moments of suffering and we saw each other living in the streets. My mother. My mother had Alzheimer's and I was sick with chronic illness. Senior affordable housing is vital. It allows for seniors to have lowcost accessible and on-site services that offer support and allows for seniors to age in a way that makes the seniors feel appreciated and dignified. receive support from the service coordinator and property manager. What has made a big difference in my life are the classes, the yoga classes. They restored my inner harmony. The exercises have improved my mobility and balance. The Zumba classes bring happiness, music, and it fuels my will to live. It has greatly improved my overall health. painting classes have allowed me to discover my artistic abilities, build a connection with my innermost feelings, and it has furthered my learning.

I have an extraordinary teacher. Thank you for all the good that RiseBoro has brought into my life.

Thank you to the people who fight for our rights at an age where adulthood is underestimated. I'd like

7 of Haven Green. Projects like this help defend our

to take this opportunity to support the construction

8 aging communities and allows for access to just and

9 equitable housing for disadvantaged and vulnerable

10 aging people.

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MARI DUJETS: Good afternoon Chair Adams and members of the committee. My name is Maurice I'm a custodian of the Empire State Building Dujets. and I have been a member of 32BJ for over six years now. My union represents over 80,000 building workers across New York City. We maintain and clean buildings like the one being discussed today. I am here on the behalf of my union to express our support for this project. As we all know, New York City is facing a serious affordable housing crisis, especially in Manhattan. At 32BJ we support using our increasingly scarce public land to build projects like this one that allow poor and working people stay in our neighborhoods and thrive. We are glad to see a development that will give low-income seniors the

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Thank you very much.

opportunity to be part of what is an expensive community. We are also happy to report that the development team for the project has made a commitment to provide good wages and benefits for building service workers, who will maintain the building once it is built. RiseBoro, a member of the development team who will handle the day-to-day management of the project is a responsible actor and 32BJ can attest to this throughout their portfolio. We are proud to support their efforts to design a project that delivers so many benefits and their track record of pairing affordable housing and good jobs across the city. Their example is one for all others to follow. We know this project will allow members of this community to live and work with dignity and mobility. We urge you to support it.

VALERIE REYES JIMENEZ: Hi. My name is Valerie Reyes Jimenez and I'm a community organizer for New York City with Housing Works. I've been a housing advocate for over 25 years. My testimony is longer than the two minutes and I would like to submit them in full to this body, and I will just read a portion in the interest of time. I am a

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native New Yorker with roots firmly planted in Manhattan. I was born in New York City, as were my children and grandchild. I worked for many years at the Housing Works offices just three blocks away from the Haven Green proposed site and many of my colleagues still work there. I went to junior high school and high school in Council District 1 and my son learned to sail in the shadows of the Twin When we are young it's almost next to Towers. impossible to imagine one's self as an elderly person. We can think of it in terms of sitting in a rocking chair growing old with a life partner reminiscing of our youth. Our grandparents are old. Not so with the generation, with this generation of grandparents and seniors. I would know, I'm a grandmother of a 16-year-old granddaughter. There are many injustices to people who are poor or black or brown, but the greatest injustice in this society is how the rich get richer and the poor get pushed out of neighborhoods that have been called home for generations. One-third of all New Yorkers spend over one-half of their income on housing, making it hard to achieve financial stability. Anyone who has lived

in New York City all their lives should be able to

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of that.

live in any neighborhood they want and not be beholden to their race, family composition, sexual orientation, age, or income. The question should not be why build here, it should be why not build here. In my experience some of the most hurtful biases and discrimination I have ever encountered came from people who I considered neighbors and fellows, people who I believe fear that life as they know it, life in their safe, comfortable cocoons are in jeopardy it will change drastically. People who have said things like no, this is not going to get built here, no, not in my backyard. I don't want these people here. A [inaudible] display of discrimination and shaming that goes by the name of NIMBY, not in my backyard. In my mind's eye, having 123 real affordable housing units for seniors versus a community garden, really is no contest. You don't have to be a senior or even a homeless person to appreciate the true human value

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Wrap up, please.

22 KAY WEBSTER: Hi. My name is Kay Webster.

Thank you for this chance to testify. I'm the president of the [inaudible] Park Community Coalition in a park two blocks away from this site. I help

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES stewards steward park spaces to become community gardens and I am a community gardener there. helped spearhead the fight for Rivington House, but I am speaking here primarily as a resident of Little I moved to [inaudible] Prince in 1990. Italy. our son arrived in 1999 we sought places that welcomed children. We joined a new parent cooperative housed in Community Board 2's Thompson Street Park House and when my son went to PS-130 we played daily in the Disalvio playground. And to our delight we found Green Thumbs [inaudible] Community Garden in Sarah Roosevelt Park. We did not lack for community gardens. Liz Cristie, Methinda, knew foresight than others and diverse and vibrant outdoor spaces two blocks away. So I specifically want to challenge that notion. What changed in this neighborhood is the influx of many wealthier people. We've endured the losses of neighbors, elders and others, and small businesses. A number of seniors in walk-ups were forced out with high rents or were trapped in walk-ups due to disability. One died of complications from a fire in her fourth-floor walk-up very recently. High rents forced out most of the

small businesses here that served our practical needs

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- the bodegas, the boot repair, the copy shop, the grocery store, all owned or operated by people of color. This is a punishing city to grow old in if you're poor. Racism, sexism, gay oppression, and disability make it even more brutal. And we always need more green spaces. We always want more. have to say I don't think these issues are equivalent This is a compromise. It will not be the at all. statuary of the garden luxury marketplace that was opened to the public in 2013 only after affordable housing was proposed here. Because I've lived here a long time and I know that. Um, yeah, I know you wish my time was up, babe. [laughs] I will just say. This is no charitable offer. This is about a chance for an affluent neighborhood to get right in these times. Our city is in deep trouble due to the lack of affordable housing, racism, sexism, gay oppression, and poverty. We don't get to say...

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Wrap, please.

KAY WEBSTER: We don't get to pretend we've done our due diligence. We are not going to get out of current mess, wealth disparity, without some sacrifices. And I don't want to walk down my street, look at people who are struggling...

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2 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

KAY WEBSTER: ...and not have done

anything that could make a difference...

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

KAY WEBSTER: ...where I live.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

Appreciate your testimony, thank you.

KAY WEBSTER: Thank you.

10 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. [pause]

11 | We'll call up the next panel. Joseph Reever, Kate

12 | Kobiachi, Susan Whittenburg, pardon me if I'm not

13 pronouncing your name correctly, I'm going by the

14 | writing, Mr. Winters, I think it's Brian or Brian

15 | Winters, Michelle Campo. Please step up, quickly.

16 Are they here? Oh, they're upstairs? [pause] Is Mr.

17 | Winters here? No? Then we'll call Leif Witherberg.

[pause]

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19 SUSAN WITTENBERG: Oops, sorry, I'll start

20 again. Hello everyone, my name is Susan Wittenberg

21 | and I'm a long-time SoHo resident, a documentary

22 | filmmaker, and a board member on CB2. I'm on the

23 parks committee and the zoning committee. But I

24 | speak as a community member. I'm testifying in

opposition to the Haven Green development that will

68 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 destroy our beloved Elizabeth Street Garden. like to correct a critical misconception. The city 3 is not building housing on every available city-owned 4 5 site. Here are several nearby examples. The city is 6 not building housing in Union Square. It's building 7 a tech center, office space. The city did not build housing at 19 East Houston Street. It sold the site 8 for private office space. In the East Village the 9 city allowed a Deblasio campaign fund raiser and an 10 New York City EDC board member to demolish five walk-11 12 up tenements with hundreds of units of affordable housing, with hundreds of units of affordable 13 housing, for the 285-room Moxie Hotel. On the Lower 14 15 East Side the city lifted the Rivington House deed 16 restriction and allowed a private sale, ignoring the mayor's staff recommendation to use the site for 17 affordable housing. And in 2015 the New York City 18 EDC issued an RFP to develop to develop 137 Center 19 20 street to provide funding for Downtown Community Television Center Inc., a local nonprofit media arts 21 2.2 center, not for affordable housing. And I say this 23 as a filmmaker, that I thought this was a terrible choice. This RFP still remains outstanding and the 24

site also remains another viable alternative for

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2 affordable housing. I urge you to vote no on the

3 proposed development and pursue a win-win

4 alternative. Build up to five times as much senior

5 housing at an alternative city-owned site and save

6 Elizabeth Street Garden forever. [applause]

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Keep down the level of

8 applause, please.

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JOSEPH REEVER: My name is Joseph Reever. I'm the executive director of Elizabeth Street Garden. Thank you so much for hearing us today. I want to start off by saying it's not a vacant lot, and I'm saying that to Margaret Chin over there. It's a community garden and it's a park and it's a center for our neighborhood and it's an outdoor museum. Elizabeth Street Garden is all of these things and more, and it's all managed and contributed to by the people of our community. This isn't a matter of open space, not just a matter of open space. It's a matter of protecting and preserving an iconic and heavily used place. If we're really to achieve low-income housing, then we should achieve five times the amount at the alternative 388 Hudson site, or any of the other sites that have been listed here, where Susan also mentioned. The build on both

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in everything we can mentality doesn't make sense, especially while luxury towers, like the Extell Tower, are going up and remaining empty. Any process, any form of governance that leads to this sort of orchestrated division is clearly not in the best interest of the people. If a community such as hours can garner thousands of supporters of all different ages and backgrounds, show up time and time again over the course of six years and still be unjustly discredited, wrongly labeled, and ignored, then how is anyone to believe that our city agencies and these processes are actually working for the people of the city and not the interests of developers or pay-to-play politics. After all these years of outcry, Council Member Margaret Chin still has not visited the garden. Perhaps this is the only way she is able to refer to the space as vacant land. The city planning report states the proposed development will improve vacant, underutilized, cityowned site that lacks consistent public access. HPD environmental assessment does everything it can do to avoid addressing the value of the Elizabeth Street Garden and so do the developers. Many of the people making these decisions on this matter have

71 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 never come to the garden. It's one thing to read about the garden, but it's another thing to entirely 3 4 experience the garden in person, and before you make 5 this decision on this matter I urge you, and because 6 it will affect thousands of people, I urge you and I 7 formally ask you as individuals to come to the garden, visit the garden, and meet the community. 8 Meet them face-to-face and learn why we are all here 9 10 today and what we're working so hard to protect. I urge you to vote no against this development. 11 12 urge the subcommittee to take a hard look at... 13 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Please wrap up. JOSEPH REEVER: ...a hard look at the 14 15 stakes and everything that is at stake here with Elizabeth Street Garden. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. 18 JOSEPH REEVER: Because there is no other 19 place like it in New York. 20 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. 21 JOSEPH REEVER: Thank you.

MICHELLE CAMPO: Hi. Michelle Campo, a member of Bowery Block Association, Bowery Lyons of

Thanks very

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS:

The next panelist, please. Please proceed.

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2 Neighborhoods, and Neighborhoods United. I wanted to just add to what I've written by saying that I've 3 4 heard the deed restrictions in perpetuity mentioned several times with this building and as we know in 5 New York City that's an elusive concept. 6 7 native New Yorker and 40-year resident of Bowery near Spring Street, a mere two blocks from Elizabeth 8 Street Garden. I have been witness to many changes 9 10 in my Little Italy neighborhood over the years, both positive and negative. I remember the empty lot 11 12 behind 21 Spring Street on Elizabeth Street. For years the city disregarded this city-owned rubble-13 14 strewn lot. Of course the area was not desirable 15 then. Then several decades ago a man rented this 16 lot, cleaned it up, planted trees and bushes and 17 flowers, did a lot of hard work. True, this was done 18 for a commercial venture of architectural artifacts and not open to the public very often, but it was an 19 20 improvement for the neighborhood. When an undisclosed deed was made in CB3 concerning the Essex 21 2.2 Crossing Development, this land in CB2 was offered up 23 without any notification or discussion to Community Board 2. Now the garden, this beautiful, interactive 24 25 garden opened to and enjoyed by the community is

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2 facing destruction. I suppose we all made it too

3 enticing. This is not an elitist space. It is a

4 | truly democratic delight for all. I'm a dedicated

5 | housing advocate. I have been a supporter of Habitat

6 for Humanity for many years. I work on housing

7 issues with local residents. Yet there is something

8 about this development which feels not quite right,

9 | including the fact that there is another location not

10 | far away with zoning which would afford for a larger

11 structure and thus more apartments and more space for

12 residents. Is the sticking point the fact that it is

13 | in another council district? Green space is sorely

14 | needed in this neighborhood for good health, clean

15 air, education of children, serenity of persons of

16 | all ages, among many other factors. I know of no

17 | elderly neighborhood resident living in a walk-up who

18 \parallel would give up this garden for one of its apartments,

19 one of their apartments. Please do not...

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Please wrap up.

21 MICHELLE CAMPO: ... destroy our lovely

22 | garden.

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23 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you so much.

24 KATE KOBIACHI: My name is Kate Kobiachi.

I've lived on Elizabeth Street for 42 years. And

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like Michelle, I have see the many changes in our neighborhood. Some welcome, some not. I also have been an advocate for affordable housing and rent control. However, I find this project disingenuous for a group of people who so sorely need places to live and have options to have a larger space. the developers and people in government who supposedly represent this community think they are fooling? Affordable housing is in vogue to promote a quick OK. But it is the chairing of affordable housing and perpetuity is a mockery to this particular site. That said, Elizabeth Street Garden is an oasis, not only because of its physical beauty, but it also the essence of what community should be. For conversations by young and old, from all walks of life, exchange histories and futures, an oasis not just for the neighborhood, but thousands of tourists who as well desperately try to find bits and pieces of real New York, which still survive in the midst of the shopping mall that much of the city has become. The garden and this neighborhood embodies the spirit of new and old New York. Within a three-block area of the garden one-third of the store fronts are continually empty. These spaces are not viable

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except for tax write-offs, but not for a functioning

community. This proposed development would only add

to the glut. This kind of greed is not sustainable,

5 but the garden is an oasis that does sustain life.

6 Do not let it be destroyed.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you so much for your testimony today, panel. You may be excused. We are going to call the next panel at this time.

[pause] OK, we're going to call up Tito Delgado,

Stephanie Sosa, Lisa Genowski. [pause] I would like to acknowledge that we have been joined by Council

Member Barron and Council Member Miller. [pause]

sentence] and I am a former site tenant of the urban renewal area. My family and 2000 families were, 2000 families were pushed out of that site on the Lower East Side and for 50 years we fought to try to get back. For 50 years we had empty lots there. There was tremendous opposition to any kind of lower income or affordable housing there and very powerful forces, elected officials, fought against any affordability. Why do I bring that up? The reason I say this is that I'm very familiar what NIMBY looks like. I've been fighting it all my life, and this is not right.

Thank you.

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pretty.

You know, you talk about, ah, a garden like if it was a home. It's not. You know, I love parks. I spend time in parks. I don't want to sleep in a park, though, and this is your choice. I mean, I think there's a real compromise here. We can have both.

But I don't want, well, I do understand why there's so much opposition and unfortunately it's not very

STEPHANIE SOSA: Good afternoon. Thank you Chair Adams and members of the Landmarks, Public Siting, and Maritime Uses Subcommittee for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Stephanie Sosa and I am the senior associate for housing development policy at the Association for Neighborhood and Housing Development, also known as ANHD. ANHD's mission is to advance equitable flourishing neighborhoods for all New Yorkers. coalition of 100 community-based affordable housing and equitable economic development organizations in New York City, we work at the intersection of organizing policy advocacy and capacity building. Our extensive network has built has over 100,000 units, 120,000 units of affordable housing. ANHD supports the development of Haven Green, a mission-

25 up.

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Not developed much affordable housing in comparison to other New York City neighborhoods, blocking low-income residents out of the neighborhood. Haven Green will allow for low-income seniors to call Little Italy their home, thus lowering their risk of facing severe rent burden or even homelessness. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. At this time if there is anyone in the balcony we will encourage you to please come down into chambers on the first floor, join us. If anyone is in the balcony please come down to the first floor chambers and join us here. Thank you. We're now joined by SAGE and the architect partner. You may proceed.

My name is Grayson Jordan. I am an architect with Paul Constricto Architects in the Lower East Side. My firm worked with the Haven Green team to create a participatory design for the open space of this project. I'm here to describe that process as well as express my strong support for the project. Participatory design seeks to engage all stakeholders in the design process. This approach

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encourages input from voices beyond the client and the design team, inviting end users, neighbors, and other stakeholders to imagine and shape the future of the site. Beginning in the winter of 2018 our team initiated an outreach process to identify and engage local and citywide stakeholders. The team engaged in a broad public outreach campaign, inviting nearly 900 local and citywide organizations to participate in designing the open space of Haven Green. outreach included email, neighborhood flyer campaigns, and word of mouth. In a series of four public meetings we provided a range of activities to solicit input. We collected a statistical baseline using a design survey, which was available both online and in public meetings. We used preference boards to understand what types of plants, seating, design features, and activities were preferred for the site. We asked participants to share personal stories about the existing space or another meaningful outdoor space. Finally, we engaged in design [inaudible] where participants were able to share specific and concrete design ideas. this process our participants provided meaningful insight, spirited engagement, and hundreds of unique

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ideas. Our team carefully recorded, organized, and analyzed the public input, creating a participatory design report that outlines the data collected, and that's the report that you have in your hand, including ideas and thoughts that recurred throughout the process, providing a guiding vision and inspiration for the design of the Haven Green public space. Haven Green seeks a difficult but essential balance, providing urgently needed affordable housing and publicly accessible open space. On the Haven Green project I have worked with the dedicated team that is committed to achieving both of these goals on this site. I hope that the council will share my

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: I just have a quick question for you. I'm glad that you brought the material, you spoke about participation. Can you give us a rough estimate of how many participants were involved in this process?

support for this project. Thank you.

GRAYSON JORDAN: Yeah, so the, in the meetings themselves, across the four meetings, there was maybe 120 participants, um, and I think roughly 150 survey participants.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

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2 DAVID VINCENT: Good afternoon. My name is David Vincent. I'm the chief program officer with 3 SAGE was founded in 1978. It is the country's 4 SAGE. 5 first and largest organization dedicated to improving the lives of LGBT older people. LGBT older New 6 7 Yorkers need and deserve affordable, welcoming housing. That's why SAGE is excited to be involved 8 in the Haven Green project as one of the on-site 9 social service providers. At this development SAGE 10 will be providing case management services to LGBT 11 12 elders who reside in the building and offer program to LGBT older people and other community members who 13 14 live in the neighborhood. Service-enriched LGBT-15 friendly housing is crucial for our city's LGBT 16 elders. Aging alone can be wrought with challenges, including social isolation and diminished income. 17 18 For LGBT older people, however, many of whom who have experienced discrimination throughout their lives as 19 20 a direct result of their sexual orientation or gender identity the deck is stacked against them. 21 2.2 uneven playing field has long-lasting effects on 23 their financial security. More than four out of 10 24 LGBT Americans over the age of 65 cite financial

problems as a major concern. 51% of LGBT older

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2 people report that they are extremely concerned about

3 not having enough money to live on compared to 36% of

4 straight couples. Further, 30% are concerned about

5 housing stability. LGBT people face profound

6 | challenges in accessing welcoming housing. A 2014

7 | 10-state investigation conducted by the Equal Rights

8 Center and SAGE found that 48% of same-sex older

9 couple testers seeking housing in senior living

10 | facilities across the country experienced

11 discrimination. The data from this study combined

12 | with anecdotal reports by SAGE's constituents in New

13 York City shows that pervasive challenges continue.

14 LGBT-friendly housing is crucial to enable our eldest

15 | to age in their communities to avoid isolation and

16 receive culturally competent care. That is why SAGE

17 | supports the development of affordable LGBT-affirming

18 elder housing at Haven Green. Thank you.

19 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. Were

20 | there questions? No, no questions? OK. Thank you

21 | very much for your testimony today. We do appreciate

22 | it. All right, we'd like to call up Jean Wilke,

23 | Robert Pierpont, Ben Shepherd, Ruth Fluvok, and

24 | Patrick Christiano. Are they here? [pause] Yeah,

were the other three? Lisa Fairstein? Christie

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES

2 Avron? Dylan Goodrich? Louis Semper Teguy? Kristin

Shea? Allison Skye? Still looking for a fifth 3

panelist. Krista Grauer? Hamilton Reagan? Carrie 4

5 Thor? Ryan Keenan? Hannah and Gabriel Burn?

6 Katalan Balog? Lisa Keenan? Adena Schwartz? Sean

7 Sweeney? Renee Green? I feel like I'm taking

8 attendance in ninth grade. [laughter]

UNIDENTIFIED: Renee is here.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Renee's here? Denise Simon? Do we have a form? What's your name? Come Jesus Decat? No problem. You may begin. on up.

JEANINE KILEY: Thank you. I'm Jeanine Kiley, president of Friends of Elizabeth Street Garden. I'm a park and education advocate. I spent all day yesterday here at the public hearing on school diversity. But today I speak in opposition to the Haven Green development. We are here because our grassroots initiative uncovered a secret back room deal. Meanwhile, the city ignores a win-win solution. The effort to save the garden started from a grassroots initiative by local activists to get more public park space. It was only then that we uncovered a secret back room deal that our council

member negotiated as part of a rezoning in another

84 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 community, a non-binding, behind-the-scenes deal with zero public review, zero public discussion, and zero 3 4 transparency. The site has not been promised for Since 5 housing for decades. That is simply false. 6 then the community has held seven hearings, passed 7 five resolutions, and supported an alternative site where up to five times as much housing can be built. 8 But the city ignored our community and a win-win 9 compromise. The council member has called for 10 greater transparency against other back room deals on 11 12 Rivington House, the Two Bridges Mega Towers, the Chinatown Jail, and many other projects. But there 13 14 was no transparency on this deal. I've shared a 15 detailed presentation. You have the slides. You can 16 access at bit.ly/saveesg. The garden site is held in trust for educational purposes since 1822. The city 17 18 actually committed to a new school and housing and the promised affordable housing was built in 1981. 19 The development will destroy the garden and leave 20 behind a tiny open space, and, most important, 21 2.2 affordable housing is allocated by age, income, and

household size, not sexual preference, but with 50%

five times as many of Council Member Chin's

preference for CB2 residents the win-win will benefit

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constituents. Support transparency and a win-win solution. Please vote no. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

MS. ELSTROM: So do you know what I have here in my hand, um, is a rubber stamp, and we've been told oh, don't bother with the City Council, they just use the rubber stamp. They'll never vote against the council person out of deference. show this rubber stamp as a symbol of what is wrong with this process and how else to explain how we got here today, when a giveaway of public land that has been since the 1800s is sold to a developer for a dollar, decided during a secret back room deal with Sheldon Silver without so much as a courtesy call to our community board. I call it a rubber stamp. After the residents held hearing after hearing, where hundreds of people turned out to show their support for the garden, rubber stamp. When literally thousands of letters have been written in support of this stunning outdoor community center that many call the soul of our neighborhood, rubber stamp. borough president came to our harvest festival, saw people coming together and declared that this space should never be destroyed, but then out comes the

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rubber stamp. So our grassroots coalition went further. We realized how deep this housing crisis was and we pleaded with our electeds to help us find an alternative so that green space and housing would not be pitted together, against each other, tearing our community apart, and they did. The leaders of our community board found a piece of land that could house up to five times as many seniors and they passed a resolution to allow that swamp and what do we get? A rubber stamp. Did our council member even bother to visit Elizabeth Street Garden to see why this community has never given up? Did she sit down with us to work on a solution, forge coalitions and find a win-win compromise, actually do the hard work of a leader and harness the energy that is in that room? She could save this garden and in return demand that we unite our efforts talk making more housing. But no, she did not. She is simply relying on this rubber stamp. But I have faith. I have faith that you know better, that you will put an end to this cynical process that robs people of their voice. Please vote against the destruction of our precious green space and put away this dreaded rubber stamp, and in doing so you will have a community who is

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2 ready to get to work. Put away the rubber stamp.

Because we are ready to participate. [applause] 3

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you, Ms.

Elstrom. You may proceed.

LISA FAIRSTEIN MATA: Hi, my name is Lisa Fairstein Mata. I am a member of the community and I am here adding my voice in opposition to the proposal known as Haven Green, which will destroy Elizabeth Street Garden, the only open green space in our densely urban neighborhood, without providing anywhere near enough truly affordable supportive housing for New York's needy senior citizens. thank the committee for considering the implications of this misguided and deceptive plan. I want to draw your attention to two issues that are most troubling. First, despite the rhetoric of the real estate companies and the Department of Housing Preservation and Development the Haven Green proposal will not help the most vulnerable elderly New Yorkers. As council members will know from experiences with HPD so-called affordable housing in East New York and elsewhere, what HPD counts as affordable housing is not actually affordable in the real world. According to their own perspectives in Comptroller Stringer's

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2017 Aging with Dignity report only 32 of the small studio apartments at Haven Green will be affordable to any New York City senior citizen who is reliant on Social Security and disability payments, which average \$1500 a month. To put this in context, these 32 affordable studios occupy about as much of Haven Green as do the proposed offices for Habitat for Humanity. Even more worrying is the fact that HPD is supporting this destructive Haven Green plan while at the same the neighborhood's largest and most successful, genuinely affordable housing project, the adjacent Section 8 apartment at Lira right next door is being allowed to slip away into the private market. Because of HPD's inattention, these 150 spacious two-bedroom apartments will be lost in the next few years. Other testimony will have told you about alternative sites for affordable housing. alternative site at the existing Lira complex could be preserved and adapted to provide more than 300 senior-friendly studio apartments, 10 times the housing promised by Haven Green, while preserving and protecting Elizabeth Street Garden in its entirety. I share the concerns of the thousands of New Yorkers who support Elizabeth Street Garden. I urge you to

Thank you.

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to-be-born.

reject this Haven Green proposal. Tell HPD to do its
job and preserve truly affordable supportive housing
for our needy citizens and save Elizabeth Street
Garden as a public civic space for New Yorkers of all
incomes and ages, from the elderly to the very soon-

Thank you. CONTA LIMBAR: I'm Conta Limbar and I'm also a long-time community member and I prepared remarks. It's here, two pages, but I decided that I'm just going to make a very short point here, is that I think that the purpose of this meeting is to engage in a rationale debate over this plan and I haven't seen that there has been a real rationale debate here. So the only point of contention, as far as I can see here, is why not pursue a solution that makes possible both the housing and the garden. So what's put forward here that, is that in the context of city planning it's not rationale to formulate the choices between destroying the garden or having affordable housing. But none of the supporters of the development in any way engaged this point. There hasn't been any argument for why not, why not pursing that plan, and of course, you know, there are arguments for

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affordable housing. Nobody here, none of the participants of this meeting want to, you know, we don't need to have any further arguments. We are all very aware that there is a housing crisis and we're all very aware of the value of that. But the point that we are discussing here is not that, whether we are aware of the housing crisis. The point we are discussing here, why not pursue a solution that makes both possible. And just reiterating how housing is

important is not a response to this point. So that

was all that I wanted to say. Thank you.

AZIZ DEHKAN: My name is Aziz Dehkan.

I'm a city resident and the executive director of the New York City Community Garden Coalition. We represent, we advocate for the over 600 community gardens in New York City. I'm going to be 67 next week. So I guess I qualify as a senior. Many of the membership of the New York City Community Garden Coalition are people who can and will want affordable housing. So let's not make this a different, let's not make this the argument about who wants affordable housing more. Everybody needs affordable housing if you're going to live in New York City. You know, what worries me is that this committee and this

91 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 council is going to follow in the footsteps of Rudy Guiliani. Rudy Guilani created the false dichotomy 3 of open space versus affordable housing. That false 4 5 dichotomy, that false language continues today. Lots, not just this one, but lots throughout the city 6 7 get sold for a dollar, to developers who claim affordable housing units. If the city really was 8 interested in affordable housing they would take 9 Hudson Yards and make that affordable housing. 10 [applause] 11 12 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet down please,

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quiet down please, quiet down please.

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AZIZ DEHKAN: If the city was really was really only...

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: It's only two minutes on the clock, folks. You're taking up his time.

AZIZ DEHKAN: If the city was really interested in affordable housing they would look at the current units that are available to HPD and turn those into affordable housing. So let's not make this the false dichotomy of Rudy Guilani. Does anybody here want to follow Rudy Guilani? I don't. So here's what I propose, is that we stop talking about this particular lot and start talking about all

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the open space in New York City. Talk about what racial, environmental, and social justice looks like, and it looks like everybody in this room, it looks like the council, and it looks like wee need to join together and make this city a better city, a

resilient city, and a sustainable city. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much, and I'm sure everyone in this room wishes you a very, Thank you for being here today. very happy birthday. Thank you panelists. Thank you. OK, we're going to call up the next panelists. Again, I feel like I'm a high school teacher reading the Delaney card, so we're going to go for it. Valerio Orcelli? Ah. Celestine Jones? John Scott? Christopher Good? Didi Dirko, or D'Aurico. [pause] Andrea Cianfrani? [pause] There is room for Jim Forra, if you're here, Jim Foret. [pause] You may begin.

VALERIO ORSELLIL: Thank you. Chair, members of the City Council, members of the public here, my name is Valerio Orselli. speaking as a founding member of the Cooper Square Mutual Housing Association and Cooper Square Community Land Trust, a nonprofit cooperative project on the Lower East Side of Manhattan, and I'm also a

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former resident of Little Italy when it still was Little Italy and affordable. And I'm here to support Habitat for Humanity and their partners in the Haven Green project. Without a doubt you will hear today impassioned speeches in support of the garden of Elizabeth Street detailing the lack of green space in the neighborhood. While communities surely need green space, the availability of affordable housing for seniors must take precedence. In the project [inaudible] involved with, Francis Golden Apartments on Delancey Street, over 93,000 seniors applied for 100 apartments. Cooper Square provided affordable housing for many people. The housing is so affordable nobody moves out and we're developing into a naturally occurring retirement community. They have new apartments, our seniors, but our apartments are walk-ups and therefore they're practically prisoners of their apartments because they can't go up and down five or six flights of stairs. We need elevators, like in the new building. While there is a lack of open space in Little Italy, there are a number of other green spaces nearby - Elizabeth Street Garden on Houston Street, Washington Square Park, two blocks away they have available to them

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES

300,000 square feet of open space, the Sara Roosevelt

Park on Chrystie Street. CB2 should advocate with

the New York City Parks Department to set aside

20,000 square feet within the park to relocate the

sculptures on loan from the gallery owner next door

and replicate Elizabeth Street Garden. Since 2014

only 93 new affordable housing units have been

developed in all of CB2. The area is 72% white. The

median home value is 2 million dollars. If this

trend continues unabated Little Italy will truly

become an upper middle class white ghetto. For these

reasons I urge you to vote in support of [inaudible]

for Haven Green. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

JOHN SCOTT: Hello, my name is John Scott and I've been fighting for affordable housing for 40 years. I'm a past president of the Independence Plaza Tenants' Associate, Association. I'm currently the chair of the senior committee on tenant association. I have had the pleasure to work with the seniors since I have retired. And one of the things that we have to do, and as leaders, as yourselves, is that we have to recognize that our seniors have given a lot to our society and what we

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are doing is we are forgetting them, and we understand about, um, gardens. I was a fighter for the Washington Market Park. I was one of the original people that was on that board. But what we have now is seniors need housing, and we know that this is a space that can be used and they need these kind of services. I happen to know somebody that I'm working with the senior center that lived in Little Italy. She raised kids there. But what happened is now she is senior she cannot stay in a walk-up, so she had to leave and go into a family that couldn't really accept her but had to because she couldn't walk those stairs. She lived in that community. She was pushed out of that community. This will bring her back into the community. I have been lucky. I have raised two daughters in affordable housing in Mitchell Lama, but what happened with Mitchell Lama? They are pushing out our people because it expired. And so I was lucky. And if I was not in this affordable housing I couldn't live here. But I have been a person that made a lot of difference in my community, I have been a leader. I have been built this community with other people and what I ask is yes, gardens are important, but our seniors are much

2 more important. Please, do the leadership thing.

3 Vote for senior housing.

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DIDI D'AURICO: Thank you. My name is Didi D'Aurico. I'm a senior and I'm disabled. client with, um, well, the visiting neighbors, who help me a great deal, where I met Christopher Good here, who really lives up to his name, because if it wasn't for him I probably wouldn't be able to go my MRIs and I do have a tumor at the end of my spine, that's why I'm sitting here, and he helps me a great But I feel sorry for a lot of my friends, who deal. can't get out and can't go up and down stairs. lucky. I have an elevator apartment. flowers. I paint them, I'm an artist. But I love people more, and if I have to distinguish between a garden and where a person has to be a prisoner in their own home, and this goes beyond color, creed, or anything because we're all human beings and you never know in life how you're going to turn out to be, because I never thought of this happening to me. we have to really look as we age as what is happening there and take care and respect our fellow human beings, and I hope there are more people around in this earth like my dear friend here, Christopher, who

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2 gives his time and energy just to take me to a doctor. Thank you. 3

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

ANDRIA GIANFRANI: Good afternoon, Madam Chair, members of the committee, thank you for the opportunity to testimony today. I'm Andrea Gianfrani from Live On New York. We represent 100 nonprofits that provide community-based services to older adults throughout the city. We strongly support this application for Haven Green. Live On believes that a fair city, in a fair city for all ages and that is because having a future and contributing to the resilience of our communities does not have an age cut-off. And let us be clear, we are all aging and this is about all of us and how we age as a city. Aging brings momentum, but it also brings challenges. We commissioned a study several years ago, finding 200,000 seniors on wait lists for affordable housing and equally as disturbing as that is the average time is seven to 10 years, and we know that that is going Also, many seniors are rent burdened, paying over half their income in rent, making difficult choices every day on what to spend their fixed income The number question that many legislators get in on.

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their offices, senior center staff get, and we get, and community-based organizations, is help find affordable housing, whether that to be today or in the future, for themselves or for their loved ones. That is why we commend the administration for making senior housing a priority in the housing plan and we commend Council Member Chin and her leadership, as well as the City Council for really looking closely at the issues of affordable housing when making very important community decisions. We support this project and the Haven Green team because they're comprised of mission-driven organizations and they know that housing is more than bricks and mortar. They know that these housing, and it's more than just a building. These are community-focused organizations that are building services and supports for the entire community. This project and many of the affordable senior housing projects built by nonprofits and community-focused organizations as part of development teams follow this model and look at this through this lens and it's something that we, we really support, is making New York a better place to age. I'd like to close with this. Live On New York has been working for the past year on a study of

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affordable senior housing buildings and we've talked to seniors who live there. Many of them for decades and some that are in new buildings. We asked them a lot of questions about the great things about living there, but the one question that disturbs us and kind of keeps us up at night is the question of where would you be if you did not have this home. They all have the same answer, and that is I don't know. And that is really troubling and it's something that we can look at and start addressing with projects like Haven Green, and we hope that this will provide that answer to 123 new homes for individuals in New York. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Hi. Um, I've had the good fortune to have both lived and worked in the neighborhood since 1977. Um, being a long-time resident does not give me special privileges. But it rather obligates me to share with newly arriving and certainly for the less fortunate. We are now one of the wealthiest communities in this country. We can work together and we can do better. I've designed and installed green roofs and gardens throughout our city. The New York Times recently reprinted an

1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 Oliver Sacks essay that beautifully illustrates the importance of a garden. My love for gardens, 3 4 however, is not inconsistent with my support for 5 Haven Green. Those that oppose this housing say that it should just be built somewhere else. The reality 6 7 is that there are many more possible locations for gardens than there are for housing. Unlike housing, 8 a garden can be adapted to many different spaces. 9 Just as a derelict rail line was transformed into the 10 High Line, Elizabeth Street itself, not the current 11 12 garden, but the street itself, could have a beautiful garden laid over it. This is not all farfetched. 13 14 Similar to the High Line, a garden can be created in 15 shallow soil and without breaking the pavement. 16 Political will is more difficult. But just this week 17 Scott Stringer put forward a proposal he calls 18 pavement playgrounds. Why not pavements to gardens, starting with Elizabeth Street? Our borough 19 20 president supports Haven Green, but she wants it to

An extra floor or two would have zero downside yet provide more homes. Many of the people I assist are

essentially trapped on the upper floors of old walk-

include 30% more open space. Instead, we should be

asking if Haven Green provides 30% more apartments.

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES

2 up buildings. Nobody wants me to carry them down the

I do, but they don't want it. Let's not 3 stairs.

think small. Let's not pit gardens against housing. 4

Let's take back our streets for better use than 5

6 storing and moving cars. Let's build housing on

7 every available lot. Most importantly, let's

consider those in need before we serve ourselves.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

JOHN FORET: My name is John Foret.

12 I'm 78 years old. [voice in background shouts out]

Could you quiet down please? Could you stop the 13

14 clock until that, could you stop the clock please?

15 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Please continue, Mr.

16 Foret.

17 John FORET: Thank you. My name is John

18 Foret. I'm 78 years old. I live at 227 Waverly

Place in a sixth-floor walk-up. I came to the 19

20 Village in 1961. I moved into my current apartment

in April of 1969. I am SCRIE protected, which will 21

2.2 tell you about my income. I've been a cultural

worker and a community organizer all my life. I have

dedicated most of my political work to providing a 24

safe space for LGT people. We are in a dangerous

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES particular political moment now that poor people and LGT people of all the diversity my community represents are under siege by an administration which is cruel. I don't want to think that my neighbors in CB2 are also cruel. I look at you, those of you who have been attending the garden versus the seniors housing meetings that we've been having at Community Board 2, et cetera, and I don't want to have a fight with you on that level. But I have to tell you, particularly the City Council person who represents me, who happens to be the speaker of the City Council, stopped playing politics, forget the checkbooks of those rich people that live there and the middle class people that support them. If I lose my eviction case of three years I will be homeless. There is no place that I can live in my community. And I want to say to [inaudible] Bergman, who's testified earlier, who said that all the seniors care about is an elevator. No. I also want to live in a community that I have lived in for over 70 years now. I want to be able to talk to my neighbors who are still alive and to the young people that are here,

and I think that all of you should really go home and

think very hard about why on either side why we are

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 103 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES
2	fighting with each other when we're talking about
3	human lives.
4	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.
5	I thank you all for being here today. Thank you for
6	your time. [pause] Next we'll call Norman Segal,
7	Reverend D. Donna Shaper, Shepper. Have you signed
8	in?
9	SIGGY RAYBEL: Yes.
10	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: What's your name?
11	SIGGY RAYBEL: Cindy [inaudible]
12	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: What's your last
13	name?
14	SIGGY RAYBEL: Raybel.
15	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Cindy Rabel, OK. You
16	can come on up. Kirsten Theodos? Charles Birnbaum?
17	UNIDENTIFIED: Charles Birnbaum is not
18	available.
19	CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK, then we'll call
20	Kate Fletcher. [pause] Melanie Maccio. Mr. Segal,
21	you may begin.
22	NORMAN SEGAL: This subcommittee should
23	not, not approve the Haven Green project. The city
24	has failed to comply with its obligations to CEQR.

The EAS is inadequate and the negative declaration

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES issued by HPD is unfounded, inappropriate, and 2 procedurally defective. Pursuant to CEQR, HPD must 3 4 review the EAS and take a hard look at and thoroughly analyze relevant areas of environmental concern. 5 the destruction and development of the garden may 6 7 include the potential, potential, for at least one, one significant adverse environment impact then by 8 law an EIS must be prepared and simply it was not 9 done here. Manhattan Community Board 2, who's 10 testified, is the government body closest to the 11 12 issues in this matter. Since 2013 they have consistently expressed support for the permanent 13 14 prevention of the garden. You heard them speak here 15 this morning, talking this afternoon about the 16 quality of life, health, and well-being. We need to listen to Community Board 2. If HPD and the city 17 18 ignore and disregard the sage advice of Community Board 2 today it sets a horrible precedent tomorrow 19 20 the city and agencies like HPD can ignore and disregard a community board in your district. Let's 21 2.2 not allow that to happen. Community boards should 23 count. The Elizabeth Street Garden and as people have said before is not a vacant land, as HPD has 24

characterized it. I think they intentionally and by

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design demean the garden and its status by calling it a vacant lot. To the contrary it is sui generis, it's unique. It's well used, beautifully landscaped, publicly available open space. Furthermore, as Joe Reever said, you should go to the garden. When you go to the garden you see something different than abstract, especially since right now, if my eyes are correct, the only member of the subcommittee is the chair. One out of five are here now. Is this what democracy is about? Absolutely no! You've got to go to the garden before you vote. Thank you very much. [applause]

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Sit down, please.

KIRSTEN THEODOS: Good afternoon. My

name is Kirsten Theodos, and I strongly oppose the

Haven Green project. Everyone in the city agrees

that New York City is in an affordable housing crisis

and while we desperately need to create new

affordable apartments for New Yorkers, I ask this

question. At the expense of what? The Elizabeth

Street Garden is only one example of Mayor de Blasio

build, baby, build administration, stealing public

assets to be handed over to private developers. In

fact, it's already happened to our libraries, kids'

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES playgrounds, and parkland in the Bronx. Should we demolish all of our gardens, libraries, playgrounds, and parkland into oblivion for the sake of, air quotes, affordable housing? The truth is the city refuses to effectively manage the low-income housing it already has, thus establishing the premise that the private sector is the only way to create affordable housing. Another truth is the de Blasio administration is completely controlled by the Real Estate Board of New York, also known as REBNY. the Daily News reported that de Blasio's deputy mayors, commissioners, and high-ranking aides had at least 358 meetings and talks with both commercial and in-house lobbyists in just 11 months. lobbyists who got meetings with top-seat officials include the president of REBNY, John Banks himself. It's also recently been reported that the de Blasio administration opted to buy 17 buildings with notorious slum lords, Podolsky Brothers, to be converted into affordable housing. And the lawyer who represented them at the portfolio sale is Frank Cerrone, a long-time de Blasio ally and fund raiser. In the case of the Haven Green project, the developer

has teamed up with RiseBoro. According to RiseBoro's

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2 | website one of the board members is Frank Cerrone.

3 So this is just yet another one of

De Blasio's many pay-to-play scandals involving city-owned land to be given away to private developers. If the city green lights this project it will be one of the most egregious developer give-aways since Rivington House. So I urge City Council to shut it down.

SIGGY RAYBEL: Hi, my name is Siggy I live in Greenwich Village. The Reverend Raybel. Donna Shaper had to leave. She is the senior minister of Judson Memorial Church and she is opposed to the development. This is my statement, not hers. I have lived in my present apartment for close to 40 years. I am opposed to the development of this project for two reasons. I heartily support affordable apartment development for both seniors and homeless seniors. But I do not support this proposed development. Over the last two or three years I have attended many of the community board forums and meetings regarding the development. I object to this development because there is a vacant city-owned parcel located at 388 Hudson Street, which would provide far more than 123 tiny single-room occupancy

20 opposed to this development. Even so, the proponents

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democracy looks like. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

Community Board 2 and many elected officials joined

together to oppose the development and have remained

wish to go forward with the plan, not withstanding

the community's objections. This is not what

1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 UNIDENTIFIED: According to experts 3 consulted by Elizabeth Street Garden there are 4 problems with several aspects of the EAS. First, the EAS indicates a more than 2% decrease in the open 5 6 space ratio as a result of the proposed project. 7 According to the CEQR technical manual, whereas here an area is extremely lacking in open space, such a 8 decrease indicates that the project may have a 9 significant adverse effect on the environment. 10 Therefore, an environmental impact statement should 11 12 have been prepared. Second, and perhaps because the EAS fails to acknowledge the value of Elizabeth 13 14 Street Garden to the community, it does not 15 adequately address the inability of the proposed open 16 space to meet the broad needs of the community, as 17 does Elizabeth Street Garden. Among other concerns, 18 the proposed open space will be in shadow in the morning and at least part of the afternoon for much 19 20 of the year. Understand the CEQR technical manual, a neighborhood character assessment should have been 21 2.2 performed. The destruction of Elizabeth Street 23 Garden may adversely affect neighborhood character in 24 that the garden is a key attraction to the

neighborhood and serves a unique and critical role in

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areas of environmental concern.

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2 the community. The proposed project will

the community. The proposed project will destroy an open green space with a number of trees. Such spaces can have a cooling effect and are a valuable resources in efforts to mitigate climate change. A hard look would have assessed the proposed project in relationship to the city's commitment under Executive Order 26 to supporting the goals of the Paris Agreement. The City Council should deny the proposed project. A full environmental impact statement should have been prepared. This would have been clear had there been a hard look at the relevant

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

Thank you.

MELANIE MACCIO: My name is Melanie

Maccio. I'm an architectural historian here in New

York City. I have also worked in Los Angeles,

Washington D.C., Virginia, and Maryland, and I am

here today to talk about the potential historic

significance of the Elizabeth Street Garden. While

there has been much mention about it as a green space

in a neighborhood starving for that, as much of New

York City is, there is an additional exceptionalism

in the landscape, and that is expression of an

outsider artist. An outsider artist is one that is

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 111 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 producing work outside of the mainstream art world, sometimes without training. Allen Reever created 3 4 Elizabeth Street Garden as an artistic expression of 5 his vision for the Little Italy lot. He laid out the garden design in 1991, adding lawn spaces, pathways, 6 7 and horticultural features, including the still-8 extant anchoring pear trees. Reever added statuary and architectural elements in response to the site's 9 10 layouts and with regards to their own spatial relationships. According to the Cultural Landscape 11 12 Foundation, Reever's curated collection of garden statuary includes columns and gazebos designed by 13 Frederick [inaudible]'s firm for a Long Island estate 14 15 that has now since been demolished, as well as a 16 stone and granite balustrade designed by French landscape architect, Jacques Rivere. He is most well 17 18 known for plotting and planning much of downtown Philadelphia's historic district today. 19 20 balustrade was removed from a 36-acre Lindwood Hall estate which sat just outside of Philadelphia and was 21 2.2 one of the largest estates in that area. The reason 23 why I bring this up is to call out Reever's 24 collection and curation of this art by noted

architects and placing these pieces in inspired

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PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES

2 expression is a vision of the designer. He is both inspired by this work and inspiring others by this 3 placement. He has also contrasted this with 4

contemporary pieces as well. His curation of the

6 landscape came from his own expression rather than

7 any formal training which makes it potentially

significant on a national and regional historic 8

basis. 9

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much. Thank you all for your time today. We really appreciate your testimony. Thank you. [pause] OK, Jordan Press, Tom Connor, CK Tang, I think, Ben Carlos Tipan, and Michael Madrid. [pause] Ted Glass. [pause] It is off, thank you. [pause] You may begin.

JORDAN PRESS: Good afternoon, Chair. name is Jordan Press. I've been before the Land Use Committee in various capacities before, but today I'm here without anyone asking me to be. I'm here as a New Yorker, a Manhattanite, a YIMBY-ist, and affordable housing advocate. I'm also here as a strong believer in the central tenement of our National Fair Housing Act, known as Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing, or AFFH. AFFH states that it is not good enough for governments to simply take

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enforcement action against those who discriminate against people's housing due to their race, religion, age, and other reasons. Rather, it say we that in order to break historic patterns of inequality that governments must affirmatively work to integrate neighborhoods and provide housing choice across the city. It would be a terrible failure of our land use policy if we were only building affordable housing in neighborhoods with high poverty and high minority populations. This project is a great step in furtherance of AFFH. In my judgment, you only need to speak to one elderly person who has spent their entire life working and taking care of others who now faces housing instability to know that your vote in favor of this project lands you on the right side of history. While I respect everyone's position I lament how contentious this has become. Today should be a day where we congratulate the architect and the development team for putting together an outstanding proposal that balances the needs of outdoor space with housing. We should be extolling the brave and courageous stance of Council Member Chin and her staff for having such moral clarity on this issue. We should be thanking City Hall and HPD for having

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the guts and vision to not back down, even when it was not always popular. As to the other so-called alternative lot that has been discussed on the opposite end of this community district, we should develop affordable housing there, too, and for the same reasons that I laid out above. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

TOM CONNOR: Hello. Hi, my name is Tom Connor. I'm 88 years old. I've been desperate about this housing situation and it's getting worse. want to thank Margaret Chin for her leadership. is outstanding. She has been extremely helpful to senior citizens in many different ways, but the housing issue is crucial. I am also a member of Community Board 2, although I am not speaking for them as I am in the minority, but I don't want you to get the wrong impression. The people that spoke from Community Board 2, they were the majority, but there were others that don't agree with them. I'm one of them. Now, it seems to me that the people that are fighting against the public senior housing, these strike me as people that feel entitled. They want what they want. They talked about getting 8000 letters in. How do you think they did that? They

hired a professional staff. They've hired an expensive lawyer. They've hired all kind of public relations. How are the homeless going to compete with these rich people? They're trying to gentrify that area. There's no social justice if people have to sleep on the streets and the other people can loll in a garden and enjoy themselves, which is nice if they can do it, but not at the expense of putting people on the street. I have lived a long time and I recall when I was a teenager people would be evicted and what would happen, a city marshall would come to the apartment building and the city marshall would empty all of their property and throw it on the street, whether it was raining or not raining, and their property was ruined. Just imagine a 90-yearold person losing their apartment with all their memories, all of the things that they enjoy in life.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

TOM CONNOR: I think that it is a horror story that we're hearing from the people that are fighting this project. I don't trust them.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you for your testimony.

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TOM CONNOR: And I don't trust their motives.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much, thank you.

SIKAY TAN: Hello, my name is Sikay Tan. I've been a resident in the Little Italy neighborhood for over 27 years. I recognize most of the people in the [inaudible] and I have been an advocate for quality of life for our community as well. that's just it. Who are the people in our community? At the very beginning of this debate, Mary Schivolo, an 80-year-old woman, came to me, an Italian woman, and said I want senior housing. I want to live in a building with elevators. So actually talking to her changed my mind. My very own neighbor, who was a 94year-old gay veteran, was confined to his apartment. He couldn't walk down stairs. If there were senior housings with elevator he could have gone downstairs in a wheelchair and enjoy a little bit of sunshine. Not to mention the increasing aging Chinese, Italian, [inaudible] population who came to this area and built a community before it was trendy. They laid the foundation for what is so appealing for the new residents today. So when we talk about quality of

life for our community, I think about them. They are also a part of our community and they need senior

4 housing now. They also deserve an opportunity to

5 | thrive. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. [pause] Please proceed, you're not on the wrong panel.

JODY MARK: Ah, OK. My name is Jody Mark, and I'm here as a 47-year resident of the South Village, now known as SoHo, and I, um, was also the tenant leader in my building, which was HPD owned, which was sold to a developer for a dollar, and it took us years to fight to protect our homes, our rights, and the affordability of our apartments, and we didn't get the elevator. I am here. I am also your demographic, Margaret Chin. I am your demographic. I am a low-income senior. I am a gay New Yorker, and yet I am opposed to this project of the Haven-not-so-Green project, and I'm in support of the Elizabeth Street Garden. The property that will be destroyed is a well-loved community asset and it's wrapped, and this project is wrapped in so many catch phrases and works and hooks as possible for the purpose of clouding the lack of vision and the failure of the city to adequately provide housing for

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2 | all New Yorkers. We have heard about the

3 vulnerability of the elderly and the homeless over

4 | and over again today. But the Elizabeth Street

5 Garden is not pushing seniors out of their

6 apartments. In fact, many frequent visitors are

7 seniors. We hear about homeless people, but the

8 Elizabeth Street Park is not making people homeless.

9 It is a respite for all. This project is a perfect

10 | example of how the city creates unnecessary conflicts

11 between legitimate needs that could easily coexist.

12 This is an artificial choice between housing and open

13 | space. Is there a need for housing that will be

14 | affordable? Of course. Is there a need for senior

15 | housing and housing for the homeless? Yes, without

16 question. And should housing be LGBTQ friendly?

17 | Yes, but that by law should be all buildings. We

18 don't need a designated building. So I ask you to

20 | the reality that we have a boom in buildings in this

21 | city. We have more apartments for the wealthy every,

22 | every day more apartments go up. And yet none are

23 reserved as affordable housing.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

JODY MARK: That's the problem.

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2 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

3 JODY MARK: Fix that and you'll have

4 | housing for everybody.

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CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much for your testimony today, thank you.

BEN CARLOS TIPAN: Good afternoon. name is Ben Carlos Tipan and I'm here representing Open New York, an all-volunteer activist group which advocates for more housing of all types, particularly in high-opportunity neighborhoods. It's appalling that this 100% affordable project geared towards seniors at risk of homelessness in one of the city's richest neighborhoods is controversial at all, particularly given that there is a seven-acre park, public park, two blocks away from this private-event space masquerading as a public community garden, that I just heard one of the garden supporters refer to as a garbage park. You know what I think is garbage? That the garden supporters have chosen to spent countless hours and hundreds of thousands of dollars on lawyers and lobbyists instead of using those resources and their time to improve Sara D. Roosevelt Park, which is suffering from decades of disinvestment, mostly because the people who use it

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are less privileged than the supporters of Elizabeth Street Garden. That is garbage. The garden supporters accuse this project of dividing the community. It didn't have to be this way. But given their selfish behavior this claim of division may be the only thing that they're right about. project pits members of the community who have empathy for our seniors and our less-fortunate neighborhoods against those who don't. While I'm sure many of the garden supporters sincerely believe in their hearts that they support affordable housing and seniors, their actions say otherwise, as they repeatedly express the depressingly familiar refrain of I support affordable housing, just not in my back So I ask this committee to approve this project in short order for all the reasons that others have cited. Once it's been approved, the only thing that will stand in the way of seniors occupying these homes will be the shameful lawsuits that have been filed against it. Aside from the crucial housing that will be constructed, the only silver lining to the shameful process has been the fact that the opposition is wasting so much of their time and money. I just hope that we don't lose any seniors

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who can't afford to wait until the opposition is done with their tantrum. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. Sir, what is your name? Sorry.

TED CLASS: Ted Class.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: OK. Thank you.

TED CLASS: You called me last, yeah, right? Um, I'm in support of this development, ah, I've lived on Sara D. Roosevelt Park on Forsyth Street for 35-40 years. I've seen a lot of the changes. Mostly a Dominican neighborhood when I moved in there, ah, I've seen the kids grow up and I've seen their parents age. I think this argument is somehow out of proportion. I just don't understand why a garden is more important than somewhere for a low-income person to live. I just don't get it. And this alternative on Hudson Street is, who knows, how long would that take? This already, the Elizabeth Street Garden fighting this has probably delayed this development for a considerable number of months, if not years. So I just, build them both. It's a false choice. Build them both.

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everyone for your time today. [pause] Michael Green, is it Green, Friends of Elizabeth Street Garden?

Michael Green, or Gruel, is that it? Thank you.

David Eisenbach. I think we had Aziz Dekhan already.

We had. Nina Taylor. Richard Emerson. Eliot Masay?

Masa. Arthur Derris. Lawrence Hon. John Campo.

Liz York. OK, you may begin.

MICHAEL GRUEN: Am I on? Yes. What a big difference. My name is Michael Gruen. I am the attorney for Friends of Elizabeth Street Garden, and wearing another hat I'm president of the City Club of New York and a very staunch advocate of parks and open space. The subject of this project obviously concerns two very worth social goals, housing for low-income persons and providing essential open space for all. I agree with people who have gone before and say one should not have to make a choice between those two. One should not have to suggest that we, we tear down Central Park or that we use the Metropolitan Museum for housing. All of these have to be done, both types of development. The problem here is that the council is being asked to make a decision on the basis of a woeful lack of essential

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information. Worse than that, much of the

information it has is appalling misleading, and a, 3

put it differently, the ULURP and CEQR have been 4

developed in order to provide vehicles for 5

6 enlightenment of the legislative process for, in the

case of CEQR, for the council and others to be able

to consider right from the beginning of the 8

development process what the impacts on the 9

10 environment are going to be as a result of the

project. And unfortunately how this has devolved is 11

12 that the available information, or the available

tools, are being used advocates in order to confuse 13

14 the issues and support a result rather than to

15 consider what the environmental impacts really are.

16 I hope that you'll read the full copy of my text,

17 which I've made available to you. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

RICHARD EMERSON: OK, my name is Richard 19

20 Emerson. I'm sorry, OK, that's better. Richard

Emerson, I've been frequenting the [inaudible] or the 21

2.2 area before it's called that since '84, primarily

23 back then for CBGBs, now long gone. And I'm a

property owner in [inaudible] as well. My 24

background, I'm now an academic. I write on

124 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 corporate ethics, corruption, ah, and also on urban planning, a fellow at Stanford Law School. The, um, 3 and I've been following this with interest because 4 I've been, ah, involved as a trustee or with the 5 trustees of the National Trust for Historic 6 7 Preservation, and this really is, as everybody says, a false dichotomy. The garden is quite special. 8 object to what's happening, um, and I do so both from 9 the process as well as the financial situation. 10 was blessed. I ended up being an early executive at 11 12 the Blackstone Group when it got founded. We're one of the largest private equity funds in real estate, 13 and I was also a senior vice president at Microsoft. 14 15 I ran corporate development strategy and was on the 16 executive committee. But I watched with dismay actions like this with, ah, Margaret Chin, for 17 18 example, over 135 Bowery where promises were made to the community and a very important 1817 building was 19 20 torn down, which the National Trust actually wanted to protect as well, over the auspices of affordable 21

office space. Of course, the building, none of those were ever implemented. The building was flipped within a year. It wasn't landmarked. A large profit

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was made. I've tried to meet Margaret several times

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2 over the last five years and have not been able to.

I'm dismayed that she probably has the largest 3

4 percentage of donations from real estate of any of

the councilmen, 12.5%, and there's two types of 5

corruption. There's the overt corruption, like her 6

7 patron, Silver, and then there's the more corrosive

8 ones where real estate sort of goes in. I could go

through a lot of these documents and find loopholes. 9

Money finds a way to beat these. In 10 years this 10

won't even make a dent in terms of affordable 11

12 housing. In fact, probably won't even exist in that

format anymore. So I just, um, I'm here just because 13

14 I believe in process and ethics and I'm really

15 dismayed by what I've seen. Thank you.

16 ELIOT MAISEL: My name is Eliot Maisel.

17 I'm a partner in the firm Brill and Maisel. I'm here

18 representing Allen Reever, who is the creator and

developer of the Elizabeth Street Gardens through an 19

20 entity Elizabeth Street Inc., and is also the owner

of the adjacent historic firehouse. One of the 21

2.2 advantages of going late is that a lot of the things

23 that I think you should hear you've already heard.

There have been some very eloquent speeches. 24

Unfortunately, many of them have been quite generic

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and have been anecdotal. One of the things about real estate that is generally known is that it is not generic. Real estate sites are specific and that's why there are zoning boards of appeals and that's why there are variances and special permits, because it's not generic. This housing project has been generically talked about as providing senior housing. Senior housing in the abstract, and we've heard many very, ah, heart-wrenching speeches about people who are lacking housing. But there are flaws in this project that are very serious, including some that have been mentioned already about the community space. A substantial portion of this project is really just offices. They call it a community facility. But it's offices for Habitat for Humanity. Mr. Reever, who has the firehouse adjacent to the garden, is willing to dedicate a substantial portion of the ground floor of that building as indoor community space to complement the use of the garden, if the garden is preserved. Speaking of generics, the garden itself was misleadingly described as a vacant lot. That's part of the obfuscation of what's going on here. A back room deal was made because inadequate low-income housing, affordable housing,

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2 was providing in the 2-million-square-foot Sporer Development and an adjacent community board, and 3

therefore this site was traded off. But it was 4

5 concealed. It was called 21 Spring Street. It's not

21 Spring Street, which is already the LIRA 6

7 affordable housing. So it wasn't even mentioned that

the garden would be destroyed. Furthermore, this 8

garden has been described by the community, by the, 9

um, the cultural landscape facility, foundation, and 10

by Melanie Maccio, who spoke very eloquently here 11

12 before, as outsider art, as something that's really

quite unique. In tribute to that uniqueness and in 13

14 order to protect it we are in the process of filing a

15 VARA claim under the federal copyright statute to

16 protect this as outsider art in the tradition of the

Five Points, ah, in order to preserve a unique 17

18 historic and cultural asset that the EAS did not even

19 address in any way.

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ARTHUR DERRIS: Hello, my name is Arthur I'm just a classical guitar teacher, and I teach that because I think we reach deeper parts of our humanity through beauty and that's why I'm here. Happy May, everyone. For those that don't know, May

is Mental Health Awareness Month. I begin with this

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because the issue of green space is really one of public mental health. There have been numerous studies that correlate a [inaudible] factor nature exposure and mental wellness. A 2015 study published by Stanford University states this. Urbanization is associated with increased levels of mental illness, but it's not clear why. Through a controlled experiment we investigated whether nature experience would influence the frequency of rumination. What is rumination? Rumination is repetitive thought focused on negative aspects of the self, a known risk factor for mental illness. Participants who went on a 90minute walk through a natural environment reported lower levels of rumination and showed reduced neural activity in an area of the brain linked to risk for mental illness, compared to those who walked through an urban environment. Now, I'm aware Mayor de Blasio is in favor of removing Elizabeth Street Garden from the [inaudible] neighborhood. I'm also aware that his daughter, Chaira, struggled with drug addiction to cope with anxiety and depression. I'm aware de Blasio's wife responded to this by, ah, creating Thrive NYC, which is a so-called initiative for mental health care in New York City. The initiative,

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according to the website, focused on public awareness and early treatment of mental illness. To all those who are in favor of development, ESG is early treatment of mental illness. It is unreasonable to lower the quality of life to raise quantity of life.

Let ESG remain. Please vote no. Thank you.

ELIZABETH YUARK: Hello, my name is Elizabeth Yuark. I'm a constituent of Margaret Chin's. Also, I'm a CR club member, Save our Seaport, Children First, NYPIRG, and 350.org. housing crisis has no age limit. I've had to move as a New York City resident 18 times because of increasing rent. My living situation is tenuous. But all of our lives are tenuous. Our community is earth. Everyone of us benefits from trees. development is an environmental disaster. short-sighted plan gives a few temporary apartments to a few elderly at the expense of future generations, while developers profit throughout the whole destruction. Build where there are no trees. When green space is gone we all lose. Our planet is in a crisis. We don't have time for new trees to grow. Unless we reduce carbon emissions in just eight years all of the coral reefs will die, from a

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2% centigrade rise in the earth's temperature. Think
about it. It's happening now. Think about future

generations. Save our green spaces and put buildings
on concrete. Unless we drastically change our

collective home, our Planet Earth will never recover.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you all for your testimony today. Thanks very much.

UNIDENTIFIED: I call the next panel.

Steve Herrick, Bobby Sachman, Allison, I'm not sure,

Cedar maybe, Leyland Thomas, Lauren Thomas, I'm

sorry, Maria Escadio, Rodney Washington, Eric Diaz,

John Shabel, Ken A., Mark Greenberg. We can take it

or if you want to read it on his behalf that's fine.

And Sayeff Lashaw. Whoever is ready you may begin.

STEVE HERRICK: OK, good afternoon. I'm

Steve Herrick, executive director of the Cooper

Square Committee. I'm testifying to express our

strong support for the ULURP for the Haven Green

senior affordable housing project on Elizabeth

Street. The project partners have created a site

plan that balances the dual purpose of developing 123

housing units for seniors, including homeless

seniors, while preserving some 6700 square feet of

publicly accessible open space. They've designed an

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inclusive project that will set aside up to 30% of the units to LGBT seniors, who have very few gayfriendly senior housing options, and will receive supportive services from SAGE. The building will be environmentally green. They have invited the community to participate in a series of design charettes to determine how the open space will be The Cooper Square Committee has a track record of sponsoring 600 low, ah, development of 600 lowincome housing units and we also have supported open space at numerous sites. However, while the loss of 13,000 square feet of open space, ah, in the Little Italy community is regrettable, Sara Roosevelt Park is two blocks east of this site. It's nearly eight acres and the Sara Roosevelt Park Coalition offers community gardening opportunities to local residents. No one is denying the Community Board 2 and Little Italy are underserved by open space, but the lack of affordable housing is a much more severe crisis. Some opportunities create more open space exist in [inaudible] Little Italy, particularly on a 12,000 square feet site owned by DEP at 142 Grand Street, six blocks from this site. Meanwhile, opportunities to create a substantial amount of senior housing are

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nonexistent. There is simply no other city-owned properties in Little Italy that can accommodate, ah, this type of housing. The garden advocates keep proposing locating senior housing in a different site at 388 Hudson Street, in a totally different neighborhood above the water tunnels. They claim it can hold some 500 housing units or more, which is not Zoning allows for at most 200 units at that true. site, and engineers have not determined whether it is even possible to build there at all given the underground infrastructure. Of course, if you can we support that, but it's an additional site, not an alternative one. It's unfortunate two neighborhood needs are in direct conflict but Cooper Square Committee supports the development of senior housing at this site.

UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.

MARK GREENBERG: My name is Mark

Greenberg. I'm the executive director of the

Interfaith Assembly on Homelessness and Housing and

I'm here to offer testimony in support of the Haven

Green project, and I want to commend Habitat for

Humanity and Council Member Chin and RiseBoro

Community Partners for their great work in bringing

133 SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS, 1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES 2 this to us. Since its founding in 1985 the Interfaith Assembly has advocated for public policies 3 that address New York City's crisis of homelessness 4 5 and the shortage of affordable housing, and for over 6 two decades we've been pleased to count Habitat for 7 Humanity as a strong ally in our efforts, which 8 collectively have helped to create and preserve many tens of thousands of homes from some of our most 9 vulnerable New Yorkers. When we first learned about 10 the Haven Green project we were understandably 11 12 sensitive to the loss of Elizabeth Street Garden. Green spaces are crucial to healthy communities. 13 14 However, after further consideration we've come to 15 the conclusion that the creation of 123 truly 16 affordable units of permanently affordable senior housing, including 37 for people who have been 17 18 homeless, plus the inclusion of over 8000 square feet of publicly accessible garden and green space, 19 20 flexible community activity space, and on-site community services make this project a significant 21 2.2 net gain for its neighborhood and our city. With 23 over 63,000 men, women, and children sleeping in New

York City shelters, including over 5000 seniors, New

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York City cannot afford to pass up any opportunity to

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2 develop affordable housing for our people in need.

3 Additionally, the inclusion of publicly accessible

4 green open space and a project that utilizes state-

5 of-the art energy-efficient design can provide a

6 prototype that all city-based housing projects should

7 look to replicate. The loss of a community garden is

8 regrettable and the frustration of the neighborhoods

9 who celebrated community in the Elizabeth Street

10 | Garden is understandable. It is our hope that the

11 community members who built and celebrated community

12 | in the garden will welcome their new neighborhoods

13 with open arms and continue to invest their energy

14 | into a neighborhood that will now include new homes

15 | for 123 seniors who will be afforded the blessed

16 pportunity to live out their twilight years in

17 safety and security. Thank you.

JOHN SHABEL: Thank you. My name is John

19 Shabel. I've lived in this neighborhood for 40

20 | years, which makes me a relative newcomer. Um, there

21 \parallel was talk before about the history of the space on

22 | Elizabeth Street and there was a public school. I

23 know someone in the neighborhood who went to that

24 \parallel school and would love to live in this project, and

25 | let's also remember that this neighborhood was a

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neighborhood built for immigrants. I've known several seniors in the neighborhood who spent the last years of their lives without leaving their apartments because they couldn't handle the stairs, which is kind of a unique problem to this city in terms of the rest of the country, because it's, New York is the densest city in the United States. It's very disturbing to see these two public needs pitted against each other, but the outcome is I don't think can remain the way they are. It's been suggested here in previous testimony that the park can move into the street. That's the kind of thinking that this city needs to go forward. Thank you.

I'm in favor of the Haven Green project. I'm the executive director of Vision Urbana Inc., a community-founded nonprofit organization providing programs and services for seniors which include a nork senior program that offers holistic services to seniors living vertically and horizontally on Delancey Street, as well as a weekly food pantry service that offers food security for hundreds of seniors every week on Essex Street. I have been joined today with seniors from our nork program who

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2 are passionately supportive of the Haven Green

3 development. I represent a community and population

4 that needs opportunities. Opportunities to age in

5 New York City in brand new affordable housing.

6 Because sorry to say their current housing within

7 NYCHA and walk-ups are no longer acceptable living

8 conditions for seniors. I represent a population

9 | that deserves their latter years to be better than

10 their former and that is why I am here fighting for

11 | that opportunity along with, ah, this panel and many

12 others. I personally look forward to holding

13 | accountable and working with the CBO Habitat for

14 | Humanity responsible for providing services to

15 residents with cultural sensitivity in multiple

16 | languages, such as Spanish, Cantonese, and Mandarin.

17 Once more, I'm in favor of Haven Green and my name is

18 | Eric Diaz. On behalf of Vision Urban and our nork

19 \parallel program. I have the testimony of Rodney Washington.

20 | Should I read it really quickly?

UNIDENTIFIED: Well, we'll take it, put it

22 on the record. Thank you.

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23 SAYED FASHA: Hi, my name is Sayed Fasha

24 and I'm a CBG resident. Um, the, by the city's own

25 census projections the senior population from 2010 to

2040 is going to increase by 40%. That's 400,000 additional seniors living in New York City. Um, so as other people have stated and I want to echo, it's not about alternative sites, it's about additional sites. Um, and as a former homeless LGBTQ youth who now has a rent stabilized apartment, I truly understand how important it is that we provide as much affordable housing as possible in the city and I implore all of my damn neighbors to look beyond their experience and look beyond privilege and understand what a dire need housing is to so many people in this city. Because if you've experienced that I don't really understand how we can sit here and be discussing, um, having a full garden as opposed to a reduced-sized garden when we're talking about housing 123 people. Um, and also in terms of there not being any accountable green space, Sara Roosevelt Park is over half a mile long and it is two blocks away. so I just, I don't want to take up time because I know we've all been here a long time, um, but I very, very strongly support the Haven Green project and I encourage all of my neighbors to take the perspective of other people that live in the city and extend a

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2 welcome, ah, extend a welcome to our new neighbors.

3 | Thank you.

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UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you. We'll call the next panel.

UNIDENTIFIED: David Malkins. Professor

John Metropis. Ella Barnes. Kate Fletcher. Madaly

Regis. Ingrid Weingard. And Heather Shaw. Maya Van

Norr. Ronny Wolf. Michael Green. Tamara Alvarez.

Carol Ashley. Sebastian Gavy. Barbara Ramsey.

Julia Van. Jovan, Julia. Thomas Bausta. Katherine

Ugate. Barbara Horn. Yvonne Brooks. Elizabeth, no,

I'm sorry, Stacy Kaufman. There you go. That's

four. Jody Mark. OK. Thanks Jody. Steven Clark.

Tessa Grundon. Sharon Wright. Gordon Ramsey. Grace

Lee. Ed Morris. Damn. That's five, cinco. [pause]

UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you, you may begin.

MAGDALY REGIS: Thank you. My name is
Magdaly Regis. I'm from the New York City Community
Garden Coalition and I'm here in support of Elizabeth
Street Garden. Every community garden is special and
unique, reflecting the labor of love and hard work of
the people who created it, and as a community garden
advocate I have visited hundreds of gardens, not just
in New York, but around the world. And Elizabeth

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Street Garden stands as one of our most unique and stunning public green space. And not just in New York, but anywhere. And in a neighborhood where parks are so scarce the garden has filled that gap, allowing those who reside there and work there nearby a necessary respite from the stress and density of urban life. And we need to do all we can to stop its destruction. 111 Places in New York That You Must Not Miss, I'm brandishing this book. Discover unexpected treasures and hidden places you never imagined you would find in New York. This is at page 78, the gardens featured, and this is not the only publication that mentions Elizabeth Street Garden. It's been in dozens of guide books, blogs, and websites, both national and international, as a place to visit in New York, and that is because so many has, have recognized its value. And any city in the US or in the world would be envious to have this garden, if all of its trees and plants and sculptures, birds, lawns, butterflies, could easily be moved and auctioned off to the highest bidder like an invaluable piece of art that it is and transported elsewhere cities around the world would be fighting to have it. New York is crying out for more green

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space. Sure, we need affordable housing. But not at the expense of destroying a beloved and extraordinary space that has been treasured by thousands. New York City has Central Park. Imagine if it were destroyed what kind of city we would be. Well for Elizabeth Street Garden community residents it's their Central Park and destroying it is an act of neighborhood violence. I urge the City Council to vote no to Haven Green development and preserve the garden in its entirety.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you.

Kaufman. I'm a constituent of Margaret Chin's. I'm a senior, gay, and disabled, and I just want to tell you why I'm here, and that's because one day about two years ago my friend Jill was visiting from northern California, and we were walking around the neighborhood. I was just showing her around New York. We were walking around the neighborhood and all of a sudden we walked down the street and there was this oasis, just appeared, it was like magical, it was like really a magical place, and that's why I took friends there. It's such a special place and it was like shocking to me that Councilwoman Quinn, ah,

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Chin, that you haven't even been there. It's in your, it it's in your area and that you haven't been there. I urge you, Chairwoman Adams, to go there and just walk down the street and see, all of a sudden it appears like an oasis. It is so incredibly special, it's so unique, that please, I beg you, people say that you're going to be a rubber stamp. I beg you, you don't, you seem so wonderful and so attentive, I don't want to see you or the other members of this committee do that. I really want to see that you stand up. I know the way it usually works is that you rubber stamp the council person whose area it is, but in this case, I mean, see for yourself and see how it feels. I mean, the people who are the proponents of the development, it seems to me for the most part they're all paid people. We're here with our hearts. The people who are proponents are all people who are going to have a financial interest in the development and what I'd also like to say is that we're, ah, they seem to say that we are people who are against affordable housing, against seniors, and now a new thing, deeply affordable housing. could anyone be against deeply affordable housing. So I urge you to go visit it yourself and see what

1 PUBLIC SITING, AND MARITIME USES

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2 this is about and why people are, why people are so distressed about this. 3

My name is Barbara Horn. BARBARA HORN: I'm a gardener, a garden lover, I'm also a steward of the Alberts Garden on East 2nd Street. And I'm going to speak anecdotally and generically, but I still believe that the personal is political. remarkable to me, someone who has lived in the nearby East Village for 40 years and I'm now a senior that this is the best that the city I love can do. destroy an oasis, that word that we've used so frequently, one with such a special vista, open spaces, historic and artistic importance, why would my city, our city, chop up and destroy this green meeting place of peace, tranquility, a place where we can educate and celebrate and have community spirit for thousands and thousands of people, many seniors. There are other choices. This garden once destroyed is irreplaceable. The intact unique garden grew gradually with hands and hearts and hard work. Can't our city come up with plans that don't destroy? about dedicating one floor on every high rise to affordable housing? How unwise, shall I say irresponsible, to capture a garden, a garden, to

down this garden. Thank you.

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solve affordable housing? As someone who seeks out
gardens and parks daily in the city I love, hourly, I
ask you to take a minute to think about what you're
doing and in a New York nano second you will not take

ED MORRIS: Hi, I'm Ed Morris. philosopher of nature and I'd like to open with a few dirty words. Hudson Yards. Essex Crossing. Extell There are gobs of space there. But no, one Towers. of the speakers said he works with homeless on Essex Street. Well, towering above Essex Street is Essex Crossing, 22 and plus stories high. Why doesn't the city show compassion for the 700,000 on the waiting And why should it specific gender speciality as the entrance permit for this group? That's wrong. The whole city is crying. We've had two senior gay mayors, Koch and Blumenthal, Blumberg, but, ah, there's many, many people suffering and the, ah, 700,000 deficit should be open to all. And, um, yes, you know, Hudson Street is space. But Essex Street is a lot more. Hudson Yards is a lot more. Towers is a tower. So I say that the people who would bulldoze the earth have already bulldozed their own earth, their own anima, their own feminine, their

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2 own soul, and I ask them to find their own earth

first and then discover Mother Earth. There are four 3

full-term trees in the Elizabeth Street Garden. 4

5 These act as a sponge. We are in an ecological

6 crisis. Mayor de Blasio was weeping tears because

7 the Brazilian president who is bulldozing the Amazon

may show up in New York. But he bulldozes his own 8

Amazon. He bulldozes the Mandella Garden, the 9

Pleasantville Garden in East Harlem, and he bulldozes 10

ours. But, as one old lady from Chinatown told me, 11

12 she said this is my garden and I'm going to be

padlocked to the fence if they want to come. 13

14 Remember you and we are the city, not Margaret Chin

15 and her mentor, Sheldon Silver. Thank you.

16 CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you. Thank you

17 for your testimony.

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18 UNIDENTIFIED: I'm speaking on behalf of

President David Malkins from the Bowery Alliance of 19

20 Neighbors. The Bowery Alliance of Neighbors is a

nonprofit grassroots organization working to protect 21

2.2 residents, small businesses, um, the neighborhood,

23 and the historic character of the Bowery. Dear

Speaker Johnson and City Council Members, we strongly

25 opposite this ill-advised development plan which

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seeks to bulldoze one of the community's most popular and enchanting open green spaces. Proponents of the development have followed a nasty and divisive strategy of portraying this as an either-or situation, wherein you can have only, only have a garden or affordable housing. Why can't we have both, affordable housing and garden? We urge the council members to follow the very reasonable proposal made by Community Board 2, build affordable housing in one of the alternative sites, such as proposed before. Lost in all of this is the fact that the very large building adjunct to the Elizabeth Street Garden south side, Section 8 affordable housing, the residents of which will lose their lovely views and easy access to the garden if this development goes through. This situation reminds of the progressive era's slogan bread and roses. this current situation the community supports the basic essentials, the bread of affordable housing, but also wants the roses, the beautiful things such as this enchanting garden green space. The Elizabeth Street Garden is one of the Little Italy area's few open green spaces. A jewel in this community, it brings joy to residents and tourists and contributes

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to the allure, value, and economic vitality of the community. Thank you to the many elected officials who have supported the garden's preservation. urge the community council members to reject this development plan and instead support CB2's smart and reasonable alternative plan to have the affordable housing project built at an alternative site, build affordable housing but do not destroy this beautiful green garden space. Give us bread, but also give us roses. And I personally want to note that I was homeless and, um, I have been, I'm part of the LGBTQ community and I don't think there's like an either-or necessary, and I host a weekly Meet-Up group of almost 300 members at the garden for over two years with members who are 82 years old and also kids, and there's like twice the amount of numbers, of members, of like the survey has of the, um, Habitat for Humanity. So I think there's strong support, there are thousands of people who volunteered to help them and there's no paid people who do the, we all love the garden and the community. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ADAMS: Thank you very much.

Thank you all for your passion on the issue today and for being here. Really appreciate it. Thank you.

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All right, we're winding down. We're going to do it this way. Is there anyone in the room who has signed up to speak and has not yet spoken? What's your name? Allison Smith? Come on up. What's your name sir? Thomas O'Neill. Anyone else? I'm going to repeat one more time. Are there any more members of the public who wish to testify on these items today? OK. You may begin.

ALLISON SMITH: Hi, I'm Allison Smith. represent University Settlement. I also represent about 80 community members I couldn't be here through a petition that I brought. Um, with over 200,000 low-income seniors on affordable housing wait lists for an average of seven years the Haven Green project is a compromise that allows New York City to prioritize our most vulnerable neighbors and open green space. The elder population is growing more rapidly than other segments of the city's residents, rising over 26% in the last ten years. Currently over 200,000 low-income seniors are on waiting lists for senior housing. 5000 of those seniors waiting are in our local community. University Settlement's Housing Protection program, Project Home, sees this crisis firsthand. Over 750 neighbors with housing

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crises come to us each year, including over 105 households over the year, near the proposed Haven Green site, and over 60% of those are seniors. Projects like Haven Green are an important part of the solution to this crisis. The Haven Green project is a compromise to the greater good and preserves 8000 square feet of open and public space. important to note that there's also a large public park two blocks away with active neighbors and invested organizations like ours, who welcome more volunteers. The incredible energy of the Elizabeth Street Garden supporters would be invaluable in volunteering and continuing to improve our community. We recognize the feeling of loss that the gardeners will have as the garden changes significantly. And we hope that they and you on the council also share the deep loss of those neighbors who lost their apartments on Elizabeth Street when we could not save them from landlord harassment, rising rents, and lack of physical accessibility as they grew older. apartments and the 123 new neighbors of Haven Green will house will bring an incredible benefit to the community. We don't dispute the need for green

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2 space, but even higher on the priority list is safe affordable housing. 3

TOM O'NEILL: Hello, my name is Tom O'Neill. I was born and raised in New York City, son of immigrants, shopped in Orchard Street during the 1970s, attended NYU in the 1980s. I support lowincome housing, but I do not support the Haven Green development project. I support the preservation of the Elizabeth Street Garden. I often relax in the garden during the year, particularly in the spring, summer, and fall. I live on Green Street off Grand. There are very few relaxing places left in the neighborhood where you can be at peace. As I said, I went to NYU in the '80s in SoHo. It was a very different place back then. At that time you had about 30 million annual visitors to New York City, in comparison to over 60 million today. As you know, many of these visitors find their way down to SoHo. In addition, the population of the city was 7 million in around 1990. It's now 8-1/2 million people. crowding is an issue. In addition, most of the vacant lots in the city, ah, downtown are now gone. There were a couple dozen when I moved into the neighborhood 15 years ago. The Hudson Square

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON LANDMARKS,

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neighborhood used to be a quiet refuge place for me, but even that has been developed at a rapid place. In summary, SoHo residents need Elizabeth Street Many SoHo residents are frustrated with the crowds and overdevelopment in the neighborhood. like to make a few other points. There's something wrong with the city where some of our elected officials are receiving campaign dollars from national real estate developers like Toll Brothers. Shame on you. The city should be run by administrators who are more, who are not influenced by these outside influences. There's something wrong with the city which allows dozens of luxury towers to be built with unoccupied apartments owned by limited liability corporations while low income housing crisis persists. [applause] There is something wrong with a city which allows retails stores to remain vacant without a vacancy tax. A vacancy tax would encourage businesses that actually serve residents of the neighborhood, like delis, bodegas, coffee shops, et cetera. And there is something wrong with a city that is destroying open spaces like the Elizabeth Street Garden. I would encourage the

government officials here to look at the words of

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date June 12, 2019