CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

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April 29, 2019 Start: 10:00 a.m. Recess: 12:00 p.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Rm, 14th

Fl.

B E F O R E: Mark Gjonaj

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Daniel Dromm

Stephen T. Levin

Bill Perkins

Helen K. Rosenthal

APPEARANCES

Gregg Bishop
Department of Small Business Services

Nicole Spina RISE: NYC

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: [Gavel] I am Council Member
Mark Gjonaj, Chair of the Committee on Small
Business. I am here to welcome you to our hearing on
Introduction 390. A Local Law that will create a
small business disaster recovery and resiliency

Unexpected misfortune is a part of life.

Accidents, diseases, extreme weather can endanger societies and small businesses. New Yorkers know this better than most.

advisory board. Thank you for joining us today.

In October of 2012, we lived through Hurricane Sandy, which killed 43 New Yorkers and caused approximately \$19 billion dollars in property damage in the city. Beyond the tragic human toll of the storm, it is also worth noting that particularly negative effect on local small businesses and waterfront areas of all five boroughs.

A 2014 survey conducted by the Federal Reserve
Bank of New York found that 39 percent of small
businesses located in counties affected by Sandy had
operating losses in the 12 months following the
storm. Cybersecurity is another area where
unforeseen circumstances can put people out of work.

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According to IBM, 62 percent of all cyber-attacks target small and mid-size businesses and the US

National Cyber Security Alliance found that six out

of every ten small companies are unable to sustain

their business more than six months after a cyber
attack.

This wide range of threats and dangers will never disappear completely. But this is an area where local government can and should take action in order to serve and protect the citizens in a more comprehensive way. As government, we must be more proactive and prepare for the worst-case scenario.

This is why I am proud to hold a hearing on Intro. 390 sponsored by Council Member Ulrich and Holden. This bill would create a small business disaster recovery and resiliency advisory board to study and make recommendations potential legislation, regulation, policies, procedures and initiatives to help small businesses design contingency plans for both natural and human caused disaster and rebuild and reopen after suffering such damage.

In addition to establishing basic procedures and requirements for the composition of the board, the bill required that the board hold public meetings at

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2 least five times annually, once in each borough. And

3 this report is findings on May 1 of each year to the

4 Mayor and the City Council. As a former small

5 business owner, myself, I would have been thrilled to

6 draw upon the expertise of recovery and resiliency

7 advisory board, since most of my day to day concerns

revolved around driving revenue, meeting clients and

9 making payroll.

Mom and Pop shops don't always have a lot of margin of error and disaster preparedness is a common risk factor that we all encounter. It isn't easy or pleasant to think about situations where you or your neighbors or you loved ones might find themselves at risk, but the responsibility course of action is to prepare anyway.

There are thousands of highly experienced and deeply committed emergency management professionals throughout the city as well as a rapidly growing \$1 billion Cybersecurity industry.

This bill will allow New Yorkers to benefit from this deep pool of talent, plan for their futures and achieve the measures of security in an unpredictable world.

1	COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 6
2	I would like to thank the Committee Staff,
3	Counsel Irene Byhovsky, Policy Analyst Michael Kurtz,
4	as well as my Chief of Staff Reggie and my
5	Legislative Director Stephanie for making this
6	hearing possible.
7	Finally, I would like to recognize the Committee
8	Member that has joined us, and I am sure others will,
9	Council Member Dromm. Chair, do you have an opening
10	statement for us?
11	GREGG BISHOP: Commissioner.
12	CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner. Is that a
13	promotion or demotion?
14	GREGG BISHOP: I don't know. I do have an
15	opening statement. Good morning Chair Gjonaj.
16	COUNCIL CLERK: If we could just swear you in
17	first.
18	GREGG BISHOP: Oh, thank you, yeah.
19	COUNCIL CLERK: Do you affirm to tell the truth
20	and answer honestly to Council Members questions?
21	GREGG BISHOP: I do.
22	COUNCIL CLERK: Thank you.
23	GREGG BISHOP: Good morning Chair Gjonaj and
24	members of the Committee on Small Business. My name
25	is Gregg Bishop, and I am the Commissioner of the New

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York City Department of Small Business Services. At SBS, we aim to unlock economic potential and create economic security for all New Yorkers by connecting them to quality jobs, building stronger businesses, and fostering thriving neighborhoods across the five boroughs. Today, I am pleased to testify about Intro. 390 and discuss how the City helps small businesses recover from and plan for disasters. Thank you to the Council and the sponsors on your interest in this issue.

SBS provides a range of free services to help small businesses start, operate, and grow. Ensuring that a small business is resilient to emergencies and disasters is essential to business's future successful operations and growth. SBS provides immediate assistance to businesses during emergencies through the work of our Emergency Response Unit. Through collaboration with New York City Emergency Management, SBS ERU team is immediately notified of emergencies impacting commercial businesses, such as fires and watermain breaks.

SBS's dedicated ERU team provides on-site
assistance to help businesses recover from
emergencies by coordinating with agency partners and

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3 assisting the business owner with retrieval of

4 valuable items and documents, and coordinating with

serving as the business owners point of contact,

5 NYPD and other emergency responders to make sure the

6 impacted business location is secure and prevent

7 losses. ERU continues to work with the business

8 owners to connect them with business recovery

9 services such as help with insurance questions,

10 referrals to legal and financing assistance, and help

11 | with navigating government regulations and permitting

12 questions with city agencies such as the Department

13 of Buildings, Department of Health, and the

14 Department of Consumer Affairs and Worker Protection.

15 In Fiscal Year 2019 to date, the Emergency Response

16 Unit has responded to 268 businesses impacted by

17 | emergencies.

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Building on the lessons learned from Superstorm
Sandy, SBS launched the Business Preparedness and
Resiliency Program, or Business PREP, to help
business owners proactively prepare for emergencies
and increase their operational and physical
resiliency. Developed in partnership with the
Governor's Office of Storm Recovery and the Mayor's

Office of Recovery and Resiliency, Business PREP,

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COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS provides information, services, and tools to small businesses that help them reduce their vulnerability to business disruption and help them protect their assets and investments.

Business PREP helps small business owners prepare for emergencies through business continuity workshops and webinars, online resources, and on-site risk assessments and post-assessment grants to small businesses impacted by Sandy. These business preparedness courses are offered at our network of seven Business Solutions Centers across the five boroughs and also in the targeted neighborhoods through partnerships with community-based organizations and key stakeholders like Con Edison and the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene.

While Business PREP's workshops and online resources develop a resiliency and emergency preparedness plan are open to all small businesses, the on-site risk assessments and post-assessment grants were designed specifically for businesses impacted by Superstorm Sandy. Through the program, qualified businesses can receive an on-site assessment from a team of emergency planning and insurance experts who will review the businesses

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2 physical space, businesses operations, and insurance

coverage. These experts will then make tailored

4 recommendations to the business owner on how to

5 reduce their risk in the event of a disaster or

6 disruption. And then furthermore, qualifying

7 \parallel businesses that receive an assessment can get a grant

8 of up to \$3,000 to buy resiliency related items such

9 as moveable flood barriers, fireproof storage

10 containers, and portable generators. As of March

11 | 2019, SBS has awarded 175 small businesses grants

12 | totaling more than \$500,000 to implement business

13 resiliency strategies.

Applications for Business PREP on-site risk assessments and grant program are open until June 1st, we have conducted substantial outreach since the program's launch and of course, continue to welcome the Council's continued assistance in ensuring that qualified businesses are aware of this opportunity.

In addition to the work that SBS is doing to assist business owners impacted by disasters, our partners at EDC launched RISE: NYC. RISE: NYC helps small businesses in the five boroughs adapt to and mitigate the impacts of climate change through the use of innovative technologies. The program funds

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projects at Sandy impacted small businesses to prepare the buildings, energy systems, and telecom networks for extreme weather.

Furthermore, as part of the recently published
OneNYC 2050 Report, SBS is committed to developing
and convening a new Business Resiliency Steering
Committee. In collaboration with stakeholders
including the Mayor's Office of Resiliency and the
Governor's Office of Storm Recovery, the steering
committee will leverage existing knowledge and
networks to identify strategies to ensure businesses
are resilient and prepared for emergencies in the
future.

New Yorkers rely on small businesses; they provide opportunities for employment, access to essential goods and service, and define the character of our neighborhoods.

SBS understands that small business resiliency is an essential part of not only business development and support, but the continued strength and vibrancy of our City. We are committed to continuing to work with our sister agencies and other stakeholders to learn from past disasters and prepare for the future. We look forward to having further conversations with

available for the continuations of RISE: NYC?

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remaining. So, if 200 were received out of 400 applicants, what happened to the remainder? NICOLE SPINA: Implementation is currently

ongoing. A lot of our projects require construction, permitting and things that take time.

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CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: How long does that take?

Walk me through the whole step so that I understand.

They make an application.

NICOLE SPINA: Yeah, sure, just so you have a sense of what the actual technologies are. RISE was launched as a competition. So, we received about 100 Global applications for resilient technology solutions we can implement at these businesses. down selected to you 11 of those technologies, we now have contracts with those 11 technology providers. They run as separate projects as part of the overall RISE program. So, the technology span from things like microgrids, things that fund solar and storage and other distributed generation solutions at small businesses, the build out of telecommunication mesh networks, which are neighborhood focused that a coalition of businesses within a neighborhood will build out its own mesh network. So, they can rely on their own connectivity should power lines go out. And then other technologies involve active floodproofing, involve passive daylighting technology. So, really, the technology span the gamut and each technology has a different timeline in terms of how complex implementation actually is.

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So, our Wi-Fi projects and our Passive daylighting projects have gotten off the ground much more quickly. Our energy technologies because the require extensive permitting with FDNY and DOB will be ongoing for the next year or so.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I certainly applaud you for this initiative and the benefits that can come from RISE: NYC. Are we doing enough as far as awareness and marketing, so businesses know they can take advantage of this and what more can we do to inform the particular small businesses our microbusinesses that this is something that they should take advantage of? And these are in the form of grants, correct? So, it's not a low-interest loan?

NICOLE SPINA: Well, yes, it is a grant in that we actually implement that technology at that business. So, we don't give them the money to do it. We fund our technology providers to do that install work. So, yes, it's a grant.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: And what can we do to help promote the program and the offerings?

NICOLE SPINA: Yeah, the program has been going on for a long time. So, given that we have these 11 projects, actually 10 of them have closed in terms of

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2 actively seeking and enrolling small businesses.

Those technology providers, we provided them with assistance and worked with bids and community

organizations to partner them with the technologies

6 that met those small business needs.

So, we actually only have one project that is actively recruiting small businesses. So, there is definitely room there. I think we have been working with our government Community Relations Team and also with SBS in making sure that the businesses that are in need through their program, could also be assisted through our program. But otherwise, most of the enrollment has closed.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Why has it closed? I thought that there was \$15 million left.

NICOLE SPINA: Yeah, the \$15 million is to actually implement those technologies but the small business pool has already been selected. So, we are funding the actual construction work, the design work. Each of the small businesses receiving a customize system pertaining to their site.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, currently a small business could not apply?

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NICOLE SPINA: A small business can apply for the goTenna Project, which is one of the 11 RISE: NYC projects. GoTenna is a mesh device, it looks a little bit like a walkie talkie but it leverages radio frequencies and pairs with your smart phone, so that in the event that power lines go out, communications is lost, you can have an internetwork within your business and within your community where nodes can hop and you can send people your location. You can have just a community messaging board for response and recovery.

So, that is the one technology that we are still able to distribute to businesses but otherwise they are more capital-intensive projects, like our energy storage solutions. Our full out Wi-Fi networks.

Those businesses have already been selected.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Have you seen more demand from small businesses that inquired about these programs and after they have closed?

NICOLE SPINA: Yeah, I mean, we definitely hear from small businesses and they are interested, but I think too there is a layer of Sandy fatigue. And they feel that the City has reached out to them.

They feel that they have tapped into what they can.

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2 I am not sure that six years after Sandy, they are

still looking into what is out there. Not that

4 that's not important, I just think for small

5 businesses it's hard to allocate that time of time to

6 think about resiliency improvements.

GREGG BISHOP: I think and one of the things just to jump in. Because the solutions are very specific, I think a lot of the programs that we do in SBS in terms of just getting business owners to be aware that they need to be resilient, is where we need to start, and I will fully say that we could always use Council's help to get the word out. Because as you stated in your opening, business owners are busy running their business and the last thing they think about outside of payroll, you know, all the other things that they think about is actually what happens if a disaster occurs. And one of the challenges that we have, and we have a number of online offerings to actually educate business owners of what a disaster really is. And especially in New York City, a disaster may not be a Sandy. disaster could be as you know, a steam pipe explosion or a brick falling off a building and the streets are closed for a day or two, while the sidewalk shed is

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2 erected or even a sidewalk shed being erected. And 3 then your visibility of your business decreases by 40

4 percent.

So, in those specific areas, we try to teach business owners about you know, what they should actually pay attention to. And the first line of defense for every business is business interruption insurance. So, you know, as we look at other solutions, you know, then we work with EDC and RISE to connect them to. But again, just to reiterate, this program has been around for about six years now. So, we continue to focus on just resiliency instead of recovery.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you for that

Commissioner and I agree with you, but as small

businesses as you well pointed out, are focused on

their business. And awareness isn't enough because

then the question comes to what ability and what

steps they can take to make sure that their business,

besides the insurance, protections that they can be

afforded. This is where we really value our small

businesses and believe that they are the true

backbone of our city and our country, that we should

be there for them.

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2 GREGG BISHOP: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, hints are the one way that we can continue to offer them the ability to be proactive and not reactive. And you well pointed out that a gas main break, like we recently experienced this past year, in the flat iron district.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, a sin pipe.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: At that point, you without insurance or even if you have insurance, what do you do to help continue the revenue that was much needed?

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, I mean I could walk you through how we respond in that situation. Obviously, the lead agency will always be emergency management and once the area is deemed safe for other agencies to step in. So, we come in right after the fire department or PD. Our job is to assess the situation with emergency management and with flat iron, one of the things that we realize that we needed to figure out, how to actually reduce the I guess, the containment area, because there were some streets that were permissible to walk down. And we worked with the onsite manager to figure out how to actually help open up those streets. Than we work with different agencies for example, if the Health

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Department needed to come in to do a secondary inspection. If the business needed to actually file a claim. If they have business interruption insurance, that was great, because we would just give them the paperwork that they needed. However, to your point, there are some businesses that either they have the insurance and they didn't read the policy properly, so, certain events are not covered. In that case we help them file a claim against the

city through the comptroller.

So, we also work on helping businesses understand the process. If they don't have insurance what they can do to actually help recover some of their losses. So, and our team, you know, we've been doing this for a long time, so we have great relationships. Not only with all the different agencies to help expedite those conversations and the documentation and the submission of those documentations, but we also have relationships with utility companies, so, National Grid and Con Ed.

So, in this case, we worked very closely with Con Ed. We had our mobile outreach unit double as a disaster recovery vehicle. So, we had Con Ed representatives in our vehicle. So, as we were

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2 meeting with business owners, they literally would

3 just turn around and talk to a Con Ed rep and start

4 the process and in this case, I think the claims were

5 against Con Ed.

So, we tried to make a one stop shop for all the business owners and that's what we do across the city with any disaster that happens.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner, how many businesses were impacted by the gas main break, the asbestos in the air?

GREGG BISHOP: So, I don't that that number because impact and actual depending on the disaster. So, for example, with Sandy, which I do have numbers for, you know, the impact was about 18,000 businesses. An impact does not necessarily equal like flooding. It just means that you know, maybe the power was out, or something happened so the business was impacted but the actual businesses that were touched in the Sandy zone, we helped over 2,000 businesses.

So, again, it all depends on what the actual disaster was. We could follow up with the number of businesses that were impacted. But the biggest challenge with flat iron because we had a very strong

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business improvement district, so they had all the contact information which was very helpful. The biggest challenges was actually the building owners getting approval to reopen their buildings. So, the building owners, we work closely with the building owners to work with you know, the relevant agencies to basically sign off that the building was safe. And the building owners in that particular area were very good to their tenants. Some of them you know,

sort of had rent forgiveness, etc., etc.

So, in that particular area most of the assistance that we needed to provide, was really explaining the process of reopening. So, for example, restaurants were questioning whether they needed to get inspected by the health department, then the answer was no. And then for those that did not have business interruption insurance, explaining to them the process of how they could actually file a claim against the city.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Let's talk a little bit about Sandy then. You said 18,000 businesses were impacted by Super Storm Sandy.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, based on our rough estimates and again, it is not those businesses that were

GREGG BISHOP: Okay.

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CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, any regard, there wasn't a single business that was not impacted by Super Storm Sandy. \$19 billion property damage alone.

That doesn't refer to the loss of revenue and its not like wine where it gets better with time. When you lose a day of business, that's revenue you could never recapture. If your products are not being sold on a given day, there is no doubling down the following day. So, \$19 billion of property damage, 220,000 small businesses and only 18,000 were assisted. I'm sorry, of the 18,000 that you believe that were impacted by Sandy, only 2,000 is only a fraction of the businesses but yet we know they were all impacted. There was real loss.

GREGG BISHOP: Right, but I just want to make sure your are not conflating. So, the business that we assisted actually needed our services. So, for example, there are sophisticated — I'm trying to figure out a business. You could have for example a chain, a franchise that will be in that 18,000 number of businesses impacted but certainly doesn't need our services because they already have their business recovery plan. They have their insurance, they have

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support from you know, corporate headquarter to reopen etc.

So, the impacted number is just a number of just what businesses were impacted. However, most of the businesses that we helped were mom and pops that needed assistance. And to your point, you know, yes, access to capital is the most important thing, which is why it is important for us as government and we continue to have these relationships. We worked with the private sector. We created an emergency load and grant program, where we were able to get \$30,000 out the door as quickly as possible in the form of a loan and grant to small businesses and while we waited for the federal government to declare a disaster which would unlock the federal emergency dollars, which is what you're hearing of the secondary programs that we ran, which was Hurricane Sandy business loan and grant program. But as you know, the politics at that time, it took the federal government almost six months to designate this area as a disaster.

And what I heard from small business owners had it not been for the first program that we launched, you know, they would have been more catastrophic. Problems in terms of their finances. So, we are

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2 always sensitive to the fact that when a disaster

3 happens, we need to have the right tools and

4 especially on the access the capital have,

5 relationships because we were able to put that

6 program together within weeks. And that's because we

7 had strong relationships with Organizations like

8 | Goldman Sachs with the New York NYBDC with City

9 | Community Development.

Even Mastercard gave us some grants to help us advertise the businesses that were closed that were not reopening and needed people to know that they were reopened.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: That's permitted that they had electricity and they could see a TV to be informed.

REGG BISHOP: Right and in certain areas, you know, in the Sandy effected areas and that's where our business recovery program, the businesses that were in for example, in the Rockaways or Coney Island had an extended period of power issues, they were eligible for our program to get the grant of \$3,000. I will tell you based on the experience that I had. Most of the businesses — there is a couple things the challenges that I saw with businesses. To take

advantage of these programs, you need to have proper books and you need to have your tax returns for example, so, we know that you're a going concern.

There were some businesses that they operate cash only and did not have the proper information. So, when we talked about preparedness, those are the things we cover in terms of making sure that you have the right documents and you are able to actually find those documents in case of a disaster. There were some businesses that their entire computers were inundated with saltwater, so they couldn't even recover the data and all their books were just on one machine. So, some of the things that we help them prepare, these are simple things, but they are crucial in a disaster.

Is securely keeping your documentation in a cloud for example, so you can pull and retrieve those documents anywhere. You don't have to be physically on site. You know, we talked about some of the funding going to a generator to help you run your business while there is no power. So, there is a number of things that based on the lessons learned from Sandy, which are very simple but are very effective in terms of helping a business recover much

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board.

faster and take advantage. You know, my assumption

is that if there is going to be a large scale

4 disaster in the city again, we will get the help of

5 the federal government but we also have to ensure

6 that those businesses understand that because it is

7 | federal funds, we are responsible for the utilization

8 of that funds based on the rules of the federal

9 government. And those rules in some cases could be

10 onerous, so we try to make it as simple as possible.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you Commissioner. We have two types of disaster, natural and then manmade. Natural obviously, which are not under our control. We should always prepare for the worst, hope for the best but certainly a think tank such as Intro. 390 would allow for the best of the best to come together

and start coming up with contingency plans across the

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Now, let's talk about manmade, which are in our control, so small business. And we're not having to reiterate the same issues over and over again, interruption of business in any matter impacts their source of revenue. Especially with some of the legislation that we have on.

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So, if you're a restaurant and your water supply is cut off because of a DDC project, without notification, at that point you are shut down. But yet, you can't sell your services right. You still have to pay your payroll; they came in and we made sure that anyone that comes in can't — we passed legislation to make sure that they receive an honest day's pay whether they were able to work or not. That they should be sent home because of an unprepared or unforeseen disaster.

Most of these, Hurricane Sandy impacted everyone but day to day, small businesses in New York City in one way or another, are losing revenue that they could never recapture and burdened with an expense that they have to pay regardless. And that could be utilities, such as gas, power, water, and road closures. It could be a simple street repair that doesn't allow pedestrian access to your location. What can we do as a city to actually offset some of their loses in manmade in most circumstances, lack of giving proper notice for small businesses to prepare. We can talk about contingency plans all day long about what you should do, but when your water is shut off, you are shut down.

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But what does SBS offer on its current program or what do you think we can do to be there to assist them during their most detrimental times of need.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, so, I'll talk to you about what we do now. You know, what you are hitting on is infrastructure work and whenever the city is doing any type of infrastructure work, it is a legitimate question in terms of should cities, and this is not just New York City, just cities in general, reimburse businesses that are impacted by infrastructure work.

Currently, the policy of the city is that we do not reimburse for infrastructure work, unless you know, for example the Second Avenue Subway, when the MTA was doing work there, extensive work, there were businesses that were displaced and then there was some compensation for that.

I think it is a case by case basis, based on the project but however, one of the things that we do is, we recognize that if there is a street, a sewer project running through a commercial district, it has a significant impact on that small business. So, our team, we work closely with agencies like DDC, like DOT, Parks, any agencies that have heavy construction to ensure that situations like that where water has

to be turned off, businesses are properly notified so they can plan around that. I'm not saying its 100 percent fool proof.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Oh, far from it. Far from it.

of businesses and I've had conversations and meetings with DDC. They have you know, worked closely with us to identify pain points on major projects. Their community associates — you know, we have talked about how to improve the communication with small businesses, but if small businesses and again, this goes back to awareness. If small businesses are concerned about a project, we are their advocate.

So, we have in the past, worked with prime contractors and had them move the staging areas of equipment from being right in front of a business.

We have worked on increasing way finding, so this is temporary signage, so people know that the business is open and know how to get to the business. You know, again, the first line of defense though for a small business is actually business interruption insurance.

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CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Yeah, but disregard, let's talk about this. We had our own experiences and I'm sure you've witnessed many more than I have. DDC project water main replacement or water main repair, someone comes by lets you know, advance notice, gives you I think 24 notice and that's not advanced. But 24 notice is we're going to shut off water supply on today is Monday the 29th, Tuesday, April 30th, your water supply will be interrupted. 24-hour notice if you are lucky.

Now, you scramble, you make whatever accommodations you could possibly make for the duration. To find that that water supply is not going to be turned off that day. Whatever reason, yet it will be on May 2nd. So now, you've had the expense, forget about the drama of trying to come up with how to keep your business afloat without water if you're a restaurant. But you come up with your own preparedness to find out that it wasn't needed.

So, the gallons of water that you brought in and the barrels and the expense, insurance is not covering you. This was manmade, this was poorly advised, not enough time for an incident that never

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COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 34 took place. Two days after that, the water supply

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will be turned off without any notice.

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terms of when there is a breakdown in communication. 5

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I can tell you anecdotally I've heard from businesses

GREGG BISHOP: So, I don't have the numbers in

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and especially businesses that are in areas that

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there is a strong either business improvement

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district or there is a strong merchant association

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that could speak collectively in one voice for all

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the businesses.

12 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Allerton Avenue Merchants

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Association you name it, very active, very engaged.

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What I just described happened within my own district

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on a major commercial corridor. They were advised,

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they took measures, prepared for it. It never

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occurred, then without notice, they were shut down

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days after. No one accountable, no one to answer

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your questions, no one even with insurance. What

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about those businesses that didn't have insurance?

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GREGG BISHOP: Right. Well, in those cases I

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would say that we should talk to that merchant

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association because that merchant association need to

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know about our services because we are the ones to

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talk to. You know, if there is a communication

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issue, I've walked for example, Council Member
Ulrich's district, where there is a significant water
main project happening, there is a lot of restaurants
on there and they were concerned that the
notification that they got was during their busiest
time. We reached out to DDC and DDC was able to
change the shut off time to overnight. So,
therefore, the businesses can operate during the day
and then they wouldn't be impacted by the water shut
off. So, again we are interacting with the agencies
and especially when it's in a commercial area and it

You know, DDC has been accommodating when we bring and raise concerns of the businesses in their area. We've had conversations about communication, lack of communication, poor communication with DDC. They have pledged to try to work closer and they try to work with the community organizations and in some cases, we make the connection with whatever that organization is directly with the project manager for that particular project. So, that way they can be better aligned to communication.

has a significant impact on those small businesses.

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2 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner, I'm with you.

Their pledge for better communication. It means nothing, there is no teeth.

GREGG BISHOP: I mean, I know Commissioner Grillo and she is very much focused on and she understand the impact these construction projects have on small business. And the fact that she understands that is important. I wouldn't say that there is no teeth. What I will say is that, you know, is there going to be a period where there is miscommunication? There could be right, because you know, construction as you know is a complicated thing. So, while the prime contractor might say that okay, if we get all this work done today, than tomorrow this is where we're going to actually need to turn off the water. Something happens, you know, the project, the work isn't getting done so they have to delay shutting off the water until the following day, etc.

It's not an exact science, but where we can have control is the communication of that. So, that's the part that we try to make sure that you know, the project managers they are all aware of what it means when things change to a small business.

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CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I agree with you. We can always improve, but then where do we make these businesses whole and you correctly identify that this is all cities and not particular unique to New York City. Why isn't New York City reimbursing these

GREGG BISHOP: You know, again, I would say it's a project by project basis and I cannot even imagine how to budget for infrastructure reimbursement. And I think that's probably the issue.

small businesses for their loss?

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner, if you can't — how does a small business where they don't have the wear with all, they don't have the unlimited resources, how do they prepare if government can't estimate?

GREGG BISHOP: Because that why business interruption insurance is the best tool for that.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: But I just described to you an interruption to business based on a notice that there was no water supply, there is no insurance, there is no claim that could be made for the expense of preparing for the potential of a water supply shut off. There is no claim. So, the manpower that was needed to bring in temporary water, or possibly even

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2 shut down the establishment in preparing for a water

3 shutdown for something that never occurred. There is

4 | no claim, there is no one to blame.

GREGG BISHOP: Right, there was no interruption of the business, but the following couple of days you said when the water was shut off without notice.

That is an interruption of business.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: If I had notice and I was in a restaurant; I'd shut down business. Sorry folks put up notice on my door. On April 30th we are shut down due to a water supply cut off. It never happened. I still have the expenses associated with the loss of not being able to operate on that given day and no one will be held accountable. There is no insurance claim provided I have the right insurance or business interruption. I am out of pocket. No one is going to make that small business whole.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, so again, you know, that's probably a longer conversation in terms of a disaster recovery fund based on infrastructure work. You know, I am happy to work with you on that. It is very complicated, and it could actually — I would say that even with this bill, having individuals with expertise that you know, could help us design such a

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2 program might be helpful. But again, it goes back to

3 who is on the board and whether or not - I mean, we

4 | are always supportive of figuring out ways to help

5 businesses become more resilient. So, I am happy to

6 continue having that conversation.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I really do hope that Intro.

390 will have a board that is more proactive and

comes up with every potential natural or manmade

incident that could impact the small business

including the entire city and come up with

contingencies on what should be done.

REGG BISHOP: Right and our hope is that you know, working with you to make sure that whatever comes out of it in terms of what the board looks like, has experts that are familiar and have seen different strategies. Not only in New York City but I would say nationwide and worldwide in terms of how cities have dealt with not only manmade disaster but natural disasters.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, let's talk about manmade for a second because something resonates with me. My favorite policy that was implemented by this administration Clear Curbs. There is no insurance claim for business interruption. This is

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administratively, but you know what, we are going to come up with a policy that could literally destroy your business and I will remind you that it was no parking, no stopping, no standing from 7 a.m. to 10 a.m. and from 4 p.m. to 7 p.m.

It shut businesses down. I would argue that that was a manmade natural disaster. I couldn't prepare for it. There is nothing I can do about it. to suck it up and the losses of revenue which we've heard testimony on. Some businesses list up to 40 percent of their revenue. They were never made whole and it was a pilot program which was a disaster and then they said, oh, well, next. There was no one that was held accountable. There was no small business that was made whole on their losses. were expected to just bare it but real impact.

We should be held accountable for that. should have reserves for that if we are going to implement any policy and that was strictly manmade thought out policy, which didn't yield the results that it broadcasted on the backs of small business. That's not fair, not only not fair, I get passionate about this. We talk a good game about being there for our small businesses. We appreciate the jobs

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2 that they create. The revenue that they provide.

3 The services that they offer this great city, but

4 each time we can we destroy them, we hurt them, we

5 make it impossible for them to thrive.

We don't care, because there isn't a business out there that is more valuable than a city. We take the position that we know whats best and if you should shut down, you should shut down, someone will fill your vacancy. We destroy lives, destroy businesses, destroy those jobs and never look back.

We know that 50 percent of businesses never make it to year five based on consumer behavior changes.

Based on the internet, based on competition and business models.

We are not there for them. We hurt them. And I will reiterate something that I heard many years ago, when a government, an elected approached a small business group and said, hey, I want to be helpful and one of the more senior members stood up and said, please, stop trying to help because every time you help it hurts. I laughed when I heard that for the first time and I've seen it done year in, year out. Administration after administration, do the same thing.

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Every time we try to help, we hurt. There is no accountability for the damage that we do. There is no recruitment for those businesses that are shut down, destroyed, or negatively impacted.

I really hope that this bill will allow for the best of the best to come together and not only come up with contingency plans for the worst-case scenario, but even those that are manmade by administration that have impact, or we make them whole.

Sorry, I ran off on a passionate moment, but I know you are passionate about this as well.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, and you know, I share your passion obviously because you know, when we're talking about small businesses, we're talking about mom and pops. We're talking about individuals who personally invested their life savings to run this business and of course, when something happens and a policy happens that affects that business, we have to be passionate about that because that is someone who could potentially lose that particular business and lose the changes that occurred. When you are running a business and you are changing it to our family, your generations family etc.

The only thing I will push back on a little bit
is that the city, this administration, I don't think
anyone is sitting in the room saying, how can we hurt
small businesses. I think what we are seeing is a
complicated city with 8.6 million people. There is
complicated issues and clear curbs was designed to
speed the flow of traffic because there is life
saving implications on if an ambulance can't get
through traffic, if a fire truck can't get through
traffic, if the police can't get through traffic and
New York City is a very old city. We don't have the
luxury like other modern city's with four or five
lanes that can just turn a lane into. For example, a
dedicated bus lane. Like other cities are doing or
we can have like a fire only lane in other small
towns. We only have X-amount of feet of space. So,
I think balancing all these other things, you know,
the pilot was to see, what can we do to speed up the
flow of traffic. We immediately heard from
businesses that were impacted by that and you
contacted me. Other Council Members contacted me;
BIDs contacted me. I contacted DOT. We went out a
couple times with the DOT Commissioner. I went out
with you and I contacted and all of us contacted

2 Deputy Mayor of Operations and said, hey, this pilot,

3 | we've got to change it.

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And we were responsive. I think the question that you have and again, we're happy to you know, whether it's through this Council or another Committee is answer the question about any type of infrastructure work that's done and the impact that it has on small businesses. What sort of financial resource can the city provide. And I don't have the answer in terms of, because it's always been the policy of the city that infrastructure work is something that we don't reimburse for.

But again, where we can be helpful is to help businesses be prepared as much as possible.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Commissioner, I agree with you and I don't think this administration says you know, how do we destroy business today. I don't believe that's true but when they enact a policy, I don't think they give much consideration to the unintended consequence that a policy could have on a small business. And that's why I get passionate. We knew it was going to be a bad idea. It was a sixmonth pilot. Businesses shut down forever closed because of that pilot. It was unfortunate, it could

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2 | have been prevented and we knew the impact. I'll go

3 further, we currently have this administrations

4 Vision Zero Initiative, making streets safer. On one

5 | hand, we have small business owners, entire

6 commercial corridors pleading, begging, saying please

7 \parallel don't do this, it is going to destroy me.

I will have a real loss and I could substantiate it based on experience when we had road closures.

When Con Edison was bringing in utility lines for

11 that duration, my business went down my X dollars.

12 This will be the same. There will be a lane closure,

13 this is going to have a negative impact. Please

14 don't do this.

Especially, I will bring up Morris Park in particular. A mile and a half stretch, it was deprioritized by DOT's own report, a 40 percent decrease in pedestrian involved incidents, 40 percent. The plan is still moving ahead. I believe it begins today and there was a lawsuit that was initiated I believe today to stop that from happening. Begging, pleading, townhalls, you name it with DOT. Saying, one, you have a metro north coming in. Most significant capital improvement coming into

that area in decades. Two, metro north stations

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2 coming in. The only main corridor that can ex both

3 is Morris Park. Ties to three major hospitals, a

4 thoroughfare to schools. DOT says, sorry, we heard

5 you. We are moving ahead anyhow. There is no

6 business insurance interruption policy that will make

7 that business whole. There is no one that they can

8 go to for relief. There is no one that they can seek

9 the revenue that they will lose from, this

10 | initiative. So, what is all this about? If we're

11 | going to decide what's in the best interest no matter

12 | what and we don't care what damage or what impact it

13 has on your business, we're going to do this.

abstained. Not a single support.

How are we there for our small businesses than?

Complete community opposition. 100 percent of the community board voted against it. One person

Town Hall overwhelmingly opposed. Meetings with DOT overwhelmingly opposed. Please, and we have a BID there, a newly formed BID, and I got small businesses that are pleading to stop this. At least they say until City Planning does a study to understand the impact that it will have on our small

businesses including the Metro North coming in.

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We are looking to up zone that area. I have seen projections of 20 story buildings possibly coming into that area. Yet, DOT and this administration says, nope, we are moving ahead regardless.

What are your thoughts first on it. You the Chair of SBS. I'm sorry, that's twice I did that. The Commissioner of SBS. You said, come to me so we can help. I am presenting to you a real issue that starts today. How do we help those small businesses, 100 businesses that are afforded a 30-foot section so they can get their deliveries.

One of those small businesses is a window company says, how am I going to get my bay windows from three blocks away? I can't wheel them down sidewalks. It is too dangerous. The product will be destroyed.

One gust of wind and I risk someone being hurt.

I have got supermarkets saying this 30-foot section isn't enough for my needs let alone the other 99 businesses. I've got an appliance retailer says, how am I going to get my large appliances that come in every day in and out? I can't double park because if I do, I take up the only lane of traffic. And just so you understand, this is Morris Park where there is two lanes of traffic in either direction.

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The policy is going to remove one lane of traffic. Creating only one lane, no more double parking, no more deliveries, creating more congestion, taking away valuable parking spots, which means less shoppers and people will avoid using that thoroughfare. This is real Commissioner, today. I am coming to you Commissioner and saying, SBS, what are you ready to do about this? How do we protect those small businesses that we value? That we rely on for the jobs, the revenue. When we are undermining their very existence.

OREGG BISHOP: Well I think you know, so number one, without having all the details, I mean, you just mentioned the removal of the lanes but is the removal of the lanes for through traffic or is — I'm not familiar with the project, so I would need to get familiar with the project to understand. Knowing how DOT works, you know, if there is all this opposition, I am sure they are aware of it and I could reach out to the DOT Commissioner.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I have on numerous occasions. Everyone has, every elected — well, I shouldn't say every elected official. Many of my elected officials that represent the area have

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2 reached out. We have spoken to this administration

3 directly. We've pleaded with both the borough

4 commissioner and Polly on this is something that is

5 not wanted, not desired, where there is always a

6 reason, but according to their own report that just

7 came out a couple of months ago. It deprioritized

8 the need based on the 40 percent decrease. Yet, the

9 policy is being implemented against the will of all

10 stakeholders, everyone.

I have a reason to believe even the attorneys are looking into it as they foiled the records. The Fire Departments against it. Sanitation is against it.

Departments and agencies are opposed.

I take one example, there is a commercial corridor, mixed use. You have commercial on first floor and then some residential above. There is one lane of traffic now, that you can drive on. An oil delivery truck which can take up to 15 minutes to 20 minutes to deliver its oil to an existing building, has taken up that lane of traffic. You have just shut down an entire commercial corridor. There's that truck that doesn't have a 600-foot hose to deliver its product. Cant park on a side street, it can only park directly in front.

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Do you know what the response of one of the responsible DOT members was? It's easy, let the cars drive around it over the markings on the street. That's equivalent to creating an incident where you are going to have a head-on collision. The same could be happening on the other side and I have two cars using the same driving over the same no driving markings. NO response. You're risking lives, destroying businesses and you'll say Vision Zero is proven to save lives. Yeah, we make one street safer and make another street less safe because the cars to avoid traffic are using side streets.

And now, you are endangering the residents of local streets versus main thoroughfares. And our gadgets, the GPS's of the world show us how we can navigate around and if you know an area well, you know exactly how to get through.

I'm not opposed to Vision Zero. I am opposed to it being done on this commercial corridor with 100 businesses that I feel so strongly against it that a lawsuit is being filed on their behalf. That they are raising the money because they know what it means. So, when you say I'll talk to the Commissioner. I'll see how I can stop it. We've

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tried all of that. They were present, they've heard personal pleas. Please don't do this. It's not the

4 right corridor. We can take other initiatives to

5 make our — we should always strive to make things

6 safer for all New Yorkers. But please take into

7 consideration the pleas of these businesses which are

struggling just to keep their doors open. To no

9 avail.

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GREGG BISHOP: I hear you and you know, because I'm not familiar with all the communication. I mean you've just told me everything that you've done in the past, so I am happy to follow up on this particular issue.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Depending on this lawsuit will determine the outcome of how many businesses will be impacted, if any. But this is again, manmade. It is done by this administration without taking into consideration the pleas. Ask for stag or traffic lights, ask for better markings on crosswalks, anything but. We have an example and I don't want to make it all about this, but this is one fine example of something that has an impact. That is manmade and there is no recourse.

owners and now DOT is considering a different version

to address the challenges that the businesses in that

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2 community brought forth. I was up there just about a

3 month ago with the Deputy Mayor of operations just to

4 hear, just so she could hear directly from the

5 business owners as well.

So, as I said, you know, I'm not sure, you've said that you've had numerous conversations with DOT. DOT has been responsive when we've brought up issues and certainly I will make sure because you have brought it up here that and I am sure our team has already sent those emails, to not only the DOT Commissioner but also the Deputy Mayor of Operations, to let her know that this remains a concern of yours and a bunch of businesses that will be impacted.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Work begins I believe today.

I believe the community was given notice that work will begin today.

GREGG BISHOP: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: I am an optimistic person.

I really believe that if this is done correctly and provided that it is given a chance and a goal that is achievable, Intro. 390 can go a long way to making sure our businesses have a fighting chance and that government should do all that it can to protect them, help prepare and be able to provide the means by

1 COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 54 2 which they continue to rise, raise the revenues whether it be manmade or natural made disasters. 3 And the bill introducer has just joined us. Council 4 Member do -5 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Do you want me to speak. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Only if you'd like. I kept them warm for you. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Thank you, Chairman. 9 Sorry I am late; I took the A-Train here. That's a 10 11 topic for another hearing. GREGG BISHOP: And another Commissioner. 12 13 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Right exactly, MTA. 14 think that's the governors fault today. Tomorrow, 15 who knows. Anyway, I want to thank the Chair of the 16 Committee. I also want to thank my colleague and my 17 friend Council Member Holden for being the prime co-18 sponsor on this piece of legislation. Commissioner as you know, the night of Hurricane 19 20 Sandy, you were in my district. I remember bumping into you literally across Bay Boulevard and Howard 21 2.2 Beach and you were going store to store, and I can't 23 thank you enough. You were not the citywide commissioner at the time, I think you were the 24

assistant commissioner but you literally boots on the

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2 ground and trying to help in whatever way you could

3 the small business owners in my district, not only in

4 Howard Beach but in Rockaway and I know you were in

5 other parts of the city as well. So, I want to

6 commend you again and thank you for that.

GREGG BISHOP: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: I think you are doing an amazing job and the Mayor could not have picked a better person to lead the agency.

GREGG BISHOP: Thank you very much.

know, we are living in the world of climate change and intensifying whether events and I think that the need for an advisory board to assist the city with disaster recovery when it comes to helping small businesses is not a bad thing and it's something that I think we could get a lot of positive feedback and ideas from and we would love to work with you and that administration if the bill is moved out of committee to establish this advisory board and to identify the right stakeholders to serve on this board, so that we can work together.

After Hurricane Sandy, the one thing that I noticed, and you can speak better to this than I can.

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Is that we were able to do a lot of good but at the same time, it was sort of like, you know, everything was like popcorn. It was sporadically, you know, we've been doing something in far Rockaway, we were doing something in Coney Island. We were doing something in Staten Island. We were doing something in Howard Beach, but I think one of the lessons that we learned from Sandy when it came to helping the businesses get back on their feet, was there really cannot be this one size fits all approach and that what works well for medium or larger businesses, you know, for instance the \$25,000 loan which was terrific, thank you for helping us with that. the \$10,000 grant that was attached to that. A lot of businesses didn't qualify for that and a lot of businesses also did not qualify for SBA loans. you know, there are many businesses that fall through the cracks and how do we assist those businesses which have been in business for a very long time. And are very much a part of the fabric of the communities that they serve.

You know what can we tailor to assist those businesses. So, you know, having maybe several categories of Aid programs in ways that we can assist

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people and then also, in the immediate aftermath of
these disasters, how do we deputize other city
workers in training them to actually go out, because
it is physically impossible for you and your
dedicated staff to reach every single business owner

dedicated staff to reach every single business owner
in an impacted area for instance, in a hurricane or

8 some other emergency.

It's just there is not enough personnel in your agency to actually connect with all of those business owners. And so, how do we utilize other city workers and other volunteers perhaps in training them to maybe OEM or other agencies? Those are the types of ideas that we would be looking to come out of this advisory board as well as others.

So, we're hoping that when you take this back to the administration, legislative council and the Mayor's Office, that they will glance over the fact that I'm the main sponsor of the bill and won't use that as a reason to oppose it. But all kidding aside, that they will see that there can be some real value here. And that the Council and the Administration and the people of the City of New York can really benefit from this.

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And again, I want to thank the Chair of the

Committee for recognizing the importance of this

legislation and I hope that you can help us bring it

to the finish line.

GREGG BISHOP: Well thank you Council Member and thank you for the kind words and of course, you've been always a strong advocate of small businesses.

We talked about some of the work that we did on Rockaways and I talked about some of the challenges that we saw after Sandy in terms of local organizations where the capacity that they have to really make the connections to small businesses.

That's why we did all that work standing up to the Merchant Association on Beach 116th, you know, one of the things, you know, we were talking about. You know, we agree that businesses should be resilient and disaster preparedness should be part of the resiliency.

You know, I think working with you and the Committee, we just want to make sure that the language of the bill works for everyone and I think in terms of like who will be on the Committee, the length of terms, etc., but certainly you know, working with you figure out different ways we can

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2 ensure that business preparedness is part of you

3 know, just the language of starting a small business.

4 Small business owners know what they need to do,

5 makes a lot of sense to us.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: You know, I have question. One of the issues that some of the businesses ran into in my district after Sandy was this idea of duplication of benefits. Right, and I know that you are keenly aware of this.

GREGG BISHOP: Very.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Exactly, it is sort of unfortunate but that the federal government said, if they receive the SBA loan that that could be counted against some of the aid that the city might be using CDBG funds to support as well. So, maybe you can just talk about some of the difficulties there.

GREGG BISHOP: But one of the things I said was that the federal government based on their past experiences with disasters, came up with the program was late because of politics and that it was very onerous on small businesses. And unfortunately, we had to be the messenger of that.

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You know, one of the things that I also talked about is business interruption insurance is the best defense for that. For any type of disaster.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: And how affordable is that? I am not aware.

GREGG BISHOP: It's part of you know, in terms of affordability, it all depends on how you operate your business. So, that's the other part right, is really, do you have the documentation to show that you're operating your business in a way that someone could actually gage how much losses you could potentially have.

One of the challenges we saw with small businesses was that they did not have the paperwork. They did not have sort of like their past tax returns for example. Some that were cash only, we sometimes know cash only businesses are cash only for a reason, but when a disaster happens, the savings in taxes that you occurred up front in terms of maybe downplaying your revenues, comes back at you when you have to expend a number of funds to actually recover from a disaster because you can't take advantage of some of these programs.

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The duplication of benefits you know, it's the federal government, they are just looking to ensure that you are not double dipping. And especially in your district, there were individuals who took our program because we were first out the gate and they got the \$25,000 loan and got the grant. And instead of buying equipment and things to run their business, they actually helped the community and it was unfortunate because we weren't able to help them again with the federal program because of that duplicative benefit clause.

You know, it is something we could work with our federal partners and see - as you know this climate in Washington, I'm not sure -

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: I'll be there tomorrow.

I will let them know.

GREGG BISHOP: Well, you can let the Chair of the Small Business Committee know that that's something that you're very much focused on.

When I was in Washington I spoke to the SBA. I think the SBA is really focused on like disasters.

You know, they have a certain view of what the private sector should be doing. Meaning like insurance etc., etc., versus what government should

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2 be doing. And depending on your political leanings,

3 you may have certain considerations in terms of

4 should government be the first. I say that we should

5 be there to help and prepare and certainly we will be

6 there with our local programs to really help

7 businesses come through disasters as quickly as

8 possible until the federal government figures out

9 what they are going to do.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: You know I could tell you; I sort of beat this drum all the time and it's not your fault. It was really an EDC iteration in the last year of the Bloomberg Administration, but people were really excited about the game changer grand competition. Not only in Rockaway but also in Brooklyn and Staten Island as well. And there were funds that were promised our community to make business corridors more resilient, more vibrant, to sort of rebuild them in a fashion that is sustainable and also profitable at the same time. And when the de Blasio administration came into office, they repurposed those funds and that was not your doing in any way. But is there any political curiosity or is there any talk at City Hall about bringing back something like that. I mean some sort of private

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2 partnership to you know, provide stimulus to those

3 areas that are still struggling to recover. If you

4 go to far Rockaway, you go to my district. You go to

5 | Coney Island, there are still businesses that are

6 boarded up. That the gate is rolled down and they

7 | never rented it to somebody else or they made some

8 repairs and they are still struggling to recover. I

9 mean I often wonder if the city recognizes the plight

10 of small businesses in flood zones, in these areas

11 | that were severely impacted by the storm.

Most recovered but many did not and what do we do to provide a shot in the arm to those areas. Because we made a commitment to them and then we sort of took that back.

CREGG BISHOP: Yeah, so I can't speak to the game changer, but I can tell you that we have as part of sort of the natural evolution. We went from recovery to resiliency and part of our program the resiliency program is really to help businesses figure out how they can be more resilient and that how, you have insurance experts, you have disaster recovery experts going into that business and identifying the pain points and then we give them a grant of \$3,000 to actually implement some of the solutions.

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And some of the solutions are very simple. Some of it is just not having all your key documents on a hard drive in a PC or a MAC on your premise or maybe having a generator or figuring out you know, all the documents that you really need to have in one particular area, so in case a disaster happens, you can actually put your hands on it easily.

I will tell you that some of the things that you know, we would be happy to talk about and figure out ways, you know, what I've seen is that after a disaster, the immediate thing that a business needs is capital. Because depending on how long the business has been closed, they need capital to sort of bounce back and replace the inventory and then, the next thing they need is marketing help. So, people know that the business is around.

So, figuring out different ways we can use our existing support. Not only at SBS but citywide. I think that's one of the things we want to talk to you and the Committee about in terms of this bill to make sure that whatever existing programs are out there that we tap into it to make sure that we're not duplicating work that's already been done based on

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2 the learnings from Sandy. Because we work closely

3 with emergency management for example.

You know, so we have a relationship with emergency management in terms of how to get the word out to small businesses and you know, we also as part of our 1NYC2050 Plan, we have talked about putting together a resiliency panel as well.

So, the more resiliency work and you know, they are not here today, but has been focused on protecting inundated areas, but I can't speak to in terms of any consultation that has been happening around game changer.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: The legislation that's the topic of today's hearing allows for the Mayor to appoint five of the nine appointees and the Council Speaker to appoint the other four. And it says members will serve two-year terms and cannot be removed except for cause. Is there any hesitation or is there any push back from the administration on how that board is consisted?

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, I wouldn't say hesitation, I would say more so, we should talk about what that looks like, because it's very prescriptive right.

For example, two-year term, you know, Hurricane Sandy

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happened well, six years ago. So, we don't know the frequency of disasters and if you have people rotating in an out, you could have a committee that has never dealt with a disaster.

So, figure out you know, on who should be on the committee. Is it a committee of - you know, is it the Commissioner of Emergency Management? Is it the Small Business Commissioner? I mean, I think we should probably talk about what that composition is. We're not you know again, the intent and the idea is something that we are aligned with because I think one of the biggest challenges again, with working and helping small businesses for the time I have. that and I mentioned to the Chair earlier, small business owners are not thinking about disaster recovery. They are only thinking about it when it happens and by that time it's too late. So, we need to figure out you know, whether it's through this bill or through existent services, how we can actually small businesses consider that as part of just the natural course of business.

So, if you're thinking about opening up your business, there is a checklist and we do that at SBS. But again, we want to make sure that business owners

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2 understand that this is actually crucial to the

3 | viability of your business as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: You know, it's such a devastating event, Hurricane Sandy and God willing it doesn't happen again in our lifetime, something of that magnitude. What made it worse was that so many of the small business owners, not only in my district but throughout the city, they also live in those communities that are impacted by the Storm. And you know, if you have a small mom and pop shop, an immigrant owned business or just even somebody that's been in business for 50 or 60 years, to have your home and your business completely wiped out at the same time. You know, it takes a toll financially, psychologically. I think you encountered that firsthand talking to some of these business owners. They were really at their wits end literally and some of them suffered more than others but all of them really suffered and I think it takes a toll.

When we talk about business counseling, it's not only about the dollars and cents but what other counseling you think can SBS provide those business owners in a time of great distress? You know, aside from saying, okay, where are your bank statements and

1 COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 68 2 this is how you fill out the paperwork and this is what you do. That's the most important. 3 GREGG BISHOP: You are raising a very legitimate 4 5 point. COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Maybe the Thrive NYC. 6 7 don't know. I am asking honestly here. 8 GREGG BISHOP: Yes, so I literally was going to mention that because there is an initiative through 9 10 Thrive NYC for business owners, for a number of 11 reasons. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: But is that under your supervision, your umbrella? 13 GREGG BISHOP: It is. We are working in 14 15 conjunction with Thrive. Because it's focused on 16 mental wellness and in terms of you know, Thrive NYC 17 has individuals who are actually going to be working 18 with us and figure out how to get to the business community. Not only us but other business 19 20 organizations. But it is important that you know, we talk about mental health for business owners. 2.1 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: And I think the outreach 23 there is terribly important. They are not going to call 311 and say you know; I'm having a nervous 24

breakdown. I am losing my house and my business.

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You have to go to them. I mean, like it's really, to
make that connection in a time like that, I saw it
firsthand. The intervention literally has to happen

5 at their place.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, the worst conversation I had during Hurricane Sandy was telling a business owner that the federal program would prevent us from — because a duplicate of benefit, would prevent us from being able to fund that business owner. And to be honest Council Member, when that person heard the news, they slumped down and said, I'm finished.

And then left my office and I actually was concerned about his mental health state at that time. So, it is important that we think about that.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: So, when you have these outreach teams, this is like something that I think might come out of the advisory board. But when you are able to dispatch people into a particular area that has been effected by severe whether event or some other disaster, you know, to have a mental health expert or someone there along with the SBS liaison and the financial people that you're sending out there to talk to these people, to talk to these effected business owners, I think would be incredibly

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2 helpful. You know, sometimes people become irate or

3 they might seem unreasonable or obtuse, but they are

4 really just reacting to something just catastrophic

5 | that just happened to them. They think that their

6 families are in financial ruin. I mean, some of them

7 really can go off the deep end and they need help to

8 | in that way. So, you know training and providing

9 | that assistance. Again, not saying, oh, if you're

10 | feeling sad tomorrow morning because the Pizzeria

11 | burned down, call this number. That's not going to

12 work, and I think that the City as a whole we are

13 \parallel reactive, we are not always proactive as a whole.

14 | That's just my constructive criticism and if there is

15 anyway for us to be genuinely proactive in that

16 regard in the future, that would be helpful.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, you know, in terms of being proactive, I think one of the things we learned and which is why we worked closely with not only local organizations but our business prep courses for example, we held in libraries and spaces in districts that were inundated with waters to make it easier for businesses to actually come to these classes to learn about it. We did tons of outreach and one of the

things that I mentioned in my testimony, because the

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program is federally funded, we're taking applications up to June 1st. We will still continue to have the workshops, but the actual grant etc., the last application due will be June 1st, so you know, we would be happy to work with your office to make one last push. I think we did a really good job in your district. But in other district, you know, —

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: What are the numbers just off the top of your head, do you have a ballpark figure?

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, I do have the numbers. We have in terms of business prep, so, overall, we delivered about 390 risk assessments. So, this is basically go into businesses and saying here are all the issues that you have. Of those 390, 175 businesses got grants totaling more than \$500,000.

So, we can give you the breakdown in terms of like per communities etc. But one of the biggest challenges and I've attended some of the classes, you know, is getting business owners to actually prioritize business preparedness with running their business. If you understand what I'm saying. If you are too busy running your business, and again, you know, we've tried to be as flexible as possible to

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2 ensure that business owners have the time to actually

3 consume that service, but we want to make sure that

4 business owners know that you know, we will always be

5 there to actually help teach them the things that

6 they need to think about. But I cannot stress enough

7 that business interruption insurance is and will be

8 the first line of defense.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: So, you know, it's interesting that you mention that because during Sandy, you know the water had come to about 157th avenue and some parts and into Lindenwood, but there was a blackout all the way into Ozone Park up to Liberty Avenue. These were areas that were not flooded, were not affected by fire.

GREGG BISHOP: They were impacted.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: But those businesses were severely impacted because for two weeks, the priority in Rockaway with LIPA was getting the power back on and in Howard Beach and Broad Channel, well Broad Channel has a mixture of energy sources. But you know, Con Edison was doing their best to respond to get the power up and running again but you know in Ozone Park, they were secondary. But they were impacted. Those pizzerias, those bakeries, those

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didn't think of that.

hair and nail salons, those banks, those business establishments were interrupted and lost you know, hundreds of thousands of dollars in food and spoilable goods. You know, getting back to your point, being prepared for that event. Even if you aren't in a flood zone. But having the right insurance, having the right information, knowing where to go. But again, having the city be able to also go there, because sometimes people aren't thinking straight when it happens. They could do all the planning in the world, when the lights go off and all of a sudden you are losing thousands of dollars in business a day, the last thing on your mind might be the hard drive that you stored somewhere else or the insurance policy you took out five years ago, when somebody had a meeting at the Library. So, you know, that's where the city having the outreach, I

GREGG BISHOP: Right, and that's why we made the investment based on the learnings from Hurricane Sandy to have the mobile outreach unit. Because one of the challenges we had was finding physical space in impacted areas because of the fact that they were

think is really important. Oh, yeah, you're right, I

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2 impacted but being able to just drive up to a
3 commercial corridor, park our vehicle and business
4 owners could just step right out of their business

5 right into our offices.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: You have a mobile unit I assume?

GREGG BISHOP: Yes, yes, we have like for example a satellite on the top, so local information used etc., because in the Rockaways, there was no power, no nothing and one of the things that the unit has is the ability to display information. We have charging stations on the outside, because people needed to charge their cell phones.

COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: That was a big issue too.

GREGG BISHOP: So, we learned a lot from

Hurricane Sandy. So, the unit has the ability to

have about three staff members and a conference room

in the unit that can hold about eight or nine people.

We deployed it in flat iron when we had the steam

pipe explosion and we were in that unit with Con Ed

for example. So, it's a one stop shop. So, we would

help the person, the business owners with any of the

stuff that we needed to do in terms of the city and

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS 75 then they would just turn right around and talk to

Con Ed in terms of how to file a claim.

did, sorry to interrupt you. After the storm, I insisted that every member of my staff when we hired them and even the people that were working for me before, that they became notary publics. Because there were so many documents that had to be notarized or have some one who is a commissioner of deeds, that I insist that every member of my staff become a notary public or a commissioner of deeds and I do that for a reason because people are bringing in important documents and we can't say oh, okay, we'll print them out for you. We will help you fill it out

We want to make sure that people can get the assistance that they need and having those people on the van, I think the notaries could be very helpful to or Commissioner of deeds, very easy.

but go to the bank down the block or go to the

lawyers office across the street.

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GREGG BISHOP: So, let's hope we don't have another event like Sandy, but to your point, you know, it's not if but when.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: Well, they said it's a

3 | 100-year storm.

GREGG BISHOP: Every ten years.

5 COUNCIL MEMBER ULRICH: So, I'm hoping that the

6 next it comes we wont be around. Unless you are

7 planning to live to 100 and well, you are only 34

8 | years old. So, I guess 134. So, well, the Chair is

9 back. I am going to turn this hearing back over to

10 him. No, it's fine, we've exhausted it, but I think

11 | the administration realizes how important this is and

12 | if there is a way, we can negotiate the bill to try

13 | to make it appropriate and comfortable with the

14 | Council and the administration, I think the Chair

would be delighted to move ahead.

16 Thank you, Commissioner.

GREGG BISHOP: Yeah, happy to work with you.

18 CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Thank you again. I just

19 | want to thank you for the introduction of this bill

20 | which would go along way in actually helping our

21 small businesses for both natural and manmade, but

22 | while we're on natural disasters because I kept him

23 | warm for you just on manmade disasters, this past

winter, I believe it was listed in two inches of snow

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2 that shut down the city? I don't think business

3 interruption insurance covers snow fall.

GREGG BISHOP: No.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, let's look at this for a There was two inches of snow that literally moment. shut down New York City. Brought us to a screeching halt. I can't say it was preventable. You can't prevent snow but certainly a proactive approach, much more could have been done to prevent the - in my lifetime, probably one of the worst traffic jams due to neglect or lack of follow up. And not only in about snowplows out there, we could have done a lot more just by informing the public. Don't get into your cars. This is peak traffic times, congestion, stay where you are at. Seek alternative means of transportation. Take shelter, stay off the streets, let the snowplows do their job, so that we can get the city moving. We shut down every commercial corridor, businesses, there was nothing going on.

This Intro could possibly create the think tank that is needed on properly addressing something that is not preventable but certainly provide them the resources and information that's needed to make it less detrimental on our small businesses.

GREGG BISHOP: So, I mean, I would say that
again, we want to make sure that businesses are
prepared. Since you mentioned this and because it is
on record, I will just say that the City Emergency
Management, because obviously I have nothing to do
with snow, but the emergency management and
Department of Sanitation based on the reports from
the national weather service, because I talk to
Commissioner Garcia all the time. The forecast was
you know, less than an inch of snow and the last time
I checked, and I've spent most of my lifetime in New
York City. We don't shut down the city for less than
an inch of snow. And at the very last minute, and
you know, again, you have to question the Sanitation
Commissioner or Emergency Management, those forecasts
changed and that's why we received the amount of snow
that we did. Because the weather shifted at the very
last minute, people were already out. Folks were
already in their cars; people were already on to
work. So, you know, I wouldn't categorize it as a
failure of the city. I would just say that there was
a unique situation that happened that particular day
and I think as you can see, because well, I'm not a
weather forecaster, so I'm not going to guarantee

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2 there is not going to be any snowstorms, but you

3 know, the flowers are blooming. So, I would say

4 based on the other incidences, the other times that

5 | we've had snow, the city had responded appropriately.

6 But back to your original point and the original

7 point of this hearing is that yes, we do need to make

8 sure we can figure out ways that businesses are

9 prepared, and I am happy to work with you on the

10 | language of the bill.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: So, case and point. day, tremendous loss of revenue for our small There is no insurance that is going to businesses. cover their loss. There is no city program that is going to give them the ability to recapture, not their profit, their loss for the day. Regardless of and don't get me wrong, we have some incredible programs that were initiated for the wellbeing to protect our workforces, paid family leave, sick leave, healthcare coverage, minimum wage, the - I forget the scheduling law now that even if they come in they get paid or if they don't come in and they were scheduled to come in, they get paid or be fined. All of these have an impact on these small business and don't get me wrong, I think there is some great

anywhere.

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benefits there. But the small business cannot recapture that loss of revenue that they need to help substantiate these payroll, rent, services, expenses that they incur and maybe this think tank could be given the ammunition, the strength, the resources and the "power and the influence" and I say that in quotes. "Power and influence" for another suggestive body or committee forum that is going to merely suggest, and the suggestions don't go

But I do want to thank you because I know your hearts in the right place and your head follows it.

You are a champion for Small Businesses, and I am encouraged to continue working with you to make a difference.

Yorkers in the intent of this legislation.

I think will be a disservice to New

GREGG BISHOP: Well, thank you very much. I appreciate it.

CHAIRPERSON GJONAJ: Is there anyone that wants to be heard and go on the record? This hearing is adjourned. [GAVEL]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 1, 2018