1	COMMITTE	E ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	1
2	CITY COUNCIL		
3	CITY OF NEW YORK		
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6	Of the		
7	COMMITTEE ON ECON	JOMIC DEVELOPMENT	
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10	HELD AT:	Council Chambers - City Hall	
11	BEFORE:		
12	COUNCIL MEMBERS:	Chairperson	
13	COUNCIL MEMBERS.	ADRIENNE E. ADAMS INEZ D. BARRON	
14		ROBERT E. CORNEGY, JR. PETER A. KOO	
15		BRAD S. LANDER MARK LEVINE	
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18		HELEN K. ROSENTHAL JUMAANE D. WILLIAMS	
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1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 2
2	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)
3	James Patchett President and CEO of the New York City Economic
4	Development Corporation, EDC
5	Kim Vaccari Chief Financial Officer of the New York City
6	Economic Development Corporation, EDC
7	Saduf Syal Coordinating Director of the New York City
8	Network of Worker Cooperatives, NYCNoWC
9	Marisol Linda Diaz President, Founder and Worker Owner at Brooklyn
10	Stone and Tile
11	Julian Hill Staff Attorney at the Community Justice Center at
12	The Urban Justice Center
13 14	Aileen Fuchs President and CEO of Snug Harbor Cultural Center And Botanical Garden
1516	Eve Moros Ortega National Urban Fellow at CUNY, Trustee of New Yorkers for Culture and Arts, Board President of Arts Gowanus
17	Katie Parks
18	Business Outreach Center, BOC Network and Affiliate Small Business Loan Fund, BOC Capital
19	Corp, CDFI
20	Aline Biler Staff Member of Workers Justice Project, WJP,
21	Immigrant
22	Tasfia Rahman Policy Coordinator at the Coalition for Asian
23	American Children and Families, CACF

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[gavel]

3 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Good morning, good 4 morning. We are calling to order today's Committee on 5 Economic Development fiscal 2020 preliminary budget hearing. Good morning everyone, welcome, my name if 6 Paul Vallone and I am the Chair of the Council's 8 Committee on Economic Development. We are also joined today by Council Members Peter Koo, Adrienne Adams, Carlos Menchaca and other members will be joining us. 10 11 Today's capital budget and fiscal 28 investments report will be looked at and examined. Each one of 12 13 the programs should support and be well integrated 14 with one another to properly execute the city's 15 capital projects as well as its infrastructure goals. We will examine to what extent this is occurring, 16 17 where improvements need to be made and the overall 18 feasibility of NYC EDC's capital program. 19 Additionally, we will look into the assistance NYC 20 EDC provides to projects throughout the city on a 21 discretionary basis to support economic growth and 2.2 private investments. Projects may be firms or 2.3 nonprofits and it may take advisory, financial or other forms. Most NYC EDC financial aid is 24

administered by NYC IDA or build NYC with energy

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2	assistance co-administered by EDC and Con Edison. ED
3	is the city's primary agent for economic development
4	and their principle mandate is to encourage
5	investment and to attract, retain and create jobs in
6	New York City. As such this Committee is interested
7	in having a robust conversation about how EDC's
8	budget as laid out in this preliminary plan connects
9	to the larger job creation and economic development
10	strategies of our city. The Mayor has pledged to
11	create 100,000 good paying jobs over the next ten
12	years, and we are interested to hear what role NYC
13	EDC has been playing to achieve this goal. The ten-
14	year capital strategy provides 3.7 billion in fiscal
15	2020 to 2029 for neighborhood revitalization,
16	commercial development, infrastructure upgrade,
17	industrial development, waterfront development and
18	port development. However, the strategy is very
19	frontloaded, unfortunately this planning pattern is
20	repeated in many other city agency's ten-year
21	strategies. The spending plan essentially cuts
22	capital spending to almost nothing for the last six
23	years of the plan. Hopefully this ten-year strategy
24	does not reflect accurately how the funds will be

used this is in contrast to the five-year commitment

Τ	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
2	plan. In fiscal 2017, the corporation committed 338
3	million or 26.7 percent of its annual capital plan of
4	1.3 billion. In fiscal 2018, the corporation
5	committed 320 million or 53.8 percent of its annual
6	capital plan. Through though NYC EDC's actual
7	commitments have not increased from fiscal 2017 to
8	fiscal 2018, their five-year plan now more accurately
9	projects what the agency expects to commit. We
10	appreciate what the agency has done to improve its
11	capital commitment plan and would like to see the
12	same effort made for the ten-year strategy. Can NYC
13	EDC then do this crosswalk for us between the
14	agency's ten-year capital strategy and the agency's
15	budget lines in the capital budget commitment plan to
16	show us how they fit and mesh together. NYC EDC has
17	several funds in its capital plan that total over one
18	billion dollars for fiscal 2019 through 2028. These
19	funds will be used in the future for various projects
20	on city priorities. As the recipients to these funds
21	are decided later, the City Council is not always
22	aware of all these projects when the budget is
23	adopted. We would like NYC EDC to provide us with a
24	step by step description on how projects are selected

and executed and as well as how City Council is

2	involved in this process. In addition to the 523 EDC
3	projects, New York City EDC is also managing 1,067
4	capital projects for other agencies. The Council
5	would like to learn more about how the agencies
6	decide which projects are going to be worked on and
7	how these are accounted for on an annual and daily
8	basis. In addition to its capital projects, NYC EDC
9	also has 488 active investment projects 26 of which
10	now are now in fiscal 2018, the period of the most
11	investment projects report. Investment projects can
12	revive advisory and financial assistance including
13	tax exemptions and other subsidies granted on
14	discretionary basis. Financial incentives associated
15	with the 26 newest projects for which information is
16	available to total 15.9 million. Council is
17	interested in hearing more about NYC EDC's recent
18	investment projects, how they were chosen, how they
19	relate to the city's economic development goals and
20	what new projects have begun since the last projects
21	report. NYC EDC has its own operating surplus and
22	generates its own revenues by leasing or selling city
23	land, operating services and managing investments.
24	These revenues are used to fund other NYC EDC
25	activities, but some amount negotiated with the

detailed level without your cooperation so we thank

you and I want to personally thank the staff and

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 7
2	administration must be returned to the city's general
3	fund. However, as always, the Council is given little
4	indication of how this amount is to be determined. To
5	fulfil our oversight obligation, we want NYC EDC to
6	explain how this amount is determined, what amount
7	has been returned in the past several years and how
8	much do you anticipate returning to the city this
9	fiscal year? It is essential that the budget we adopt
10	this year is transparent, accountable and reflective
11	of the priorities and interests of the Council and
12	the people we represent. This hearing is a vital part
13	of this process and I expect that we all be
14	responsive to the questions and concerns of each of
15	my fellow Council Members. I look forward to an
16	active engagement with the administration over the
17	next few months to ensure the fiscal 2020 adopted
18	budget meets the goals the Council has set out. I
19	would like to thank President James Patchett for
20	being here today and testifying once again. I'd like
21	to thank NYC EDC staff who are consistently been
22	responsive to, to our amazing crew up here, we would
23	not be able to analyze the city's budget at such a

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testimony today and to respond honestly to Council

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Member questions?

JAMES PATCHETT:

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COMMITTEE CLERK: Great, thank you.

I do.

JAMES PATCHETT: Great, thanks. You too

Kim. Good morning Chair Vallone and members of the Economic Development Committee. My name is James Patchett and I am the President and CEO of the New York City Economic Development Corporation also known as EDC. I am pleased to test, testify you... testify before you to discuss funding in EDC's preliminary budget and provide updates on some of our projects. I am joined today by my... by my colleagues Kim Vaccari, who's our Chief Financial Officer and James Katz, our Chief of Staff. After my, my testimony we're happy to answer any questions you may have. EDC is a selfsustaining, nonprofit organization that drives and shapes New York's economic growth. We manage city resources to create a bridge between agencies, local communities and private businesses in three key ways; by owning and managing over 66 million square feet of real estate, which we are constantly improving and upgrading to maximize economic impact; by building neighborhood infrastructure to ensure the

communities have a good quality of life; and finally,

by investing in growth industries that have the

potential to create good paying jobs for all New
Yorkers. Every day, EDC works on projects that make
the city fairer today and stronger tomorrow. Today,
when the city's unemployment rate is at four percent,
a record low, and we are home to more than 4.5
million jobs, a record high, it is easy to believe
that New York is safe from future economic blows. But
as the head of the city's Economic Development
Corporation, I have a responsibility to ensure that
New York's residents and businesses are prepared for
the next downturn. And that downturn could happen
sooner than we would like. Last month, the Washington
Post reported that most leading economists think the
U.S. will enter a recession by 2021. Moreover, half
of the group polled said a downturn could hit as
early as next year. New York City's own economic
forecasts are down this year. Albany is threatening
to impose 600 million dollars in budget cuts and
shifts that may impact our ability to educate our
children, provide financial assistance to families in
need and deliver health services to vulnerable New
Yorkers. To limit this impact, the Mayor has set a
savings goal of 750 million dollars for the city.
This belt tightening will require agencies to

identify inefficiencies and redundancies in their
budgets. While EDC isn't a city agency and cannot
achieve this goal by reducing the amount of expense
funding we receive from the city, we are prepared to
do our part to contribute to the solution. We will
participate in the PEG program through increased
payments. In addition to our annual contract payment,
land sale revenue, and 42DP revenue that we turn
over, we will provide the city with an additional 30
million dollars in revenue support in fiscal 20. In
addition to directly contributing to the city's
budget, EDC supports the local economy by developing
programs that strengthen neighborhoods and create
good paying jobs. Over the past year, we have
spearheaded major initiatives including launching We
Venture, a plan to increase access to funding for
women entrepreneurs; implementing two new NYC ferry
routes with two more on the way and building a new
tech training center in Union Square to ensure that
New Yorkers of all backgrounds have a pathway to $21^{\rm st}$
century jobs. We are proud of our work on these
initiatives and our continued ability to deliver on
short timelines. And across the five boroughs, there
are scores of EDC projects that are just as impactful

as these. I'd like to provide a snapshot of these
projects, which span, span from Stapleton on Staten
Island to Edenwald in the Bronx and are in dozens of
neighborhoods in between. They are parks they are
parks, manufacturing hubs and discovery labs. And
over the past year we have made tremendous progress
on many of them, helping to change the lives of New
Yorkers and strengthen the economy for future
generations. In the Bronx, EDC is bringing a much-
needed recreation center to the Edenwald
neighborhood. This new YMCA facility will provide
thousands of local families with a full-service
recreation facility that will include two pools, a
basketball court, gym, and indoor track. The center
will also provide childcare, after school, summer
camp, wellness programs, senior adult programs and
civic classes for new Americans. For decades, local
residents have tried to establish a recreation center
of this size and scope. We are excited to partner
with them and finally bring this facility to life. In
Brooklyn, EDC is transforming the Flatbush Caton
Market, a local commercial and cultural institution,
into a rejuvenated, mixed use community asset. We are
creating a brand new, expanded market that gives

legacy vendors like Balkaran Jewelers an opportunity
to, to sell their goods in a modern, reinvigorated
space. This space, which includes a commercial
kitchen, digital technology lab, and textile
fabrication unit, will also provide a new home for
the Caribbean American Chamber of Commerce and
Industry and will continue to support small
businesses and entrepreneurship through on-site
programming. In addition, there will be 255
affordable homes on site. This project successfully
furthers two key EDC objectives; empowering small
businesses and increasing access to affordable
housing. In Queens, EDC opened the second phase of
Hunter's Point South's 5.5-acre waterfront park. This
new green space begins south of 54th Avenue and wraps
around Newtown Creek to complement phase one of the
park, resulting in a total of 11 acres of waterfront
open space in an area that sorely needs it. this
urban oasis is home to wildlife, marshlands, a
playground, café, kayak launch and unparalleled views
of Manhattan. We believe every New Yorker has the
right to access world class parks; we are proud to
support those efforts across the city. On Staten
Island, EDC is working in partnership with the Parks

Department to deliver nearly 12 acres of new
infrastructure and open space to the North Shore
community. the project activates the formerly
inaccessible Navy Homeport and provides first rate
recreation space adjacent to a continuous waterfront
esplanade. The first five acres are already open to
the public and an additional seven acres are
currently being designed. And just yesterday in
Manhattan, we worked with the Mayor's Office of
Recovery and Resiliency to release the plan to
protect Lower Manhattan from climate change. This
plan advances 500 million dollars in capital projects
that will protect 70 percent of Lower Manhattan from
the effects of climate change. It also provides
interim protection for vulnerable waterfront
neighborhoods like Two Bridges in Battery Park City
and makes recommendations for extending the shoreline
into the East River for the remaining 30 percent of
this area, which includes the financial district and
seaport. These examples are just a few of hundreds
that highlight how EDC serves New Yorkers and
strengthens our neighborhoods and sometimes we have
projects that reach people in every corner of every
borough. This year, the city budget will include 107

million dollars in funding for NYC ferry's expansion
and new routes. This includes 35 million dollars for
necessary infrastructure upgrades tied to the
service's expansion, which will now include Coney
Island, Throggs Neck, the North Shore of Staten
Island and Manhattan's West Side. It also includes 72
million dollars of new vessels tied to the recently
announced expansion. We are grateful that the Council
continues to support the ferry system, which has
dramatically improved the accessibility of our
waterfronts and is critical to the city's efforts to
expand transit options for residents. Of course, we
are always looking out for the health of our citizens
while strengthening, strengthening our economy in the
process. Over the past year, we have made major
investments in LifeSci NYC, an initiative to
establish New York as a global leader in life
sciences, research and innovation. A priority from
the outset has been establishing pipelines of talent
from our universities into good paying life sciences
jobs. This is why EDC established the LifeSci NYC
internship program. For the past three years, we have
offered hundreds of students' intern summer
internship opportunities in the life sciences sector.

This past year, 82 students from across the boroughs
were placed in internships, our highest participation
ever. Moreover, 31 of these students were offered
full or part time positions following their
internship, highlighting the program's success. We
are also tirelessly working to protect our citizens
from cyberattacks. Last year, EDC launched Cyber NYC,
the city's initiative to grow the cybersecurity
sector. We are now working with world renowned
partners on a suite of initiatives including
launching a Global Cyber Center, creating an
innovation hub for startups, starting initiatives to
fuel commercialization and research, and building new
talent pipelines to train the cyber workforce of the
future. No matter the size and scope of our projects,
EDC is proud to help build a fairer and stronger New
York, one with better infrastructure, more
opportunities for residents and robust industries
that keep our economy growing. Thank you for the
opportunity to testify. I now welcome any questions
you have.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: We've been joined by Council Member Brad Lander and thank you for that... for your testimony. As usual we have a, a large

Council Member attendance on this EDC Committee so as the Council Members come in and I know they have projects in their districts or close by we will give them all an opportunity to discuss those projects.

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well why don't we start with the ten-year capital strategy plan...

[cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and the information that you provided to our committee on your vision for that, that was next coming ten years. When you look at the first five years of that plan there's almost 3.7 billion or 3.4... 3.4 to be projected in the first five years and then there's a drastic either non-calculation of what's happening through six through ten or whether that's going to be provided at a different time but it would be... I would think it would be unrealistic to think that the capital plan would not include year's six through ten so if you could help us explain the timeline of that ten-year plan and why it's so frontloaded versus spending at the last six through ten years?

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JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, absolutely, thanks
for the… thanks for the question, you know I think…
you, you know you're certainly referencing the… you
know the… OMB's broader capital strategy and EDC's
capital budget within that, I think if it's a little
a little helpful I can talk about EDC's budgeting
strategy and then I think OMB is probably better
prepared to talk about the city's overall but I'll
talk about our, our budgeting approach. So, we, we
internally see also… do a ten year budget forecast
and the way that we approach that is with a great
deal of certainty in the next fiscal year and the
fiscal year after that and of course as you go
further out you have less fiscal certainty about
what's going to happen. We know the projects that
we're currently planning, we don't know what new
projects we might envision in fiscal 23 or fiscal 24
so what we what we attempt to do is take
the project… the known projects and project the
revenues and expense associated with those and then
for the… for uncertainties we put in… you know we
make conservative assumptions to ensure that there's
enough budgeting capacity to have the resources that
we need to be successful

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, the known
projects are the projects that are in force now
generating revenue and income and then [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...then there's a

sense of what the projects in the outlining years will bring in, that's a... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, that's right. So, we... essentially what we do is for known projects we put specific numbers against them, for unknown projects we make assumptions about effectively assuming that the current trends will continue and that there will be increases over time, you know specific... just our experience has been that that process had led to us outperforming our budget every year which is to say that our net revenue is ahead of what we project in each fiscal year so it works, it actually ends up being a fairly conservative budget strategy to just take a trend and assume that you'll continue to grow revenues and expenses at the same level, usually we're able to grow revenues at a greater rate than, than just using a trend and expenses we're usually able to keep under control. So, as a general matter in analogizes that to the

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 city's approach, you know I think that there's more 2 3 certainty about the projects that are happening in the near term fiscal years that's why you're seeing 4 more specificity and more projects identified and in late, later fiscal years there's less certainty about 6 7 what's happening and so they're having to rely on 8 trends as opposed to knowing specifically what capital projects they'll identify in years eight through ten of the capital plan for example. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well you, you 12 mentioned the net revenue and that... it's ... tends to be 13 larger than what we're actually budgeting for ... 14 [cross-talk] 15 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...is there some 16 17 percentage or a scale that we can look back on the 18 last five years of how... [cross-talk] 19 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 20 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...different that 21 scale was... [cross-talk] 2.2 JAMES PATCHETT: Yes... [cross-talk] 2.3 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...if we projected 70

and it came in 90 for example... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, yeah, we'd be happy to share that, happy to share that with you. I think... what I can tell you is that last fiscal year we projected a deficit which is to say that, that EDC is net... asset balance would have declined but we ended up I think, what, about 20 million dollars?

KIM VACCARI: Yes... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: ...to the positive...

[cross-talk]

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KIM VACCARI: Yes... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: So, we had initially projected to be in the red and we ultimately were able to outperform that projection so that's, that is historically what we've been able to do. We seek to budget conservatively so that we're in a position of having some flexibility and not being cash strapped throughout the course of the year.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, what would you attribute that... that's a large switch from being in the... in being in the red to positive 20 million, what was some of the things that changed in budget?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, yeah, I think we're... yeah, we're very... we're just very carefully managing our expenses is, is, is primarily what it

is, just keeping an eye on our expenses, we try to
budget expenses conservatively and, and I think
that's the primary driver and the, the other
component of it from an EDC perspective is that
there are sometimes unanticipated revenue events that
are one off so we, we, we know when for example
certain land sales are going to occur and we have a
good sense of when how revenues on our properties
are going to grow but any given fiscal year, you know
on, on occasion there's a large payment due to a sale
of a property under which we have no control and
someone owes a payment that we can't budget for and
those onetime revenues tend to recur year over year,
they're just totally unpredictable so we don't budget
for them but it gives us an inherent cushion.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, how do we break that revenue down then, how do we look at the difference between those onetime sales versus annual revenue generators versus leasing city lands versus... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...actually receiving profits from projects, how is that broken down within the budget?

KIM VACCARI: So, I would say the
majority the majority of our budget is really our
revenues are from our asset management department
that manages all of the city properties, we have a
portfolio of over 500 leases that's pretty
predictable. We also get some land sales which we do
try to project out over a number of years, they do
tend to, to slide from one year to another but we do
have a good sense of what is in the pipeline. I would
say that the biggest swing in our budget year over
year is maybe overly ambitious in terms of spending,
we budget a lot of money to, to fund for to spend on
the project on our properties sometimes we don't
get to, to actually execute on all of those projects
but we do have a lot of we budget a lot of funding
for our own projects and just sometimes that, that
spending is not at the pace that we projected

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, how many city properties do we own and operate, and do we have a... for that grouping of properties a breakdown of what those expenses are?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, we do. It's, it's... we have a portfolio, by portfolio approach that we'd be happy to share with you, it's, it's... I mean it's...

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
2	again it's over 60 million square feet across the
3	entire city so it is an enormous portfolio, happy to
4	share more details with you in terms of how the
5	expenses vary by project.
6	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Oh, I think that's
7	essential if we're looking at budget… [cross-talk]
8	JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah uh-huh [cross-
9	talk]
LO	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I think just to
L1	[cross-talk]
12	JAMES PATCHETT: Of course… [cross-talk]
L3	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE:determine what our
L 4	expenses are, whether we're dealing with DFTA,
L5	whether we're dealing with veterans, we're dealing
L 6	with small business… [cross-talk]
L7	JAMES PATCHETT: Yep [cross-talk]
L8	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE:we still have to
L 9	see where that is, where most the costs are, where we
20	can plan for going forward and where maybe there can
21	be some savings, I think we need to see that.
22	JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely.
23	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, that list of
24	properties then whatever they may be how is it

determined that what property may be sold for a one

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shot versus properties that may be kept for future and those that may be developed for another project?

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, so for the... for the most part EDC doesn't ... we don't have a ... we don't really have a significant portfolio of property at this stage that EDC controls that is available to be developed on, those properties at this point in time are usually held by other agencies so we'll partner with them, you know for example, example, you know frequently we'll hear from Council Members and they'll say, you know there's a... there's a parking lot in my community I'd like to work with EDC to ... and it's a city, city parking lot and I'd like to work with EDC to understand what might be possible there. So, ordinarily it's... I'd say most frequently driven by the Council or local elected officials who come to us and say there's this property in my district, I know it's owned by the city, it's usually not an EDC property but, you know EDC is known as the organization that can work with other agencies to effectuate development and community amenities on, on properties so... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, do we have a breakdown for that category, right, because that

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 comes up like you said each Council Member has 2 3 certain projects or areas within their district that 4 the community, community boards, civic... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...groups or 6 7 homeowners will be very either interested in, concerned over... [cross-talk] 8 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...do we have a 10 11 breakdown of the properties that you own and or 12 operate or work with other interagency affiliations? 13 JAMES PATCHETT: We have the breakdown 14 of our properties that, that we have responsibility 15 for and again happy to share that as... I mean I think 16 the, the city's portfolio is much, much broader than 17 EDC portfolio, for that breakdown you would have to 18 speak with DCAS. 19 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well what about 20 when EDC does team up with small business or... [cross-21 talkl 2.2 JAMES PATCHETT: Oh, yeah. Once, once, 2.3 once we do that it becomes a part of our portfolio and that would be included in any of the numbers that 24

we would share with you. It's just prior to that, you

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 know that's what I'm... I was trying to respond to 3 your question about, you know what is the ... what is 4 that... the vacant... you... or the municipal lot that we would love to see developed in our community, that's not currently part of our portfolio that's part of a 6 7 much broader city portfolio, it might be in the 8 control of a different agency and we frequently hear about it because of an elected official and it wouldn't be reflected... [cross-talk] 10 11 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yeah, but... [cross-12 talk 13 JAMES PATCHETT: ...in our... [cross-talk] 14 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...you just stated 15 that once it does become... [cross-talk] 16 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] 17 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...partnered with you 18 it becomes part of your portfolio... [cross-talk] 19 JAMES PATCHETT: Yes... [cross-talk] 20 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...so, that's, that's 21 the breakdown that we are going to need... [cross-talk] 2.2 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 23 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...in order to

properly digest and understand those differences

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 between solely owned, operated by EDC and those ... 3 [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 4 5 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...that are then merged within EDC when another agency comes through 6 7 whether it's libraries, parks, ferry or... [cross-talk] 8 JAMES PATCHETT: Yep... [cross-talk] 9 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...something else that's going on. 10 11 JAMES PATCHETT: Happy to share that. 12 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: How are those 13 projects decided, so once you do ... say look we've got 14 our five projects from last year and now we're going 15 to expand, how is that decision process just handled? 16 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, so... well, I think... 17 I think... I think you're primarily talking about 18 capital projects. 19 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yeah, for, for now. 20 JAMES PATCHETT: Okay, so let's... so for 21 capital projects... you know so I think generally understood that EDC is a, a... is a unique tool when it 2.2 2.3 comes to doing capital projects we're able... because we have certain structural advantages we're able to 24

move more quickly in capital projects than, than some

of our sister agency partners and so I think that's
effective to a degree but if our portfolio grows too
large then suddenly we're no longer able to be as
effective as we as we are right now so it's, it's
the, the approach that we take is we have a limited
capacity in terms of capital projects, right now
we're managing I think just over 70 large scale
capital projects across the city and, and those are
really focused on areas where EDC is doing other
significant work in terms of economic and
neighborhood development. So, for example, you know
in, in Council Member Menchaca's district for example
you know we're, we're, we're doing capital projects
in partnership with DOT because EDC has significant
historic assets in his district that are industrial
assets. Similarly, in Jamaica EDC is, is working on a
series of capital projects there as a result of a
comprehensive planning effort we did in partnership
with the Council Members and the borough president to
pursue a comprehensive plan for Jamaica. So [cross-
talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, that type of planning effort those, those are the ones... you know

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 that, that excites us, we like to see that there's 2 3 going to be coordination by borough... [cross-talk] 4 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 5 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...by each Council Member to envision whether it's this year, three 6 7 years, five years, ten years from now... [cross-talk] 8 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 9 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...we can see part of that plan. Is there going to be additional 10 11 coordination through... for the boroughs for future 12 capital projects such as those? 13 JAMES PATCHETT: Right, yeah absolutely. 14 So, I think... first off I would say clearly the 15 Department of City Planning is responsible for the, 16 the, the entire planning of the city but when, when 17 it's an economic development particular opportunity 18 again as we believed it was in Jamaica and it 19 certainly is in Sunset Park that's where it makes 20 sense to have EDC play a role. Generally... [cross-21 talkl 2.2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: How many... how many 2.3 times do you share that role with DCP on, on that like so right now you had... like you said Department 24

of City Planning would be the sculptor of the project

but once EDC gets involved then it's joint coordination, do we have a breakdown of those project?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, be... I mean yeah, so... I mean it's... I wouldn't... there's no official list per se but absolutely, I mean we'd be happy to share it to you, I mean I think the ... it ... for example, again downtown Far Rockaway EDC... that was a... one of the major rezoning initiatives Council Member Richards who's not here at the moment we worked very closely in partnership with him. The reason that EDC, EDC was the lead agency on that rezoning effort, we worked in partnership with City Planning as well as with DOT and some of our other agent... HPD, a lot of other agency partners on it. The... why did we end up focusing on downtown Far Rockaway for example, because there were a significant number of city owned parcels that could be potential for affordable housing and other development so EDC had a unique role to play in both thinking through the planning and the zoning but also in finding a way to rationalize the use of municipal property and create new opportunities in that community as a part of it.

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COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well, well that's 2 3 perfect because as you said there was a unique 4 opportunity with city owned properties that EDC could 5 put... use affordable housing... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...at each property. 8 How many other sites? 9 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...that... are yet to 10 11 have been targeted such as that one that might be 12 coming down the pipeline and how are those decided, 13 that's where the... [cross-talk] 14 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] 15 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...wants to have ... 16 [cross-talk] 17 JAMES PATCHETT: ...of course... [cross-talk] 18 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...those robust 19 conversations... [cross-talk] 20 JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely... [cross-talk] 21 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...saying... because 2.2 there can't be too many left on that size, I mean I 2.3 know we have, say for example Willets Point... [crosstalk 24

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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in your budgets in the past with billions of dollars in there and I don't see anything on it in this, this particular budget what's in front of us so that raises a concern to me, how did we have a vision for such a large 26 acres of land and then all of a sudden it's quite so... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...those are the type

of concerns and positives that we need to talk about.

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, so I think
you're, you're right, I mean I think our approach on
this is exclusively to work in partnership with local
elected officials; the Council Member, the borough
president and in some cases state federal officials
but generally speaking it's a partnership with the
local Council Member, I mean again certainly downtown
Far Rockaway was that and our efforts... you we're...
there are other areas of the city where we're
currently in conversation with Council... individual
Council Members if they want to pursue a
comprehensive planning effort focused on economic
development with us and we have the resources and
capacity to do it we certainly want to pursue that.

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 It really just... it, it... we wouldn't... we would never 3 do that if the local elected officials were not 4 interested in pursuing. CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well I would like to see that approach expanded to be borough wide so 6 7 that each delegation could now have that part of their conversation on their annual view... [cross-talk] 8 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...of, of the 10 11 boroughs, they know those boroughs just as ... I couldn't say... [cross-talk] 12 JAMES PATCHETT: 13 Oh, yeah... [cross-talk] 14 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...what's going on in 15 Brooklyn versus what's happening in Queens and we 16 have our delegation hearings and I think that 17 conversation would be a great conversation for... on an 18 annual basis for EDC to be there... [cross-talk] 19 Yeah... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: 20 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...with these 21 delegations to say these are the projects we're 2.2 currently working on, these are the ones we're 2.3 thinking about let's start talking about a ten year plan with these future projects and I think that 24

would be a, a much better path to that community

1 COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 2 engagement involvement because it would signal hey, 3 within the next ten years there's an opportunity for

4 these few city owned properties that are left or one...

5 maybe some joint efforts that you're going to have,

6 I'd like to see that, that effort done so before I, I

turn it over the first part of this question, we did

8 | talk about revenue... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and how much was generated, how much is returned back to the city's

12 general fund and how is that determined?

The, the... primarily... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: So, in fiscal 19 through a combination of cash payments and in kind contributions EDC is anticipated to, to contribute a little bit over 100 million dollars to OMB's budget or the city's budget that's through a combination of factors at the... there's a historic set of arrangements that have been worked out over decades.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: But we don't know what those historic... you may know what... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Well I know, I mean...

[cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...those are but I don't... [cross-talk]

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JAMES PATCHETT: ...I'm happy to explain them in, in detail, I mean there's... and probably the single largest circumstance is the 42nd Street properties that were redeveloped in the 1990s and, and under EDC management so we transfer... we expect ... anticipate to transfer to the city a little over 25 million dollars in pilot as a part of that initiative, it's, it's a... we, we turn over those revenues to the city every year based purely on what the revenues are that we receive from the... from the development and, and we have similar arrangements across the city. There's a maritime contract, we have a master contract with the city to do our... these are our large scale contracts with the city that are approved through the Comptroller's Office every year and that's really what dictates the amount of revenues that we share, obviously happy to share those contracts with you, they're quite extensive and we spend an enormous amount of time with the Comptroller's Office going through them line by line and explaining the, the rationale for them, they're certainly not a secretive process but we're happy to

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COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

go through with, with you and your committee in much more detail.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well can't just throw ferry service out there and not... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...have follow up

questions... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Okay...

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: But we do... I, I want to follow up with you on the ferry service, the recent expansion of it... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and how that was done and how that was broken down and I also want to follow with you, I think it's a perfect example, yesterday's exciting announcements of the Lower Manhattan Coastal Resilience study but something how can it be announced and kind of catch us off guard but it's a great project but something again that we really didn't have a discussion on but is now being presented to the city, those are the type of projects as, as ambitious and forthright they need to be those are some of the things that we'd say well how did a

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 500 million dollar project go forward without that 2 3 coming up. So... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 4 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...what I'd like to 5 do is to turn it over to Council Member Koo since my 6 7 brother from Flushing over here had some questions and we'll start with Council Member Koo, after Koo is 8 Council Member Menchaca, Adams and Lander. 10 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you Chair 11 Vallone and thank you President Patchett from EDC and I want to thank you for making contributions, making 12 13 major contributions to the prosperity of New York 14 City, yeah. So, I have a question, go back... going back to 2010 now I worked with EDC to secure a 2.25 15 16 million dollars small business assistance... [cross-17 talk] 18 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 19 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...program for local small business, surrounding EDC's Flushing Commons 20 21 Project... [cross-talk] 2.2 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...that funding is 23 coming to an end, Flushing Commons is still only 24

maybe half finished, not even half finished I mean,

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 yeah and local businesses mom and pop stores and they 2 3 need the support so is there a way to extend the 4 program? JAMES PATCHETT: Yes. So, yes, so the ... you're talking about the Union Street Market ... 6 Merchants? 8 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah. 9 JAMES PATCHETT: Yes, absolutely so as, as, as I know you're well aware we had worked in 10 11 partnership with the... with you and the Asian American Foundation... [cross-talk] 12 13 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah and... [cross-14 talk] 15 JAMES PATCHETT: ...as a... as... [cross-talk] 16 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...it's Federation, 17 yeah... 18 JAMES PATCHETT: Federation, sorry to 19 JoAnn and... to, to... as, as a means of distributing 20 the, the funding most effectively to the businesses. 21 We would be very happy to sit down with you, there are... we actually have funds that remain and that we 2.2 2.3 would be happy to work out an arrangement that is the most effective way to ensure that the businesses are 24

being supported, we realize there's more work to be

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done in the development, we realize that the

Merchants need support and what really... we want the

money in the hands of the merchants so that they can

be successful and we're prepared to continue to

commit resources to that and in, in... through whatever

mechanism, you know obviously meeting... standing,

standing by the rules and obligations of procurement

but through whatever mechanism is most effective to

support those merchants so that they can respond

effectively to the ongoing development.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Okay, yeah. So, can you tell me like on the outer part of the project, how soon they will start, I mean they have... I, I don't see that they do anything?

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, so they've... they have exercised the option which gives them 12 months to start construction so... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: They, they recently exercised that option so we're hopeful that they'll start construction within the next year. Ultimately and it, it isn't... it is at their option but if they don't... if, if... within a certain period of time if they fail to start construction then we can take...

potentially take the property back and consider
reissuing an RFP to a new developer.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Okay, so you give them 12 more months?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yes.

[off mic dialogue]

JAMES PATCHETT: Okay, there may be one further extension beyond that but ultimately if they don't start construction... they have to pay a fee...

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: So, it's a long time, 12 months and, and another extension is 24 months, two years.

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, well, I mean I, I was not... definitely not EDC president in 2010 when this was arranged, we just have to abide by the rules of the contract but if... again why don't... I think it would... maybe the thing... most sensible thing to do would be for... if, if you would be open to it for you and we and the developer to sit down and talk about what their plans are and try to get some clarity from them about when they're going to start construction on the second phase.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Okay, yeah so please 3 give us an update on... [cross-talk]

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yeah.

JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely... [cross-talk]
COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...on the project,

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh.

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: I have a second question just on... you mentioned on testimony about building a new tech training center in Union Square... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: ...to ensure that New Yorkers of all backgrounds have a pathway to $21^{\rm st}$ century jobs, can you give me any detail on this, what, what kind of... is there a school or what?

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, so, so it's a...

this is a project we worked on in partnership with

Council Member Rivera, it was approved through the

City Council last year and is breaking ground... or, or

sorry, starting demolition within the next couple of

weeks so it'll be open in about two years. So, it is

a... it is a combination of office space, step out

space and training and classroom space in partnership

with not for profit community organizations. We

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
2	expect through there to train almost 50,000 students
3	every year in tech training skills, so it is an
4	enormous opportunity to reach students all over the
5	city… [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
7	JAMES PATCHETT:and the, the objective
8	is of course to co-locate companies where there are
9	job opportunities as well so you can train people no
LO	just for general tech skills but for specific skills
L1	that are going to be hired for in the building.
L2	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: That's interesting
L3	because I'm the Chair of the tech committee… [cross-
L4	talk]
15	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, yes [cross-
L6	talk]
L7	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO:so, I hope you will
L8	get me… get me more details about this though.
L9	JAMES PATCHETT: Of course.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Yeah.
21	JAMES PATCHETT: Yes.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER KOO: Thank you.
23	JAMES PATCHETT: Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And next we have

Council Member Menchaca.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Thank you Chair
3	and welcome, welcome back President Patchett. I want
4	to also just highlight that we continue to enjoy a
5	really productive relationship with EDC in Sunset
6	Park and Red Hook and it's just so important to
7	highlight that and acknowledge your work on the
8	ground with your team so thank you so much for, for
9	that continued partnership. I think you use that word
10	partnership and then you use that word partnership
11	because it's, it's not only true but it's so
12	important that, that that continues and so just thank
13	you. I want to look at some of the work that you're
14	doing in, in light of the ferry's and [cross-talk]
15	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA:there's a lot
17	of money and investment, I think we've seen some
18	incredible response from the community. There's a hub
19	concept that is still in process and so can you talk
20	[cross-talk]
21	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA:a little bit
23	about hub port two… [cross-talk]
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JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...and the process that you're taking, there's multiple sites that you're looking at and, and it doesn't sound like you've made a decision and... but there's a number associated with the funding... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...so how does that... how do... how do you kind of balance both, we're planning, haven't figured a site and, and the money that you'll need is that enough?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yep, thank you for the question...

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Yep... [cross-talk]

when we realized the dramatic level of demand for the ferry system so, we had originally anticipated 4.6 million riders a year, last year we realized that with the existing system we anticipated about nine million passengers a year so effectively double what we had originally projected and that was before the system expansion where we now expect close to 11 million passengers a year. So, when we realized the level of demand that we were experiencing we took a

step back and we said we need to expand the fleet
because we need twice as many boats to handle twice
as many people so recognizing that we had more
vessels we also needed a place to, to have them dock
at night and also to undergo maintenance so the
current facility is at the Brooklyn Navy Yard but it
only has sufficient capacity to handle the first,
first set of vessels which is a little bit over 20
and we recognized that we needed an additional
facility for that. So, as a part of the decision to
expand the fleet we requested and received 65 million
dollars to build a second home port that was based on
an analysis that we've done based on waterfront work
that we do across the city of the rough cost per slip
of building an additional slip per vessel as well as
a corresponding maintenance facility to work on and
do maintenance for the for the vessels. So, we that
was their best estimate at the time, we're still
evaluating alternative across the city, you know
there as there is one site in your district that
we've talked about that's a possibility, we want to
continue to talk about [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: And that's the Atlantic Basin for people who are here... listening.

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JAMES PATCHETT: So, you know we look forward in continuing to discuss, discussing the possibilities there and other places and you know we'll be in conversations about it.

thing that I want to... and I only have time for one more question so the only thing I want to say there is will it include master planning for whatever site, I'm assuming that this is... this is going to be a big operation and so if Red Hook gets chosen the, the Basin area is, is prime and ripe for master planning and there's a crew ship terminal, there's a great nonprofit portside there... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: So, there's a lot of work there that can help with master planning, will that include master planning as part of the, the kind of roll out and work?

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, I mean certainly we'd need at a minimum a comprehensive plan for the facility and happy, happy to talk to you about what other... you know... you know again it's... we haven't determined where exactly it would go and we want to continue to discuss it with you. I think the... ideally

it will be co-located with the current Brooklyn Navy
Yard facility but you know there are other, other
possibility and there are constraints there so if
it's... if it ends up being in a different neighborhood
we would, you know want to work closely to ensure
that we're thinking comprehensively about how to do
it and plan effectively for it.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: Awesome and I,

I think that's the only main point is that I think... I

think that's smart and I'm glad that, that you're

open to that and let's keep working on that. In my

last 30 seconds I'm actually wanting to kind of point

out to the, the preparation for, for assisting in the

budget, you're bringing dollars back into the budget...

[cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER MENCHACA: ...and really the recession conversation, how, how do you prepare as EDC as a non-agency to prepare for a recession, what happens to your budget, how do you... how, how do you prepare what, what did you do... what did EDC do back in 2007, just give us a sense about how you're thinking about that?

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JAMES PATCHETT: Great, thank you. Yeah,
it's a good question. Well I think what we've
experienced historically so, we're not EDC we don't
receive tax revenues in the way that the city does so
the way that we're impacted by a recession is vacancy
rates on our properties, you know right now our you
know we I think our vacancy rate citywide is below
I mean it's very small, it's less than five percent,
it might be less than two percent, so we are highly
occupied. Because our rental rates are intended to be
below market we don't generally have a lot of impact
on vacancy or revenues as a result of a recession
because, you know as you know if you're paying ten or
15 dollars per square foot in rent at the Brooklyn
Army Terminal it's still by far the cheapest rent
that you can get anywhere so companies ideally our
goal is to ensure that we have affordable rents that
will allow companies to sustain themselves even in a
recession and the result of that is we don't see
enormous impacts on vacancy but we do… when we're
anticipating a recession make more conservative
assumptions about vacancy rates and therefore,
therefore spending and that's what we did in the last
recession.

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2	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you Council
3	Member Menchaca. You brought up though the ferry
4	service and I'm just going to add maybe two question
5	so we can have a… maybe finish off that… [cross-talk
6	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
7	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE:that section of
8	what EDC is doing there. I have yet to run into
9	anybody who said I don't want a ferry and maybe the
LO	location may be questioned and maybe where they
L1	should go. In light of both the administration and
L2	the Speaker looking for greener alternatives and
L3	trying to give different transportation alternatives
L4	I am in that group of people as a fan of this
L5	program, in fact I think both Council Member Rose and
L6	I have separate bills calling on a ferry wide city
L7	wide agency to alleviate you of all that amazing wor
L8	that you're doing but to have a full focus on a ferr
L9	agency. Neighborhoods still aren't in this plan
20	[cross-talk]
21	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Obviously mine is

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Obviously mine is one of those but there are... and we're... we like the Rockaways in Staten Island can't get any further

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away, but we don't have a train and we're forced to drive... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...or take a bus that takes forever. This, this expansion is calling for five additional routes by... in the summers of 2017/18 which will connect 21 landings and by year 2021 there will be a total of eight routes, now how many of them are new and how many of those didn't make the cut that may be looked at for the next round?

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, of course, okay.

So, we... so, the system currently has 20 stops on it,
we're going to be adding one additional stop at the
Brooklyn Navy Yard this summer which has been planned
for some time and then recently we announced the
addition of stops at Throggs Neck, Coney Island,
Staten Island and two on the west side of Manhattan.
So, technically that adds five additional stops to
our system so it would take it to 26 stops overall.
We're add... it's really only two new routes, it's
going to add Coney... the Coney Island route which will
be a new, new route as well as the Staten Island
route, which is new, the Throggs Neck extension is,

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is on to our existing Soundview route. So, comprehensively... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, if a route just expanded... extended it's not a new route it's just getting a new spot further out versus a brand-new route.

JAMES PATCHETT: Correct. Another... which is to say, you know it's like... I mean it's like the 2^{nd} Avenue subway it was an extension of the Q train, there's... it's still a Q train. The... so, what we did was we... this, this was a... for Throggs Neck as an example, it stops at pier 11, 34^{th} Street, the... and, and then in Soundview in the Bronx... or sorry, then on the Upper East Side and then Soundview in the Bronx and had four stops on it and we're adding a fifth stop in Throggs Neck which will be the first and last stop on the Northeast end of the route.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: See when we saw our Throggs Neck we got very excited because we're on the other side...

JAMES PATCHETT: I know... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...of Throggs Neck, I

24 was like great, we're getting a Throgs Neck, I said

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2 no, that's the Bronx Throgs Neck so we want the...
3 [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...Queens Throgs

Neck... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, I understand.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: At some point

you're going to have to figure that one out.

know as, as we discussed we did a, a comprehensive analysis of every, every viable site across the city, we did extensive community engagement as a part of that, we met comprehensively in each borough and did a number of site visits. Ultimately we... what we did was we extended routes to the most viable next set of routes but as the Mayor said and as we've said once we complete the expansion, this level of expansion, we're going to look at it trying to take the next step, the goal is to continue to have this serve as many people as possible and you know the Mayor has also said as the system grows and is of more interest to people more and more sites become viable because

of the level of demand for the system... [cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well to your credit
we did exactly that, you sponsored with the Queens
delegation at the borough president's office for an
option for every community board and the Council
Members to look at the coastal areas of Queens...
[cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and talk about future stops and that was exactly what this committee's been calling for that type of approach, unfortunately though the stops that were brought up at that didn't make the cut but those were the type of interaction that I think from when we took the spot on is what we wanted to see and I want to thank you for that but really and the last thing I'll ask on the ferry's, to... you mentioned a parks project that is unable to work through the city field marina, to me I think... again it's not my district and it will benefit all of Queens that spot, how do we work through or with that project so we don't lose the opportunity of the greatest park and ride spot next to the seven train with a huge parking lot on the water with an existing ferry dock slip that's already ready to go with a LaGuardia expansion that's

bursting at the seams, to me this spot is screaming for Queens north relief and we're still not getting it.

JAMES PATCHETT: Well the, the… I, I'm… you know the site that you're referring to, the marina, right?

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Uh-huh, the city field marina...

JAMES PATCHETT: City field marina, right, so it's, it's not an EDC project or property, it's a Parks Department property as you alluded to, they are in construction somewhat, you know a several year construction project or they're envisioning for that site is my understanding and I think from our perspective I'd be happy to... you know to get together with them and talk about what the possibilities are, I'm not familiar with the absolute is on that because it's not an EDC property but I agree it has a lot of potential, it's right by LaGuardia, it's well served obviously by the Grand Central Parkway and it's a... it's a place, a thing that we should look at.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you and now Council Member Adams and then Council Member Lander.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you Mr.
Chair, good morning...

JAMES PATCHETT: Good morning...

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: ...President

Patchett, good to see you.

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JAMES PATCHETT: Oh, always a pleasure to be here.

COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you. I too want to echo the sentiments of my colleague Council Member Menchaca, partnership with EDC specifically for myself and, and my constituents in, in southeast Queens particularly on the Jamaica Now... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

very successful and thank you again for your partnership, continued partnership with us on that great effort for the downtown Jamaica Core. I just have a couple of questions that revolve around job growth because we are looking at revitalization in our area, how does EDC specifically see its role in generating stronger job growth?

JAMES PATCHETT: That's a.m. it's a great question. So, I think we look at it from two perspectives. The first is a neighborhood perspective

which is where, where there are opportunities as
we've talked about for neighborhood planning that
lead to job opportunities in local areas. We want to
partner, partner with the local communities, the
community boards, the elected officials, Council
Members in particular to identify what those
opportunities are, I mean I think the Jamaica feast
program is a great example of that in your district,
I hope that you share that, it's been very
successful, we have our fourth cohort now that's
going through the program which is has is going to
have 67 graduates and we are looking to from my
perspective continue and expand the program so that's
an example of a real a neighborhood based community
development, economic development opportunity where
we see a real opportunity real possibility to do
something in a community that's job focused.
Similarly, citywide we look at places where there are
industries that we see an opportunity for the city to
play a role at a particular moment to change the
trajectory of the city's participation in that
industry, you know one example I gave that I really
believe in is our cyber security efforts. Cyber
security is a growing industry, has widely accessible

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 jobs to people of a variety of education and skill 2 3 levels and they're good paying jobs. So, what we 4 sought to do as a part of that effort is both make investments that are more likely to bring the industry here but also investments in workforce 6 7 development initiatives to go alongside of it to 8 ensure that we're not just creating jobs but we're also creating pathways to those jobs for New Yorkers. COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: That's great, 10 11 thank you. 12 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: And looking at MWBEs... [cross-talk] 14 15 JAMES PATCHETT: Yes... [cross-talk] 16 COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: ...do you by any 17 chance have a gender breakdown of jobs that EDC has created? 18 19 I, I don't have a gender JAMES PATCHETT: 20 breakdown in front of me but happy to follow up with 21 the best information we have on that. I can tell you 2.2 EDC staff is very well represented in that regard so... 2.3 and also at the senior management levels. COUNCIL MEMBER ADAMS: Okay, thanks very 24

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much.

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
2	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you Council
4	Member and now we'll hear from Council Member Lander
5	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you Mr.
6	Chair, it's good to see you here and, and I'll begin
7	also with some words of gratitude for our partnership
8	as this is the first time we've had the opportunity
9	for a public exchange since Amazon and, and I just
10	want to say that despite the challenges and tensions
11	that that presented I appreciated your coming here
12	from the very beginning, I think I asked you my first
13	questions about those that deal [cross-talk]
14	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:years ago,
16	probably at one of these budget hearings [cross-
17	talk]
18	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:and you
20	consistently gave us straightforward and honest
21	answers when we like them and when we didn't like
22	them, you know and it matters to have somebody who's,

who's word we trust and who we can be in dialogue

with when we agree and, and when we strongly disagree

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COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 so I want to say thank you for that and not like just 2 3 pretend like it never happened... [cross-talk] 4 JAMES PATCHETT: Thanks, we can... we can 5 hug it out later. COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: But to the 6 7 matters at hand today... [cross-talk] 8 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk] 9 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...a few budget questions... [cross-talk] 10 11 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 12 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...you know I think 13 one thing that you and I have talked about before and 14 it just seems to me even more true today than ever 15 and especially given yesterday's announcement, I mean 16 you're really running two separate agencies with two 17 different missions like you run our economic 18 development agency that helps bring economic vitality 19 and jobs and all the things you would think of as 20 economic development and then you run a capital 21 projects management agency which has got a thousand 2.2 capital projects some yours and some that other 2.3 agencies choose you for instead of DDC or get chosen for instead of DDC including some of the biggest ones 24

like yesterday's announcement of climate protection

2 and those, those are two pretty different missions, yes?

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JAMES PATCHETT: I think they are... I think infrastructure has long been understood to be the underpinning of economic development so... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: They're not contradictory for sure... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: I think they're... I would say they're essential, I mean I think you would agree, I mean you're well versed in these matters, transportation infrastructure are at the core of economic development so that doesn't mean that we should be a transportation agency, it doesn't mean that we should be the, the infrastructure agency but it... to me it does mean that we have to have those tools in our tool belt where essential and where it's complimentary to economic development to be able to play those cards because it's... making a lot of analogies here but it's, it's really important for ... you know to... for... if... for example, again we're talking about Sunset Park we have, you know over four million square feet of industrial assets there, we need to have the capacity to be able to build out the

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roads there to make sure that they can serve the trucks that are coming in to serve those businesses that's the capital component of our agency.

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And I should be ...

I'm not trying to break EDC ... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: No, I know... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...up because this is not about your monopoly power or something that we got to be split into two parts, I just... and I... you're of course right that we have to have strong infrastructure to have a strong economy. I don't think that's really the rational for which infrastructure projects as far as I can tell wind up at EDC, some of them are directly related to economic development, some of them like the Lower Manhattan climate protection, I mean you, you can ... you're right Lower Manhattan is a critical economic piece of our infrastructure but that's like fundamental to the future of our city, it's not narrowly economic development and I love the rink in Prospect Park its magnificent and your agency did a great job but that was not economic development so my point here is not that there's a contradiction I think you actually do both those things well I'm trying to pay a little...

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and I'm today going to focus a little less on your
economic development mission which broadly I actually
think we share values on and you do in ways that I
think are appropriate and, and help the city a lot.
On the capital projects management and infrastructure
management side we have a disconnected set of systems
that are not serving us as well as they need to and
you guys actually delivered more on time and on
budget than DDC does or some of the other agencies so
I'm there's no criticisms [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Thank you... [cross-talk]

are good at capital projects management but as you know I want a more comprehensive and clear and coherent system where all the capital projects are tracked transparently, it can... we can compare them with each other, we understand what's working and what's not working when some contractor over here isn't doing another job, we know it over there and we don't have that today and the, the administration has agreed to work with us more strongly on it but I think it's going to involve more coordination than we yet have so let me just start with a tracking question. Your large projects over 25 million dollars

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are in the city's capital projects tracker but I presume a lot of those thousand capital projects you are managing are under 25 million dollars so how do you track those internally and what do you tell us about them publicly?

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, so, so the way that we... that we think about them is on a comprehensive basis, you're right the larger scale projects obviously show up in the ... in the large-scale tracker and then we do it really on a... I'd say neighborhood by neighborhood basis because frequently the projects are working together. So, for example, we have a number of projects in Inwood that we're pursuing now coming out of the rezoning effort there and we have a comprehensive, you know tracker that says where are we on each of ... each of those projects, similarly we have a, a concept in the... in the Sunset Park area which shows how we're progressing on each of those projects and then you know the ferry is another example where it's dozens of capital projects all over the city at any given time and it's really reflected in our weekly meetings about the ferry system and we go through a... what we think of it as a sort of red, yellow, green approach which is, is it

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 green, great, we don't need to talk about it, is it 3 yellow, then we... you know need to pause on it and if 4 it's red we need to spend some serious time troubleshooting. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Mr. Chair can I 6 7 ask another question or two? 8 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Always Council 9 Member Lander. COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you very 10 11 much. So, on the cap... do you have for capital projects in particular and I... you know some project 12 13 management software that the agency uses? 14 JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, absolutely. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And have you been 16 in any dialogue with DDC as they're looking at 17 developing new capital projects management software 18 about what they might learn from you or you from 19 them? 20 JAMES PATCHETT: We've been in 21 discussions with them but I think to your point we could I think more discussion are probably helpful, 2.2 2.3 I'd be happy to, to do that, I mean obviously Commissioner Grillo is, is, is very effective and you 24

know Jamie Torres Springer is a great addition to the

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 team so we're excited to work with, with them. I know 2 3 they recently put out a new blueprint for their 4 approach and I'm excited that they're thinking in new 5 ways and I think to the extent... I mean you know they're uniquely familiar with EDC's history and 6 experience and we'd be happy to work with them and in 7 fact frequently, frequently do work with them but in 8 terms of the strategic planning if, if, if they'd be interested in talking to us we'd be happy to do it. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, I just want 12 to maybe push you to do that and... [cross-talk] 13 JAMES PATCHETT: Okay... [cross-talk] 14 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...ask that it be ... 15 we have a commitment from the administration on getting to a capital projects tracking system... 16 17 [cross-talk] 18 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 19 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...but I don't 20 think what we want is kind of something like set on top of everybody's different systems... [cross-talk] 21 2.2 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...one, it's like very labor intensive because someone has to like pull 24

it out of each system and two that's not really... it

might help get the public some basic transparency but
it won't help us learn sea patterns, learn lessons
and do projects better and what I'm pushing for is
not only to get a kind of tracking system but
somewhat better coordination, you're right the work
they're doing at DDC that Lorraine and Jamie are
leading is great but and they're putting a whole new
system in place but like if their system is good but
over here and your system is over there and SCA's
system is over here [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...that's less good than one that really is in dialogue with each other so I just... I'm going to take you... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Of course… [cross-talk]

appreciate you're saying yes and just ask you let's...
we'll keep working with the Mayor's Office of
Operations on the sort formal tracker but having
these things start to get a little looking down the
road to where we actually could have a more coherent
and integrated system... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...would be of great value so thank you for, for agreeing to work with them on that and then my last question which is, is narrowly a budget question goes to yesterday's announcement as well... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

council Member Lander: ...which I, you know that is absolutely critical work, I'm glad you guys are at, at the center of it, you know one of the things that, that got noted yesterday is the amount of money that we're putting in right now is far, far, far short of what will... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Right... [cross-talk]

time even within the terms of the ten year capital strategy that was underway to build that project out and on the one hand I understand we'll need federal funds and more partners and hopefully a green new deal but on the other hand it is a... we need to build that project whether there's a green new deal or not whoever is the president of the United States like whether we get federal and state funding so how... I, I was... you know the Mayor sort of gave a forward looking answer in some ways but I guess I want to

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push a little more like how do we balance between, yes, the reality that you have to put some money in the budget next year and it wouldn't be realistic for us to say the city is going to pay every penny of that with the fact that we need to build these projects and we have to figure out... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...where those revenues are coming from and how we're going to do it and... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...and be moving forward in a way that is not kind of if we get the money, we'll finish them but we're going to do these projects and we're going to figure out how.

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, absolutely I think you're, you're completely right, I guess I would say, you know I want to just step back for a second and look at all of Lower Manhattan. So, the Eastside Coastal Resiliency which covers the area east of Stuy Town down to the Manhattan Bridge, that's a 1.4-billion-dollar project from which the city received 335 million dollars from the federal government, the remainder of that is in the city's capital budget.

Going further south the two bridges project which
will cover the area between the Manhattan and the
Brooklyn Bridges that area we have the full funding
for, it's over 200 about 200 million dollars
including a mix of federal funds and likely some city
funds that's moving forward we're designing it and
we're going to start construction within two years.
Battery Park, the city allocated 108 million dollars
for that project, we have some additional funds for
it, comprehensively, we're designing that project,
we're going to build it, we have the funding we need,
we're moving ahead. We authorized approximately 168
over 150 million dollars for Battery Park City
Authority so that they have the funds that they need
to construct the waterfront improvements.
Collectively, what that means is that we'll be
protecting the entire Lower East side and 70 percent
of Lower Manhattan with projects that are fully
funded and will be in construction within the next
two years. So, to step back that's actually a pretty
comprehensive strategy, we have the most challenging
part which is that remaining 30 percent of Lower
Manhattan for which it's a particularly big and
complicated challenge I think you know there's

there's always this push and pull of, you know you
did all the planning in a back room and you presented
a fully big plan to us where's that from or you
don't really have a plan, I mean what our goal is to
say we're showing our work, we've done all of the
analysis, we've concluded very clearly that the only
opportunity the only option is to build something in
the water. To, to have an overly specific project in
this stage I think would be in contrast to the what
we're always hearing from the City Council which is
we want to work together on this so we're showing our
work saying we know what we need to do, let's sit
down, let's master plan it together about how
specifically we're going to go about that, that could
be anywhere between 50 feet wide and 500 feet wide
that's what we know at this stage. We know some of
the engineering that's involved, we know that we have
a huge sewer investment we need to make in Lower
Manhattan but the specifics of what it's going to
look like and budgeting beyond that at this point I
think beyond the projects where we know specifics I
think would be guessing.

1	COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
2	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: So, just to
3	conclude and this really takes me back to where the
4	Chair began… [cross-talk]
5	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Now you're really
6	now you're really on your last question
7	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: And I'm not even
8	asking a question I'm just kind of praising your work
9	here. I think this goes back to what the Chair was
10	saying about the ten-year capital strategy that's
11	different from a budget… [cross-talk]
12	JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah [cross-talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:and I do think
14	it would be appropriate, I, I like your approach, we
15	do want to have a dialogue, we don't want you to
16	bring us a fully baked project… [cross-talk]
17	JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah [cross-talk]
18	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:but it does
19	seem to me we are saying in the timeline of the ten-
20	year capital strategy this is going to cost us on the
21	order of another billion dollars [cross-talk]
22	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh… [cross-talk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER:that should be
24	in year four or year five, you can put a big asterisk

by it that says obviously this is an estimate price

but we need the... like if we're... that's what we want is something that helps us look at the magnitude of the projects we're going to have to do even where you're right, we have a lot more work to do together... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: ...to figure out

what they look like and... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yeah and following up on that...

COUNCIL MEMBER LANDER: Thank you Mr. Chair.

that we're just discussing, you know where are the other waterfront borough committees, where is Queens in that, where is Staten in that, where's Bronx in that, you know on, on that since we brought it up, is there coordination there with the Army Corps of Engineers and their vision for the waterfront because our frustration as Council Members is any time we have to deal with the federal or even state communication process things fall off the rails so we are so dependent obviously on you and EDC on being

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JAMES PATCHETT: Yes, absolutely. EDC is not the primary agency dealing with them it's the Office of Recovery and Resiliency who deals with the Army Corps on a comprehensive strategy to Manhattan... or to... sorry, to the city, certainly, you know there are some very large projects being looked at like out in the harbor that could provide protection from storm surge, you... the Army Corps we have to work closely with them in terms of rebuilding our beaches even the projects that, that we talked about the other day or yesterday those projects require, you know Army Corps approval so we're going to be having to work very closely with them as we do on all of our waterfront projects across the... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well that might be a great topic for a future joint hearing just to hear that vision and how that... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...coordination goes so we can have that dialogue that would be great.

Thank you, Council Member Lander. Now we have Council Member Levine and then Council Member Powers.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you so much
3	Chair Vallone and Mr. President, good morning. I want
4	to follow up on, on one point that emerged in your
5	questioning with Council Member Lander, you can leave
6	its okay if you're in a hurry, I'll, I'll brief you.
7	We had a hearing a few weeks ago in which the Chair
8	of DDC Lorraine Grillo testified about the budget for
9	the Eastside Coastal Resiliency plan in which if I'm
10	not mistaken she conceded that there were still
11	several hundred million of the total budget that are
12	not yet funded but you just said that it's totally
13	funded I just want to clarify?
14	JAMES PATCHETT: Okay, it I, I'd leave
15	it to her expertise, I know that they, they clarified
16	the final budget with recently and so it may not be
17	in this current budget but I, I'm certain the city's
18	committed to funding it.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: A major a
20	recurring theme in that hearing where we had a lot of
21	community people present [cross-talk]
22	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:was the fear

that this would... the work would begin and many of the amenities which the community is going to lose there

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 in the construction process will be removed and then 3 the project would stall while we're waiting for 4 funding... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Understood... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...so if indeed the 6 7 funding is in place that would be a relief, there are 8 still many other concerns... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Of course... [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...but if, if you 10 11 can clarify that or, or have DDC clarify that that 12 would be great... [cross-talk] 13 JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely, may... what I 14 can say definitively as the projects that we're 15 specifically involved in which are the two bridges 16 project and the Battery Park project those projects 17 we have the funding for and are moving ahead. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Okay, great. 19 Moving on to another topic I'm a major fan of the 20 ferry program... [cross-talk] 21 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...and I love it so 2.3 much that I want it to come to the west side of Manhattan... [cross-talk] 24

JAMES PATCHETT: Yes... [cross-talk]

2	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:as you're well
3	aware and I'm pleased that you've taken a step in
4	that direction by announcing that by 2021 there will
5	be a line that goes from essentially Hudson Yards to
6	Battery Park to Staten Island. I wonder if you could
7	explain the logic behind that configuration, talking
8	to folks in the… in the west side… in the vicinity of
9	the Hudson Yards stop I think there'd be greater
10	interest to go around to Wall Street where you can
11	connect to the broader ferry network… [cross-talk]
12	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
13	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:and of course
14	I'll follow up with questions about other stops along
15	the west side of Manhattan where I think there's a, a
16	real pressing need for services as well but if you
17	could just clarify how you decided on that
18	configuration for this first step?
19	JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely, so we looked

JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely, so we looked comprehensively at locations all over the city and what we focused on was fundamental technical feasibility and ridership and cost those were the metrics that we used to evaluate alternatives. The, the, the site… the route up the west side driven by Staten Island ridership primarily is… performed

extremely well because there are a number of folks in Staten Island who's only transportation alternative is to take the existing ferry to Lower Manhattan but there are a lot of those folks who work in Midtown and so having a direct link to Midtown and as you said the growing jobs on the west side of Manhattan demonstrates... shows up in our modeling to be very effective and drive a lot of ridership and of course there are a lot of folks in the west side who want to commute from the far west side of Manhattan which, you know in many places is more of the transit desert and get to the jobs that are available in Battery Park City and vice versa.

that this would be an important commuter route for Staten Islanders. From the perspective of, of Manhattan of the west side sorry to say there's not a lot of demand to commute to Staten Island in the morning and there's a far more demand to go to Wall Street then there is to Battery Park but what I really want to push you on is the other potential locations along the west side… [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

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2	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:as for
3	feasibility, you know I focused a lot on 125 th Street
4	where we already spent 30 plus million on a fabulous
5	pier that's gone almost totally unused… [cross-talk]
6	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
7	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: I understand that
8	you have done feasibility work looking at ridership
9	demand but there is there is intense growth in that
10	area with an entire new campus emerging [cross-talk]
11	JAMES PATCHETT: Yep [cross-talk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:right next to
13	that which will have thousands of students and staff
14	and really the, the, the train that would be the
15	alternative north south route for most of these
16	neighborhoods, the one line is intensely crowded,
17	anyone who commutes on that line as I do a lot of
18	days has had the experience of having to let more
19	than one train go by… [cross-talk]
20	JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
21	COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE:because you just
22	can't get on and my time is, is up but I do want to
23	point out that there are other obvious stops along
24	the west side like I guess it would be pier 79 or

sorry, the one that's 57^{th} Street which is a

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT commercial pier not part of Hudson River Park, huge transit desert in an area where development has been...

JAMES PATCHETT: Yep... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...pretty

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[cross-talk]

significant... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: ...for the last five years, thousands of new housing units and there are some smaller stops like around Houston and 14th Street maybe the west... 79th Street Boat Basin, there are limitations in Hudson River Park and some of those smaller stops you could only do a, a water taxi which would be 99 seats or less but you could have a wonderful system with an express line maybe from 125th even starting at Dyckeman, 125th Hudson Yards and then local stops where you would have to use a smaller boat that to me would be just a fabulous new transportation network where we're adding housing, we're adding employment, we have an over, overcrowded train line, there's a very compelling case for that kind of arrangement.

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, I appreciate that, you're... it's, it is compelling, you know we...

and you're right there's going to be a huge amount of
growth in that area so I think what we've tried to do
is, you know focus the, the current lines on what we
know is the immediate demand and what's expected in
the very near future but the opportunity is as you
say as these areas grow we need to continue to
evaluate them and it's our commitment that the route
you're referring to actually the west side route will
be open next year 2020 not 2021 and so then we'll
need to continue to evaluate what are ways that we
continue to expand the system and we'll work very
closely with you on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: And, and very quickly then I'm done, is there money in the budget now then for the 2020 opening in this fiscal year?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah...

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Do you know how much is devoted to the west side project?

JAMES PATCHETT: Well from a capital perspective there's not... those piers are already in place so we need... we have... we have funding for, for Staten Island, the Staten Island pier that we're... or the slip that we're going to need to build out in

2 Staten Island and then for the… obviously for the vessels.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Okay, thank you Mr. President, thank you Mr. Chair.

JAMES PATCHETT: Thank you.

excited and toss around words like fabulous new projects Council Member, that gets, gets us all excited when you're like fabulous projects, we like that. So, now we have Council Member Powers then Barron and I believe we have four panels so hang in there. Once the Council Members are done then each of the panels will come up and speak and then we'll conclude. Council Member Powers.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Alright, thank you, good afternoon, thanks for being here. I'm sorry I missed your testimony; I was just running around in my district but nice to see you guys. I wanted to ask a few different topics, I wanted to start with the east Midtown and the Greenway. In 2017 the Mayor announced 100 million dollars in funding for the east Midtown Greenway and I think in the budget this year it's roughly around 123 million dollars. As you know many of the constituents in my district and in

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Council Member Kallos' district have been frustrated with the design process and the... going into the siting process of, of, of the project and I wanted to just get a quick understanding of what accounts for the increase of the 23 million dollars on the project?

JAMES PATCHETT: We... the... so, we put in 100 million dollars, I mean it was... at that point we didn't have a specific design so to the point of the conversation we were having earlier we did our best to come up with a rough estimate, it was a round number of what we thought that it would cost and then we went and comprehensively bid out the project, designed it in consultation with the community and ultimately the cost was... of 123 million was, was what we came up with.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Okay, so reality of spending of the money versus the budgeting for it would be the... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, I mean I'd just say... where... a rough estimate versus an actual contract for construction.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Okay, thanks. The Greenway is intended to extend the East River

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esplanade from 61st in this, this portion 61st to 53rd
Street and there's a plan here to complete the entire loop so that all of Manhattan has waterfront parkland and the UN esplanade obviously has not been funded in this budget and I... as I believe doesn't have a, a... anticipated funding, there was a source of it that's essentially I think we can agree has fallen, fallen short of... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

reality so it... whet, what is the plan to create the full esplanade to complete the UN esplanade and I... and I... and I ask this in context of so I think some folks believes that the bridge at 54th Street is, is really intended to be the, the last spot to get off because there's no further avidly to get... to build an exit further down so I'm wondering of what's the entirety... the entirety of the plan and is there a plan to fund the rest of the esplanade down to the UN?

JAMES PATCHETT: Well you're, you're correct, the... there was a source that was envisioned which involved a UN project which at this stage does not appear to be moving forward but you never know

and so that would certainly be the, the ideal
identified source of funding, in the absence of that
it's it has to compete with other city capital
priorities and you know that's a conversation process
between the, the Mayor and the Council and I mean
certainly I'm a believer in that project, I would
love to see that project get funded, I want to see
the, the Greenway get extended and be continuous so
you don't have to exit the Greenway and go along $1^{\rm st}$
Avenue and then get back on the Greenway at 63 rd or
50 even $54^{\rm th}$, I think it will be a great amenity for
the whole city, it'll be a great attraction for
people from around the world, it's a long term
capital project, it's a very expensive capital
project

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Do you have the cost for, for what it would cost for the... I mean I think the original... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: I don't have... I don't have it in front of me, my recollection is three or 400 million dollars.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Got it. I, I... and I, I just want to be on the record I fully, fully support getting the, the waterfront access, I think

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the... A, the one question is about having an actual completed... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

and two is then the logistically challenges created when you don't have it going all the way but I think that on a... in a borough of water, of... surrounded by water access to it is, is important and, and really recognizably missing. The... I wanted to move to a different topic, both the Chair Vallone and I have been talking, we did the hearing around tourism and... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: ...and job growth created by tourism and spending, I as you know have a number of revenue generating cultural institutions, I have Times Square, Bryant Park, a number of other institutions and, and places, destinations in my district and you know I think we, we often lose track of exactly how important that is to our economy in New York City to have and in, in many cases other people come to spend their money here to support jobs but can you give us... one of the things we've been talking about is both to have better tracking of

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information exactly so we can then also have a better understanding of how like events or institutions drive those tourism dollars to have better data and second to look... think of other ways that the Council can be supportive of the city's efforts to continue to make that number grow. Certainly things like a... you know a strong dollar and, and a safe city are part of it but other... do you... do you guys... has, has the ES... EDC come up with any, any other recommendations that you think the city or the Council could be looking at to help enhance the tourism industry in New York City?

JAMES PATCHETT: I think it's a... I think it's a great question, tourism is very important to our economy, I think you're right and sometimes underappreciated, you know clearly... the... you know the primary organization responsible for tourism in the city is New York City and Company, we work in close partnership with them, they're... they're a great organization. I think one of the things that's most exciting maybe not for you but for the city is what we've been focusing on in this administration which is to expand the reach of tourism beyond Manhattan because in many cases as you say you're right, many

of the cultural institutions in your neighborhood are full, you know they're teeming with people... [cross-talk]

5 COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: We can handle a 6 little bit more... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, you can handle a little bit more... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: That's good...
[cross-talk]

great places, you know there's the Botanical Gardens in the Bronx and Brooklyn, there's the fabulous BAM in downtown Brooklyn, I think what we have to do and what EDC is focused on is trying to create and expand more cultural hubs across the city so that people can... will draw more overall visitors, more visitors to Midtown and Central Manhattan as well but also there are more things to see because you, you know you can only go to see the statue of liberty so many times so what you want to have the... you know Brooklyn Bridge Park, you need to continue to add iconic, new tourism destinations for people across the city to keep drawing people year after year.

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2	COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Got it, well if
3	there's if there's specific recommendations that the
4	council can, can be a partner on around [cross-talk]
5	JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah [cross-talk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS:improving that
7	we and, and highlighting for what it's worth
8	[cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: ...too we'd, we'd

love to be part of that conversation. Just one last

if, if, if it's okay, the... I want to talk about East

Midtown rezoning... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: ...and your office I think a bit but also the, the Deputy Mayor's Office and, and City Planning and others were... have been and were involved in many of the projects or, or in the initial rezoning and then sort of the project tracks that are coming forward, J P Morgan has come forward to put their headquarters and I think 15,000 jobs staying in Midtown, we've seen I think three or four other buildings be announced as part of this, can you talk to us about just EDC's viewpoint in terms of the, the importance and then the... sort of the... so

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the, the... I guess the initial results of the East
Midtown rezoning and, and, and secondly whether it's
replicable anywhere else in the city?

JAMES PATCHETT: I think it's fantastic, I think the ... I think the East Midtown rezoning, greater, greater East Midtown rezoning is one of the smartest economic development things that, that we've undertaken together, I think as to your point we've actually seen more quick success than I think even we could have anticipated. I think the expectation was that... you know we all knew that the East Midtown needed a refresh, that the buildings... many of the buildings were not modern office buildings, that we needed to update them so that it could, could continue to be competitive as a global commercial center and what we've seen is that people have taken us up in that regard, we have one Vanderbilt obviously well under construction, the recent announcement of the possibility of an additional office tower and hotel on the, the Grand Hyatt site which, you know I think is an interesting opportunity. As you mentioned J P Morgan and then the fact that those, those projects come with critical transportation investments for the community it's

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really a fantastic win, win. I'm excited to see how it plays out, love to be able to replicate it in other parts of the city, I'm not sure if the... if that precise set of ingredients is, is necessarily available elsewhere but obviously happy to talk about it.

COUNCIL MEMBER POWERS: Yeah, appreciate that, I, I think it's ... I think it's working so far, it, it stimulated activity in a way that none of us could anticipate... the ... all ... J P Morgan wasn't an anticipated site in that project and I do encourage because we have a, a... we've had and are having a conversation about job creation and large shop creation in the city in the last few months and moving forward, that part of this is about also zoning and then also addressing public infrastructure and one of the ways we can do that is through looking at, you know opening up opportunities that would let people monetize proactively in addition to all the other things we do in the city so thanks, thanks for the questions.

JAMES PATCHETT: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, thank you Council Member Powers and I also thank you for your

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leadership on the tourism and in fact we had our
very first hearing at the TW Hotel TWA Hotel lounge
at One World Trade Center just folks I have to tell
you ever since we've joined forces and focused on
that the attention bringing to the economic generated
through tourism industry has skyrocketed and we've
been continuing those conversations to see how we can
we support and grow that on the five borough
approach, it's something we're always saying it's
beyond that and how we can help and I thank the EDC
for that also. We also have final questions from
Council Member Barron and then we'll I'm just going
to sum up and then get to our panels.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you Mr.

Chair and thank you to the panel for coming.

According to the land sale list that you published

EDC sold three plots of city land and I don't know if

this question was already asked but we wanted to find

out... I wanted to know particularly about the project

called JEMB Albee Square in Brooklyn... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: I believe it's in

Brooklyn, if you could tell me a little bit about that project and how it's moving forward?

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh, so that, that was a project we worked on partnership with the City Council on, Council Member Levin, that was a... that, that was a, a...

[off mic dialogue]

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JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, yeah. Yeah, that was... that was a partnership with Council Member

Levin, it's a... it's, it's... what, what we have seen in downtown Brooklyn historically was that originally the... there was a... from the... going back in the rezoning from early 2000 the expectations was that there would be a mix of residential and commercial office development that would happen but unfortunately the residential of the development happened and commercial development really didn't take place.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Right... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: So, what we were able to do is having this... EDC having air right available we were able to encourage people to build office space as opposed to residential space so that was what that opportunity was about and what we've really seen as a result of a number of these opportunities is that we

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 have been able to finally see real commercial office, 2 3 new commercial office happening in... [cross-talk] 4 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Okay... [cross-5 talk] JAMES PATCHETT: ...in downtown Brooklyn. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: So, when EDC ... 8 when EDC decides to sell city owned land what is the basis for that, who does the appraisal of the land and if you could refer particularly to the pricing 10 11 for the land at gateway which somehow drops 12 drastically from what it had initially been appraised 13 at... [cross-talk] 14 JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 15 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: ...so, who does the appraisal, who impacts that appraisal, how 16 17 independent are they of the developer that's coming 18 in and of course would let... love to get it at a lower 19 rate, how is that done? 20 JAMES PATCHETT: Sure, just... absolutely 21 so just to talk specifically for a moment about the 2.2 Albee and then I'll talk about the other project you 2.3 mentioned Gateway. COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Right... [cross-24

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talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: So, so, the again in
the case of the, the, the Albee Square project that
was an, an air right sales, it was 100 percent
commercial project, it was a ULURP and we were also
able to deliver a school as a part of it so it's a
you know from, from our perspective it was a great
outcome and we worked in partnership with the Council
Member through that. The we always do a third party
appraisal as a part of our disposition but before
that and I think frankly more importantly we do a
competitive procurement process where developers
respond and we, we then have an opportunity to
negotiate with them and we negotiate for the highest
possible price and also the most community benefits
so that's our objective. In many cases when we're
asking you know we're in partnership with the
elected officials we want we want particular things,
we want a community center, we want a school, we want
other important community elements and so that can
reduce the price but you know if that's if that's in
the interest of the community and the city then
that's often investment we're collectively willing to
make.

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council Member Barron: So, what type of vetting goes on to assure that there's not a conflict of interest with the third party appraisal that you get because my understanding is that the same person that was used for the Gateway final appraisal was in fact employed by the developer and I, I think that would be a conflict of interest?

JAMES PATCHETT: We, we always... we always... so, there, there are a certain number of appraisal firms in the city that are high quality appraisal firms like CBRE is one of them, one of the well... best known commercial brokerages in the world, they're an excellent appraisal firm, they certainly get used by real estate companies they also get used by the city, they have a, a... an ethical duty and they're obliged to provide an independent appraisal each and every time even if they've worked for a developer in the past, EDC is a regular client of appraisers, you know we don't believe that we have the ability to, you know influence to ... them to do things that they're not comfortable with and I believe the appraisers we work with... work with are ethical but again I really believe the more important thing is the fact that we're competitively

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 negotiating these then is necessarily the appraisal 3 that's determining the price. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you and finally in terms of the... Mr. Chair if I may? And in 5 terms of the preliminary ten-year capital strategy 6 7 there's a category for waterfront development... 8 [cross-talk] Uh-huh... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: ...and the Governor 10 11 has indicated that he wants to develop the waterfront 12 between Pennsylvania and Fountain Avenue in East New 13 York section, he wants to put a park in there, he's going to call it the Shirley Chisholm Park and it is 14 15 on the waterfront, I believe the application requires the city to give certain types of approvals for that 16 17 park to go forward... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 18 19 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: ...it's not ... it's 20 going to be trails and hiking and there will be a 21 kayak port... a Kayak station there where people should 2.2 be able to take Kayaks, what type of involvement will 2.3 the city have as this plan goes forward knowing that this is still a state project... [cross-talk] 24

Uh-huh... [cross-talk] JAMES PATCHETT:

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON:and it's on that
amaica Bay as well but what kind of involvement can
e expect the city will have in the development of
his park?

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah, so I'm not

familiar with that particular project... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Okay... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: ...and it's unlikely that
EDC would have particular involvement but you know
certainly city parks department possibly Department,
Department of Transportation, the Department of
Environmental Protection, you know all could have a
role in that and we'd be happy to try to facilitate a
conversation, it sounds like you... this is a project
you're potentially supportive of to ensure that it
moves forward as quickly as possible.

COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you, thank you Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Thank you Council
Member Barron. What I'd like to... if we could Mr.

President if we can go back to how we broke down the capital... the budget and the explanation of it...

25 [cross-talk]

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2 JAMES PATCHETT: Sure... [cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...there... actually when you look at each one of the categories that you and I tackle every one of these can be a hearing, for the next ten months there's so much information in there and when we break down the preliminary ten year capital strategy it goes from neighborhood revitalization to industrial development, waterfront development, commercial development, market development, community development, port development, fiscal 2020 preliminary capital budget but we won't tackle each of those but what I'd like to maybe just clear up there's a section there called miscellaneous where the preliminary ten year capital strategy includes 785.6 million to miscellaneous funding, that's not a small number so if you could help clarify what that category is and how it's determined?

JAMES PATCHETT: Okay, I don't... no, do
you... oh, okay, here we go... okay, okay and also the
funding... are you sure... okay, okay. So, I don't have
the document in front of me that you have in front of
you so let me try to do that. So, it includes a
couple of things that... to the best of my knowledge.

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One is the neighborhood development fund, that is a,
a set of funding that was set aside at the outset of
this administration in partnership with the Council
to ensure that there were resources available for
infrastructure investments as we went forward with
individual rezoning actions [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, that's existing, so there would be an extra capital set aside for existing projects or ones that have yet to be started?

JAMES PATCHETT: Okay. Okay. Alright, sorry. The... those are... it's a combination, it is... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Combination... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: It's funding that has been identified through the ULURP process for specific projects in partnership with the Council Members in those districts and then there's additional funding remaining, you know we're currently undergoing a rezoning effort in Bay Street in Manhattan and so we would dedicate funding from that fund for that as well and there are other areas of the city that we're in conversation with different

Council Members about and that, that funding would
also be used for that. I believe it also includes
oh, oh, I'm sorry, it also includes funding for, for.
trust for Governor's Island which is not an EDC
there's yes, so it's not an EDC agency it's a
separate organization just to make sure you're aware
our budget includes money for both the Brooklyn Navy
Yard and the Trust for Governors Island and they may
appear all together but they're we have no they're,
they're all in the economic development budget but we
don't have any authority over them, they don't
actually run through EDC's budget in any way.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Is that reflected in, in this pot of money or is that a separate...

[cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yes, the Governor's

Island money as I understand it is also in that fund...

in that pot of money that you're referring to. So,

so, those are some of the funds that are available

there, happy to provide you with more details...

[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, maybe we can break that down then going forward... [cross-talk]

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KIM VACCARI: Yeah, we can... those are the categories that OMB categorizes our capital projects in, we can definitely get you a breakdown of what falls into that miscellaneous category.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Much appreciated because it's a large number.

JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I'm just say... when

you see numbers like that I, I want to make sure we

can flush... and compare it year to year as to where

it's going and how we can categorize... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...it from agency to community so we can reflect.

JAMES PATCHETT: Absolutely.

I'd, I'd like to talk about since, since we are talking about generating projects and whether...

generating revenue and the different types of approaches that EDC will take sometimes they don't work and sometimes we don't make money on a project or there will be some, something that happened that we're, we're not getting what we expected and that's... never... we want... sometimes that happens so one of the

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projects I guess we could use is like the BioBAT technology center where we voted to take back 60 percent of the floor space and a program to attack biotech companies maybe you could just use that as an example of maybe what type of provisions EDC has in its... in its toolbox as a claw back or protection if, if a project doesn't meet its goals?

JAMES PATCHETT: Right, so I think that was a... that was a vision from some time ago, the, the... for ... to develop biotech space at the Brooklyn Army Terminal that was in an area of the Brooklyn Army Terminal that we refer to as phase six which is the last phase of the Brooklyn Army Terminal, the furthest... the, the phase that's had the least infrastructure investment in it. We have comprehensively over time done full refurbishments of each of the first five phases of the development. The reality is these spaces set aside for industrial companies, they don't have the resources to fit out the space from what it's in... with the shape it's in which is completely dilapidated, unready to be occupied so what we have done is allocated city capital, renovated the space and turned around and, and rented them to companies. That space though we,

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we took back some of the space, never had funding associated with it to actually do the necessary infrastructure work to bring companies in, you know we, we believe that this is a good opportunity now that EDC has full control of it back that, that 60 percent of space, we believe we could create close to 600 jobs in that space with a little over 60 million dollars in funding from the city so we're going to be seeking that funding now that we have control of the space, we actually view it as an opportunity to further expand the success of the Brooklyn Army

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well that's, that's a... like I said an example of how we can re-use and re-shape and go forward so are there other tools or is there anything else the Council can do to help enhance those protections going forward in the contractual obligations that we, we go forward with and ways that we can provide some type of... level of guarantee of success and if that's not met that we are able to... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...reshape that

project, go back, have whether it's penalties,

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provisions, support, what... however we can tackle that project to relook at it, is there anything else we can do with EDC on that?

JAMES PATCHETT: No, I think we should continue to discuss it, you know we always have ways we can do things better, you know we, we take ... we take compliance very seriously, we tend to have extremely rigorous contracts that require people to meet performance milestones over time and we have the authority... ultimate ability to, to revert back the, the... revert back those properties if they're unsuccessful, you know over 96 percent of our properties are compliant and succeeding that means we have, you know a little over three percent that are... that are not successful in those cases we're prepared to take back the property if we have to, levy financial penalties if we have to that's what we do because, you know it's the city's property and it's our obligation to ensure that we're getting the public benefit out of it that the city deserves.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: With that I'd like to say we've had one heck of a year together, I'm very proud to Chair this Committee and I know that we have tackled probably more than just about the

history of, of EDC prior of what's happened in this last year so I thank you and your team that's around you to make this day happen and for me I'm surrounded by... I didn't sound this good without having the support of the... [cross-talk]

JAMES PATCHETT: Yeah... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...crew that's next to me so thank you to Alex Paulenoff and happy birthday by the way, Aliya, Kira, I know Emily just stepped out and my staff I have Jonathan, Michael my leg staff and my, my Deputy Chief so while you're still here I wanted to acknowledge them because these committee hearings all the hard work they do behind the scenes to prepare for these tremendous volumes that's in these hearings, I mean this, this hearing alone... like yesterday we did the Veterans budget of 5.7 million dollars and then the first category in here, you know sometimes it's night and day so I just wanted to thank you and the staff for that, thank you.

JAMES PATCHETT: Well thank you to you and your team and I have to say thank you to my team for all of the tremendous amount of work that also

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went into working with you on this and preparing for this hearing. So, thank you all.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Alright, so we'll start with our first panel just to give some time for James and his crew. So, once they're able to, to take that we're going to call up Marisol Linda Diaz from Brooklyn Stone and Tile; Saduf Syal from NYC Now; Julian Hill, the Urban Justice Center; Aileen Fuchs from Snug Harbor Cultural Center, welcome back and that was it. So, we have Marisol, Saduf, Julian, and Aileen will be our first panel. If you have testimony just give it to our correct security, thank you. If not, we're going have... this room is in use not too long from now so we can't go too much longer. Yep.

COMMITTEE CLERK: You want to do two minutes, three minutes?

[off mic dialogue]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well we're still in good morning so good morning everyone, why don't we start from left to right and go... whoever would like to start, I'll give that to you. Just make sure your mic is on, I don't know if the red light... is the red light on in front of you? Just push that button.

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COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: This is my first 3 rodeo... 4 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: There you go. 5 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Yeah, would you break the ice for me... [cross-talk] 6 7 SADUF SYAL: Yeah, okay... [cross-talk] MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: ...please, thank you. 8 9 SADUF SYAL: I'm going break the ice. CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Perfect, thank you. 10 11 SADUF SYAL: So, thank you so much 12 Chairperson Vallone and members of the City Council 13 Committee of... on Economic Development. My name is Saduf Syal, I am the Coordinating Director at the New 14 15 York City Network of Worker Cooperatives. We are a 16 local trade association of worker cooperative 17 businesses across the five boroughs of New York City 18 in a variety of different industries. I'm also here 19 today on behalf of 14 nonprofit organizations that 20 make up the Worker Cooperative Business Development 21 Initiative, WCBDI and that's... [cross-talk] 2.2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I always wanted to 2.3 have a hearing with you on that, I think we're going to have to get that scheduled, there's so much going 24

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on there.

2	SADUF SYAL: That, that would be
3	excellent and great but we're I'm here to talk a
4	little bit share a little bit now and, and would
5	love for the opportunity to discuss even more. It is
6	an exciting initiative that works to create, sustain
7	and grow worker cooperative businesses across the
8	city and these are businesses that are owned and
9	controlled by overwhelming majority people of color,
10	immigrants and women of color in this city and so we
11	want to urge the City Council to continue its support
12	of worker cooperatives that create dignified jobs
13	with living wages for communities and workers across
14	the city and by enhancing the initiative of WCBDI
15	from 3.6 million this past fiscal year to 4.85 in FY
16	20. I just want to say that in when the City Council
17	decided to support WCBDI that first year in, in
18	fiscal year 15, it was the first city in the country
19	to support the development of worker cooperatives and
20	since then it has inspired other cities around the
21	nation to do the same from Madison, Wisconsin to just
22	a few weeks ago in Berkeley, California and so we
23	hope that the city continues to provide leadership in
24	this area and support worker owned businesses as a
25	as a model for economic development and job creation

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 and job retention. I also want to say on a federal 3 level we saw also this past year the first support 4 for worker cooperatives through the passage of the Main Street Employee Ownership Act and so we're seeing a recognition both nationally and locally, 6 that's growing and an interest across communities. 8 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Clearly it was all us that started this. SADUF SYAL: Great. So, I mean I, I, I 10 11 don't know how much I should explain about Worker 12 Coops. Not to go too much into it but to say that it is a model that allows for workers to come together 13 14 and pool their resources and form democratically 15 owned businesses where they make decisions about their wages, their working conditions and... [cross-16 17 talk] 18 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, with the 19 little... [cross-talk] 20 SADUF SYAL: ...where they... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...time... what would 21 2.2 you like to see as the next step? 2.3 SADUF SYAL: As the next step we would... we would love to request that the city continue to 24

support worker cooperative businesses and, and WCBDI,

we are seeking enhancement in FY 20 to 4.85 million
and in addition I think that beyond WCBDI there's a
lot much, much more that the city can do to support
worker co-ops, worker co-ops have needs well beyond
the education and technical assistance that happens
under WCBDI but there's a need for space for
procurement, for and contracting with worker co-ops
access to the MWBE certification. We have a whole
list of issues working with worker co-ops that we've
identified and actually this past year we had this
last year I believe we were able to sit down with Mr
Patchett and NYC EDC to talk about worker
cooperatives, we'd love to see a follow up or a
continuation to that conversation because we also
think perhaps the EDC there's resources there that
can support… [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Done [cross-talk]
SADUF SYAL:worker cooperative [cross-
talk]
CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Done [cross-talk]
SADUF SYAL:growth.
CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: We'll make that

25 SADUF SYAL: Okay, thank... [cross-talk]

happen because every time you come... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and every time you testify, we always looked at each other and say we need to expand, enhance and promote so whether scheduling a hearing to talk about it having James' team... [cross-talk]

SADUF SYAL: Wonderful... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...this, this is

exactly what everyone needs, every city needs, and

we'll help and, and you're already doing it so thank

you...

SADUF SYAL: Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: No, I'm always... we learn when you come so we always appreciate that you stay for the whole hearing, hang in there, there's like 13 Council Members on this particular hearing and each one speaks and the testimony, you see the size of EDC's budget so we have to tackle and we appreciate that you stay and we thank you for that so yeah...

MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Well it's definitely a new platform for me, the last time I was I think in the building was for Menudo boy group band that I was coming to see when my mother worked for the Mayor's

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Office, so this is a completely different platform...

[cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: A little different... [cross-talk]

MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Absolutely, I'm, I'm here and proud to give a testimony to the accomplishment that Brooklyn Stone and Tile which is employee worker owned business and Brooklyn Navy Yard, sorry, I'll get the nerves out in about 30 seconds.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: You're doing fine.

MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: We came from... back in 2017 we found ourselves with the previous company baby boomer decided to retire and we found ourselves, 20 employees all minor... about 80 percent of them were minorities representing 12 different countries, I would say about 80 percent of them also were not of college background, they basically had a skilled trade that they, they were able to fulfil with a... 20 to 25 years of experience. We... through the depart... through the connection that the baby boomer had made with the worker... or nonprofit organization called the working world they tried to convert the business to the workers at that time, for legal reasons that

didn't happen but through the due diligence process
of spending the time with the, the working world they
realized that they, they had skill sets, they had
workers that had passion, drive and were committed to
continue in this business given the chance. They sat
me down January of 2018 and basically, I felt like I
hit lotto because they sat me down, down and said we
have funding and we believe in your team and we
believe that you're you can be successful. It was
music to my ears because I always had the passion and
the drive for it and for my employees to give them a
better working environment, to give them better
benefits but to do something for, for our own,
something that we could stand for, not a dollar came
out of my pocket, I didn't have to give up my first
borne which allowed an empowerment for, for us to
truly take ownership of what we were doing. We knew
what we had to do it was just a matter of being
given the opportunity to give a platform to, to go
ahead and, and do that. So, as aggressive as I was to
save as many jobs as possible we Brooklyn Stone and
Tile was born April 2018 so from January to April we
came up with a business model, we had several
meetings, it was three of us driving this, this force

to try to make it happen as quick as possible so that
we wouldn't have too many employees unemployed for a
long period of time. I'm proud to say that we have
nine on board right at this moment with seven more
that call me constantly, are you ready for me. So, to
be able to provide that culture and give back to the
employees and, and give them a platform to do that,
to set up a, a retirement fund which is something
that they didn't have in the previous company, to be
able to do something like that and work towards
something like that makes us proud every day, we love
coming to work and we wouldn't have been able to do
that without that financial support that we received
from the working world along with technical support
because they gave me tools to in the areas that I
was not strong at which is financial management and
the tools I needed to do that to make sure that
[cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, what would you like to see as the next step?

MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: I would love to see an awareness and, and, and I didn't even know this existed prior to 2017, the fact that there was a cooperative where, you know we could potentially

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 become owners and, and have the funding to do so but 2 3 an awareness for the resources that come along 4 through... that I've been able to capture through the small business services through other organizations that support small business... [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I agree, I think that's the future of small business... [cross-talk] 8 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: But... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...the cost of doing ... 10 11 [cross-talk] 12 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Absolutely, there's a lot... I can mention a dozen of businesses in my own 13 14 industry that have baby boomers and the children 15 don't want to take over the business so what happens 16 to the employees, you know they're, they're out and a 17 lot of them have to go back to their country because 18 there's no jobs here... [cross-talk] 19 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well, well with that said small business is the backbone of almost 20 21 any city... [cross-talk] 2.2 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Absolutely... [cross-2.3 talk CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and I don't think 24

we've done enough on this front, if you look at like

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 you said either finding out the information on your 2 3 own, the financial opportunities that exist whether 4 it's WMBEs or just new businesses or the existing businesses... [cross-talk] MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Absolutely... [cross-6 7 talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...as they're trying 8 9 to stay alive for the next generation or just grow into the 21st century model it's a whole new world, I 10 11 mean this... these are the kids coming out from high school and college, they're not doing what we did ... 12 13 [cross-talk] 14 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Exactly... [cross-15 talkl CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...so it's, it's... 16 17 that's why it's so important we have you, so we'll 18 continue on, thank you. 19 MARISOL LINDA DIAZ: Thank you. 20 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Who's next? 21 JULIAN HILL: I can go next. Chairman Vallone, members of the Committee on Economic 2.2 2.3 Development thanks for this opportunity to testify on the social, political and moral benefits that 24

cooperatives provide to their worker, owners and

their larger community as well as the critical nature
of legal services and technical assistance funded by
WCBDI for creating New York City a New York City
that centers equity, increases a sense of belonging
and encourages democratic democratically run
enterprises. My name is Julian Hill and I'm a staff
attorney at the Community Development Project at the
Urban Justice Center. Among other things, CDP
strengthens the impact of grassroots organizations in
New York City's low income and other marginalized
communities by providing legal support, we bring
cases, we publish community driven research reports
and we provide meaningful technical assistance in
support of racial, economic and social justice. For
almost 15 years CDP has collaborated with community
organizations to help low income New York City
residents form worker owned cooperative businesses. I
love my job, leaving a lucrative Wall Street law firm
job to do it, and WCBDI makes it possible for me to
be here today. I enjoy demystifying very complicated
legal concepts so that my mostly brilliant, mostly
black, mostly brown, mostly women, often immigrant,
worker owner clients can do what they do best, and
they trust me to ensure that the legal structures

reflect their values of cooperation. I'm just going
to mention two quick examples; Woke Foods, a woman
owned Dominican and Afro-Caribbean food service
cooperative that we've been working with over the
past few years with respect to corporate structure
including their actual formation as well as ongoing
questions they've had around employment and the like.
Also High Mi Madre, a woman of color owned
cooperative that's relatively new in the legal
cannabis based oil space that's empowering women,
some of whom may be sisters, cousins, daughters and
friends of folks who have been incarcerated in this
and other city's jails and prisons as a result of the
war on drugs. Empowering them to be at the forefront
of a burgeoning industry but also doing so in a way
that honors their labor and thinks through how to
advocate for space and voices for the most
marginalized. Whether we're talking about language
justice, access to birth doulas, accessible housing
for young mothers or any number of issues affecting
among New York's historically most marginalized
communities, many of our clients are tackling
difficult social issues, difficult political issues
while at the same time strengthening New York City's

communities and improving the lives and incomes of
community members. This year CDP, this year, has
already taken on over 15 new worker cooperative
clients, partnering with several cooperative
incubators and developers, including the Center for
Family Life, Green Worker Cooperatives and the ICA
Group. And I'll note that we're actually working on
our first conversion this year which is like the
project I was mentioning before. But as this
ecosystem grows, so too does the need for legal
support and technical assistance. Just to just to
finish, I've seen my cooperative clients base since
the last year has increased, I have about I have
over 20 worker cooperative clients right now, each
with at least a few distinct matters and as one of
primarily two organizations providing free legal
services to worker cooperatives and understanding
that private law firm attorneys are billed out at
hundreds of dollars an hour, we understand how
expensive and hard it can be to find other options
for legal services that are able to provide such
niche worker cooperative expertise. So, with that we
respectfully request that the Council continue to
support us and increase the funding that we have for

WCBDI to 4.85 million, happy to answer any other questions around legal services or technical assistance.

Well Julian thank CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: you for making that decision to leave Wall Street and take on these great clients, as a lawyer myself of almost 30 years the, the greatest work is the work you can do to help those who really truly need the work and the help. This is perfect timing when you present the testimony and talk about enhancing of initiatives and budgetary items that's why we're here so when you give this in this format we thank you because this goes directly to staff, to the Speaker who then fights and advocates on behalf of the Council Members and then projects like each one of yours will then when the executive budget comes out that's where the changes are made. So, I just want to let you know how important this is, this is never a waste of time, this, this information really does drive the battles like those on both sides of the house and these stories are so critical for us to understand that. My question for you Julian would be what, what legal services are not being provided that

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you could see that could be invited, invite... included if the initiative was enhanced?

JULIAN HILL: So, we also are doing some work around... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Or maybe done more extensively what's already being done?

JULIAN HILL: Yeah, so we are also a member of the CLA program and so we're also one of the legal services providing support for commercial leases and so I think as Saduf mentioned before helping to provide support around space it's a... its, it, it's an issue that comes up commonly with my worker cooperative clients, I think also helping them negotiate financing is also a key area where there isn't a lot of legal support and I think also with respect to handling disputes. We are an organization that only does transactional work for worker cooperatives and so to the extent that there's support with respect to funding to help them with, with conflict resolution with clients, etcetera I think that would... those would be three areas where ... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well I'll just conclude with, with that by saying I think the

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conversation with EDC on... and providing that financial arm and assistance and the toolbox that they have is something we need to explore because even with this initiative it's really a small amount of money, it's... their budget what we just heard is completely different from what we're dealing with and so much is depending on the Council initiative funding which shouldn't be so... when we can get those things baselined then you'll know you have that money so, thank you and your turn.

AILEEN FUCHS: Hi...

JULIAN HILL: Thank you.

AILEEN FUCHS: Switching gears to culture here, good afternoon Chair Vallone and members of the Committee. My name is Aileen Fuchs and I am the President and CEO of Snug Harbor Cultural Center and Botanical... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Welcome back... [cross-talk]

AILEEN FUCHS: ...Garden, thank you. I'm located on the North Shore of Staten Island, Snug Harbor is a proud member of the CIGs, a coalition of 33 cultural organizations that share a public-private partnership with the city of New York and are located

in all five boroughs. As the head of Snug Harbor and
on behalf of the CIGs, I'm here today to provide
testimony on the profound economic impact of cultural
institutions in New York City and we are so grateful
for your support and the continued support of the
Mayor and the whole Council. Snug Harbor is both a
cultural programmer and a property manager of an 83-
acre historic site that also houses two other CIGs
and multiple other organizations. In FY 18, Snug
Harbor and our constituents hosted over 400,000
visitors. Our education department served 22,000
students last year, 16,000 of them from low income
communities and Title 1 schools. Our partnership with
the New York City Department of Probation provides
workforce development opportunities to young adults
seeking to rebuild their lives. Partnerships with
CUNY, AmeriCorps and other and others provide
internships, internships for summer youth employment
opportunities for youth in our communities and our
Heritage Farm gifts ten percent of its annual yield
to food insecure New Yorkers while simultaneously
sourcing to some of the city's best restaurants. Snug
Harbor is the cultural anchor of our borough. It is
where Staten Islanders experience their first museum

or take in their first live performance. It is where
they take in classes in visual arts, dance, music,
theatre, horticulture, yoga. It is where they walk
their dogs, take their prom photos, that's where they
get married. The arts and cultural sector contribute
hundreds of billions of dollars annually to the
American economy. We know that the impact of the
cultural sector on New York City is considerable.
CIGs in each borough drive tourism and economic
investment. CIGs are job creators. In 2017, CIGs
employed 15,700 full and part time employees,
including 5,800 union members and spent upwards of
490 million on local vendors. In FY, FY 18 at Snug
Harbor we spent nearly two million on vendors. Fully
two thirds of our vendors are located in New York
City. Collectively, Snug Harbor and our constituent
organizations are the largest cultural employers in
Richmond County. We are the key we are key economic
drivers for the North Shore of Staten Island, a state
designated economic opportunity zone with a poverty
level of 23.7 percent. Snug Harbor raised the bar
this past year by hosting the first ever New York
City Winter Lantern Festival, which put our borough
on the man as a desirable holiday and tourist

destination. More than 150,000 visitors attended this
six-week festival, which became a top photographed
location during the holiday season with over seven
million social media impressions. These visitors ate
in local restaurants, they drank in local bars, they
got gas at local gas stations and discovered the
unique character of our communities. With continued
and increased city support, Snug Harbor can host this
and more cultural events and attract new audiences to
a borough that has been traditionally cut out of the
tourism conversation though I, I was really
appreciative of Mr. Patchett's earlier comments about
spreading that tourism to other boroughs. So, CIG has
asked the City Council to increase funding in FY 20
to the Department of Cultural Affairs and while not
the purview of this committee, we ask your
consideration of these budget… requests in the budget
process. As we have seen the economic impact of our
city's cultural organizations is substantial. Thank
you.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Alright, we just want to thank you for that plus the combo with the educational work and the students just things you may not even be aware of so when I was able to bring my

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 very first middle school to College Point, a 2 3 waterfront community, testimonies like yours, working 4 with the Harbor School of Manhattan, working with... [cross-talk] 5 AILEEN FUCHS: Absolutely... [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...the Billion Oyster Project... [cross-talk] 8 AILEEN FUCHS: Yep... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...is... now exists in 10 11 that school because of... these type of testimonies 12 stayed with me, I brought it to that principal, she 13 had no idea, kids love it, the parents are through 14 the roof, it's a small school but it was created 15 through these meetings. 16 AILEEN FUCHS: That's right... 17 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: So, just so you 18 know the good seeds that continue and we have to just 19 do that, for me the whole point is so how do we get 20 this to the students so that they can embody it, 21 learn from it, the jobs that are there... [cross-talk] 2.2 AILEEN FUCHS: That's right, that's with... 2.3 [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...for them are 24

tremendous... [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTIES ON ECONOMIC BEVELOUM
2	AILEEN FUCHS:the pipeline, we are
3	contributing to that pipeline… [cross-talk]
4	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Tremendous amount
5	of jobs in these fields for them that are waiting so
6	yeah, so with this panel I say thank you and we look
7	forward to working with each one of you. Our next
8	panel… [cross-talk]
9	AILEEN FUCHS: Thank you [cross-talk]
LO	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE:we have again oh,
L1	Council Member Cornegy you came up my friend, I'm
L2	sorry, did you want to maybe ask questions of this
L3	panel before they go?
L4	COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: No, thank you
L5	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: You're good,
L6	alright, thank you. And Council Member Richards snuc
L7	in, the two of you on my left now, see
L8	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: I have a
L9	question
20	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: No, sorry you're
21	not allowed only, only, only Cornegy is allowed to
22	ask questions. Would you like to ask a question
23	Donovan before they go?

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Oh, no I'm

25 messing with you...

Τ	COINTITIES ON ECONOTIES DEVELOTIENT
2	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: No, alright. And
3	so, the next crew that's coming up is Eve, Eve Moros
4	Ortega; Katie Parks; Aline Biler, I think that's
5	Biler, Workers, Workers Justice Project, that's the
6	three, is that our last three or is that [cross-
7	talk]
8	COMMITTEE CLERK: No, there's three more.
9	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yeah, maybe we can
10	I think… I'm seeing two so maybe we can combine, the
11	last three I have is Tasfia Rahman; Eric Kim and
12	Carlyn Cowen, are they here, maybe we… get everybody
13	up. Is that okay? So, good we'll ask you all the
14	questions then, if you're filling in, no problem.
15	Alright, why don't we start with make sure your mic
16	is on, sorry.
17	EVE MOROS ORTEGA: Do this is it on?
18	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Yes, it is.
19	EVE MOROS ORTEGA: Good morning Chairman
20	Vallone… [cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: I think we're
22	officially good afternoon.
23	EVE MOROS ORTEGA: Good afternoon. My

name is Eve Moros Ortega, I am a National Urban
Fellow at CUNY, a trustee of New Yorkers for Culture

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and Arts and Board President for Arts Gowanus and I
want to first thank you all for this opportunity to
speak about arts and culture. It was great to follow
what Snug Harbor just said because I think I agree
that this is really a necessity for our economic
development, it is not a luxury and there's a lot of
data to support that, that is in my printed remarks.
Just last week the U.S. government data was released
by the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the National
Endowment for the Arts which show that arts generated
4.2 percent of the overall U.S. GDP, employing
roughly 4.9 million Americans who collectively earned
over 370 billion dollars and in New York City our
Create NYC cultural plan city cites studies showing
the creative and cultural sectors of New York City
provide over 400,000 jobs and that the nonprofit
cultural sector alone has generated over eight
billion dollars in a year. I fully agree with Snug
Harbor's comments about the importance of our marque
institutions, our CIG groups and the other large
drivers of tourism to your point Council Member
Powers but I also want to speak to the importance of
supporting the many smaller organizations such as
arts Gowanus and I, as a Gowanus resident, I can

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really speak to those. Gowanus is... arts Gowanus's mission is to support a thriving cultural community for the rapidly changing and very diverse neighborhood of Gowanus, Brooklyn. We have NYCHA... everything from NYCHA residents to one of the largest populations of artists in the whole city, it is a very important driver for tourism actually in Gowanus and I've seen that personally in the five years that I have been on the board of arts Gowanus and there's been a real change and I want to... I know that Council Member Lander had to leave but I want to thank him and Council Member Levin specifically because their discretionary funds have been crucial to really allowing arts Gowanus to survive...

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: We'll make he know...}$ they know that.

EVE MOROS ORTEGA: Yeah, it's... so, and, and what I want to speak to is the impact of that funding. So, in these five years our budget grew four fold which, you know it's a small organization, it's 100... it's like about 100, 100,000 dollars a year right now but it is having a massive multiplier effect in the neighborhood and you can just see that on the ground. If you come to the Gowanus open

studios you'll see just the thousands of people who
fill the neighborhood during that weekend and we've
seen at arts Gowanus, you know it used to be it was
really hard to get small businesses, to your point
about small businesses being motor the motor of the
city. When we were initially trying to get those
small businesses to advertise with us it was a real
struggle, you know they 100 dollars for an ad is a
lot for them and now they call us and they want to,
you know can we get our 325 dollar ad, can we be a
sponsor for a few thousand dollars because they see
the impact that we bring to them. Just like Snug
Harbor was saying, you know people are eating in
their restaurants, buying in their shops, looking for
accommodations in their hotels. I would also say that
they are, you know more inclined to want to live in
that neighborhood and purchase or rent real estate as
a result. So, it's a you know it's a really, really
vital part of our economy and I just can't stress
that enough. I also want [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well thank you...

23 [cross-talk]

EVE MOROS ORTEGA: ...to say... [cross-talk]

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...we have your 3 testimony so... [cross-talk] EVE MOROS ORTEGA: Oh, sorry... [cross-4 5 talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...that's a good 6 7 thing. 8 EVE MOROS ORTEGA: So... yeah, there are thousands of others who would probably want to be here today if they weren't so busy just doing that 10 11 work and I just urge you to continue to support them and increase the funding for arts and culture in the 12 13 city. Thank you so much. 14 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Probably of all the 15 groups they have the ones who can't take the day off 16 and come today so we, we get that, thank you. 17 KATIE PARKS: Testing, good... [cross-talk] 18 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Perfect... [cross-19 talk] 20 KATIE PARKS: Okay. Great. Good 21 afternoon, my name is Katie Parks and I am here on behalf of the Business Outreach Center Network and 2.2 2.3 our affiliate small business loan fund, BOC Capital

Corp. CIFI. BOC Network is a partner with New York

City to advance equitable economic development

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strategies. Our focus on business technical
assistance, customized small business training and
access to capital is designed to advance
entrepreneurship in largely immigrant and minority
communities throughout New York City. We serve two
industrial business areas and operate the first
business incubator in the Bronx. BOC Network is a
member of the New York City Worker Cooperative
Coalition, providing practical business development
assistance to the growing number of cooperative
businesses. BOC leads equity driven initiatives and
delivers affordable capital to minority and women
owned businesses. BOC Capital has loaned over 25
million dollars to date. We deliver New York City's
Contract Finance Loan Fund which has leveraged over
24 million dollars in contracts for small businesses
since March 2017 with close to six million in New
York City's Contract Financing loans. We see the
impact of the Mayor's MWBE strategies that focus on
MWBE participation combined with capital and TA
required to succeed. BOC is working to grow an
ecosystem of support for small and minority owned
businesses. We operate the first business incubator
in the Bronx where we run programs that promote

quality jobs through small business development and
cooperative business ownership. As a result, BOC
Network is supporting highly impactful business
assistance programs that benefit minority and women
owned businesses and promote new and innovative
solutions including the Contract Finance Loan Fund.
The role of city agencies in aligning their practices
with the Contract Finance Loan Fund cannot be
overstated. Agencies that are reluctant to
accommodate lending to MWBEs with contracts are
creating barriers to their success. All agencies
should be required to adopt best practices that
enable MWBEs to utilize this unique capital resource
that New York City has created. Also, the Construct
NYC program of New York City EDC provides an
innovative model for creating a path to new
opportunities for MWBEs. BOC Capital is privileged to
partner with New York City EDC to deliver capacity
building training, TA to and TA to contractors that
are pre-qualified for new contracts. The BOC Network
and its members serving all five boroughs of New York
City request the, the City Council to increase its
investment in the Chamber on the Go and Small
Rusinoss Initiativo ovorall Wo are requesting to

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 1 increase the allocation to BOC from 113,000 to 2 3 190,000 which will increase our inclusive business development services and will also leverage federal 4 5 dollars. And BOC joins the Worker Cooperative Coalition to request the City Council to add 6 7 resources that will enable expansion of the initiative from 3.6 million to 4.8 million. As this 8 initiative and ecosystem progresses, the worker cooperative movement promises to broaden throughout 10 11 New York City through business ownership transitions 12 and social venture models. New York City Council has 13 played a strategic role in supporting initiatives to 14 save and create jobs, to encourage neighborhood 15 business development and to support strategies for equitable local economies and MWBE access to 16 17 contracts. We look forward to our continued work 18 together towards these shared goals. 19 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Wow, perfect 20 timing. 21 KATIE PARKS: Yeah, wow. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: And a beautiful... 2.3 [cross-talk]

KATIE PARKS: I practiced... [cross-talk]

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2 CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: ...and a beautiful 3 point to this, thank you, go ahead.

ALINE BILER: There it is... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Perfect... [cross-

talk]

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7 ALINE BILER: Good afternoon, how are

you?

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Good.

ALINE BILER: I want to thank you Chairman Vallone for... and the distinguished members of the New York Council for this opportunity to testify. My name is Aline Biler I'm here representing Workers Justice Project. As an immigrant myself and staff member of Workers Justice Project I feel particularly honored to speak on behalf of our... of our organization that has been for more than ten years, supporting the creation of stronger, equal, and fair economy for our community; by engaging immigrant communities and working with day laborers in all five boroughs. In Workers Justice, we believe in fighting for the rights of immigrants to work in safe and protected environment, where, where they're not deprived of their human rights nor excluded from lows and regulations made for all individuals alike.

We believe that through organizing, education, and
leadership development, a change can be created in
the relationship between workers and their employers,
therefore sustaining an economy an economy that
grows and thrives with equality. Workers Justice
Project organizes day laborers who do not have
traditional employment relations and work in
unregulated, unregulated industries. Through its day
laborer center, WJP provides a way to fight, fight
wage, wage theft and health and safety violations
while also developing career pathways for
construction workers by enable, enabling them to
obtain critical occupations and leadership skills
through onsite training. For workers who, because of
their immigration status, do not have a clear pathway
and cannot access certain union trainings of New York
City's workforce service, the day labor center is huk
that provides training to build necessary skills. We
appreciate the New York City Council support to the
day labor workforce initiative in FY 19 which has
allowed WJP to connect day laborers to opportunities
for continuous training and skill building. At the
WJP day labor center, workers collectively set the
wage floor at 20 dollars per hour, but wage, wages

can also go up to even 28 dollars an hour. through
our center, WJP is building partnerships with
businesses and contractors who want to be responsible
employers by one, hiring from within the community,
two, setting signing an agreement to pay the
center's minimum wage, three, providing health and
safety equipment and four, allowing the center access
to the job site for inspection if necessary. Also,
employers are agreeing to an eight-hour day work day
and with a 30 minute break for lunch and provide
water for workers. The center makes itself appealing
to responsible employers by connecting them with a
skilled and trained workforce that is often neglected
from New York City's traditional workforce
development services. Because employers know and
trust that workers can provide a skilled labor and
have been trained and assessed, they are willing to
pay the higher wages. The center also plays a role in
revitalizing the local economy, creating over a
million dollars in revenue every year through
increased wages. Through the day labor center,
workers have been able to increase their salaries by
30 to 40 percent. We're proud to be building a city
that values the contribution the contribution of the

day labor community, but most importantly that it is
investing in a meaningful workforce development
infrastructure through the day laborer workforce
initiative. New York City… [clears throat] excuse me
New York City has been a model for other cities to
follow. We hope that you will continue to make a
commitment to, to lead the nation in the fight for
workers' rights and workforce development inclusion.
Again, thank you for your support in FY 19 and we
urge the Council to support the expansion and
development of these two key initiatives. First the
day labor workforce initiative with funding of 3.6
million and second the worker cooperative business,
business development initiative with funding of 4.8
million in FY 2020. It is through your enhanced
support that we can work on the development of new
and creative opportunities for immigrants in the
economy of our city. We will continue to expand our
services and reach to provide more construction
safety and skill building trainings, immigration and
know your rights workshops, wage theft case
managements, educational services and technical
assistance services to developing cooperatives, and
referrals to legal institutions. We are noised to

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take major steps in addressing the needs of our worker immigrant community in FY 20 and we need the continued support of the City Council to make these plans a reality.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Again, thank you and we will always continue to advocate to either keep the initiative or enhance the initiatives so thank you.

ALINE BILER: We appreciate that.

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON VALLONE:} And our last \\$ testifier today will be...

TASFIA RAHMAN: Wow, good afternoon. My name is Tasfia Rahman and I... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Welcome ...

TASFIA RAHMAN: Thank you. I am a Policy Coordinator at the Coalition for Asian American Children and Families, CACF. Thank you Chair and Committee Council for giving me the opportunity to testify. Since 1986, CACF is the nation's only pan-Asian children and families advocacy organization and leads the fight for improved and equitable policies, systems, funding, and services to support those in need. CACF also leads the 15 percent and growing campaign, a group of over 45 Asian led and serving

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keep going higher.

organizations that work together to ensure that New York City's budget protects the most vulnerable Asian Pacific American New Yorkers. So, the reason we're testifying here today and I'm combining my testimony with Carlyn at the Chinese Planning American... Chinese Planning American Council, we are asking for oversight and increase in funding for immigrant specific workforce development on namely... back in 2014 the administration had promised to invest 60 million dollars in annual funding in career pathways which is bridge, bridge programming for low, low skilled workers and helping them build the skills that they need to enter the workforce... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well they should since it went from 13 percent to 14 percent to 15 percent, I mean you got to increase as the numbers

TASFIA RAHMAN: Right but I do want to highlight that immigrants do comprise 47 percent of the workforce and they do face unique challenges that are often traditionally highlighted. For example, the current bridge programming when we... the funding has been delivered and peace... in a peace meal tradition and it hasn't been consistent and also it's not only

insufficient but it's also inaccessible to most
immigrant job seekers with limited or no English
proficiency who do not meet the requirements for
intermediate or advanced proficiency in English. So,
we especially, especially urge that the a
significant portion of the funding were it to appear
to be used to fund an innovative pilot, immigrant
workforce development initiative with a focus on
integrating pre-literacy and basic ESL classes with
vocational ESL classes digital literacy, skills
training and student support services. And the second
request is also more investment in protecting, giving
legal protections to immigrants so this is I'm
taking from CPCs testimony. The city must invest in
language accessible legal services through the
community-based organizations that have deep contact
with immigrants. Employment, housing and immigration
as you all know are the top three legal issues facing
immigrant New Yorkers, they are deeply
interconnected. Often employers will exploit their
workers because of immigration status for example and
immigrant workers are unfamiliar with the system and
do not even know that they have a potential legal
case until a CBO staff member identifies an issue.

So, yet despite this high need there's not a single APAI legal service provider in New York City and there are no funding streams for CBOs to provide know your rights, consultation, case and take, etcetera. So, we at 15 percent which makes a... in terms of the organizations that have been helping us develop this workforce request Asian Americans for equality, COUNCIL MEMBERP, as well as CPC we look forward to asking... answering any questions and working with you to move this initiative forward.

CHAIRPERSON VALLONE: Well thank you to the last panel for staying for the whole day, thank you to everyone who testified, the vision of EDC is formed through this testimony so we thank you very much and with that I thank my fellow Council Members for hanging in there for today and the staff as we thank our hearing is concluded.

[gavel]

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

April 15, 2019