1	COMMI	ITEE ON GENERAL WELFARE	1
2	CITY COUNCIL		
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6	COMMITTEE ON GENE	CRAL WELFARE	
7		February 4, 2019	
8		Start: 1:29 p.m. Recess: 6:08 p.m.	
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10		Committee Room - City Hall	
11 12	BEFORE:	STEPHEN T. LEVIN Chairperson	
13	COUNCIL MEMBERS:	ANDRIENNE E. ADAMS	
14		DIANA AYALA VANESSA L. GIBSON	
15		MARK GJONAJ BARRY S. GRODENCHIK	
16		COREY JOHNSON BRAD S. LANDER	
17		ANTONIO REYNOSO RAFAEL SALAMANCA, JR.	
18		RITCHIE J. TORRES MARK TREYGER	
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1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2
2	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)
3	Jazmine Headley Victim at an HRA Center in Brooklyn
4	Lisa Schreibersdorf
5	Founder and Director of Brooklyn Defender Services, BDS
6	
7	Anca Grigore Supervising Attorney of the Civil Justice Practice at Brooklyn Defender Services, BDS
8	<u>-</u>
9	Steven Banks Commissioner of the New York Department of Social Services, DSS
10	
11	Grace Bonilla Administrator of Human Resources Administration At the New York City Department of Social
12	Services, DSS
13	Brenda Riley Member of the Safety Net Activists at the Urban
14	Justice Center
15	John Otrompke Representing Safety Net Activists at the Urban
16	Justice Center
17	Ebony Anderson Representing Self and Faceless Masses, Member of
18	The Safety Net Activists at the Urban Justice Center
19	
20	Ralph Palladino Second Vice President of Clerical Administrative Employees Local 1549, District Council 37
21	
22	Eddie Rodriguez President of Local 1549 Representing Eligibility
23	Specialists
24	Anthony Wells President of the Social Services Employees Union Local 371, Vice President of District Council 37,
25	International Vice President of AFSCME
'	

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Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 3
2	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)
3	Kenneth Clark Eligibility Specialist at TIPS 42
4	
5	Yolette Green Employed at the SNAP Green Home Center
6	Wendy O'Shields New York City Welfare and Homeless Rights
7	Advocate with the Urban Justice Center Safety Net Project Activists
8	Yolette Green
9	Employed at the SNAP Green Home Center
10	Helen Strom Benefits Team Supervisor at the Safety Net
11	Project, Safety Net Activist
12	Charisma White Client at HRA For Several Years
13	Jonathan Sunshine
14	Member of Safety Net Activist Group at the Urban Justice Center
15	Scott Andrew Hutchins
16	Member of Picture the Homeless
17	Raqibah Fatimah Basir Client of HRA, Resident of Shelter Program
18	
19	Kelly Grace Price Member of Close Rosies
20	Towaki Komatsu
21	Federal Lawsuit against the City of New York
22	Juliane Williams Member of Safety Net Activist Group
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[gavel]

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3 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Quite please.

4 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Good afternoon everybody. I'm Council Member Steve Levin, Chair of 5 the City Council's Committee on General Welfare. 6 7 Today we are holding an oversight hearing on the client experience at HRA Centers as well as 12 bills 8 and one Resolution that aim to ensure that all HRA 9 clients are treated with respect, compassion and 10 professionalism and ensure that HRA employees have 11

effectively and efficiently. I believe that all of us

14 are familiar with the story of Jazmine Headley and

the resources that they need to do their jobs

15 | she's joined us today and we thank her. Starting a

16 December day attempting to reinstate her childcare

17 subsidy and ending the day with her child ripped from

18 arms and her placed in handcuffs. I think I speak for

19 everyone up here when I say that we are grateful that

20 Miss Headley is here with us today. I'm sure that

21 reliving this incident is not easy and we appreciate

22 her sharing her story so that we could learn from her

23 extremely upsetting experience. Regrettably as Miss

Headley herself has said unfortunate experiences at

HRA Centers are not unique to her case, this is a

system wide issue and it reveals the criminalization
of poverty that too many New Yorkers face. The Urban
Justice Center's Safety Net Project has just
published a report highlighting the challenges New
Yorkers face while trying to obtain public assistance
and SNAP benefits. Most of the HRA clients surveyed
felt that they had been spoken to inappropriately,
many reported having their paperwork lost by HRA and
a large majority said that their calls were not
answered. They also found average wait times of over
three hours at job centers and two hours and 45
minutes at SNAP centers. The survey results showed
clear improvements compared to a similar study
conducted in 2014. In the five years of Commissioner
Bank's leadership HRA has undergone significant
modernization and streamlining efforts by increasing
self-service options, online applications and
recertification, mobile document uploads and client-
initiated scheduling for interviews on demand. We
appreciate everything that has been done to make the
system work better but clearly more needs to be done.
Today I hope we can discuss how we can work together
to expedite improvements and ensure cultural culture
of mutual respect. The Committee will hear 13 pieces

of legislation including Intro 1359, a bill that I'm
sponsoring to require DSS to issue a public report on
instances in which public assistance for a recipient
was terminated and the recipient reapplied for such
public assistance. I believe that transparency is key
in identifying gaps and tracking progress at DSS. I
look forward to hearing feedback on the legislative
package we are hearing today and discussing how we
can all work together to improve the system. I also
look forward to hearing the firsthand accounts of
clients who experienced the concrete implementation
of city policies on the ground and ask that DSS
summarize their testimony, Commissioner Banks stay
after delivering his testimony to hear these powerful
statements. At this time I'd like to acknowledge my
colleagues who have joined us today; we are joined by
Council Member Chaim Deutsch of Brooklyn, Council
Member Alicka Ampry-Samuel of Brooklyn, Council
Member Vanessa Gibson of the Bronx, Council Member
Helen Rosenthal of Manhattan, of course our Speaker
Cory Johnson, Council Member and Majority Leader
Laurie Cumbo of Brooklyn, Council Member Barry
Grodenchik of Queens, Council Member Adrienne Adams

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2 and Council Member Antonio Reynoso of Brooklyn. We expect to be joined by more colleagues as the hearing 3 progresses. Lastly, I'd like to thank the staff of 4 the General Welfare Committee Aminta Kilawan, Senior Counsel and Tonya Cyrus and Crystal Pond, Senior 6 7 Policy Analyst and Julia Haramis, Finance Analyst for putting this hearing together. I'd also like to thank 8 my Chief of Staff Jonathan Boucher and Legislative

Director Elizabeth Adams. I'd now like to turn it

over to our Speaker, Cory Johnson for his remarks.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Good afternoon everyone, thank you Chair Levin. I'm Council Member Cory Johnson, Speaker of the New York City Council and I want to thank everyone for coming out to this important hearing. I'd also like to thank again Chair Levin for his stead, steadfast dedication to this issue and the Committee on General Welfare for addressing it this afternoon. I want to thank Commissioner Steve Banks for being here today, I see him sitting in the audience, to continue the dialogue we started a few weeks ago and finally I want to thank each and every one of you who is here today to provide feedback on how we can improve the experience of clients at HRA Centers and I want to thank Anthony

Wells for being here as well, his testimony today is
important. As the largest social service agency in
the entire country, HRA assists in providing New
Yorkers with their most essential needs. HRA helps
more than three million New Yorkers annually through
the administration of more than 12 major public
assistants' programs including food assistance also
known as SNAP, cash assistance, public health
insurance and child care. These programs make up our
social safety net, keep people out of poverty and
provide vulnerable New Yorkers with what they need to
survive. We know that under the leadership of
Commissioner Banks HRA is working towards making
significant improvements to its systems and processes
to ensure that their clients are best served. We are
grateful for these efforts but last December we were
horrifically reminded of how much more must be done.
On December 7 th New Yorkers were rightfully outraged
by an incident that occurred at an HRA Center in
Brooklyn, footage of a mother whose baby was pried
from her arms before she was arrested at an HRA
Center went viral. That mother was Jazmine Headley,
is here with us today, Jazmine I want to thank you
for being here. I recognize that this might not be

2	easy for you and I am deeply grateful you're your
3	bravery and for your presence today. Watching the
4	video of what happened to Jazmine was painful and
5	heartbreaking. Unfortunately, we can't go back in
6	time, but we can do our best to ensure these kinds of
7	incidences do not happen to families in the future.
8	As elected officials that's our responsibility, the
9	system has to change. Today we're hearing a package
10	of 13 bills intended to improve a client's experience
11	when they visit an HRA Center. My bill, Introduction
12	1332 would create an Office of Special Handler at the
13	Department of Social Services, this office would
14	establish the system to hear complaints about
15	determination of benefits, review those decisions and
16	ensure effective communication with clients when
17	benefits are terminated. This is an important bill.
18	If someone had caught that there was a bureaucratic
19	error with Jazmine's benefits, she wouldn't have
20	needed to waste her time coming into the center that
21	day waiting hours to resolve her issue ultimately
22	having to go through that traumatic and painful
23	experience. I hope this hearing is the beginning of a
24	robust conversation on how we can work together to
25	ensure that what happened to Jazmine Headley never

that Jazmine and her baby had to face, we must do better. I want to thank all the sponsors of our bill package for their work on this important issue, I
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package for their work on this important issue, I
look forward to getting an update from the
administration today on the actions that HRA
announced they would take in response to what
happened to Jazmine Headley and additionally, I hope
that this hearing provides us with an opportunity to
look broadly at a client's experience at HRA Centers
and what we can do to ensure that every step along
the way is efficient and humane. I also want to
apologize, I want to say I'm sorry, I'm sorry on
behalf of the city of New York, I'm sorry you ever
had to go to that HRA Center, I'm sorry that you and
your baby had to experience that trauma, I'm sorry
that you were wrongfully kept on Rikers Island for
multiple days away from your family, you deserve so
much more than you received and I am deeply, deeply
apologetic that you had to have this experience and I
am similarly deeply, deeply grateful for your
bravery, for you wanting to be here today, for you
wanting to tell your story, for you wanting to ensure
that this happen doesn't have to happen to anyone

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else and I know there are some things that you aren't going to be able to talk about today and that is perfectly fine, we want you to feel comfortable, we want you to tell your story in whatever way makes you feel comfortable and we want to acknowledge the pain that you've gone through and hopefully your testimony here today will be a catalyst for change in the future. So, thank you Jazmine Headley, thank you and I turn it back over to our Chair, Steve Levin.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Mr.

Speaker. We'll now hear brief remarks from our bill sponsors and members if we can keep the remarks brief because we have so many pieces of legislation, we would appreciate that. Council Member Adams.

Mr. Chair and Miss Headley. I told you this in the past, I look at you and I see my daughter, I look at your baby and I see my grandson so I feel you and like the Speaker I too am so sorry for what you went through, days that you can't get back but just know that you have allies here at City Council who are working with you and for you on your behalf. So, over the past year we've received many accounts of poor treatments of people visiting HRA Centers in need of

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE assistance and I think the world has seen the video of your child being pulled from your arms at a Brooklyn HRA Center and the arrest that you went through was completely unnecessary. So, after the unfortunate escalation in your case Jazmine and so many others we here at City Council must take steps to ensure that this doesn't happen again. What's happening inside of some HRA offices in the name of law and order must be reformed and we're to help to do that. Vulnerable New Yorkers shouldn't have to second guess how they will be treated in these offices so I'm very proud to join my colleagues in introducing a package of legislation to improve treatment of clients and quality of service at HRA Centers. My bill is Intro 1333 and that would require the Department of Social Services, Human Resources Administration to issue a quarterly report on use of force incidents that occur in a DSS/HRA office. The report would be submitted to the Council and published on the DSS/HRA website. This bill would also require the New York City Police Department to issue a quarterly report on use of force incidents that occur in DSS/HRA offices in which the NYPD

responded. The report would be submitted to the

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Council and published on the NYPD website. I encourage all of my colleagues to support this bill, Intro 1333 like the other bills in this package is a necessary step to improve accountability and transparency. We must ensure that the agency improves their policies and protocols to prevent future trauma from families in need, we must ensure that this never happens again, we must ensure that there is never another Jazmine Headley incident. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Council Member Adams. I just want to let the folks know who are slated to give opening statements, we have Council Member Ampry-Samuel, Majority Leader Cumbo, Council Member Rosenthal and Council Member Deutsch, I really want to let Miss Headley testify as quickly as possible and not keep her here for an extended period of time so if it possible if you need to give an opening statement that's fine but please keep it to one minute so that we can hear from Miss Headley as soon as possible. I don't want her to sit here all day and, and listen to us, I want to be able to actually ask her questions. So, next up is Council Member Ampry-Samuel, then Majority Leader Cumbo, then

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Council Member Rosenthal, then Council Member

Deutsch, Deutsch, if anyone wants to waive their time

that would be great but if you do want to keep it

please keep it to a minute.

COUNCIL MEMBER AMPRY-SAMUEL: Thank you Speaker and thank you Chair Levin for the opportunity to speak on my bills and thank you for your leadership during this time. In December we watched a video of a mother carrying her one-year old son simply trying to correct an issue that was not her fault with her child care payments and this video had 8.9 million views across the country. Jazmine Headley was subjected to inappropriate wait times at HRA and became the victim of aggressive use of force by HRA peace officers and members of the NYPD and just watching the video you can see where other workers didn't know what to do as the incident escalated by law enforcement. As members of the New York City Council and an amplified voice for the people we represent, we have to be responsive, we have to figure out ways to handle very difficult situations and make sure that the government and its bureaucracies are working on behalf of the people they are supposed to serve. The bills that we have

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introduced... that I've introduced along with Majority
Leader Cumbo and Chair Levin will help create a
respectful and supportive environment for families
who visit HRA Centers. We already heard which bills,
I've introduced 1335, 1337 and 1336 and I really hope
that all of these bills will be able to really
address the level of disrespect, demoralizing and
demeaning treatment felt by New Yorkers within our
centers. As a city of the nation we have got to do
better. Thank you so much.

wanted to open up by just saying and echoing the sentiments of Speaker Cory Johnson in terms of how proud we are that you are here. As a mom myself and my son is 18 months old, I couldn't help but to see the video and see myself in you and so today is really a coming full circle in terms of the ability to see you and the courage that you still have here in the chamber and the City Hall. I am proud to put forward legislation 1347 which is an innovative approach to provide clients an opportunity to have the ability to schedule appointments online and over the phone because you shouldn't have even had to of been there in the first place. These are issues that

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could be rectified over the phone or online and we want to make sure that working moms can continue to be working moms and to do their work and to get back to work as quickly as possible. Also our HRA Centers must have full time social workers on staff noted in Intro 1335, sponsored in partnership with Council Member Ampry-Samuel, there must be people on staff who are understanding, who are compassionate and understand these critical issues and I will in the interest of time turn it back to my colleague to also do their intro and thank you so much for being here.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Council Member Gibson.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you Chair Levin, thank you to our Speaker. Good afternoon everyone, thank you for being here. I am Council Member Vanessa Gibson of District 16 in the Bronx and my particular bill in this package that we're hearing today is Intro 1350, which would require the Commissioner of Social Services to address complaints based on the findings of an audit on DSS and HRA job centers and this bill would allow the Commissioner to make every effort to ensure that recommended standards of reasonableness are met at every job and

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	SNAP center. A report will be posted on HRA's website
3	and submitted to the City Council by April 1 st of
4	2020 and certainly given all that we have heard in
5	this city and certainly thank you Jazmine for being
6	here. We must make sure we hold everyone to a higher
7	level of standard and make sure that we do not
8	criminalize going to HRA and job centers. I
9	appreciate all of the incredible advocacy of the
LO	Women's Caucus, Progressive Caucus, the Black Latino
L1	and Asian Caucus and I want to thank you all for
L2	being here.
L3	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Council Member
L 4	Rosenthal.
L5	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Everyone must
L6	be treated with dignity and respect. With gratitude
L7	for our Speaker Cory Johnson for skillfully guiding
L8	the process to get us to this point. The point of
L9	this hearing is to move city government so that
20	everyone is treated with dignity and respect. Thank
21	you.
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much
) 3	Council Member Rosenthal and Council Member Deutsch

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you Chair.

I'm going to be brief. Today I'm introducing a bill

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2 that aims to collect data so that we can better
3 understand how dire the situation is of our city's

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

4 most vulnerable. My bill would require a yearly

5 report from DSS and HRA about how many resolved and

6 unresolved complaints were received from clients.

7 Furthermore, this report would include the methods

8 | that DSS/HRA will undertake to better resolve

9 complaints and its progress in resolving complaints.

The report would be required to be sent to the

11 | Speaker's office and to be posted annually on the

12 DSS/HRA website to offer transparency to the people

13 | of this city. We as a Council must shine a light in

14 | the dark corners of the city to expose the serious

15 problems that our fellow New Yorkers face. The

16 decisive action that we are taking led by our Speaker

17 | Cory Johnson and my colleagues will fight to ensure

18 \parallel that nobody ever again experiences what Jazmine did.

19 \parallel I thank all my colleagues for their important bills

to address the issues relating to DSS/HRA and I thank

21 \parallel Chair Levin for his leadership on these 13 bills,

22 | thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Council

24 | Member Deutsch, lastly Council Member Williams.

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COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you and
I'll be brief. I thank you Chairman and the Speaker.
I'm proud to sponsor Intro 1389, a Local Law that
would require the Department of Social Services and
the HRA to report on termination of public assistance
as well as co-sponsoring Intro 1336 which I'm sure
was spoken about. I'm proud to be a part of this
Council of raising these issues, thank you for being
here and representing so many people who are not. I'm
also just want to lift up mothers from ACS whose
babies are being taken from them for the crime of
being poor and not from neglect. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much

Council Member Williams. Okay, well we want to thank

all of our sponsors and we want to thank Miss Headley

for being here and we look forward to hearing her

remarks.

LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: First of all, I want to thank the Speaker for making my client cry before she has to speak, just a joke...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: I'm sorry.

LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: No, it is... I just wanted to thank the City Council for the support that you gave me and have consistently give Brooklyn

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Defender Services so that we can help people like

Jazmine Headley and others who are in these same

similar circumstances but I particularly wanted to

thank Chair Levin as well as the Speaker, I also

wanted to thank Borough President Eric Adams and I

thank also Letitia James who really came forward

early and was very, very, very helpful and I wanted

you all to know that the, the, the support that you

gave Miss Headley during this incident and today and

since then has really meant a lot to her. I wanted to

say that on her behalf so she can speak for herself

on the rest. Thank you.

everyone. My name is Jazmine Headley. I just want to thank everyone for allowing me to have this time to speak and tell my truth. I'm 24 years old, I have a one-year old son named Damone. I live in Brooklyn where I've lived for most of my life, every day I work hard to make a brighter future for my son just like my amazing mother did for me. The events that took place on December 7th changed my life but also brought attention to issues that effected people every day especially from... well especially those from my community. I'm here today because I want to make

sure that what happened to me never happens to anyone
sure that what happened to me hever happens to anyone
else. I speak today to shine a light on a problem
that impacts many. I want to thank the City Council
again for giving me this opportunity to speak today.
We need to change the ways HRA provides services to
people when they are most in need. I also want to
share a little bit about what happened to me that
day. On December 7^{th} I went to HRA in Brooklyn to
find out why HRA had cut off my son's child care, I
never received a notice, I also wanted to check on my
public assistance case. Like many working single
mothers I needed child care so I could continue
working. To go to HRA I had to call out of work on
that Friday, I had to miss a day of work and not get
paid to fix the problem with my child care voucher. I
took the whole day off work because I knew I would
have to wait and wait for a long time. Because my son
no longer received child care he could not go to day
care that day, I had to take him with me to the HRA
Office. Knowing we would be there for a while I came
prepared. The night before I packed a bag for my son;
his bottle, his diapers, his favorite toy, it's a
little paw patrol figurine that he lost and other
items. Though it's kind of hard to know you're going

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to have to spend almost all day getting just one or two services I knew it was worth it for Damone, my son. I got there around 9:50 a.m. that day, my son was not permitted to go to the play area at the HRA office because he's not fully potty trained yet. So, we stuck together. I am a new mom, I'm a single parent, I needed child care so I can be able to work and build on our future. I want to go back to school eventually, I also want to give my son the best life possible within the state of New York. So, after taking off work then waiting for many hours making no progress with my public assistance case, I was exhausted. I sat on the floor with my son in the stroller, I was just going to wait it out. As everyone knows from watching the video, a simple desire to rest ended up in me getting arrested. During the process my son was violently removed from me and nobody will ever know the love we have for our children, no one can take that from you. Unless you are a parent... unless you're a parent...

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Take your time.

JAZMINE HEADLEY: Unless you are a parent who has a child taken from you, you will never know

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

or be able to relate to the pain that I felt that day. Excuse me guys, I'm sorry.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Take your time... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: No, no, take... please take your time.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: You got this.

JAZMINE HEADLEY: After I was arrested, I was... I was taken to central booking... thank you, I was taken to central booking, I had to stay in terrible conditions for hours, many hours, I don't know how long but finally I was brought to court where I met my defense attorney from Brooklyn Defender Services, and he was like an angel to me. The first person trying to help me. During this ordeal I was separated from my son for the first time in his life, I had my son in Charlotte, North Carolina, I did not have him in New York City so the medical field there operates different when you give birth to your child which I had a natural birth, you are not separated you're your child like the New York system where you're, you know getting testing and all that stuff but... I'm sorry, I just had to share that with you. While the video of my arrest was seen by millions of people

around the world to think it all started from me just
trying to provide for my son and yes, I may need help
from time to time or have to get help from time to
time but getting help doesn't mean I'm not a person,
it doesn't mean I can't be that I can be treated in
any way. Honestly what happened to me felt like a
slap in the face. I've given my life to this city, I
was born here, raised here, I pay taxes, I went to
school here, keep and kept good jobs, I'm a part of a
community, I've done what I was supposed to do, I've
done what I had to do. It felt like no one cared
about me or what I had to say, nothing mattered. I
was just a number, a ticket, a problem and I know
each day so many people had the same experience. It's
not just the fact that I was arrested, it's the harsh
way that I was treated by people who are supposed to
help me but the way the arrest happened, the whole
situation is hard to imagine and to live with.
Alright now I'm doing what I can to move forward, I
don't really have a choice, I have to survive and
take care of my son but just because I'm trying to
move on doesn't mean I'm not still troubled and
haunted by the traumatic events that happened. Excuse
me Certain things and situations still give me

anxiety and make me worried. I keep a lot inside
because I have responsibilities but really it was a
painful experience and I still have pain inside of
me. I know I'm not the first person that this
happened to that's why I'm taking this opportunity to
speak my truth to the story that has been told by
many already. I do believe that HRA Centers need some
changes so we can stop violent responses to people in
need. My first point is, HRA has different
caseworkers for different services, I should have
been addressed all of my I should have been able to
address all of my needs with one person who knows me
and understands me. We live in the state of New York,
there is absolutely no reason that every person could
have a case worker to address all of the needs who
knows and understands them. Staff should be trained
about the psychological experience of what a person
has to endure, it often feels like there is a
constant contradiction, a game of cat and mouse with
HRA staff where they try to find a reason to deny you
and support you or support your needs. HRA offices
don't have enough workers, workers are often saying
people are out of the office, they should have enough
staff to fill in for people so that nobody has to

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wait hours just to be seen. Social workers not security officers, social workers not security officers should be available, police should never be called in, in these situations. In my case I was just sitting, a peaceful act, really it comes down to treating all people including working people, mothers, poor people, young people with dignity and respect. Thank you all for giving me this opportunity to speak and I'm very grateful for being here today and I just want all you guys to know... [cross-talk]

[applause]

 $\label{eq:JAZMINE HEADLEY: I just need you guys to} % \end{substitute}% % \end{subsu$

[applause]

LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: Brooklyn Defender Services has testimony prepared for these specific bills but of course if you have anything you would like to ask Miss Headley...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Sure, I think a, a few of us will ask questions of Miss Headley and then we'd be happy to hear from, from the organization about testimony on the bills and on the incident. I don't really have any questions for you because I think you said it perfectly. I am

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incredibly amazed and impressed by your composure, by your bravery, I wish I had that level of courage at 24 years old to be here today and to sit up here and to talk about something so painful. So, I, I just want to again say thank you and to let you know that whatever support is needed from the City Council to the wonderful lawyers who are representing you we've been there since the beginning and we want to make sure that there's justice for you Jazmine and for your family and so I'm going to turn it over, Chairman Levin are you okay if I turn it to Majority Leader Cumbo who I think had a few remarks she wanted to make and then we'll turn it back to Chair Levin so thank you Jazmine.

Jazmine so much for the courage, you have really become unwillingly but a spokeswoman for so many women, particularly black women all across the city of New York and I just want to briefly read something that I read outside but it is Sojourner Truth, Ain't I a Woman speech and she says there, she says that man over there, says that women need to be helped into carriages and lifted over ditches and to have the best place everywhere. Nobody ever helps me into

carriages or over mud puddles or gives me any best
place and ain't I a woman? Look at me, look at my
arm, I have ploughed and planted and gathered into
barns and no man could head me and ain't I a woman? I
could work as much and eat as much as a man if I
could get it and bear the lash as well and ain't I a
woman? I have borne thirteen children and seen most
all sold off into slavery and when I cried out with a
mother's grief, none but Jesus heard me and ain't I a
woman? And I, I believe that speech Ain't I a Woman
that was read in 1851 we're still asking and
commanding that question today. As a black woman in
New York City, Ain't I a woman begs to ask the
question of I deserve the respect, I deserve the same
treatment, I deserve the dignity, the care and the
compassion as any woman here in New York City and so
I really express to you, I when I saw the video I
saw me in so many ways, I know what it's like of
course to be black, to be a woman, to be a mother and
to be a single woman in New York City and I saw from
the videos just how much and how strongly you would
do anything to protect your child and I would do the
same exact thing for my son to protect him in the
same way and I know as a single black woman, mother

in New York City, you have to carry yourself at all times with a don't even think about messing with me because I am the toughest woman in the entire world and sometimes all that strength gets misunderstood where people think you don't need help, you don't need support, you don't need a chair, you don't need the compassion, you don't need anyone to help you up the stairs in the train and so we're really here today to really show our level of support for you and the only question that I really had was that we're trying to understand the services that are happening at HRA and you said in your speech today that you took a day off from work, you packed a full bag and I know what packing that full bag is... [cross-talk]

JAZMINE HEADLEY: Yep... [cross-talk]

the clothes and the extra change of clothes and the extra everything, why did you go through so much preparation just to go to the office before, what experiences had you had before that let you know I have to do all of this, I have to take a day off from work, it's not going to be I can take a half day or I can go late or any of those particular experiences?

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1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 What experiences had you had previously before this 3 day? JAZMINE HEADLEY: Just daily outings, you 4 can't go anywhere without the extra bag of things for 5 your child. 6 7 [off mic dialoque] 8 JAZMINE HEADLEY: Based off of my 9 childhood, yeah, my mother had a case before and I 10 know in that situation it always takes a long time, 11 you're already pre-warned, my own mother told me, you 12 know Jaz we have to go take care of some business, it's going to be a while, you know we always brung 13 food or we were able to eat beforehand because there 14 15 is a wait time quaranteed. COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And was this your 16 17 first time coming to an HRA Office as a.m. as an adult, as a woman? 18 JAZMINE HEADLEY: It may have been my 19 20 second time. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And is your son 2.2 back in daycare? 23 JAZMINE HEADLEY: My son is back in 24 daycare.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Yes.

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 [applause] 3 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And my son will be celebrating his birthday soon and we're going to be 4 going to see Sesame Place at Madison Square Gardens, 5 we'd love if you could come. 6 7 JAZMINE HEADLEY: Nice, I would gladly 8 appreciate that, yeah, thank you. COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Thank you and 9 those are the types of conversations we really should 10 11 be having... 12 JAZMINE HEADLEY: Right. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: So, I thank you 14 for that, those are the memories that our children 15 should have and those are the types of normal 16 conversations that two black mothers should be having 17 and so I hope that we can have more of those moving 18 forward and you're stuck with me. JAZMINE HEADLEY: Cool. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Jazmine I want to 21 thank you for your testimony, and I want to 2.2 acknowledge that your strength and, and your bravery 23 for coming up here and speaking your truth is extraordinary and you know sometimes for whatever 24

reason we're placed into... [cross-talk]

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
JAZMINE HEADLEY: Yep [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:situations and
circumstances that demand extraordinary responses
from us and what you have demonstrated and how you
have spoken to so many people has you have risen to
that challenge, you have risen to that challenge and
we are all in admiration… [cross-talk]
JAZMINE HEADLEY: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:of you being here
today and we thank you and we look forward to hearing
more from you and we look forward to working with you
and getting to know you and as Laurie said you're
stuck with all of us actually so… and, and we just
want to express our appreciation.
JAZMINE HEADLEY: Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you for being
here today. Thank you.
JAZMINE HEADLEY: Thank you.
CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Lisa do you want to
deliver remarks on behalf of Brooklyn Defenders?
LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: Thank you.
actually, I want to pass it to Anca Grigore who is a

Supervising Attorney in our Civil Action Practice.

ANCA GRIGORE: Hi, my name is Anca
Grigore and as Lisa just said, a Supervising Attorney
where one of the things that my unit specifically
specializes in is assisting our clients with their
benefits issues. We thank the City Council Committee
on General Welfare and Chair Steven Levin for this
opportunity to testify today and bring to light even
more client experiences at HRA Centers because as has
been repeated several times today unfortunately
Jazmine's experience in, in the way that she was
treated at HRA, the frustrations and the wait times
are not unique… [clears throat] excuse me… to
Jazmine. I want to tell the story of a couple other
of our clients to supplement Jazmine's story with the
Council's understanding that these stories have
become par for course at HRA Centers. The first
example is of Miss J, a single mother as well to
three severely special needs children. On top of that
Miss J suffers from her own disability so she is
homebound as well. Her children require around the
clock special care and so she's reliant on Medicaid
for that care. When it came time to her
recertification, she received a homebound appointment
as was supposed to be the case for her to be able to

recertify. Unfortunately, those case workers left her
without any receipt, no evidence of this visit, none
of their contact information. Her case later closed
due to failure to recertify. She was desperate, she
had never let her case close before, she's very
diligent knowing how much her children rely on these
Medicaid benefits. Her entire case was turned off
including her Medicaid. She we tried to get her
another home bound appointment but the wait was too
long so Miss J dragged herself into a center and made
sure to bring all the necessary documentation, she
knew how to recertify, she knew what documents they
would need so that she wouldn't have to keep going
back over and over again. Unfortunately, her
case worker was rude and was demanding documents from
her that are not required under HRA rules and
regulations. I called the HRA case worker, I called
supervisors, I called every single day, multiple
times a day for two weeks straight to try to get some
attention to this matter. I was told I don't
understand why you're helping her, I was told I don't
understand why you care so much and rejected over and
over and over again. Eventually they stopped
answering my phone calls, I called from my personal

cell phone and they answered, it was clear that they
were disappointed that I had been able to reach them
on the phone. They said to me that they were going to
do this on their own timeline, and they were not
concerned about our client's emergency needs. I kept
calling up the chain of command until eventually the
client's benefits were turned back on but after far
too much delay. We have another client, Miss A who
similarly after a merely verbal altercation at an HRA
Center NYPD was called, she was arrested, and a full
order of protection was placed between her and her
case worker. She was due for recertification that's
why she was there that day, she couldn't recertify
her case and it closed. She was desperate for these
benefits, she was not allowed to go back into the
center to recertify because of the full order of
protection. She tried calling around but as most
people know it's impossible to get anybody from HRA
on the phone. She eventually came to our office and
came to me where I was able to call the director
directly of another center and get her an appointment
there to recertify. She had already missed on so many
necessary benefits and if it wasn't for me having
access to these HRA director's phone numbers she

would have had absolutely no recourse in this
situation. And one more client, Miss P who's a
Spanish speaker, she went to a center with one of our
case workers at our office who does HRA advocacy for
our unit to assist her in just filling out a form
that she needed for her benefits. The form was only
given to her in English, they requested it in
Spanish, they were refused. Our case worker started
filling out the form for her because she speaks both
English and Spanish, but our client could not
understand the form. The case worker started telling
her that she was committing fraud, you're not allowed
to fill out a form for one of your clients, I'm
dismiss I'm closing this entire case and sending it
up to our fraud investigation unit. Our case worker
tried to explain to her she can't understand the
form, I'm just helping her fill it out, I'm asking
her the questions and filling them in. She refused to
hear it, she physically shoved the papers back in our
case worker's face and sent them out of the office.
Eventually with some advocacy, again calling up to
directors we were able to just submit this simple
form on behalf of our client. So, once again and
there are more stories in our written testimony, this

is just to show more examples of how this has become
par for the course for treatment at HRA Centers. So,
we do want to comment on some of the bills being
introduced today and mostly want to say that, you
know we support all of the bills being introduced and
we also support all of the recommendations that
Jazmine herself just stated. To briefly comment on
each bill; first with Intro 1332 we support an office
being created, the office of a special handler. We do
want to comment and say an office exists called the
office of constituent services that has clearly so
far been inadequate. We hope that an office of the
special handler will look at the ways that the office
of constituent services has been inadequate and try
to address some of those inadequacies. One way we can
do that is that the office of the special handler
should be available at every center, it should be
available, it should be accessible, and it should be
known about by regular clients at HRA Centers.
Secondly to address all of the data collection and
reporting bills together we support greater
transparency in terms of the HRA Centers. We do want
to specifically address Intro 1333 regarding the NYPD
reporting.

LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: I'll speak to that
one but before I talk about that there is one bill
that adds access to a social worker which we very
much appreciate and think will be very powerful but
we have some concerns that the more things that the
more obstacles or lines that somebody have to work
on, the more people that they have to get through to
get help sometimes creates more of a barrier than an
assistance. So, I think it's really important that we
be very careful about what the role of the social
worker might be because I can envision a situation
where a case worker says I won't talk to you until
you see the social worker and there's a line up
there. So, I just want us to be very mindful of not
creating more of a problem because with the
bureaucracy the way that HRA is now you run into, you
know a risk of that kind of obstacle. I did want to
say that the, the problem with of course we
appreciate more reporting about the use of force at
any centers and we believe that it's very important
to start to understand what's happening, when police
are called. I think one of the issues that needs to
be looked at a lot more carefully is what the
solution is if the workers don't feel that they can

handle a situation, when they call the police, why
they call the police. But I would like to go back to
an issue that was pointed out by Council Member
Williams before he left which is that police are
regularly involved in removals of children when they
are being removed by ACS and my office is the primary
provider for parents, mostly women who are involved
in ACS proceedings often times for issues that are
mostly related to poverty and are often not very,
very serious where the children are in danger. So,
police are often brought with ACS workers and the
outcome of those interactions might look a lot more
like what you saw on the video than most people
probably realize, and I agree with him and I just
call upon the Council at some point to really dig a
little deeper into that issue. I think one of the
reasons that the officers in this circumstance were
so adamant about the way that they were removing the
child is related to the fact that they do it quiet
often, much more than I think most people understand.
With that I would like to conclude our testimony and
thank the Council very much and I think we all owe
Miss Headley an incredible thanks and support for

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 coming forward, it was very... she was very... it was a 3 very brave thing to do. Thank you. 4 [applause] 5 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you, yes. 6 [applause] 7 COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Lisa I want to thank you all for being here, Jazmine I want to thank 8 you for being here, we really, really appreciate it 9 and we look forward to continuing to support you as 10 you move forward and anything you need as Lisa knows 11 12 please do not hesitate to call upon us so thank you 13 so much and now we're going to call up Commissioner 14 Banks from HRA and whoever else is testifying him to 15 come up. Thank you very much. 16 LISA SCHREIBERSDORF: Thank you. 17 JAZMINE HEADLEY: Thank you. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Thank you Steve, thank you Commissioner Banks for being here, I'm 19 20 going to ask the Committee Counsel to please swear you in. 21 2.2 COMMITTEE CLERK: Commissioner do you 23 affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee 24

and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS: I do.
3	COMMITTEE CLERK: Thank you, you may
4	begin.
5	STEVEN BANKS: If you could also swear in
6	Administrator Bonilla please, thank you.
7	COMMITTEE CLERK: Commissioner do you
8	affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing
9	but the truth in your testimony before the committee
LO	and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?
L1	GRACE BONILLA: I do.
L2	COMMITTEE CLERK: Thank you.
L3	COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Great, thank
L 4	you. Steve you may begin.
L5	STEVEN BANKS: Thank you. I'm going to
L 6	summarize my testimony but I but first I, I want to
L7	both say thank you both Mr. Speaker and Mr. Chair fo
L 8	your kind words about what we've done but I think
L 9	that the power of Jazmine Headley's testimony is how
20	much more remains for us to do and, you know
21	notwithstanding the significant reform efforts that
22	have been implemented over the last five years as
23	painfully illustrated by Miss Headley's testimony and
24	conversations that I've personally had with

individual clients on any given day a client may

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE experience challenges at any one of our offices that don't reflect the major policy changes we've made, our values or the dedication of the vast majority of our staff who come to work at DSS to help people in need. In the testimony before you begin with the questions I want to highlight the immediate actions that we have taken hearing the kinds of pain that have reflected in both Miss Headley's testimony and in the recent report from the Safety Net Activist so I just want to make sure that those are clear on the record what... the immediate actions we've taken but I also want to highlight some of the overall common sense changes that we are making and... as I think it's relevant to how they interact with the, the various bills that are before the committee. As you know at two council hearings in December and immediately after the matter came to light, I spoke about the actions that we took following this horrible incident and I'd like to again apologize to Miss Headley and her one-year old son and to the people of the city of New York for what happened. It was utterly unacceptable in one of our offices and I think as a public official it's important to acknowledge that

this was utterly unacceptable and to apologize to

someone who was so painfully effected by what
happened and I have to say on a personal level and
Speaker I've known you and I've known you Chair and,
and many others in this Committee for a long time,
you know what happened to Miss Headley when she
turned to us for help has caused me to look in the
mirror to see what more I can do to deepen the
reforms we've implemented so that nothing like that
ever happens again. We've already enacted a series of
immediate reforms to address this horrible incident
and we're taking additional steps that I'm describing
today because I think the power of Miss Headley's
testimony is beyond her own experience but how she
reflected on the experience as have others.
Immediately following the incident, I placed the two
HRA peace officers on modified duty with no client
contact. Consistent with the collective bargaining
agreement I suspended the these two officers without
pay for the maximum period of time. Following these
suspensions one officer has resigned from the agency
and one has been assigned to administrative duties
pending disciplinary charges that have been filed
which could result in termination. Listening to what
happened to Miss Headley going forward unless there

is an immediate safety threat, I have directed that
HRA peace officers shall not request the intervention
of the NYPD without first contacting the Center
Director or Deputy Director or her or his designee to
attempt to diffuses any situation by addressing a
client need as opposed to what happened in Miss
Headley's case. As part of this new procedure we will
be implementing a social worker pilot at one job
center in each of the five boroughs to support the
Center Directors in diffusing such situations by
addressing a client's need for immediate help. The
pilot will enable us to test the effectiveness of
this new approach at these five centers, one in each
borough. Last month DSS reinforced guidelines for
staff to treat clients with courtesy and respect. DSS
immediately began conducting retraining sessions for
all HRA peace officers with an emphasis on techniques
for deescalating disputes in HRA Centers, 87 out of
the 97 current peace officers have received this
enhanced training, the remaining ten are on leave and
will receive the retraining when they return to work
and within that ten is, is a new hire too. This will
be a mandatory annual requirement for each officer. I
have personally attended each of these retraining

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

sessions to speak to the HRA peace officers regarding the importance of deescalating disputes...

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: I want to thank you for doing that Commissioner.

STEVEN BANKS: Thank you. Going forward we will be providing all HRA peace officers with body worn cameras which I think reflects the very productive conversations that we had with you Speaker and you Majority Leader and you Chair and, and other leaders here, Council Member Alicka Samuel and Council Member Donovan. DSS is directed, the city contracted security services vendor to provide retraining sessions for all security guards assigned to HRA Centers who are not peace officers with an emphasis on techniques for deescalating disputes in HRA Centers, thereafter this training will be a mandatory annual requirement for any contracted security officer assigned to an HRA Office. All but 15 of the contracted security staff have been trained and the rest will be trained tonight. In addition to existing DSS customer service staff training, DSS will begin implementing implicit bias training for all 17,000 DSS staff members including both HRA and DSS to promote diversity in the work place and

dignity centered client services. Last month I
appointed Lawanna Kimbro who's here today to be DSSs'
first Chief Diversity and Equity Officer. In this new
position she will develop agency initiatives that
address staff engagement, recruitment and advancement
and build capacity of staff at all levels to respond
effectively to structural racism and individual bias.
Further, she will promote culturally competent
programs and inform policies, training, hiring
practices and service delivery to ensure continuity
and sustainability in promoting equitable outcomes
for clients and staff. As part of her immediate
responsibilities, she will be focusing on the
development of the implicit bias training. With
support from the Open Society Foundations, DSS will
host a summit that will engage our leadership staff,
advocates, clients and other city agencies to develop
systemic solutions to racial disparities across our
programs. DSS has begun to implement comprehensive
intersectional anti oppression training curriculum.
Starting today, all new hires will receive a weeklong
series of trainings covering topics such as the
drivers of poverty and homelessness, including
racism. income inequality, gender, sexual

orientation, disability, as well as the history of
social services. The curriculum also includes best
practices for addressing the needs of diverse and
marginalized populations, including intimate partner
violence information, LGBTQI best practices, serving
people with disabilities, mental health first aid and
equal employment opportunity. Previously, some of
these trainings were optional or offered only
periodically. Transitioning to a compressed week-long
curriculum sets the tone for our agency's culture at
onboarding and allows all new hires to reflect on the
intersectionality of the client experience. The
agency is also developing training on trauma informed
service delivery for all clients as is reflected in
some of the pieces of legislation. Together with the
NYPD Commissioner, we're taking the following
actions; DSS has developed a protocol for determining
appropriate instances in which the HRA peace officers
or HRA Centers should seek the assistance of the
NYPD. The NYPD has developed a protocol to deploy an
NYPD supervisor to be a part of the NYPD response
team for HRA assistance request. Control of an
incident will be transferred to the NYPD when the
NYPD arrives at an HRA Center. I welcome your further

comments and recommendations at this hearing as well
as in the negotiations regarding all of the various
legislative proposals so that we can further improve
both our ongoing policy reforms and our new
initiatives. There are many common sense ideas in
these pieces of legislation, the reforms that we have
been implementing over the last, last five years are
common sense ideas, the experience of Miss Headley
tells us we must bring to bear more common sense but
I wanted to make sure as we proceed that all of this
is dealt with rather than as separate initiatives but
one comprehensive approach. Finally, for context, I
think it's also important to consider where we began
in 2014 and the changes we have already made in the
role of the unions and our workforce in making those
changes. Given the major reforms that we made five
years ago, it's sometimes easy to forget the major
impact on the client experience that each reform has
had at the same as reflecting on the experience of
Miss Headley indicating and painfully illustrating
how much further we have to go. Consider for example
these policies that we changed to benefit clients.
Clients used to have to work off their benefits in
the Work Experience Program at city and non-for-

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

profit agencies, we eliminated the WEP program and replaced it with education and training programs to help clients move forward on a career pathway.

[applause]

Thank you Safety Net STEVEN BANKS: Activists and others. Participation in four-year college was not permissible employment activity for our clients, we successfully advocated for a change in state law to permit clients to obtain college degrees that greatly enhance their ability to earn a living wage. Clients were subjected to punitive sanctions for missing WEP assignments and they received appointments at something called the Intensive Services Center number 71 and if they missed those appointments the entire family would be denied assistance, we closed Center 71. Clients used to be subjected to durational sanctions for cash assistance if they were charged with violating a program rule, we successfully advocated for a change in state law as applied to New York City only to give clients the chance to cure a violation and avert a state durational sanction. At the same time, we also advocated and successfully reduced the state sanction period for SNAP/food stamps. Clients used to be

subjected to churning due to unnecessary case
closings which required clients to request state fair
hearings to reopen their case, we put in place new
protocols to prevent unnecessary case closings, and
state hearing challenges by clients have decreased by
more than 47 percent over the last five years. Again,
that's client, client complaints resulting in fair
hearings have decreased by 47 percent. Clients used
to be forced to apply for cash assistance excuse me,
used to reapply for cash assistance if they failed to
return mail questionnaires or submit requested
documentation, we now make it easier for clients to
continue their assistance if they submit what is
needed within 30 days of a case closing. All homeless
clients used to have to travel to a single HRA job
center in Queens, we stopped that practice and
homeless clients can now seek assistance at a job
center in their home borough. All seniors, all
seniors used to have to travel to a single HRA job
center in Manhattan, we changed that and now seniors
can receive services at a job center in their home
borough. Previously, clients only received a center
ticket that did not list the purpose of their visit.
In 2017 we implemented the universal receipt the

"confirmation of contact with your center" form was
created to provide and individual who completes a job
center visit or SNAP Center visit with a document
that indicates the nature and date of the visit and
contact. A copy of that is also available on access
to HRA to clients who establish an online account.
This receipt is now codified in Local Law as a result
of legislation sponsored by the Speaker. Clients with
HIV used to have to wait until they are diagnosed
with AIDS to receive HASA assistance, working with
Speaker Johnson when he was a Council Member and
Housing Works, we ended that counterproductive
policy. Clients classified as able bodied adults
without dependents were limited to SNAP/food stamps
benefits for only three out of every 36 months if
they could not find work for at least 80 hours a
month because New York City refused to accept a
federal waiver of this rule that every other county
in New York State and most other states accepted, we
reversed this policy and accepted the waiver that now
covers most areas of the city. Rental assistance
checks used to be processed at each individual HRA
job center, in 2014, we streamlined the system by
instituting a centralized rent arrears processing

unit to ensure payments are made by the required due
date. New York City Housing Authority rent payments
used to be issued in paper checks, now we've
streamlined the system for making these rent payments
electronically and we're developing a similar payment
system for private landlords. Using ACOMMITTEE
CLERKESS HRA, clients could confirm that the rent was
paid to their landlords pursuant to a reform now
codified in state law. In 2016, 90, 90 HRA clients
per year received reasonable accommodations because
of disabilities. In settling the 2005 Lovely H. class
action lawsuit, we began working with an expert
consultant to develop tools to assess whether clients
need reasonable accommodations as a result of
physical or mental health disabilities, now 46,000
clients annually receive reasonable accommodations.
These significant reforms have been made possible by
our staff who chose to work at HRA to help New
Yorkers in need, many dedicating their entire careers
to public service, with an average tenure of almost
14 years. HRA's workforce is diverse as indicated by
this EEO information; 59 percent of African American,
18 percent Hispanic, 15 percent white, eight percent
Asian: 70 percent of the workforce is made up with

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	women. And HRA workers are represented by DC37 union
3	locals; 1549, 371, 2627, 1407, and 924 as well as
4	many other unions, including CWA Local 1180,
5	Teamsters Local 237, the Civil Services Bar
6	Association of Local 237, the Organization of Staff
7	Analysts, the New York State Nurses Association,
8	United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, IBE
9	Local three and Local 30 of the International Union
10	of Operating Engineers. Our partnership with labor
11	has been a key factor in what we have accomplished so
12	far and will be essential to the success of the
13	further reforms to improve the client experience that
14	I described today. clearly, we have much more to do
15	to improve the client experience, but these changes
16	in social services policies that I described above
17	show how much progress can be made by working with
18	our staff to address client needs.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Steve is it
20	possible to… [cross-talk]
21	STEVEN BANKS: I'm, I'm ending it right
22	here with one plea.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Okay.
2.4	CHEVEN DANKS. Wolve talked a let at

prior hearings about benefits reengineering and right

now 87 percent of food stamp only cases transact
business online only, that means you can apply, you
can recertify, and you never have to come to a center
because you can establish an on-demand telephone
appointment. We had to ask for federal and state
approval to set up that system for SNAP only
recipients. For cash assistance recipients we're
clearly not there yet and we're beginning the process
next month of a campaign to enable clients or, or
inform clients of their ability now to open a cash
assistance account through ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA,
you can do it from a smart phone and you can begin to
submit recertification applications and you can begin
to check the status of your benefits online without
the need to come to an office. We're working with the
state on a pilot program to begin to move the same
kinds of systemic reforms for food stamps to cash so
that someone like Miss Headley could avoid having to
come to our office to begin with. We ask for your
help however with respect to one issue, in the state
budget there is proposed cut of 120 million dollars
in our funding for public benefits, that would put a
tremendous, tremendously imperil that would
tremendously imperil the reforms that we've already

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made and the kinds of reforms that I described today and the more reforms that I know we need to make with your support, appreciate the opportunity to highlight what we're doing to address the utterly unacceptable situation that Miss Headley experienced and the kinds of experience that I have heard from other clients but I also want to highlight the work that we're doing with our unions to try to address this situation. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

GENERAL WELFARE

thank you as always, you are someone who gets it, you instinctively get it and it's great to be able to work with someone who gets it, you are so different than previous HRA commissioners and folks that did this type of work so I am tremendously grateful that you're here today, I'm grateful for our partnership, I'm grateful how you don't hesitate to acknowledge when there have been misses and when things need to improve so I just really want to start off by thanking you. There are many members here who have many questions so I'm not going to ask much. I'm glad you highlighted the really devastating proposed cut in the state budget, 125 million dollars on temporary assistance for needy families, TANF and we have to

fight that off between now and April 1st, it's so
important for us to be able to do the work that we
want to do together on further implementation or
further reforms. I appreciate very much the
acknowledgement of the different labor unions that
make up the workforce at HRA because as you said none
of these reforms would be possible if it wasn't for
the cooperation and help of the workers in the
centers who you have to work with to actually get
these reforms done and I know that President Wells is
going to testify soon on some of his feedback on what
needs to happen as well and I appreciate that. I only
want to ask one thing and, and I don't mean to
preempt Council Member Ampry-Samuel because it's her
bill but I think it's one of the most important bills
you heard Jazmine Headley say it, she talked about
the need for social workers how essential that is for
these HRA Centers, for the job centers, for the
benefit centers so I looked at your testimony and
it's fine that you gave you didn't give a
commitment, you talked about how many of the ideas
that are being talked about through this legislation
are important ideas and you're carefully reviewing
them, I would love to hear though something more

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2 specific on getting more social workers in these
3 centers and what your thoughts are on that.

STEVEN BANKS: Thank you very much for your... for your kind words and I, I accept them both in the spirit of appreciating your support but also knowing that together and with the Council there's much more that we need to do to, to help, help our clients. I... you know as I said in the direct testimony, we're going to implement a, a pilot in, in one center in each of the five boroughs, right, we're going to move to do that now because we want to test the effectiveness of the model. I think in conversations that I've had with Anthony Wells, conversations that Grace Bonilla and I have had together with the leadership of the agency and I know in the... in the very productive meeting that we had... Council Member Ampry-Samuel's... that ... in that conversation and actually in conversations before then we've talked about a role that social workers could play. I think that Lisa Schreibersdorf's testimony actually raised a very important point of not creating additional layers and therefore we're going to... we wanted to pilot this to see how to operate this in the most effective way, so it doesn't

become another layer that people have to get through.	
We saw it as for, for situations that arise in	
centers that previously might have resulted in the	
NYPD being contacted, we want the Director to be	
involved but we felt that by having a pilot to have	
social workers involved in that addressing the client	
need that we could have a much more effective impact	
on for the client and that we would learn a lot if	
we implemented in five places and then build upon	
that to see how to build it out. I respect the	
legislation that's been proposed and that you're	
looking at a systemic change, I'm simply looking at	
this as you know the operator of the system together	
with, with Grace Bonilla we want to see how we can	
get it to work and to determine what would be needed	
to, to make it the most effective. So [cross-talk]	
COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: When [cross-	
talk]	

STEVEN BANKS: So, we hear you, we've, we've, we've, we've heard you and we, we ourselves have been looking at this and we want to move forward with it now.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: When would the pilot start?

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STEVEN BANKS: We need to work out the details as we do always with our labor partners and then we will move forward with it very expeditiously, it's something we're very interested in seeing whether it works.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: I don't want to preempt Anthony Wells' testimony today, but I know that, and I don't speak for him but in my conversations and I know that he's a supporter of getting social workers in these centers and in seeing real value in that, so I don't ... I know the details are important but one of your biggest partners I think comes at this supporting this concept which is a very, very good thing. Well Commissioner I'm, I'm grateful you're here, I want to leave time for, for the other members, I want to thank the HRA Administrator of course, Grace for being here as well, I'm really grateful and you know you said... and I don't want to keep repeating it but ... and I know how heartfelt your testimony was and how devastating it was for you in the aftermath of December $7^{\rm th}$ and so I look forward to hopefully implementing these changes that you testified on today building on the success of the past, working with the Safety Net Activists

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who have been crucial in this conversation to, to get these done ... get these things done as you just said as expeditiously and quickly as possible so that we don't have other incidents that are of course as horrendous as Jazmine Headley but also the incidents that may not rise to that level but still are demeaning on a daily basis, unproductive on a daily basis, disrespectful on a daily basis, we want to make sure that that doesn't happen which means that you need the resources to be able to implement this and the Council looks forward to standing with you as a, a ready, able and willing partner to get that done. So, again I really appreciate you being here, I look forward to working together and I'm going to... if you wanted to say anything or I'm going to turn it over to the Majority Leader.

 $\label{eq:steven_banks:} \mbox{I appreciate your support,} \\ \mbox{thank you.}$

COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Thank you. I want to turn it over to Majority Leader Cumbo and then she'll turn it back over to our great Chair Steve Levin.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Thank you. I just wanted to get right into it because I know there are

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many members that want to ask a lot of questions.

Miss Headley spoke at length today about the fact
that she prepared, she took a day off from work, she
took the whole day off, she brought clothes, toys,
food, change of clothing. In your capacity with all
of the changes that have been made up to this point
if someone were to ask you could I do whatever I
needed to do on my lunch, do I have to take a day
off, what would be your response at this time up to
the point where the incident with Jazmine Headley
happened, would you advise someone with all of the
measures that have been taken in place would you
advise someone to take the day off to go to have
their services taken care of?

GRACE BONILLA: So, thank you for the question Council Member Cumbo. One of the things that I would advise a client is to open up an account on ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA, it is the most expedient way to find out what is happening with your case. In this particular instance, there was a miscommunication between the systems at WMS which is a state system and the system that manages child care. For Miss Headley if she had had access to her... to her case she would have known at the point that it closed, I

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	believe in her testimony she said she never received
3	a notice, she would have had that information for us
4	to be able to help her more efficiently.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: So, now that we
6	know that and we've put forward a resolution
7	surrounding that very issue, what is being done in
8	order to systemize the communication between city and
9	state because when you're a working mom you've got to
10	get to work, you've taken the day off, your child is
11	not in child care, you don't have the ability to
12	navigate the difference between your state and
13	system, systems cooperating with each other in order
14	to get the services that are needed, so what are we
15	doing to address that… [cross-talk]
16	GRACE BONILLA: Sure… [cross-talk]
17	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO:specific issue?
18	GRACE BONILLA: That is an excellent
19	question and I have to tell you as a mom of three
20	boys, as a mom who was a mom in my 20's I understand
21	how overwhelming every day life can be [cross-talk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Right [cross-
23	talk]

GRACE BONILLA: ...so that definitely is part of what brings us to this work, immediately

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after we discovered this glitch in the system, we have been working with our state partners to address it. I, I know that it... for the folks that are effected... were affected by the glitch it's not any solace but it was a very minor number, it was about 167 cases that were affected by this, we were able on the back end to make sure that those cases had their child care open, we're consistently working with the state to make sure that we're working on, on notices that are plain language and efficient for our clients. In fact, we have over 12 work groups with advocates with, with clients that have been going on since this administration came into office to ensure that anything that is a local equivalent, equivalent to a state notice goes through these work groups. So, we are doubling down on those efforts and making sure that wherever we missed a communication with the advocates that we work with that they have a seat at the table to let us know where we need to change.

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Because it's a critical point and what I want to drive home is that particularly for all issues but as we're focusing on this one in particular that child care is not interrupted while we're figuring out the bureaucracy

of what should happen there. So, I want to work
collectively with you all to make sure that that
happens because that glitch and only 167 people,
that's 167 different lives that are impacted in a
trickle-down way on so many levels. Now I, I also
want to ask from the video that we've seen several
times Jazmine asked to see a supervisor, I want to
see a supervisor, I want to see a supervisor why is
it that a supervisor was never brought forward in
order to speak to her, is that a possibility
in terms of what is the protocol when someone feels
that their issue, that their case is not being
handled, did she have every right to have the ability
to see a supervisor, why was one not presented to her
and we want to make sure that we understand the
protocols moving forward so that people entering the
office clearly know that if you're not receiving
appropriate care you can ask to see a supervisor and
then second part of the question is on the back end
for the Jazmine Headley's that we never have gotten a
chance to see what is their recourse in terms of
filing a complaint about how they were treated
because if it hadn't been on the internet we would

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

have never known about this and it would have been business as usual?

STEVEN BANKS: So, let, let me just...

first of all Council, Council Member I want to thank

you again for the... oh, I thought was a productive

engagement that you have had with us to help us

improve and I appreciate your, your perspective on

this and again from a common sense perspective we

shouldn't have to have clients having to pack up

everything to come to see us.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Clearly...

can see success beginning to take shape on the food stamp only side where 93 percent of clients... or more than 90 percent of the clients are interacting with us by telephone not coming and doing transactions like you and I might do with banking to not have to come in to apply and recertify, we have to move cash there and then someone like Miss Headley wouldn't have to pack up all her belongings coming and waiting to see what's going to transpire for a type of function that could have been done online. In terms of the complaint process and I know I took up a little bit of time for your answer by going back and

amplifying administrator Bonilla's answer. There are
a number of complaint mechanisms but I want to go
back to something I said at the beginning of the
testimony, the problem here was that everything got
escalated to the NYPD by our peace officers instead
of following again what you and I would think, well
why doesn't the director get involved here instead of
the police department so that's why Administrator
Bonilla and I issued a directive saying that before
the NYPD would be called in a situation like that but
as Miss Headley said she's just sitting on the floor,
she wasn't creating a an immediate threat to health
and safety. In a situation like that where there's no
immediate threat the director should be involved and
then the supervisor gets involved. The protocol that
we would have wanted wasn't followed that day by the
peace officers, we have put in place a protocol to
make sure that in the future this will not happen
again. There is in every center a complaint
mechanism, on every wall there's a, a phone number to
call for the Office of Constituent Affairs, that
office handles complaints and processes them, we get
we get involved at, at our level when things are
become systemic complaints and this incident of

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course makes us take another look at, at whether we can improve and I think the bill that the Speaker's got on the ... got on the calendar today is one that we want to look and see how we can build upon what we're doing to take what we're doing into, into consideration with what happened. So, there is a complaint mechanism. I think the other issue is fair hearings, for years the agency used to say just go to a fair hearing, we don't think that that's a great response and that we should be resolve things and the reason why we've been able to cut down fair hearings by about 47 percent in addition to the policy changes is we've set processes in place to try to avoid cases being closed unnecessarily and that's what's resulted in the... I the reduction of fair hearings but

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COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: It would seem that with all of the work that you've done to reduce the amount of people that are coming into an office that that would free up your staff to be able to provide superb comprehensive service to everyone that's coming in now that there are so many people that are not coming in for services, why if so many people are being serviced on the telephone and I would add that

obviously we, there's more we need to do.

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as part of the testimony that we heard and it's usually a discrepancy we hear which and I hope you'll take it in a healthy way is that we have in our mind something that's happening and then when people come forward they're saying you can't reach HRA staff, they don't call back, they're avoiding my phone call so it's this... it's this... it's this thing where you're inspired but at the same time you're disappointed because it's like oh that sounds great but then someone is saying it's not happening?

and disappointed every day in my job so I totally understand what you're saying. I do think though that it's important to separate out the processes that we're talking about because they really have a big client impact. If you don't have a cash assistance case and you have a food stamp only case the total food stamp case load is 1.6 million people nearly. The cash assistance case load is about 360,000 people so we have people that have only food stamps, we were able to get the federal and state waivers and approvals we needed to take business onto the telephone and take business online, we haven't been able to do that yet for cash, we're beginning that

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process now and we're hopeful that we'll be able to
get the same kind of online telephone access systems
in place for cash that we got in place for food
stamps. So, the world in which people are describing
challenges and waiting times is the world that we're
trying to reform, the world in which we've gotten
much better client experience in terms of nine more
than 90 percent by telephone now, 30 percent fewer
people coming into centers, you're absolutely right
that the theory, the approach, the vision is if you
have fewer people coming in there's more staff time
focused on the people that need greater assistance.
On the SNAP only side of the world not people
without cash assistance cases we've been able to get
the waivers, the approvals and change the system,
we're beginning that process on the cash side now
with pilots that we're running in the Bronx and
beginning next month as, as, as Bonilla and I said
we're really going to have an awareness campaign for
clients to know that there are things they can submit
online now in the cash world that they couldn't
before to try to cut down exactly what you said, you
said it perfectly, cut down foot traffic and then the

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people that are there can focus more directly on the more complicated problems that might arise.

questions and then I'm going to turn it over to my colleagues. You talked in your presentation about reasonable accommodations for those that may have mental or physical needs and accommodations, this whole issue began around a seat, a chair, the ability to be accommodated, do those physical accommodations now simply... what are we doing about the most simple of needs which brought us here, the ability to have a mom with a stroller, with a child that's there all day, what type of accommodations can Jazmine Headley look for when she comes into your center the next time?

certainly look for if she came into our center the next time is if she determined as I heard her say to sit on the floor that that wouldn't result in the NYPD coming, I think that's the most fundamental accommodation that we can offer her. There are chairs and I think the issue to me isn't going forward whether there are chairs or not it's whether or not people are treated with respect and if somebody is

saying I'm sitting on the floor with my child I, I,
I'm older but I used to have little kids, if someone
says enough I want to sit down on the floor with my
kid the result shouldn't be the NYPD being called,
that's the most fundamental change on that level but
all of the other the retraining of the peace
officers, the implicit bias training, the beginning
starting today of new training for new workers to set
the tone, all this is really taking further reforms
that we've been making but were really inspired by us
all looking at what we've been doing for the last
five years to say what more can we do if this is what
happened in one of our centers, what more can we do
if this is what happened in one of our centers and
that's where the changes that I described today are
really coming from that place of saying we've made so
many changes but if people are still feeling like
they're not being treated in the way that we want
them to be treated, in the way our values would say
they should be treated we need to do more and that's
the changes that we're trying to put in place which I
know you're appropriately pushing us to do more and
I. I appreciate that.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: And finally my
3	last question, in looking at the video which is
4	probably the hardest thing to look at and part of the
5	aspect of this job that I hate is that I do have to
6	look at the video in order to be able to better
7	understand what happened and everything that we're
8	talking about and moving forward sounds like we're on
9	the right path but there's something like engrained
10	and what you're hearing in the final video is one of
11	the security officers there is stating the reason why
12	this incident had to happen as violently and as
13	brutally as it did is because and quote, "we can't
14	let just one flip", this concept that Jazmine asking
15	to see a supervisor, her demanding her rights, her
16	speaking up for herself could not be tolerated in
17	that environment and she had to be made an example
18	of according to this officer about how to keep people
19	in line and it was very reminiscent of plantation
20	life, it's very reminiscent of an overseer and those
21	that are put in place to oversee others. If that
22	critical aspect of people's mental thought process of
23	how they are treating, looking at, respecting people
24	is not changed then all of these provisions, new
25	programs, more staffing, more this is not going to

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change the dynamic of how someone is, is treated from the moment they walk in the door because it... the social workers is great and we should have it but it's almost like we shouldn't have social workers who get it but having peace officers, police officers, staffers who are not required to hold the same level of compassion at baseline as the social worker. So, so, that's really where I want to end on this because the ending of that video and hearing that is really... speaks volumes to the issue.

address that and I know that it's difficult to imagine humanizing the folks that work at HRR after the testimony of Miss Headley, I am remorseful that I did not get a chance to apologize to her personally not on behalf of just myself as a New Yorkers and a woman and a woman of color in this city but on behalf of all of the women of color that work in our agency. I have to tell you that when we saw the Facebook video and I went, and I saw it with the Director I know the Director was... it was gut wrenching for us. Our Chief Program Officer, Lisa Fitzpatrick was sitting here today which... who's worked more than 30 years in the agency and worked at a center, it was

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gut wrenching for us to see it, it should have never happened, there is nothing that I can sit here and say to you that excuses what happened to Miss Headley or the language that was use... that was used by that security officer, it is the reason that... why we took such, such swift action in the agency so that we can send a message that this is unacceptable but I can't sit here today and tell you that the women of color that work in our agency that are a part of the fabric of New York City that really work their butts off to make sure that the most needy New Yorkers get what they need who are not disgusted by what they... what they saw.

[applause]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay.

appreciate your sentiment, I appreciate the work that you do on an everyday basis but I can't recall the exact number but according to a New York Times article I believe and I'll low ball it that there were over 80 cases that resulted in NYPD being called in and we don't have a video for those so we're utilizing this particular hearing not to condemn but to improve and as we are elected leaders we want to

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

make sure that we leave this city and, and the experiences that people have better than when we found it. Thank you so much for your testimony and thank you for answering the questions as honestly and as truthfully as possible, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Majority Leader.

Thank you very much for your testimony Administrator and Commissioner. So, I just want to ask a few questions, also I want to acknowledge that we have been joined by Council Members Mark Gjonaj, Mark Treyger, Rafael Salamanca and Brad Lander, I apologize for not acknowledging you before. I'll ask a few questions and then I'm going to... I'm going to pass it along to my colleagues. The first question Mr. Banks you're your testimony on page three to four you listed a number of... and five you, you listed number of reform... and I'm sorry, I... excuse me, two to three where you... where you acknowledged the actions that are ongoing to address the client experience and this... some systemic issues here, new procedures, new levels of training, training for peace officers, training for staff, sensitivity training, complicit bias training, comprehensive intersectional, antidepression training curriculum, the, the hiring of,

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of the first Chief Diversity and Equity Officer.

Okay, so my first question is why has it taken this long to do all of these reforms?

5 STEVEN BANKS: Can I answer that

6 question?

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Sure.

STEVEN BANKS: So, if you look at pages seven to eight, the part of the testimony that I... that I left for the record, I think it's important to... and I actually appreciate you asked that question so we can get back to exactly that point because others might be thinking the same thing, so the staff training that we put in place over the last several years includes diversity and inclusion, everybody matters teaches how to create an environment where people feel included and at the same time understand how to manage conflict across differences; LGBTQI basics training; introduction to disabilities over a view of disability awareness; etiquette and culture; access to people disabilities, ensuring success through supervision; domestic violence; mental health first aid, effects of poverty and trauma; customer service. These were the trainings that we have been doing but we said to ourselves okay, we've made all

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of these major systemic changes, undoing 20 years of social services policy that we inherited when we came in, in 2014. We put in place all of these trainings that were intended to improve the client experience and nevertheless something happened as, as, as so many of you have said that is both, you know abhorrent but also reflects some other underlying issues... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...and I'll... Commissioner...

Administrator Bonilla made it very clear it was... it was appalling to all of us in leadership to see that but we didn't just say oh, well that was a one off horrible thing to see, what are the underlying issues and I think that Council Member Cumbo really brought that out which was if, if a security guard is on the tape saying, you know this is why we had to do that we need to do more and that's why we rolled out these additional things on top of the things that we have been doing because we said common sensually we're not just going to say well we're doing all these things let's just keep doing all these things, we said let's build upon what we're doing and do even more, create, create new structures, new approaches.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: So, if you were to identify, you know five years into your tenure, almost five years of your tenure what the systemic barriers to the objectives that we're hoping to achieve here, what barriers would you identify?

STEVEN BANKS: Thank for... [cross-talk]

I... we'll, we'll add to that better to give it some contexts, I mean you hear from a lot of clients, you know and a lot of people that have had interactions with HRA throughout their lives that, you know this is... these are issues that have been going on for a very long time and it's important I think to be able to identify or articulate what are those challenges, what are... what are the... what are the deep challenges, the engrained challenges that we're trying that we have to really work to undo and it's... and its difficult, painful stuff to talk about but what are they?

GRACE BONILLA: So, if I may before the Commissioner responds, as someone who was here before this administration it's sometimes not the people, it's the fact that we have policies that are hard to deliver on. When you have... when you're in the

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business of customer service there's always going to be more to do but when you have a 20 year history of vilifying clients that you have to change in an agency that's also a hard thing to do and I'll give you a recent example that I think we'll, we'll... we can all relate to, the shutdown... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

GRACE BONILLA: ...it will never make the news that our staff worked through the weekend and over time on Monday... on Monday and Tuesday following that... [cross-talk]

[applause]

New Yorker that was on SNAP got their, their February benefits facing what was coming from the federal government that the shutdown may continue, despite that if the shutdown had continued there would have been an HRA employee somewhere in the city that had to tell a client you're not going to get your March benefits and the headline would have been HRA denies SNAP benefits so that's the business that we're in, we're in the business of having to give bad news to people who are in desperate need of good news when we

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

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don't handle all of the policies that create that bad

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news... [cross-talk]

interaction.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right... [cross-talk]

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GRACE BONILLA: ...so the policies that we

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need to change are sometimes federal and state level

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policies which I hope that you will support us in so

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that our clients and our staff can have a better

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Always, sure.

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STEVEN BANKS: So, I would just amplify

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that with as you know I, I sit at the agency that I

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run for many, many years before I became the head of

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it and I always believed the lawsuits were about the

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policies not the people at the agency and so when I

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became head of HRA everybody thought I would wipe out

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the entire leadership of the agency, I did not, the

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leadership of the agency it was... is the leadership of

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the agency still because you know what, the

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leadership of the agency are people that came to work

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at the agency to make change in people's lives and

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they were needed... and they wanted to make the changes

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that I wanted to make when I came and that all of us

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in this room wanted to make five years ago but I

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think that, you know Grace Bonilla's testimony is, is

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

important to remember, if every day you're telling somebody the only amount you get to pay your rent is 400 dollars the interaction between you and the person that you're telling you get 400 dollars is not going to be a good one, that is not going to be a good interaction but if you want us to be able to get rid of WEP we can do that... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...we can stop clients from having to work off their benefits, I mean just think of what that really meant you can work off your benefits for free and I know how that felt to clients both representing them and what the reaction was when we got rid of it. We can say we're not going to make every senior citizen go to a single center and, and track into one place knowing that it's going to be hard to get there or every homeless person. We, we can make all those changes but larger social welfare policy we have some limitations on which is why it's so important that the council is supporting for example the home stability support, that will make a dramatic impact on what our workers say every day. Having said that there's something and I said it in my testimony I just want to say it again, we live in

a world in which there's underlying structural
racism, right, that, that is built up, that's, that's
what we're confronting not just at our agency, not
just in our city, not just in our state but across
our country. We're saying at a social services agency
the largest in the country we've made major policy
changes, we put in place major training programs but
it's still not enough if people feel that the
treatment that they're getting is not the treatment
that they want to experience and to the credit of the
unions, the unions are saying we don't want to be in
this position of having people not feel like we're
treating them well because we are together with the
clients, the, the these unions have been fighting
for client changes well you know for years so let's
take another look at what more we can do to address
underlying structural racism, what more we can do to
address the kinds of intersectionality that our
clients come to us experiencing and that's what
theses reforms that we've put together in literally
six weeks or intended or seven weeks or intended to
do which is to go much deeper than we've gone because
as deep as we've gone its not deep enough, I think
that's reflected in the questions for example from

Council Member Cumbo, we got to go deeper to really effect the changes that our staff want to make and that we want to make.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: With the open society foundations that you spoke to in your testimony that there's... it will be a summit, is there going to be... is that a one time summit or is it ongoing... you know is it... is it looking at producing a report, I, I think... we just saw each other last week at the Foster Youth task force that ACS did where that's kind of this ongoing commitment produced a, a report with a set of recommendations and then the legislation that we passed made everybody come back and talk about the recommendation implementation which we all like actually, we, we had a... we've... it's actually been pretty successful so is that a... is that a one off thing, is it going to produce recommendations and what's, what, what do we hope to be the outcome from that?

STEVEN BANKS: I'm going to make a brief comment and then I'm going to suggest that Miss Bonilla can kind of have a perspective as well...

present a perspective as well on this. Look I think

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

that there was an initiative that the NYPD started in having a, a racial disparity summit... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...and Commissioner O'Neil asked me to participate in it and I did and open society foundation is supporting these efforts and agencies and we said to ourselves we want to be the next agency that, that has this initiative, it's something that Wanda Kimbro is very much focused on helping us put together and I think that we will see how the summit proceeds, stakeholders will be there, Council Member Donovan was... Council Member Donovan was at the NYPD summit in part because of his role of oversight of the NYPD, I, I'm expecting that you will be at, at this summit as well and a part of I thought what was a good outcome from the NYPD summit was that there was a lot of focus on what was needed for that particular... to move that process forward and we're going to be very open to do so. I'm not being... I'm not telling you oh, we're going to have a report, we're not going to have a report, I want a process that's actually going to move us forward, we thought by bringing together stakeholders and leadership and

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staff that we can make the kind of progress we want to make.

GRACE BONILLA: We were part of the initial meeting with the NYPD with several other agencies across the city. We raised our hand first and said let's look internally, let's see what we can do to improve in this area which we know is critical

not just for our workforce but for the... for the city.

STEVEN BANKS: By the way that summit happened before this... what, what happened to Miss Headley and we said to ourselves at that time we want to be the next agency and I think I'm grateful that we are because I think it will fit into what we're trying to accomplish after what happened to Miss Headley.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Sorry, going back to just newer initiatives here, the hiring of DSS's first chief diversity and equity officer, was that... had that been underway before this incident?

STEVEN BANKS: Yes, it had been.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, moving over to a couple of other topics and I'll, you know try to keep this brief...

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answer? Part of the beginning of the testimony I said the incident that happened in our center with Miss Headley and I also added in conversations that I have had and, and Administrator Bonilla had had and, and all of us have had with clients... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...so we've been saying to ourselves okay, what more do we need to do to really deepen what we're trying to accomplish in the agency so that was why that position was something that we were developing before the, the events of December 7th.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm going to turn it over to my colleagues actually for questions then I'll, I'll come back, first up Council Member Vanessa Gibson.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you, thanks
Chair Levin and good afternoon Commissioner, good
afternoon Administrator, it's good to see you
certainly under these circumstances, I appreciate
your honesty, I appreciate your sympathy, your
compassion and reading through your long testimony
there's a lot that has been done and I certainly join

the Speaker and others in applauding HRA for
recognizing all the challenges that we face and
continue to face and are willing to not only
entertain changes but actually do them, right, not
just talking about it but implementing changes and
working with all of our labor unions that work with
the workforce I really do appreciate a lot of the
things that have been done and as you know I've met
with Miss Bonilla and her staff a number of times, my
office is literally right next door to job center 45,
I know it by heart, the Concourse Job Center and just
being there for five years I have seen a drastic
improvement both exterior as well as interior but I
do recognize that we still have a very, very long way
to go. So, alluding to what the Majority Leader was
talking about with wait times and trying to get an
understanding of why clients understand and expect
that when they go in at nine o'clock they may leave
at five, I specifically want to ask with a lot of the
job centers varying by borough, I represent the Bronx
and the Bronx is known to have higher wait times
compared to other boroughs. Now some may ask you
represent the Bronx, why and what is it about your
horough whore clients have an expectation that when

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they go into an HRA center they're going to be there for hours, so I'd like you to give me a greater understanding from all the things you've done and under... and understanding the Bronx still has a lot of challenges that we're dealing with in terms of families, working families living at poverty level, struggling living paycheck to paycheck but it has to be more than that, it can't just be some of the societal things we're dealing with in the Bronx that would explain why the borough has higher wait times compared to other boroughs?

GRACE BONILLA: So, the caseload is definitely higher in the Bronx...

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay...

GRACE BONILLA: ...and... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: ...understand...

under this administration we actually opened another center in the Bronx to address and alleviate some of the, the wait time issues that you're... that, that you're pointing to, it... I should mention that the wait time across the city, the average is 48 minutes, right, that doesn't mean much to the person that has to be there for longer than they need to. The reality

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is that in attempt to make things easier for clients even though it may sound counterintuitive to some of our clients that are here today, we really try to make sure that we're addressing issues in one day and many times, more times than we would like client comes in they may present with one situation but then may need to see someone else for another which means that our transactions for one client may be many. What we have noticed is that the majority of the transactions that we're seeing is to prevent homelessness, we are having clients come in because they need assistance with eviction proceedings because they need assistance with housing and that has increased the number. We are a victim of our own success, right, we... as... the more that we handle an issue in the city like housing the more clients we're going to see.

what you're talking about if a client goes in for SNAP or public assistance and you learn they have another issue they have to see a different workers to deal with rent arrears, they may have to see a different worker to deal with day care benefits so typically you may not know all of the issues the

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client is coming in with but the expectation
according to what happens on the ground is you can
have a client on average with a day's visit see
multiple case workers about different issues, is that
correct?

GRACE BONILLA: Not necessarily multiple caseworkers but it... depending on their issue they may need to see someone who's an expert in that area.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, which means that that client would have to wait in order to be seen so the fact that they go in for a PA or a SNAP but they may have a rent arrears case they would have to go that unit and wait in line so they wouldn't be given priority because they were already there for another matter because there were other people that were there initially for rent arrears so they would have to be in que and wait until they are seen by that particular unit, correct?

GRACE BONILLA: It's the reason why we want to move the way of SNAP, it's the reason why we want to make sure that we're maximizing what's going on in ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA so that clients can apply for rent arrears, so they can apply for utility needs through our ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA... the

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ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA possibilities that we have but we are in conversations with the state to make sure that that happens.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay and I appreciate you raising that and, and Chair Levin knows we have gone to Albany a number of times as a former assembly member not afraid to go to Albany again even with cold weather but it's really important to understand the level of oversight that... has over HRA and DSS departments in the entire state. So, think it's really important as you develop priorities for this legislative session and we now have more friends in the state senate we really need to make sure that not only are they not putting more of a burden on us, not cutting more of our funding but also the policy changes that we need we have to get them done in a timely fashion, like when you think about the PA assistance, I mean it was 215 for the longest time and these are not cognizant of every day living in New York City and so I understand your struggle, trust me, things get stagnant at Albany quite a bit but I wanted to ask a last question and Council Member Ampry-Samuel and I had talked about it and Miss Headley mentioned it in her testimony, she

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talked about when she got to the HRA center that her son was not able to go to the child waiting area because he was not potty trained so I wanted to understand further for clients that have small children what does that process look like for them to access the child care accommodations at the local HRA center?

have a child's... a child corner or a, a children's corner if they're staffed by someone, our current policy is that you do have to be potty trained so it's usually open for child... for children from the ages of two I believe nine, that is the current policy. It's an opportunity to allow children who are a little bit older who can be distracted to be able to take advantage of that space while their parents are taking care of their business with HRA or speaking to a case worker.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, so there are no other accommodations we provide for any clients with children younger than two?

STEVEN BANKS: No, I think the legislation that Council Member Ampry-Samuel has proposed has made us take another look at how we have

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

as, as Administrator Bonilla said to try to create a way in which parents could be... put their child somewhere, if I'm reading the legislation right it talks about creating a space where parents can be with their kids that's not an office type flavor but that has more of an ability for Miss Headley with her child to be with her child in a more child centric kind of way. We had not been going in that direction before and I think that's what's led to the issue about under two, over two... [cross-talk]

GRACE BONILLA: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

actually what's a productive part of the process here there's a piece of legislation is proposed, it's slightly different from how we were looking at it, we want to have a, a... conversations with you that we have space constraints, we have other constraints but I think there's some pathway forward that we can work, work with you together on this.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, alright,

I'll end, I know we have to keep moving on and I

really want to hear testimony from the labor unions

and the advocates that really do this work on the

ground but I want to emphasize again the urgency, I
appreciate opening a new site in the Bronx because it
shouldn't be that we have a higher case load as the
only reason why it's excessively waiting, you know
long waiting times in my borough, I don't accept that
and I never will, I want everyone to be given, you
know efficient services and I think we all have that
same expectation, you know again my office is right
next door so I've seen a dramatic change but I can't
tell you how many of the clients that visit next door
come to us. So, what we've done now because we
realize the high number of cases, my district staff
works with the manager and we feed off of each other.
If I have legal services coming to the office, I let
them know and we just really work together because at
the end of the day we're serving the same population,
the same constituencies and we want to make sure that
broadly we're providing all of the services. Like you
said, a client may come in about SNAP today but have
a rent arrears case that they may not even know about
that will hit them a few days later and then they
have to go back so we're trying to do a lot of
preventative work and making sure but it can only
happen with our cooperation on overy hody's part so I

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

know we have a lot more work to do but I do appreciate what has been done. Thank you.

partnership and I would be remiss to say that we're also constantly looking at our operations and we're hoping that we can streamline some of the needs on the rent arrear side so that folks can talk to any case worker when they come in but more to come on that, we're constantly working on it, we appreciate working with you and I think you know how to reach me so anything that you hear please let me know.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you, thank you Chair.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Council Member Gibson and Council Member Rosenthal.

much and thank you for your patience in staying to answer these questions from the Council Members. I have just two questions about the workers themselves. First is do you do... at the centers themselves if you have a unit that's a SNAP unit and maybe on a different floor it's a different type of unit, do they have regular team meetings, and would the peace officer be included in those team meetings?

GRACE BONILLA: Do you want to go? That's
a great question, we actually have monthly reviews of
our centers, I know that in going to those monthly
reviews those directors hold meetings with their
staff to look at a number of things that affect the
operation, so those meetings do happen. The
relationship between the director and the HRA police
force in each in each center has developed
organically, it's one of the reasons that shortly
after this incident the Commissioner did put out a, a
very clear directive that the directors and the HRA
police have to work together during these incidents.
We're working internally to make sure that we have
very good relationships with our HRA police so that's
also a work in progress, but I could tell you centers
that I've walked through and I visit a number of
them, where the director and the HRA police get along
very well an incident like that would not have
happened.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And just, just to clear up any confusion when you talk about a peace officer and an HRA police officer is that synonymous?

STEVEN BANKS: That's one and... one and

25 the same.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE	
2	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay	
3	STEVEN BANKS: There are two kinds of	
4	security staff, there are peace officers who are	
5	members who are employed by directly by the	
6	Department of Social Services, HRA and then there are	
7	private contracted security guards. Here there was an	
8	involvement by the privacy contracted security	
9	guards and then ultimately the peace officers were	
10	involved [cross-talk]	
11	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Right [cross	
12	talk]	
13	STEVEN BANKS:in the matter and I think	
14	that Council Member Cumbo was referencing comments	
15	made by a security officer [cross-talk]	
16	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yep [cross-	
17	talk]	
18	STEVEN BANKS:towards the end of the	
19	body worn camera video which is why it was so	
20	important that we conducted retraining for everybody	
21	no matter what the title was.	
22	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yeah and so do	
23	the private… would the private contracted worker be	
24	included in the monthly review meetings?	

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STEVEN BANKS: Generally speaking the private contracted security guard is sort of the liaison function is played by the HRA police operation citywide, but we'll tell... I hear what you're asking, and we'll certainly take a look at what you're... what you're getting at... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And just like

if you want somebody to be a team member that, that you include them in the team meeting...

STEVEN BANKS: Understood, understood.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And then similarly as you started to think about, you know changes and obviously it's comprehensive and you're doing a lot, I'm wondering if you sat down with the workers themselves at that center, at different centers as well as their union reps to say how could this flow differently and what do we need to make it flow differently?

GRACE BONILLA: So, that is something that we're very much committed to, we visit with our staff all the time. In fact, the policy that, that came out, out of this of making sure that a director and the HRA peace officers are in conversation before NYPD is called came from meetings with staff and

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directors, it really was a ground up type of approach to the work and the more we do that the more we get it right so we certainly include staff and our directors and our supervisors in these types of conversations.

STEVEN BANKS: By, by way of example... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And that's for the private contractor as well that they have that directive?

STEVEN BANKS: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay...

example Commissioner Bonilla and I were... Friday met with a group of staff in one of the Bronx centers and we were talking to them about different training experience, the training experience if you go to the center first and get a little elbow training and then you go centrally versus... you go centrally and go to the center and reasonable minds can disagree on that and it was very interesting to hear from relatively recent hires about the pros and cons of each approach and that was a great opportunity, they weren't

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

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was very helpful and insightful.

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bashful about talking about their experiences and it

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yeah, I mean it strikes me that, you know perhaps meeting more frequently as a team, maybe every two weeks you know would be worthwhile and it strikes me especially because they have such disparate jobs, you know what I mean? Every, everyone in the unit is doing something maybe highly specialized in coming together, a meeting together, you know people can understand what the other person is going through when you have these team meetings and you say so, how'd it goes this week.

STEVEN BANKS: We, we should definitely take a look, I want to say just from my own experience of going from... running legal aid to then running HRA and now DHS as well there are certainly some perspectives that I've had of why don't we try this, many of which have worked some of which haven't worked as well and I've learned to listen to the people that are on the ground... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yeah... [cross-

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STEVEN BANKS: ...about what works so the frequency of the meetings and so forth I'd want to defer a little bit to hear from the people on the ground but I hear your point which is making sure that, that there are those connections which are so important and those didn't happen here and we've now directed them to happen but we also got to organically make them happen too.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okav, I appreciate... I should ask a question about my bill, 1382 which is a reporting bill. I'm wondering if you've had time to look at this particular bill and I'm sure you report on some of things we've asked you to report on here in terms of how you measure success, in terms of getting the benefits out and I'm just wanting to I guess confirm that you're open to looking at some of these additional ways to monitor success and maybe also I'm going to add in this amazing report from the Safety Net Project, I assume you've seen this, it was released I guess maybe today but I'm going to assume you've seen this and you've gone through it, it was built on by a previous report that they had and again the suggestions in here are so common sense which you mentioned in your testimony

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 but just they, they looked at ways to measure outcomes and I'm wondering if you would consider some 3 of their measurement tools as well? 4 STEVEN BANKS: So, first let me say Helen 5 Strom, who's terrific gave me a copy on my way in... 6 7 [cross-talk] COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: 8 [cross-talk] 9 10 STEVEN BANKS: ...which I appreciated... 11 [cross-talk] 12 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: You're so 13 smart I'm sure you just... I just did it... 14 STEVEN BANKS: Right and look a word of 15 praise for the Safety Net Activists from the 16 beginning of my time in, in the various positions 17 I've had in the administration and with the 18 leadership for the agency Administrator Bonilla and others we've had a regular engagement with them, 19 20 doesn't mean we always agree on everything but 21 they've been a very important sort of touchstone 2.2 about how things are going. Administrator Bonilla and 23 I have met personally with, with them over time, they were on the phone with us with a, a very helpful 24

conference call about the shutdown just a couple

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bill... [cross-talk]

weeks ago so there's a... there's a... there's an openness, there's a dialogue, we'll certainly take a look at what they're proposing and I have appreciated both the support and constructive criticism that they've given to us over, over my time in this position.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: That was a yes, you love everything in my bill, and it can go through easily?

STEVEN BANKS: Oh, your bill, I, I didn't answer the question about the bill... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Back to my

report. As to the bill, I think... I, I just want to reiterate something I said earlier which is there are a lot of bills on the... on the table and we want to make sure that we take the, the sort of going forward approach taking into account the, the whole of the bills as opposed to sort of a piece meal approach, there are... as I said there are some things that we're doing already or are committing publicly that we're going to do that are part... that are... that are touched on by some of the bills, we want to make

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE			
2	sure that we build on what we're doing and don't get			
3	across purposes but I think it's a very comprehensive			
4	package of different bills and as we've worked			
5	previously with the Council we're going to eventually			
6	get to some sort of a yes.			
7	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: I'll take that			
8	as a yes, right [cross-talk]			
9	STEVEN BANKS: Not necessarily on that			
10	individual though but, but I but in terms of what			
11	the aim is in terms of what the aim is.			
12	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you for			
13	all your work and your service to the city.			
14	STEVEN BANKS: Thank you ma'am [cross-			
15	talk]			
16	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:and to your			
17	workers as well.			
18	STEVEN BANKS: Thank you very much.			
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Council			
20	Member Rosenthal. Okay, so I'm going to kind of do a			
21	little bit of clean up here and so I'm going to be			
22	bouncing around and then I'm going to turn it back			
23	over to Council Member Gibson for some more question			
24	but first question just this is following up on			

Council Member... one of Council Member Gibson's

Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE			
2	questions before about the child care room, I don't			
3	quite understand why there needs to be a distinction			
4	between potty trained or non-potty trained, you know			
5	as long as there's a diaper changing table, I don't			
6	I don't really see why you couldn't have a room whe			
7	parents could be I understand that you're maybe			
8	looking at, at adjusting that but why parents			
9	couldn't be in the room with their kids			
10	STEVEN BANKS: As I said you we had			
11	taken an approach initially of creating spaces where			
12	parents could leave their kids. One of the issues			
13	that has been highlighted by, by this incident			
14	[cross-talk]			
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]			
16	STEVEN BANKS:and by the dialogue that			
17	again I thought was reproductive that we've been			
18	having… [cross-talk]			
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah [cross-talk]			
20	STEVEN BANKS:is that's actually really			
21	not… [cross-talk]			
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: No, nobody			
23	necessarily wants to leave their kid in some random			
24	place they just want to be able to have a [cross-			
25	talk]			

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE STEVEN BANKS: Understood so we're... 2 3 [cross-talk] 4 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah, so they can run 5 around... [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: ...taking a... we... right, 6 7 we'll take a fresh look at the... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right and I have a... I 8 have a two-year-old and like the idea of my two-year-9 old being in a waiting room at an HRA Center for two 10 11 or three hours or more sounds like a recipe for disaster. 12 13 STEVEN BANKS: Right, so the idea of 14 being with your kids as opposed to leaving your kids 15 we'll take a fresh look at, at how to... [cross-talk] 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah... [cross-talk] 17 STEVEN BANKS: ...operate these things. 18 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, Administrator Bonilla you mentioned just... you talked a little bit 19 20 about why Jazmine's case was closed and that there was some... two systems were not speaking to one 21 2.2 another and it only affects a couple hundred cases 23 you said are you doing a top to bottom look at the ... at, at the overall case load to see... I mean that 24

can't be the only type of case where systems have to

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2 talk to one another, right. I mean it's

talk to one another, right, I mean it's not... it's not a... maybe that's one example but... I mean fundamentally Jazmine Headley didn't... wasn't supposed to be there that day because her child care benefit wasn't supposed to be cut off and, and so... yeah, are we... are we... are we examining whether there are other types of or profiles of cases that might see a similar glitch?

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managing those types of analysis with our IT team, with our state oversight, if we ever do identify any, we are certainly addressing them immediately. Like I said in this particular case it was two systems one, one of which belongs to the state another one to the city as soon as we caught the 167 cases we addressed it immediately but that is the type of action that we would take in, in types of cases like this not just in transitional child care but other types of, of glitches if they exist but...

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Speaking of transitional child care and I'll just keep it moving because I know it's getting close to four o'clock here. In 2013 under the previous administration that's... see if I can see on your face you're trying

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

2 to remember, you might not remember it because it was
3 before your time... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: Okay... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...the, the last peg that I remember, and this is... this is an outdated term, we don't even call them pegs anymore but the last peg and maybe some people in the room might remember is when we... is when... I think it was HRA that proposed cutting post transitional child care so you have... you have child care then you have transitional child care for a year that you're entitled to and we up to 2013 had another year of extended child care called post transitional child care, it was about 13 million dollars at the time that was pegged and it was the last thing the Bloomberg administration did, it's kind of an ACS but it's kind of an HRA, is it something that we could take a look at in this coming year's budget? I'm not sure that, that Jazmine's... I mean I don't think Jazmine's case would have necessarily been under post transitional because it was during the transitional period, she was entitled to the transitional but, but is that something that... I mean this is a... this was a, a benefit that used to be there up to 2013 that's no longer there.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS: Thank you for making it
3	clear on the record that whatever this is it predated
4	me… [cross-talk]
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah [cross-talk]
6	STEVEN BANKS:thank you very much. I'm
7	have to take a look at it, I, I need to understand
8	[cross-talk]
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah [cross-talk]
LO	STEVEN BANKS:what it was, who it
L1	covered and, and, and what you know what the
L2	effectiveness of it was, but I'll certainly take a
L3	look at it.
L 4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. Yeah, I would
L5	reach out to, to ACS and see if it's something that
L 6	they would support certainly it was something that w
L7	were opposed to cutting when it was cut.
L8	STEVEN BANKS: And the funding was in the
L 9	HRA budget or the ACS budget?
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: It might have been in
21	the… I think it was in the HRA budget, but I'll get
22	back to you on that.
23	STEVEN BANKS: Okay, we can talk offline.
24	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. Okay. Have you
25	seen recommendations put up by Local 237 regarding

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2 reforms that they would like to see with, with, with 3 the peace officers?

STEVEN BANKS: I have not, I know that body worn cameras was something that they... that the Local had wanted, it was something that, that we thought was a good idea and so we're moving ahead with it but I'm always happy to look at the recommendations, we have a very... you know very active labor management process with all of our locals... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...in which proposals are

made and, and reviewed so I'd be happy to look at

whatever they're putting forth.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, I'm just

looking at their recommendations right now and, and
you know... I mean this has been... I, I don't want to
kind of rehash everything that went into this
incident but I think that there's a fair consensus
that the actions by those two peace officers were,
were inappropriate and when I saw the body cam
footage which I, I did see which has the minutes
leading up to the video that, that we all saw
publicly what I saw was numerous exit ramps on, on

the road towards confrontation and, and these were
and I saw a lot of exit ramps that I mean you don't
have to reply on this but I saw, this is my opinion,
my interpretation, a lot of exit ramps that weren't
taken and, and that speaks to a lack of training in
my opinion and low and behold in my conversation with
237 which is the union that represents those two
peace officers they spoke to their lack of training
and their first recommendation is lack of formal and
effective training for HRA officers, HRA officers do
not attend an academy unlike every other group of
special officers in the city, the new officers are
provided I'll just read it; the new officers are
provided on the job training which consists of them
observing other officers at a particular site for one
year, the newly hired officers also receive two weeks
classroom training from an instructor who comes from
up state, we feel that this training is inadequate to
prepare the officers for a variety of difficult
circumstances and they confront or that confront in
carrying out their duties, they face individuals who
are all who are by all accounts in crisis while in
fact on a daily basis they manage to handle the, the
warious difficult circumstances with common sonso and

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

dignity we feel is not an adequate substitute for regular comprehensive training on how to handle etcetera. I don't endorse all of the rest of their statement which characterizes clients, but I think the jist of training is a structural issue. First off, HRA officers do not receive the same level of training that ACS peace officers or DHS peace officers receive, is that right?

STEVEN BANKS: I don't ... I don't necessarily agree with that, let me just say for the record what training they do get. HRA special officers, that's the title, receive 167 hours of training which includes the New York State of Divisional Criminal Justice Services requirements that incorporates HRA topics including de-escalation training, mental health for law enforcement, officer training, training for HRA policies and procedures and on the job training at a job center. The onboarding process is the same as a DHS since they all have civil service titles. Having said that as you know one of the first things that we announced was that we would be implementing a retraining on deescalation which we did, as I said I attended each ... I've attended the sessions that have been held, there

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	are ten more officers that need to be trained, I will
3	go to that as well… [cross-talk]
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
5	STEVEN BANKS:and that we are making
6	this an annual mandatory training for the peace
7	officers so while I disagree that they didn't receive
8	training, I agree that we need to do more training
9	and that's exactly why between, between December and
10	and the present we did we implemented a, a complete
11	retraining for these peace officers.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: How, how many peace
13	officers are there?
14	STEVEN BANKS: Approximately 100.
15	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: What would be the
16	down side of giving them the exact same training I,
17	I saw the, the training institute for the, the
18	training program for DHS peace officers at the
19	Bedford Avenue shelter in that Laurie was there
20	[cross-talk]
21	STEVEN BANKS: Yeah [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:you know what's the
23	down side I mean that's, that's a number of I mean
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that's... it's not the police academy but it's, it's

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

2 you know a high number of, of academy hours... [cross-3 talk]

STEVEN BANKS: Right, that's 200 and this is 167, there's also the… [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: But the... yeah but the difference being that... I think this 167 includes on the job training, right?

STEVEN BANKS: It, it does include some but as does the, the, the sort of situational training that DHS does but look we're always willing to look at anything... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

differences about that academy and, and what, what we're expecting HRA peace officers to do given the differences in the job responsibilities but again seven weeks in, wanted to retrain everybody and we'll continue to look at other things you, you all from this committee and beyond the committee have had very constructive ideas for us and I think we've been pretty transparent in not saying we're the repository of all knowledge, so I'm open, open to thinking about why you're asking me.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. The other thing that they mentioned has to do with staffing levels at HRA centers for peace officers and I... don't necessarily have to read all of this but when... so this, this particular center at Bergen Street took some of the volume from 500 Dekalb when 500 Dekalb closed so... this is a two-pronged question there's... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: Not, not exactly and I'm going to turn a little bit over to Administrator

Bonilla, but I think the center used to be a SNAP... it was a building in which... it was a SNAP center and we changed it into a job center... [cross-talk]

GRACE BONILLA: So, I think that it's important... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...and here's... and here's the reason why we should give a reason why for the record.

GRACE BONILLA: I think it's important to realize that the reforms that we've made on the SNAP side has allowed us to really look at efficiencies.

One of the things that we've been able to look at is space so that was the, the reason why we made the changes that we did in Brooklyn, right, for the

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 Dekalb job center where the incident happened the access to job center space did not change all that 3 much, it was really more of an effort to respond to 4 the lack of foot traffic on the SNAP side and I think 5 there's been some confusion about those two things. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right, some of the confusion stems from the fact that the Bergen Street 8 center is called the Dekalb Center, the Dekalb Center 9 and then 500 Dekalb was the one that was closed but... 10 11 [cross-talk] 12 STEVEN BANKS: That, that... [cross-talk] 13 GRACE BONILLA: Understandable... [cross-14 talk 15 STEVEN BANKS: ...that's, that's true... 16 [cross-talk] GRACE BONILLA: ...confusion, yes... [cross-17 18 talk STEVEN BANKS: That's true... 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: That's a little bit confusing but I... but... [cross-talk] 21 2.2 STEVEN BANKS: But, but just for the 23 record... 24 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah... [cross-talk]

Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS: Can I just say for the
3	record, the reason why we had to rearrange the
4	footprint in Brooklyn… [cross-talk]
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
6	STEVEN BANKS:was because the landlord
7	of the building where we had been operating the
8	Dekalb, Dekalb Center… [cross-talk]
9	GRACE BONILLA: Yes [cross-talk]
10	STEVEN BANKS:refused to give us an
11	extension while [cross-talk]
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: No month to month
13	[cross-talk]
14	STEVEN BANKS:while we while we
15	[cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: You couldn't get a
17	month to month [cross-talk]
18	STEVEN BANKS:we couldn't get any
19	extension while we wanted to… we wanted an extension
20	until we were able to open the brand-new Evergreen
21	Center that I think everybody is… [cross-talk]
22	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: But that's not for
23	another year?
24	STEVEN BANKS: Correct so we had this gap
25	and we said well we have 30 percent fewer clients

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 coming into SNAP centers let's reposition where our 3 SNAP centers are and move the Dekalb Center to what previously was the Bergen Center and we created... you know the complexity is we didn't want to call it Bergen because you... people used to go to Dekalb will 6 7 think of where's Dekalb but I get that it's on Bergen Street not Dekalb. 8 9

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challenge.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right... [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: And that's its own

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: And okay I just ... but according to 237 the 275 Bergen Street site's clientele rose from approximately 60 to 100 clients a day to approximately three to 350 a day, I... I'm assuming that, that you disagree with that.

STEVEN BANKS: We, we also... we disagree with that but also the security that had been at Dekalb moved to Bergen.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Well so they said the Dekalb site was manned by an HRA sergeant and three HRA officers and in contrast 275 with the additional clients only has an HRA sergeant and one HRA officer so according to them the two people that we all saw on camera were the only two peace officers working at

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 275 Bergen that day as opposed... two... so that would be two, two people one a sergeant and one an officer in 3 contrast to 500 Dekalb which prior to it's closing 4 5 had you know one sergeant and three officers so four 6 personnel... 7 STEVEN BANKS: So, so I think we can sort this out offline because... [cross-talk] 8 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk] 9 10 STEVEN BANKS: ...actually it's getting us to a place where I think we don't want to be that's 11 12 assuming that this matter should have been handled as a law enforcement matter, it should not have been 13 14 handled as a law enforcement matter, it should be ... it 15 should have been handled as a human matter as... of a 16 woman who was sitting on a floor because she was 17 tired because she was disgusted because she had the 18 challenge of being in an office with her child that shouldn't have resulted in... [cross-talk] 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Under... [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: ...this being dealt with as 21 2.2 a law enforcement matter. 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Understood, I mean...

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[cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS: So, I don't want to I
3	don't want [cross-talk]
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I and we could also
5	ask about where the supervisor was in this
6	conversation [cross-talk]
7	STEVEN BANKS: No, no [cross-talk]
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: The, the but the it
9	does… [cross-talk]
10	STEVEN BANKS: The supervisor was part of
11	this incident.
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: The supervisor not
13	the… not the… not the peace officer supervisor, I
14	mean the… [cross-talk]
15	STEVEN BANKS: Yes, the peace officer
16	supervisor was part of this incident [cross-talk]
17	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: No, no, I know I'm
18	saying I could also ask where the HRA supervisor was
19	in this incident.
20	STEVEN BANKS: At the time that the call
21	was made the supervisor the director had not been
22	involved in the interaction.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right, so that's a
24	protocol issue because that should have been the
25	person that came down first… [cross-talk]

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 STEVEN BANKS: Correct, correct... [cross-3 talk CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...to talk to a client... 4 5 [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: Correct... [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...rather than security but it does... it, it... if this is correct and I... you 8 said you disagree with the facts of this assertion 9 but if it does... I mean if, if a... if, if the security 10 personnel... if we're going to have security personnel 11 12 and they're better trained they should... they should 13 also be staffed in a way that doesn't ... mean they 14 should... means that they're not necessarily over 15 worked, I mean or that it's... that it's... that it's an 16 appropriate level of staffing and if, if they're 17 right that there were four people at 500 Dekalb and 18 there are two people at 275 Bergen and the, the client level went from 60 to 100 to three... 350 ... three 19 20 to 350 a day that's a huge, huge... there's a fivefold increase and I'm just... I'm just pointing out that 21 2.2 it's, it's... I'm not... I in no way think that this 23 should have been, or a similar situation should be a law enforcement experience but at the same time we 24

want to make sure that staffing levels are correct.

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 STEVEN BANKS: Right, I think that this 3 is probably best left as a labor management issue between us and Local 237... [cross-talk] 4 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 5 6 STEVEN BANKS: Obviously there was a 7 dispute about the disciplinary actions that I took, and I respect the, the union's role of contesting 8 actions that I took as a manager in, in... to, to 9 discipline these two officers... [cross-talk] 10 11 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] 12 STEVEN BANKS: ...I thought it was the 13 right thing to do and I don't want to get into sort 14 of the disputes about whether there were, were enough 15 staffing and that that, that was a factor here, I 16 don't believe that, that this was a law enforcement 17 matter, it should have been dealt with as a human 18 being matter. 19 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so to that 20 point then what, what's the protocol for civilian staff or you know non-peace officer staff, their 21 2.2 interaction with a matter that, that warrants their

attention in, in the waiting room, if there's... if

there's a client who is saying look, I've, I've... I...

you know I came in... this is ... something is wrong here,

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1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	I want to speak to a supervisor, I mean she… I saw
3	her on the… on the body cam say I would like to spea
4	to a supervisor… [cross-talk]
5	STEVEN BANKS: Right, it [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: How come what's the
7	protocol for that person to be able to speak to a
8	supervisor?
9	STEVEN BANKS: She should have been able
LO	to speak to a supervisor, but the challenge of that
L1	particular incident is that it already had become a
L2	law enforcement matter and that's why we changed the
L3	protocol that if a client is having a an issue that
L 4	the NYPD should not be called unless there's a healt.
L5	and safety matter. Let's not forget [cross-talk]
L 6	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Be sorry but be
L7	[cross-talk]
L8	STEVEN BANKS: If, if I could just
L 9	finish [cross-talk]
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah
21	STEVEN BANKS: Let's not forget that the
22	presenting problem that made it become a law
23	enforcement matter was that she was sitting on the
24	floor, I don't think that [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah, I... [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS:the work if I could just
3	finish.
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Sure.
5	STEVEN BANKS: I don't think that a
6	worker would have seen that as a defiant act, and I
7	think that's what part of the challenge here was
8	which is why we have changed the protocol to not have
9	matters escalate into law enforcement matters.
10	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, I can only
11	assume that she had asked to see a supervisor before
12	the NYPD showed up.
13	STEVEN BANKS: I, I, I do not want to I
14	don't there are matters that are under disciplinary
15	proceedings about who asked what when, there are
16	matters that are under litigation about who asked
17	what, what when, there was a request to see a
18	supervisor, it was being addressed and then the
19	matter escalated into a law enforcement matter.
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so, so then it
21	can been conveyed I'm just wondering what the
22	protocol is so… [cross-talk]
23	STEVEN BANKS: To let her see a
24	supervisor.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah...

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

2 STEVEN BANKS: That's the protocol.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so if somebody walks in... and they've been there for three hours, something is not working right, she... starting to... you know starting to get nervous that you... your case won't be resolved by the end of the day you might have to take another day off of work, a new job, I mean it's a really difficult situation so now you say I would like to speak to a supervisor and, and that will happen?

STEVEN BANKS: That's the protocol that was in the process of happening on that particular day.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: What's the process if the supervisor is not... you know if a manager is not... is not actually there that day?

we've... Administrator Bonilla and I have put in place
a, a protocol that makes it clear that if there are
client issues the director or the deputy director
should be involved and as we've indicated at the five
pilot centers we're going to add social worker
staffing to see if all of this can create new models
for us to approach these kinds of things that clients

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

raise with us because it's a... it's understandable
that issues may arise from time to time.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so the social workers are, are a pilot right now...

STEVEN BANKS: We've announced today that we're going to be implementing this pilot, it's going to require conversation with Local 371 and then we'll move forward as expeditiously as possible.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay and have you determined what would be required in terms of resources to, to implement it across the system?

STEVEN BANKS: We're going to... the reason why we want to implement it as a pilot is to see what's effective and then depending on what's effective, we'll make a determination about what the scale that would be needed would be.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so depending on what the scale is would you be willing to commit to a, a, a new needs request for social workers to go throughout the system depending on... but I don't want, want to say what that exactly is in terms of how big the... how big a, a workforce that needs to be but a scale... a scaled up allocation?

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 STEVEN BANKS: Obviously I have the ... we 3 had the commitment at the agency to implement this 4 pilot and we have the support to move forward with it and let's see what the results are and then we'll 5 determine... [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: How long... [cross-8 talkl STEVEN BANKS: ...whether... [cross-talk] 9 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...is the pilot for? 10 STEVEN BANKS: It's being announced for 11 12 the first time today. 13 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay because it's February 4th... 14 15 STEVEN BANKS: Yes... 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Preliminary budget is 17 coming out in a couple of days, we're going to have hearings then we're going to have an exec budget then 18 we're going to have adoption sometime in the middle 19 20 of June, can we try to see if that can be a scaled-up version by adoption or is that too quick? I'm just... I 21 2.2 don't... [cross-talk] 23 STEVEN BANKS: Scaled up or a pilot? CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Scaled up, I mean the 24 25 pilot is happening so... [cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS: Oh no, the pilot… let's
3	make the record clear, I'm just filing under oath, I
4	announced the pilot today, I'm going to have a sit
5	down with that partner over there, Anthony Wells to
6	work through how it's going to operate then we're
7	going to have to operationalize it then I'm going to
8	have to hire people consistent with the Civil
9	Services law then I'm going to have to train them
10	then I'm going to have to put them in place. I think
11	the next time I'm going to see for certain is mid-
12	March… [cross-talk]
13	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah, I don't think
14	it's going to be ready by mid-March.
15	STEVEN BANKS: I don't think I'm going
16	[cross-talk]
17	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: But we… [cross-talk]
18	STEVEN BANKS:to have results by the
19	end of March.
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: But we have an
21	executive budget hearing in mid-May so that's all I':
22	saying.
23	STEVEN BANKS: We're [cross-talk]
24	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: And we have a full,

you know three-week negotiation... budget negotiation

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 that new need... that, that... you know new funding... 3 [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: We're, we're clearly 4 committed to do this... [cross-talk] 5 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yep... [cross-talk] 6 7 STEVEN BANKS: ...and we're going to make it work because we think it's the right for our staff 8 and for our clients. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, just a couple questions about wait times here. The survey that was 11 12 put out by Safety Net Project today shows wait times 13 that are according to their client surveys much, much 14 higher, an average of 3.13 hours for job centers 15 which is down, you know so dually acknowledged down 16 from 3.5 in 2014 and 2.78 for SNAP centers but 17 obviously that is very different from HRA's numbers 18 so I'm just wondering why would that be? STEVEN BANKS: I'd have to look at the 19 20 report but again in the SNAP world 87 percent of the recerts, of the applications and recertifications are 21 2.2 happening online... [cross-talk] 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah but there's

still 13... I mean I'm just... [cross-talk]

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2 STEVEN BANKS: ...I'd have to... I'd have to 3 look at the report... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk]

reason why we've been trying to do what we've been doing in the SNAP only side which is move to telephone interviews, now more than 90 percent of the interviews by telephone and all this is to avoid people coming into the offices and we'll have to take ea look at the report. As I said I spoke very highly, and I continue to… we'll continue to speak highly of the Safety Net Activists group, and we will look at the report and sit down with them and see what we can learn from it to make reforms going forward.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk]

GRACE BONILLA: I just want to highlight one conversation that we had with our staff just last week. One of the critical things that we need to do as an agency as management is really build awareness around ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA, more than on one occasion we've heard from... case managers have said, you know the minute I go out there and I tell people, you know if you have an account you can actually upload this document you came in for they either

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 leave or they're like oh my goodness I didn't know about this, right, so we're taking that very 3 seriously, there are mechanisms that we have right 4 now where we can bring down that wait time which is why we're starting a campaign in March to build 6 awareness around ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA. CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, I just, just... 8 but it's... I'm, I'm curious in how we're calculating 9 wait times. When... so, so Jasmine's case she had two 10 separate issues she was seeing, she was following up 11 12 on, on, on PA obviously they're related, they're kind 13 of one in the same, child care is dependent upon PA 14 so was her... some data as, as a hypothetical is that 15 case... is, is each individual wait time is that ... is 16 that... is that two wait times or is it one wait time 17 for her? 18 STEVEN BANKS: Again without... I want to be careful to not get in... [cross-talk] 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Hypothetical... [crosstalk] 21 2.2 STEVEN BANKS: ...case but... well it's... 23 [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Hypothetical.

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 STEVEN BANKS: It's a real situation so 3 my... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, but, but it 4 5 presents a... it presents an... let's put it... let's put it in the realm of hypothetical... [cross-talk] 6 7 STEVEN BANKS: No, no I'll answer your question... [cross-talk] 8 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...a client... a client 9 has two cases like the... they're there for, for two 10 separate things is their wait time then aggregated or 11 12 is their wait time per thing? 13 STEVEN BANKS: Right in that case... in that case she was actually there for one thing which 14 15 was the child care problem because she was seen by a 16 screener if you will to figure out what was going on 17 and it was determined that she needed to see a, a, a... 18 see a... see a child care specialist but I think to go back to the answers... [cross-talk] 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: To see a... I'm sorry, correct, it, it was determined that she went to see 21 2.2 the child care specialist, it was determined that she 23 should see a PA specialist?

STEVEN BANKS: No.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: No. She went there
3	[cross-talk]
4	STEVEN BANKS: She came in to be seen
5	because she said my case is closed, I have a problem
6	and then it was determined oh, you need to see a
7	child care specialist.
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay.
9	STEVEN BANKS: So that was her that was
10	the experience but I think to go back to Council
11	Member Gibson's question is pretty instructive here,
12	someone is going to come in on a recertification face
13	to face, we want that to not have to be something you
14	have to come to the office, that's what we did for
15	[cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah [cross-talk]
17	STEVEN BANKS:food stamps [cross-
18	talk]
19	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I mean we all agree
20	about that like there's nobody… [cross-talk]
21	STEVEN BANKS:but during the [cross-
22	talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:show of hands who
24	agrees with everybody agrees with that, yeah.

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STEVEN BANKS: Right. During the face to face it's determined that the person is in rent arrears, right, rather than have the person come back to have the rent arrears case be dealt with we think it's wise to send them to a specialist who can try to deal with all the issues around rent arrears so that's going to take not a single appointment then there are other people that are going to come in for one thing and they're going to be in, in and out on their one thing that they're doing and so if it's on the SNAP side it's an average of less than 30 minutes and if it's on the... on the cash side its... [cross—talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: So, we don't count our wait times together even if people are there for multiple things on a day, their wait time is, is broken up into how long they're waiting to see each individual?

STEVEN BANKS: Because we're trying to actually manage how each of those processes are working and how long it's taking for, for different processes to work.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, will HRA phone agents take a complaint if the wait time for a single

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 transaction is less than two hours? Well, another 3 question... [cross-talk] STEVEN BANKS: Infoline will take 4 complaints on a broad range of issues, I don't know... 5 I'm not familiar with what exactly you're asking me. 6 I can tell you... [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: If, if somebody wants 8 to call say I want to ... I want to make a complaint 9 10 about a wait time it was an hour and 37 minutes would 11 that complaint be taken and logged? 12 GRACE BONILLA: So, as the former Deputy Commissioner over the Office of Constituent Affairs 13 14 we are under obligation to take absolutely every 15 single complaint so that would be ... that would be tracked. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. Okay, a very 18 high percentage of people in the Safety Net Project survey said that their calls to HRA were never or 19 20 rarely answered. It's... again shows signs of improvement, in 2014 it was 86 percent now it's 64 21 2.2 percent but that's two thirds... 23 STEVEN BANKS: Again, I think that's 24 exactly why we need to move the cash world onto

online and on demand interviews because... [cross-talk]

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I feel the same way. 3 What, what is the ... so, so what, what do we have to do 4 to make that happen? STEVEN BANKS: So, recertifications are, 5 are going to be... that's part of the campaign that 6 Administrator Bonilla referred to, to encourage 7 clients to recertify online, we have a demonstration... 8 a pilot running in the Bronx to show the state that 9 applications can be appropriately processed and then 10 11 we have other things that we want to do in the same 12 way we've done for SNAP to try to cut down on the 13 need to come to the center for other kinds of things 14 like the face to face interviews, a whole range of 15 different appointments that are required and our goal 16 is to cut down the number of appointments. 17 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Required by whom? 18 STEVEN BANKS: Required by the state and by the federal government. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so we need state law change or state administrator change? 21 STEVEN BANKS: 2.2 It depends... 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: For the ones that are

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at the city...

STEVEN BANKS: Some are... some are procedures that, that need approval, and some are laws that need to be made.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, are there... is there legislation put forward in the current legislative session on those matters that need to be done through legislation?

that's before the state is the one you are working on with us which is to deal with housing stability support which would have the beneficial effect of eliminating the rent arrears or, or mitigating I should say the rent arrears traffic which is a big issue for people to come to centers and also pressure on the staff so that would be a significant change for us, it would have a dramatic impact on people having to come to centers.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right but we... you know we have this opportunity in the current legislative session so, you know it'd be good to see... be good to know what... which, which issues are dependent upon state law and, and make sure that those are at least part of the conversation up there, it may not get passed but you know we should be able

Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	to have we should be able to have a champion up
3	there who's, who's able to take these issues on, we
4	have a state senate with 37 39 member, a democration
5	body so, you know one would think that that would
6	and, and a lot of that is obviously from, from the
7	city so we would we would hope that these issues
8	would resonate with, with that those caucuses.
9	STEVEN BANKS: Right, I should say we
LO	have a, a very productive working relationship
L1	working relationship with OTDA [cross-talk]
L2	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
L3	STEVEN BANKS:and why don't we set up a
L 4	time to brief you on some of the… [cross-talk]
L5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Great [cross-talk]
L 6	STEVEN BANKS:things that are beyond
L7	the ability of our working relationship with OTDA to
L8	address, again I think they've been a good partner
L 9	with us on many issues.
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, I'll pass it
21	over to Council Member Gibson for further questions.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: I'll be quick
23	because I know we still have more of the hearing.
24	Language access I know is something that we all are

very cognizant of and prioritizing and I don't

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remember who but someone... oh, one of the attorney's referenced a client who went into a center where Spanish was her primary language and so obviously I throw that out to make sure especially on behalf of the Bronx that that's something that we're very aware of and I wanted to ask a number of the issues that we hear constantly about that's also in the safety net report is reducing documentation errors. So, if you have the mobile app, if you go to one of the kiosks you're given a receipt either a, a hard receipt or you're given an email confirmation outside of that when you go to the centers and you visit with a case worker are the clients given any sort of receipt or any documentation to substantiate that they did provide it? So, there are many instances where clients will tell us that the documents were lost, they were never received, someone else has them, I don't have them, etcetera, etcetera so how are we dealing with streamlining that process?

GRACE BONILLA: So, to answer the first part of your question, language access, it certainly has been a priority for many years to make sure that language access is something we're addressing as an agency, it's a priority of the city as you can see

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from before the administration to this administration, we've added a number of languages, our staff is trained consistently on providing language access, I, I urge any advocate that's in the room to please bring this to our attention because it is something that we have been drilling down in the agency for years. On the instance of, do people walk away with anything where they come in, yes, they should. A case worker should say you provided the following documents to us and they should walk... that is definitely the policy, if that is not happening, we definitely want to hear about that as well. The reason why opening up an, an... and I sound like a broken record but the reason why opening an ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA account is important is because whether you give it to the case worker, whether you're uploading it you will see what you handed in and that is going to be like the best verification that you can have on what you handed in and the agency in the various ways that we have to submit documentation.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, the Bronx cash assistant pilot that started last July, not been a year yet but you indicated in your testimony there

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were 14 CBOs that you're working with so each of those CBOs has a HRA staff assigned to work at the CBO or is that the CBO's responsibility and I would also hope now not knowing the 14 CBOs but I can think of a number in my district that cover my zip codes and hoping that they are involved because we're trying to prevent clients from going to the centers in the first place, we're trying to streamline a process but we also have other CBOs that do a lot of this work as well so if we can send them there they won't have to sit at an office for hours on, on a given time.

GRACE BONILLA: Uh-huh, one... I mean one of the things that we know about many of our, our clients is that they find resources in many, many different areas, right, one of them is definitely the CBO world... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Uh-huh... [cross-talk]

GRACE BONILLA: ...the beauty of the pilot is to empower CBOs while they're working on whatever else they're doing with those... with those clients whether it's child care or youth development whatever it is that they're doing and they're like wait a

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

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24 talk]

minute, do you need to apply for cash assistance through HRA let me help you with that application, right, so that is what we're testing; what does it look like when an HRA worker doesn't need to necessarily help someone apply for cash assistance. The reality is that because those clients also need to have a face to face, they're still walking into an HRA job center, but we have found with the pilot is that the quality of the application is better because they're doing it A, with a trusted individual and B, with some assistance. So, that's what we're hoping to prove to the state so we could expand this pilot to the very organizations that you're probably thinking

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: And what's the time frame the state has given you to evaluate the pilot?

about that are not doing it currently.

GRACE BONILLA: We are... we're still in conversations with the state, we're having a much larger conversation post this, this incident... [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay... [cross-

2 GRACE BONILLA: ...to really look

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comprehensively at where we really need to be more aggressive with our partnership with OTDA so that we can expand some of the access on other services not just this pilot.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay and my last question as we move on is the Local Law 175 Commissioner that talks about the training for implicit bias and discrimination and cultural competency, I think a number of other agencies are also looking in it as well, I think about DOE and our teachers and educators and there's a deadline of 2020, mid-July to do that and I wanted to understand the content and the actual curriculum so as I mentioned my office is right next door understanding the life of what a client goes through but also the life of what a case worker goes through. There are many late nights, I'm leaving my district office and HRA is still there and case workers are still there and going through thee inordinate amount of cases every single day and you know I, I put this on the perspective of what we're doing with cure violence, how we respond to violence from a holistic perspective and we take care of that family that's

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traumatized but we also take care of the worker that's also traumatized as well because it's not easy to spend eight hours of your day dealing with a number of client cases and go home and have to return the next day. The same thing for clients too, to spend five hours of your day, you know dealing with this and you have to go back to work the next day so again I look at it from both perspectives because it's hard to fill both of those shoes. So, my question is in the curriculum of this training that we're doing are we looking at it from both perspectives so we want everyone to have common decency and courtesy and served with honor and integrity and basic respectfulness of who we are as human beings but are we looking at it from both perspectives because I know you alluded Commissioner that it's not easy to deliver bad news but it's also the delivery in how you deliver that news as well that does make a difference so I want to understand how you're doing this implementation and what can we expect by the deadline?

STEVEN BANKS: I, I think... I agree with all of your concerns and all the points that you're making, the implicit bias training that we announced

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that we'd be rolling out, we're moving forward expeditiously to have the appropriate vendor to do it and it is very much focused on the worker. For example, in just the de-escalation training that I went to that we just rolled out for retraining for our peace officers, you know one of the important messages we want to give you the tools to be able to do the job that we're asking you to do every day on the front lines and so that's certainly a perspective in all the training that we're... that I described in the testimony today that our staff are on the front lines every day, they're dedicated and they're also in situations that are very stressful for them too in the same way that they're very stressful for the clients.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, thank you, thank you Chair.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Council

Member Gibson. So, Commissioner and Administrator I

just have a, a few more questions here and then I'll

let... I'll let you go. First off, I want to say I, I

didn't... I didn't mean to imply that we should do away

with the ability for parents to leave their children

if they deem that fit in a... you know as is currently

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practiced I just think that we should be augmenters, people should have the option of being able to stay there with their, their children and particularly children that are not necessarily potty trained and then secondly just as a... as a follow up, while we agree and wholeheartedly support all the efforts to get as many applications and recertifications and document uploading's done online, people still want to be able to reach somebody when they call on the phone particularly those that are not tech savvy and the number on the... I mean that should be a, a red flag for anybody that number in the 64 percent saying that they, you know either never or usually can't get somebody on the phone and that's, that's a real problem...

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

STEVEN BANKS: Right, we'll, we'll take a look at that, we have complaint procedures, we have a number of processes, I want to understand what that's referring to... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...and see what we can do to address this...

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Because I mean I can speak for myself whenever I have to like, you know

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call an automated service the first thing I do is dial zero like a thousand times because I want to speak to an operator because going through an automated service usually does not get me as a customer the information that I want or need.

know I, I had testified about in the last budget process was our capital investment in basically HRA one number to combine a whole range of different ways that people contact us to try to make it more streamlined for people and we can talk more about the status of that following the hearing.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: But we understand... the

technology changes we're trying to put in place with

one number is addressed to, to, I think... I think what

the safety net activists are raising but I want to

take a closer look at their report too.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. Local Law 20 of 2018 requires DSS to display in the job centers information on how to make a complaint and requires the department to issue a tracking number to track the status of the complaint.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	GRACE BONILLA: We certainly do have the
3	number up in every center, there is a tracking number
4	that's associated with every compliant.
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, if you will
6	can, can contract that tracking number, there's a wa
7	for them to figure out what the status is?
8	GRACE BONILLA: There is a way to yeah
9	[cross-talk]
LO	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right, you type in
L1	the tracking number online and or you I don't know.
L2	how, how do you track it?
L3	GRACE BONILLA: I would actually have to
L 4	go I'm sorry, I'm going to have to get back to you
L5	on that, I know there's a tracking number, how
L 6	clients use it is something I'd have to get back to
L7	you on.
L8	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Is it on the do you
L9	know if it's on the ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA app or
20	something like that or
21	GRACE BONILLA: It's not on the
22	ACOMMITTEE CLERKESS HRA app.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, we should
24	figure out how to, you know do that you know UPS or
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USPS or FedEx or what have you.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	GRACE BONILLA: We'll get back to you
3	[cross-talk]
4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:Amazon whatever
5	Office of Constituent Affairs how do they HRA's
6	Office of Constituent Affairs how do they receive
7	complaints and what do they do with the complaints
8	when the receive them?
9	GRACE BONILLA: So, complaints are
LO	received through Infoline as well as, as the Office
L1	of Constituent Services, they are tracked in a
L2	separate system, those complaints go to job centers
L3	to respond to, sometimes they're just inquiries
L 4	they're not necessarily complaints I believe that if.
L5	just to have a stat we get about 50,000 calls
L 6	inquiries a week and out of those about 4,000 of the
L7	are questions about Medicaid, many of those calls
L8	[cross-talk]
L9	STEVEN BANKS: About 1,000 [cross-talk]
20	GRACE BONILLA: About 1,000 many of
21	those calls are answer… are inquiries so they're
22	answered by our IVRS system [cross-talk]
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh [cross-talk]
24	GRACE BONILLA:but that's how that's

how we track complaints they go to the center, we

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

work off the complaints, there's a reporting
mechanism and a tracking mechanism to the resolution.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: How... what if a complaint needs to get resolved in real time or needs to be at least addressed in real time, how, how do clients do that?

GRACE BONILLA: If they get a live person at Infoline it's usually... that person can go to their supervisor and its escalated up to either a director or other leaders in the program if it's an emergency.

able to get to somebody obviously so... it's my understanding that sanctions have been... or were suspended was that... was that subsequent to, to the Jazmine, Jazmine Headley incident or no?

STEVEN BANKS: No, the, the... we advocated for and the state passed it, I think I testified to it a law that eliminated durational sanctions in New York City and the state has recently provided us with direction to begin the sanction process again but without the durational sanction requirement, it provides a cure provision which is what we and legal aid and, and other groups had asked... advocated for in legislation.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Do, do... so that was a temporary... you know reprieve from sanctions... [crosstalk]

STEVEN BANKS: Right, the state... the state had directed us after the law passed to refrain from sanctions pending guidance about how to implement non-durational sanctions for the cure provision and we've just... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: ...recently been given that directive.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Do we expect an increase in the demand on HRA centers from clientele as a result of sanctions being reimplemented?

we have no WEP anymore which was a big driver of sanctions and we think that we have better programs now and we have reasonable combinations in a much different level than we had for people with disabilities and that was a big driver of sanctions we thought so I think with the number of the changes we've put in place we, we are... we're ready to, to implement the state's guidance and again I think the

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

key is that the state law provides a cure provision which was never there before.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh...

STEVEN BANKS: And we think that was a really important change which we advocated for along with legal aid and others.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, so we've heard complaints from constituents that they have to go to a center repeatedly for the same reason submitting the same request or being turned away due to allegedly having incorrect documentation, later HRA or even hearing officers are skeptical that attempts were made and there's no receipt given for those attempts so can you speak to why no receipts are given when someone has to go for... or when someone goes to present incorrect documentation for example or they, they go to present the documentation its incorrect there's no receipt given for that interaction and then... and then they may get... [crosstalk]

GRACE BONILLA: So, as a point of clarification are you saying that we will ask for a particular document, the client may come in with the

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 wrong document and they do not get a receipt for 3 wrong document? CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: They don't get a 4 receipt for their interaction and so then it's... so 5 then later on a hearing officer or other HRA staff 6 will say well we don't have a record of you coming in, they say no I came in, I tried but I had the 8 wrong documents. 9 10 GRACE BONILLA: They should get a receipt for their visit... [cross-talk] 11 12 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Any visit should get 13 a receipt? 14 GRACE BONILLA: Any visit should get a 15 receipt as... and, and they will... and once the 16 interaction is done the, the, the receipt should be 17 given, that... again if that is not happening, we 18 definitely want to hear about that. CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. We'll, we'll 19 20 communicate where we've heard that from. 21 STEVEN BANKS: I mean again I would just ... 2.2 to amplify Administrator Bonilla's answer, the whole 23 reason... one of the whole reasons to create the receipt system or ticket system is, you know from my 24

life at legal aid and everybody's life in the room

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

probably client says I was there, agency says no you
weren't but if you get a ticket it says yeah, I was
there and that was the... that was the... one of the
points of putting in place the ticketing system.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Can you describe auto posting and the reason policy... [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: We eliminated it.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: You eliminated it?

STEVEN BANKS: Yep.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay...

STEVEN BANKS: By the way I don't mean to just roll over that, this was something that had been a huge problem where the system called auto posting was put in place that presumed that the case would close and then the worker was put in the position of having to rush to reopen it, it added a tremendous amount of, of work for workers and a tremendous amount of harm for clients, it was one of the reasons why when we first engaged with our unions that we said you know these reforms are both pro-client and pro-worker which is why it created the extra work for workers to both close the case and then reopen the case so we eliminated auto posting.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. And then
3	[cross-talk]
4	STEVEN BANKS: Is somebody saying that
5	it's still in effect?
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm sorry?
7	STEVEN BANKS: Is somebody saying it's
8	still in effect?
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm not sure just
LO	STEVEN BANKS: Okay.
L1	_
	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: So, my last question
L2	is something that, that Jazmine had brought up in her
L3	testimony which was why it's why it's the policy to
L 4	have a recipient of benefits see different people,
L5	you know for, for, for instance in the case… in her
L6	case, I mean as a as a hypothetical child care
L7	and PA why is it why would that require it's one
L8	it's one system, I mean I can understand maybe SNAP
L9	being a different system and but even, even that
20	doesn't I don't quite understand why it's why one
21	worker can't have the ability to work on an
22	individual's entire case as opposed to going and
23	seeing multiple people even if those wait times are,

are not counted consecutively or aggregated it still

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 means that people have to wait for multiple 3 appointments. STEVEN BANKS: I think... you know when I 4 was... I listened to her testimony very carefully on 5 that point and I think, you know she ... essentially she 6 7 was testifying in favor of a... of a universal worker that cuts across many different functions in the 8 agency some of those functions are specialized, some 9 of those functions are handled by different unions 10 but I listened very carefully to her testimony and I 11 12 think we'll certainly take a look at what can be done with all of those issues in terms of expertise versus 13 14 titles versus other things. 15 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh, okay... 16 STEVEN BANKS: I, I listened very 17 carefully to what she had to say. 18 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, again we'd hope that it would... that's something that could... that 19 could have a real benefit on, on client's experience. 20 21 STEVEN BANKS: Right but I, I'd... I want 2.2 to... I want to just... [cross-talk] 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Its challenging...

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[cross-talk]

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	STEVEN BANKS:make sure the record is
3	clear on what I said there are issues around
4	expertise… [cross-talk]
5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: And [cross-talk]
6	STEVEN BANKS:there are issues around
7	title… [cross-talk]
8	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yep [cross-talk]
9	STEVEN BANKS:and there are issues
LO	around, around representation.
L1	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh.
L2	STEVEN BANKS: And all of those are
L3	complex but we have certainly addressed a lot of
L 4	complex problems over the last five years.
L5	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I sorry, I was
L 6	mistaken, I do have one more question.
L7	STEVEN BANKS: Okay.
L8	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Would you be in favor
L 9	of having staff where some type of identification so
20	that people know who it is that they were talking to
21	eliminate some confusion on the backend?
22	GRACE BONILLA: Again, this is one of the
23	areas where the policy is that staff is supposed to
24	identify themselves again if that is not happening,

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 we definitely want to hear about it. So, if they're ... 3 [cross-talk] CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk] 4 GRACE BONILLA: ...having an issue with a 5 staff member who refuses to give their name for, for 6 7 example we want to hear about that. CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right, okay, I mean 8 having a badge or a name tag of some kind is that 9 something that would be ... is that something that would 10 have be negotiated with unions or is that something 11 12 that HRA could implement? 13 STEVEN BANKS: I think it would be good 14 for us to take your question under advisement and 15 leave our labor management relations to that process. 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Great, okay, I think 17 it's something that would... that would make a lot of 18 sense so that people can say I was talking to Mr. Davis and you know he told me XYZ. 19 20 STEVEN BANKS: As I think Administrator Bonilla said the policy is to identify oneself and 21 2.2 there are... you know there are a range of different 23 labor management issues involved here, the... we will again take into account issues that may be raised by 24

you or by the safety net activist report.

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Identify themselves 3 if asked or identify themselves if not asked? GRACE BONILLA: Usually their names are 4 by their desk so they shouldn't have to be asked... 5 [cross-talk] 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Uh-huh... [cross-talk] GRACE BONILLA: Again, not happening we 8 want to hear about it. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... 11 STEVEN BANKS: Just to emphasize that 12 last point, so Administrator Bonilla and I go out to 13 offices, one of the things that we find to be 14 important is actually to go to people at their desk 15 and thank them for the work they're doing on the 16 front lines and talk to them about their experience 17 and I can... I don't know the name of all the thousands 18 of workers, but the name is right there, and I see it so if there are other issues that are arising so the 19 20 clients don't know those names, we're going to take a look at that. 21 2.2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you. I do want 23 to just say that you know I, I do believe that the vast majority of, of HRA staff out there in the 24

centers, you know are doing this because they want to

help people, they're professionals, they have a lot
of experience and, and they generally care about the
clientele and in my experience going to centers
myself with clients which I've done they've been
treated courteously and, and offered help and
assistance. With that said we have got to do better,
and this administration has made great strides and I
commend you for that and a lot of that has been in
collaboration with our union partners and, and, and a
lot of good things have come. This is one area where
we still need to work hard at this, I intend to be
here for another two years and ten months 11 months,
I hope you all are too and, and I think I hope
Anthony is as well and I hope that not to be
political but I, I hope that, that we have the
opportunity and can demonstrate our commitment to
making clients experience better, that people feel
respected more respected and, and that ultimately
we're achieving the objective that I think we all
share of helping New Yorkers who need a helping hand
get the assistance that they have a right to, that
they have a right to and that they deserve. So, with
that… [cross-talk]

STEVEN BANKS: Thank you... [cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...I will leave... do any of my colleagues have any other comments?

STEVEN BANKS: So, so thank you very much and I, I just want to... appreciate... I appreciate the acknowledgment of how much we've done but I want you and everyone to hear our commitment to do more, our commitment to do more because we need to do more, we will do more.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Alright, thank you very much. Okay, we are going to call up our first panel and this is a panel from Safety Net Activists; Brenda Riley; John Otrompke and Ebony Anderson, that is the first panel. Okay, whoever wants to begin you may begin.

BRENDA RILEY: Hello, my name is Brenda
Riley, I'm a passionate yet dedicated person with
the… member of the Safety Net Activists at the Urban
Justice Center. The reason I'm here before you today
is that I have a responsibility to raise my
grandchildren who reside with me and receive HRA
benefits. Our house… our household income is limited.
I'm currently experiencing the real possibility of
homelessness for the first time as I speak, from a
home that I've lived for the past 16 years. My family

and I are growing faces of marginalized poor people
who can't get the need of housing subsidies and are
excluded from access approval. Due to my destitute
state of affairs and lack of ability to pay my rent
and other bills don't get paid, the pay Paul and
forget Peter is my syndrome. I had to visit my
assigned job center which is Clinton Hill in November
or October of last year to resubmit my
granddaughter's school letter and request payment for
my utility. The school letter had been submitted
numerous times, over and over again. My
granddaughter in my granddaughters' behalf she could
not attend this next meeting that I would have to go
to. So, she could not go due to the concerns of her
school saying that she had been out too many days
trying to get this resolved. Oh god so I carried
with me a letter from my doctor because I'm
permanently disabled, my social security ID and my
benefit card her benefit card to try and resolve the
issues at hand and to document the needs for special
accommodations, I was told by security if I was not
able to be to be online I couldn't be processed and
would have to leave. Understandably I was in crisis
so I stood until the pain caused notable sweating and

the clients online assisted me in telling me to sit
down while I could be seen by intake. In addition, I
had to sit from ten a.m. to 2:30 p.m. causing
additional pain. When I left the HRA Office my last
20 dollars had to be spent on a cab service. I tried
walking two blocks to the nearest bus service but
couldn't make it. Seniors nor people with
disabilities should never be treated in such a
disrespectful manner. Two days later, of being bed
ridden I had to visit my doctor; the medication that
I was taking for the pain wasn't working. I began to
have pains in my chest and in my back and, and my
knee, I've had a replacement knee, that's another
whole story. The reason I stand before you today is,
I felt strongly about the mistreatment and this type
of treatment has already previously it had already
previously occurred to me. Since then I've been
actively advocating to reform the way clients are
being treated and wait time in the HRA Offices
through Safety Net Activists. To hear of horror
stories of mistreatment that makes my testimony small
and now the reason we are still… we are here because
its escalated. Thank you for allowing me the
opportunity to ask those who lead to request change,

to look at the regulations and program changes that
can enhance costs to the to the rather the to
enhance costs rather than to increase in medical,
housing and other streams that increase when people
in our communities are ignored until it becomes an
epidemic. In our coming in our coming together we
collaboratively can bring about change for
marginalized people's lives for centuries to come. We
have this opportunity and we should take very good,
well knowledge and comprehension thoughts about what
we are going to do and today I will commend all of
you because you have given human thought and that's
more important than anything else that will happen to
another individual, I don't think anyone purposely
wanted to be mine came as a result of my, my husband
having cancer and died and it just changed my life. I
just felt that bill number 2019-3, 3648, 3653, 3661,
3662 and 3667 are all things that need to change. The
Safety Net Activists at Urban Justice Center supports
this administrative code of requests that the city
and the New York and New York try to amend the
current standing policies of reporting the use of
force in Human Services Administration Offices by
Alicka Ampry-Samuel Adrienne and these mosple I

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want to bring thought to; Adrienne Adams and Laurie

Cumbo and others. The current standing of regulations

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4 to reporting the use of force incidents occurred in

5 the Department of Social Services and Human Resources

6 Administration Office is at best antiquated at best

and overall the history has left many people harmed

8 in humane... inhumane ways. After carefully

9 collaboratively in discussions, it is our hope these

10 newly request in plans would be ... will assist clients

11 and staff and security in the de-escalation in

12 incurred situations to ways to deal with the state of

13 trauma related issues that hostility between security

14 staff and people seeking help are done with. Thank

15 you for your encountering and allowing me to speak

16 regarding the treatment of clients and to have

17 collaborative input to develop new ways for security

18 and staff to treat people already traumatized by

19 needing help to be more respectful and professional

20 while assisting people in job centers across New York

21 City. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much

23 Miss Riley, thank you.

[applause]

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Oh, please, please turn on the, the red light should be on. There you go.

JOHN OTROMPKE: Is, is that better?

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: That's better.

JOHN OTROMPKE: Great, so my name is John Otrompke and I am here representing the Safety Net Activists that... which are associated with the Urban Justice Center. I recently applied for cash assistance and food stamps with HRA when I sought shelter at the 30th Street men's shelter, which I think used to be the ... part of the Bellevue Psychiatric Hospital which was around May of 2017. So, you have... you have my statements, you have my, my paper statement which only echo what other folks have said but when I was listening to some of the other speakers, I had a couple of other ideas which I thought that I might bring up to you. One of them is that Miss Headley I think had proposed that what if there were an individual... everybody had their own unique individual case manager at HRA and it... and it kind of echoes something that I thought for a while which is that it might be very helpful for example if I had access to sort of a really dedicated career

counselor. I had personally I had been a freelance
medical journalist which I still am but I had been
self-sufficient up until maybe some time a couple
years after the recession so up until around 2009 or
so but after that my business as a freelance medical
journalist trailed off quite a bit, dropped by
perhaps 50 percent or more so that's one thing I've
often thought is that if I had access to a personal
career counselor could help me become more self-
sufficient and also arguably serve as a benefit to
HRA to help reduce any burden I may pose to HRA. I
know there are some career counselors at the Science
Industry and Business Library who speak there several
times a week but one thing that I've experienced with
them is that if you want to get any really valuable
information out of them or valuable personal advice,
they start to want to charge you money. I think it
was quoted 125 dollars an hour or something by one of
these career counselors so which unfortunately I
cannot afford right now but the other thing that
occurred to me was when I was listening to some of
the comments regarding what happened with Miss
Headley, it sounds to me like a lot of folks there
may have been videotaping the events with their

phones and I know that I personally was at an HRA job
center, I think it's the Waverly Job Center, sometime
maybe a year or so ago when there started to be kind
of a dispute eat the counter and a lot of people
sitting there in the… there in the hall began
videotaping with their phones and the staff actually
started to either threaten to expel these people or
actually did expel them because apparently it looks
like there are some signs inside the H, HRA Centers
that say videotaping with your phone is not allowed,
maybe no kind of videotaping is allowed and the sign
says that this videotaping is not allowed, you know
for the comfort and convenience of the HRA
beneficiaries who are seated there but I mean it was
the beneficiaries themselves who were doing the
videotaping and who seemed to support being able to
videotape and in fact it was at the same center, the
Waverly Job Center where if I understand it correctly
someone was convicted of rape sometime within the
last couple of years of raping a beneficiary. So, my
thought is I mean I, I don't know sometimes I do
wonder if maybe some of the staff are maybe a little
bit paranoid about videotaping or audio taping but
from my perspective maybe it would be a good thing to

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 let them videotape, let us videotape, it may even... there may even be a constitutional right to videotape 3 inside there so maybe the City Council and HRA could 4 impose new policies of letting people videotape if 5 they want to if it's right out in public in the 6 7 public waiting room there. So, other than that you have some of my written comments which rather reflect 8 with what other people have said. With that I would 9 like to thank you, I hope this testimony has been 10 11 helpful to the General Welfare Committee and its 12 efforts and thank you for the opportunity to speak 13 today. 14 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much 15 sir, thank you. 16 EBONY ANDERSON: Good afternoon City 17 Council. My name is Ebony Anderson and I am here 18 today as a member of the Safety Net Activists but I'm also here today representing myself. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Could you get ... pull the mic in front a little bit closer. 21 2.2 EBONY ANDERSON: Sure. 23 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: There you go, thank

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you.

EBONY ANDERSON: But since there are
thousands of people like me throughout New York City,
I also represent the nameless and faceless masses.
Those through a variety of unfortunate circumstances
find themselves sitting in the reception area of an
HRA Job Center. Many like myself wondering where it
all went wrong and watching how a snowball becomes ar
avalanche. I submitted written testimony for the
record but here is a summary of some of what I've
experienced since entering the shelter about a year
ago. On February $1^{\rm st}$, 2018, a second and final
familial domestic violence incident caused me to be
kicked out of my home. After a week of sleeping on a
nearly deflated air mattress at a friend's home, I
was blessed to be accepted into a domestic violence
shelter. I have cerebral palsy and from what I know
of the women's shelters within the city I honestly
feared going to one. March 1st of last year, I
applied for public assistance for a single-issue case
for housing. After waiting almost three hours to be
seen, the worker at the center was nice but
incompetent as she told me that I did not need to be
finger imaged. Less than a month later, I received a
denial for failure to comply. I went back to the same

center and spoke with the same worker, she assured me
that this time my case would be processed properly
and that for a second time I did not need finger
imaging, she even went as far as to show me the
screen that populated a page that said, I did not
need to be finger imaged. For my records I said well
that's great, but can I have a copy of that screen
just in case something goes wrong and she, she gave
me the paper, I said great, I went home and waited
for my benefits. And another month later I got a
denial for the same reason. So, at this point I
ordered I asked for a fair hearing. When you ask for
a fair hearing as we all know HRA requires the
mandatory dispute resolution appointment which I
appeared to. I went there and I sat with the
supervisor and gave him my proof of what I had been
told, it was completely ignored. He went to the
Director and she completely ignored it and all I was
told was you have to come back tomorrow to reapply
and next time make sure you comply with HRA
regulations as if it was as if it was my idea not to
comply. Finally, after three months the following day
I went to a different job center and I was able to
actually open a case by June of 2018. In at the end

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

of June 2018 I finally received my housing voucher which was five months into my six-month allotted stay at the shelter. I am still currently at that shelter, but I am only there because I have had to fight tooth and nail for extensions so HRA could be accountable for the mistakes that they made that caused me to sit there and wait. During this hearing I heard a lot of things that made a lot of sense. I came in here saying, you know HRA is the worst and nobody cares about you, but I've heard another side and after some reflection I think that perhaps HRA workers they require some sort of help as well. I know social workers and therapists, usually see social workers and therapists because they come across a lot of trauma in their daily lives and they need some way to lift it off of them. I would suggest that perhaps there be a way for HRA workers who have to deal with client's day in and day out at the centers receive some sort of care to make sure that they are in the proper mental state to deal with people in traumatizing situations.

[applause]

EBONY ANDERSON: I support the legislation today and I appreciate that you're taking

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Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

the time out to address these issues however I do have some concerns. For example, I have a concern with the Intro 1328 which requires the Department of Social Services to conduct an audit of the services at the center. I support HRA being audited on the services however if HRA is the agency that is conducting the audit they are more likely to be kinder to themselves than be more critical. So, I think that there should be some outside agency to monitor if not at all... totally conduct the audits. Additionally, I believe the city must attend to the fact that landlords are still not accepting city vouchers, this is still a major issue. I thank you for allowing me to share my story and to put at least one more name and one more face to the masses. I am happy to answer any questions that you may have.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you so much for this testimony, I'm just looking at your written testimony. You speak a little bit in your written testimony about the voucher?

EBONY ANDERSON: Yes...

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Saga?

EBONY ANDERSON: Yes...

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1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Are you in the 3 permanent apartment yet? 4 EBONY ANDERSON: Not as of yet, I have a current application pending and preferable it will go 5 through by the end of this week. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: The end of this week? EBONY ANDERSON: Yes. 8 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Amazing, feel free to 9 reach out to my office if it does not... if there's 10 another snag because I... looking at it you... it's hit a 11 12 lot of snags, none of them are your fault but, but we 13 want to make sure that you are in permanent housing 14 and, and back in a... in a safe... in a safe environment. 15 EBONY ANDERSON: Thank you for that. 16 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you and 17 Council... Majority Leader Cumbo wants to add 18 something. COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: I want to thank 19 20 all of you for your testimony but I do want to thank you in particular because with what you are dealing 21 2.2 with for you to be here today and for you to take the 23 time out to type up your testimony, to come up with ideas, to come up with solutions and even to see it 24

in yourself to put the employees of HRA before your

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

own situation and your own set of issues that you're dealing with shows that you have a really big heart and a really depth of your soul to continue to be able to see the challenges of others before even yourself. So, I thank you so much for your ability to still be able to see both sides of the coin in this particular set of circumstances, so I just wanted to applaud you.

EBONY ANDERSON: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Amen to that, Council Member Gibson? Thank you so much to this panel, thank you very much for your insight and we look forward to working with you as this... these pieces of legislation move forward.

EBONY ANDERSON: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you. Next panel; we have Anthony Wells, President of SSEU, Local 371 and Ralph Palladino, second Vice President of Local 1549 of DC37.

ANTHONY WELLS: Is this on... [cross-talk]

RALPH PALLADINO: I've been chosen to go

first, sorry. My name is Ralph Palladino, I'm the 2nd

Vice President of Clerical Administrative Employees

Local 1549 District Council 37. I'm here with my

President Eddie Rodriguez who was an employee of HRA
and SNAP program. First, I want to say that we
believe in Local 1549 in DC 37 that every single
client that comes in should be treated with respect
and dignity. Our members from 1549, we have members
who are on were and are on the SNAP program, we have
members who are at were homeless so we get it. The
bills that are in question are well intended to help
clients, there possibly needs to be modifications and
some we kind of agree with and not but we have to
delve into that but the central issue that we see
that's a, a key is what's going on, on the ground to
do more preventative medicine so you don't need to
have the as much oversight and that would be the
issue of lack of staffing. The backlogs, the tension,
the outright hostility stem from lack of, of, of
staffing. The key role in the SNAP eligibility
process are the eligibility specialists. I refer you
to Public Advocate Betsy Gotbaum's report on
entitled "The Role of Eligibility Specialists", it
was the eligibility specialists that signed up all
those people on the shutdown, Trump shutdown, that
was the work that they did working with management on
that. ESs are not responsible for the problems in

SNAP wait times and other issues, there are almost 25
percent less ESs working in HRA today than at, at
this time four years ago, see the report that we
handed out that was our testimony, that's central, it
documents this. Despite the reductions of staff
supervisors have always been on our members to do
more with less and there's been issues with that
we're trying to deal with internally with
administration. The public at times unfairly blames
the ESs who by law must make sure all proper
documentation is produced. Sometimes this is because
of incorrect information provided by some CBOs. So,
the ESs must be the ones to tell the clients to bring
back or resubmit proper documentation, the ESs must
tell clients that they are not eligible when they are
not eligible. This often leads to anger, verbal and
even physical abuse by clients at times who do not
understand, that's it, they just don't understand,
and I understand that they don't understand. I was in
that place many years ago when I lived in Southern
California. The front line the, the to decrease
the, the tensions in the waiting rooms especially we
would suggest that especially in the SNAP home care
areas that the front-line centers should be staffed

by ESs in the rooms with the with the clients who
can navigate clients to the correct areas of service.
It's also critical to have bilingual interpreters who
can assist clients whose English is limited in all of
the HRA centers, this will help less, lessen tensions
and give information to people who are sitting there
rather than just seeing law enforcement and no other
staff there. Interpreters should be on duty for the
face to face interpreting of clients, the use of the
phone the private contractor phone lines are not
adequate and that's all they're using. This also
occurs in TIPS, there are some issues in TIPS with
interpreting on the phone that are problematic that
we can discuss without getting into it here. This
leads to the longer waits of clients waiting for
service, I refer you to the New York State Report on
Social Services Chaired by then Senator Avella who
talked about and also the New York Immigration
Coalition Survey that summarized the importance and
need for face to face interpretations. So, the key is
lack of, of staffing. It would reduce tension, reduce
overtime and backlogs and increase proper and
respectful servicing and just to say one thing about
TIPS, the TIPS is no excuse to reduce staffing

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because the eligibility specialists still have to deal with every single case that comes in through tips as if somebody was in front of them so understand that, 25 percent reduction in the last four years, 25 percent. This is President Rodriguez who works in the… in TIPS, used to work… not TIPS, I'm sorry, food stamps.

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Good afternoon, my name is Eddie Rodriguez, I'm the President of Local 1549 which I represent the eligibility specialists' level one, level two and level three and they're in different programs, they're in... they're in SNAP, they're in HASA, Senior Works Infoline and Medicaid. These eligibilities do their... they, they really work hard and they're very professional workers and they do respect the clients. Today it is important I put two people from SNAP that does the work what you need to hear the people that does the work that see these clients every day, sometimes seven days a week, sometimes we work overtime, we make sure that clients get their food stamps. So, I would like to have these two workers, eligibility to ... they should really tell you about the job they do, that's what you need to hear, the people that do the

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 work and by the way HRA does help and I want to thank Commissioner Banks, he's a great help he is, that's 3 4 one thing he reach out to me and I reach out to him and we do... when we come together we do serve the 5 client, that's what it's all about management and 6 7 also the working employee, it's, it's a team work so I would like to hear... I would like to give permission 8 have these two workers and really... and tell the job 9 they do because that's what you need to hear. Are 10 11 they here? oh, they are right behind me you can go first. I'll do TIPS first because that's what's 12 13 important... [cross-talk] 14 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, I, I... they need 15 to fill... [cross-talk] 16 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Clark, excuse me... 17 [cross-talk] 18 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...out speaker forms so 19 can... 20 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: I was not told, okay, they'll fill it out. 21 2.2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Everybody that speaks 23 have to fill out a form. 24 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Okay, they'll fill it

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out.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: So, if, if maybe Mr.
3	Wells wants to, to speak while, while [cross-talk]
4	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Oh, we'll put put
5	Anthony Wells [cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:they're submitting
7	but all… every… you know everybody has got to…
8	[cross-talk]
9	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Which I got more
10	seniority than he does, go ahead
11	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: We start… before I
12	just have a question for you… [cross-talk]
13	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Sure… [cross-talk]
14	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:Mr. Rodriguez or, or
15	Mr. Palladino
16	ANTHONY WELLS: He has a question, he has
17	a question
18	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: The head count
19	RALPH PALLADINO: Yes
20	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: What's the why, why
21	has it gone down by 25 percent I don't understand?
22	What's this has been in the last five years
23	RALPH PALLADINO: Quite frankly, we don't
24	understand.

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, this has not
3	been… [cross-talk]
4	RALPH PALLADINO: We do not understand
5	[cross-talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:conversation
7	between… [cross-talk]
8	RALPH PALLADINO: Not if there's backlogs
9	and overtime, we don't understand and complaints and
10	tension to our staff and management and tension
11	[cross-talk]
12	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: But is that a is
13	that a concern, I mean is there… as the… has the
14	staffing line been reduced or is it or is it
15	[cross-talk]
16	RALPH PALLADINO: I have no clue
17	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN:or is that just
18	attrition
19	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: It well [cross-talk]
20	RALPH PALLADINO: The attrition, people
21	[cross-talk]
22	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: It would be [cross-
23	talk]
24	RALPH PALLADINO: It could be go ahead
25	[cross_talk]

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Go ahead... attrition, 3 people got promoted or they, they fail it's, it's a management thing, we're working on it... [cross-talk] 4 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... [cross-talk] 5 6 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: We are working on it. 7 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: It's certainly something that I, I mean obviously the 8 administration... as the panel... as the last... but, but 9 we can... we'll have our preliminary budget hearing 10 11 next month and I'll bring it up. 12 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: And it ... we need more 13 eligibility specialists. 14 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay... 15 EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: We do, and they can do 16 the work. 17 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay. Okay, Mr. 18 Wells. ANTHONY WELLS: Good afternoon, my name 19 20 is Anthony Wells, I'm the President of the Social Services Employees Union Local 371, also DC 37 Vice 21 2.2 President. I want to thank you Chairman Levin, 23 Majority Leader Cumbo and Council Woman Gibson and all your other colleagues who were here earlier but 24

you stayed so you get a special thank you from me...

2 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm required to stay.

3 ANTHONY WELLS: I know...

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm... [cross-talk]

ANTHONY WELLS: But let's, let's give you

some credit anyway, why not. First of all, we would

also like to offer apologies to Miss Headley for her treatment and to anyone that's not treated the way they should be treated when they seek services from any public agency or entity including elected officials and HRA. My union represents over 5,000 HRA employees in various, various jobs. When this Commissioner came aboard, he and I made one

together which it changed the culture of HRA. In my packet you will see a picture and a story reminding us... reminding us of the condition of HRA Offices in

2012 when there were lines outside of many offices,

commitment... a few commitments, one we made to us

okay, many offices which was outrageous both to the 19

20 clients and to us. And we are committed, this local

particularly and DC37 are committed to the service of 21

2.2 citizens of New York, we take it very seriously. In

23 1965 and 1967 this union went on strike not just for

better benefits for our members for better benefits 24

for the clients. So, we understand the relationship

between clients and services and it's not acceptable
at all for anybody to be anyone to be mistreated in
any center on any given day. So, there have been
improvements. Like I was saying earlier the
Commissioner and I made a commitment that we were
going to change the culture of HRA, he was going to
do it in management and we were going to do it from
worker up and I will say this to you, over the last
four years we made some improvements but as you say
there's still a ways to go. I debate how long that
way is, okay and I and I commend and thank the
youngsters to Miss Anderson for having an open mind
and understanding what this process is about, okay,
no one that I represent or, or, or Mr. Rodriguez
represents goes to work every day says let me see how
I can abuse the clients, let me see how I can be
nasty today, okay and if those individuals do exist
we need to address it and we will. This Commissioner
had have taken issues, matters very seriously. I'll
give you one example, we had a, a transgender a
transgender client who the worker could not could
not recognize it from whether block not any on, on
purpose and this Commissioner took decisive action to
make sure that every client gets treated correctly

and he also understands that if you treat the workers
with dignity and respect then hopefully they will
treat the clients with dignity and respect. On your
bills and I and I had conversation with you guys
probably, I think one thing you didn't do, and you
should do is talk to all the stakeholders because we
can give you some perspective on the other side, one.
Some of the bills are already being the, the
policies are, are in effect already. I'm concerned
about publication of termination notices that may
that may violate client's rights to privacy and
accessibility to their privacy, that is very
important. I think if we all take a step back and,
and do concrete things to make it a better experience
but let's, let's understand one thing, going to HRA
offices for help and not going to Macy's, I tell my
workers all the time, this is not Macy's, this is
not the people who we service need help and we ought
not be judgmental, we ought not act like the money is
our money because it's not, okay, it is not our
money, okay and we ought to treat people because a
lot of our members are clients now, we have people
who get food stamps, we have people who live in
sholtors who work overy day and understand what our

clients go through. Will there be mistakes, will
there be confrontations, yes, it's how we resolve
those and how the policies are set from this
administration to address those things when they
happen. We all should work for them not to happen but
no one in this room can assure you that there will
not be another unfortunate incident no more than they
can ensure you in this room that there won't be an
incident outside in this world and people will tell
you that I'm not telling you the truth, what we need
to work on is trying to prevent it and then address
it when it's done in a fair manner and treat clients
as they are, they're people, we're people. Our, our
workers come from the same communities, they have had
the same experiences. I remember going with my mother
to the projects to get the cheese in the basement in
laundry bags like everybody didn't know what the hell
you had in the laundry bag, everybody knows the
difference between a, a, a dirty shirt and a box of
cheese pushing out. Those days are gone because you
know what, that stigma because so many people work
at Verizon had jobs, Verizon laid off 10,000 people,
do you think they all got jobs, no, they came to get
services One more thing I'm going to add before I

close. I sat in this for 20 years a republican rule,
this union stopped HRA from create, creating a bad
people center, they wanted to create this center
worked in '71 that if you had any violations they
would send you to the center of East River and this
union said we're not going to participate in that,
we're not going to create a bad people center, what,
what is wrong with you, okay, so we, we got a long
way we got a ways to go, this is a step in the right
direction, I am happy with the tone at the end of the
day that was done here, this is not one to pit
clients against workers, clients who have advocacy
groups advocacy groups advocate, is it is it
perfect, no and I don't accept because they told
me I called the union nobody ever answers the phone,
I don't accept that, I mean nobody, nobody doing
their job, nobody ever I'm, I'm sorry, I, I just
don't believe that, I've been doing this too long.
Yes, there are problems let's work at addressing the
problems and let's make sure that you are getting
services, that workers are not being over,
overwhelmed, voicemail is it has to be has to be
returned, I'm, I'm just I don't understand why he
will but that's a different and this system in this

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world now everybody has voicemail, you call any of their offices you get voicemail...

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: That's right...

ANTHONY WELLS: ...you go... anyplace you call, any professional business now here's... I hate... I hate voicemail but guess what that's what we're going to and at the end of the day, at the end of the day in a job center or any HRA Center, there are two, two, two entities nothing is more important, nothing is more sacred than the client worker relationship and this administration has to continue to encourage that, enforce it and also try to make people who come through the door feel like they are human, wait times, I'll tell you what, wait times should be cut down. On any given day it all depends on what's going on if you were in center two weeks where they made all our workers work overtime, not going to their families at five o'clock but work overtime to ensure that clients continue to get service in spite of the, the craziness in Washington and for three days we told our workers this is what you have to do because we're there to serve, if there's no clients there's no us, it's not any bigger than that. Thank you for this opportunity to speak to you, I appreciate it.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER JOHNSON: Thank you

3 Anthony.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Mr. Wells.

And I... and I do just want to acknowledge in my... in my first four years on, on this committee the number of times that your union and, and you testified against the actions that were proposed by the previous administration so I, I want to acknowledge... [crosstalk]

ANTHONY WELLS: Thank you... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: ...the good work that

the unions did during that republican rule to stand

up to, to bad decisions.

ANTHONY WELLS: And one more thing and that... people forget their purpose was to get people off of... off of services that was their goal to reduce it at... on the backs of people who couldn't afford it, they just have one rates, they used to celebrate one rates, we want 85 percent of our cases in fair hearings I said that was the craziest thing, they had foreign investigators looking underneath people's beds and looking for shoes and all that nonsense. This administration does not do that. As a matter of fact, they, they try and there's... and there's so many

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programs sometimes they have overextended but it's all in the name of trying to provide services for people.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Understood. Thank you, thank you for your testimony.

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Ready?

[off mic dialogue]

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: I'm going to just use ... like I said have two people that works for SNAP, they're the frontline, they do the job. I come from food stamp, I've been working for the agency it's going to be 47 years so I'm in eligibility, so I now work the food stamp, things have changed, technology is here, we understand that. Just like Anthony says our job is to take care of the community, we work very hard to make sure that the clients get their benefits, we didn't give up. Most of my members are single parents that have children, they have to really get other babysitters so they can come like a Saturday or a Sunday. So, these are the things that we do, we do sacrifice and that's what we believe. Let me give you one of my members, he's an ES2, he works in TIPS 4E2, Mr. Clark.

KENNETH CLARK: Hi. Good afternoon, my
name is Kenneth Clark, I am an eligibility specialist
at TIPS 42 at 2500 Halsey Street. I started out with
HRA working in the TIPS program, started when the
clients had to call us and then it, it, it
transitioned into on demand where the clients would,
would call up no, we would call the clients and ther
it would transition to on demand where the clients
would call us. Since the transition there was
introduction to several software databases that we
have to interact with before loading up so we can
actually conduct an interview with the clients, we
found well I found that there's been significant
wait time in terms of these databases to load up so
we can effectively do our job. These databases will
cross reference housing, social security and other
things just to make sure we get an accurate picture
in terms of what the services the client is asking
for. I've also noticed that when it comes to
translation we were forced to utilize a, a contractor
where we have to call a we have to do conference
calls in order to get the translators to translate
what the clients were talking about that creates wait
times as well too because sometimes what would happer

is, is that these translators are not trained
eligibility specialists so sometimes the questions
that we're asking it gets lost in translation and
we're not getting an accurate picture or we're not
getting accurate information so it just makes our
interviews go that much longer. That increases the
wait time, that frustrates the applicants who are
looking for speedy service and then sometimes you
know in trying to rush and trying to get to the next
call as eligibility specialists we are forced to just
look at the information not really study the
information. Another thing is the indexing and the
scanning of or submitting of documents. So, like in
the perfect world if everything is working perfectly
meaning that a client calls, they submitted their
documents, the documents have been indexed in a
timely fashion so by the time that we they get to us
we're able to open up the software, look at the
databases and look at the documents as well too, that
doesn't happen in a perfect world. In my world what
ends up happening is, is I have to wait long periods
of time for the databases to load and then if I need
to look at any documents the view is not properly
working, or I can't see the documents which causes me

Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	to defer clients on documents that they already
3	submitted. This can frustrate clients and just
4	increases the wait time. I think that if we had more
5	eligibility specialists to help with the interviewing
6	and also to help with the, the indexing it would
7	bring down the wait times and it would lessen the
8	frustrations of the applicants.
9	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much
LO	and I appreciate the, the good work that you do ever
L1	day, thank you.
L2	KENNETH CLARK: You're welcome.
L3	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: The next person is
L4	Green, she works for Home, Home Center.
L5	YOLETTE GREEN: Good afternoon [cross-
L6	talk]
L7	EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Which is 45 next to
L8	you… next door to you.
L9	YOLETTE GREEN: Good afternoon, my name
20	is Yolette Green. I would first like to thank Miss
21	Gibson for her statement in terms of knowing that we
22	are we work hard. We are open to the public and
23	which in itself is extremely challenging because we
24	have to accept each and every person who comes in an

we have to service them to the best of our ability

and sometimes it can be challenging oh, okay and
sometimes it's challenging because when people come
they have presented documentation and a lot of times
that documentation is anywhere from two to four years
old so then we have to refer them back to return with
the proper documentation and updated. Although a list
goes out it's a form that goes to their home when its
time for applications, recertifications informing
them what information is needed and we also have
something that is called the periodic report which is
processed through the state to find out whether or
not a client is continue, continues to be eligible
for the benefits that they've received. That's in
interim, the periodic report is in between the
recertification period. So, a client has anywhere
they have they have 30 days from the point of
application to submit all of their documentation and
they have 60 days for a recertification which gives
them plenty of time to return with the documentation.
Now a lot of times when they come in, they, they
obtain a ticket and that has been structured in order
to keep order in our sites so that we know who has
what purpose there. Each ticket informs us as to
which area that they are supposed to go to and

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sometimes clients obtain more than one for two different services and that causes a wait problem for them also.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you. Thank you very much to this entire panel and I, I think it's an important conversation that we can have collectively... yes, go ahead.

YOLETTE GREEN: I'm sorry, one other thing, if possible is it possible that the screen that, that gives the client's information in terms of obtaining child support, if it could be structured so that it would give a listing of what paper documents the clients are to come to the agency with that would assist them with not having to return to the center because they're sitting there watching the screen for the time that they're sitting there and it would give them information in order to empower them to have the proper documentation and not to repeatedly come into the center and to make notes that it must be current information. Sometimes members... I mean clients come in and they will state that they cannot read in which instance then they have to be taken aside with a... with a worker to explain to them what the documentation states and what it is they must return

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with but if it's something that is, you know given to them step by step, a listing that they can see on the screen that would also assist them. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay...

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: May I say something on the language, interpreters, there's a title called interpreters, a civil service title, the interpreters are not just there to translate but also translate the documents, when you call somebody on the phone that person on the other side cannot see the document, can't see the document and by the time you ... and by the time he translates back and forth and if they don't... if they don't understand what the worker is saying that also takes a long time. We... you do need interpreters, there is a title again and interpreters not just translate but they also look at documents so when the client comes in they can go over the document, they can explain it and they help them to fill out so that's what we need... this is what we're saying, we've been saying that for many years.

ANTHONY WELLS: Just real quick, so we've also said that, we have many, many members in all our unions who are bilingual and can use their language and for 25 years in my local the city says you can do

1	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	it but you pay for it, okay, the other piece is I
3	would can't go home if I don't tell you that we
4	clearly support the pilot project that, that HRA
5	wants to do on social workers and we appreciate your
6	support on social workers, we think that program is
7	going to be successful, it needs to be expanded so i
8	can do other duties not just de-escalation but also
9	address some issues that people have and, and not
10	getting addressed, okay?
11	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, let's put it as
12	a new need in the budget, the FY '20 budget.
13	ANTHONY WELLS: Yeah but you know I'll
14	let you all you guys talk about that I don't know
15	[cross-talk]
16	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Listen, we
17	understand… [cross-talk]
18	ANTHONY WELLS:what that means, I know
19	I know if there's a will to get it done you guys in
20	this chamber and down the hall find ways to get
21	things done, this is one that addresses an immediate
22	problem.
23	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thanks, okay [cross-
24	talk]

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EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: It's important that, you know an addition to eligibility, you know it's, it takes a team.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yeah... [cross-talk]

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: It takes a team to do

the work, to take care of the community, okay.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you...

EDDIE RODRIGUEZ: Thank you...

ANTHONY WELLS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay, next panel
Helen Strom, Wendy O'Shields, Charisma White, Ira
Klein and Jonathan Sunshine and I apologize folks,
we're going to put a, a... folks on the clock from here
on out just because it is after five o'clock here and
we do want... we have one more panel after this so we
want to keep things moving so we'll put a time clock
of four minutes per testimony. Thank you. Yes, yes, I
want to give credit to our Majority Leader Laurie
Cumbo and Council Member and Committee Member Vanessa
Gibson on their incredible dedication probably
canceling meetings, cancelling events, staying here
and, and Commissioner... and, and Commissioner Banks
and Administrator Bonilla and your entire staff for
staying we greatly appreciate that, thank you.

2	WENDY: Good afternoon, my excuse me, I
3	have a little post nasal drip. My name is Wendy
4	O'Shields and I am a New York City Welfare and
5	Homeless Rights Advocate working with the Urban
6	Justice Center Safety Net Project and Activist. I
7	support Intro bill 2018-3440 for the HRA centers to
8	report annually on the number of complaints made by
9	applicants or recipients. I support 2019-3697 for HRA
10	center oversight and much of the legislation that's
11	been proposed, I believe these following suggestions
12	will improve the HRA centers, staff, facilities and
13	recipient's experience. HRA center staff. Number one,
14	the addition of New York State licensed social
15	workers in good standing with a master's degree from
16	an accredited college or university. The HRA staff
17	social workers can triage the audience and direct
18	applicants or recipients to the correct locations,
19	answer questions, deescalate with trauma sensitivity,
20	refer to DHS homeless shelters, drop in centers, safe
21	havens, faith based beds, soup kitchens and process
22	for emergency food or clothing and also offer other
23	life sustaining resources. Please consider a ratio of
24	full-time social workers per HRA center needs e.g.
25	three to four staff for an extremely busy center, two

2	to three staff for a moderately busy center and
3	centers with the least traffic one to two staff.
4	Number two, mandate HRA staff to inform street
5	homeless or recently evicted about DHS homeless
6	shelters, drop in centers, safe havens, and faith
7	based beds especially during code blue or a code red.
8	Three, on site employees to wear name tags on their
9	person identifying their first initial and last name.
10	Four, yearly ethics class and a comprehensive exam,
11	certification upon completion. Five, set a deadline
12	and for all present HRA employees on the job from
13	January 1 st , 2019 to complete doctor Willie
14	Tolliver's comprehensive HRA trauma-based training.
15	Number six, an FDNY approved ratio of onsite staff to
16	learn their CPR and NYS oasas Naloxone certification.
17	HRA center facilities; number seven, working phone
18	numbers for HRA centers and staff. Eight, clean
19	common areas and bathrooms at HRA centers. Nine,
20	signage for HRA centers outside the building with a
21	clearly visible address in large type in a prominent
22	place and possibly lit signage. Ten, signage for HRA
23	centers inside the building with a clear address,
24	name of the center director, managers, supervisors,
25	huilding manager operations manager HPA law

enforcement, FJC security guard supervisor and HRA
child care staff with their New York State license
displayed. HRA center applicants and recipients;
eleven, an applicant or recipient maximum visit of
one hour for most HRA center interactions. Number 12,
an HRA center receipt at the end of every visit
listing all documents, benefits applied for a name of
all staff were serviced by. Thirteen, HRA center
applicants and recipients need a way out of poverty.
Consider developing a work program similar to the to
the comprehensive employment and training act CETA
1973. HRA recipients could be mentored and thoroughly
trained by many New York City agencies for
professional jobs, a collaborative end goal of
employment with the same training agency. This
employment opportunity would be offered to recipients
that successfully complete their job description over
a years' time. A similar CETA program could mostly
replace HRA back to work program allowing the city to
allocate millions of NYS TANF dollars to exclusive
recipient considered assistance. Let the record show
I'm also submitting a paper by Peter Germanis, TANF
is broken, the real irony is believing that it's been
a success dated January 26 th , 2019. This paper gives

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a history of 1996 US block grant TANF better known as public assistance and how accessing life sustaining public benefits have been blocked from eligible poor citizens. Please see my additional documentation enclosed. Thank you for considering my suggestions.

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Miss O'Shields, thank you, it's nice to see you.

HELEN STROM: Hello, my name is Helen Strom, I'm the Benefits Team Supervisor at the Safety Net Project and I also work with the Safety Net Activists. I want to thank the Council for holding this hearing today and for all of the oversight and attention you're giving to this issue and I want to thank HRA for all the work that they have been doing and that they are doing to try an improve these systems. We know that they are not of their creation however every day that these systems continue in these matters there are thousands of people across the city who are unable to access food and who are facing evictions because these systems don't work properly. So, thank you for allowing me to be here today. I wanted to... I submitted testimony for the record on all the different bills and I just wanted to speak to a couple of different issues that have...

that came up over the course of the hearing that I
thought were worth mentioning. One is the ability to
resolve problems and resolve complaints. So, as was
mentioned there is an office at HRA, the Office of
Constituent Affairs so if people happen to see the
sign in the center and they see the number for the
complaint or they are able to get through the
Infoline and get to the Office of Constituent Affairs
in theory they are supposed to be able to submit a
complaint. In practice what we find happens far too
often is when people call that number, they're told
oh, go to your center and a complaint is never filed.
I've had this happen personally five to ten times
when I've called that office and I say okay I'm here
with someone, they're SNAP application was denied for
this document they submitted this document on that
date and the staff member says well I don't see it in
the system so they should go to their center, I say
well I, I would actually like to submit a complaint,
well we don't see it in the system so they need to go
to the center to address that issue. So, making sure
that people actually are able to file complaints when
they contact the agency whether it's by the phone,
through the Infoline, Constituent Affairs and also in

the center. I think there's a lot of time where folks
are presenting problems in the center and they're
being told to reapply or request a fair hearing still
and I think that is probably very related to some of
the staffing issues that we talked about earlier in
the day, staff is working overtime, staff is working
long hours, staff wants to go home maybe there isn't
a supervisor available for whatever reason but when
people are presenting issues at HRA all too often
they're being told reapply, request a fair hearing.
Miss Anderson's testimony earlier she went to a
mandatory speak resolution, an appointment where the
sole purpose is to resolve an issue and was told
apply again, right so I think and I, I actually
think this is very related to staffing in the offices
and, and one thing that we would like to see is
additional staff at the centers because and
additional staff that are able to solve problems
because there continue to be many situations in which
you need a person to fix a problem for you and in
those situations there often is no one available even
when you talk to someone at Constituent Affairs they
themselves often are not able to take action to
resolve the issue, they forward it to the home center

but the home centers are already overloaded which is
why as our report shows the vast majority of calls at
the individual centers are not answered or returned.
When we brought this up and we talked to staff at the
centers and we talked to HRA it's a capacity issue,
they don't have time to return calls or pick them up
because they're so many people in the centers that
they're trying to see. So, what we'd like to see is a
real commitment from HRA, from the Council, from the
city of New York to adequately staff these offices so
that people can be served in the manner that they
need to be because until we have enough people that
are able to fix problems and we have enough people in
the offices I don't think many of these problems are
going to be resolved. I think the other thing I want
to say is with the cash pilot and the, the pilot to
try and make things more accessible in the Bronx, I
think that you're going to continue to see issues
because folks applying for public assistance still
have to go to a ton of appointments for cash
assistance in order to be approved. They have to go
to BEV in Brooklyn, they have to go to the office of
child support enforcement, they have to go to all of
these work appointments, they have to like there's

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so many different appointments and they still have to do an in-person interview at the center. So, I think consolidating as much into one appointment and I think also just trying to make sure that there are people that you can talk to like the procedure was already that Jazmine Headley should have spoken to a supervisor, that was the policy in place when you have an issue you're supposed to have access to a supervisor but the problem was there wasn't an easily accessible supervisor for her that saw her day, right so I think that is at the core of the problem that we need to address. Yep.

Charisma White, I'm a, a client at HRA, I've been a client for several years now. I have a medical condition, I have severe anemia which causes me to pass out and things like that. I have a care provider which is my fiancé and we went to HRA one day because we're currently homeless and DHS system they kind of like went into our case, changed stuff around so they wanted us to consolidate our case into one as a family unit and when we went to the center to try to get it resolved I was attacked on the elevator by a DHS peace officer and FJC security and a plain

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2 clothed officer which I have no idea cam

clothed officer which I have no idea came from where or what his job description was actually, he was plain clothed. And when it was all said and done the response, I got from HRA was that these security and DHS could do what they want to people and there's nothing nobody could do. As of now I am still trying to get a result for how I got attacked, how I feel now going into centers and everything is just overwhelming. There needs to be a big change in that perspective, we are human, we're not animals, we're not to be herded or anything like that. Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you, thank you} \\ \mbox{for your testimony.}$

JONATHAN SUNSHINE: Hi, my name is

Jonathan Sunshine and I'm with the... I'm a... I work

with the, the Safety Net Activists and I'm part of

the Safety Net... the overall Urban Justice Center, I...

you know I'm more... you know I'm a business consultant

kind of at my... but the thing is that I... you know I

was listening to the testimony of the lady that...

Headley... Miss Headley, that lady that got the... her

baby ripped away from her by the, the... I think that

first of all what I think about this is that you... if

you had people to come in, you know you have people

working that, that at the things of where they
could have a, what they call you know like you're
special you know like I'm a peer specialists too and
with peer specialists if you had peer specialists
working within the DHS and the and the HRA and
everything all it I mean if they had special
assignments they could come in they could hold like
these little meetings to let people know what their
entitled to, what their benefits are, what their
rights are before they get into you know before
they, you know get into the thing, I mean right after
they right after they go through the kiosk and stuff
like that then they would have this before they see
their workers and stuff like that because sometimes
I've seen you know I've seen arguments break out
over, over these issues in, in, in these various
centers and stuff like that, I've got I mean when I
was young they used to do it a lot, they you know
and my mom used to have to deal with the lines and
all of that and as for needing the food and
everything that they used to have in the you know
they used to do all that kind of stuff too and now
you know they want to cut down on the foods, they
want to cut down on the well know they want they

want to send it back to like the 1920s, you know I
mean if it's left if it's left up to the powers that
be in Washington they we would be going back there,
I mean we I thought we've been progressed, I mean it
was not it's not the time of, you know George
Washington and all of that, I mean we had Obama and
you know and, and lord knows how long it was between
George Washington and Obama, you know so I'll just
I'll just put it this way, if you had better it's,
it's got to be more respect for one another, you know
what I mean, the, the clients that go into the
place they go in there, they, they ask for dignity,
they ask for respect, they ask for courtesy and
kindness, when they go in there to deal with these
issues, they got a lot of issues that they have to
deal with and that's the last thing they need the
last thing they need is somebody saying, you know
denying them their services because they either can't
speak the language or they don't have the right
documents or something like that or their documents
are too old or whatever, ever the situation that's
caused by the bureaucracy, I mean you know they,
they you know a lot of people put you know they
they're told to come in a certain day and then, then

reschedule and then that could be like four or five
years down the line by the time they get to the next
time they see this, this person. So, they those
documents they either shred it or whatever, you know
its old information, but they want you to have
information from 20, 30 years ago when you walk in
there. So, you know it's any wonder that a lot of
this stuff aren't really updated because a lot of the
documents they need are long gone or thrown out or
people moved and stuff like that. In my case in my
case it was they, they, they you know they throw
out my stuff so you know what, what can I say, you
know what I mean? So, this is where I where I this
is the way I see it, if peer specialists would help
you, you know we are the Safety Net Advocates, we can
put in those things but those that's what's really
needed also in addition to the things we are doing,
we're, we're there to help and we're there to help
but we can't be the ones always on the front lines,
we have to have other organizations come in and help
us and other services and products, you know other
services come in along with us so that's what we're
asking from the you know from the council here and

2 we thank you for our time... for your time and effort.

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you Mr.

Sunshine, it's nice to see you. Alright, I want to thank this panel very much, thank you for the good work that you're doing, and we look forward to working with all of you as these pieces of legislation move forward and on into the future, thank you. Next and final panel Towaki Komatsu; Raqibah Fatimah, Basir; Kelly... yes, sorry. Scott Parkins... sorry, Hutchins, sorry Scott and Sharitza Lopez Rodriguez. And if anyone else would like to testify please sign in with the sergeant at arms, this will be the final panel.

SCOTT ANDREW HUTCHINS: I guess I'll go
first. I'm... my name is Scott Andrew Hutchins and I'm
with Picture the Homeless, I've been with Picture the
Homeless for the past six years. I've been dealing...
the, the... Jazmine Headley's case reminded me very
much of the 2012 incident where I was violently
arrested at an HRA office for raising my voice
because I was sent by the director of my current
shelter to obtain documentation explaining that
because I was on employment at the time that I could

not have my storage paid for by HRA, they refused to
give me that documentation so I raised my voice and I
was arrested by about six officers. The charges were
dismissed because the summons they, they charged me
with disorderly conduct and put a line in the
description case and Mr. Banks was given a very
lengthy blog entry describing this in detail a number
of years ago. I've been dealing with HRA since 2005
actually because I graduated from the college of
Staten Island on July 2 nd , 20, 20 2005 with a
master's degree and 13 days later I was in the
emergency room with a chronic issue and I have to say
that for the most part the only improvement I've seen
at HRA personally is the computers in the in the
registration area and even that's not that big of an
improvement because even though it cuts down on the
wait time on numerous occasions I'll bring the print
out where it's supposed to go, the person writes
something on the… on, on the, the printout because
the printout was wrong and acts like I'm stupid
because I went where the printout told me to go and I
didn't know the information that they wrote on the
sheet so that, that was an issue. The past year or so
I've been trying to get a housing voucher at the

discretion of my shelter, they keep sending me back
there and there have there have always been issues.
I was I was escorted out by cops for raising my
voice because they, they refused to update my
address, they've been refusing to update my address,
I was just in last week the, the address that they
had was still the shelter on Avenue D where I haven't
been since early 2016 even though they've been
brought numerous residency letters and I've gone to
numerous different workers, they've all just not
updated my address so they're sending these denials
to an address where I can no longer receive them. I
also was recently given a denial because I failed to
attend the back to work program even though they were
provided with a letter by my employer so basically it
was like oh, we closed your case so… like you didn't
attend back to work because you were provided with ar
employer letter and like they don't care, they,
they're given the information, full documentation and
they just don't do what's required and of course in
my experience the back to work program is completely
useless because I come to them with medical
documentation that says limit standing, walking,
lifting, bending, pushing, and pulling and they want

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me to be a parks janitor or do... load trucks for Fresh Direct and then they wonder why I'm a long term stayer in the shelter system because I'm not on my own, I've been applying for... literally applied for well over 3,000 jobs over the course of my homelessness and the... and gotten interviewed for about 30, most, most of the responses I get to my resume is for the entry level marketing scam so... and that's not even a desk job so I, I, I'm doing the best I can on my own and they're acting like oh, you're such a problem because you're not leaving the shelter system well nobody's lifting a finger to actually help me because they see my education, they see my medical restrictions and they say parks janitor, Fresh Direct, it makes no sense to me and I really have not seen any improvement like I said other than the computers but if the computers are giving you the wrong information that's not an improvement either. So, I guess... I'm sorry, I didn't have written testimony this time and I know you've seen me in here before. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much for your testimony, thank you. Oh, and sorry we're just going to also call Juliane Williams from Safety

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Net Activists as well as the final member of the public. Sorry, you have to turn on the light.

RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: Okav, are we good? Good evening everybody, my name is Raqibah Fatimah Basir, I'm a lengthy client as well as a resident of the shelter system. I'm not alone, I would like to take it... turn the clock back to 1974. Some of you all that are present up there are aware of my situation as well. In 19... June of 1974 at the Dyckman welfare center and I understand this is before your time Commissioner, I went to Dyckman welfare center, got caught in the rain with a threeweek-old baby, my son, my oldest son who is now 44 and at the time the desks used to close at two p.m. When I got there I was two minutes before two p.m. and I was denied services so by me requesting to speak to a supervisor at the time because I had an urgency because my then mother in law did not want me to stay no longer with her after her son had got killed and I carried my son and gave birth so the realtor who was holding the apartment for me at the time stated that if I didn't come with the rent and a security and brokers fee that he was going to give the apartment to someone else. So, with that urgency

I requested a supervisor instead of a supervisor it
was an HRA officer by the name of Rupert Bowen and I
will never forget that man's name for as long as I
live. Now Rupert Bowen came to me at the time and
said ma'am what is the problem and I stated to him
the problem is, is that I'm about to be put out from
my then mother in law's apartment and I have a three
week old baby, I just gave birth, I got caught in the
rain two blocks away from here now and now I'm being
told that I'm not going to be receiving services and
I and well either you leave or you your or you'll
be escorted out of here, I said well sir I have
enough pampers and formula for us to sit here on the
weekend, I cannot leave until I, I receive this rent
security and brokers fee. So, by him hovering over me
and mind you I'm almost five four, this man is six
four six feet four inches, I, I got up to move away
from him and I moved away from him in such a way but
being that he was taller than I was he went and took
his fist, so I had my baby like this in my arm, three
weeks old and instead of swinging on me he hit my son
by his temple and if you could have seen the
expression of my three week old son at the time, this
is a true story, okay, I was I was violently

arrested as well for it. When I saw the shock in my
son's mouth was stuck, beet red, stuck I had to shake
my baby with this arm to get him out to get a cry out
and it was then, yes, I acted violently, I grabbed a
wooden chair and I commenced to beating this man for
what he did to my baby then a number of other HRA
officers came to join the attack as opposed to
defusing the situation. One of them came from behind
me and tripped me, there was this white woman with
her four children, I will never forget her name Mari
Revreby, she had hollered at them what is wrong with
you all she has a she's a baby, she has saved my
son's head, this say this is the floor, my son's
head was this much from hitting that floor and could
have died. So, while the 34 precinct entering the
Dyckman Welfare Center and everybody was in an uproar
as to how I was being treated, it was this white
woman and her four kids as well as three elderly
women who tried to intercede, the police were not
hearing them as well as HRA, yes, I was arrested, yes
they snatched my son out of my arms the same way they
did to Miss Jazmine Headley last month or excuse me,
in December of 2018 so I have experienced the same
type of, of abuse at the hands of HRA. Now turning up

to 1984, 1984 I and my children as of as a result of
me being victimized and the home that I was staying
with I was violated with one of my children next to
me, my other children had been enforced to care being
mistreated so I was in the process of trying to get
them and try to get housing, you don't ask a mother
to look for housing while you're holding her
children, you understand hostage in the in the in
the ACS system and then expect and then expect to
tell her that well you can't get your kids back
unless you unless you obtain an apartment, how is
that possible, it's like a catch 22 situation. So, at
that time from 1983 to 1984 the, the HRA system and I
understand this is before you Commissioner Banks
while paying 5,000 dollars for seven people to stay
in a welfare hotel at the time was called the
Travelers. I met a lot of confrontation not only with
the staff or residents, nobody even at HRA something
Boulevard in Jamaica Queens Welfare Center was trying
to assist me and my family, nobody, okay. At the time
that I asked a case worker before me and my family
was victimized, and I was wrongfully incarcerated,
named Naomi, I have all this written down for years,
for decades I asked her I said ma'am isn't there

some way that you can take this 5,000 dollars because
it seems to me the shelter system is monetarily
benefiting off of misfortunes of people like myself,
they're not assisting me and my family to get into
permanent housing, they're running me ragged looking
for it and my health is taking a hit, well I don't
know what to tell you ma'am. There was no solid
answer period, okay. That later on that night my
family and I were victimized, my one of my children
were murdered, I found in the apartment who I
entrusted my kids with somebody's care while I was
unwinding, I was at the welfare center Dyckman not
Dyckman but something Boulevard in 1984 obtaining a
check. Mind you at the time you used to go to the
welfare center at eight a.m. and don't come back to
the welfare to the welfare hotel with their check
and whatever bill you had to pay there for until
eight p.m., this is the… this is the, the
extenuating circumstance and, and from what I
understand now from some people that I speak to,
nothing has much changed, yes, they have updated the,
the, the technology but they are still the same
mentality of staff, I'm not going to accuse all the
staff but there, they're the same mentality where

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sometimes you do have to go back to the welfare center repeatedly with the same type of paperwork that was already submitted. Okay, maybe the worker is having a bad day and to piggy back on what the other people said, yes, there's needs to be some type of consideration and this is not an... in direct attack on workers but you know because whatever personal problems they're going through you understand on top of the clients going through, you know there's needs to be some type of area where they address their... not only their personal issues so they can function and provide better services but also too to question their, their, their drug or alcohol use because sometimes I feel as though many of them are under the influence. Now, now up to date, we're talking about from 1983... I mean '74, '83, '84 now we're in 2019 nothing has changed, I commend the Commissioner for

COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

22 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Right... [cross-talk]

represent legal aid... [cross-talk]

he was pro client once upon a time who used to

something with... when you have the same individuals who are disgruntled with him and also denying me and

RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: ...you cannot fix

trying to better, better HRA and you know he's a pro...

Τ	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE
2	other people from obtaining a shelter voucher, for
3	the time I've been home which is eight years now I'm
4	still dealing with the shelter system, I've been
5	moved from one shelter to the other and now I'm in a
6	shelter scattered site apartment which is contracted
7	with the city, DHS, I have not moved out of the
8	shelter system, the same rules and, and, and activity
9	applies… [cross-talk]
LO	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay [cross-talk]
L1	RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR:this is supposed
L2	to be under supportive housing as well as under
L3	mental health [cross-talk]
L4	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Okay [cross-talk]
L5	RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR:okay, nobody
L6	I'm not being adequately assisted so my thing now is
L7	that where do we draw the median here, we have the
L8	same system from the, the, the 70s or early 80s when
L 9	the homeless situation really started getting out of
20	hand to now 2019 [cross-talk]
21	CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Yep [cross-talk]
22	RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR:where does an
23	individual like myself receive where do I get who
24	helps me… [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: So... [cross-talk]

1 COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE 2 RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: ...who adequately 3 helps me? CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I'm, I'm happy to if 4 you want to call my office tomorrow or send me an 5 6 email... [cross-talk] 7 RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: I've been there 8 already, honestly, I don't know why your worker never got back to me. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: I will follow up for sure, for sure. 11 12 RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: Thank you Mr... 13 CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: You got it, thank you. Thank you for your testimony. 14 15 RAQIBAH FATIMAH BASIR: You're welcome. 16 KELLY GRACE BONILLA PRICE: I just want 17 to say I'm sorry that things have been so hard for 18 you ma'am and, and I can relate. I'm Kelly Grace Price from Close Rosies and I'm an Ad Hoc member of 19 Safety Net, I have been for years not that active but 20 21 I'm very proud to call myself a member. I've been a 2.2 client of HRA since 2011 when I was wrongfully as you 23 know my story and Council Woman Gibson and I believe Miss Flattery knows, definitely Commissioner Banks 24

knows my story that Cy Vance threw me as an innocent

person on Rikers Island as a survivor of domestic
abuse and trafficking to protect the credibility of,
of my batterer who was providing proffer that allowed
Cy Vance to sweep through uptown Manhattan and make
all those big RICO gang busts a number of years ago
and ever since then I have been dependent on HRA to
help me restore myself to the status that I enjoyed
before my malicious prosecutions on lawful detention
and wrongful arrests. I've made a lot of progress
thanks to Mr. Banks, I know he remembers my case when
legal aid defended me and I'm very appreciative to
his staff. I've sought solace in the HRA centers and
to be quite frank I think I've received extra
attention because Mr. Banks and his general counsel
Molly Malloy, Molly Malloy Molly Murphy, hi met me
at a Safety Net Activist meeting at the Urban Justice
Center a few years ago. I'm very proud to be a
client, there have been a number of occasions where
things haven't gone right. For instance, just
Saturday I got something in the mail saying please
come in for an appointment on the $18^{\rm th}$ but the letter
was postmarked the $19^{\rm th}$ of January so I'm looking
forward to working that out but luckily, I have a
special liaison to help me. I brought Frank Sinatra

my service my service dog with me today, he's new,
he's only eight months old, he's my third service
dog, I'm also a survivor of the terrorist attacks on
the twin towers and I really need my service dog but
I've had a number of incidents lately where I've been
just outright discriminated against by HRA workers.
I, I emailed my testimony to you Councilman Levin,
I've also emailed it to you Miss Flattery and other
to Council Woman Gibson thank you for accepting my
email submissions, I don't have a printer but I, I
just want to, to emphasize how triggering it is for
me after I've made all this progress to be met with
blatant discrimination and this is not every HRA
worker. I'm, I'm on a first name basis with, with the
workers in the Dyckman Center, I knew Miss Mota the
former director, I know a lot of those workers, they
live in my neighborhood of Fort George but there was
one particular worker and I'm going to call her out
very quickly, her name is Miss Blessing Game who
outright discriminated against me at an appointment I
had on December 18 th , I had a very similar incident
at the 16 th Street center in December where the
worker did not want to service me because of my
sorvice deg and she retaliated against me actually

after the, the meeting at the $16^{\rm th}$ Street center I
was supposed to go to WeCARE for my annual
verification that I have a disability or whatever it
is and the worker didn't give me the letter saying
show up at WeCARE on this date, she said to me she
was bitter because her manager made her service me
and she didn't want to because she didn't like Frank,
she kept saying I don't like pit bulls and I kept
saying Frank is not a pit bull, Frank is a boxer but
she wasn't accepting that, she said I know pit bulls
when I see one but to retaliate against me because
she was forced to accommodate my needs she told me
that there were no appointments at WeCARE that she
could schedule but that I would get a letter in the
mail about it but in fact she did schedule the
appointment she just never gave me the letter so of
course then I got a letter from WeCARE saying you
must come in and make up this appointment. These
things repeat themselves consistently and I really
hope that somehow in, in your revision of these bills
because I do understand there will be some a modicum
of revision of these bills that you include the
mandatory ADA, American's for Disability Act training
needs to be instituted not just for HRA workers but

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for their partners. Last week at the West Side

Coalition Against Hunger the program director

threatened to call the cops and have me arrested for

trespassing because of my service dog, I've, I've

sent out a round of few emails and Helen Rosenthal is

helping with this... me with this because it's in her

district, thank you for letting me testify, I know no

one is bringing up this issue and I, I appreciate

your consideration.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: We'll definitely take that into consideration as we move forward...

KELLY GRACE BONILLA PRICE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much.

and I testified in this... well to you many times truthfully unlike Mr. Banks over there. I have a federal lawsuit against the city as... that I apprised you about previously. My testimony today it's not for you, it's for the judges assigned to my federal lawsuit. There's a video camera staring me straight in the face and so for the audience's benefit and Judge Lorna Schofield as well as Judge Gabriel Gorenstein let me play an audio recording of a face

to face conversation that I had with Steven Banks on

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL WELFARE

December 14th, 2017 in Brooklyn that I think I previously played for your benefit.

[video recording audio]

TOWAKI KOMATSU: Earlier today prior to coming to this hearing I talked to a disabled military veteran who resides in my building, I also testified on his behalf in this room previously. I had a conversation with Mr. Banks in Brooklyn in August of last in regard to having repairs made in that building by Urban Pathways which is the, the landlord, I have specifically asked Mr. Banks repeatedly to terminate HRA's contract with Urban Pathways on the grounds that it has defaulted on that contract. Sorry, one second... so let me play, I'll turn this around, here's the disabled military veteran that I had the conversation with earlier today.

[video recording audio]

TOWAKI KOMATSU: Okay and the last brief part of the video that I'll play for your benefit as well as the audience is testimony that I gave on June 19th of 2017 to the Committee on Oversight and Investigations with regards to having an inspector general independent of HRA outside of HRA to

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essentially investigate fraud and corruption by HRA as well as its business partners.

[video recording audio]

TOWAKI KOMATSU: So, let me cut to the chase prior to coming into this room today I notified someone from the New York State Attorney General's Office as well as the City Law Department of my intent to file an order to show cause application of my federal lawsuit tomorrow. It's my full intent to deliver on that commitment. Prior to coming here today I also talked to Darren Martin from Mr. Banks team, he essentially stonewalled me at a public resource fair meeting that the, the Mayor held last week in the Bronx unfortunately Vanessa Gibson is too preoccupied with violating our due process rights to give us time of day so she's lying unfortunately she's not under oath so with regards to due process what I see all around me are empty seats. When this meeting began there were about ten people from your panel in chairs in this room, right now if you look around there is Miss Gibson, there's you but where is Adrienne Adams, where is Laurie Cumbo, where is Jumaane Williams, where is Mr. Grodenchik. So, with regards to the public's right to due process and also

if you look at the ceiling, if you actually take heart of what it says, where the hell is due process when I have to go home tonight there aren't repairs being made in my building, I got 15 f###ing... sorry, I got 15 punches to my left temple after there was an attempted assault on May 12th, I've been in contact... I was in contact with HRA as early as March 10th of 2016 about a bait and switch that I talked to you about so Mr. Banks's response to me on December 14th of 2017 was that HRA is not responsible for a crime even when people put them on notice that there's a mentally unstable quy who's about six foot two or six foot four trying to kick your... kick you or something in your living room and you ask for a good reason for that person to be evicted so that you won't be taking those 15 punches to your head, where's the oversight? CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much for your testimony, we appreciate...

JULIANE WILLIAMS: Good afternoon, I'm

Juliane Williams, I am a member of the Safety Net

Activist Group and I am a recipient of public

assistance. I first would want to say thank you to...

[cross-talk]

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CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Could you pull the microphone closer to you if you don't mind... [crosstalk]

JULIANE WILLIAMS: Yeah, I first want to say thank you to Urban Justice, I've been through different situations with HRA and I want to say thank you to them for assisting me, thanks also to the Commissioner and his staff. I know there are a lot of issues that are not resolved, and my part is that we can all get things resolved so that needy people will get the assistance that we really need. I'm here to speak about students that are in college that... as a college I'm in the WEP program and it's very, very difficult especially when you're in certain courses that deal with health care to do like certain hours when you're out of class time to be studying to be working while other students are really vigorously studying to really get out of system and to move on with your career. So, I'm hoping that the Commissioner and his staff will kind of address those situations so students who receive public assistance and get... and are in college and really want to get into the workforce can really be given more time, the time that you do work you will be given... you will

help, we need help like people to assist us so we can
get off the system and get into the workforce.
Another situation I encountered is where I went for
recertification with my daughter now deceased and my
documents were mishandled or misplaced by the staff
and my case was closed right away. We suffered
immensely like for a period of six months we didn't
get SNAP benefits thanks to Urban Justice we had to
go to a fair hearing and my benefits were restored
but I would ask that cases are not closed immediately
when there's an issue because sometimes it's not
that documents are not submitted, I had my receipt, I
had everything submitted that I was supposed to
submit and my case, my daughter and I suffered. In
addition to losing my benefits I had lifeline and up
until this day I tried very hard to get
representation from HRA to send into the phone
company to remove this charge of over 200 dollars on
my credit report which is still there today not for
any fault of mine but because my case was closed
because of an HRA staff member's mistake or whatever
they did the computer closed my case. So, I want to
say thank you to Urban Justice and HRA for what
you're doing but if you could do something more to

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help more in deleted programs that are given to college students who are on HRA so they can focus more to get into the workforce to get their life independent and if and when documents or whatever the situation is that allows any form of interruption with your case not to close one's case because sometimes it's not the recipients fault and we suffer immensely when, when needed benefits that we need are shut down. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON LEVIN: Thank you very much
Miss Williams, thank you. I want to thank this panel
very much for your testimony and I look forward to
working with all of you moving forward on all of
these issues that you brought up today and I want to
thank all of our panelists, everybody that has stayed
throughout this hearing which is, you know going on
five hours now so I thank all of you for, for your
dedication to this issue. Obviously, your dedication
is demonstrated by all of your willingness to
participate in this hearing and we look forward to
working with all of you moving forward. I want to
thank Vanessa Gibson my colleague for, for being here
till the end as well as Committee staff Aminta
Kilawan, Tonya Cyrus, Crystal Pond, Julia Haramis and

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my staff Elizabeth Adams and Deedra Cheatham who are here and Mr. Banks and your staff I thank you for being here and staying and the Speaker, all of my colleagues and, and obviously Miss Jazmine Headley for her very important and powerful testimony this afternoon and with that at 6:07 p.m. this hearing is adjourned.

[gavel]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date

March 7, 2019