CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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NOVEMBER 29, 2018 Start: 1:13 P.M. Recess: 4:33 P.M.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

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WASTE MANAGER

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SARGEANT AT ARMS: Che... mic check, mic check, one, two, three. Today's Committee is on Transportation joint with Education and Sanitation Solid Waste Management. Today's date is November 29, 2018, being recorded by Jessica Pelligrino in the Chambers.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Sargeant are we good? (gavel pounding). Good afternoon, my name is Antonio Reynoso and I am the Chair of the Committee

on Sanitation and Solid Waste Management.

I am joined by the Chair of Committee on

Transportation, Ydanis Rodriguez and the Chair of

Committee on Education, Mark Treyger and we will be

co-Chairing today's hearing alongside Speaker Corey

Johnson. Speaker?

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Uhm good

afternoon. I am Corey Johnson, speaker of the New

York City Council. I want to thank you for attending
today's hearing on the City's preparation for and
response to Winter Storm Avery. I also want to thank

Chairs Reynoso, Treyger and Rodriguez for holding
this important hearing today. On November 15th, six
inches of snow fell in New York City. Despite the

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 2 relatively small amount of snow, this winter storm significantly impacted the lives of New Yorkers. The 3 4 City was expecting one to three inches of snow, as was announced by the Sanitation Commissioner. I am 5 very happy to see you here Commissioner Garcia, the 6 7 day before the storm. This appears to have been the presumption by the City until early afternoon on 8 November 15th, even though local news outlets like 9 WPIX 11 reported early that day in its 6 to 9 a.m. 10 forecast that six or more inches of snow was likely 11 12 if temperatures stayed cold. We understand that on the day of the storm at 6 a.m. the Department of 13 14 Sanitation sent out 290 salt spreaders to pre-salt 15 high elevations and overpasses. By 11 a.m., 679 salt 16 spreaders had been deployed throughout the City. At 12:51 p.m. NYCEM, (New York City Emergency 17 18 Management) issued a Winter Weather Advisory for New York City until 10 p.m., updating the forecast from 19 20 one inch expected to two to five inches and stating that New Yorkers should "Use caution while driving." 21 2.2 At 1:23 p.m. snow started falling on Staten Island. 23 At 1:34 p.m. all Districts were ordered to begin full salting. By 3:00 p.m., 56% of City roadways had been 24

treated by salt spreaders including all critical

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 5 2 routes. By the time snow began falling heavily, some zones had already put plows on the streets based on 3 local conditions. At 3:25 p.m., the Department of 4 5 Sanitation issued orders to all zones to deploy 6 plows. By 10:00 p.m., 82% of the streets in 7 Brooklyn, Queens and Staten Island had been salted. 8 As traffic began to ease in the Bronx, spreaders from Queens were re-deployed to the Bronx to ensure that 9 10 roadways were cleared before rush hour. And by midnight a total of 1,400 salt spreaders and plows 11 12 were deployed. By 8:00 a.m. on Friday morning 98% of the City had been salted. I understand that these 13 14 were not normal circumstances for a snow storm. 15 forecast was for one inch and it was early in the 16 season to have such a significant snow event. heavy snow was also during rush hour and there were 17 18 traffic accidents with significant consequences for the City. However, this City cannot shut down for 19 20 six inches of snow. We should plan for the worst possible scenarios. We can't do, we can do better 21 2.2 than this and we must do better. Children were stuck 23 on school busses for more than 10 hours and their parents were not updated about their whereabouts or 24

their safety. These children were not fed and sadly

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 6 2 were not provided adequate bathroom breaks. The last student, with the help of the New York City Police 3 Department, thank you, got home at 3 o'clock in the 4 5 morning. New Yorkers were stuck in traffic for many 6 hours, just ask Vanessa Gibson. They were tired, 7 hungry and driving in unsafe conditions. 8 commuters reported 13-hour trips. The Administration did not encourage people to leave their cars at home 9 10 and take public transportation in advance of the storm. The City must be communicating with the 11 public, during and after snow storms. There should 12 be clear messaging to the public and contingency 13 14 plans to keep people and all New Yorkers including 15 school children safe. The Mayor has promised a full 16 review of the City's handling of the snow storm and I am hoping to understand what went wrong and that the 17 Administration will make whatever adjustments are 18 necessary to respond to future storms. We can do 19 20 better and we must do better as a City. New Yorkers should not have to go through this again. I know a 21 2.2 lot of the conversation that day and the day after focused on a pile-up that happened on the George 23 Washington Bridge and the ripple effects that that 24

had on upper Manhattan and on the Bronx but there

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

2 were problems throughout the entire City in areas

3 | that were not affected by the George Washington

4 | Bridge and I look forward to hearing today what we

5 can do, what we can do moving forward to ensure that

6 the entire City is taken care of, New Yorkers were

7 outraged, you saw it on Social Media, you say how

8 people were talked to by the press and I want to

9 understand how we can do better. Again, I want to

10 thank you Chair Reynoso, Chair Rodriguez and Chair

11 | Treyger for co-Chairing this hearing today and I look

12 | forward to this conversation with my colleagues and

13 | the Council. Thank you, Commissioner Garcia, for

14 being here.

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15 CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you Speaker

16 Johnson. Uhm again I am Council Member Antonio

17 Reynoso and I am the Chair of the Committee on

18 | Sanitation and Solid Waste. We are holding this,

19 | today's hearing to do an analysis of why six inches

20 | of snow brought the City of New York to a standstill.

21 \parallel A number of agencies have joined us to testify today

22 | including the Department of Sanitation, the

23 Department of Education, the Department of

24 | Transportation, the New York City Police Department,

25 the Department of Parks and Recreation, and the

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Office of Emergency Management. We will also be hearing from Council Members whose Districts were affected as well as members of the public who dealt with the impact on the ground. Before we begin, I want to acknowledge that no one in the City of New York, not the meteorologist, the Mayor, the Agency Commissioners or myself was expecting a storm like this in the middle of November and it was not until the snow started to pick up in the afternoon that it became clear what we were dealing with. This was the greatest single day snowfall recorded in Central Park in 136 years. We were all caught off-quard. However rather than looking for a scapegoat it is my hope that we can focus today's hearing on how we can improve the City's response and operations to the in the face of unexpected weather events. Like many of you, I was initially appalled at the level of gridlock that occurred from what seemed to be a pretty normal snow storm. We have much worse, much better, however, as we began to dig deeper it became clear that this was a confluence of unusual and unexpected events that lead to huge problems in the City. The first issue was that our weather forecasters completely missed the mark. What had

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION been predicted by a dusting up until the morning of 2 the 15th turned out to be six inches of heavy snow. 3 Additionally, the heavier snowfall began just at the 4 start of rush hour creating some of the worst 5 6 gridlock the City has ever seen. The George 7 Washington Bridge was closed for a full two hours during rush hour, sending traffic into local streets, 8 throughout the Bronx and upper Manhattan. 9 conditions made it impossible for DSNYs plows to 10 clear the streets. A higher than average number of 11 12 vehicular accidents resulted from the icy road conditions causing further traffic delays and 13 14 impediments to snow clearings. Furthermore, as this 15 was mid-November, many of the trees still had leaves 16 on them. As the snow piled into the leaves, trees became so heavy that 150 of them were topped across 17 18 the City. In addition to 300 down limbs blocking traffic in some cases. All of these factors combined 19 to create a situation that made it very difficult for 20 City Agencies to carry out their normal protocol. 21 2.2 Now, while I do recognize that this was a freak 23 event, we can't simply walk away from what happened without looking at ways to improve our response. We 24

cannot tolerate children being stuck in traffic for

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 10 2 hours coming home from school, or our Emergency Responders being unable to cut through the gridlock 3 to reach critical situations. I am frustrated that 4 5 the Mayor's office was unable to provide an audit 6 prior this hearing, so I am expecting a thorough 7 breakdown of what occurred in the testimony delivered by the relevant Agencies. I will be looking at OEM 8 today to better understand why they appeared to be no 9 10 coordinator response to this event. This particular situation was an unexpected weather event but what if 11 12 there had been a terrorist attack? Do we have plans as a City to tackle major calamities that affect that 13 14 entire City. I also want to know that neither the 15 Port Authority or the MTA are present today which is unfortunate as there were a number of incidents under 16 the prevue, under their prevue that contributed to 17 18 this difficult situation. It is my hope that we can learn from this event to improve inter-agency 19 coordination which I believe was in the area in which 20 the City's response fell short. To ensure that we 21 2.2 are much better prepared for future events, we are the greatest City in the world and I know if we put

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our heads together, we can ensure that we are

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adequately prepared for another weather event, even

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those hours, if you were warm in your house, no one you know, I don't think that even the media knew the nightmare that a lot of people went through during those hours. On be... on behalf of the Transportation Committee that I Chair. I want to welcome all of you to this emergency hearing on what happened on November 15. New Yorkers have many questions and I have one thing to tell them, Yes, the Government of the City of New York and its Agency failed big time when thousands of residents, visitors, senior citizens, students with disability and working family were left in the street without any safeguard or assistance. Yes, the George Washington Bridge closed, there were traffic crashes throughout the five boroughs and supposedly we didn't know the

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number of inches of snow for we were expected to receive that day. My question, and the frustration and the frustration of all New Yorkers is Why was an Inter-agency Emergency not activated that day? how does it look like when they are activated? were the City Agency in charge of our streets, traffic and schools not see this as a big crisis at any point throughout the evening, during the night, on Thursday and early Friday? I wonder if some fire that we had that morning also was affected with the lack of fire trucks moving in the streets? Because of that condition and there was any death related to any fire that happened that morning? As someone who, that particular afternoon took my train to go to a meeting to Washington Street in Brooklyn, the A train, the first stop in Brooklyn. Ending my meeting at 4:50, 4:40 and my friend because when we came out, he saw all the snow and said should take a ride with me? And is said yes. We got into the car at 4:50 and it took me from 4:50 that afternoon, Thursday to get in my house in Greenwood at 2:20 in the morning. No, I don't want to share this story because I'm the Council Member in (INAUDIBLE) 127 St. Nicholas, I look backward here so Council Member Andy King and I

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heard that Vanessa Gibson, the GPA sent it to go to first avenue and all the Council Members and what I can tell you is that 127 St. Nicholas Avenue it was a chaotic situation. No cars were going north and south. All vehicles were only going north. Cars were on the sidewalk. People coming out from the busses. No one was there to support it. I was against sitting in a stand, in standstill traffic like to New Yorkers for those 10 hours. I saw busses without moving at 127 St. Nicholas Avenue for more than two hours. I saw senior citizens and children with their parents coming out from those busses and they were unable to walk in the street, ice, street, and ice snow that we had that evening. No one were there to guide them. No one were there to support it. Was I saw was a lot of vehicle crossing through the 127 jumping onto the sidewalk, even putting the lives of those children, families and senior citizens in risk? I traveled 20 blocks from 127 to 155th before I saw any law enforcement assisting traffic and the only location, I saw it was at 145th and St. Nicholas Avenue, only one person. I saw people vacating their cars and trying to walk home. This was a living nightmare, you would never imagine what

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 14 2 you went through unless you were there. My neighbor pal, who is a lawyer, a retired lawyer. She was 3 4 telling me this story how she needed to pee in the street because she couldn't hold it. Children with 5 disability, Francis Rojo going home like at 11:00 6 7 p.m. crying to his mother because he couldn't understand why he was in that situation? We have the 8 resources, we have the capacity, we have the men and 9 women power to respond to the level of crisis that 10 occurred that night on November 15 but we failed. 11 12 And that's why I will be introducing a Language Legislation that I hope will be able to move forward 13 14 that will ask for the report every year on how Inter-15 Agency responsiveness and which agencies are 16 activated during a City Emergency. Whether if for inclement weather or a natural disaster. I thank all 17 the members of this Administration for being with us 18 today. I thank Speaker Johnson for his leadership to 19 work with us and all for this emergency hearing and I 20 look forward to hearing your testimony on the City 21 2.2 Preparation, not only for that day please don't come 23 with excuses of what happened at George Washington.

The lack of not know how many inches, we know that

that contributed a lot. Those New Yorkers here and

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COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 15 2 while following the media want to know, why, what happened at 10:00 p.m.? What happened at 12? 3 were those people from different Agency still sending 4 home and not still in their place helping other 5 individuals? (Speaker Spanish). Thank you. 6 7 CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you Chair 8 Rodriguez, Council Member Treyger. CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Good afternoon, uhm 9 Council Member Mark Treyger, Chair of the Education 10 Committee. I would like to, first thank Speaker 11 12 Corey Johnson for joining us today and also thanking the Speaker for immediately taking ownership for what 13 happened that day and the following day and what did 14 15 not happen that day and the following day. 16 Immediately apologizing to New Yorkers and pledging accountability and changes moving forward. So, the 17 18 Speaker's presence here today I believe is critical and important and I thank you and his office for 19 20 being here. I want to also thank my co-Chair, Chair Reynoso and Chair Rodriguez for holding this hearing 21 2.2 on the City's Preparation and Response to Winter Storm Avery. Uhm while the severity and timing of 23 the storm was not accurately predicted in advance, we 24

certainly don't blame the Department of Education for

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 16 2 the road and traffic conditions that resulted. It is however hard to comprehend how a six-inch snowfall 3 resulted in such disruption and hardships for 4 children and families as well as school staff. 5 6 particularly disturbing that it seems that DOE has no 7 protocols or plans in place in the event of emergencies like this winter storm to ensure children 8 stranded on buses for hours on end have access to 9 bathrooms, water and food. This is unconscionable. 10 Particularly when the great majority of school bus 11 12 riders are young children, children with disabilities, and those who are medically fragile. 13 14 On top of that, the lack of protocol for 15 communicating with parents is unacceptable. DOE is 16 causing parents to be frantic and worried because they cannot communicate with their children and have 17 18 no idea where their busses are located. Just last month, the Education Committee held a hearing on the 19 20 DOEs Office of Pupil Transportation due to the inexcusable management or mismanagement of school bus 21 2.2 services that resulted in excessive delays and no 23 shows at the start of the school year. At that 24 hearing, we heard that the DOE is working on

improving the use of GPS tracking on school busses

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and expanding a pilot program to allow parents to track the location of their child's bus in real time using a mobile app. That technology would have been a huge benefit had it been in place for this November 15 snow storm. We are glad that DOE is starting to expand this GPS tracking program but we can't wait for this program to be implemented uhm to find a way to communicate with parents. DOE must establish a way for parents to communicate directly with someone on the bus rather than wait endlessly on hold with OPTs Customer Service Line. Having a matron or attendant on every school bus will not only provide that point of contact for parents but it would also offer much needed assistance and supervision for students who ride the bus daily as well as critical support in the event of an emergency. This is why I just introduced a resolution calling on DOE to place and escort attendant on board all public-school busses. The aftermath of the snow storm created still more problems for our City schools. While a decision was made to open schools the day after the storm and this decision was communicated to the media and parents well before the start of the school day, the decision to cancel field trips and after school

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 18 programs was not communicated until after the school day was already in session. This created tremendous hardship for parents and families who had to scramble to make childcare arrangements of very short notice. I am sure that many parents were unable to make alternate arrangements and those who already at work may not have received notice of the cancellation, leaving students stranded at school at the end of the day. Today I hope to learn more about how and why the decision was made to cancel afterschool programs and how it was communicated to parents. I also want to know how many students remained after school that day because their parents were unable to make other childcare arrangements? What was done to accommodate those students? We have a lot of questions for DOE today as we hope to learn more about DOEs plans for any future such emergencies. would like to thank the Education Committee staff, Beth Golub, Kalima Johnson (SP?), Jan Atwell, Katelyn O'Hagan and Elizabeth Hoffman and also my staff Ann Scaife, Vanessa Ogle and Eric Fangberg (SP?) and with that I will turn it back to Chair Reynoso.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you, I want to thank uhm the Agencies who are here today with us.

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 20 2 Education. I am Kathryn Garcia, Commissioner for the New York City Department of Sanitation. I am joined 3 4 by Parks Commissioner Mitchell Silver, Transportation 5 Commissioner Polly Trottenberg, Emergency Management Commissioner Joe Esposito, New York Police 6 7 Department, Chief of Department Terrance Monahan and Department of Education, Chief Operating Officer, 8 Ursuline Ramirez. Thank you for the opportunity 9 today to discuss the City's preparations for and 10 response to Winter Storm Avery on November 15th. Let 11 12 me say at the outset that the Department of Sanitation and I along with my colleagues empathize 13 with the thousands of New Yorkers including many 14 15 school children who faced excessively long commutes 16 and dangerous roadway conditions on the evening of November 15. This event severely affected the entire 17 tri-state region and it truly was a perfect storm of 18 events that posed serious challenges for New York 19 City as well as our neighboring states and 20 municipalities. I would like to walk you through the 21 2.2 timeline of this snow event, our preparation and response, the impediments we faced and lessons we 23 have learned for future storms. The Department of 24 Sanitation monitors weather forecasts through its

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 21 2 three contracted weather services around the clock and receives forecasts from the National Weather 3 Service via New York City Emergency Management. When 4 forecast called for a potential snow event, the 5 Department issues a Snow Alert to inform our staff, 6 7 other City Agencies and the public. DSNY received the first forecast of a possible snow event on the 8 morning of Monday November 12th. On Wednesday 9 November 14th meteorologists expressed increasing 10 confidence in the likelihood of a snow event. DSNY 11 12 issued a snow alert to media and City Agencies at 1:40 p.m. that day and held a joint press conference 13 14 that afternoon with New York City Emergency 15 Management. The press conference was attended by 16 nine media outlets including six major television stations. The forecast leading up to the November 17 15th event called for a wintery mix with likely 18 accumulations of zero to three inches predominantly 19 on grassy surfaces. The morning of the storm, the 20 National Weather Forecast called for one inch of snow 21 2.2 for that afternoon. We know now that that forecast was off the mark. It was not until 12:37 p.m., less 23 than half an hour before the snow started falling 24

that the National Weather Service issued a Winter

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Weather Advisory calling for snow accumulations of two to five inches. By the time the snow ended, accumulations in Central Park measured 6.4 inches and parts of the Bronx had experienced brief periods of snowfall of more than two inches per hour. The storm was heav... was the heaviest November snowfall since 1938 and the earliest November snowfall over six inches on record. The Department deployed salt spreaders to spread rock salt on the more than 19,000 road lane miles across the five boroughs. Salt helps to reduce the accumulation of snow and prevent the formation of icy conditions. Salt spreading operations continue for the duration of snowfall. Once the snowfall accumulation is greater than twoinches the Department deploys its snow plows. Plowing operations continue until all of the City's traffic lanes are passible. Throughout the duration of a storm, Department Field Managers constantly monitor roadway conditions, equipment use and variations in weather patterns, our field officers report this information on an hourly basis back to their respective borough commands and on to our Central Operations Office. At Headquarters, DSNY deploys a variety of technology tools to maintain

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 23 situational awareness. These include GPS tracking of spreaders and plows, analytical tools to measure mileage completed, live feeds from DOT Traffic cameras, NOA weather grids, snow complaint data and data monitor First Alert, a real time social media alert system. Based on the forecast of Wednesday of zero to three inches on grassy surfaces, the Department suspended street cleaning regulations for Thursday, loaded 679 spreaders, attached plows to 150 collection trucks and activated the Plow NYC Tracking System. Based on the forecast and the anticipation that salt spreaders would be the primary snow equipment required for the storm, the Department planned for a three-shift operation which included cleaning and collection and Refuse Center Cycling. At the start of this 6 a.m. shift, the Department sends 290 spreaders out to pre-salt high elevations and overpass which freeze earlier than streets. noon, 1,024 miles of roadway had been pre-salted Citywide including 291 miles in the Bronx. While the National Weather Service did not change its forecast until 12:37 DSNYs in-house meteorologist had reached out to our Operations Staff shortly before 10 a.m. to

indicate that the storm was growing and that the City

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 24 2 could now anticipated between three and five inches of snow. At this point, the personnel on the 6 a.m. 3 4 shift were informed that they would work a 12-hour 5 shift until 6 p.m. that night and Districts were 6 directed to add additional plows to collection 7 trucks. At 11 a.m. 679 spreaders had been deployed to their standby locations. At 1:23 as Field Staff 8 reported snow starting to fall in Staten Island all 9 Districts were ordered to assigned spreaders were 10 necessary. At 1:34 p.m. all Districts were ordered 11 12 to begin full salting as the storm came I quickly across the boroughs. Around the same time, DOT began 13 14 treating the East River bridges. By 3:00 p.m. salt 15 spreaders had treated more than 56% of roadway miles 16 Citywide. With snow falling heavily the Department issued orders to all zones to deploy plows at 3:25 17 18 p.m. Although some zones had already put plows in the streets based on local conditions. By midnight, 19 we had a total of almost 1,400 salt spreaders and 20 plows deployed in the field. Just as the City 21 2.2 Council and the public have demanded to understand what occurred two weeks ago, the Administration has 23 24 been assessing this snow event to determine what

factors dist... distinguished this storm from others.

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It is vital to understand the unique challenges posed by this storm that impeded our spreading and plowing operations. This storm would have been difficult to fight on its own due to the unexpected heavy snow and sleet and the timing at the height of rush hour but a series of cascading events that affected the region made effective snow removal in the City nearly impossible. These included a 21-car pileup on the George Washington Bridge, one of the busiest vehicular bridges in the world around 3 p.m. led to the closure of the bridge to outbound traffic for several hours and caused gridlock on the cross Bronx Expressway and other interconnecting highways. In addition, the Port Authority closed the Bayonne Bridge for several periods between noon and 5:30 which backed up traffic on the Staten Island Expressway and Route 440. The FDR and Harlem River Drive, upper level of the Queens Borough Bridge, Van Wyck, Major Deegan and Gowanus Expressway among others also experienced intermittent lane closures. The intense traffic conditions that occurred at the height of the storm which gridlocked roads and trapped cars and busses also gridlocked DSNYs plows and spreaders. Upper Manhattan and the Bronx were at

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a complete standstill. As the major arterials became clogged drivers whether on their own or directed by Dynamic Mapping Apps took to local streets which quickly became congested as well. According to data from WAVES the number of traffic irregularities reported in the New York Metro area was 140% greater than the same day the previous year. In the Bronx, that number was 241% greater. Additionally, the storm caused damaged trees throughout the City. midnight on Thursday, the Parks Department had received more than 1,200 reports of downed or damaged trees. Many of these left streets impassible for our spreaders and plows both during and after the event and some caused our plows to get stuck behind the downed trees. However, the City Agencies continued to fight the storm through the night. By 10:00 p.m., 82% of the streets in Brooklyn, Queens and Staten Island had been salted. As traffic began to ease in the Bronx, spreaders from Queens were re-deployed to the Bronx to ensure roadways were cleared before rush hour. And at the interconnection between the Major Deegan and Cross Bronx Expressway DSNY salt spreaders received NYPD escorts to travel the wrong way on certain on and off ramps to spread salt. By 8:00

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 27 2 a.m., 98% of the City had been salted. anticipation of the impending snowfall, the 3 Department of Transportation began sending out pre-4 5 storm messaging in the early afternoon on the 6 variable message board system. It operates on 7 highways across the City. DOT updated the message to advise of a snow condition, to use caution, reduce 8 speed, and avoid unnecessary travel and again 9 10 regarding slippery conditions. As I mentioned before, a 20-car crash around 3 had blocked all lanes 11 12 in both directions on the upper level of the George Washington Bridge what would not be fully re-opened 13 14 for two years. From that point, reports began coming 15 in of disabled vehicles including busses and tractor-16 trailers affecting travel lanes on multiple highways. What is apparent in our after-action analysis is that 17 18 starting around 2:00 p.m. travel speed Citywide at the MTA, Port Authority and the 355 locations DOT 19 20 monitors, all began to drop precipitously and continued to do so until around 6 after which they 21 2.2 only began to recover very gradually and did not 23 return back to normal until after midnight. While all of this was occurring, DOTs Traffic Management 24

and Emergency Response Staff were primarily focused

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 28 2 on addressing incidents identified through visual inspection via their Traffic Camera Network and calls 3 placed into the Communication Center. An icy offramp 4 5 or a steep section of roadway where trucks and others 6 were getting stuck and working with its partners to 7 direct either authorized tow trucks, New York Police Department and DSNY Resources to those locations. 8 the same time, data from Transcom, a coalition for 9 10 coordination and cooperation among 16 Tri-State Transportation and Public Safety Agencies gives a 11 12 regional picture. Between 2 and 3 p.m. major delays began appearing, first in New Jersey and the southern 13 14 parts of the City and then spreading into upper 15 Manhattan and the Bronx and all of Westchester. 16 These delays created severe systemwide gridlock. This meant that once traffic on the George Washington 17 18 Bridge started to flow again it had nowhere to go by that point. Whether coming into this City or headed 19 20 into New Jersey and it remained that way for several more hours. It should be noted that it was mainly 21 2.2 roads and bridges that got snarled across New York, 23 New Jersey, Connecticut and Pennsylvania. fortunate that MTA did do a good job that evening of 24

keeping the subways running well during this event.

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 29 2 Over the course of the storm, the New York Police Department adjusted their Traffic Enforcement to 3 4 accommodate worsening conditions. All Traffic 5 Enforcement Agents on the 12:00 p.m. shift had their 6 tours extended to 11:00 p.m. The Citywide Traffic 7 Task Force deployed officers and supervisors to the East River Bridges and the approaches to the George 8 Washington Bridge to help mitigate traffic. Extra 9 10 officers were deployed to several major crosstown streets in Manhattan. Furthermore, the New York 11 12 Police Department extended the tours of every Highway Command Officer in the first platoon and the four 13 officers in each command for the third platoon which 14 15 increased the manpower to respond to snow storm 16 related events. On the highways in addition to the Authorized Tow Program, New York PD added two trucks 17 18 to each of the four highway commands to supplement the Authorized Tow Program. An additional 60 tow 19 20 trucks were deployed to help vehicles in need of assistance in other areas. All towed over 200 21 2.2 vehicles were towed to improve traffic flow that day. 23 School busses were significantly delayed due to the November 15 storm and road conditions. 24

Department of Education worked closely with bus

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 30 2 companies and across City Agencies to keep students safe while getting them to their destinations as 3 efficiently as possible. Approximately 700 routes 4 5 were delayed that evening, representing a little less than 10% of all routes. During the storm, the Office 6 7 of Pupil Transportation prioritized communications with families making 665 individual phone calls to 8 the families affected by the delays that evening. 9 The OPT Hotline was operational through Thursday 10 night into Friday morning, 15 staff members remained 11 12 in the office until 5 a.m. to answer calls until the call center's morning shift arrived. As I mentioned 13 14 earlier, this storm had the second highest 15 accumulations for a November snow storm since 1882. 16 When the storm hit, more than half of the City's trees still had some or all of their leaves. This 17 18 led to significant tree limb failure as many limbs could not bear the weight of what heavy snow caught 19 20 on their leaves. During the storm, staff from the Police and Fire Departments worked through the night 21 2.2 to respond to emergency requests for downed trees and 23 limbs blocking roadways. Late on the night of the

storm, the Parks Department, New York City Emergency

Management and the Mayor's Office called for the

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COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 31 2 activation of the Down Tree Task Force, an interagency effort to address storm related tree 3 issues beginning Friday morning. Starting at 6 a.m. 4 5 on the morning after the storm, Parks deployed 30 6 crews into the field prioritizing block streets, 7 trees on houses and leaning trees. These 150 Parks employees assessed tree damage, resolved dangerous 8 conditions and begin the disposal of fallen trees and 9 limbs. Park staff were supplemented by teams from 10 the Fire Department, the Police Department, the 11 12 Department of Environmental Protection as well as Parks Emergency Contactors. Both Parks and DSNY 13 14 worked jointly to remove tree brush and log from the 15 streets and reported tree debris was cleared within a 16 week of the storm. Following the storm, the Park Department completed inspections of more than 3,300 17 18 service requests made through 3-1-1 for downed trees, hanging limbs and fallen limbs across the City. 19 20 these inspections, Parks created more than 2,000 unique work orders for fallen trees or limbs and all 21 2.2 of those have since been completed and resolved. 23 These efforts were coordinated through the Downed Tree Task Force and New York City Emergency 24

Management. The City is currently performing a

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review and assessment of its response to this snow event. Based on the results of this evaluation, the City will make operational changes and adjustments; however, we are prepared to share some preliminary lessons learned at this time. As a result of climate change, New York City will experience more frequent and intense storms of all types. Weather conditions are becoming increasingly variable and unpredictable and the storm on November 15 was one indication of this long-term trend. As a result, the City must adapt its preparations for future storms to account for this increasingly unpredictability. To ensure that we are prepared for future early season storms, DSNY will advance our Night Plow Operations to start at the beginning of November rather than in mid-November. In addition, for each individual weather event, DSNY will plan for additional staff coverage to increase pre-treatment of roadways. While this may mean in some cases, we will pre-treat roadways in advance of events that end up bringing little or no snow it will give us an additional jump start for weather events that turn to snow earlier or more aggressively than expected. In advance of storms like this one with high moisture content and an even

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 33 2 small possibility of changeover to mostly or all snow, the Department will plan for significantly 3 higher accumulations than forecast to prepare for the 4 5 worse case scenario. Immediately, the day after the 6 storm, Commissioner Trottenberg spoke to her 7 counterparts at MTA, Port Authority, New York State 8 DOT, New Jersey Transit, New Jersey DOT and Transcom. She can say that across the region, we all struggled 9 and we can all do better and that includes regional 10 communication. In addition, DOT will work with 11 partner agencies and Transcom to identify recurring 12 problem areas where icing and crashes occurred, 13 14 especially at high volume crossings in order to pre-15 position assets at these locations and have Emergency 16 Access Plans in place to be ready to address conditions immediately. And while DOTs Traffic 17 18 Management Center generally focuses on incident response, DOT is exploring automated algorithm-based 19 monitoring of traffic conditions that might alert us 20 to the kind of precipitous drop in speed system wide 21 2.2 in order to alert other Agencies and the public. a similar event in the future, the City will be 23 prepared to put out more information to the public as 24

it is happening so that people better know what to

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 34 2 expect as they are on the road or about to get on the road. It is clear that the sheer number of vehicles 3 on the road was a major factor that hampered DSNYs 4 5 ability to clear snow and ice from roadways. 6 will work with NYPD and DOT to develop plans for 7 emergency escorts and counterflow travel of 8 spreaders, plows and tow trucks to ensure that we can get where they need to go if gridlock conditions 9 restrict travel in the future. After the storm, the 10 Chancellor convened an after-action group to review 11 12 the response of this storm and ensure the best services for and communication with families in the 13 14 event of future snow storms and emergencies. DOE is 15 exploring improvements to Customer Service to better 16 communicate with families in a more consistent basis. DOE has already created an OPT Twitter handle and 17 18 brought the OPT webpage into the DOE website and is continuing to review their Call Center, Robocalls and 19 20 how best to use Twitter and the website to communicate information. DOEs contracted school bus 21 2.2 service have GPS devices on all Special Education 23 buses as well as two-way radio communication with all 24 buses. DOE is funding a pilot program to provide

parents access to bus ETA information via an app and

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2 it is currently accessing this pilot for expansion.

3 Every storm brings different challenges that impacts

4 the speed with which we can clear the streets

5 including storm intensity, temperature, time of day

6 and total accumulation. We ask the public to heed

7 any notifications or requests from the City including

8 DSNY Snow Alerts and Travel Warnings from New York

9 City Emergency Management and DOT and leave their

10 cars at home or at work. Most importantly, I ask New

11 Yorkers to be patient and allow workers at DSNY and

12 other agencies who are performing under tough and

13 | often brutal conditions to safely do their jobs as

14 | quickly as possible. In closing, I want to assure

15 | all New Yorkers that snow funding remains a core

16 component of the Departments Mission and our

17 workforce understands that their performance is

18 \parallel critical to keeping this City functioning 24 x 7. W

19 strive to learn from this event and to continue

 $20 \parallel \text{improving our operations during future storms.}$ My

21 | colleagues and I are now happy to answer your

22 questions.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you for that testimony, i just want to acknowledge that we

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have also been joined by Council Member Salamanca,

3 Ulrich and Ampry-Samuel. Speaker?

Reynoso. Thank you uhm Commissioner for that very thorough testimony giving us a tick-tock of what happened that day and also some constructive ideas on how to improve performance in the future. I appreciate it. I did want to uhm, uhm ask what now that this Operational Review is underway and you were able to share some preliminary results from it, what mistakes were made that day?

KATHRYN GARCIA: So, I think that, that one of the things that we are looking back at and really, and really evaluating is our ability to message to the public and I think that we knew that we were having challenges in the late afternoon and our messaging primarily said something about exercise caution. Uhm that is not a strong enough message, uhm in terms of making sure that the public really understands the challenges that we are facing. Uhm I think that we are all reviewing that as we move forward but we are really focused on uhm should there be a situation where there is a major accident or that becomes a bottle neck how do we more effectively

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resolve that. We use some creative ideas during that night but we need to do more to pre-plan for this unexpected cascading set of events.

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SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Who decides what information is disseminated to the public? Who is the ultimate decider in that?

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KATHRYN GARCIA: So, I wouldn't say that it's a, it's a decider. Uhm so the Office of Emergency Management is providing much information through their Notify NYC through their other Twitter They are usually are the primary persons who handle. are putting out information about weather conditions or traffic conditions and they are trying to provide that in real time. Uhm and so I think that there wasn't, it was never coming up like should we make our message stronger now? I think that that is something that we realized as we are going through the analytics of this. So, there wasn't someone who said don't put out a message. Uhm I think that understanding the full extent of what was happening with traffic, uhm was that we were dealing with something in which the implications of what was happening regionally were not as clear in what was happening across the rest of the City. Uhm I would

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 38 say that from my personal point of view, I am watching them in operations and I know that we are slowing down uhm there is traffic and there are accidents and uhm across the City and we are clearing them and we are getting back on track. You know it is slowing us down and then we are getting back on That's happening continuously during the track. The fact that we ended up in such an storm. incredibly tough gridlock situation that even if it was cleared, when the Port Authority did clear that bridge that there wasn't flow coming off of the Cross Bronx or the Major Deegan or the FDR or the Henry Hudson. I also think that there, there is something that I, we could think jointly about in terms of when people are using mapping software. I think that when we ended up in that gridlock situation and certainly some of my colleagues can talk about some of their personal experience, some of that mapping software were telling them that it was going to take them two hours to get through the Bronx to Westchester. clearly know that that was, that did not happen. That was not actually happening so I think that there were people who were still leaving from lower

Manhattan, open up their map and it says oh it's

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going to be bad but not catastrophic. Uhm so how do

3 we sync all of these different pieces of information

4 that people are receiving to make sure that it is

5 very chris message, is it a takeaway that we have to

6 | try and improve.

Yorkers were not encouraged to leave their cars at home and take public transportation when it was realized that the storm a lot worse? I didn't see and I haven't seen any communication that went out during that time encouraging New Yorkers to leave their vehicles at home and to use public transportation.

ATHRYN GARCIA: So that was not, we always do serve the general message that we would prefer for you not to drive but uhm I don't, we didn't do the don't drive message uhm and so when we are talking in the morning and about when people are getting up and getting ready to go, we did not have information that this storm had significantly changed and so people drove in. I think the message we failed to give them is we actually want you to now leave your car in the City and go home uhm and use mass transit. There is a very difficult message but

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2 that is something that I think we should have tried

3 to message.

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testimony that you just delivered to us you said uhm related to the weather forecast, the forecast leading up to the November 15 event called for wintery mix with likely accumulations of zero to three inches predominantly on grasses surfaces. You went on to say that the contracted National Weather Services that the Department and the City used call for one inch of snow. As I pointed out in my opening testimony WPIX 11 was accurately forecasting what actually happened and they did it the day before.

KATHRYN GARCIA: I mean I would, I would go back there. I do not have information that WPIX 11 had actually said that we were going to get six inches of snow but I am happy to go back and look at what they were looking at and what their forecasters are. Uhm we are using Accuweather, Compuweather, Metroweather and the National Weather Service as well as our own inhouse and I don't, I don't believe that the forecast. I, we did not see anything that indicated from anything that we had seen that the

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forecast was going to be significantly different until mid-morning on November.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Uhm so I printed out a series of Tweets from random New Yorkers or people who were in the City and these are Tweets that are unrelated to upper Manhattan and the Bronx given the reason that has been stated was the pileup on the George Washington Bridge and the spillover effects it had on the Cross Bronx Expressway and the Major Deegan and these Tweets, a bunch of them are from Staten Island where at 407, the roads in Staten Island are awful, cars are sliding everything. have not seen one salt truck. An hour later, clearly no plows on Staten Island. I saw one small truck going up a block that was literally spinning out of control. He beeped at me I thought it was to say I am salting in front of you, you will be fine, no, no salt, nada, nothing, your fire. Staten Island is a mess. I did not see a single truck salting or plowing. It took three hours to get from the Verrazzano Bridge to Westerly and more Tweets like this. Then, related to Brooklyn. My X28 bus was supposed to leave at 3:19 and drop me off at Flat Iron by 4:00 p.m. I am still on that bus with 18

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blocks to go. And I am reading all of these just to say that there were clearly issues outside of the impact area that was citing. There were issues on Staten Island. There were issues in Queens. There were issues in Brooklyn. Uhm and I want to understand separate and apart from the details that you gave us related to Upper Manhattan and the Bronx there were still many, many issues in other parts of the City.

ATTHRYN GARCIA: So uhm Mr. Speaker I appreciate that, that question, uhm yes there were, there were issues across the other boroughs. In Staten Island the Bayonne Bridge was, was closed for a very extended period of time which did impact the arterial highways there. Uhm that was true, also in Brooklyn and in Queens. There were challenges across the city so it is not to say that there were only challenges in upper Manhattan and the Bronx but they were the hardest for us to get out of so our ability to get through and recover from those, uhm was the most challenging. So you are absolutely correct that at the height of the, that sort of hour in the late afternoon, we were seeing major traffic issues across the City uhm in all five boroughs but the difference

was that they did not end up in a gridlock situation where we could not then get back on track uhm and then be able to actually move pieces of equipment later in the evening from other boroughs into the Bronx.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: The, the, day after the storm, when there was a press conference on the other side of City Hall in the Blue Room to address what had happened the day before, did anyone apologize from the Administration to the public?

Certainly are and as much as the public is, we are equally as frustrated. We do not want this to happen again. DSNY really strives to exceed New Yorkers expectations but this was really a regional issue that was a unique set of circumstance and we are really trying to focus on figuring out how do we get better in a way that we are prepared for the unpredictable.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: But what's wrong with apologizing? Even if there were factors outside of our own control, what is the problem with saying I'm sorry?

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KATHRYN GARCIA: I am certainly sorry that we did not message this and that we were not able to make it so that people understood the challenge that they would face ahead whether or not they were commuting or in school busses or they were parents and what the issues were, but I really, want to uhm be forward looking and, and really think about how do we help our staffs, all of us who had people who worked very, very long hours to try and make it through and stay, stay focused on it. I mean this is the type of storm where you are trying to create uhm a new paradigm and so we are going to try and make sure that we are writing that out into additional plans for uhm going forward and trying to figure out. So, what do we do when we lose major pieces of infrastructure and it is sort of if there is a cascading event, how do we handle that? How do we come up with new ideas?

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: I just think there is nothing wrong with saying sorry.

KATHRYN GARCIA: I am, I am reluctant to, to phrase it in that direct way because of the, the challenges of trying to apologize for a storm and for traffic.

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SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: But again, there were other factors outside of that, that we have talked about.

KATHRYN GARCIA: I am, I am certainly sorry that we did not message appropriate. I am certainly sorry that we had not thought up of like we should be messaging to people that it is likely that trees could become dangerous in a heavy snowfall with leaves on them. Uhm you know those are the types of things that I think we are focused on trying to assess and we will continue to be uhm thinking about how to make it better. We don't want anyone to experience this again.

think you have been an outstanding Commissioner for five years, I think you've done an exception job not just in uhm in snow related events but I think you have done an outstanding job on working with the Council on prioritizes of the Administration and other parts of the Sanitation Department's portfolio and I really believe that. I think you have uhm served the City very well and I'm glad that the Mayor chose you to be our Sanitation Commissioner so any of this criticism today is in no way personal or in no

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way me seeing that I don't have confidence in your because I think we have shown through your work with Chair Reynoso and members of this Council the ability to work together and to get through the vast majority of these snow related events and other issues that have come up in a competent thoughtful uhm way and I think because of that track record you were chosen for another job. You were chosen for a very important job which is to led an effort on eradicating lead in New York City and to come up with a plan which is extraordinarily important for us to here on the Council for the City as a whole. We had a hearing a couple of months ago related to a package of Bills on lead in New York City and eradicating lead exposure and poisoning for children in New York City and I think you were probably chosen because the Mayor had a lot of confidence in you by seeing how you have run the Sanitation Department. But is it too much to be Commissioner of the Department of Sanitation and to lead this other extraordinarily important effort at the same time?

KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm so I am truly humbled that the Mayor had the confidence in me to appointment to me do what I think is incredibly

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important work around lead. Uhm let me assure you that in no way during any snow emergency would I not be at headquarters in my Command Center making sure that we are managing the event moving forward and in through all of the planning and after action that occurs with that. Uhm but I think that there is ability to also focused on what is critical work around ending exposure of lead for children and I do not have to uhm depend on if my Department of Sanitation, my First Deputy Commissioner Costas as well as all my Chiefs who I think are handling the day to day operations of the Department very, very well.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, it's not too much to do these two jobs and being assigned these two very important responsibilities at the same time? KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm I have not found it to be to date.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So uhm I'm going to leave the questions related to the Department of Education, I know that Chair Treyger has many questions. I know that Chair Reynoso has some more questions on operations of the day and Chair Rodriguez as well as other members, uhm so I am not

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 48
2	going to ask any further questions, but I hope that
3	when this full operational review. When is the full
4	Operational Review going to be done?
5	KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm I anticipate it to
6	be completed sometime next week.
7	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So uhm and when's
8	the, is there any snow in the forecast over the next
9	week?
10	KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm not yet but as I
11	would say that is always subject to change. We
12	actually had snow in the forecast last night that was
13	there and then went away.
14	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, we look
15	forward to getting a copy of that full Operational
16	Review when it is complete and uh taking the lessons
17	from that review as well as uhm the lessons learned
18	in your testimony today and implementing those for
19	future storms later this uhm Winter Season. Thank
20	you, Chair Reynoso.
21	KATHRYN GARCIA: Thank you.
22	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you
23	Speaker. I am also going to be brief on my
24	questioning to allow for my colleagues, uhm
25	especially ones that experienced uhm uhm I guess the

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2 log jam more than I did. Uhm Public Transportation,

3 I want to be hon... the subways were working well. If

4 you were on a bus you were probably stuck either

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5 waiting for it for a prolonged time or, or crammed

6 into one when it finally did show up. My question is

7 uhm in every scenario, there is a proactive and a

 $8 \parallel$ reactive way to handle situations and problems. Uhm

9 | I am preaching in my local office, making sure that

10 we are organizing and we are passing policies that

11 | affect that lives in New Yorkers every single day in

12 a proactive approach. Then we have a reactive side

13 of our office which is Constituent Services. If

14 | there is a fire in the community, how we react to

15 | that and my problem here was when the crisis hit, I

16 didn't feel that there was a reaction. I think that

17 | what people saw was they didn't see putting hand in

18 | traffic, if we see that a school bus is stuck in the

19 | middle of traffic northbound into the Bronx and

20 | Manhattan why are there not police escorts allowing

21 \parallel for the bus to go onto the opposite side of the road

22 so they can get to their destination understanding

23 | that those kids need to get home? Uhm who is

responsible for making decisions that make sense on

25 \parallel the spot? Something that you probably won't do,

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 50

2 don't do but could do? Who can authorize that is happening? I want every single NYPD vehicle or

4 officers to come out and take these busses out of the

5 log job and allow them to go into the opposite

6 direction to get to where they need to get to. And

7 that, that's just one example, but who does, who does

those type of things so allow for us to feel 8

comfortable that there is a reaction to a crisis? 9

KATHRYN GARCIA: Absolutely so I'm going to briefly speak from my perspective and then uhm uhm so the Office of Emergency Management would usually coordinate some of those requests uhm and those would go through PD to be dispatched down to their Precinct level. Uhm I am going to ask uhm Terrance Monahan to talk about whether or not he would give discretion to patrol cars because I think that one of the things that we want to do is also make sure that we are prioritizing that if it is a question of a City bus or a school bus, well maybe we are prioritizing the school bus over, over the City bus or maybe we are prioritizing the school bus over the spreader and usually that has to be done centrally to make sure that, that if there is a need for coordination among

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agencies but let me turn to Chief of Department to 3

TERRANCE MONAHAN: That is something that 4

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mean I was partially out there for four to five hours

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give his perspective of authorizing uhm Precincts?

we don't have to give note, they have it. Our cops have discretion to handle a situation as they, as they see it. And that was happening that night, I driving in the Bronx and upper Manhattan. personally view on my Twitter account out there clearing intersections, pushing cars, cops were out of their cars at intersections. The issue being that once you cleared an intersection there was nowhere for those cars to go. There was that log jam, so you are out, you are clearing it. There were busses and I can give you a perfect example, right on Fordham Road, over by Crotona, one of those two-tier busses completely tried to make the turn on it and spun out across the roadway which blocked five other busses from going anywhere. There was nothing he could do at that point. If he tried to back, he was going to take out a light post that was on the sidewalk. So, you tried to move the busses, some of them because of the snow were unable to be moved, that they started

to spin out. So, it wouldn't be a matter of taking

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them across the road because they would spin out across the road and block that side too. So, each and every situation had to be handled specifically and very cautiously as you did it. We, anyone who was in the Bronx that day knows exactly what it was like, upper Manhattan I know exactly what you are talking about, uhm Councilman Rodriguez, it was at a standstill, but that situation became there was nowhere for us to push them out. We had 370 Traffic Agents that we held on overtime, working the areas, but as they cleared an intersection, the next intersection was blocked. So, there wasn't a spot until people were able to start getting out of the City until we actually, I know you don't want to keep hearing it, but George Washington but once you started getting that roadway moving to allow the people that were trying to get on to those entrance ramps it wasn't going to happen. And then again, they mentioned the GPS things. You had GPS signals, like the waves telling people to get off of the highway onto these secondary roads and they were clear. I had it on myself when I was driving around. They were saying Tremont Avenue was clear, Tremont Avenue down by West Farms had to be one of the worst

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doing this.

intersections that I have seen. According to the GPS system, that was a clear way to get to the Cross Bronx so people were stuck there. People that had never driven in that area before. I was personally speaking to them and getting the out of the car, they had never been there and they are showing me the route, saying this perfect, I should be able to go here, what do I do? So, the cops were out, this was probably just one of the most challenging situations I've seen driving around in the 37 years I've been

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: And I appreciate your answer related to uhm it doesn't matter if you clear one intersection if they are running into another intersection and so forth. I just want to get to the reactionary; the kids were stuck on busses and think that's the story that a lot of people uhm are most is relatable to them. When a kid is stuck on a bus, what or who or what put us into a position to not figure out way to at least get those kids, if it was an emergency vehicle like an ambulance and they already know protocol and they can do whatever they want to make sure that they get to a hospital but a school bus operator what authority do they have

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to figure out a way to keep their kid safe uhm and so forth? I just want to know reactionwise, who is giving people direction? Who is the leader that gives people direction so that we can at least take care of the most vulnerable people in our City which are our children?

KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm thank you Chair for your question. I do want to say that our bus drivers were doing uh the best that they could in those situations to keep our students safe to make sure that they got home safely. At that point, our bus, the bus drivers were making contact with the dispatchers, the companies and with ourselves at central and we were uh coordinating with both City Hall and NYPD to make sure that we can get escorts out there. We have a lot of lessons learned and we need to do a better job with communicating with our families and we need to do a better job of communicating and coordinating with NYPD but as both uh as the Commissioner said, folks were at a, a gridlock and so when we were even making contact with NYPD to do escorts you know they can see the bus but they couldn't get to the bus. So, we were doing, the, everyone was doing the best they could and I do

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2 think our drivers did a tremendous job to keep our

3 kids safe uhm that evening.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Alright I just uhm I hear your answer, I just don't know if the crisis had an equal level reaction. I think the protocol was being followed and no one was like let's break protocol and let's, let's really do something about this and I just want that, who can have the authority to break protocol so we can start doing things that are, that are more reactive to handle the situation? We have never seen this before. Whatever protocol you put forth was not adequate to deal with this crisis because it has never been seen before. Who gets in the room and says break protocol, do what we have to do to make sure that we can react to this? I just want to know who can do that because I know that did not happen. There is no way it can happen because obviously it took a long time for us to finally deal with this situation?

KATHRYN GARCIA: So, so certainly in this sort of situation, any of the agencies could have moved to request either the Office of Emergency Management or someone to do sort of more outside the box thinking. Uhm and that is actually one of the

do we, how do we get faster and more creative more

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Okay I'm going to hold my questions until after everyone goes around one time so that we can give them an opportunity to speak. I appreciate your answer to my question and I do genuinely see that there is an effort here to improve uhm and I'm looking forward to what that looks like and hoping to be a partner in making sure that we can get that done. I want to uh Chair Rodriguez questions and I'm after the Chairs speak, we are going to put a three-minute clock, we can go around more than once if need be. We are going, Council Members will be able to ask questions in the order that they arrived to the hearing as well and I want to acknowledge the fact that we have also been joined by Council Cohen and Constantinides. Uhm Chair Rodriguez?

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Okay pre-measure

was coordinating in this interagency coordination

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1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 58
2	that required a level of crisis that New Yorkers
3	leave that Thursday afternoon after we were in
4	crisis, people therefore 10 and 14 hours, where were
5	you coordinating at a team? Who from City Hall was
6	the personal coordinating with you?
7	KATHRYN GARCIA: So, I was, I was in
8	contact with uhm the First Deputy Mayor's Office and
9	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Who, who was the
10	person?
11	KATHRYN GARCIA: Dean Fuleihand as well
12	as the Deputy Mayor of Operations uhm to make sure
13	that OEM and I and PD were coordinated and that
14	everyone had situational awareness.
15	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Did you, did you
16	give an order from the Deputy Mayor for the Deputy
17	Mayor at some point that there was a level of crisis
18	that required for you guys to active a level of
19	emergency?
20	KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm there was not an
21	order because at that point in time uhm once we ended
22	up in the gridlock situation there was not uh a lot
23	that could be done.

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CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: There was a lot that could be done. There was a lot that could be done and that's where we will disagree.

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KATHRYN GARCIA: And that, and that.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: No listen,

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listen, you can come out with this finishing.

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KATHRYN GARCIA: I wasn't going to.

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CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: There was a lot

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that could be done. Even at some point, one at a regular station and I heard someone saying we

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understand that people in traffic, I was in traffic

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too. I was in traffic too. Like at the crisis was

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over at 11:00 p.m., and there was 12:00, there was at

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1:00, there was at 2:00 and there was at 3:00. How

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can you explain in those? I have a lot of respect

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for all of you, my question, my thing is about. And

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it's not because I had the opportunity to be in the

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street, being witnesses what was going on. And for

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me it was about, I wasn't made like in Puerto Rico,

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they pull out all the men and women and they work

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there 24 hours and they are sending people to help

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at night there. There was no, the streets were out

people, Commissioner, that was a level of crisis even

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of control, there was no one controlling and I get

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND
COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 60 it, I think that there is a lot that we have to learn from. We have unit that control crowd, that control tourists. How many of those units were put into action to say, you need to spend now the whole shift, the whole hours? I'm happy to hear that there were 370 traffic outside working overtime to 11:00 p.m. What happened from 11:00 p.m. to 3:00 a.m., I can tell you, I have photos on my cellphone, I saw it, the streets. Not in one block, St. Nicholas Avenue was not a two-way street and it was not because law enforcement was giving order, seeing cars move in the direction, it was because there was no one there. Ιt was because it was only place from all of those blocks that I saw only one law enforcement helping to move cars was St. Nicholas Avenue at 145th so now that wasn't, and I understand it, I understand that the George Washington how it has an impact in the whole City. But no, I'm not talking about my experience at 181st and ... I talk about my experience driving all the way Manhattan from 1st Avenue and it was only the GPS sent people to St. Nicholas and I am saying that it was 1^{st} Avenue, it was 2^{nd} Avenue. For me I think it was very challenging and I hope that we can learn and that's what was later said but for me

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it was at night, all the personnel should be working until 5 in the morning, everyone from Sanitation and

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people we support. If leadership will be saying, we need to call the men and women who are already work

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at 6 and 7 p.m., people will be seeing support in the

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street. People were without any support.

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9 really appreciate your experience, I mean this is not

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a story that I haven't heard and it was really,

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really, I, I can only image a miserable experience

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and felt very chaotic but you are representing the

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public.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: No, no, don't

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: That's it when I

KATHRYN GARCIA: No, no, Council Member I

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put it on me. Don't put it on me.

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KATHRYN GARCIA: No, no but you, I am

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putting it on you.

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say it's not, I don't want no one to feel sorry for

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ne. The opportunity that I had was to witness what

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people went through and what I know that there was a

lot of people from different Agencies being home at

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11:00 p.m. already, 10:00 p.m., warm. When there

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were people there in the street, that's what is

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supposed to be and every 100% of everyone, that men and women of all agencies should be in the street.

TERRANCE MONAHAN: And I can say that I

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had over 3,000 cops out. I was out on the street until after 2:00 a.m. in the morning so the men and women of the New York City Police Department were out

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9 intersection, every intersection that you went to had

a gridlock situation and no there was a problem,

there but it was every, as I said it's every

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there was nowhere to send them. So once clearing an

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intersection wasn't going to solve it because I had

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to get these bridges open and bridges moving before

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we were able to move people out there. So, the men

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everyone moving around those neighborhoods, trying to

and women of the NYPD had as much of an issue as

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get around, even with lights and sirens and trying to

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push people, trying to get busses out. It was as

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challenging a night for us as it was for everyone

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else on that road but they were out there, in the

intersections. Cars were stuck in the snow for

and women were doing out there.

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cold freezing out of their cars, pushing cars through

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sitting there. So, to clear an intersection, you had

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to get out hands on and push and that's what the men

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1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND
1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 63
2	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Were 300 and
3	traffic agents who worked overtime, at what time, at
4	what time did they finish their overtime?
5	TERRANCE MONAHAN: They finished at 11:00
6	o'clock.
7	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: At 11 o'clock?
8	TERRACE MONAHAN: They were posted down,
9	mainly they were in Manhattan but the radio caused,
10	the men and women in uniform.
11	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Where in
12	Manhattan?
13	TERRANCE MONAHAN: 238 of them are at the
14	post that they are always at daily in Manhattan.
15	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: What happened
16	from 11 p.m. to 4 a.m.?
17	TERRANCE MONAHAN: Uniformed Members of
18	the Service.
19	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: They were not in
20	they were not in the streets.
21	TERRANCE MONAHAN: They were out there.
22	I was out there with them.
23	CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: I saw it.
24	TERRANCE MONAHAN: I was out there with
25	it. I saw it. I wasn't sitting warm in the house.

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I was sitting out there with the men and the women doing the job.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Where did you

explore those men and women because I can tell you, I

didn't see them in the intersections and for me this

is a lesson. What do we live through anyone who is

planning a terrorist attack that they gridlock our

streets in the rush hour, I hope that we can learn

10 | from this plan?

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you Chair Rodriguez. Uhm just to follow up very quickly. Were there opportunities to have Auxiliary Police or OEM uhm Certified Volunteers, were they called upon or, or, it's to help clear. Well obviously, They. Go ahead..

Auxiliaries that stayed, obviously they are civilians and they, we don't want them standing out in a dangerous situation in the middle of an intersection uhm and even if they were, this wasn't about directing traffic. You were not able to direct the traffic, with that traffic at this point in time in the gridlock had nowhere to go. That was the biggest instrument. We really, if you are out there, no

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 65

matter what you try to do at that point, until the highway is cleared, there was nowhere in these streets for those cars to go.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you I would like to call on Chair Treyger. Oh, I'm sorry.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Let me give you my example, at 153rd and St. Nicholas Avenue, traffic, the street was gridlocked around 1:30 as soon I passed 145th driving north, all drivers driving north because it wasn't about me. There was one police officer giving direction. I'm not questioning the men and women there. I question again what happened at 11:00 p.m., why does traffic when offered can you do two or three more hours because of that situation and I left, I at 150th St. Nicholas Avenue the traffic was already starting moving. So and what's my concern, as I was stuck in, drivers at 127th St. Nicholas Avenue I know there was no place to move, I was thinking about whose reporting from the bus drivers or trying to get someone to help to move those senior citizens and children who decide to come out from the bus because probably 20 blocks away, it would be helpful today given the assistance in the direction today. Back I

day.

was just started, we were gridlocked, no principal, when we reach St. Nick and 150 there was an area for cars to move. So, they were placed without having us in traffic and force me that at some point we could do better helping drivers to get direction so that we could review the level of gridlock that we had that

understand that and that was an that was an issue that I saw, is there was always an area, if you could go to the side street that people could move but they all had a general place they wanted to go to get to the highway so you have that two block opening that you would see and everyone would try and take that move to and then two blocks later that same gridlock situation occurred until we were able to get them on to the highways and get the highways moving.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Okay thank you I would like to call on Council Member Mark Treyger, Chair Treyger.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Thank you to my fellow co-Chairs. I am going to direct more of my questions now toward the Department of Education and I welcome the Chief Operating Officer Ursulina

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 67

Ramirez uhm I just want to point out uhm, the majority of the school children that were on busses that day are most our most vulnerable children. young children, students with IEPs, some medically fragile students so when I hear folks tell me that well only 10% of the routes or 10% of the, these were our most vulnerable kids. And regardless of a snow storm or regardless of where the lock on emergency, the fact is that these, some of these students have IEPs that have mandated services that were not being met. On a snow day or on a non-snow day and we just literally had a hearing about this recently with the DOE. So, I just want to kind of point that out for the record. I don't want anyone from Administration to minimize what happened to kids that day. Uhm so during the November 15 snow storm as we have heard and are aware that many students were stranded on the school busses for long ho... long periods of time. Some up to 10 hours according to press reports and according to media reports many of the stranded students were extremely frightened and distressed due to a lack of bathrooms, food and contact with family and some lacked what they needed access to, medical attention. What are the DOEs protocols relating to

food, water, bathrooms and medical supplies or

attention for students stuck on school busses?

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URSULINA RAMIREZ: Uhm thank you Chair

Treyger for your question uhm and to your earlier point, I, I hope that I do not want to minimize the fact that we had some of our most vulnerable students on those, on those busses that evening and who are generally on our busses uhm every single day. our bus drivers were tremendous heros that evening and in addition to some of our attendants and our teachers and our principals who stayed at schools until the wee hours of the morning to make sure that our kids were safe. Uhm we are, our bus drivers are trained in emergency, you know in emergency protocols. None of our training would I think got to the level of what happened that Thursday in terms of the hours that they were on the bus with those students. Moving forward, we are looking to your point around getting emergency food and water on the busses or within school distance so that folks, our students can have water. Uhm we are also looking to see if, if possible, how do we open up the buildings nearby and staff them so that if there is an incident where we can say and the traffic was not in a

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 69

2 gridlock can we divert students to our own buildings.

3 So we are looking at all of those things, we have a

4 lot of lessons learned, a lot of ways in which we

5 communicate with families, uhm but I do think that

6 the bus drivers did the best that they possibly could

7 in the scenario and I do think I would want to thank

8 my colleagues at the NYPD because in those wee hours

9 | in the morning when we needed them and where they

10 could get to our students, they were escorting

11 students and buses home.

improvements in the protocols?

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CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Right well I will point out it is not the bus driver's responsibility to come up with protocols and how to make sure that kids have access to food, access to bathroom, it's the DOEs responsibility so who was charged with responsibility with making these changes or

URSULINA RAMIREZ: So as the Chief

Operating Officer I am responsible for making those changes, obviously and in conjunction with the

Chancellor and we are looking at all of those things right now, as you have mentioned, the Chancellor called for an After Action Report and immediately the next day, on Friday he was hosted a convening of our

too, you know making sure that it is both

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communicating with us properly but also with, with parents. Uhm and our goal is to get GPSs in busses as soon as possible but definitely by the beginning of next school year.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Despite, you know many of the Transportation problems that folks experience there is afternoon and evening. The decision was made to open schools on Friday November 16h and this decision was communicated to the media and parents in the early morning before the start of the school day. Why was the decision to cancel field trips and after school programs not communicated until later that morning when the school day was already in session?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: So, it's, as you know cancelling school or after school or anything within the school day is a really hard decision for us to make uhm and that morning we were really focused on our central services, getting our students to school and getting them home. We had bus drivers who were out uhm and didn't get their busses back into their depot until maybe 4 or 5 in the morning. We really wanted to make sure that we were keeping our students safe in busses that were with, drivers, with drivers

that were exhausted, staff who had stayed overnight in the building, so we were focused on our central services. Our goal is to always to overcommunicate and communicate earlier, uhm I mean that is again a lesson learned; how do we communicate faster and earlier uhm so that parents know well in advance?

But I do have to say if a parent was unable to pick up their student and uhm our staff was at the school building with those students to make sure that they were safe.

mentioned that you were already aware that many busses got back at 4 or 5 in the morning. Why couldn't folks be alerted earlier, earlier that morning, because you know I've, I've heard such stories why the Chancellor issued a, issued a Tweet at 8:30, 8:30 in the morning, first of all, the school day already starts for most of our schools. Parents already have dropped off their children and have gone to work or gone with their day, why couldn't they make that call when they already knew that so any busses were coming back to their depots at 4, 4 or 5 o'clock in the morning.

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Were still assessing the delays from, delays from the busses going into school that morning. Uhm I do wish that we would have called it earlier. I do and I I think like I said moving forward we have to do a better job of communicating, communicating faster to our schools and to our families, because I can't imagine as a, as a parent being told last minute that you have to go pick up your child or that you're after school is cancelled is really difficult, it is.

 $\label{eq:CHAIR MARK TREYGER:} Respectfully these \\$ are the same parents.

URSULINA RAMIREZ: It is uhm and we want.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Respectfully these are the same parents that had to wait 8 to 10 hours for their kids to come home and wanted to move on from the very uhm traumatic experience and I was cont... I was, my office, many of my colleagues reached out as well, families, you know people can't afford just to take off work. This, you know, this was grossly irresponsible. I am, I am extremely disappointed in DOE how they handled that day. Now how were parents notified? If you can give me, what was the process? Who made the call? Explain to me

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URSULINA RAMIREZ: So, throughout the morning as we were having busses uhm uhm drop students off at schools we were assessing the delays that were happening uhm and the decision is made, with myself in consultation with the Chancellor around what we want to do for that day, assessing our services and how our busses are doing. Uhm in terms of communications to schools and to families, we notify schools uhm and let schools notify parents about the afterschool cancellation. Moving forward we need to better, we need better communication with families on how we make those decisions and when?

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: So, you left it to

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: So, you left it to schools to notify the parents?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: Well we did do social media uhm I mean social media and Twitter but a lot of it is relayed through our school systems.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: I just didn't, understand, I don't understand when the decision was made to go to the media not just the Twitter account. Because you can't Tweet your way out of these things but to go, when you went to the media to say school

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was open the next day, why wasn't the decision just made there and an announcement made right there and then? You are saying, why couldn't they just say it at that one time when you already knew that there were problems with busses?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: At that moment, uhm

Chair Treyger, we were really looking to see still

how many busses were still going into schools that

morning. Like I said I think we have lessons learned

on our time and how we need to notify parents

earlier.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Yeah, I believe, I believe that there needs to be an improvement to that pro... I mean if you could explain to me the process to close to close schools. I'm sure it is in consultation with Commissioner Esposito, with Sanitation and others and I, I just I am not clear on the process on how they decided you know just to announce so late in the day, uhm disrupting so many families and kids. Uhm I think that process needs to be straightened and I, I, I, we expect this to happen immediately. I have a quick question with regards to DSNY and DOE. Uhm what if any coordination and communication is there between DOE and Sanitation

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Department? Does the Sanitation Department have information on the School Bus Routes? Are you? Does DSNY?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: No, we do not track the school bus routes, if they have a problem that usually is coordinated through the Office of Emergency Management or NYPD and they will call for a spreader to assist if a bus is stuck. Uhm however, in this particular case in many instances, where we got called to assist, for example, I know that PD called us because they were like, they called that the FDR was slippery uhm and I saw that flow and dump which is our largest piece of spreading equipment get on to the FDR North of 125th Street and then I watched it on the DOT traffic cameras for literally three or four hours. Uhm so we have a process by which if there is any issue uhm if people need a spreader or a sander that it goes through the Office of Emergency Management or through City Hall or sometimes even through your offices, we will hear information and respond. Uhm uhm but in this particular case it was, it was very difficult for us to get around.

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CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Commissioner I am not clear if you could help me understand, is there any reason why the Sanitation Department would not want to know the school bus routes and if there is a way to prioritize them during the snow removal process to make sure that children can come home at a, at a reasonable hour.

URSULINA RAMIREZ: So I absolutely, we could add that to the much, the different pieces of information but we do make su... what we are trying to ensure is that the whole City is moving and all of routes have schools on them as our most critical but obviously students are dropped off, usually if their homes could be on a busy street could be on a very, very narrow street. Uhm so we are willing to look at what that might mean for us operationally cause I off of the top of my head I can't tell you uhm and what impact that would have on our ability to clear other roadways as well. But there is almost no street in the City of New York that either hasn't been or couldn't become a school bus route, uhm so we would have to confer with DOE to see whether or not that would have been helpful.

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CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Right I think it makes sense to have that information and I agree that we need to make sure the whole City is moving but I, we also have to, I think prioritize our most vulnerable and these were kids that were stuck on busses up to 10 hours that are very uhm medically fragile, have very special critical needs Commissioner so I think that is something that I expect, I think better communication and coordination. Uhm I also just uhm last week to the DOE I had a parent in my District uhm that informed me that the school, as you mentioned, there was some busses not in commission the following day. But I heard a particular case where the bus was out of commission because they had already violations and problems with it and the storm really did a number on it. Uhm which leads me to more questions. Uhm are school bus vendors allowed to operate school buses with open violations? Uhm and if so, what, which violations are allowed and does DOE keep track of the violations on those busses?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: So, I'm going to have to get back to you on the specifics around what violations busses have what that process looks like

to say this largely affects community of color that

depend heavily on after school programming so they

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1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 80
2	can make money so they can stay living in this
3	expensive City. I just want to be mindful that the
4	afterschool programming is very important related to
5	that and why that decision was made?
6	URSULINA RAMIREZ: I completely agree
7	with you Chair Reynoso of how important afterschool
8	programs are. Uhm and they are uhm you know we thin
9	of them as an extension of our, almost of our school
LO	day because we know how important they are to our
L1	students but also to families. Uhm we made the
L2	decision and it was, and we didn't make it lightly
L3	uhm and it was around the safety of our bus league.
L 4	I think moving forward and something we are
L5	considering is how do we differentiate afterschool
L 6	programs? Those who don't need bussing and those who
L7	do? Uhm and how do we better communicate with the
L 8	families.
L 9	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: So, your busses
20	were destroyed because of the prior day?
21	URSULINA RAMIREZ: No, we.
22	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: So, we, you were
23	concerned about the busses?
24	URSULINA RAMIREZ: It was the drivers.

It was our drivers.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: The drivers?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: The drivers who were doing very late nights the night before and making sure they can get the mandated amount of rest that they need. But as I mentioned to Chair Treyger we do need to do a better job of communicating with parents earlier.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: This is the first time that I am hearing that it was because of the drivers by the way. So, it's just this type of communication, we just want to know why things are happening. I think people would be more empathetic to you, sympathetic to your cause if they just knew that the drivers were exhausted because they had been working until 2, 3 in the morning, trying to get these kids home one day and that is just not communicating. It's just like we are cancelling afterschool programming, deal with it. Uhm I just wish that communication would have happened. I think Council Member Treyger has a follow up and after him we are going to go with Miller, Deutsch and Gibson.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Yeah, I I just want to the communication piece, some busses have attendants, some don't. Some attendants are will

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contact those parents if they have their information but many of them do not. Many parents do not have access to that so it was a real nightmare scenario and I do, and I'm waiting for those improvement protocols to be made. I have a quick, just follow up question with regards to, does DOE have data on how many students were left at school that day because parents could not make accommodations to pick up their kids or whatever?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: Uhm that's a great question, I do not think we do because we would have taken the attendance in the morning, not necessarily attendance for the students who stayed but I will get back to you uhm to see how we can push that out but I'm not sure that we do.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Because then that would require school staff to stay beyond their contractual day.

URSULINA RAMIREZ: Right.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: As well because you can't leave kids alone during the school day. So, as you can see this entire process disrupted both family, schools as well as our school community.

Alright thank you Chair.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Okay thank you so now we will start the clock. Uhm we are going to start with Miller followed by Deutsch and Gibson.

Uhm, Council Member Miller?

I. DANEEK MILLER: Thank you Chair to all of our Chairs to for this important hearing and the being at it really quick. First of all, I want to thank all of our brave public service that were out that night and for the jobs that they have done because we are beating up on them but the men and women that are out there, they know what they are doing, they did a great job. Having been one for more than two decades, having managed and having represented many of those folks, I know that they that the job that they do. But I also know that some of the things that we are talking about now are decisions that are made that are, that seems to be falling back on those workers. 1) There, there, every agency has, had unusual occurrence, white books and plan contingency for these kinds of occurrences. It appears that we, we have not been following in those instances. Now, one of the things that we did not touch on with the DOE is why weren't parentteacher cancelled for that night if we were asking

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everyone to stay off the road, why were we encouraging parents to go out? And and to a parent teacher's night, the night before? As Chair Reynoso said, that the, the following day was a great day, the sun was shining and yet it was 11:40 before uhm Districts was notified. I got all the that from principals and PTA Chairs and all of that stuff. That it created a problem with being able to pick up children. There are provisions in place that govern how these employees and what the work force is to do, right? Whether it is industry standards of 19, 8hour work rules, who stays, who goes and the majority of the afterschool programs are privately operated and including the pickup transportation, privately operated so to say that those bus operators were responsible for not having afterschool I think it disingenuous at best. So uhm why first off were we not cancelled the night before? Which kind of sets the tone and then secondly the next day, how, how do we get in a room and change protocol that has already been written, that we have been operating under this, under these guidelines and now we decide that we want to do something different where the workforce, the parents and everyone else knows that these are the

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provisions in which we work under under these

3 circumstances and yet they were different and they

4 | were changed at the last minute at the most

5 inopportune time where parents and others did not

6 have an opportunity to respond?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: Uhm thank you so much for your question Council Member. Uhm regarding parent teacher conferences, uhm when we got notification of the weather shifting in the afternoon, we had some parents who were already on their way to their parent conferences, some parent conferences were in the afternoon, some were in the evening so we did not make a change because we knew that parents were already out, headed toward their parent conferences. Uhm regarding the following day, around afterschool uhm you know the, the unprecedented storm we obviously we've never been a situation where we had a large number of our fleet on the road until the wee hours of the morning. Uhm we've had it where maybe one or two have stayed late but not the wee hours of the morning the way they had. To your question around, uhm you know blanket statement around afterschool everything is cancelled. That is something that we are looking at and how do

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we differentiate because to your point some of them are privately operated and do not require bus services and we want to make sure for those, for those programs that we can possibly maintain open if it, if it's safe. So, we do that to heart and we are taking those recommendations because we know how important afterschool programs are for our families.

I. DANEEK MILLER: Alright so maybe just and, and I just want to forward the evening session, I think that certainly should have been cancelled and I understand that the day session, there was a problem with that but the afternoon session where we were encouraging people to stay off the road, should have been cancelled, and parents should have been encouraged to stay off the road as well. Having represented those bus drivers for a number of years, I will tell you unequivocally that this is not the first time that we have seen a situation like this and they have done work, they have done a great job and they would have been back within their 8-hour time frame to come back and do it. But again, more than 90% of the afterschool programs do not depend on, on that ridership. So again, I am not

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want to say we could sit here all day today pointing

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 88 2 fingers, uhm but we need to work in partnership. Maybe this would have been better done offline at a 3 meeting at a roundtable because I know we usually 4 have a, a conference call anything there is a storm 5 6 emergency, we have an interagency conference call, 7 and I think firstly there was no conference call that 8 day, maybe we should have had that interagency conference call with all the elected officials during 9 the crisis to see what we need to do at that point 10 during, during that situation. Now I sat in traffic 11 12 for three hours, more than three hours, I went to good lesson so the good part is that I did take a 13 14 subway twice this last week uhm just to get around 15 but my 18-minute ride going from Chelsea Market to 16 Water Street was 2.9 miles and 3-1/2 hours I didn't even get to my destination and it was really, really 17 18 a bad situation out there. Uhm so the three issues uhm that I have seen actually four issues 1) One is 19 20 that parents could not get ahold of their children. Uhm making sure that the children were safe. We did 21 2.2 have a hearing about the by my Bill that I, I 23 sponsored with Council Member Mark Treyger and Ben

Kallos to, to require all busses to have GPS systems.

I think that we need to push with DOE, uh we did have

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 89 a hearing on that. Secondly, accidents and disabled vehicles like you mentioned, the George Washington Bridge, you had a 20-car pileup. Currently I believe on all major highways, parkways, freeways, bridges, there is only one tow truck company that is allowed to respond. There is only one contract. I do have a Bill to expand that to at least two with a GPS system so this way when one is called, that closest tow truck would be able to go cause if you had a 20-car pileup I'm going to ask you in the second round, what measures were taken once we were notified that there was a 20-car pileup. We need to get those cars off of the road as soon as possible. We need to make sure that we have the tow trucks available and to respond to those calls but without having the, with the congestion it is very difficult for emergency vehicles to respond and uhm you know Sanitation you couldn't even get, you couldn't even get the salt spreaders in the area, so when something was wrong because of the weather predicament uhm I don't uhm I honestly I don't blame Sanitation because you couldn't even get there but we need to make sure we unclog the streets as soon as possible. We need to

expand those tow trucks to two those disabled

vehicles off of the street as soon as possible and also there was uhm trees down, 1200, I believe 1200 trees down. Uhm some of the streets I went, I drove up, they had trees in the inse... blocking the road so you couldn't get by. We need to make sure that FDNY in on hand, Parks Department is on hand when we are in emergency modes and finally traffic control officers. I have honestly not seen traffic control officers until I did not reach my destination. I headed back to Brooklyn and I crossed over the Manhattan Bridge. That's when I first saw two traffic control officers. So, when we are in a crisis such as that, that day, that evening, we need to into emergency mode and I know that OEM always interacts with other agencies and I know after Hurricane Sandy when it comes to a crisis, I call OEM all the time. So, we know that there was failure on all parts and we need to move on and I'm going to get to my questions in the second round. So that's my uhm my thoughts on this.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you for your testimony, uhm Council Member, Couns... I'm looking forward to your second-round questions. Uhm Council Member Gibson.

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Island.

VANESSA GIBSON: Thank you Chair Reynoso.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Oh, I'm sorry,
I'm so sorry I just want to recognize that we have
been joined by Council Member Borelli from Staten

VANESSA GIBSON: Staten Island, alright.
CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: (laughing).

VANESSA GIBSON: Thank you Council Member, thank you Chair Reynoso, Chair Rodriguez, uhm Chair Treyger. Certainly, recognizing the speaker and thank you all of the commissioners who are here; Sanitation, NYPD, DOE, EOM, DOT, and Parks. Uhm really appreciate your testimony, really appreciate you being here uhm and certainly all of us are extremely frustrated and you know while I understand and appreciate the empathy and the sympathy, uhm New Yorkers really want answers and that is the purpose of today's hearing uhm and I like many others are equally frustrated, uhm we you know rely on our administration to provide service, sufficient service to make sure that we are able to live and travel in this City and you know that day November 15, uhm to describe it was a nightmare. It was a hot mess. Uhm New Yorkers were stranded, stuck walking, you know

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2 all sorts of things happen across the City and my

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3 entire adult life living in New York City, I have

4 never experienced anything like that on November

 $5 \mid 15^{th}$. It was traumatizing and it is upsetting to

6 even talk about it again because I speak on behalf of

7 all of my constituents in the Bronx and I recognize

8 | there were a lot of unintended, unexpected things

9 that occurred. We certainly cannot control what

10 Port Authority and what you know New Jersey may do

11 | uhm and out of the borough like the Bronx we are

12 | crippled if anything happens on the George Washington

13 | and I do understand that. Uhm but most of my travel

14 and many of my colleagues, we were stuck and stranded

15 | in the borough of Manhattan and so before the George

16 | Washington was closed, we still are trying to

17 understand what happened, uhm and your testimony

18 | provided a lot of content, a lot of detail, a lot of

19 | numbers, uhm but the reality is Commissioner, we did

20 | not see that staff uhm many of my constituents were

21 | talking about missing persons because they didn't see

22 | sanitation workers. We didn't see traffic

23 | enforcement agents. We just didn't see them and so I

 $24 \parallel$ want to really commend the City workers and really

all New Yorkers because somehow, we survived. We

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2 lived to see another day, teachers and principals

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3 still showed up to work the next day, police officers

4 showed up, the 9-1-1 call takers were still working.

5 Sanitation workers showed up to work the next day

6 despite it all but we really have to understand what

7 | the fundamental breakdown in communication was,

8 something went wrong on that day, we have experienced

9 | much heavier accumulations of snow in the City and we

10 have prepared for it. Uhm we have prepared for it

11 | well and we do it well and exceptionally well and so

12 | what many of us are trying to understand is what

13 | happened? Our constituents are asking us questions

14 | and sending messages and really trying to understand

15 what happened on that day and not even just my

16 personal story which during the second round I can

17 get in to but just my children that sat on busses and

18 | what, what I would like to understand and, and one

19 | question I can get out is the communication to

20 parents. So, parents, called the bus companies of

21 which their children were on those busses to try to

22 get the location of the bus so they can try

23 | themselves to meet the bus at the location. If they

24 were in the Bronx, their child was stuck somewhere in

25 | the Bronx. The operators that answered the phone

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lines for bus companies did not give out any location information because we don't know why and so what I would like to understand from the DOEs perspective, the multiple contracts we have with hundreds of bus companies, what types of information are we allowed and should we give to parents so they can understand. It makes no sense that even with busses stuck in traffic, if a parent wants to try to get to her child why was she not give that information, or father so please help me understand what DOE is doing as it relates to the existing contracts and what we are trying to do to improve the communication with parents?

Question uhm Council Member Gibson. Uhm our, so moving forward I will note that moving forward in our future contracts what we are trying to accomplish and that is that we have obviously GPS in all bussing and that there is a way to communicate around bus location and ETA. Uhm I am not sure, I will be honest, I am not sure why the dispatches did not give information on the bus location and I want to look into that right away I would love to kind of work with you to see what constituents were experience so

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I can understand what bus companies that they were working with. Uhm we were doing our best to communicate with families exactly where students were at. Uhm obviously because of the gridlock uhm you know parents weren't able to get to their students uhm in many instances but I would love to know more details because uhm I want to work with our bus companies, like you said we have over 60 vendors who we work with uhm and there was a lot of gaps in how folks were com... how bus companies were communicating with families that evening that we need to address.

Member Gibson. Uhm following that would be Council Member Rose, followed by Cabrera and Gjonaj. Uhm Council Member Debi Rose from (INAUDIBLE). So uhm I am usually, good afternoon Commissioners. I'm usually a champion and very vocal supporter of DSNY and especially your snow removal efforts and I am uhm I know that you know we are the greatest City in the world and so there is no reason why six inches of snow, no matter how early in the season it was you know should have caused this, this much mayhem. You know the fact that it took me three hours to get home from St. George which is a 20-minute ride and my

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 96 2 constituents anywhere from six to eight hour to 10 hours to get home in the evening rush. Uhm and while 3 I understand that you know there were forces that 4 5 were out of your control, nevertheless, the response of the administration was really woeful and lacking. 6 7 You know the fact that the City Council Speaker felt it necessary to apologize for the failures of the 8 Administration and the Administration did not step up 9 and at least apologize and show any empathy to you 10 know what the commuters were experience and uhm one 11 12 of the things that used as a reason was the closing of the George Washington Bridge. Well you know we 13 14 are really far removed from the George Washington 15 Bridge and we were experiencing gridlock before and I 16 know you are going to say the Bayonne Bridge was closed off and on but our interior streets were 17 18 gridlocked well uhm before the George Washington Bridge and you know any impact that the closing of 19 20 the Bayonne Bridge would have. So, we, we experienced gridlock you know slippery streets, trees 21 2.2 that felt that could not be removed by Parks because 23 uhm no one could get through and uhm and we were left with no way of even communicating with the people to 24

let them know that there were these issues. So I was

weather was apparently had changed uhm and was there

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a failure to communicate that there was a need for snow plowing equipment? Was there an error in monitoring these conditions? And did somebody fail to relay the message that the full effect that the storm was having? And were the appropriate procedures taken to notify DEP, DOT and DPR that

additional resources were needed?

KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm thank you Council Member and yes clearly this was now just the GW, the GW was just the worst piece of this. There were definitely traffic challenges across the City of New York including on the Staten Island Expressway and the 440 and the Bayonne Bridge. We, we became aware that the forecast was changing in the late morning on the day of the snow. It was formally changed by National Weather at a little after 12:30 in the afternoon and snow was beginning to start falling right around 1:00 p.m. This is when we were told actually by our employees on Staten Island, by the Sanitation workers that snow is starting and that is when we started spreading salt. Uhm and that salt was with every salt spreader that we have available, sent out across all five boroughs and they were all told to start salting by a little bit after 1:30

because the storm came in very, very fast. had, we did not have a new forecast from anyone in the late morning. Uh we had conversations with our internal analysis and with National Weather Service about what are you seeing, is this shifting significantly uh and they then did put out a formal change in the forecast later. Uhm but we had begun moving and that was when, when we got to the point of where we thought we might have additional snow beyond the 1 inch we did start putting on additional plows. As you know it takes us between 12 and 18 hours to plow up the entire fleet. We eventually got to the point by around midnight where we had additional 700 plows in addition to the nearly 700 spreaders that were working and I actually think that we are still in some ways very, very important because you need the salt to deal with slippery conditions. Uhm.

DEBORAH ROSE: But Commissioner by your own testimony you said 82% of all of the streets were salted by 10:00 p.m. but not plowed. And, and, and at that point, with that amount of accumulation, 6-inches, salting is not effective, we need it to be plowed.

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KATHRYN GARCIA: So, let me just clarify,

3 spreaders all have plows on them, so they can spread 4 and plow at the same time. And so that means that

5 | they had gotten.

DEBORAH ROSE: Our streets were not

7 | plowed, Commissioner, I'm sorry.

KATHRYN GARCIA: So, so let me clarify, this means when we are in snow fighting operations and why we design, how we design our routing is to make sure that we are doing multiple passes because one of the other things that was very I would say unanticipated about this storm is there, it was not a long, long duration storm but you had one, two inches of snow per hour and even if it was only for a few hours, so you, that is extraordinarily heavy snow.

So, our spreaders did primarily stay on the Staten Island Expressway, on Hiland, on Victory and uhm on the 440 for longer and we were not able to push the into the sector routes as quickly because there was heavy snowfall and we were passable.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you.

DEBORAH ROSE: Second round.

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testimony.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Yes, thank you

Council Member Rose. Uhm it's going to be Council

Member Cabrera, Gjonaj and Salamanca. So, the Bronx
is up for questioning and/or statements and

FERNANDO CABRERA: Thank you out to all of the Chairs, thank you for holding this uhm hearing. Commissioners I have the highest estimation and admiration for the work that you do. Commissioner Garcia you know at the very last hearing I commended you for the last years 40-inches worth of snow. But I have to tell I am still angry, I am, I consider myself a very peaceful kind of a person but I am upset, I am still upset about what took place. Uhm to be honest with you I am livid. You know I call you, I called everybody that I could call and I am still having a difficult time buying the rationale why we couldn't get this done when it was done. talk about the bridge but if you go from west to east in the Bronx, we have epic level of traffic like, everyone has mentioned here that we had not seen. So, it wasn't going in the direction of the bridge, it was in the total opposite direction of the bridge. At the bridge nobody has spoken about the fact that

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we have two levels so there was movement taking place or there should have been movement and then on top of that there has to be a protocol for moving from this day forward that whenever we have a situation at the bridge of any of the bridge that we move those cars asap. Not two hours later, not three hours later, however long, because it is just like an artery. We were having a heart attack in this City, at a dangerous level where we have ambulances, I don't blame the NYPD, they couldn't move, the ambulance couldn't move. They were going to trying to go over the sidewalks. It was just, it was just, we were literally having a snow heart attack in the City. The one-inch that I keeping narrative, when I saw the news, everytime was one to three. I would have went with the three and three demands a plow. I would have just put plows in all of my trucks and played it safe. We need to play it safe every single time. Why? We have less lanes than before, uh we were, some roads from three lanes to two lanes for back lanes and we are trying to improve the, the transportation culture where but that cause, again it's like arteries becoming smaller and smaller. Uhm we knew there was a problem in the morning. The the

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 103
2	inspectors at the Sanitation Department, some of them
3	were saying that we were waiting for the call. They
4	knew there was going to be a problem and then let me
5	say this last, shame on the MTA for not being here
6	and I commend you all for being here because I know
7	we have some hard questions and hard statement but
8	shame on them, shame on them for not putting the tire
9	treads on the MTA busses and putting people at risk
LO	whenever I, whenever we see a one to three, we got to
L1	believe the worst. And the reason why global warming
L2	is here and people think that it is just
L3	automatically going to get warmer it has as you know
L 4	the opposite effects in certain region and we are
L5	experience that and with that I will close and I will
L 6	come back with the questions. Thank you so much.
L7	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you Council
L8	Member Cabrera and the only other person that called
L 9	me more than Cabrera that day, Council Member Gjonaj.
20	FERNANDO CABRERA: You beat me?
21	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Yeah, he beat
22	you.
23	FERNANDO CABRERA: How did that happen?
24	MARK GJONAJ: Thank you because I think I
25	called I want to thank the Chaire first for this

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 104 historic hearing of multiple committees as well as the multiple agencies. Uhm I spoke to many of my colleagues that night and the following morning, helped orchestrate the letter that called for today's hearings. I was on the phone with you Commissioner, as late as 11:30 I believe that night. Six inches of snow and a partial bridge closer shut down the greatest City in the world making us a joke throughout the nation. I and in hearing that we case scenarios and how do we respond? I wish we had the expertise or the think tank that helped many of you including this Administration. And coming up with ways not to apologize. I said I am sorry to my complaining but to hear skating around an apology. You can't apologize for the weather but to come up the greatest City brought to its knees is

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don't have a think tank for coming up with the worstconstituents. I said I'm sorry to anyone that called with ways not to apologize to New Yorkers, for having unforgiveable at most. I won't even begin to ask who do we hold accountable at some point? Is there anyone that is being fired for not doing their part? Will anybody resign? Because I know the answer to that one and this Administration refuses to fire

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 105 2 anyone for what they do or for what they don't do. My question is, when we begin, when, when we are 3 4 going to decide whether or not there is a school 5 closure, there is a whole protocol put in place and 6 the Agencies and the Departments of bring the Mayor 7 up to speed and there is a decision made. Why wasn't there a decision made that early morning to make sure 8 that there is an emergency alert that goes out to, 9 10 leave your cars where they are at? Parking regulations will be suspended. Don't leave the City. 11 12 Stay where you are. Take mass transportation. shelter in hotels. Help keep our roads clear. 13 14 going to ask a slew of questions, we've got 330,000 15 employees currently working for New York City and I 16 love my men and women in blue. You had six, you said 370 traffic agents out there. What is the number of 17 18 traffic agents that we have I total? Don't answer because I am going to go through, hopefully get a 19 20 bunch more. The number of officers that we had, we had 3,000 out there. I was on 125th Street and 21 2.2 Willis Avenue at 11:30 talking to you I got out of my 23 own car to help cars go up. There wasn't an officer 24 or a traffic agent or anyone in sight. You yourself

admitted that you were waiting for NYPD so they could

hourly. Uhm he was very concerned about what the

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 10
2	situation was, he wanted detailed information about
3	where we were, he wanted to know what else we should
4	be doing. At that point in time uhm I honestly
5	thought that declaring an emergency when the traffic
6	was already gridlocked uhm would not have actually
7	helped anything. At that point in time I did not
8	make that recommendation because I didn't think that
9	it would be particularly useful in the morning. Uhm
10	I certainly will turn to the colleagues from the PD
11	or anyone else to add, to add to that answer.
12	JOSEPH ESPOSITO: As far as Emergency
13	Management, we answer to the Deputy Mayor of
14	Operations and that is who we were in touch with,
15	with on that day.
16	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Can you state the
17	name of that, of the Deputy Mayor of Operations?
18	JOSEPH ESPOSITO: I'm sorry?
19	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: The name of the
20	Deputy Mayor of Operations?
21	JOSEPH ESPOSITO: Laura England.
22	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: We want to just
23	make people know.
24	JOSEPH ESPOSITO: Yeah alright. You know
25	an event like this is a unified command. Just to

more aggressive in our messaging and uhm and that we

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weren't able to give people better or early warnings about the extraordinary challenges the region was facing, not only from traffic but downed trees, uhm so we, we think that there was more that we could have done at the moment in time. Uhm I did not make that recommendation. I don't think it came from OM. We were to use the Chairs we were bearing very reactive. It was like I knew that my spreaders were struggling and my plows were struggling across the City and as you know, like we are there at 125th Street, I can't get across an intersection. Uhm and how do I get it out? Because I know that those pieces of equipment are the most critical pieces of equipment to get the roads better once, they start

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: So just uhm, we are going to, we are going to be Salamanca, Ampry-Samuel and Borelli are the next three. I just want to I guess, part of the frustration comes from the fact that whether or not you thought it was necessary because the the activation of a emerge. a State of Emergence would not have done anything I think it just would have made us feel that you took it as serious as it was. It was, it was a crisis and even

uhm once the, the crashes are removed.

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if how do I, procedurally uhm it doesn't change anything it would have at least put the City on notice that you were taking it as an emergency.

KATHRYN GARCIA: So I, I certainly did not mean to suggest that I was not taking everything extraordinarily seriously and that when, in my communications both with the Mayor and with Senior Staff at City Hall that they were not taking it extraordinarily seriously because that is not at all the case, I'm just being and you are right, it might have been useful in terms of just messaging even if it didn't remove the number of cars. Uhm but it is actually not something I thought to ask for at that moment.

MARK GJONAJ: But Commissioner, I'm sorry I need to interrupt and I apologize Chair. You are admitting that the problem was the traffic and the log jam that didn't allow your vehicles to clear the plows now. And there is no alarm that rings or a flag that goes up to say hey this crisis is going to be addressed by having less vehicles on the road. That's not a call for you to make to say hey make this an Emergency Alert. Shut down, tell them park their cars wherever they are act, parking, suggesting

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Yeah so, we can

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and I don't want to uhm to minimize that but of out

obviously tell Council Member Gjonaj's frustration

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of courtesy for the rest of our colleagues we are

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7 question and we move on to the second round. I would

just going to ask that we hold on to answer that

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like to call on Council Member Salamanca which would

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RAFAEL SALAMANCA: Thank you uh Chair

11 Reynoso. Uhm Commissioners as I, as I look at this

be followed by Council Member Borelli.

12 panel, I see extremely bright and highly qualified

13 Commissioners and Chiefs. But on November 15th this

14 Administration failed New Yorkers. Commissioner

15 Garcia on Wednesday November 14th at 4:07 p.m. you

16 uhm you held a press conference and you treated DSNY

and OEM discussed prep for tomorrow's winter weather.

18 | Salt spreaders are loaded and ready to go. On

19 Thursday November 15th, New Yorkers looked at your

20 Tweet from the day before and questioned ready to go

21 where? The City's response was a total disaster.

22 Tremont and West Farms uh it is in my District which

23 | is the avenue to get to the Cross Bronx and the Bronx

River as you mentioned Chief. Brocton Boulevard from

25 | 138th Street to Bronx River is in my District. That

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 113 2 gets you to the FDR, to Sheridan, I-95 the Bronx River, the George Washington, the Throgs Neck Bridge 3 and the White Stone Bridge. A total standstill in my 4 District. The 401 Precinct which is on Brocker 5 6 Boulevard and Longwood Avenue, in the middle of 7 Brocker Boulevard was not out there controlling traffic from 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. A full 8 disclosure of the 401 Precinct is my Precinct, my 9 personal Precinct that I have the best relationship 10 and you know that Chief. As I mentioned to you 11 12 Commissioner Garcia that evening when we spoke at 11:30 p.m. that around 4:30 that afternoon I was 13 14 getting calls from my constituents and I called one 15 of the depos in my District to question why were 16 there not any spreaders or plows because the snow was accumulating and that supervisors response to me was 17 18 that the spreaders and plows are in their depot and they are waiting for the higher ups to give them the 19 20 go ahead so they a hit the streets. So, Commissioner is that true? Were there spreaders and plows in 21 2.2 depots waiting for higher ups to give them the okay 23 when the streets needed to be plowed?

KATHRYN GARCIA: Absolutely not, the orders went out uhm in the afternoon. The order from

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Central was the same. They were not supposed to rethink it. The, when we said to go to full spread, you were supposed to go to full spread. They are, they do have to go back to get more salt, to get fuel and then there were shift changes that were occurring but the orders did not change and we did follow up with the borough and the Districts regarding this. Uhm obviously no one has any recollection of making this statement.

RAFAEL SALMANCA: Of course not.

KATHRYN GARCIA: But that, those were not the, the orders from Central. Did not change during the course of this event.

RAFAEL SALAMANCA: Now do you, uhm in order to uhm I'm just going to wrap this up uhm Chair Reynoso because I want to get to this. You know, it's really, it's really bothering me that at 4:30 in the afternoon when snow was accumulating, it was standstill traffic. Obviously, the streets needed to be plowed and I'm getting word from a supervisor in the depot saying my salt spreaders are in my depot and they have not given me the okay so that they can hit the streets. How can you prove that otherwise?

possibility?

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KATHRYN GARCIA: If they, if they had decided not to go out and to disobey orders, one there would be significant consequences and two we would have had some insight into that from headquarters based on our GPS data.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: So, you will review and audit?

KATHRYN GARCIA: We will review and, and look at this because that is certainly and then when the Council Member raised it uhm that evening on November 15th it is certainly something we wanted to dig into because that would be completely and utterly unacceptable.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you for that. Uhm now we have uhm Council Member Borelli closing up. Round one.

right? Uhm. Commissioner Garcia just staying on what Council Member Salamanca said I just Tweeted out a timestamp picture from Plow NYC at 8:00 p.m. which shows nearly all of the streets in my portion of Staten Island had not seen a plow at all by 8:00 p.m. that night. So, 9 hours after 679 spreaders had been deployed with plows, 7.5 hours after after snow began

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 118
2	to fall on Staten Island. 4-1/2 hours after all 1400
3	vehicles were ordered to put plows on and go plow.
4	How was it that the majority of at least my District
5	in Staten Island and I believe if I could scroll
6	through my phone, I could find other parts of Staten
7	Island. How is it that no none of these streets had
8	been plowed?
9	KATHRYN GARCIA: What is the, what is the
10	time frame that you are asking?
11	JOSEPH BORELLI: This is at 8:00 p.m. on
12	the 15 th .
13	KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm so there is as you
14	know Staten Island is uhm uhm it is larger than
15	people think of it and we did stay on your critical
16	highways you know, I know, we did stay on your
17	critical highways for a very long time. We did not
18	want to get off Hiland. Or.
19	JOSEPH BORELLI: Is that because there
20	are not enough spreaders? Out of 679 spreaders, how
21	many are on Staten Island roughly?
22	KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm on Staten Island
23	that day you had 87 spreaders.

JOSEPH BORELLI: 87, okay is that I mean in your opinion is that enough. I mean is there enough to then hit all the streets?

KATHRYN GARCIA: Uhm so we divide our spreader fleet based upon the mileage and the critical mileage in each District and I do think that we should have sufficient resources when we are able to move and there were, there were challenges and yes there are places that we did not get into neighborhoods on Staten Island until a little bit after 8 o'clock. We were mainly on your main roads through that period and then we caught up through the evening.

JOSEPH BORELLI: Good, thank you.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Good for time by

Council Member Borelli. Thank you so much. Yes, you

are. So, the second round is going to be two

minutes. I would ask our colleagues to please ask as

many questions as possible in those two minutes.

There will not be a third round specifically because

we do have someone that is going to speak after this

panel. Uhm we are going to start with the Chairs and
then go down the list. We will start with Council

Member Rodriguez. I forgot your name my colleague.

Yeah, it's my Dominican brother, it's the love. I know.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Uhm first of all Chief Monahan all of my respect for the work that you do and the men and women that work with you. doubt I would not be surprised in the street helping anyone who needed help that night as men and women who were there. So, saying that, you know our concern and is always, we had to learn from many crises to do better in the future. It is about a game. For me, as I said before, whatever happened, happened, cross the GW we know but I should say that there were 370 traffic agents. Something that I would like to know is that one how many in total City workers as traffic other men and women NYPD, Sanitation, DOT, how many individuals were activated to work overtime? Were all of the always working until 11:00 p.m. and why? And why, who made a decision not to offer for a, the 370 who were loved or like or would volunteer to continue working overtime? So still in the street helping traffic and how many individuals from other agencies were activated? What was the total of individuals

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activated in the City of New York that day from 4:00 p.m. to 3:00 a.m. in the morning? 3

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agents, that was everyone that was working that day. So, we held the entire traffic agents at 370 were working, every one of the stayed. We held out day tour on the highway. The highway personnel they

TERRANCE MONAHAN: Uh to the traffic

stayed over. That was a total I believe of 16. Our 9 day tour, by the time our day tour got off, our day 10

tour patrol units are off by 3:30. At that point we 11

12 did not see a necessary reason to hold them because

all of our 3 to 11 personnel had shown up. We held 13

14 everyone that was working on the 3 to 11 that night

15 as needed until sufficient personnel came in to

16 relieve them so I believe it was around 150 citywide

that we held, maybe a little bit more. The report 17

may have been a little bit low but the order went out 18

from me, citywide, no one goes home until adequate 19

20 resources are in each and every command in the City

before you release your personnel on the 3 to 11. 21

2.2 CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: So, by the 300,

23 what impact was the 370 traffic agents having in our

streets? Working up to 11 p.m. And what difference 24

will we make if similar numbers or half of those

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

numbers and I'm not saying that, I'm not questioning I'm not questioning that there was not men and women from the NYPD or from this particular agents' traffic. Since they left by 11:00 p.m. what different would it make if they will be helping to move traffic from 11:00 p.m. to 3:00 a.m. in the

TERRANCE MONAHAN: Where their posts were. Where they are assigned was mainly in midtown Manhattan. By 11:00 they were seeing the inner streets in midtown Manhattan were running and flowing a lot better. But at that point a decision was made by the Chief uhm the Chief Kollecki (SP?) who as working. He stayed overtime, he is the Traffic Coordinator. He made that decision at 11:00 to release them.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: And I feel that the issue we have, we have the City of two tales. It showed that the fact is there and no one is telling me. I was in (INAUDIBLE) there was only one person helping to move traffic at 1:45 and then you are saying that most of them, they were stationed in the midtown area?

morning.

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TERRANCE MONAHAN: That was their normal post. That's where they started their day. And that's where we held them at those posts and each and every one of those intersections had issues also.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: So, one should be responsible then for not being able to move some of those traffic agents to be and they didn't have to drive because I just said the train was running. Who was looking at the gridlock that we had in different places and move them? Why did we leave them only in midtown?

TERRANCE MONAHAN: What we did also move was our uniformed forces. The Citywide Traffic Task Force, they were all moved up into the vicinity of the George Washington Bridge, right around 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: George Washington, midtown.

TERRANCE MONAHAN: George Washington

Bridge that whole area the Washington Heights over
there, that's where the congestion is starting.

CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: I just feel that you know hopefully we learn from this.

was.

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TERRANCE MONAHAN: Oh absolutely. This

much and again I the interagency coordination and as you agree, running your agency. We have been working together. But I hope that what happened on the 15th and the 16th should not happen again. I am going to check in with my sister about one child who has autism, Francis Rojas. Do you know what time he got home? At 1:20 in the morning and at least we were here. He was able to talk to his mom and when he got home neither Rojas asked how are you doing? He couldn't talk and he was brought home crying. That's the story of thousands and thousands of people not only again as a student but senior citizens were

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: I will be the interim Chair as we wait for the return of Council Member Reynoso but I just had a couple of uhm follow up questions with regards to the DOE. We had mentioned earlier that some uhm of the bus attendants did make contact with families and many families of course were not contacted but my question is who is actually responsible? Is there anyone responsible?

there so hopefully, we learn from this.

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 125
2	Who is responsible for reporting late busses to
3	parents or guardians for general education and for
4	Special Education busses?
5	URSULINA RAMIREZ: So, there is a
6	provision in the current contracts that bus companies
7	are responsible for contacting families when there
8	are delays, weather related delays or delays
9	generally uhm and then we all, the OPT hotline also
10	our customer center also contacts families when there
11	are significant delays. We made it and as
12	Commissioner Garcia said in her testimony, they made
13	about 665 contacts that evening to families and we
14	had staff stay overnight to make sure that our, that
15	our customer hotline was available and ready for
16	families.
17	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: So, there were
18	contractual obligations is that correct?
19	URSULINA RAMIREZ: Correct.
20	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: And when contact is
21	not made what is the consequence?
22	URSULINA RAMIREZ: So right now, in our
23	after action we are looking at all of the contacts
24	that were made with families and and looking at how
25	dispatchers and the I'm sorry the vendors and the

so we had, it was completely overnight stays.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: How many staff?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: Uhm 15 uhm and they

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for the most part was handling a lot of the contacts 4

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with families and in addition them there was

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other people who were working overnight to make sure

obviously uhm my colleague Kevin Moran and myself,

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that we were both in contacts with schools and

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principals. The families as well, uhm including and

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I Council Member Kallos was in direct contact with

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families as were members of City Hall. Everybody was

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all hands-on deck trying to communicate with folks.

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I do think what we are looking forward in lessons

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learned is figuring out how do we uhm better staff up our OPT Call Center if there is an emergency like the

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one that happened on November 15. I will have to get

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back to you in terms of language access to see how

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many calls we received from uhm from languages other

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than English. But I will get back to you right away.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: But we have people

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on standby who are, who are able to speak different

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languages if we receive a call from parents that

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speaks a language other than English?

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2 URSULINA RAMIREZ: Uhm I know we have 3 staff members who speak other languages. I want to

make sure on that evening, what we had available.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: I mean both from the OPT Service Line but also with regards to even the dispatches, bus Commissioners who are required to make contact with what notices. Are there any language access requirements in those, in those contracts?

URSULINA RAMIREZ: UH I'm going to have to get back to you on the language requirement uhm for the company but I will get back to you.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Uhm, this is concerning and I'm also something that we raised at the hearing that we had last month and we are going to continue this conversation with regards to who from OPT is supposed to have the information about what type of accommodations are required, mandated for students and how we are complying with these things? Who is responsible to enforce compliance on the busses. We are going to keep at this issue.

This is a very, very serious issue, it's, a, it's an issue of a life and death for our children. It's an issue that just gets moral. It is the right thing

Silver from Parks. Uhm I know that there were uh

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significant number as we heard before from other, from my colleagues, a significant number of trees that uhm went down during the storm. Uhm I am also concerned about the trees that maybe did not go down but are in danger of going down. And are the Parks Department handling inspections of such trees because we saw many trees down which, which contributed to some of the issues we faced with congestion in traffic and other, other delays and conveniences. But sometimes as we have learned, even post super storm Sandy a tree gets damaged but doesn't fall that day but might fall next week or two weeks from now. So how, how is Parks ensuring the safety of our residents? Making sure that trees are not in danger of falling down?

what was unprecedented is the amount of leaves on trees this early in the season and so that clearly contributed to the number of limps in trees that went down. We probably have one of the best maintenance programs in the country. We assess all of our trees based on risk and so those who have the highest risk as we go out either through service call or when staff goes out to go its own inspection or through

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its pruning cycle, uhm we were able to evaluate and we have a risk based system, so those that seem the highest risk uhm will be addressed within seven days and those that have less of a risk are addressed within 28 days. So, our staff pretty well has a way of managing over 600,000 street trees, make sure that we understand at risk and so of course while they are out there uhm doing the work we have had 3300 service calls which really translated to thousands of work orders, we were able to inspect to determine that there was no risk to our residents about in terms of additional trees falling or limps. So, it is something that we do on a regular basis.

System to inspect these trees. Because we have had some recent days where it is very windy, gale force winds. It is a concern that we have. And so there is an activation of a system in place to inspect any potentially damaged trees that might fall or limps.

Well, when we depend on calls from the public through 3-1-1 it actually happens to be the highest number of calls that we get from the public within Parks and so based on those calls, we go out and our forestry team inspects the trees. We also have a 7-year pruning

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 132
2	cycle and as they are going out pruning trees, they
3	were also able to inspect trees. And through this
4	incident as they were going out to assess the trees,
5	they were also determining those that were damaged to
6	make sure that they were properly pruned so that
7	there would be no danger or risk to the public.
8	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: So, this is
9	complaint driven Commissioner?
10	MITCHELL SILVER: It is not just
11	primarily complaint driven, as I stated we have a 7-
12	year pruning cycle and we thank both the Mayor and
13	the Council for escalating that. It used to be 10
14	year, now it is 7 year as the foresters are going out
15	to inspect streets. They are able to look through
16	the pruning cycle to the condition of the trees and
17	those particular sectors of the City.
18	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: And you have
19	confidence in the system?
20	MITCHEL SILVER: Yes, I do.
21	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Okay thank you I
22	will turn it back to Chair Reynoso. Uh well actually
23	we have round two questions and I just want to res I
24	think my colleague Reynoso would like me to remind my

colleagues that there is now a two minute for, for

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questions which we do have to enforce so be mindful

3 of the witnesses that want to testify after this,

4 after this panel, so. We have also been joined by

5 Council Member Kallos as well. And we will begin

6 Round two with council member Deutsch.

CHAIM DEUTSCH: Thank you now I will ask my questions. I won't give testimony. Uhm so firstly I have, first question is you had that day, 1900 collisions including the 20-car pileup on the George Washington Bridge. Knowing what you know now, what would you do different today if we have to go back to that day? Uhm with all of these 1900 collisions? That is my first question. And my second question is you had 1200 trees down and how many, number one how many of those trees are still down? Laying in the streets? And what would you do today different knowing what you know today?

TERRENCE MONAHAN: I will start with the 20-car collision on the George Washington Bridge and something that you have to understand, that's not New York City Property, that is the Port Authority. They did not request any help from us on that, they handled that incident in and of themselves. Of the 1900 calls it turned out that there was 932 of them

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to move, get to moving.

that were actual collision, 1900 calls for collisions, there were 932 actual collisions up from 692. Mostly minor incidents, minor crashes and what we were able to respond to. We were able to quickly take the reports and get those cars if they were able

POLLY TROTTENBERG: I would just add on that, on the question of the number of collisions and what we would do differently and Commissioner Garcia referenced it in her testimony. When we went back and looked at both our data and you know our traffic monitoring data and the monitoring data from Transcom which monitors traffic data in the whole region, we saw that starting around 2 o'clock, traffic was starting to slow and as many members appoint it was not just in the Bronx and northern Manhattan. It was really happening in all five boroughs. It was happening in New Jersey, it was happening in Connecticut. It was happening in Long Island. are now starting to our, our engineers are now starting to build an algorithm which will tell us, I'm hoping much earlier on hey we are really starting to see an unusual traffic condition develop in a large citywide or regional wide that will enable us

were struggling with the Bayonne.

They had

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tremendous problems at the bus terminal with busses coming in from New Jersey and getting people back out so they had a lot of things that they were managing, but we agreed. I know Joe will talk about it from the OEM level but certainly from the DOT Port Authority level we are actually going to be meeting next week to sit down and make sure that when big incidents are happening that their Bridges and Tunnels were much more on top of it talking to each other. If they need the City's help or we need their help it's a good point and we need to make sure that is happening.

CHAIM DEUTSCH: Thank you.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Okay anyone else.

Authority, I spoke with John Miller (SP?) from the Port Authority, after the event, we discussed that the day of the incident, of the accident we offered assistance. They uhm said they can handle it themselves. At one point after he was on the scene, spoke to the Port Authority Police and they agreed to uhm request Sanitation to go up there it was just impossible to get up there at that time but I am in conversation with the Port Authority, John Miller

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Commissioner Garcia. We are looking at conditions now with the potential climate change and these unusual storm events when leaves are still on the trees. We are now going to take that into consideration about messaging out because we did recommend that the public did not go into Parks uhm because we are concerned about the tree conditions and so now, we will take that into consideration since we may have having the storms events with leaves on trees. We want to make sure that we include that in our messaging so that is part of our

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you and next we will hear from Council Member Gibson.

conversation going forward. Thank you very much.

VANESSA GIBSON: Thank you again, thank
you Chair and I know our hearing will come to and
end. Uhm I do look forward to the full internal view
that will be coming out next week to really fully
understand uhm what happened and I but I do want to
join my speaker and really apologizing to New
Yorkers. I on that day apologized to my District
because I am sorry that New Yorkers have to endure
this. We didn't set out that morning to know that we
would be stuck in traffic. Chief Monahan you didn't

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know that you would be in a suit pushing cars in the Bronx and that is what you were doing because we just are resilient New Yorkers and we always you know step up when needed. Uhm but moving forward for me and the Bronx understanding that the Bronx was at an extreme disadvantage with the George Washington closing. We are surrounded by highways in the Bronx so it is really important for us in the borough to ensure that communication does improve within City Agencies but it is even more important that we are talking to the Port Authority, to New Jersey Transit, New Jersey DOT, New York State DOT, Port Authority, MTA, New York City Transit, Metro North. We have got to talk to these agencies around the clock, not the day of, not the day before but there has to be better coordination. The Bronx should not have endured what we did and we did for an unfortunate reason and now this is a lesson learned. I pray to God that we get through this winter season. This was a test and we failed. Now we move forward from the lessons we have learned and we have got to do better, for the sake of New Yorkers, for the sake of Children, seniors and everyone else that lives in this City we all been better. So, I want to understand the Interagency

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coordination. What are we going to do moving forward to talk to our partners at the State level, at the City level and make sure that we are communicating

and workforce staff, reinforcement of equipment and

6 resources in everything to the best of our ability is

7 really put in place? That is what I want to

understand on behalf of the Bronx.

JOSEPH ESPOSITO: At Emergency Management we conduct these calls and a lot of times in face meetings. On Tuesday when we got the forecast, we put a call out to all of our City Agencies including all of our partners including Port Authority, MTA. We put them on alert that there was a snow event coming. We did the same thing on Wednesday and on Thursday also we were in contact with them through the Watch Command through the whole event. problem was the misdiagnosis or the miss. The event was only broadcasted as a flurry. Uhm you know just a dusting so that's what everyone was reacting to or working toward until the day of the snow but as far as the communication, we are in communication, we have, we sit down with the Port Authority, MTA, all of our partners, Con Edison, every City agency, everyone in the Tristate area, we talk to them all.

of 0 to three and particular if there is a high

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moisture content in that storm that we will assume additional accumulations and are probably more likely to split more often. That being said, uhm there are portions of having a 12-hour shift split that I think would have been helpful in this storm that there were some portions on it based on my assessment that I think actually could have made it worse. Uhm so I think that every storm is different and we need to be prepared for more unpredictable storms but I think that you are likely to see us move into 12 hour shifts on a more regular basis with forecasts that are very low uhm initially.

DEBORAH ROSE: So, you don't think that there is the overlay of staff would have been a positive as opposed to.

KATHRYN GARCIA: So, I, I so one of the challenges is uh it may have been of assistance in certain areas of the City but in the places where we struggle the most which is in upper Manhattan and the Bronx and I am certainly not saying that Staten Island did not have challenges, that is not at all what I am saying. Uhm and that was true in Queens and in Brooklyn as well. As uhm Commissioner Trottenberg had said, we saw, we saw speeds across

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the City whm decline precipitously all at once. So,

I think you are going to see some things like more
pretreatment of the roads, you are going to see us
move and assume that whm that it's going to be, that
we are going to need to be in two shifts. The
challenge with upper Manhattan and the Bronx is
really the gridlock. That adding more pieces of
equipment could have actually just added more
traffic. Uhm and gotten us more into a box there
that might not have been true in other areas but in
the area that we struggled the most in, I would say
that that that it based on my assessment that I don't
think that being in a two shift would have
necessarily assisted there.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you. Go ahead, please.

DOT DOT does plow around its fares and I have to admit that I was certainly getting a lot of reports about bus troubles all over the City but I, I don't think we heard that much about bus at Ferry. Maybe that's something if you have more detail, I mean if all of the hot spot areas, that wasn't, the one that was getting them.

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Terminal.

POLLY TROTTENBERG: There was no bus service at the Ferry and there were no announcements made. There was nothing posted on the overhead boards in, in the Ferry Terminals alerting people that there was absolutely no bus service at the Ferry

DEBORAH ROSE: And so, I.

KATHRYN GARCIA: And so, lines were down the ramps, uhm in the terminal and people had no idea or any instructions about what was you know happening and that there were no busses coming. There was absolutely no service.

POLLY TROTTENBERG: So, I think, I think are you hearing here today and Council Member Gibson just mentioned it, we are obviously doing an After Action and we are talking to our sister Agencies and I obviously want to talk to the MTA about what happened there with the busses. You know they are certainly having struggles with busses all over the City. Uhm let me particular see what the Staten Island challenges were. We were plowing around the Ferry but obviously as I have heard from you and your colleagues there were much larger congestions happening all over the island.

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DEBORAH ROSE: Commissioner, yes, I know that the busses, the busses were not your fault but what I am trying to get to is that there was no communication from DOT that commuters as they were arriving and this started as early at 4 p.m. that there were no busses. And, and so people didn't even know that they might have had to make other arrangements so there needs to be some communication with the uhm MTA since they are supposed to meet.

POLLY TROTTENBERG: Yeah understood.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{DEBORAH}}$$ ROSE: And uh according to the Ferry schedule so.

POLLY TROTTENBERG: Okay.

Member Rose. I just really want to keep these things at two minutes, I believe I've been extremely courteous, I'm going to stop being courteous and I am cutting people off. We have other people that need to speak that have been waiting here all day. Uhm another panel and I want to give them the respect and courtesy that they got here on time. Council member Cabrera, Gjonaj, Salamanca, uhm are next.

FERNANDO CABRERA: Thank you so much. I if you could just give me the quick answer version to

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my questions. Were there any medical cases that you know of uhm regarding ambulances that were stuck, were there any deaths? Uhm were there babies that were born in departments because we couldn't get ambulances to?

JOSEPH ESPOSITO: No.

FERNANDO CABRERA: Okay so I, I thought I read something online regarding somebody giving birth at home.

JOSEPH ESPOSITO: That was a couple of days ago, four six guys delivered a baby but that wasn't during the storm.

storm. Okay. The next questions regarding, the other day we had a big rain storm just a couple of days ago, uhm Monday I think it was. And uhm many elected officials we were going from west to east and the traffic was horrendous in the Bronx. Uhm and so my question is do you, have you done an analysis Commissioner in DOT uhm regarding all of this, the fewer lanes that we have now in the Bronx. You know I think 161st needs to have two lanes. I could go on and on. Uh have we done an analysis of how events like just happened is going to have an impact

George Washington, we don't respond to the George

Bronx by 4:30 it was 27, by midnight it was 72 so we

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 150
2	point in time. Which is a variety of both Sanitation
3	workers and Auto mechanic support services and
4	building trades as well as a variety of other staff.
5	Uhm on the Lead Team which obviously is a
6	coordinating team in terms of working with the
7	expertise that is housed with an HPD and the
8	Department of Health and so I have a staff of, one,
9	two, three, four, five, about nine people who are
LO	working on it.
L1	MARK GJONAJ: Okay thank you, that is the
L2	salary that you are receiving for each one of those
L3	positions that you
L 4	KATHRYN GARCIA: I receive only one
L5	salary.
L 6	MARK GJONAJ: So, there was no increase
L7	in salary?
L 8	KATHRYN GARCIA: There was no increase in
L 9	salary
20	MARK GJONAJ: Okay.
21	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Council Member
22	Gjonaj I apologize.
23	MARK GJONAJ: Salamanca gave me his two
24	minutes.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Salamanca if that is true, I will defer. If not, we are going to have to move on, we can't be here all day, five minutes of questioning is more than appropriate. I want to allow for Council Member Salamanca to ask questions,

I'm sorry Council Member Gjonaj.

Member Gjonaj. Thank you, Chair Reynoso. I have a question regarding the MTA busses. I know that MTA is not here, uhm West Farms and East Tremont I got videos on Twitter the busses were skidding. Uhm when do they put chains on these tires. Is it, is it acco... does DOT or the City advise them to do it or do they do it on their own?

to answer a little bit of the MTA but I'm not going to entirely speak for them. They are not here and so they gave us some their thoughts on the day but in the end, I think you probably need to hear it directly from them. Like us they coordinate through the OM but they make their own decisions about when to put chains on and they put chains on generally when you have a certain number of inches of snow, not so much just for ice. They have been moving over to

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 152 2 all weather tires so I think that will help with the, you know the traction of the fleet. But just so you 3 know for them to put chains on it takes a number of 4 hours to do so, so given where the forecast was, I 5 6 don't think they, they would have thought to have put 7 chains on that morning and they have to take them back to their maintenance facilities and it takes a 8 bunch of hours to chain up a bus. 9 10 RAFAEL SALAMANCA: Thank you Commissioner. Uhm the Commissioner Silver you have 11 12 been here for some time no one has asked you a question, right. Uhm I have, I have a question for 13 14 you. Has Parks uhm addressed all 3-1-1 complaints 15 for trees that are down, hanging limbs, falling limbs 16 across the City? MITCHELL SILVER: Yes, it is about 99%, 17 18 but the answer is yes. RAFAEL SALAMANCA: So, 3300 services. 19 20 MITCHELL SILVER: 3300 service calls, correct all streets were cleared of trees, uhm of 21 2.2 blocking the streets by 5 o'clock the next day and the day before Thanksqiving we are about 98, 99%, all 23

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debris has been removed.

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RAFAEL SALAMANCA: Okay uh and who is responsible. Thank you, Commissioner, who is responsible for cleaning the highways, for example, the FDR, Brooklyn Boulevard or the I-95 to get you through the White Stone or the Droznik (SP?).

KATHRYN GARCIA: By cleaning you mean removing snow? Or?

RAFAEL SALAMANCA: By you know get, removing the snow.

KATHRYN GARCIA: No that would be the Department of Sanitation.

RAFAEL SALAMANCA: Department of Sanitation? So, you are responsible for our streets and also the highways. The roads leading through the to the bridges?

KATHRYN GARCIA: So yes, we get, as we coordinate with our partners at MTA, uhm and the Port Authority about how close we can get before we have to turn around. Uhm for, for example like at the Verrazano when they did all the changes on that ramp, uhm they actually have to block traffic so that we can make a U-turn because there aren't exits anymore but that's the same sort of thing that we do. We do the pretzel between the Cross Bronx and the Deegan

Uh so first question, uhm you testified that the Call

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 155 2 Center Staff stayed until 5 a.m. is that when the last bus arrived? Number two, do we in fact have a 3 GPS on every school bus with Special Education 4 students as young as 3 years old who may be nonverbal 5 6 due to autism or other uhm items they may be facing? 7 Number three, the Mayor made a directive to the Chancellor on Friday following the storm, to 8 Chancellor Carranza to implement GPS on all busses. 9 Uh I believe that is about 1100 busses, smart phones 10 are about \$20 uhm do we know exact when that is going 11 to go into effect? Do you need me to give \$20,000 to 12 get it live tomorrow because I will do that? 13 14 with regards to number four, the parent in question, 15 her name was Jennifer Reynoso. On a day without 16 snow, her child faces a three-hour bus ride, I don't believe that she is willing to put her child back on 17 18 the bus since that frightful night where her child was on for more than 10 hours. Uhm is there a 19 20 commitment and a promise that that child is going to get back to a normal bus ride of no more than an hour 21 2.2 and that we are not going to have Special Education busses with more than 22 kids on them. They should 23 be on the small busses and I believe that is actually 24

the status for NYPD, DSNY and anyone else who wants

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questions.

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to jump in here. The big question I got from media was just even if we got my magic GPS Bill passed and we had a GPS on every bus, what, what can do about it? Uhm is it a situation where EMS could be dispatched, especially when the children are in Special Education to provide services, is DSNY able to direct a plow to get each bus home and I would actually be okay with that, as a, as a new parent. Uhm OEM but what could we actually do, so now we know that there is a trapped bus, how do we rescue those And I will say that night NYPD did actually rescue those kids just after midnight. Those are my

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Please answer those questions there are a lot of them are yes and no questions so answer them appropriately. Thank you and there will be no follow up to those questions.

I am going to go as fast KATHRYN GARCIA: as possible. Uhm so all of our Special Education uh busses have GPS but our Pre-K and our General Ed busses do not, we are trying to get rou... GPS in all of our busses. Uhm you would ask are, the busses were getting into depots into the wee hours of the morning. I mean some of the... I mean some of the into

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CHAIR YDANIS RODRIGUEZ: Thank you again concern, one did the interagency wasn't in place coordinating not before but during the gridlock that we, that we had that day afternoon, night and morning. Were you called to be in any particular place physical from where you were coordinating everyone? How many people do you have over time? Why they were let go after 11 p.m.? Why were you not able to activate other people from agencies that they could be helpful that day from 11 p.m. to 3 in the morning and then the question how actively was the First Deputy Mayor, whoever coordinating with this group of you guys that have shown in the past as showing leadership? And why did we fail? Not to be coordinated, not before but from 4 p.m. to 3 in the morning. Those are questions that I feel justify what everyone in this state including the Mayor has said. I understand the frustration of New Yorkers and I hope that we learn from this and then what happened that they would not happen anymore. We put in risk the safety of New Yorkers and we need to let you know how we allowed this for New York City to be

gridlocked for hours, under a natural disaster.

About how that condition can be created and put our

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City in risk. How long and that's a question, my last part with this and refer to the MTA, last week on on the 4, we will have MTA in a hearing at the Committee of Transportation uhm this causing the fast forward plan and then any question also that we have, we should be able to ask them. But when it comes to ambulance and fire and the fire fighters, what was the average time that it took for them to go from a phone call that someone made to 9-1-1 to the destination and is there any information or data of any fatality related because of how long it took to

respond from fire fighters and ambulance?

JOSEPH ESPOSITO: I can talk about the coordination piece of this. Uh all things being perfect, we would have the situation I think with all of our partners there or a portion of the Emergency Operation Center where all of our partners would have been there. When the emergency does come light, when the snow is falling now and the streets are gridlocked, we made the decision to do that virtually. Instead of asking people to come to Emergency Management Headquarters and, and, and be physically present there, we thought that would have been counter productive to try and get all of those

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folks to travel to Brooklyn under those conditions,

3 so we did it virtually through emails and phone calls

4 and we did have the coordination not to the perfect

5 extent that I would have liked, I would have liked to

6 have the people in the seats and in my office that

wasn't practical at that time, so we did it

8 virtually.

TERRANCE MONAHAN: And again, for response time, you are going to have to get that from the fire department for their job. They would have their response times. I can give you the PD response time Citywide increased by five minutes. Uhm on average to a job. The Bronx had the largest increase uhm of approximately 13 minutes.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Thank you, thank you for your testimony today to everyone on the panel. We are looking forward to better days ahead. I really appreciate you taking the time to be here. Uhm thank you to all of my colleagues for your great questions and now our next panel, is actually one person that we hope is still here. Randi Levine who is here from Advocate for Children of New York. Uhm is the only person that is scheduled to speak and if they are here you are going to get unlimited time to

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speak on the issues that you think are of significance. Ms. Levine? Can you please clear the 3 dais so that, not the dais I'm sorry the testimony 4 tables so that Ms. Levine can sit? Good afternoon 5 6 Ms. Levine whenever you are ready, we can you can

7 start your testimony.

> RANDI LEVINE: Good afternoon, thank you for the opportunity to speak with you. My name is Randi Levine and I am the Policy Director of Advocates for Children of New York. For more than 45 years, Advocates for Children has worked to ensure a high-quality education for New York Students who face barriers to academic success, focusing on students from low income backgrounds. We heard from parents of students with disabilities who were trapped on school busses for hours on their way home from school during winter storm Avery. Parents were concerned about the safety and well being of their children. Many of these children had not eaten since lunch time and some did not arrive home until the middle of the night. Some parents did not know where their children were or when and where they should meet their children. One parent contacted and Advocates for Children Staff Member at 8 o'clock p.m. when her

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 162 2 son had not returned home. Her child, a 9-year-old student on the autism spectrum finally returned home 3 at 11 o'clock p.m., 8 hours after he got on the bus. 4 5 He did not have anything to eat or drink during this 6 In fact, bus staff told the children that they 7 were not allowed to drink any water. The bus never stopped to allow the children to use the bathroom, 8 during these eight hours, nobody contacted the parent 9 to let her know where the bus was or when she could 10 expect her child to come home. However, unlike many 11 12 other parents, this parent was able to track the busses progress during the trip and see where her 13 14 child was because she had given her son a phone with 15 GPS technology. We understand that unexpected events 16 happen that impact a school bus ride, an accident, a traffic jam, a medical emergency or a November snow 17 18 storm. This is a key reason why it is important for the City to provide all parents with access to real 19 20 time GPS data for their children's school busses. strongly support Intro 1099 which would require that 21 2.2 all school busses be equipped with a GPS tracking system, a policy the Department of Education is 23

already in the process of implementing and

importantly would give parents and schools access to

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GPS data in real time allowing parents to know when
the bus is coming, how long the bus is taking to get
to school and where their children are. We thank
Council Member Kallos and Chair Treyger for their
leadership on this Bill and look forward to working
with City Council to move it forward. The stories
that we heard about horrific bus rides during the
storm also highlight the need for the DOE to ensure
that bus drivers and matrons get the training needed
to support students. Including those with a variety
of disabilities on ordinary days and in emergency
situations. These stories also illustrate the need
for the DOEs Office of Pupil Transportation to
provide better Customer Service and more effectively
communicate information and updates to parents.
Thank you for the opportunity to testify, I would be
happy to answer any questions that you may have.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: I want to defer to Chair Treyger.

CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Thank you very much

Chair I want to once again thank Advocates for

Children for really just championing the causes of

helping children and I just want to thank you for

that and your testimony. Uhm if you hear my exchange

1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 164
2	with the DOE with regards to the issue of language
3	access, can you speak to this, whether or not
4	language access, a variety of languages that is
5	spoken in our City is provided to families, and if
6	that was an issue that you heard as well?
7	RANDI LEVINE: I can't speak to what
8	happened that night as far as language access. I do
9	think that it is important that we as a City continue
10	to ensure that every Department of Education Office
11	that interacts with families has access to the
12	language interpretation that they need.
13	CHAIR MARK TREYGER: Agreed. And uhm you
14	heard as well that there is a commitment that they
15	are going to have or improve or create protocols with
16	regards to having food and water on busses. Because
17	they just they had no policy, they had no protocol
18	and we heard obviously the stories that the stories 8
19	10 hours on the bus, no food, no water, no bathroom,
20	so there are new protocols there apparently are going
21	to take shape and we are going to follow up with the
22	DOE but I just want to really thank you Advocates for
23	Children for really just always being at the front
24	lines of this issue. Thank you very much.

RANDI LEVINE: Thank you.

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CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: Question from Council Member Gibson.

VANESSA GIBSON: Thank you so much I am a huge, huge fan of Advocates for Children you guys do tremendous work and I think you know the question that a lot of the reporters have been asking all of us is that even after today's hearing, after hours and hours of hearing testimony from Commissioner Garcia and the follow Commissioners, you know do we feel confident that the City of New York is prepared for this once a season and I think many of us are still equally as confused. Uhm a lot of our questions were simply not answered and I think although we all experienced individual like nightmare stories like many of our constituents the most heartbreaking are our children and you know that is unforgettable and it is unforgiveable and I spoke to a parent at 1 a.m. her 2-year-old child with a Special Needs, she is a Bronx resident, her child goes to school in the Bronx and she was the one who called her bus company, told them where her, you know where her child went to school and they refused to give any information on the location of the bus and that speaks volume to the communication but also what

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protocols are in place. So, in addition to supporting the Legislation that would provide GPS in all of our busses, not just busses with Children with Special Needs but what would you recommend from Advocates for Children in terms of other protocols that the Department should look to have with all of these contacts that we have making sure that there is better communication? I think we all understand that a winter, a winter storm that we face, you know everyone was stuck in traffic but you can't deny children water and access to a bathroom and I think you know Ursulina talked a little bit about locations but that could potentially be emergency evacuation areas where children would be let off the bus and allowed to use the bathroom and things of that nature, so from your perspective, what would you suggest the City Council should be looking at moving forward?

RANDI LEVINE: I think that the issues that you raise are the issues to focus on. I think that number one we know that the Office of Pupil Transportation needs to revamp its Customer Service System that is not only during emergencies but that is day to day so Chancellor has talked about the

COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND 1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 167 2 importance of empowering parents and we hear stories throughout the year from families who have tried 3 4 repeatedly to contact the Office of Pupil 5 Transportation to get problems resolved and have 6 never heard back and have not gotten those problems 7 resolved. We do know that the Department of Education has taken some positive steps in terms of 8 stating their commitment and hiring new staff to 9 really focus on that issue. And I think you are 10 right as well that we should be thinking about 11 12 protocols with respect to emergencies and with respect to students with Disabilities on busses 13 during those emergencies and training for staff in 14 15 terms of what to do in emergencies but also in terms 16 of training for working with students with disabilities in a variety of situations days when 17 18 there aren't winter storms. And finally I would add that the issues that emerged from this conversation I 19 think lead to other policy change as well or I will 20 focus on these issues because of the storm but for 21 2.2 example, we have preschoolers who are traveling hours 23 to get to a preschool Special Education program because the City right now has a shortage of 24

preschool special education programs and at a time

when we are rapidly expanding PreK and 3K for all, we need to make sure that preschoolers with disabilities whose individualized education programs entitle them to a seat in a preschool special education class get the class they need and don't have to travel for hours to get to that class or aren't sitting at home because there is no class available at all. Finally, I think about students in Foster Care. Uhm Federal Law requires the City to provide transportation so that students in Foster Care can stay in their original schools when placed in a Foster Home that is far away from their school or when they switch from one Foster Home to another but right now the City guarantees only a Metro Card and that's not sufficient for a kindergarten student placed on Foster Care in a different community school District or a different borough to get to school. And you know in that case you are really relying on a foster parent or maybe a foster care case planner who has lots of other responsibilities to transport that child. We hear enough about the difficulties of doing that on a regular basis much less during a winter storm and so I think that these are important

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COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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2 issues that we hope the City Council will continue to 3 look at over in the coming months.

VANESSA GIBSON: Thank you so much and we look forward to working with you and since I. I thin I am the only Council Member left besides the Chairs, so I just want to take an opportunity to really thank you guys, thank you to Chair Rodriguez, thank you Chair Reynoso and Chair Treyger. This was a very good hearing. Uhm I'm still not satisfied but that is just me. Uhm I look forward to our continued work and really getting us through this winter season. have got to make sure that these agencies are held accountable and they are working with our state partners as well, particularly on behalf of northern Manhattan and the Bronx we were crippled, crippled and we cannot have this happen again. So, I thank you for holding today's hearing thank you.

CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: It's, it's unfortunate that you are still not in our committee unlike last time you could have followed up but thank you Ms. Levine for your advocacy and the work that you do.

RANDI LEVINE: Thank you.

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1	COMMITTEE ON SANITATION AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 170
2	CHAIR ANTONIO REYNOSO: I also want to
3	thank the Council Members that are here, the staff,
4	the Committee Staff for the great work that they did
5	and the Sargeant at Arms as well for helping us out.
6	Thank you all. This meeting is now adjourned.
7	(gavel pounding).
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 4, 2018