CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK
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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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AUGUST 28, 2018 Start: 2:18 P.M. Recess: 4:34 P.M.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

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Rafael L. Espinal, Jr.

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Mark Levine Carlos Menchaca I. Daneek Miller Antonio Reynoso

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Deborah L. Rose

Rafael Salamanca, Jr.

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Mary Beth Kelly, Families for Safe Streets

Lizzy Rahman, Founding Member, Families for Safe Streets

Sophia Russo, Families for Safe Streets
Jane Martin Laveaux, Families for Safe Streets

Debbie Kahn, Founding Member, Families for Safe Streets

Rita Barravecchio, Families for Safe Streets

Polly Trottenberg, Commissioner, New York City Department of Transportation

Juan Martinez, Director of Traffic Operations Policy New York City, Department of Transportation

Thomas Chan, Chief of Transportation, New York City Police Department

Dennis Fulton, Deputy Inspector, New York City Police Department

Oleg Chernyavsky, Legislative Director, New York City Police Department

Ariel Savansky, Advocacy and Policy Advisor UJA Federation

Vincent Riggins, Public Safety Committee Co-Chair, Community Board 5

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Quiet, please. Quiet in this room.

and welcome to today's hearing of the City Council
Transportation Committee. I am Ydanis Rodriguez, the
Chair of this committee here today with Speaker Corey
Johnson. First, let me recognize my colleagues who
are here with us today, Council Member Diaz,
Richards, Koo, Menchaca, Levin, Deutsch, and—and now
let's turn the microphone to the person who has shown
his leadership with this and many other important
issues for the City of New York, the Speaker Corey
Johnson.

Rodriguez. I want to thank you for your unwavering support and leadership on this issue. You have been a real leader on this, but in everything Vision Zero related. So, I'm really grateful for your leadership of this committee that you've shown over the last five years. When we talk about the role of government in people's everyday lives, there is nothing more fundamental to what we do than ensuring the safety of

2 those we were elected to represent especially children. The bill we're going to be discussing 3 4 today in emergency session will keep New Yorkers 5 safe. Most importantly it will keep kids who are walking to and from school safe. It will save lives, 6 7 and is the least that we can do for children in New York City and for their parents. This is not a 8 temporary fix It will place State Speed Camera Law, 9 which we all know recently expired due to cynical 10 political maneuvering by the Republic led State 11 12 That state law only allowed for 140 speed Senate. cameras in the city at any given point in time. 13 Those cameras were proven to be effective. They were 14 15 proven to save lives, which begged the obvious 16 Why weren't there more of them? Our bill question: 17 would broaden the scope of the program by expanding 18 the hours in which cameras can operate and by allowing more cameras to be installed around more 19 20 schools throughout the city. The State Senate and particularly the Republicans in the Republicans in 21 2.2 the State Senate failed to act, so we must. 23 Something has to be done, and it is our responsibility to do it. With the school year set to 24 25 start in just eight days, we cannot afford to wait on

2 them any longer. Given what we've already seen, there is no earthy reason to believe that we'll be-3 4 that they will do the right thing. Shame on them for 5 their failure, but where they have abandoned 6 responsibility, others have filled the void. Governor Cuomo is one. We needed his help and we got I appreciate the work he and his team did in 8 9 giving the city access to the State Department of Motor Vehicles' data. It is essential for this law 10 to work. We needed—we needed Mayor de Blasio's help, 11 12 and he gave it to agreeing to provide the Council a message of necessity to pass this bill in time for 13 14 the first day of school. Both the Mayor and governor 15 stepped up, and they both deserve an enormous amount 16 of credit, and the State Legislature can still decide 17 to act. State Senate Republicans can still do the 18 right thing. If the Senate Republicans want to come back with a program that substantially increases the 19 20 number of cameras, then I would support that, and this law would sunset if we get a real and effective 21 2.2 state program, but we're not rolling back protections 23 This program will stand unless we get for children. something substantially better. This isn't about 24 25 credit and who gets it done. It's about doing the

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right thing. Advocates are expanding the Speed Camera Program also deserve an enormous amount of praise. I want to thank Paul Steely White who can't be here today from Transportation Alternatives. Thank you, Paul. I want to thank Amy Cohen and everyone at Families for Safe Streets. Thank you all, every single one of you. Amy lost her son Sammy five years ago when he was killed by a speeding motorist. Her suffering to me and to Joan is unimaginable. It is a grief no mother or grandmother should have to shoulder. The fact that Amy and every person here today from Families for Safe Streets channel their grief toward ensuring that others won't suffer a similar fate is a testament to their amazing character and strength of will. I want to thank you all and for bring those beautiful photos today. This law will allow the city to issue violations for speeding in school zones. If you're going more than 10 miles per hour over the speed limit, you'll be hit with a \$50 fine, and hopefully, you won't do it I am confident in our authority here. have strong home rule authority on this issue, and I can think of no better way to use it. There are lives at stake, children's lives, and now it falls to

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2 us to fulfill our obligation as elected officials to

3 do right by them. I urge all of you to keep that in

4 mind as we consider this important legislation today.

5 | Thank you, Chair Rodriguez.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, I would like to thank all members of the Speaker. Transportation Committee of the Council, but especially to Robert and Kelly for all those hours that you have spent in the last five days. You know, your work makes a difference to allow to take us here I also would like to take this moment to dedicate this hearing to all the angels that are here protecting us. The beautiful light that they are somewhere. I always say that no one will be able to get the energy that those of us that have not lost a loved one are feeling when we are in this type of room, but we know that you are fighting not for yourself, but you're fighting to avoid future victims also. Our great workers, middle class, upper class, Black, White, Asian, Latino, who unfortunately we're losing life every week in the city of New York because sometimes elected officials has failed to act. We're here today for the second emergency hearing of the Transportation Committee this month

2 because we are on the edge of a crisis. Over one million students will go back to school on Monday. 3 Some of them have already started and does go into 4 5 charter schools. They will be with countless parents, teachers, crossing guards, and the school 6 7 staff, all to make sure our children get an education and that they're taken care of nurtured each day. 8 They deserve to do that without worrying whether or 9 10 not they will make it to class or get home safely. Make no mistake, speeding cameras is not about just 11 12 trying to beat the traffic or getting there a little 13 faster. Speeding kills, and let's be clear, speed 14 cameras are not about revenue. They are about saving 15 lives. In a perfect world, no one will ever get a 16 speeding camera ticket. Drivers will be following 17 the law, and will be doing the right things. 18 However, until we reach that day, when all drivers respect their fellow New Yorkers and follow the law, 19 20 we will continue to need the tools to enforce it especially in areas where our most vulnerable could 21 2.2 be put in harm's way. We are her again today 23 following on Governor Cuomo's executive order 24 authorizing the Council to legislate on the speed 25 cameras, and not fail our children. The most sacred

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obligation of government is to keep its people safe, and we intend to honor that obligation that some legislators in Albany have forgotten. I made safety one of my top priorities when I became chair of this committee. We have passed that in our bills focusing on traffic safety, and with the support of Speaker Johnson, my colleagues at the Council and in partnership with Mayor de Blasio and Governor Cuomo, we are continuing that critical work to keep our students safe when they walk in the surrounding areas of their schools. I'm proud to co-sponsor the bill we are hearing today with Speaker Johnson leading and Council Member Ampry-Samuel, Lander and Gjonaj. bill will create a local speed camera program allowing the city to issue violations for speeding. The program will be similar to the State's Program. Owners of vehicles going more than 10 mile per an hour over the speed limit in a school zone will be liable for 50 civil penalty, but we are improving the state's programming in two key ways: (1) The number of cameras isn't cape-capped in the bill, (2) DOT can expand the hours of operation. That's what we need in our great city. The Council is going into emergency session to hear this bill. So, obviously a

lot of work has gone into getting this ready, but the
real reason we are here today are you, Families for
Safe Streets, Transportation Alternatives and the 8.5
million New Yorkers in the city and the 65 million
tourists that came here last year that deserve to
walk in safe streets. Families for Safe Streets and
Transportation Alternatives made sure that no one
forgot how important these cameras are. They know
all too well that what we do here matters. Better
enforcement and better street design saves lives. We
can make a difference. We have worked together for
many years, and I'm proud that they have let me their
partner. I owe them an enormous debt of gratitude to
all New Yorkers and visitors, too. I would like to
welcome the first panel who are composed by the
members of Families for Safe Streets. [speaking
Spanish] Now, I would like to welcome the first panel
who will be the members of Families for Safe Streets
[pause] Will the members who already know that you're
going to be testifying come: Rita, Jay, Martin,
David and Mary Beth. [pause] You may begin in
whatever order you have established.

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2 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: If you could turn 3 your mic on.

MARY BETH KELLY: Sure. Okay. Is that on?

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Yes.

MARY BETH KELLY: Okay. My name is Mary Beth Kelly, and it's been 12 years since I became and advocate for safe streets in the City of New York, 12 years since I lost my husband when we were cycling on a beautiful summer night, the same night hear that I got arrested in front of the Governor's office. We had been married for 33 years. We have two wonderful children. My husband was a physician who served the Upper West Side of Manhattan for over 30 years, a soccer coach, a marathoner. He held the record for the most consecutive New York City marathons that anyone had ever run, and quickly, but we were cycling and had been doing that round the world, but on that night in an intersection a tow truck failed to yield and came speeding around the corner, missed me, hit him and he died three days from his injuries. He was the only thing in my life that I was more passionate about than bringing safety to the streets of New York, and every time over the last 12 years that a community board shut down a protected bike lane, I

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cried, and every time we made one happen, I cheered, and wept again, but here today I'm hoping that something very, very special is going to happen, and I'm counting on that. I thank you Corey Johnson, Ydanis Rodriguez, Polly, the people who have been front and center in helping us, the family members of families of ...the members of Families for Safe Streets do this work year after year often without much hope, and particularly this summer it certainly felt that way, to get to a place where New York is more of the vision that I think we all would to see. A place where a city filled with walkers, filled with cyclists can do their harmless behavior in a way that keeps them safe, and allows them, unlike my husband, to come home at the end of a day, and embrace his children and carry on his life. Fifty-six is far too young to die particularly when you're in the prime of So, I ask you all here to do the most important thing that you can do in your careers, and that is always the right thing, and it takes courage, and it takes backbone and it takes putting politics aside to step inside our shoes and for a moment feel the pain that if not yours, but actually could be, and that's a horrible thing to have to thank about.

- 2 But we hope that you will do the right thing today
- 3 with the same kind of passion that we have mounted
- 4 our fight for something that came from pain and
- 5 sorrow, but hopefully will move this city forward.
- 6 Thank you.

- 7 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Mary Beth, thank
- 8 you so much as always. Thank you.
- 9 LIZZY RAHMAN: Thank you. I already
- 10 provided you with a printout, but I might not follow
- 11 | it exactly. This is my son. Asif Rahman. You might
- 12 | have heard my story many times, and my name Lizzy
- 13 Rahman. I'm one of the founding members of Families
- 14 | for Safe Streets, and today I'm here to show my
- 15 | support for this speed camera bill because I strongly
- 16 believe that this bill is designed to save lives.
- 17 | Before I get into details, I want-would like you to
- 18 know that why I'm here. I want you to know that I
- 19 | already told you I lost my son Asif, and he was
- 20 | killed in a car crash. He was a vibrant talented
- 21 young man. He was hit by a speeding reckless truck
- 22 driver on Queens Boulevard on his way home from work,
- 23 and the driver hit him from the back. He fell down.
- 24 The driver didn't realize that he hit somebody, and
- 25 he just drove over him crushing all his organs, and

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the truck driver didn't really only crush his organs, he crushed all his dreams and hopes. My son wanted to be a music teacher. He had a plan to release his music city and many more, an after this tragic loss, our house became silent as a grave. There was-there is no laughter, no sound of bid (sic) boxing around the house, no calling out loud, Hi, Ma. His voice has stopped forever, and this truck driver didn't just kill my son Asif, he killed us all, and it's a pain like a slow poison. It kills you everyday day by day, and it has been when I think that I will not see my son graduate from college. I will not see him getting married. I will not see him having a family like most of his friends. It hurts me very much. He-the truck driver didn't only crush my son's dreams and hopes, he crushed my dreams and hopes, too. been 10 years. It didn't happen yesterday. years, but I'm going through the same pain, and after my son was killed, I made it my mission to make New York City's streets safer, and this is what kept me going, and I found the new meaning of life of survival by saving lives of other people. want any other mother to go through this pain, the pain of losing a child, and I have been trying to

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attend as many events as possible to raise awareness for street safety so that our children will not die on the streets. I strongly believe that speed cameras will ensure that the drivers drive with caution and lives are saved. Drivers and owners should be held accountable for the safety of our streets and our kids. We know that speed cameras have helped reducing deaths and injuries on our streets. Overall fatalities are down to 28% in New York City, and there is no doubt that if-to more put in commission this number will even go down, and I want the Council to think-think about a person not the numbers how many kids died, how many people died, and what is the percentage of death. Don't think about the numbers, think about the person behind the number, the family behind that person, and the community behind that family. Think today it's our child, our siblings, our spouses. It could be us, and the next time who knows, it could your child. could be your family members. It could be your loved ones. So, think twice, think twice before you say no. Please think hard and pass the bill for the safety of all our people. Thank you.

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2 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you so much 3 Lizzy. Thank you.

SOPHIA RUSSO: My name is Sophia Russo. I'm the mother of Ariel Russo who was born on March 10, 2009 and who was killed on June 4, 2013. On June 4, my family and I learned the ultimate lesson about how speeding in New York City can end the life a child, and completely shatter an entire family crushing all the hopes, dreams, and plans you thought you had for your future. On that Tuesday morning, my 4-year-old daughter, Ariel Marina Russo was walking to school hand-in-hand with my mother. It was 8:15 a.m. when they were waiting on the sidewalk for the pedestrian traffic light to give them the signal to cross. The police report said that a driver made a left turn at 35 miles per hour on 97<sup>th</sup> Street and Amsterdam Avenue when he lost control, and drove up onto the sidewalk right where my little girl waited with my mother. I remember when I got the call at work from the officer letting me know that my daughter and my mother had been hit by a car. remember the moment he said it, denial set in, and I tried to imagine something minor leaving them with just scrapes and bruises. I thought maybe the car

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just bumped into them ever so gently and made them fall down, and now they're in the ER getting checked because that's protocol, but in the pit of my stomach I could feel that this was way more serious, and so I asked the police-the police officer to tell me her heart beats per minute, and when he said 30, my legs gave out. I was on the floor and I couldn't breathe and I couldn't hear anything because I knew that my daughter's little hear was giving out as we spoke. When I got to the hospital, my husband was hysterical trying to break the hand sanitizer off the wall, and I knew she was gone. Going home that night without our baby girl was excruciating, heartbreaking, incomprehensible. Our apartment had her written all over it, her Barbie Dream House, her Baby Alive doll, the clothes she handmade for all her small stuffed animals from her socks, her artwork on the refrigerator, her clothes and shoes all over, and on her bed the Rainbow Build-A-Bear that she had just made. We have to live in a constant-with a constant sick feeling like we have poison in us. Our son asked us where Ariel was everyday, and when we told him that she was in heaven, he responded: Maybe she's just playing hid and seek because that's her

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favorite game, and he'd look around under the table, in the closets, behind the doors. He did this every single day for six months, and we had to start therapy for our 3-year-old because we didn't know what to do. As for my mother, she was in critical condition required multiple major surgeries and had to spend one month in the hospital, and she's still in the process of recovering from her injuries today. I never want this to happen to anyone ever. I don't want other parents and grandparents to feel this. don't want other siblings to go through this. year after Ariel's death, I became a founding member of Families for Safe Streets, because as someone who knows this loss and this pain, I believe I owe it to all New Yorkers and to all children who walk to school and to my daughter Ariel to do whatever it takes to prevent this from happening to another child, to another family. And that is why I stand here before you today pouring out my heart and soul retelling my darkest experience because even though it hurts to relive, you need to know what I know about speeding in New York City so that together we can change the culture of driving and save lives. have gathered and analyzed the data about the 140

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speed safety cameras that have been in NYC school zones as part of a pilot program since 2014. We know they reduce speeding. We know they change driver behavior, and we know they save lives. I believe that just as I have been called into action so have you as our elected officials. Please protect our children as they walk to and from school. driver accountability and pedestrian safety in school zones by voting to amend the Administrative Code of the City of New York in relation to imposing liability on vehicle owners for failure to comply—to comply with maximum speed limits in school speed zones. With this implementation of the Photo Speed Implementation Monitoring Program. To those who oppose this program, I say: If you do not want a speeding ticket, do not speed especially not in front of a school. Everyday I wonder what life would be like if Ariel were still here with us. She would have been 9 years old. She would have been staring fourth grade on September 5<sup>th</sup>. Her brother Jacob is 8 years old and he will be starting third grade. now fully understands exactly what happened to his sister. He knows about the Speed Safety Camera Program, and he asked me to you this: My name is

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Jacob Russo, and I think we need the cameras to keep us safe. It makes me sad when I think about what happened to my sister. I get scared it will happen again. As a mother who lost a child to speeding, as street safety advocate, and as an Assistant Principal at New York City public school, I sincerely thank you for the opportunity to bring you this testimony. I pray no parent will have reason to repeat it.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you so much, Sophia. [coughs] [background comments, pause]

JANE MARTIN LAVEAUX: Good afternoon. My name is Jane Martin Laveaux, and I'm a New York City resident, a parent and New York City public school teacher. As you well know, traffic violence is hardly a new phenomenon. Growing up, I was well aware that my grandfather Benjamin Canter had been struck and killed by a reckless driver when I was a mere infant. I later learned that my great grandfather, Emmet Chelson had also been struck and killed by a reckless driver. That's quite a heavy toll for one family to bear. In addition, I lost a dear friend and father figure when Irwin Meyer, Director of the Kings County American Legion Band, in which I played for a dozen years or so was struck by

2 a vehicle dying two days later at the age of 96. There's no more band. Over the years I've lost my 3 4 grandmother, numerous aunts and uncles, and my parents all of whom I've loved and miss dearly, but none of my family history or personal losses could 6 7 prepare me for the news that I received on the morning of January 5, 2015 when two police officers 8 arrived at my door and informed me that my daughter 9 Lenora Laveaux had been killed in a car crash along 10 with two other people during the night. I don't know 11 12 how many times I repeated the words no, no that is 13 impossible. No, it can't be. No, there must be some 14 mistake. No, not my daughter. No, not my baby. 15 I waited two hours for my husband to come home to 16 share the news with him before I woke up my younger 17 daughter Jumani (sp?) and broke the news to her, and 18 then the nightmare began, a trip to the morgue to identify the body. No one should have to see their 19 20 child in a body bag, meetings with reporters at Lenora's apartment, and at the site of the site of 21 2.2 the crash trying to wrap my brain around how a 23 speeding vehicle had crashed into another car 24 carrying my daughter, the two spinning around and 25 hurtling into parked cars ultimately slamming into an

2	oncoming bus, wondering which of the impacts had
3	caused the death of my child and whether or not it
4	was immediate. Later in the week another
5	identification of my beautiful daughter laid out so
6	peacefully as if sleeping in a casket. The receipt of
7	the death certificate on my birthday. The last two
8	times that I saw Leonora alive were on Christmas wher
9	we shared a meal that we had all shopped for and
10	cooked together in new apartment and on New Year's
11	Eve 2012. The last time I spoke with her was in the
12	afternoon of what would turn out to be the last day
13	of her life. We were discussing withdrawing funds
14	for tuition for the upcoming semester at Brooklyn
15	College. My last words to her were: I love you. Five
16	and a half years later, not a day goes by without one
17	or several reminders that my daughter is gone. We
18	just celebrated what would have been her 30 <sup>th</sup>
19	birthday, but she was not here to join us. Many of
20	her friends turned 30 this year. They've all
21	graduated, and many have married and begun families
22	of their own, but we have to live through the
23	numerous markers each year birthdays, holidays,
24	vacations without her wondering what she would be up
25	if she were still here. We know that drivers who

receive tickets for speeding largely do not repeat
the offense, and we know that in a period of nearly
two weeks no fewer that 132,000 drivers sped past
speed cameras with no penalties. We have a choice:
We can let speeding drivers continue to put all of
our lives at risk and go unpunished for their
recklessness, or we can give them a modest slap on
the wrist. That's what it amounts to, a \$50 fine,
and change the culture of driving in New York City
and beyond. Speed cameras save lives. We must renew
and expand the speed safety camera program to protect
New York City school children and communities so that
no other family has to experience such a devastating
loss as I and so many members of Families for Safe
Streets that suffered. Thank you.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you, Jane and thank you for being there yesterday. [pause]

DEBBIE KAHN: Hi. My name is Debbie

Kahn, and I'm a founding member of Families for Safe

Streets. My only child is dead, and nothing you do

today will ever bring him back to me, but we'll never

know the countless lives that will be saved by having

come up with the solution to reinstate the speed

safety cameras. When my son Seth was killed by a

2 reckless driver, I knew that life as I knew it would never be the same. The driver was speeding through 3 4 the crosswalk while my son was simply walking across 5 the street. There were no speed safety cameras then 6 that would help slow down driver. So, they-that's my 7 sweet, smart, kind, generous, helpful, charismatic, funny, talented child, Seth, became a statistic in 8 the epidemic of traffic violence. We members of 9 Families for Safe Streets know all too well what the 10 epidemic of traffic violence does to families and how 11 12 it rips us apart. Our lives are ruined, destroyed. 13 Our planned futures, hopes and dreams for our 14 children are now turned into nightmares. Just this 15 weekend my husband and I endured yet another family 16 wedding. As the groom's mother danced with her son, 17 I cried along with my husband as those around us 18 smiled, applauded and cheered. We grabbed each other and I couldn't stop crying. We live in our own 19 20 personal hell that hopefully none of you, most of you will never have to suffer. Traffic violence is an 21 2.2 emergency. Someone is killed every 38 hours. 23 minutes someone in New York City is injured. Thousands of these are life altering injuries. 24 25 mother-as a member for FSS Steering Committee, I hear

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horror stories everyday from people seeking help or needing support. Speed cameras work. The data is clear. Speeding is down 63% and fatalities 55% in places where there are cameras. They are helping to change the culture of reckless driving. Overall, New York City fatalities are down 29% and up 15% in the rest of the country. Each number is not just a statistic. Is it about—it is about real human beings that once lived and breathed and meant something someone. Life is sacred. Life is precious. Lives must be protected. On Sunday evening, I posted the very exciting news on our Families for Safe Streets Facebook page and Twitter feed that the life-saving speed safety cameras at New York City schools will operate again starting September 4th. We have so far reached well over 3,200 people with this news story, and the comments and re-postings are far-reaching and very grateful. I, too, wish to thank you for coming up with this brilliant plan to reinstate the speed safety cameras, something that took Herculean effort on so many people's parts. Our purpose now is to fight so that no one else will suffer as we do. urge you-I urge you to pass this bill, but that should not be all. There is no good reason, no good

2 reason at all why should we—we should not be

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3 restricting these life-saving speed cameras to just

4 schools. The lives of our loved ones are at stake

5 and I urge you with all of my heart for all of us to

do whatever it is in your power—in your power to

7 allow speed safety cameras to operate wherever,

whenever they are needed. Thank you very much.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you,

10 Debbie, and we agree with you.

DEBBIE KAHN: Thank you.

RITA BARRAVECCHIO: My name is Rita

Barravecchio, and I am sadly a new member of Families

for Safe Streets. Just two months ago on June 25<sup>th</sup>,

my 17-year-old niece, Maddie Sershen was hit and

killed by a reckless driver in Queens right in front

of an elementary school. My life and my family's

lives were ripped apart. Maddie mom, my sister, had

her heart ripped into thousands of pieces that will

never be able to be put back together again. The

pain, sadness and heartache is still so raw. My

nieces, nephews and my own children have a hole in

their heart that will never be repaired. The tears

are like knives stabbing the heart, and there is

nothing I can say or do to take away the pain. No

mom should have to explain to her 8-year-old son that
he will never see his cousin again. My kids never
had a chance to say good-bye or to huge Maddie one
more time or to tell her how much she means to them.
Maddie will never have the opportunity to get her
license or go to prom, graduate high school, or go to
college. She will never experience dorm life or a
marriage proposal, never experience child birth or
buying her own home. Her life was ended too soon.
Speed cameras save lives. Turning them back on is a
non-brainer. Speeding and fatalities have been
drastically reduced in places where there are cameras
and many fewer people are dying in crashes citywide.
It is a disgrace that the New York State Senate's
petty politics is putting the lives of our children
in danger. I am grateful that that Governor, Mayor
and City Council are stepping in to turn the speed
cameras back on. This measure will save lives and
prevent others from living the terrible nightmare my
family never wake up from.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you, Rita.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: [off mic] You

were going to say something?

I just really 2 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: want to thank you all for-for not just today, but 3 4 for, you know, your tireless advocacy whether it be 5 Rita who most recently suffered this tragic loss or you Mary Beth who have been doing this for 12 years 6 7 and all of you who have been relentlessly advocating so that other families and loved one don't have to 8 suffer in the way that you all have, and I am 9 10 incredibly moved and, um, incredibly moved by the testimony today as I always am. I wish there were 1 11 12 words that I could say that could comfort you all toto make it better. I know that's not possible, but I 13 14 hope that our action today and our trying to do the 15 right thing brings someone comfort that the loss of 16 your loved ones is not in vain, and that we are taking action based off of your heartfelt advocacy to 17 18 stop this from happening to other families. So, we will keep fighting. We know that this is not the end 19 20 of the process. We know that this isn't a fix all. Um, and I just extraordinarily grateful, um, because 21 2.2 I really believe that without your advocacy and 23 telling your own personal stories of deep pain, I'm not sure we would have gotten to where we are today, 24 25 and so you all should consider this a very

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significant step forward that is based off of all the work that you all have done, and the families who can't be here today, but who you're representing, and I'm really sorry to each and every one of you for the heartbreak that you've had to endure.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Speaker and with that again thank you. My wife friend and the Rosa family they used to work to work together in the same school, George Washington High School, and knowing that you have dedicated in the past many hours dedicated to work with students with specialized-specialized need, and everyone here. Like I-we are here not as a politician. Like I can tell you that as a father of two daughters 5 and 11, it's like about, you know, being so connected and knowing that there's nothing that we can do to bring them back, and it's not only these members of this panel, but all of you sitting here, too, that are holding the thought of those beautiful smart, you know, great New Yorkers that we have lost so fast. So, all we can say we've been here in the same journey. Those of us that had no loss of loved one, we would never be able to understand all the pain that you're going through, and I know that you have

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- 2 dedicated, you know, the loss of the loved one is to fight for justice. New York City and the whole 3 4 nation will really-will always appreciate it, and we 5 just come here to say thank you for this. 6 Unfortunately, we know that this is not the end of 7 this journey because with that number that one person will die every 3-36 hours. There is going to be new 8 members of Families for Safer Streets that 9 unfortunately will be joining us in the next couple 10 of hours. So, that's brand new, that's exciting about 11 12 here we are with great partners to say we are dedicated to continue fighting with you. So, with 13 14 that, thank you. Now, I'm calling the next panel 15 represented by the Department of Transportation and 16 the NYPD to deliver their testimony, and I also ask 17 the counsel to please administer the affirmation, and before that, I'd like also to acknowledge the Council 18 Members that have been here, or are here Council 19 Member Miller, Espinal, Rosenthal and Reynoso. 20 21 [pause]
  - LEGAL COUNSEL: Please raise your right hand. [background comments, pause] Please raise your right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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2	testimony	before	this	commi	ttee,	and	in	respond
3	honestly t	to Counc	cil Me	ember	questi	ons?	P	[pause]

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: You may begin.

5 COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Good

6 afternoon. Thank you, Speaker Johnson, Chairman

7 Rodriguez and members of the Transportation

8 Committee. I'm Polly Trottenberg, Commissioner of

9 | the New York City Department of Transportation. With

10 me today is Director of Traffic Operations Policy,

11 | Juan Martinez, and we're joined by NYPD

12 | Transportation Chief Thomas Chan and Inspector Dennis

13 | Fulton. We are very pleased to be here today on

14 | behalf of Mayor Bill de Blasio to testify in strong

15 | support of the Preconsidered Introduction regarding

16 school speed cameras before you today. This

17 | legislation will allow us to reactivate our life-

18 saving school speed cameras in time for the start of

19 | the school year in the wake of the failure of the New

20 York State Senate to reauthorize and expand the

21 program. I want to start by first thanking all of

22  $\parallel$  you who fought on behalf of this program. The City

23 | Council particularly Speaker Johnson and Chairman

24 Rodriguez, the Governor, our allies in the State

Legislature and a large coalition of advocates led by

2 those who have lost loved ones to terrible crashes. Today, we heard from all of them: Mary Beth, Lizzy, 3 Sophia, Jane, Debbie, Rita. Your testimony was so 4 powerful to all of us, and obviously, I want to join 5 in thanking you all for being here. I think the 6 7 Speaker said something very eloquent: Perhaps today some angels are looking down on us as we...as we 8 undertake this work. I want to thank the Council for 9 holding this important emergency hearing, and for 10 working as quickly as possible with the 11 12 Administration and the Governor to ensure that Speed 13 Camera Program is operating again by the start of the 14 school year. The Mayor stands ready to issue a 15 message of necessity to ensure the Council can act in 16 an timely manner on the legislation being considered 17 today, and if passed, the Mayor will sign the 18 legislation allowing to once again issue speed cameras violations to any driver exceeding the speed 19 20 limit by more that 10 miles an hour in a school zone while the school is in session. At DOT we stand 21 2.2 ready to reactivate our existing cameras on September 23 5<sup>th</sup> the first day of school. As you've heard me testify multiple times and as Margaret Forgione, 24 DOT's Chief Operations Officer testified earlier this 25

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2 month along with Chief Chan and our colleagues we know these speed cameras work. Speeding is the 3 leading cause of fatalities and speed cameras area fundamental part of our Vision Zero toolkit for 5 reducing deaths and serious injuries on New York City 6 streets. At a time when traffic fatalities have risen 15% nationwide over the last four years, as 8 you've heard from some of our eloquent witnesses 9 today, New York City is bucking that trend with 10 Vision Zero bringing fatalities down to about 26% 11 12 over that same period, and this year we're on track to see fatalities decline yet again, and as we all 13 14 know, these are not just numbers. As Debbie said in 15 her powerful testimony, these are not just 16 statistics, these are our families, our friends, our co-workers, our neighbors and our fellow New Yorkers. 17 18 New York City Speed Camera Program was first established as a pilot by New York State in 2013. 19 20 The goal was to determine whether the program would be effective, and whether the city could run the 21 2.2 program fairly. At this point, five years later, the 23 results are clear and unequivocal. Speed cameras provide predictable and consistent enforcement of the 24 speed limit, which encourages drivers to maintain a 25

saler speed, and that in turn reduces trashes—					
crashes, injuries and deaths. And as we testified					
earlier this month, the city administers the program					
in a data drive and fair manner always with an					
emphasis on safety. Our data showed that schools					
with fixed cameras, as you've heard today, speeding					
violations dropped by 63%. DOT analysis shows that					
through December 2016, there were 17% fewer					
pedestrians, motorist and cyclists injures—inured in					
traffic crashes each year at schools with fixed					
cameras, and 21% fewer fatal and severe injuries					
annually. As DOT testified previously, major streets					
with speed cameras in every borough saw dramatic					
safety improvements since the cameras' arrival. From					
the day-from the date cameras were installed on a					
given corridor through the most recent data, we've					
observed the following:					

On Ocean Parkway: Speeding declined 63% and 32% fewer people were injured. The Grand Concourse: Speeding declined 83% and 22% fewer injuries. Union Turnpike: Speeding declined 80% and 43% fewer injuries. Tenth Avenue in Manhattan: Speeding declined 83%, 26% fewer injuries. Forest Ave in Staten Island: Speeding declined 27%, 35%

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2 fewer injuries, and speed cameras do have a lasting effect on driver behavior, as you've heard today. 3 During the two-year period between the start of the program in 2014 and 2016, just over 80% of the vehicles that received one violation from a speed 6 camera did not receive another. That means drivers got the message and were deterred from future 8 speeding by one \$50 ticket, but already since we've 9 stopped being able to issue violations at 120 our 140 10 school locations, we've seen over 330 instances of 11 12 vehicles speeding at least 11 miles an hour more over 13 the speed limit in a school zone at the time of day 14 when schools will be open in the fall. As a city, 15 it's our responsibility to do all we can using a data 16 driven approach and every tool at our disposal to 17 save lives and achieve the Vision Zero goal of 18 eliminating traffic fatalities and serious injuries so that we don't have, as you've heard today, more 19 20 people having to join Families for Safe Streets being part of that-that painful partnership. Faced with 21 2.2 Senate inaction, this new proposed law and the 23 actions this Administration will take to carry it out live up to that responsibility by ensuring that 24 predictable and consistent enforcement provided by 25

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speed cameras will continue to save lives. On behalf of the de Blasio Administration, I would again like to thank the City Council and the Speaker for their leadership and partnership, and we're happy to take your questions.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Thank you,

Commissioner for your partnership, and for everything
you've done to get us to this point. Your team has
worked overtime with the great lawyers here at the

Council, Kelly Taylor and Rob Newman to get us to
this point today before school starts. I do have
some questions for you. If the bill—if this bill is
enacted, will the speed cameras be up and running by
our goal of September 5<sup>th</sup>, which is the first day of
school?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Yes.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: And how does the city plan to partner with the Department of Motor Vehicles to continue to collect information on vehicles that are caught speeding under the same memorandum of understanding that exists between the NYPD an DMV?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Yes, I mean the—the NYPD and Department of Motor Vehicles have a

- 2 | longstanding arrangement, and—and as you know, Mr.
- 3 Speaker, obviously you were able with the Governor to
- 4 announce a deal through the Governor's Executive
- 5 Order that we will continue that strong partnership,
- 6 and obviously having the state as part of what we're
- 7 doing here today will be very helpful.
- 8 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: What steps do you
- 9 | believe city can take to expand the Speed Camera
- 10 Program so that additional cameras can be placed hear
- 11 schools?

- 12 COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Well, I think
- 13 | the-the Mayor last night was on Inside City Hall, and
- 14 he committed to-once the city gets the existing
- 15 program back up and running for the first day of
- 16 school September 5th. He then committed to take the
- 17 | next step, which is to expand the program to 290
- 18 cameras, which is what was authorized in the bill
- 19 | that passed the State Assembly three times, and that
- 20 the Governor supports. So, that's the next phase we
- 21 | will be looking at. We will start the process of
- 22 procuring those cameras and—and considering their
- 23 placement.

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SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, you—you still believe it is still better for the State to take some action here?

think—I think you know a lot of the folks involve in this deal have said in the end, you know, state action it—it can streamline and clarify the enforcement piece, but I also think we feel very, very grateful that the Council is acting today. We think the legislation you all are looking to pass is robust. It's going to enable us to continue to run the program, and as you pointe out, Mr. Speaker, to expand it.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So I agree with you. Um, you know, I—I am really grateful that we're doing this today, and I feel like we're on solid ground when it comes to our authority to do so because of the Governor's executive order facilitating the continued data sharing with the Department of Motor Vehicles so that the Department of Transportation and the New York City Police Department can continue to run the existing program, but I also feel confident that we have the authority and ability to expand the program when it comes to

hours or operation and additional cameras. Though I
said this, and I think it's important to repeat it in
my opening statement, we did put a sunset provision
in this bill, and the reason why was it—it would be
better if the state took action. It would be better.
It would be easier. It would be cleaner if they took
action, but in the absence of them doing that, we
needed to come up with a creative approach to get
these cameras turned back on, to expand the program
in a responsible way as we think should happen, but
nothing really fills the void of the state coming up
with a fully robust expanded, strengthened Speed
Camera Program, and so I look forward to continuing
to advocate with you, of you—as you have done since
this what was called the demonstration project began
a few years ago, I look forward to continue to do
that with you. Will the information shared by the
Department of Motor Vehicles include vehicles
registered outside of New York State?
COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I believe it

will but I-I might turn to my NYPD colleagues to talk a bit about some of the issues with out-of-state information.

JUAN MARTINEZ: Yeah, actually-

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2 COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG:	Well,
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3 actually, I'll turn to my colleague Juan Martinez.

JUAN MARTINEZ: Yes, um, that's—that's not going to be a problem.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: And what steps can the city take in addition to speed cameras to ensure that pedestrian safety is paramount specifically around schools.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I-oh, go ahead.

CHIEF CHAN: We testified the last time her that we had a contingency plan. That has not changed. We are going to still nevertheless implement and utilize our Traffic Safety Teams to target speeding enforcement in and around schools, and other hazardous violations. I went—I went through a series of initiatives we'll be doing—we'll be conducting, and we have a Speed Enforcement Initiative scheduled for the first week and the second week of this—of—of our school year, utilizing our neighborhood policing officers, our sector officers and community affairs officers, we will be—kind of having an additional presence at the schools itself. Our School Safety Officers, who are

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civilians, that are assigned in our public schools, there are 1.1 million students there. We will have our officers, and we've involved them in meetings and we've been meeting throughout the summer on this particular issue of traffic safety and also the cameras itself. So, again, they visit over 200 schools, the Uniformed Safety Task Force from the School Safety Division. Those are police officers. We will be visiting over 200 schools each week there at the start of the school. In conjunction our Traffic Enforcement District traffic agents will be targeting parking violations, hazardous violations, parking in crosswalks violations where it will cause pedestrians more difficulty in terms of crossing. They'll be issuing summonses out there for that particular violation. We have reached out to our Department of Education Partner, and again, they will be getting this information, guidance to our parents and recommendations for people who are pedestrians, children to use additional care when they're crossing. Don't assume that you're going to be seen. Use the crosswalks. Avoid crossing midblock and ultimately stay away from cell phones and texting while they're crossing our streets. Again, since

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the, um, expiration of the Camera Program on July 25<sup>th</sup>, we've increased our enforcement, and we're up 22% higher in that last 30 days that we compared to since the expiration of the Camera Program. So, I would venture to say we are going to set the tone for the school year. We are going to be out there along with our officers, our school crossing guards, our school safety and as a team and working with our Department of Transportation to make sure that our kids, our most precious gifts have a safe school year.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: I want to thank you Chief Chan, of course, for all the work that you do in your department at the NYPD. I know that in the last hearing that we had a few weeks ago where we heard a few bills related to this very subject, there were Council Members that had questions for the NYPD related to traffic enforcement officers that were stationed by schools, related to crossing guards that were stationed by schools and to understand if I believe the number that you cited in that hearing was that are 3,200 traffic enforcement agents, but that includes people who are ticketing, going around as well. I would love, of course, specific information

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on the number of traffic enforcement agents that are stationed by schools to understand out of that large number what percentage every single day are being put forth—put near schools for children's safety?

CHIEF CHAN: Again, without traffic enforcement agents, they're deployed throughout the city, they are doing summonses enforcement, traffic They're doing construction compliance, tow trucks, and—and we have other areas that they take a look at. It's 24/7 that we provide coverage out there, and again, it's not only our traffic enforcement agents, as we mentioned, it's going to be a team effort whether it be school cross guards. Currently, last semester we did have some traffic enforcement agents, who were backfill the school crossing guards, but ultimately the department has hired additional personnel for these school crossing guard positions. So, it's a group effort in terms of dealing with the safety of our children, and we're looking to work closely with our partners in DOE and also DOT.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Every needed crossing guard position that needs to be filled

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across the city on all of the schools both public and non-public schools, are those positions filled?

is assessing as the year students start coming back so does the school crossing guards, and we have to anticipate that some of them may retire. They may not return for the school year. So, again, we are currently assessing it, and we can get back to you with specific numbers as we get closer.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Well, Chief, that assessment should happen before school starts. We should have that information before the first day of school.

CHIEF CHAN: Yes.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: We want to know, and we should be spending the summer filling positions if we think there is going to be attrition or retirements so that we are fully aware. If the Council could swear Oleg in.

LEGAL COUNSEL: Please raise your right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee, and in answer to all Council Member questions?

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OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: I do.

3 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: OLEG.

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Yes, Mr. Speaker. what-it's-as-as you know, we-we speak about this usually during the budget hearings and the challenges involved both hiring and retaining school crossing quards depending on the areas of the city we're talking about. What we've done is expand the School Crossing Guard Program that we now have in addition to the school crossing guards that we hire for particular school. We also have a pool of crossing quards that we hire that can be deployed as needed based on crossing guards calling out sick, based on somebody not returning after a school year, retiring. So, we do have that. We've also hired school crossing guard supervisors and provided them with vehicles that they can deploy these crossing guards to fill gaps where they exist. On top of that, what we've also done is where we don't have crossing quards for a particular area, we augment them and supplement it by using whether it's traffic enforcement agents. Sometimes we use auxiliary officers to control traffic, but the goal is and what we've I think got a lot better at over time is

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	COMMITTEE ON TRANSFORMATION 47
2	filling all of the needed slots whether it be with
3	crossings guards and which is the number one goal is
4	to fill all the spots, but again, there are inherent
5	challenges in some areas of the city. But, we have
6	plans to backfill and make sure that those slots are
7	being filled whether by crossing guards or some other
8	resources within the department.
9	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: How many current
10	crossing guards do we have right now?

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: 2,563.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: And what is the projected? 2,563, you said?

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Yeah, that's—yes, that's the number I'm getting and the goal is 2,638.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, we're a little less than 100 away from what we--

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: [interposing] Correct and about this.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: --what we use.

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: As I said, we use the additional resources that we have whether it's officers, traffic enforcement agents auxiliary officers to backfill those spots to make sure that we're not leaving any gaps in coverage.

	COMMITTEE ON TRANSFORTATION 40
2	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, I just want
3	to be clear before the first day of school, which is
4	a week from tomorrow, we are going to ensure that the
5	schools that don't have the necessary crossing guards
6	that every single one of those schools will have a
7	traffic enforcement agents or agents plus potentially
8	auxiliary police officers or officers from the local
9	command, the local precinct to ensure that during
10	arrival hours and dismissal hours that those schools
11	will be covered with appropriate city personnel to
12	ensure the safety of children coming to and leaving
13	school?
14	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Yes, sir.
15	SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, we're going
16	to make sure there's a plan in-Okay.

to make sure there's a plan in-Okay.

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Yes.

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SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: On it. Okay. So out of the 3,200 traffic enforcement agents, Chief Chan, that you had mentioned, how many on a regular basis are stationed and patrolled near schools?

CHIEF CHAN: Our traffic enforcement agents are deployed again based on volume locations. For an example, commercial traffic linked tunnels and things of that nature. The traffic safety the

2 majority of the time is—is—is covered by our school

3 crossing guards, and things of that nature. Our

4 traffic enforcement agents aren't necessarily

5 deployed based on the school programs and the

6 locations.

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SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: So, that's-that's

8 what I thought--

CHIEF CHAN: Uh-hm.

SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: -- and I think that we need to rethink that, and if you need additional resources from the city to hire additional traffic enforcement agents for there to be a certain subset of those traffic enforcement agents to be trained, and to just be deployed near schools where the Department of Transportation and the NYPD have seen an increase in injuries, fatalities, speeding incidents, based off of the data that we're receiving that we provide that because what it sounds like you were saying the 3,200 move around and are deployed as traffic is assessed whether it bet at the Lincoln Tunnel or the Holland Tunnel or other hot spots where there is congestion and traffic in the city. But what I'm saying, and what I think other Council Members have advocated in the past is that we want a full sum

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program. We want a program that includes cameras at every school, crossing guards at every school, traffic enforcement agents that can be deployed as necessary in the schools that need it, speed bumps, other Vision Zero tools that we think work whether it be shorter crossings near schools, protected bike lanes, things of that nature. So that we have a program that is really round and filled out. So, I would love to have a conversation with you about understanding what your personnel needs would be for us to seek to do that with each other in the coming year.

CHIEF CHAN: Sure and it's a continuing process, and the Police Department has streamlined the—the—the hiring process for our school crossing, or traffic enforcement agents and also the recent—the apps—the number applicants have increased, but again, it's a—it's a constant thing where we're—we have over 3,000 agents, but we also have a fairly hit attrition where we lose almost 10%, 300 agents a year. So, we're constantly battling, but certainly we have plans to move ahead, streamline to get more agents on board.

2 SPEAKER COREY JOHNSON: Well, one-I 3 believe the endemic issues that has related traffic enforcement agents is they haven't seen a substantial 4 5 increase in pay, which has been an issue, and the 6 vast majority of these folks are people of color. 7 lot of them are women of color, and we, of course, as a-as a body in the past have advocated for employees 8 to be paid a fair wage so that we don't have 9 significant attrition and loss. So that's another 10 conversation that we'd be happy to have with you so 11 12 that we can have better retention rates. I want to add one other thing, which is I believe, though, 13 again I'm sure Families for Safe Streets or 14 15 Commissioner Trottenberg or you Chief Chan, may have 16 the answer to this. I think that the significant 17 number of the serious injuries and fatalities that 18 occur, occur outside of normal school hours. occur outside of the window of arrival and dismissal. 19 20 They occur in the evening when the sun is going down, and so one thing that I think we need to thin about 21 2.2 moving forward is to not be inflexible and rigid with 23 the hours of crossing guards, traffic enforcement agents, auxiliary officers, and other folks, but to 24 25 think about how we can potentially stagger and ensure

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that if there is a school that on a regular basis has a-has a large after school program that has hundreds of students that are participating in it who are going to be leaving school two hours late than the normal dismissal time, those students still deserve a crossing a guard or a traffic enforcement agents or someone of uniformed personnel to be there to ensure that those children are safe as well when they're leaving school. So, that's another conversation that I want to continue to have, and I'm sure that would need to include the Department of Education on examining which schools could fit a certain criteria, which would receive an expansion of coverage from city personnel. So I would-I would like to have that conversation as well. So, thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

Speaker. I have a few questions, two or three questions and then I will be calling my...calling on my colleagues. The first one is I hope that with this executive order and the partnership of working together from Speaker Johnson and all of us at the Council and Mayor de Blasio, and the Governor, we will be starting a more aggressive plan to get the

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state to allow New York City to permanently regulate all matters related to a speed camera. Will you agree that that should be our goal, and how do you think that this bill can advance in that direction?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I mean, Mr. Chairman, I think I certainly know the Mayor and I have both long said we think the city should have more control over its ability to use speed cameras and-and keep its street safe for sure. I think today obviously the-the Council and the Administration areare taking a very important step obviously deciding to pass a local law and start to give ourselves more ability to run the program. I did also hear from the Council Speaker, though, there is also a continued desire to work with the state. So, I-I think I'd defer to all the policy makers about what that right balance is, but I certainly think today again this is I think an important and inspiring day for the city to take control of a program that I think most everyone in this room agrees has-has saved lives and we couldn't bear the thought of it not being open and operational for the first day of school in New York City.

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: And my second question is how have speed cameras been helpful to use as a tool to fight against hit and run?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I mean the-I

think speed cameras it's-it's quite simple, you know have spent now 4-1/2 years working on the Vision Zero program and—and having really gotten in very deeply on the causes of crashes and looking at what causes injuries and fatalities and crashes on our roadways. There's so many different factors, but the number one overriding factor in such a vast majority of the crashes is speed, and I've said it before. New York City streets can be distracting, things can go wrong, but if you are driving at safe speed, you have more reaction time. You are more able to react quickly if a child or whatever or something pops out onto the road or you become inattentive. Likewise, if you're going at a safer speed, and there is a collision, it is less likely to result in a fatality or a seriousand it broke my heart. I don't remember who said this, but someone took a turn going 35 miles an hour. In New York City you should take a turn going 5 miles an hour. That's the safe speed to take a turn in this city. So, the thought that someone would be

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going at that kind of a speed. If they had just driven at a safe speed regardless of some kind of a conflict that happened, the results would not have been so tragic. So for us the cameras quite clearly create a tempo on the streets, which encourages all vehicles to slow down, and we think it has sort of the hail effect that goes beyond the immediate school zones. We like to think that it is also—again, we're seeing it in the—in the numbers for the city that even driers that aren't good drivers, hit and runs, people who are reckless, calming all our streets down had had the effect of dramatically reducing fatalities.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: But Chief Chan, has the speed camera also being used the—you said a tool that we can use with the images that it's able to capture those vehicles? Have we—can we say that the speed camera also provides tools or images that allow the NYPD to investigate especially the unit that do investigations to identify some of those drivers that they have leave the scene after they hit and crash an individual.

CHIEF CHAN: I would---I would agree 100% with Commissioner Trottenberg that is an effective

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tool that speed is a major, major factor in terms of a—a collision and the amount of injury or causing fatalities out there. Barring a speed camera being in close proximity to a location where we may have had a—a CIS job or where the investigators are looking for any additional video tape or cameras or things and things of that nature, I would say that it would be a useful tool if we need that to investigate

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Okay, when you—
when you look at the data that's hit and run, have we
seen an increase or decrease by this time compared to
last year?

a possibility of leaving the scene collision.

 $\label{eq:commissioner} \mbox{COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG:} \quad \mbox{The data on } \\ \mbox{hit and runs?}$ 

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Hit and runs

CHIEF CHAN: The information we looked at

it's slightly les than what it was last year overall.

The number of injuries involving leaving the scene

has increased slightly. I don't have the exact

number, but I believe it is up a small percentage,

but overall where CIS where it was a collision the

Investigation Squad is in investigation, those

numbers are down for the year.

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Okay and that's a number that as you know all of us are committed to reduce--

CHIEF CHAN:

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ:

CHIEF CHAN:

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ:

CHIEF CHAN: [interposing] Yes.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: -- the amount of people being injured because unless the number has changed from the like 44,046 that we had last year, like most of them there are damages, but there's like 4,000 that end with the individual being sent in critical condition to the hospital, and the average of probably one person dying every wee as a result of the-of the hit and run. So the fact that there has been, you know, some increase of people being injured, is something that I know that we care, and I know that this is something that also you care for as well. And-and my last question just so before-before calling my other colleagues is what steps can the city take in addition to a speed camera to ensure pedestrian safety especially for clear around the schools and I-for me the two specific ones is about

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increase of the number of stop signs and second, redesigning the streets around the school. Is there a plan already to continue, you know, making changes and redesigning a school around the school that make those school safer as also increasing the number of stop signs?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Absolutely. mean DOT runs a school safety program and—and one thing that I have always said throughout this debate on speed cameras because sometimes the question has come up well, why do we need the cameras? Why don't we just do these other things? And we've always said we have an all-of-the above strategy here in New York City. If we want to reduce fatalities and serious injuries to zero, we don't need any proven approach off the table. You know, we again try and be very data drive, and looking at every intersection, every corridor. As you know, we've mapped out for the whole city where the highest crash areas are. have-I-I have to say right now I particularly feel confidence in one of the world's most remarkable team of engineers and planners who, as you know, have done hundreds of projects on our streets, street redesigns, putting in signs, putting in signals,

speed numps, recimings, I mean I chink we have threa
to do it all every year, and so far almost every year
thanks to the resources we've gotten from the Council
and the Mayor, we've been able to increase our
activities on the street. So, I think the results
have shown we have driver fatalities down now four-
four years in a row. You know, if all goes well
fatalities are down quite a bit this year, at this
time this year as compared to last year. So, we-we
leave nothing on the table, and we do a lot of
aggressive work around schools, but we-we make sure
we're looking at the data, and putting in what we
think makes the most sense from a planning and
engineering point of view. Sometimes it's stop
signs. Sometimes signals, sometimes speed humps,
sometimes redesigning a whole intersection.
Sometimes banning left turns, narrowing a street,
putting in bike lanes. We have issued now, Mr.
Chairman, a whole toolkit of approaches.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Oaky, I think that probably that—that could be like a good hearing to add, and if we can work it out with your team to probably do something in the beginning of September

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go over the School Safety Plan-Program that you have

So that we can--

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: [interposing]
Sure.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: --get, you know, continue having more conversation. So, with that, [off mic] I would like call my colleagues. First, Council Member Levine and Carlos.(sic)

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I know that he had leave, but I want to thank Speaker Johnson for acting decisively together with the Administration and the Governor to head off this crisis in the face of really a-a shameful dereliction of duty by the Republicans in the State Senate, and I think we should force very Republican State Senator to watch the video of the testimony of the-the brave and eloquent-eloquent parents of Families for Safe It's so powerful. It's undeniable lives Streets. are at stake and-and I'm glad that we're acting. Um, Commissioner, we have four work day between now and the first day of school. Can you explain how much logistically there is to do to get these cameras actactivated between now and next Tuesday?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Right. It's-
it's a good question, and—and again, fortunately we
never—as I think a lot of you know we never shut them
off. We just ceased issuing violations. So, the
cameras are still in place. We await obviously the-
the—the Council to take your action, and then once
the Mayor signs the law, we are already preparing.
We're going to have to basically change some of the
verbiage in the notices we send out, because it will
be referring to the Local Law as oppose to the state
law, but—the infrastructure is all in place. Our
staff is still ready to go. So, we're confident we
will be up and running on September 5 <sup>th</sup> and—and be
able to start issuing violations.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: That's great to hear. You've cited just a stunning statistic of 330,000 instances of speeding of 11 miles or more above the speed limit. During—just during this period where the cameras were inactive so over a 2-month period, a third of a million. I mean it's a terrifying number. I presume and—and maybe you have some comparative data to the past years to back us up that part of this was an effect of—of drivers seeing

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in the news that the cameras were off, and therefore, being more careless and speeding around school zones.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I-I mean I-I have a feeling that may be part of what we're seeing. I want to be careful not to overstate because, you know, if-I don't know what's in the hearts and the minds of all the drivers. I can tell you this much, though, and I have my colleague Juan jump in, we do see in other jurisdictions where speed cameras have gone away for various reasons. Speeding continues to go up. So, the effect does take place over time. Unfortunately, that thing, which was previously a deterrent--again a 4. I-I mean I-I have a feeling that may be part of what we're seeing. I want to be careful not to overstate because, you know, if-I don't know what's in the hearts and the minds of all the drivers. I can tell you this much, though, and I have my colleague Juan jump in, we do see in other jurisdictions where speed cameras have gone away for various reasons. Speeding continues to go up. the effect does take place over time. Unfortunately, that thing, which was previously a deterrent again a \$50 ticket, which doesn't, you know, in the grand scheme of things no one likes to get it, but it has

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an incredibly powerful effect. Juan, do you want to just add anything to this.

JUAN MARTINEZ: That's it.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Okay, I made his point for him.

JUAN MARTINEZ: You did.

is about deterrence, and so we're accomplishing nothing if all that happens is people speed and get tickets. We need them to not speed, and so I-I hope that we can communicate to the public between now and Tuesday that if you thought—if—if you were mistaken and thought that you had a free ride and like that's over. We need everyone now to be extra vigilant.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: We will—

Council Member, we will absolutely be communicating that and again I think obviously the announcing of what I think again is a very important agreement with the Council, the Mayor and the Governor I think it's already luckily gotten a lot of coverage and—and believe me I think the—the Administration and we will be doing everything on our part to make sure that we are getting the word out that New Yorkers will know

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when school is back in session, and the cameras are back on and we need you to drive at a safe speed?

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: A point that you've made a number of times, but it's just so important it has to be reported, is this is not about the money. People who say this is a grab for money by the city success in this program would be if we got zero dollars of revenue, right. This is purely about safety and that just-it can't be repeated enough and-and I know you know that, um, but I do for the benefit of the public record feel the need to make sure New Yorkers understand that all we want is people to obey the law and to keep our kids safe. will observe that unless kids live across the street from their school buildings, they're going to be crossing other streets where they could at risk, and that certainly argues for expanding this program beyond the 140 cameras. You're forgetting about keeping adults safe, which we also care about, but just thinking about the-the patterns of kids who walk to schools and may walk many blocks and cross many streets. So, I think you said this before, but am I right that you and the Administration also believe

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2 that we should expand this program beyond the 140
3 cameras that we have?

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: [interposing] Absolutely. The Mayor-I've committed last night on New York One publicly that we will be gearing up to take the next step, which is to expand the program once the 140 are back on and operational, ultimately at least to start with the 290 [coughs[ excuse me, which was the number authorized in the Assembly Bill, which passed the Assembly three times and was supported by the Governor, and I think it will be an ongoing discussion about where we go from there, but we're certainly committed, you know, in the short run to taking that [bell] immediate step. You-you are absolutely correct. We think we need to cover more of the city, and I want to thank you for making the point. I have said it and I will say it again, we do see that speeding goes down when a camera is in place. We see violations go down. We see revenue That's what we want. If the city collected zero dollars, and everybody were driving a safe speed, we would declare a victory.

COUNCIL MEMBER LEVINE: Thank you, Commissioner. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

2 CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

3 Council Member Deutsch followed by Council Member 4 Richards.

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COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you. Thank you, Chair. So-so I'll-I just want to say that I want to touch upon a little bit what the Speaker has mentioned before earlier. So, speed-speed cameras are definitely or certainly proven to reduce the number of speeders and to reduce the amount of fatalities, but we also must reduce and eliminate any tragedy from-from happening at all our schools not only where there's a speed camera. In addition, we cannot only rely on technology. We need to use any revenue that the city receives from these speed-from the speed cameras to be reinvested in keeping our children safe. Um, that being said, I just want to bring up again three points. When it comes to bussing to all our school children from K through 6th grade not all the children are eligible for bussing, which then cause parents to either drive or walk their children to school. And, therefore, we need to eliminate the pedestrian and the vehicle traffic round schools by expanding busing for all elementary school children, I have a bill in the City Council

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that's being drafted for just that reason. Secondly, school crossing guards many of our schools across the city don't have school crossing quards. addition, to those that do have, don't have those school crossing guards to fill the gap that if a school crossing quard is out sick on maternity or paternity leave or on vacation. So, we need to make sure as a city that all our schools have a school crossing guard, and this way we know that the children can cross the streets going and coming from school. Thirdly. I want to just touch upon the traffic control officers that we should have at least a pilot program that again should be reinvested by any revenue that comes in from the speed cameras to pay for traffic control officers, and at least to have a pilot program because it might be very costly at locations at those schools within 100 feet to-and those areas that have a high traffic accident-prone locations, and also in addition to keep traffic flowing smoothly around those areas near or around the schools. So, I think that putting these extras layer-layers of protection in addition to speed cameras sends a very strong message that we as a city and we as a state will protect all our school

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children. Currently you have 140 speed cameras. So many schools don't even have that protection of technology, but again having a whole package of protection in areas in and around schools that will make sure that we have zero fatalities. And listening to the testimony today was really a tearjerker and I will as the Council if they can take that video clip of the testimony that we have heard today and send it to all members and send it out. This way we could send it out on our social media because many people believe that the speed cameras is a way to take money from motorist and from people who live in New York City. We need to send a message out that children have died. Loved ones have died because of speeders. We need to get the message out to everyone. So, in order for me to-to be totally happy about what we are doing as a city as a whole, I'd just like once again to touch upon what the Speaker said is to put this whole package together of making sure that we have those extra layers to show our residents in our city that we are truly serious about having any fatalities around our schools, and we need to protect our school 100% no 99%. So, thank you. [bell]

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2 CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

3 Council Member Richards followed by Council Member 4 Miller.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Thank you, Chair and I want to congratulate everyone who's made this day happen, but especially to the advocates and to those who've lost their loved ones unfortunately to the traffic incidents. I'll start with this and I-I wanted to acknowledge Ms. Lizzy Rahman. Youryour testimony was very powerful. In your testimony you said his voice is stopped forever, but I want you to know his voice is not stopped forever. You know the work that you've done-I think she might have left-but the work that you do and that all of you do day in and day out keeps the voices of your loved ones alive, and I wanted to acknowledge that. It's really shameful and mind-boggling that our colleagues in the Republican Party and the State Senate would hold something like this up, you know, public safety for children, and this is politics I would imagine at its worst. This is why people are so cynical when it comes to politics and it's-it's shameful and they should not just watch the video. They should be required to meet with each and every one of you and

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look you in the eye and tell you why they are on vacation, and can't go back up to Albany to do the people's business. I have a few questions. This is for DOT and the NYPD. So, I'm interested in hearing a little bit more on what coordination is going to look like now that there's going to be an expansion of the CAMBA Program, how do you prioritize areas, and I'm interested in hearing a little bit more of how coordination is going to look like for problematic areas, and how those areas are prioritized?

kick it off and then-and then turn it over to Chief
Chan. I—I mean we're going to continue the practice
that we have used for the current speed camera
program, and—and one that I—I think we have tried to
take a lot of pains with, and brought a lot of deep
analysis looking at crash data, looking at injury and
fatality data, looking at roadway geometry, really
trying to make sure we're placing the camera in place
where we—we think they're going to do the most good,
and where I think we've—we've been pleased to see
such great reductions in speeding. Our program
consists of cameras at 100 fixed locations and then

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40 mobile cameras that go to school zones all over the city. I think for the next phase of camera installations we've gotten a lot of data from these mobile cameras, and it's enabled us to sort of survey hundreds of school sites, and I think from that help us pinpoint, you know, the next set of schools. That's going to be another 150 sites, pinpoint the next step the makes the most sense to go in and install those cameras. Now we—we obviously are always in consultation with our partners at NYPD because in addition to the data we get, they have their own data, their own experience from their own precincts.

and I don't want to take anything away from the work you're doing, but there seems to be a lack of true coordination when it comes to crash data. So, I don't want to hold because I have two more questions, but I'm interesting in hearing what that coordination is really going to look like when it comes to data sharing and really prioritizing the areas in a way that makes sense. Also, you know, I guess I would add to that how do we know where you surveyed? Is that data listed on a website? How would I know that

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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- 2 you surveyed schools in my district? Is that
  3 information publicly accessible?
- 4 COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I don't know.
- 5 Maybe Juan wants to talk about that a little bit.
  - JUAN MARTINEZ: Yeah. In general, because we've had such as limited number of cameras in the past and we don't want people to speed where they know a camera is not. We've held information about where camera enforcement is active.
  - COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Not just cameras, but in terms of any studies, traffic device studies.
  - JUAN MARTINEZ: [interposing] Oh, well, the-
  - COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: So, let's not limit it to that?

JUAN MARTINEZ: --let me-let me start by the Pedestrian Priority Plans, which are a joint project between NYPD and DOT. Because that's really the foundation that we build on when we are looking to figure out where we're going to do our work, right? And so, we-we-we get together. We compile all the crash data, and we analyze it and we try to

arrangement?

2 CHIEF CHAN: We've-we've had a-a great 3 partnership the Department of Transportation. statisticians they talk on a daily basis. If we have 4 a particular incident we share the information 5 immediately. We have the locations, the 100 6 7 stationary locations where the cameras are currently set up, and then DOT has also identified locations 8 where there are high violations on cameras whether 9 they're mobile and we were given that information. 10 We've shared that information with our local 11 12 precincts. The individual precincts themselves do an analysis on their collisions based on vehicle and 13 14 vehicle-vehicle and persons and persons and bicycles 15 and things of that nature---16

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay.

CHIEF CHAN: -- and they comprise a plan that will then target enforcement in those particular locations.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Okay and the, um, the last question I have. So, I-this is a great step forward, and I think the cameras will still be centered just around school zones, correct?

JUAN MARTINEZ: Correct.

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## 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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Uh-hm.

_	COINTITIES ON TRANSPORTITION
2	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Why didn't we-
3	did we raise the—the probability of looking outside
4	of school zones and was there reluctance to doing
5	that in this conversation or did we strictly just
6	want to focus
7	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: [interposing]
8	I mean I—
9	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS:on the schools
10	but I-I would have deemed it an opportunity to have
11	a—a broader conversation
12	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: [interposing]
13	I mean I
14	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS:and was there
15	a reluctance on the Governor's side? Did we raise it
16	or-?
17	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I think-I
18	think there was a high level of negotiation obviously
19	involving the Speaker
20	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: [interposing]
21	Yes.
22	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG:and-and the
23	Council Legal team.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: [interposing]

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

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and—and the City's Law Department and the Governor and his team, and I think you can see a least I take that the approach was to some ways mimic the Assembly passed bill—

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: --with that.

commissioner trottenberg: --which obviously there's been a lot of consensus. Some decision in terms of expansion, number of schools and potentially hours. I guess at the time there was a decision made not to expand geographically, but that was certainly something that the city has been for, and so again I think that—I think that discussion will continue. I think today is a great first step obviously.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Uh-hm.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: It raises the possibility of—of where the city wants to go next with this program.

COUNCIL MEMBER RICHARDS: Well, thank you for your-for your work on this. I am interested in seeing a little bit more information on what school areas you've studied, and—and that being more

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publicly accessible, but congratulations on some
great work. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you,

Council Member. Council Member Miller, Reynoso and
Rosenthal.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chair and I'd also like to thank Speaker Johnson, as well as the Mayor and the governor and-and making this happen. This is so important that we're here today. It is very unfortunate that we are here because of some of our colleagues in government have subverted the process, and allowed special interest to distract them from doing the work of the people, and so I am glad that we are here taking up that—that mantle, and ensuring that we're keeping our children, obviously our most precious commodity as well the rest of our citizens safe in doing so. Um, this is an important step here, and obviously we, the Transportation committee and the leadership of the Chair Rodriguez earlier in the summer held a hearing on what could be done in lieu of the cameras here, and so there were a lot of ideas that happened. So, my question is will we be resting on our laurels or will we be implementing some of the-some of the

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programs that we talked about obviously that DOT has some of the other tools in the tool box, too, that guarantees safety. There's been some conversation obviously, um, with vendors and, um, what we think, um, would help this process along, but we are quickly approaching September 5<sup>th</sup> and a lot of the—the suggestions and implementations we have yet to see, but we just want to know that we're not stopping that—the speed cameras. That is one, speed cameras have certainly changed the culture, but there has to be other tools that work along with that as we have this interagency, intergovernmental collaboration using all the tools in the toolbox. As a result of the last hearing where are we?

assure you, Council Member Miller, we—we are not resting on our laurels. We have never rested on our laurels when it comes to Vision Zero. Again, as I—as I was sort of saying, I think the view of the de Blasio Administration and DOT and I know NYPD as well and actually some of our other sister agencies is, it is in all of the above strategy. The city again in partnership with the Council has first of all made a profound investment in Vision Zero. We will be

2 investing between Fiscal Year 18 and Fiscal Year 22 \$1.5 billion in street redesigns in traffic 3 operations and enforcement and education. I don't 4 know that there is another city in the country maybe 5 even the world that is making that kind an 6 investment. At DOT we have staffed up, as I've said, I really think with world class engineers and 8 planners. We are redesigning streets. We have a 9 school safety program, and certainly I know some of 10 the things that were discussed at the Council hearing 11 12 are things that we do. We do put up speed boards, we do put up stop signs, we do traffic signals, speed 13 14 humps, protected bike lanes, but we do it very much 15 in the data driven way, and, you know, happy to 16 continue that dialogue with the Council. I have to say that—that my team particularly my—my 17 18 Transportation Planning and Management, my School Safety folks, our Traffic Operations, we have a team 19 20 of hundreds of people that work every day on the streets of New York, and particularly this summer 21 2.2 that's when we put a lot of our projects in. We've 23 put in dozens and dozens and dozens of safety projects that summer. A lot of miles of protected 24 25 bike lanes. So, believe me, we are-I assure you not

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resting on our laurels. We always know there's more to do, and, you know, happy to come back and continue that discussion with the Council, but there is—there's not an idle day when it—when it comes to Vision Zero I think, you know, at DOT and in the de Blasio Administration.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: So, I-I know that, um, your staff and team have done citywide particularly in-in-in my-in Southeast Queens/Jamaica area forums around Vision Zero taking safety suggestions and so forth, and that has been probably a two or three-year process. At what point have we really taking that community engagement into account, and really manifested it into real action as opposed to the just coming in and saying-understanding that these are tools that are available, but also considering the-the culture kind of the-the expertise of-of-of the area there. I've-I've seen in particular, um, and-and-and there's were good with that. They did a lot of street repaving, but the street repaving kind of creates a situation where you can go ten blocks without stopping because there's no stop signs, and instead of people traveling on many streets, they now fly up and down side streets, but

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we haven't caught up with putting the proper apparatuses that would control traffic on those streets as well. So, we've had conversation, but the conversations have not translated to real safe streets yet, and so they should—as we do that, we should know as [bell]—that the coach is going to change as well that they're no longer going to stop on a main street where they have to stop at stop lights and they're riding on the back streets, which is smooth, which don't force them to stop at all.

think your know and—and I've been to your district a few times. We've done a couple town hall, and I know my—my Queens Borough Commissioner and her team have been on the ground a lot and we try very chard to work with local communities to that their input, work with community boards. Sometimes that actually frustrates our—our advocates and allies who want us to go faster, but we—we try and strike that right balance of doing safety projects, but making sure we are listening to local voices. They often strengthen our projects and make them better, and I think when there's buy—in and working together that—that helps change the culture. I think when you look at the

reductions and the fatality rates and-and Queens has-
I think Queens has actually been ahead of in-in terms
of percentages, in terms of the citywide overall.
We're seeing culture change happen. Not to say there
isn't more to do, and we're always You know, one
thing I found is—is we—we mentioned that we put out—
we mentioned this to Council Member Richards, a few
years ago our Borough Pedestrian Safety Action Plans
for each borough. We're going to be updating that
soon, and I think it will be a great learning
experience for all of us. We'll see places, and, you
know, in every neighborhood, in every borough where
our interventions have lowered fatalities, but then
new areas now where we want to make a priority. So,
when we're ready to release those, I think we want to
come and present them to all of you, and talk about
what the next step will be.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Did you—Juan hand something to add.

JUAN MARTINEZ: At the last hearing you brought up the specific question about long distances between a stop sign or a signal.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Uh-hm.

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JUAN MARTINEZ: I know that we're reviewing recent studies in your area, and I don't know if a—the discussion has been scheduled yet, but I—I know it's underway.

COUNCIL MEMBER MILLER: Okay, that was because bad coaches shifts, right? When—when the speed cameras are her, they go somewhere else. When there's no lights here they—and so we just kind of want to make sure that we're holistically addressing this.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Thank you and before calling, you know, my colleague Reynoso, there's no doubt that city can, you know, I would say celebrate all the advancement that we've been able to make in the last couple of years because of the partnership with everyone, and also having, you know, a mayor that has a vision with the great partners like Commission Polly Trottenberg, but again it require for her to be listening to all of us, and—and we in this panel we will continue bringing to the table a different area where we believe that we can continue investing more to make, you know, changing the culture on how drivers interact with pedestrians and cyclists and this—this is our business, you know.

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It isn't to be popular, but just to be sue that everyone feels that they're safe when they walk on the streets. So, as we recognize the leadership and the partnership that we've been having together, and especially today, the last 24 hours, 72 hours have been a day that we are showing that when the city and the state, in this case with the Mayor and the Governor and we together with the Speaker-Speaker Johnson and all of us together, we work together. get things done. So while were are showing in this Executive Order that that Governor listened to us. This is something that we asked before that the governor also and his team, they're working with the other team at the city level working with the-with the Speaker's side, and finally, I can say that there's a day that we can say that we are-we can celebrate on how when we, the state and city work together we can listen much better to the advocates that have been advocating for these speed cameras to be sure that they-that they will continue running after September 5<sup>th</sup>. So with that, Council—Council Member Reynoso.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you, Chair and thank you to the Families for Safe Streets, the

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advocacy, which has been very impactful in my district, and I hope that I've done my part, and happy to see this victory here today, and the short victory here today. Because we have a lot more to do and I want to speak to a lot more. It just really is concerning to me when we don't allow for the Department of Transportation to be the experts that push policy related to what we think is of value for saving lives. I just would really want to speak to the fact that a lot of these families talked about hearing a bike lane get shut down in a community board and what that meant to them in their story, and the fact that we even would go to a community board to ask for a bike lane where we know ensures safety is always of concern to me. The same thing would go with these speed cameras that they should positioned where the NYPD and the Department of Transportation think they are going to be most effective and so forth, and I want play more to breaking car culture. The statistics that we have is over 300,000 people have been speeding in the city of New York since these cameras have been shut down. One of these cameras have been-not been giving tickets for these cameras, but I'm racial bound, but I've been played.

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The fact that this city allows for folks to run over 35 miles an hour, which is practically a killing machine, a vehicle-making a vehicle a killing machine is beyond me. We really have to start talking about doing more against car culture including the NYPD and the Collision Department, which I think doesn't do justice to many families that are suffering, and families that have been crashes whether there are fatalities or not, and really want the city to start taking more seriously the fact that we need to break this car culture and start taking care of pedestrians in our city. So, while today is a victory and we should all be celebrating the fact that we are going to have these speed cameras in and around schools, we need to do more. We need to do a lot more. there's one vehicle that's operating at an unsafe level in the city, then we haven't done our part to really achieve Vision Zero, and I want to continue and let you know that I'm advocate in make sure that that happens.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: I just thank you, Council Member, and just—I guess I want to just say, I'm proud to say that I really do think in recent years, you know, we—we certainly work closely

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with community board, but I don't actually think they have stopped that many projects, and we have been building our the bike network at a very aggressive I think someone will correct me if I'm wrong. I think we did 66 miles including 25 protected miles this past year, which is extraordinary. Again, I don't think any city has come close to that, and I think to speak to your vision, and-and, you know, I want to thank you for your leadership particularly now obviously with the L-Train closure. I think we're taking some pretty bold steps. We are going to be doing-we've started even before the L-Train with some crosstown protected bike lanes, in Manhattan. We're going to be doing those further down in the East and West Village. We're going to be envisioning, you really a bus and bikeway for Grand Street, a busway for 14th Street. So, I think, you know, obviously from what we all know is this incredibly challenging situation I think we're going to be doing some really big and bold things, and I'm hoping, you know, again with your leadership and the leadership of others that's really going to hopefully show New Yorker what a city can look like that is less car focused, that is more mass transit and

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pedestrian and cyclist focused. We have a great

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Just a-I quess more of a call to this committee to allow for the Department of Transportation to do its job as experts, and data, and then the folks with the data that can make a more sound and professional decision and not allow for anecdotes or stories and community boards to dictate the safety of the citizens or the residents in the city New York. We would never ask the Police Department or a captain to move all their resources to one area or another or to take them out one way or another. We allow for the professionals in the Police Department to do their job, and I think that the Department of Transportation should be allowed the same autonomy. So, I just wanted to make sure that I-I communicate that constantly in this committee, and I'm always-I'm happy for these victories, but I always want to keep pushing forward because this is not enough. So, thank you for your time here, and thank you to the Chair and to the City Council, and I'm always going to be here for you and let's keep fighting. Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Council Member 3 Rosenthal.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you, Chair, and thank you for your-together your joint work on this obviously life-saving effort. I guess I do want to start by speaking to Families for Safe Streets. I don't know if you-I would really urge you to go back and look at the video. Your testimony together was incredibly powerful, and I do think it would be worth sending a copy of that video to the State Senate Republicans. They, of course, should be ashamed of themselves for going on vacation without doing their duty and their-the people's-doing the people's work, and I imagine you've tried to meet with them, and that you'll continue to try to meet with them. You are skilled story tellers. You talk with passion, your heart, and I know many of you, and again, I'm just very sorry for your loss, and thank you for coming again today to tell your story. So, Commissioners, I-I have two questions sort in the weeds. We've talked about the larger picture, but if I could just get a little bit practical for a second. So, can I first confirm that, the 140 or the 160 will start right away?

2	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
3	What's your timing, um what's your-what are your
4	thoughts about procurement for the next 150 cameras?
5	Will that be done on sort of, um, requirements
6	contract or will you have to issue a new RFP?
7	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: We're going to
8	be able. We hope to amend our existing camera
9	contract, and we are committed to getting that
10	procurement, you know that part of it underway as
11	quickly as possible. It—it will take a little time,
12	but we will move as expeditiously as possible and
13	keep the-
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
15	Have they confirmed the availability of those
16	cameras?
17	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: That's a good
18	question. Have they confirmed the availability?
19	JUAN MARTINEZ: Yes.
20	COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: They seem
21	enthusiastic, so I believe the cameras will be
22	available. I think for
23	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
24	If you could get back to the Council

25 COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Sure.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: --on timing,
just when you'll have those in, how long they'll take
to be installed and up and going. That would really
be great.

COMMISSIONER TROTTENBERG: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: You know the 330,000 number is just so powerful. The thought of being able to identify 330,000 more, um, with the additional cameras is just so critical. Secondly, I'm really concerned about the modicum of data about the school safety agents. You know, every year during my tenure on the Council, we have gotten a report that, um, is part of the terms and conditions. Do you know what I'm talking about in the budget, and it's a term and condition of giving-allocating the funds to the Police Department, it is required that we get a report on the number of school safety agents by precinct, and that report is missing for the most current year. So, I don't know. I don't know whether or not you know the number of safety agents by precinct. This has always been a concern of mine because every year in the report, the information for my 20<sup>th</sup> Precinct is never there, and that is my precinct with the fewest number of street safety-

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school safety--school crossing guards. So, um, did you ever even, and may I-I apologize for being a little rough, but do you-I'm not confident you have the data because it's required by the terms and conditions of our budget that you give the information to the Council, which then puts it up on our website. It was Term and Condition No 56 I think the school crossing quards. So, um, I-I would like to know for my two precincts. I use this information because when I see that they're low, I talk to my precinct commander about the use of [bell] of their patrol cars or traffic safety agents and, you know, those two options, of course, are not trustworthy because if they have an emergency they're going to It's, you know, not their required post to be at that school. So, I'm seriously concerned about the lack of knowledge by this Administration where you have budgeted school crossing guards, and what your actual number is by precinct. What's your sense of this? Do you think you have this information and just never got over to the Council? If you have the information now, would you be willing to send it over now?

complaint. Um, so I'll-I'll speak to our Deputy

Commissioner of Management and Budget, who always

does-who always sends the answers over-to the

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- 2 questions that you're saying have been unanswered.
- 3 But, what I can tell you about the general-generally
- 4 about the School Crossing Guard Program is we have
- 5 | identified posts for the individuals, and based on
- 6 the number or identified posts, we know how many
- 7 individuals we need to hire to fill those posts.
- 8 What you're asking is too particular schools in your
- 9 district?

- 10 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: No, I've just
- 11 never gotten--
- OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: [interposing] Or just
- 13 | generally.
- 14 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: -- the
- 15 | information about my precinct, Precinct 20. So, I
- 16 have to get the information from the precinct
- 17 | captain, but my point to you is this is isn't just
- 18 | random data that you're getting over to the Council
- 19 because we randomly asked about it. This I
- 20 | information that's used by people who are looking at
- 21 | the safety of the kids, you know, crossing the street
- 22 | hear their schools. I have parents who count on that
- 23 information, and who hold my feet to the fire about.
- 24 So, I-just go be very clear, and if this is
- 25 | confusing, I'll say it—I'll trying to get it clearer.

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OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: [interposing] But the details are important to answer your question with that.

[interposing] COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, you're telling me that the precinct captains are going to decide in the month of September--

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: [interposing] No.

_	COINTITIES ON TRANSFORMED ON THE STATE OF TH
2	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
3	I missed that testimony. I apologize. What's the
4	grand total that's budgeted?
5	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: So, we have-
6	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: 25-2,563 is the
7	number that you shared with us before.
8	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Right, 2,563 assigned
9	school crossing guards. The goal is 2,638. That's
10	the number of posts, and what I-what I testified in
11	response to the Speaker's question was we've designed
12	a program with the realization that certain precincts
13	have challenges, inherent challenges in having
14	individuals come forward to fill those posts. So,
15	what we've created is a program that has a reserved
16	pool of crossing guards, and we've created the
17	crossing guard supervisor position that can deploy
18	this reserve pool of crossing guards to vacant
19	positions, and that could be because there's a
20	vacancy because we simply can't
21	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: [interposing]
22	Sure.
23	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY:fill it or it could

be that somebody called in sick.

So, you have 755.

2	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY:we utilize these
3	resources to fills the posts. Where if in spots
4	where crossing guards aren't available, we have
5	additional resources we can deploy whether from the
6	reserve pool, whether TEAs, whether Auxiliaries,
7	whether officers. So, we fill the post, and the
8	other part of your question, which is there is an
9	outstanding request for data, I'm going to go back to
10	the office after this hearing is over and find out
11	what-what the data is and make sure that we're-we
12	respond to you.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So, according
14	to what you just testified, there are 75 vacancies?
15	Right? Did I do the math right?
16	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Hold on one second.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: 2638 and you
18	and it would be 2563?
19	OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: [interposing] That's
20	what it-that's what it looks like. I just want to
2.1	verify something. Okay, so correct. There are 20-

there are 75 spots that need to be filled, but there

is a class—there are two classes in September that

will add 120 more crossing guards. So, 60 I believe

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CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ:

Council Member, and again that—that same—similar

Thank you,

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questions were asked by Speaker Johnson. So, I think that the message I got from the Speaker and also from the Council Member is it is important for—for us as a city to know what I the plan that we have in place starting September 5<sup>th</sup> when all the students they go back to school, and also you hear from my colleague Council Member Rosenthal that it is important that the City—City Council will have all that information that we know exactly how the NYPD deploy all those men and women who work as a crossing guard and assuming those information is something that you can break down to us by precinct.

OLEG CHERNYAVSKY: Sure. Okay.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: So, with that, unless Council Member Deutsch has [pause] some questions?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, I just want to touch upon what Council Member Rosenthal said.

So, you have a shortage of school crossing guards.

You said 75, but then you did mention that there is a reserve. This morning I spoke to four different precincts asking them the numbers of how many—how many requests or vacancies they do have. There—there is a—there is a gap that if—if a school crossing

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guards does not show up, you mentioned that there is a reserve. That is what the protocol is-what you're looking at, what hopefully should be done, but it usually doesn't happen that way. I think there is an issue also with how much a school crossing guard gets paid-get paid because a lot of even those school crossing guards that graduate end up dropping out. So what I would just ask is in addition to getting this information to find out exactly what the reasons are when someone does drop out. This way we could work next time in the budget to see-or-or legislative to see what we can do working with the-whit the Administration to maybe try to figure our why they're dropping out and to work on those reasons to see, to make sure that it's appealing for them to stay because they have a very tough job standing outside in all types of weather, and it's very important that we-that they get paid according to what their job is protecting our children. So, I think that is a good piece of information that we need in the Council. This way we could fight for that and advocate and work with the Administration on that. So, I just want of finally say, with the speed cameras that it is important. For the record I just want to say that

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Thank you. So

We need to have those extra protections to make sure
that we are 100% protected as the best to our ability
by expanding bussing, which I have a bill for that to
expanding traffic control officer officers in areas
that have a high accident location, which I have a
bill in the Council for that. That's being drafted,

speed cameras alone is not the answer to everything.

and putting these extra layers, and putting the entire package together with speed cameras, that is

11 when I personally as a parent of five and a

grandfather of two grandchildren, I will be happy.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ:

with that, thank you. As I said, thank you DOT

Commissioner but also Chief Chan. Also he's bringing
a great partners with, you know, Vision Zero

Initiative, and now we have to continue working. As
we know, our plan is that tomorrow we hope that we
can be voting on this bill our committee and
hopefully—hopefully we'll be voting at the Stated

Meeting tomorrow, and we will send a message loud and
clear that working together with Executive Order by
the Governor, working with the support of Mayor de

Blasio, Speaker Johnson and all of us, that tomorrow

will be a good day that we are being sending a

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- message that we will be maintaining the speed camera
  and more than maintaining, we're going to be
  expanding the speed camera in the city of New York.

  So, with that, thank you and now we're calling the
  last panel. I don't know if those three great New
  Yorkers are here. Mark O'Connor, Transportation
- 8 Alternatives, Ariel Saransky, UJA Federation, and
  9 Vincent Region.
  - MALE SPEAKER: [off mic] All at the same time?
  - CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Yes, at that same time. Yes. So, it's going to be on three minutes. So, please, just as long as you summarize. [pause] [background comments] We assumed that there was not anybody else from the public who signed to testify. So, with these three testimonies we will end this hearing. [pause]
  - VINCENT RIGGINS: First? Ladies first.

    No. Yes, let me be a gentleman today. Thank you
    [background comments, pause]
  - ARIEL SAVANSKY Okay. Good afternoon

    Chairperson Rodriguez. I my name is Ariel Savansky,

    and I'm an Advocacy and Policy Advisor at UJA

    Federation. We're also a member of the Coalition.

you.

So, you've heard extremely moving stories. I think	
you know all the facts. You know that speed cameras	
work. So, I'm just going to be very brief, and just	
put on the record that we are extremely supportive of	
this bill passing. We are really grateful for your	
work with the Speaker with the Governor with the	
Mayor trying to make sure that this program can	
continue to operate in school district, and we look	
forward to working together as we expand this program	
because it is truly a very vital program, and we need	
to make sure that no more parents have to suffer the	
loss of their children or other family members. So,	
thank you for this opportunity to testify, and we	
look forward to continuing to work together.	

MARK O'CONNOR: Good afternoon, Chairman.

My name is Mark O'Connor. I'm the Legislative and

Legal Director with Transportation Alternatives, and

Ariel, we also want to thank you, you know, on behalf

Transportation Alternatives and the Every School for

Speed Safety Camera Coalition for your tenacity on—

working on—on these issues for so, so long. As I

mentioned today, I'm also representing the Every

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: [off mic] Thank

2 School Coalition for Speed Safety Cameras. coalition not only strongly supports your life 3 affirming actions today to reactivate our city's 4 5 speed safety cameras, we encourage you to use your authority to allow operation of the cameras whenever 6 and wherever needed to protect other New Yorkers. the very least, to do so at every school and every 8 senior center to begin with. The Every School 9 Coalition consists of more than 300 schools, parent-10 teacher associations, nearly every major hospital in 11 12 New York City, doctors, school crossing quards, religious institutions, child welfare organizations, 13 disability rights groups, major businesses, four 14 15 district attorneys and many more institutions in New 16 York City. Speeding is the leading cause of-of crashes in our city, and speed safety cameras, as you 17 18 have seen today, have been an effective deterrent to speeding. We at Transportation Alternatives believe 19 20 that the city of New York through legislation originated in the Council today, has the legal and 21 2.2 the moral authority to operate an improved speed 23 safety camera program that protects more New Yorkers than the program that existed between 2014 and 2018. 24 25 Those powers are rooted in the right that we have as

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a city to legislate for the protection, for the safety, health and wellbeing of people who live in our city, and who travel here. Speed safety cameras do exactly that. They deter dangerous driving, making our streets safer. They save lives. Furthermore, New York City has extensive policing powers [bell] including the general power to enforce speed limits. Traffic violence affects us all. this Council votes to make our streets safer, we urge you, Chairman, to strongly consider allowing speed safety cameras to operate at any time when speeding is prevalent and at any school, senior center and Naturally Occurring Retirement Community. Ultimately, we hope that very soon our city will be able to operate speed safety cameras whenever and wherever life threatening speeding is prevalent. Thank you.

VINCENT RIGGINS: Good afternoon, Chair and I want to thank you guys for—for having this hearing. My name is Vincent Riggins. I live in District 42 in Brooklyn, and just so I have some different opinions that may be kind of nuanced, but I want to give you some foundation on why I think they are valid. One, I'm a member of Community Board 5 Public Safety Committee Co-Chair. I'm also the

2 author of the Resolution Against Stop, Search and Frisk. Once the community board and the whole city 3 submitted that, we did that in Community Board 5. 4 I'm also the Correspondence Secretary for the 75<sup>th</sup> 5 Precinct Community Council. Great relationship 6 7 police officers, and I'm also organizers-organizer of the Concerned Families of Starlight City doing their 8 proposed sale. (sic) To say that cameras is not 9 about revenue is a moral way of showing empathy, but 10 it is void of rational implementation. Now, what do 11 12 I mean by that? There's-it's impossible to secure everyone in the city like the gentleman just alluded 13 to without considering revenue. We're not talking 14 15 about-I'm not talking about revenue that the city is 16 trying accumulate, but in order for us to have zero 17 fatalities, it's going to take revenue. It's going 18 to take a partnership with the state and the city. That interprets revenue. Cameras cost money. 19 for somebody to say that it's not about revenue, just 20 a little bit ingenious. Two days ago I spent time 21 2.2 with Carmen and Michael Ojeda, right, the organ—the 23 founder-the Foundation for Brianna's Law, right. Over 7,000 lives have been saved within the last year 24 just by implementing that law, and it took them seven 25

years. So, I'm here just offering an alternative. I
think creating a block between the Republicans and
the State Senate this body and the Assembly is part
of the problem that we are not getting the resources
we need throughout this city. My suggestion: Make
revenue an issue. Okay. My suggestion is that the
revenue that's garnered from every speed camera,
school cameras, part of that revenue turned back over
to the community board, our district and—and once the
revenue was gathered. There is no Republican or any
other elected official that is not going to take
revenue for their community because they refuse to
take a vote. So, I think we will be able to solve
that issue immediately. So, we have to think outside
of the box, and we're going to accomplish what we
after. We can't make a political issue. There—there
is nobody—I mean this—this is a bi—this should be a
bipartisan initiative. Yet, we're using it for
political fodder in this political season. So, I
just wanted to share it with you. One more [bell]
powerful suggestion I want to give you.

CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: Sir, summarize, please.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 111
2	VINCENT RIGGINS: Yeah, I'm sorry. I
3	had-I am going to summarize. I did have it written
4	up a little bit better, but I left it running. Let
5	me see so I could summarize for you.
6	CHAIRPERSON RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry, sir.
7	We need to-we need to leave it here. If there's any
8	additional information that you can share with us we
9	will take it, but with that, this hearing comes to
10	the end. Hopefully, we will see you tomorrow, and
11	hopefully, we will be able to vote it from committee,
12	and also vote it in the Stated Meeting. With that,
13	this hearing is adjourned. [gavel]
14	VINCENT RIGGINS: Sorry. I don't have
15	it. (coughs)
16	MALE SPEAKER: This is the end. (sic)
17	VINCENT RIGGINS: What?
18	MALE SPEAKER: This is the end. (sic)
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

## ${\tt C} \ {\tt E} \ {\tt R} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt F} \ {\tt I} \ {\tt C} \ {\tt A} \ {\tt T} \ {\tt E}$

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date September 1, 2018