CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

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HELD AT: 250 Broadway-Committee Rm., 16th fl.

B E F O R E: Ben Kallos

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Chaim M. Deutsch Ruben Diaz, Sr. Vanessa L. Gibson

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A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

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Christoph Stump Trinity Financial

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2 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Good morning and 3 welcome to this first meeting of the Subcommittee on 4 Planning, Dispositions and Concessions. This is the 5 11th session of the New York City Council. 6 Council Member Ben Kallos, Chair of this Committee. You can hit me on social media @benkallos, and in 8 that way we actually often take questions from 9 members of the press and the public. We are joined 10 here today by our members who were here on time, 11 which we always like, Council Member Andy King, 12 Council Member Ruben Diaz, Senior, Council Member 13 Chaim Deutsch. We're also joined by the Chair of the 14 Land Use Committee, Rafael Salamanca. Although I've 15 been a member of the Land Use Committee and another 16 Land Use Subcommittee last term on Landmarks, this is 17 my first hearing as Chair of this Subcommittee, and 18 I'm looking forward to exploring every aspect of this 19 Subcommittee's authority and oversight ability for 20 planning, dispositions and concessions. The projects 21 before us today and those that will be before us this term contain proposals for affordable housing. 2.2 23 all know, affordable housing remains out-of-reach for 24 far too many New Yorkers. As the Administration continues to announce progress on preserving and 25

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS building new housing, we in this committee will watch every deal closely to ensure New Yorkers are actually getting the affordable housing we need for the financial incentives that we provide. I plan to ensure every hard-earned tax dollar is maximized to drive a hard bargain and generate significantly more affordable housing. I also plan to ensure that this committee empowers communities and Council Members in the planning process, creates opportunities for minority and women-owned small businesses, creates good jobs for construction and service in these new buildings, and produces a full return on any city land and resources that we provide. Today we'll be holding two public hearings. The first hearing will be on 425 Grand Concourse rezoning and tax exemption applications, Land Use items eight through ten, and pre-considered Land Use items. The second hearing will be on Land Use item 11, the 9 Fort Washington Avenue cluster, UDAAP, and tax exemption application. For those watching at home, and as a caution to committee members, I'm going to want to try to explain all of this in plain language to folks, because even those of us who are sophisticated might have trouble following along. LU is short-hand for

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS Land Use Application. UDAAP is an acronym for Urban Development Action Area Project, a term for Article 16 of the General Municipal Law. The UDAAP process allows the City to sell the site and provide tax exemptives [sic] for a project which serves public purposes essential to the public interest. The 425 Grand Concourse rezoning for property located in the Bronx in Land Use Chair Salamanca's district is submitted by HPD and includes the following actions. The firs, an Urban Development Action Area Project, UDAAP, designation, project approval and disposition of City-owned property. The second, a zoning map amendment to rezone a C4-4 district to a C6-3 district. The C stands for Commercial. The four relates to the amount of density, and then the third provides additional information as a subset within that use and density category. The third, a zoning text amendment to introduce R9-1/MIH regulations governing heights and setbacks to change the C6-3 residential equivalent from an R9 to an R9-1 in Bronx Community District One, and to modify Appendix F to map the project area as a Mandatory Inclusionary housing area utilizing option one. The R stands for

residential. Nine stands for the amount of density,

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS and the one shows that it's a modification from the initial residential nine density. Residential districts max-out at an R-10 or residential district The fourth item is a tax exemption pursuant to Article 11 of the private housing finance law. these actions will facilitate the redevelopment of a school, the Castle on the Hill, that many elected officials have graduated from, including a congress member and I believe the Bronx Borough President, PS31 into a 27-story mixed-use building in which 100 percent of the apartment will be affordable. together, these actions would have the effect of increasing the allowable residential floor area ratio from four to nine where mandatory inclusionary housing is provided, and so the floor area ratio is just how many times you can layer development one on top of the other. So, in this case, you could build four stories on an entire lot, and under the new zoning you could build nine stories on the lot if you were to cover it completely. In this case you're not actually covering the whole lot, so you end up being able to stack it a lot higher. Instead of using sky exposure planes, the actions would impose a maximum based height of 125 feet and a maximum building

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS height of 285 feet for developments using mandatory inclusionary housing program. And so typically, you have a diagonal that you draw from the street that determines how far the building can go tall and usually you can't pierce that sky exposure plane, and in this case they just have to make sure the building follows certain height and set-back requirements. Under Mandatory Inclusionary Housing Option One, at least 25 percent of the residential floor area must be provided as housing that's permanently affordable to households and average of 60 percent of the income In this case we usually call it the Area Median Income or AMI, and at least 10 percent of the residential floor area must be provided as housing affordable housing to households at the average of 40 percent of the Area Median Income. I am now opening up the public hearing on the 425 Grand Concourse rezoning and tax exemption, and with that I'd like to call up Jordan Press of HPD, Ted Weinstein of HPD, Christoph Stump of Trinity Financial, Thomas Brown of 425 Grand Concourse and Derrick Lovett of MBD Community Housing Corp. If you could all take turns in stating your names for the record, and then I will

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read you the affirmation.

Chairman, and congratulations on your appointment to

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 10 this role. Look forward to working with you in the coming years. Land Use numbers 8, 9, and 10, and the pre-considered item are related to a proposed ULURP project known as 425 Grand Concourse in the Mott Haven section of the Bronx. The site has been occupied by Public School 31, a landmark collegiate gothic building constructed in the late 19th century. The school closed in 1997, and the building was demolished in the summer of 2015 following the issuance of a full vacate order by the Department of Buildings due to severe structural damage that was exacerbated by Super Storm Sandy. I'd like to add that the department recognizes just how special this site is to Bronxites [sic] and to the thousands of students who came through its halls. In 2015, HPD issued a request for proposal for the purpose of redeveloping the site as a mixed-use affordable housing project. Subsequently, a sponsor was selected, whom I'm sitting with here today, Trinity Financial and MBD, to build out the project under HPD's mix-and-match program. Currently there are four Land Use actions before the Planning Subcommittee. Land Use number eight seeks the designation as an Urban Development Action Area as

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 11 well as dispositions and project approval for the vacant city-owned site located at block 2346 lot one in Bronx Council District 17. Land Use number nine seeks to change from a C4-4 district to a C6-3 district, the residential equivalent of a C6-3 zoning district is an R9-1 zoning district for MIH developments. A C6-3 district will permit a maximum residential FAR of 7.52, the maximum commercial FAR of 6.0 and the maximum community facility FAR of 10.0. Land Use number 10 seeks to amend the zoning resolution by modifying both regulations in a residential district relative to mixed-use buildings in commercial districts and other regulations in order to establish a Mandatory Inclusion Housing area under option one. The proposed project HPD will dispose of is a city-owned site. We'll dispose of it to the sponsor who plans to construct one 27-story mixed-use residential building. In total, there will be 277 rental units including a superintendent's apartment as well as community and commercial spaces. Under option one of MIH, at least 69 units will be permanently affordable and with an additional 15 percent as required by HPD's term sheets, a total of

111 units will be permanently affordable. The

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 12 residential portion of the project will include a mixture of unit types, including 45 studios, 92 onebedrooms, 94 two-bedrooms, and 46 three-bedroom apartments. The anticipated rent will range from 30 percent to 100 percent of AMI which are equivalent to approximately 318 to 1,364 dollars for studios to 572 dollars up to 2,384 dollars for three-bedroom apartments, which will all be distributed throughout the building. The project will be constructed to meet Passive House standards and amenities of the building will include a laundry room on each residential floor and a community room with direct access to the 23rd floor landscaped roof terrace and a green room. The project will also provide 41,625 square feet of community facility space that will include educational space, a medical center and cultural center. Developers committed to working with the Parks Department and the rebuilding of the adjoining Garrison Playground, including providing space for a comfort station and rebuilding the walkway adjoining the park. I'd like to extend our thanks especially to the Councilmen and the Borough President for their allocation of Reso. A to help

redevelop that playground. The tenant of the

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commercial space is anticipated to be a supermarket.

The pre-considered Land Use items seeks Article 11
tax benefits for the project in order to facilitate
continued affordability of the residential units.

The term will be for a period of 40 years coinciding
with the regulatory agreement. Therefore, HPD is
before the Subcommittee seeking approval of the preconsidered item as well as Land Use items number
eight, nine and ten. And I'd now like to turn it
over to the project sponsor to go more in-depth about
the project's design, affordability, amenities, and a

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Members. Before we talk about design, I just want to briefly just describe the development. As mentioned earlier, Trinity Financial and MBD Community Housing Corp will be the co-developers on the project. The Architect will be Dattner Architects. The General Contractor on the project will be Monadnock Construction, and the management company, we're still in conversations to determine who that will be.

little bit about their history.

CHRISTOPH STUMP: The project-- my name is Christoph Stump with Trinity Financial. Thanks again, Council Members, for having us here. A

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 14 project that Trinity Financial has completely recently in the Bronx includes this mixed -- income mixed-use residential project in the South Bronx on Courtland and 161st Street. This project here was mentioned is 27-story proposed development with approximately 312,000 square feet of space. The 277 units in the building will start from the fourth floor up and then have a row [sic] of mixed-- nonresidential components on the first three floors that I'll go into more detail. The expected construction start is after July 2018, and it's going to be likely a 30-month construction process. The total development cost is approximately 160 million dollars with approximately 105 million construction cost. I'm not going to repeat the ULURP actions. The green design features, this building is a Passive House. It's going to be one of the largest Passive Houses in the United States. A Passive House is a building concept that greatly reduces the building's energy consumption and carbon dioxide output, approximately up to 70 percent compared to a standard new construction building. This is a view of the proposed building. A view to the southeast showing

the surrounding-- the very hydrogenous surroundings

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 15 of the project site and an adjoining park, Garrison Park, that's directly to the north, so it's slightly to the left of the building. The project is located on East 144th Street and Grand Concourse in very close proximity to the two, four and five train stations on 149th Street and Grand Concourse, surrounding also Hostos Community College and a number of other uses, non-residential uses. majority of the entrances of the buildings are located on Grand Concourse including the residential entrance retail is wrapping around starting on the southeast corner of Grand Concourse and East 144th Street and educational entrances on Walton Avenue. The building has all the non-residential uses represented on the ground floor, here represented in different colors. The second and third floor are entirely dedicated to the educational use, and the residential use starts at the fourth floor with a residential terrace on the fourth floor, and then several other uses going up-- amenities going up. The general floorplan is very simple, a doubled [sic] corridor with a south-facing window in the corridor

and mix of studios, one, two and three bedrooms on

each floor. All apartments will adhere to the HPD

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 16 design guidelines. Important to point out is the activity that this project is trying to achieve on the ground floor level. All uses are designed to activate the ground floor. We have proposed a supermarket use, a medical facility, a cultural facility, an educational facility, and in conjunction with the residential, we expect activation throughout the day and throughout the days of the week. Important to note is our interface with Garrison Park to the north. The lower portion of the slideshow is the southern edge of the park that shows a walkway, a connecting walkway, on this very long north/south stretching super-block, approximately at the height of 146th Street that is part of this project. Artifacts that were recovered from the PS31 demolition will be shown along this walkway and be visually accessible for the public. On a separate project that's going on concurrently is the re-design and renovation of Garrison Park that I'm not going to go into great detail here, but there's a variety of uses proposed. An evening [sic] rendering of the project that shows our vision, how this project is going to activate and also secure the area. I

mentioned that this project is special because it is

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a passive house. It also contains what is called a black-start, gas-fired emergency generator that can add additional loads to the standard fire and safety loads which include loads that will make this building resilient and independent in case of a power outage, and people will be able to shelter in place during a prolonged power outage.

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THOMAS BROWN: To briefly describe the project's affordability, 10 percent of the project will be affordable at 30 percent AMI; 10 percent will be affordable at 40 percent; 30 percent of the building will be at 60 percent AMI; 25 percent will be at 80 percent AMI, and another 25 percent will be affordable at 100 percent AMI. So, this brief presentation, just wanted to represent and describe to you some of our project and show you some of the benefits that we feel will be given to the community, one being much-needed mixed-income housing. would be active vibrant ground-floor uses through our retail, our educational, our cultural, and our medical uses which are on the ground floor. As a company we embrace and make a commitment to MWB and local participation within a project, and as described, we feel that the passive house element as

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have any.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I will turn it to our Land Use Chair as a courtesy since not only is he the Land Use Chair, but this is also a project in his district, which he may wish to make remarks about or just jump into questions.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Thank you, Chair Kallos, good af--

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] Sorry, one second. I did not — I wanted to just acknowledge that we've been joined by Council Member Gibson and Council Member Levine. Sorry for the interruption.

alright. Thank you, Chair Kallos. Good afternoon, gentlemen. So, you know, we've been working on this project for some time now. Trinity is—you know, we're—I just met you guys not too long ago, a few months ago, but it's good to see that you're working with a credible not—for—profit in my community which is Mid—Bronx Desperadoes, and so that was very rewarding. I have many details on this project.

Again, we've met many times, but I would like to put certain things on the record. First, in terms of your educational facility, have you identified a school, and how must space do you have available for this educational facility?

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

THOMAS BROWN: The education facility will be approximately 36,000 square feet, and we're in discussions with a number of operators, educational charter school operators for that space.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: How many children do you anticipate that that space will hold, or how many seats, better yet?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: That is different depending on the operator with their programs.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: In terms of the AMI's, I know that we changed the formula around. You know, in my district I'm more into mixed-income, ensuring that my low-income families have access to these units, but I also understand that we have working-class families in my district. Can you explain a little bit in terms of the break-down and what support you will be giving the community in terms of preparing them for the application process?

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THOMAS BROWN: Well, as part of our preparation and marketing process, we've been in discussion with a number of stakeholders in the area, including your office to jointly look to work out a housing fare [sic] in some training, in some workshops with the community to prepare them for the marketing process.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Something that I've been doing with Manny Management [sic] -- I think I saw Ismene here-- we've had housing forums, and I think this is something we could work with Mid Bronx Desperadoes. And basically, it's a year before the application process or applications are going to-you know, HPD is going to start accepting applications through Housing Connect. You inform the community. You educate them on how to properly fill out these applications even though they're online, and there's also a financial component, preparing individuals, you know. Credit, I know, plays a major factor here. In terms of local hiring, let's talk about your construction jobs. How are you going to ensure that there's local hiring in the community?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: So, we intend to hire a third-party workforce consultant who will work

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 21 closely with the community and with your office, and with other local stakeholders to ensure that we get qualified workforce that we can train and employ at the site.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Have you hired that third-party monitor?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: We're still looking and discussing the consultant [inaudible]

DERRICK LOVETT: Derrick Lovett, MBD

Community Housing Corp. MBD has worked with

Monadnock on two other very large projects in our

portfolio. We also have partnered with Monadnock and

Giffin Willis [sic] Signature [sic] Urban development

on West Frontage Road, and we've been very successful

to hold workshops for MWBE local hires that want to

be a part of this, and we also have a mechanism of

reaching out and reporting these.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Okay. In terms of your staffing and security, and I guess your maintenance staff, will they bill unionized? Will you be working with labor in terms of your-- after construction is completed, the permanent jobs that you'll have there? How many permanent jobs that you

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throughout the whole project. We're 50/50 partners. We're, you know, in-step. We're-- Trinity is clearly taking the lead to do their expertise, but MBD had in the last five years repositioned its total portfolio.

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DERRICK LOVETT: We'll be involved

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COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Alright, and then my understanding, this project is part of the MIH process, and so I know that I heard Jordan, you discussed, what's the-- how many units are going to be permanent affordable? And after how many years?

JORDAN PRESS: So, MIH is actually calculated based on floor area rather than individuals units, but the estimate that we have is that at least 69 will be permanently affordable under MIH, and then the way that the mix-and-match term sheet works, which this project is being financed under, is if the developer is taking city subsidy on an MIH project, we require 15 percent additionally permanent. So, which brings the total number to approximately 111. The 69 units under MIH need to conform with option one at an average of 60 percent The remaining 15 percent is something that we work out as we get closer to closing. There are always some unknowns between the time of Land Use approval and closing, and cost can be impacted by which units are permanently affordable.

2 COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Right. Now,
3 this project is 100 percent affordable.

JORDAN PRESS: yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: For how many years?

JORDAN PRESS: So, 40 percent of the units will be permanently affordable. The other 60 percent of units will be subject to a regulatory agreement of 40 years. Also like to add that the way that HPD structures are financing, the loan that we provide, is that we effectively backload it so that there is great incentive for a developer to come back to the city and refinance with us at the end of the 40-year term. In addition, because rents are restricted and tax costs will become present at the end of 40 years, again, it is in the owner's interest to come back to the City to try to re-up on that tax exemption. They can only do so if it meets the affordability goals of the City at that time. But one other thing I wanted to mention is all the units are rent stabilized. At the end of the 40-year term, the 60 percent of the units that aren't permanent, those tenants will be rent stabilized through their tenancy, at a minimum.

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you know, again, these are things that I was aware of and I just wanted to make sure that they were on the record. Now, let's just have a candid conversation about some of my concerns about this project. Number one, parking is not provided here. I know that this is a transit-rich area, Grand Concourse and 149th

Street, but yet, it's very difficult to find parking in that area. You have Hostos Community College.

You have other—you know, so you have students and you have employees. You have other housing developments in the area. What is HPD doing in terms of trying to identify a parking location for these potential new tenants?

JORDAN PRESS: So, the-- and I'll ask my co-panelists if they want to weigh in. But the-- the enviornmentals identify other parking lots within a quarter-mile radius that have capacity. In terms of on-street parking, what we're happy to work with your office on is to go out with the Department of Transportation; I think we should walk around the site in the neighborhood, see if there are any opportunities to add on-street parking, which in our experience despite your neighborhood, this

neighborhood like many other neighborhoods where 2

3 people will have the feeling of being parking-

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4 strapped, right, what they're really looking for,

from what we've seen, is free on-street parking even

if the lots where you would have to pay might have 6

7 availability, which we know they do in the area. So,

8 I think, you know, certainly what we can commit to is

seeing if we can identify additionally free on-street

parking, and happy to discuss more just what the 10

11 capacity is of the private lots in the area.

I look forward to continuing that conversation in terms of parking. And then finally, something that

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Alright, well

in terms of your community benefit package, Garrison

16 Park. As you know, I have a commitment to that park

17 which is right next to, you know, adjacent to the

18 property. I actually allocated two budgets ago 1.5

19 million dollars from my discretionary capital

20 dollars. So, there was some request in terms of

21 Parks Department, number one that a comfort station

2.2 be built there. Now, this comfort station, this

2.3 bathroom, is going to be attached to your building,

or you're going to be building a brand new comfort

station in the park? 25

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THOMAS BROWN: It'll be connected to-it'll be a part of the building.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Okay. And so my second thing is, there was a request in terms of I have your letter of maintenance of the park. support here, I guess your letter of commitment, and you've committed annually to 26,013 dollars annually for the operating expense of the park, and you've also committed to increase of three percent annually, and something that is a deal-breaker for me, and I know we've had side conversations but I want to put this on the record, in order for the parks, that particular park, to have fulltime maintenance, the total cost is 52,000 dollars a year. And so I am-if Parks Department were to only get the 26,013 dollars that you are offering a year, there will only be maintenance there from April through October. I am-- because, number one, you're not providing any parking. You know, there has been certain things in which the community has accepted in terms of this project. I think it's feasible for you to sit down with HPD and figure out how to provide that extra 25,000, a total 50,000 dollars, to have fulltime

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maintenance, 40 hours a week, 12 months out of the year.

JORDAN PRESS: If I can just add, I want to just correct one item. So, the commitment of 26,013 dollars would fund a Parks Department employee for six months during the busiest times. On the other six months of the year, Parks Department would deploy a regular mobile crew that opens the park, closes the park, and provides kind of just general level of parks maintenance. During those other six months you wouldn't have somebody there fulltime.

aware of that, and the problem that I have with that process that Parks Department has is that they do not open and close my parks on time as they should. They do not come and clean my parks. So, we're just adding another park to add to that schedule which will be basically ignored, and so that is why I am respectfully requesting that you add another 25,000 dollars to that community benefit package so that this park can have full-time maintenance and it can be maintained at all times.

JORDAN PRESS: Well, looking forward to continuing that conversation with you.

3 JORDAN PRESS: Your interest is merit

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COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Mr. Chair?

6 Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you, Land Use Chair Salamanca. As the prior Chair to this committee, I believe you ran through many of the questions I had hoped, but I'm sure there will be some left for me to go through, but I appreciate your leadership this committee prior and look forward to continuing our work together. So, I'm going to break up my questions into a couple of areas. First one is, what are the subsidies? Second group of questions are: affordable for whom? It's a frequent refrain we hear from the community. Talking a little bit about the community facilities, and as I mentioned in my opening remarks, talking about MWBE and jobs. So, first piece, is there a tax abatement? How long is the tax abatement? How much is the annual tax abatement, and what is the value over the life of the abatement?

JORDAN PRESS: There is a 40-year Article

11 tax benefit. The net present value of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS cumulative cost of this exemption to the city is 22,726,925 dollars, or 82,000 dollars per year.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And what is the cumulative total if we do not assume at present, what is the-- what would be the-- if we were to receive the tax payments from developer over 40 years, what would be the cumulative value of those payments?

 $\label{eq:continuous_press: We'd have to get back to} % \end{substitute} % \end{substitute} % % \end{substitute} % \end{subst$

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Fair enough. Please do so in writing so we can include it in the record.

It seems to feel like a 20 million dollar net product [sic] value is likely 80 million dollars or more?

Would that be fair?

JORDAN PRESS: I want to give you an accurate answer, so let me get back to you.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. So, first off, we're doing 20 million dollars at least. Next question, is HPD providing financing in this project? What is the interest rate, and what is paid by the developer on an annual basis, and how much is the developer receiving from tax payers through HPD?

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JORDAN PRESS: Okay, so, I'd like to just say broadly we're getting pretty deep into business terms of this deal--

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] Yeah.

JORDAN PRESS: that get negotiated on an ongoing basis between this point in the process and the closing. So, I am happy to discuss some of these items. Other items I would prefer to discuss directly with the individual Council Members and certainly keep them updated between the time of the Land Use Committee's approval and consideration in closing. The--

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] If only this was an individual Council Member or all of our money, it isn't. It's the taxpayers, and this is their opportunity to make sure that the money— that they're getting a return on their investment. So, this is something I'm interested in seeing for all deals, not just this one. So, I guess what are the threshold ranges.

JORDAN PRESS: So, this project -- to answer your original question, this project is being financed under our mix-and-match term sheet which you can find on our website, nyc.gov/hpd under developers

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, what is the maximum the tax payers could or would pay on this project, or what is the current? Whichever one you feel more comfortable on.

JORDAN PRESS: There is not a-- so, I would refer you back to the term sheets, but--

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] So-JORDAN PRESS: but it would not be,

particularly in this public forum, would not be appropriate for me to commit to what the maximum amount that a tax payer, that the tax payer is going to be doing this project.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay.

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1 JORDAN PRESS: At this point, at this 2 3 point in the process, we are at a point of Land Use 4 approval. We are not at the point of approving business terms which is conducted through a separate 6 process. 7 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Fair enough.

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I'm just looking at the mix and match term sheet. And so for 80 percent of AMI, which is 25 percent of the units, the maximum subsidy is 115,000. Would that be accurate?

JORDAN PRESS: That's according -- you have the term sheet?

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: We can pass along a copy for you, but that is the term sheet. So, we'll hopefully put all that together, but the subsidy goes up. So there's 10 percent that the Council Member was able to negotiate; that's 30 percent of AMI and the subsidy for 20 percent-- 27 percent of AMI is 185,000. So, would you prepare a list of the maximum financing for us so that we can share that with the public?

JORDAN PRESS: So, the guidelines for the financing is what is in the term sheet, which is publicly available on our website. The-- what the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

2 actual number will be is not determined until

3 closing. It is -- it would not be genuine of me to

4 discuss what that number is going to be at the time

5 of closing at this point in the process.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so when we're talking about the 115,000 dollar subsidy or 80 percent of AMI unit, is that--

JORDAN PRESS: [interposing] That would be the-- that's the maximum.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And is that a just we hand them the cash through the developer, or is that a loan?

JORDAN PRESS: It's provided as a loan that's deferred and accrued and paid at the end of the loan term.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so and the loan term is either 30 or 40 years?

JORDAN PRESS: That's correct.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, folks get

115,000 dollars for every unit, up to, and then they
do not pay interest on that loan for 30 or 40 years,
and then at that point what interest rate are they
usually going to be charged? A range is fine at the
conclusion of it.

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JORDAN PRESS: It's the applicable federal rate, which is approximately 2.6 percent.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I would love to get a loan at that rate. The next question--

JORDAN PRESS: Well, I mean, so I agree and that goes to the value of the city subsidy that is being provided, because to make up for a gap of where the private market and private lenders are not providing.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: In the breakdown of how much of a subsidy you'd give, if you could also share the difference between how much the carry cost is between zero deferral that we're offering the developer and what it's costing the tax payers to pay off that 2.6 percent interest as well as what the difference is between that 2.6 percent interest and what the market would bear for a regular person like me or somebody watching at home, or even somebody in the district if they wanted to borrow that. So, if that paying four, five, six, God knows how much percent, what the value of that differential is.

Now, are you the only ones providing subsidies—sorry, financing from the government or is another agency also providing financing?

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Corporation, which is our sister agency, which the HPD Commissioner is also the Chair of the Board of, is also providing financing on the project.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And HD-- are you

JORDAN PRESS: HDC, Housing Development

comfortable answering for HDC, or do we need to have HDC at these hearings as well in order to comment on their financing?

JORDAN PRESS: The HDC financing is also subject to an HDC term sheet which is available at NYCHDC.com.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Fair enough. We're just trying to make this easier for folks who are watching at home or want to pay attention so that they don't have to go to this website and then a second website and then look things up on a term sheet. The goal is to try to get everything out in front of folks. So, hopefully we can get the value of that. Is there any additional financing on this project or is it all lending from the government?

JORDAN PRESS: So, I'll let Thomas get into it, but we should also mention tax credit, federal tax credits.

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THOMAS BROWN: So, as part of our 2 3 package, and again, I'll preface that by saying that 4 our financing is still under negotiations with a number of parties right now, but as part of our 5 projected package we're also looking at low-income 6 7 housing tax credits on the project, low-income housing tax credit equity to be specific, and we're 8 also looking at in accordance with the term sheets, some level of developer equity, which is still under 10 11 negotiation with the City of New York as well. 12 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so you're 13 getting federal tax credits, and then what was the last one? 14 15 THOMAS BROWN: Developer equity. CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And that's through 16 17 which agency? THOMAS BROWN: Well, we would be putting 18 19 that into--20 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: [interposing] Got it. 21 THOMAS BROWN: the project as part of the mix-and-match. 2.2 2.3 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. And so then, the next piece is there's a rezoning as part of this. 24

So, under the current development rights you can do

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

2 | that for floor area ratio. Under this new rezoning

3 | you're going to be able to go up to nine. So, how

4 much additional square feet are you going to be

5 getting would you say?

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: Well, that would be with that calculation would be five times the lot area which is approximately 29,000 square feet.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: so, about 145,000 give or take?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: Correct, correct.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so what is the value if you were to have to purchase those air rights in that Community Board or in the Bronx in order to do that?

THOMAS BROWN: Well, we'd have to-- I want to stop short of conveying numbers that we haven't analyzed. So, I can't give you that right now.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: In terms of the rezoning, is that being put forward by City Planning or by HPD or which agency is suggesting the change in zoning?

TED WEINSTEIN: The purpose of the rezoning is actually to make this block more

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. Who at the table feels comfortable with determining the value of air rights in the Community Board and what the cash value is for these additional air rights?

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Fair enough, and so hopefully this will be something that we could share on the record with the public.

JORDAN PRESS: You would have to discuss with Council whether you want to reopen the hearing for that purpose.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I would-- we would hope to add it just to the papers that we make available on the City Council website. So, yes. The

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next piece is, how tall are the buildings in the vicinity?

TED WEINSTEIN: The immediate area, let's say a block or two radius, has very, very little residential. It's adjoining, in addition to the park, Hostos Community College is up the block and across the street. Those are, you know, a few stories. Behind us to the west is mostly manufacturing. That was the point of the rezoning, was to make a manufacturing zone a mixed-use zone. And so again, those are not very high. About two blocks to the west and a little north there are two buildings currently in construction. They're not as tall as this would be.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so the-- what's the tallest building currently in construction in the vicinity?

TED WEINSTEIN: In the teens. I forget the exact number of stories.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And what is the maximum height and what is the likely build-out for this building?

TED WEINSTEIN: Well, this building is going to be 27 stories, 285 feet.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so MIH-ZQA which 3 is the rezoning the City just did and R10A, which is 4 the densest possible, it actually has one additional floor area ratio, the height is 260 feet. Is there a 5 reason why additional 25 feet is necessary for your 6 7 building form even though you actually have 10

8 percent less density than the densest district in the

City?

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TED WEINSTEIN: This is-- it's a C63 with MIH if I'm understanding your question right, and that provides the height. There was, I'd have to say, and I'm just a little hesitant about saying too much because I don't want to be incorrect, this was an extremely complicated rezoning. Christoph here who's an architect has called it the most complicated rezoning he's ever dealt with, and there was a tremendous amount of back and forth between the development team and City Planning as to how to make this work, how to make it make sense, including in terms of just the language of the text. They had just done new text to accommodate MIH, and they wanted to make sure that it was consistent that was being proposed here as a text amendment was consistent with what they were saying generally under

MIH, and in fact, the draft language was redrafted, you know, a few times. And so, it is—— I mean, I can read from the ULURP application the two or three paragraphs that describes this if that's helpful, but that's—— it's in the ULURP application itself as best as—— it doesn't compare what's going to have to adhere to an R10A. That comparison is not being made, but it does explain why this is being done.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. I was hoping for quicker back and forth on the questions and answers. For full public disclosure--

TED WEINSTEIN: [interposing] That just is a more complicated question. I'm sorry.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I appreciate for full public disclosure we do try to give questions to folks ahead of time, so we hope that in the time between when we gave the heads up, and now that folks could have prepared. I know that we have members who have questions, so I'm going to just ask one more line of questioning and reserve on questioning about MWBE and the jobs, which is just the affordability. So, what is the household income in the surrounding neighborhood in the same zip code?

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the determination that the rent in the neighborhood

was at 100 percent of the area median income, and if you could share what those rates would be?

JORDAN PRESS: There as a market-UNIDENTIFIED: [interposing] Yeah, market

6 analysis.

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THOMAS BROWN: The study undertaking.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And the market study included both the rent stabilized units, the rent controlled units and the markets, and--

THOMAS BROWN: [interposing] Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So that included what people are already paying who aren't getting a new lease and people who are seeking a new lease?

THOMAS BROWN: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so I think it is pretty amazing that you have a champion in our Land Use Chair Salamanca that he was able to get almost all of the units, 75 percent of them, to be under what the current rates are in the neighborhood. In other types of developments I will be concerned if we are building units that are less affordable than the surrounding communities. So, I just want to praise him for that, and I know he's asked a lot of

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 45 the other questions around these areas. I'd like to turn it to Council Member King.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KING: Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you gentlemen for today's conversation; informative, enlightening, and yes, there's more that has to be done. As we have these conversations, I understand not trying to get in front of -- too far in front of process. So if we can get accurate answers to the best of our abilities at this time and moment. Council Member Salamanca, this is his district, so for the most part members tend to defer to the member on what the member is advocating and negotiating for their district. But I do want to just ask one or two questions in regards to similar what he was asking in regards to the layout. And I understand when you do build buildings such as these, there needs to be a set of parking that's dedicated-percentage of parking. Since there is no parking--I'm very familiar with the neighborhood, worked in the neighborhood for over 15 years, so I know parking's a challenge even though it's part of a commercial strip, warehouses, you know, industrial, but still parking on the Grand Concourse and those back streets, there's really none. You got NYCHA

4 than let's go take a look at it. So, no one decided

5 early on that let's go take a look at it before we

decided not to build any parking in this -- include 6

any parking in this structure?

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There-- so, I'm going to--JORDAN PRESS: go ahead, Ted.

TED WEINSTEIN: Yeah, this is in what is referred to as a transit zone. As you all know, the zoning resolution was amended, I guess at this point, two years ago under the ZQA, and I will say from HPD's point of view, what we found over the years is that when new buildings were being built through our programs which had parking, either garages or surface parking, they were almost always significantly underused. You know, we would walk in, and like first thing we'd walk into some of these buildings and I would see a garage with 20 spaces with two cars. We would speak to developers and managing companies and they would say that that was pretty consistent. And that, you know, bluntly is just a waste of valuable gas resources of funds and of In fact, one of the phenomenons that we've space.

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been experiencing in the last few years is many cases developers would build a building with a surface parking lot have come back to get funding to build a second building on part or all of the parking lot because it's just being so underutilized. City Planning had a whole series of other criteria and facts that they learned in putting together that amendment of the zoning resolution. This is an excellent example of a transit zone. It's literally just down the block from subway station that serves three different subway lines. It's-- there were buses on the Grand Concourse, a major thoroughfare in the Bronx as you know. And so, you know, people drive around looking for spaces rather than going to garages very often. You know, and that was one of the things that we've been told when we've spoken in front of Community Boards and other organizations. And so while it-- I don't think people doubt that there are-- that there's a challenge for on-street parking in areas. It's not solved if you build a garage or parking lot that isn't used, and that was our experience.

COUNCIL MEMBER KING: Okay, so, in the future as y'all continue to move with this project,

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TED WEINSTEIN: Okay, first I'll just-I'll talk about the intent here and then they can
talk about the actual technical aspects of it. When,
unfortunately, the school building had to be

that was the intent in the RFP that we issued, and

many of the proposals that we received, you know,

were along these lines or were similar. I guess the

simple answer before I turn it over to them is that

the building has more affordable units and that's

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2 obviously our mission is to try to provide as many affordable units as we can.

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: So, yes, the building, the proposed building height of approximately 285 feet is just as Ted said, is to provide the maximum amount of affordable units on the site. What I also want to say is the surrounding buildings currently don't reflect what could be built in the surrounding areas. Ted mentioned the rezoning that was done in 2009 would allow for higher buildings. We did not conduct a study on how that could look like, but I do know that there are what would be considered underbuilt lots in the immediate vicinity.

that answer, because that almost leads into the next question. Because if this is going to be the iconic building because you can build up that high, doesn't mean necessarily, but do you set a new precedent for this part of the Bronx in this district that once you build high the next developer wants to build as high, this as high, this as high, and now you've taken a piece of the Bronx that had free space, people could stretch their arms out; now you've just built a community that's stacked on top of one another

2 because everyone wants to build to maximum capacity.

3 So, I'm asking you as you continue to figure out how

4 you build, let's figure out how we don't build

5 everything to maximum capacity as to give yourself

6 some space and some freedom and more important the

7 people who have to live in that neighborhood, which

8 goes to the next question. Is this educational

9 campus that's being built or educational space, is

10 that designed to be fed by the people in the building

11 or it's for the entire district?

TED WEINSTEIN: It's for the community

13 at-large.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KING: Okay, for the community at-large. And then my last question goes back to the community, talking about people's— the AMI here. How do we ensure— what plans do you have ensured to make sure that residents who live in that neighborhood not only have access to this housing but actually get into this housing? Because if you're saying the majority of the people that can't afford the housing that's around it, how you going to put them in this new building? Because people have complained about the Bronx about "New Port Morris" [sic] that influx people from all parts of the City

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 52 and the residents who have lived there for 20 or 25 years can't get into the new housing that's being developed.

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JORDAN PRESS: If I may, so it's-- we discussed earlier with the Chairman about how we will work to do affirmative marketing together to prepare CB1 and other south Bronx residents for-- to apply. HPD marketing guidelines currently include a community preference. Right now it's 50 percent, and whatever that community preference is at the time of lease-up is what we'll apply and that will be written into the regulatory agreement.

at the end of the day that everyone's happy,
especially the people who lived in that neighborhood
all their lives and a new building gets constructed,
they have opportunity to be in there and raise their
families. Because we've heard on the news recently
from some landlords that's messing it up. Some
apartments are just rat infested, no heat, and a new
building gets erected, and I still got to live in
this messed up apartment and I don't have access to
a new building. So, I just look forward to you all
doing--

JORDAN PRESS: [interposing] We agree.

COUNCIL MEMBER KING: whatever you got to do to make sure Bronxites [sic] have better places to live. Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you Mr. Salamanca, Council Member Salamanca.

TED WEINSTEIN: If I may just emphasize the point that— about the community preference, that since the system is computerized, our marketing unit tells us that every single building that has gone through the process has been able to achieve the community preference threshold.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you, Council
Member King for some strong questions. Onto Council
Member Deutsch followed by Council Member Diaz,
Senior.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Thank you,

Chairs. First of all, bless you. Okay, so I have a

few questions. First of all, I'm looking through

the-- all the details of this 27-story development.

I don't see anything here of what the flood zone this

building is in. Do you know what flood zone?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: This project site is not within a flood zone.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, you have the 3 Harlem River like right there. So, how can that not 4 be part of flood zone?

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: So, the site is actually located on a little bit of a ridge in that area. So, there's a significant great difference down to the river. We are multiple tens of feet above the Harlem River.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: And during Hurricane Sandy, was this area at all flooded? CHRISTOPH STUMP: I don't know.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So, if you don't know and you're saying it's above grades, so how do we know that it's-- I mean, how do we know it's not in the flood prone area?

TED WEINSTEIN: There was no flooding in this immediate area.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: There was no flooding at all?

TED WEINSTEIN: Not in this immediate area, no.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Okay. So, in addition to that, I just want to say that this is kind of a unique building which I'm looking at the

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2 | architecture and everything. You have 27 stories,

3 277 units, and you have a school, educational faculty

4 in the same building. So, would you say this is like

5 a unique project to have a school in the same

6 building as a high-rise? Is this a model of any

7 other buildings that you have seen in the City?

a charter school space. There are not many examples of SCA DOE schools within residential buildings, but we've had other cases. I mean, I can only speak for the Bronx. We've had other cases, not in the recent past, where developers came in with part of their proposal being to provide space for a charter school.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: How many children do you anticipate to be in the school?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: The RFP response had a children's population of somewhat over 200 children, but again, right now we haven't secured a school operator, and that varies very much from operator to operator.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Now, do we know if it's going to be an elementary, middle school, high school? Do you know what type of school that is lacking in this area that might be part of this RFP?

THOMAS BROWN: no, well we've been in 2 3 contact, as I mentioned earlier with a number of operators from preschool, from elementary school up 4 5 through high school. So, the range of possibilities are wide open. Right now we're trying to bring that 6 7 down a little bit right now in our conversation. So when you have a school in this high-rise, how do you 8

segregate the school from the residents in the

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building?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: It has a second opening, but-- yeah. It has a separate entrance on Walton Avenue, and the internal circulation is completely separated from all other uses. So, the educational facilities has its own interior circulation as well as egress. There's no intermingling.

THOMAS BROWN: Along the -- on the rending along Walton Avenue you'll see the entrance to the building, to the school component.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: So how far is the entrance to the school to the entrance of the building?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: The residential entrance is on the opposite side of the building. SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 57

The lot is approximately 200 feet wide. Sorry, 160

some feet wide, so. It's on the opposite street of

Grand Concourse because it's Walton Avenue.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: And this is part of the transit district so you have plenty of public transportation around there where the kids, obviously from the school, using mass transit will be going around the building. One of my concerns when I'm looking at this is also when you have so many residents— I'm just openly talking— that when you have so many residents in the building and you have a school, how do we monitor let's say the sex offenders, any sex offenders that are in the building? Because I've not seen too many schools in a residential building.

THOMAS BROWN: Well, I would say that the building itself has a secure-- has a significant amount of cameras and lighting around it just as a matter-- just as a part of the building design, and then we would also work with the operator who will be in control of their own space to monitor for that as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: I think that's--

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JORDAN PRESS: [interposing] I would just add that typically in the lease-up of a residential building, the landlord will go through a background check to make sure that the tenants are able to pay, understand their credit and other background items. HPD has guidelines about what you can and cannot reject people for with respect to things like credit history, if you have a history of homelessness, a little bit different, but to your question about somebody with a, you know, particularly with like a recent sex offense, that would come out in the-- you know, in a background check at the time of the lease-up.

might come out in the background check, but someone that moves into one of these apartments, it could happen later on so you won't see it in the background check. I just want to make sure that I think it's important that part of the RFP when you have a discussion with the school that there should be some type of professionals and authority to come in and just to talk to the students to make sure that there's extra security, because cameras are good for after the fact if something happens. But I think the

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: Subway.

ask the panel, how did you get here today? By car?

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Subway.

THOMAS BROWN: Subway.

By mass transit? Just curious.

JORDAN PRESS: Subway.

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: You own cars?

TED WEINSTEIN: I [inaudible].

COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: You don't have a car. So, the Chair asked the question about parking and so did Council Member Andy King. The answer you gave, Ted's, I mean this is not my district, but this is something that could happen anywhere in the City, but parking is an issue, and I've never seen a parking lot that's underutilized in the way that you

just described it, that you have a parking lot that's totally empty. 277 units, you have cars. You know, if there's some type of an incentive to tenants that if you don't have a car you'll get some type of incentive to move into a building like this, that makes sense, because then you're bringing in people who are committed not to have vehicles but to use mass transit, but until we have some type of incentive for them, it could be a tax credit, it could be anything else, but you know, you don't know how many people out of 277 apartments and three bedrooms and up that may own vehicles that won't find parking nearby, and you mentioned the parking lot a quarter of a mile away. I don't think anyone's going to be moving into an apartment that's affordable housing to start paying 350 dollars a month for parking. So that's not -- that's not going to happen. So, I mean, whenever something, a project like this, goes up I don't think the answer would be is that the parking is not being utilized, but we need to figure out in the future that you have a development in such a large scale that there must be some type of parking for the residents. It's not a ZQA. A ZQA, I know that in certain areas in the mass transit that was 20

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JORDAN PRESS: Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: We have questions from Council Member Diaz, Senior. We have an additional panel for testimony on this matter as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Before I ask my question, Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask a question to you. I want to get my mind clear about how we're doing this, because I see some of you guys, especially you, Mr. Chairman, you asked some questions and the answer for many of them was, "I will get back to you. I will get back to you." So, what are the rules? The rules are we voting no matter what, or are we holding the vote until those questions are properly satisfied?

asked, and I am so glad to welcome you to the committee. I think that the point you are making is one that has long been unspoken, which is at many hearings we ask questions, we give the questions ahead of time, but it's always, "I'll get back to you." And so I look forward to working with you and

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Thank you. Another question to you, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Chairman, I have another question for you. A member of the planning board had been invited to testify today? Were they invited or no?

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, I don't believe they've been invited. However, based on both of our feeling that there is a Land Use item here and the fact that HPD was not able to answer their questions, I think moving forward if there is a zoning action involved, we will be inviting CPC to be here as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Mr. Chair, if you'll allow me. So, Council Member, the Community Board, they sent a letter with their recommendations.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: No, I'm going there now.

23 now.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Oh, okay.

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going, because I'm reading here that says— where was I? The Community Board on 09-28-17, September 28, 1917 [sic], the Community Board vote 15 in favor, nine opposed and one abstained. Nine and one abstain against 15, so this is not a— the [inaudible] not overwhelmingly approved this. And another question that the Community Board approved this with certain conditions, and one of them said, "Retain new development property manager for the project." Why—what was wrong with the first one?

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I'm going to defer to the Chair of the-- the local member on this one unless you want to--

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: So, what they were referring to was the property manager, Wave

Crest [sic] is initial. So, you have, you know, you have organizations that collect the rent and they're in charge of the maintenance, and so Community Board

One has issues with Wave Crest, and so I believe that their original proposal Wave Crest was going to be the property manager, and so they requested that Wave Crest not be the property manager.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 1 THOMAS BROWN: So, and we have since 2 3 removed that management company, and we're in the process of identifying a new management company. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: The Community Board again is approving this based on those requirements. 6 7 Those requirements had not been complied to with. 8 So, how are we doing? 9 JORDAN PRESS: On that matter, they are 10 complying with it. On the matter of who the 11 management -- on the question of who the management company was, they complied with the Community Board's 12 13 request to use a different management company. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Yeah, one that they 15 approve. 16 JORDAN PRESS: One that the board 17 approves? 18 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: So, they-- the 19 developer has not yet identified one, and they will 20 return to the board and the Council Member when they 21 do. 2.2

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: [inaudible] When-see, I'm from the Bronx. I used to be representing as a Senator [sic], part of this area, and I know that my son [sic] as a Board President and the leaders of

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 65 1 the community, we all want to see the Bronx being 2 3 rebuilt and to see housing. We always -- one thing 4 that I am trying to always say that I would like not to see, I don't like the Bronx to become Harlem, and I tell you why. Harlem is beautiful now. Harlem has 6 7 been renovated, beautiful, but the natives are no 8 longer there. So, I'm very cautious when we do this thing, because we always hear the nice word, the nice word is affordable, affordable. Then the bottom line 10 is affordable to whom? So when you have so many 11 12 affordable houses that you say, oh, it's going to be 13 affordable, affordable -- affordable to whom? Can you answer that to me anyone of you, affordable to whom? 14 15 JORDAN PRESS: So, let's go back to the 16 AMI chart. So, this is exactly who it's affordable People earning a range of-- people who are 17 18 extremely low-income, 20,000 dollars a year 19 approximately, up to people who have good jobs, 20 middle-income, not higher than 95,000 dollars a year. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Twenty-thousand dollars for -- how many member of the family? 2.2

JORDAN PRESS: Their annual -- so, the 20,000 dollar number is for a single household, and the 28,000 dollar number is for a family of four.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: For a single

3 household, 20,000?

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JORDAN PRESS: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: And that's

affordable for our community?

JORDAN PRESS: Yes, it is.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Okay, I don't even- I don't want to ask any more question. Thank you,
Mr. Chair.

questions I had held on reserve. These-- so, with regards to the development, you've got a developer, you've got an architect, you've got general contractor, you've got management. I'd like to know for each who the owners are and how many are MWBE's. I'd also like to know who the executives are and how many are MWBE, and MWBE means minority, women-- minorities and women. So, the developers, who are the developers and who are the-- who are the developers of this project and who are the owners of those development companies, and what is their gender and--

JORDAN PRESS: I just want to make one important distinction. An MWBE is a technical term

of being certified as a minority or women-- minority women business enterprise, which is distinct from what the racial make-up is of the executives of a firm. I just want to clarify the question. Are you asking about MWBE's and how many MWBE's are involved, or are you asking about the racial make-up of the executives of the companies that are involved?

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I'm asking both. I'm not only interested in racial. I'm also interested in women, and it so happens that the Mayor has been asking nonprofits and other organizations throughout the City that doesn't even have any business with the City to disclose this type of information as well.

JORDAN PRESS: Right. So, I'll let
Thomas speak to it. I just want to mention that HPD
has a requirement called our Build up Program, where
25 percent of HPD supportable costs of our subsidy
need to be spent as a goal on certified MWBE's. So,
that can be a contractor. It can be a painter. It
can be an architect. It can be a landscape
architect, but that is something that we are actively
monitoring as a new HPD program under this
Administration, but I'll let Thomas answer the rest.

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THOMAS BROWN: Okay, so we'll start with 2 3 the developer, Trinity Financial, and I'll ask MBD to 4 speak on its own organization. Trinity Financial, 5 I'll start with, is not an MWBE, but the company itself has two principals, one that's a minority and 6 7 one that is not, so 50 percent minority ownership. 8 As far as the senior staff within Trinity, I would say that that make-up is about-- and again, I'm sorry I don't have the exact number, but I would say about 10 11 80 percent either -- and/or minority, and/or female. 12 And as a company, company-wide, and I think we're 13 over now over 250 employees. We're at about 60 14 percent female and/or minorities.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And with regards to MBD Community Housing Corp?

DERRICK LOVETT: Yes, MBD is a nonprofit. We employ about 30 maintenance staff and nine administrative and social service personnel. With the administrative staff we are about 35 percent women, and our whole company we're at 98 percent minority.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And that includes executives and owners?

DERRICK LOVETT: That's correct.

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: To my knowledge it's also not a minority or women-owned business, and I'll also have to get back to you on that with regards to the ownership make-up.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And the management company is to be determined still?

CHRISTOPH STUMP: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And that's in response to the Community Board.

CHRISTOPH STUMP: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: With regards to the work that's happening on the site, my understanding is that based on the local member and Land Use Chair's strong negotiation there's a commitment for the service after the building is opened for those folks to receive a wage rate that is commensurate with other people in the area. They will have benefits. They will have opportunity for training. They will have pensions and what have you.

JORDAN PRESS: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: What is—— will that also be available for those constructing the building?

THOMAS BROWN: Yes.

be on Medicare and Medicaid.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Will the medical facility accept Medicare and Medicaid?

income in the immediate vicinity. Those folks will

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No, we're targeting a supermarket, and we're in conversations with a number of supermarket operators.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, and in terms of the school, what type of -- is it a -- what kind of school is it going to be?

THOMAS BROWN: As I mentioned earlier, we're in conversations with a number of operators. So, ranging from elementary through high school.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so, is it-- are you working with the School Construction Authority or the Educational Construction Fund or?

THOMAS BROWN: Right now we're working with charter school operators. We've-- early on in SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 73

our pre-development process we contacted the SCA and provided them with our plans and to get some feedback, and I don't know if you want to talk about-

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CHRISTOPH STUMP: The plans that we had developed in conjunction with the partnering, we went into the-- or we submitted as an RFP response which was a charter high school. The plans did not suffice SCA's requirements. So, I think just for HPD, so in the Community Board resolution they indicated that advanced discussions with SCA to ensure school seat capacity is met with projects in the district to reduce school seat deficits in Community Board One.

I guess is-- are those-- is that happening?

JORDAN PRESS: Sorry, can you read the passage again?

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: It's from the handout that's publicly available— it's not? Oh, it's an internal briefing. We're going to make so much available to the public on these moving forward. It's not even funny. So, this is something that Council Member Diaz, Senior was referencing and I'm glad he called our attention to, and this is the Community Board's resolution, and so if he had

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3 Community Board resolution reads: "in association

focused on the property manager -- and so the

4 with future EIS of HPD projects, advance discussions

5 | with School Construction Authority to ensure school

6 capacity is met with projects in the district to

7 reduce school seat deficits in Bronx Community Board

8 One." And that is publicly available.

JORDAN PRESS: We work with our partners over at SCA and City Hall on that.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. There are a lot of items where you said I will— that you will get back to us. It is my belief as well as the belief of Council Member Diaz, Senior who I applaud for really standing up on that, and I hope you will continue to do so. It will be good to have a number of folks saying to the city agencies that you need to come to these hearings with all the answers and we look forward to having those answers. This is the initial hearing. We will continue to add to the record, and we will work with the local member and Land Use Chair as we head towards a vote. We have—and I'd like to excuse this panel, but we will send additional questions to you and just ask that the additional materials are provided under the same

terms as where you are today which is that under your affirmation that it will be accurate, truthful and accurate. Thank you. I'll excuse this panel. We have a second panel, Bryant Brown who represents 32BJ SEIU, and William Woodruff of UFT, the United Federation of Teachers. Who'd ever like to go first, and if you can keep your remarks shorter. If you exceed a certain number of minutes— we're going to aim for two to three minutes, but we'll— I tend to do five. So, let's start with five, and you don't have to use all five.

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BRYANT BROWN: Excellent. Good

afternoon, everyone. Thank you for the opportunity
to testify today. My name is Bryant Brown, and I am
here speaking on behalf of 32BJ SEIU. 32BJ is the
largest property service union in the country
representing 85,000 service workers across the City
and 163,000 nationwide. 32BJ members maintain,
clean, and provide security services in schools,
commercial and residential, both market rate and
affordable buildings all across the five boroughs,
including at projects like 425 Grand Concourse. 32BJ
SEIU supports responsible developers who are
committed to supporting working families. Our union

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Thank you.

has had very productive conversations with the
development team, and we hope to continue working
with the community and with applicants to ensure that
this project provides good building service jobs for
New Yorkers. We would also like to thank Chair
Kallos as well as Council Member Salamanca for his
support. Good jobs can help Bronx residents out of
poverty and allow workers at the site to support

their families and continue to call New York home.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you for only using 45 seconds.

WILLIAM WOODRUFF: Hello, my name is Bill Woodruff. I come representing the United Federation of Teachers. I've worked with Councilman Salamanca, so he knows keeping it short is not my strong suit, so I will try my best. I come also not just as the district rep for District Seven who would look at this and a member of the District Leadership Committee, but also as a teacher at PS31, and so I feel like I need to correct the record when they said that PS31 was closed. The building was condemned, but PS31 is still here. I taught there this morning. The community is there, and in fact, for the 14 years

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 78 the same level of teacher credentials recently. And now we're going on the record saying that this new educational facility, one of the reasons they aren't working with SCA is because it doesn't meet the School Construction Authority requirements. concerns me. Because for 14 years I've gotten up early every day, sometimes being at my school at 5:00 a.m. because I care about this community. We looked at these issues across the country. We've looked at these issues how they've hurt our public schools, and I can tell you that this year alone, out of the 23 elementary and middle schools in my district-- I do not cover high schools -- I took four of those because there are class size issues, and the public schools don't have enough seats. The charter schools, plenty of seats because they're pushing their kids out and they're ending up back in the public schools, but yet there's not a conversation to move that displaced school back to their traditional home. There's not a conversation to put a public school back into the community, and there's no public school right in that area. Those families are walking a long distance in order to go to a public school. a Bronx-ite because now I'm proud to live in the

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1 Bronx and I'm happy to be here, and I don't see 2 3 myself going anywhere for a very long time, because I 4 do love the Bronx. I want my tax dollars accounted for, and Charter schools don't have that tax accountability as well. So, I have a lot of concerns 6 7 when it come to the educational quality, that the 8 children in the neighborhood that I love. And so I ask if there be a consideration to put a public

school, a public elementary school knowing that we don't have enough seats for our children in public elementary schools in District Seven. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: You currently teach at PS 31?

WILLIAM WOODRUFF: Correct. I'm the district rep and I also currently teach at 31. district rep is a split position in that I do represent the UFT's interest across the district, but I do have teaching responsibilities at my home school as PS31. Currently I teach fourth grade enrichment.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you for taking time for being here today. Thank you also for living and working in the same community. I think our city would be much better off if our folks did that. How many folks-- how many kids do you tech I your

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 80 classes? Your class overcrowded or is your school over--

WILLIAM WOODRUFF: I teach an enrichment pull-out. My class does-- right now, we don't have enough teachers. So, there is a couple of periods a week where we have what are called mass preps where the children are placed into large rooms in there.

What I can-- while PS31 did not have oversized classes, I do represent all of the elementary and middle schools and so I can speak to-- four of my schools were found to have oversized classes throughout the district including another elementary school. There is the need for public school seats.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I'd like to call on Council Member Ruben Diaz, Senior.

COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Just say that I used to take my son, the one who's Borough President now, who went [inaudible]

PS31.

WILLIAM WOODRUFF: Sorry to interrupt, but his picture does hang in our school, because we're proud to have him as an alumni of 31, and he's a great man. You did a great job.

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I know what you're 2 COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: 3 talking about. Definitely we need to build more 4 public school. However, charter school was a 5 creation of -- out of this period call for our black and Hispanic children to get a good education and to 6 7 get a chance to educate. Charter school have been 8 proven to be good to black and Hispanic children. Charter school have been built in black and Hispanic communities, not in white communities. So, about 90, 10 11 95 percent of charter school students are black and 12 Hispanic. Right now there is a waiting list of more 13 than 60,000 children. Children are waiting in our 14 community, black and Hispanic community. So, those 15 parent are dying to get an opportunity for their 16 children to go into public and to charter school. 17 So, yes, we need to build more public school. 18 However, charter schools have been a God-send to our 19 black and Hispanic community. I always support 20 charter school, and I'm glad that they are 21 [inaudible]. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. We'd like to excuse this panel, and are there any more members of the public who wish to testify? Seeing none, we will close our physical public hearing

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 82 pending responses from the developer and HPD on the outstanding questions. We'd like to get those documents within 72 hours. If we don't receive it by then we will continue to hold it open until those documents are-- we are closing the public hearing. We are accepting the written responses in 72 hours. If we don't receive it within 72 hours I will be forced to read it into the record, which is not my preference. So, thank you. Today's second hearing is on Land Use item number 11, the Nine Fort Washington Avenue UDAAP and tax exemption application for properties located in Council Member Levine's district in Manhattan. The properties are Nine Fort Washington Avenue, 518 West 161st Street, 544-46 West 163rd Street, and 609 West 158th Street. HPD seeks approval from the Urban Development Action Area Project, UDAAP, designation, disposition, and project approval pursuant to article 16 of General Municipal Law as well as approval of a 40-year real property tax exemption pursuant to Article 11 Section 577 of the Private Housing Finance Law. These actions will facilitate the rehabilitation and disposition of four city-owned occupied residential buildings totaling 94 units to the existing tenants. And I'm going to

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JORDAN PRESS: Jordan Press.

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2 CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Christine Retzlaff
3 O'Connell.

ISMENE SPELIOTIS: Ismene Speliotis.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this subcommittee and in response to all Council Member questions?

JORDAN PRESS: I do.

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: I do.

ISMENE SPELIOTIS: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Thank you. You may now begin.

JORDAN PRESS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Land Use number 11 consists of the proposed

disposition of four partially occupied city-owned

properties located at Nine Fort Washington Avenue,

518 West 161st Street, 544-46 West 163rd Street, and

609 West 158th Street in Manhattan Council District

Seven and is known as the Fort Washington Avenue ANCP

Cluster. HPD's Affordable Neighborhood Cooperative

Program or ANCP selects qualified developers to

rehabilitate distressed, city-owned, occupied, multi
family properties managed by the Tenant Interim Lease

Program in order to create affordable cooperatives

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for low and moderate income households. All ANCP properties are currently owned by the City of New York. It'll be transferred to restoring community's' HTFC upon construction loan closing and conveyed to a newly-formed cooperative HDFC upon conversion. Restoring communities will hold title and oversee the rehabilitation and cooperative conversion that will be undertaken by the developer, MAHNY, selected through our request for qualifications. developer will sign a site development and management agreement with restoring communities that will be in effect until coop conversion occurs, and title will be transferred to the individual cooperative and its shareholders. From cooperative conversion the developer will remain the property manager for at least one year. After the first year, the coop will have the choice of keeping the developer as property manager or hiring a new company that must be approved The Fort Washington ANCP cluster has a total of 94 units that include a mixture of unit types. There are six one-bedrooms, 40 two-bedrooms, and 48 three-bedroom apartments. Existing occupants will be able to purchase their unit for 2,500 dollars, and

the initial maintenance is anticipated to be set at

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 86 40 percent of the area median income or approximately 730 dollars for a one-bedroom unit, 886 dollars for a two-bedroom unit, 1,019 for a three-bedroom apartment. Household AMI targets for vacant apartments are between 100 and 125 percent. buildings will undergo substantial rehabilitation to reconfigure the existing railroad designs as they are no longer compliant with DOB code. The work will include structural joist replacement, asbestos and lead removal, as well as work to the building envelope such as masonry, new windows and new roofs. Additionally, the rehab will include replacement of building systems such as electrical and plumbing and installation of a new boiler. The apartment interiors will include new bathrooms and kitchen fixtures meeting green initiative standards, entry doors, new flooring, hallway upgrade, and lighting. Post-construction the unit mix will be eight onebedrooms, 54 two-bedrooms-- I'm sorry-- and 32 threebedrooms. There will be a two-phase relocation and construction schedule where two buildings will be rehabbed at the same time. All existing tenants are aware of the relocation timeline for the buildings.

In addition to seeking disposition approval, Land Use

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11 seeks Article 11 tax benefits in order to help the HDFC maintain affordability. The term of the tax exemption will be for 40 years coinciding with the regulatory agreement. Council Member Levine has been briefed and supports approval of the process— of the project. Thank you. Let me just invite Ismene as representative of the developer to just introduce

MAHNY to the committee as a sponsor of the project

just with a brief background of the organization.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS

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ISMENE SPELIOTIS: Thank you, Jordan.

Thank you, Council people. I'm Ismene. I'm the

Executive Director of MAHNY, a nonprofit housing and

community development organization that owns and

manages over 1,500 apartments throughout the City,

all affordable to very low and low-income people,

families. We were selected through the RFQ process

that Jordan referred to, and we actually have an

expertise in working with rehabbing buildings with

people either in occupancy or relocating people

temporarily out of their buildings and then bringing

them back, and so I think that's why we were

selected. And we've been working with the residents

of these four buildings for over the last 12 months

to make sure that they are aware of the entire

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process and supportive of what is basically happening
to them and making sure that they're participating in
it.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: We're going to try
to do a quick hearing, and we're going to try to have
some of the members come back to vote. I want to
just take a moment to thank Council Member Diaz,
Senior, for being here and asking tough questions.
It's actually more frequent than not that you see
just one member remaining. It is rare for members to
attend the whole hearing, which is—— I really
appreciate it. So, thank you. So, first question.
So, we've got these apartments people have been
living in. how much will they be paying to stay in
their apartments?

is going to be set at approximately 40 percent of area median income, and 40 percent of AMI is what's shown to be able to cover monthly operating costs, save a little bit for the future. So, if there's some capital repair or operating need, they can cover those costs as well as pay a small amount of debt service to a permanent mortgage.

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2 CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And how much does

3 that work out to in dollars and cents?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. So, a one-bedroom is approximately 720, two-bedroom is 886, and a three is 1,019.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And tenants who are living there currently are paying 2,500 dollars a month-- sorry, 2,500 to buy the apartment.

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: That's correct.

So, the purchase price for the existing families is

2,500. There's also what we call the Unit Purchase

Savings Plan which we rolled out last year, which is

a rent-to-own model so that families that earn 80

percent of AMI or less would be eligible to put their

rent pay during construction into a savings account

up to 2,250 dollars.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And if somebody can't afford that, what are the-- sorry. What are the incomes of the people who live in the building currently?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: From minimum to maximum.

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2 CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. So, we have 3 requested income surveys from all existing families. 4 The data is currently self-reported. It hasn't been evaluated as of yet. So, we have anywhere from three 5 percent of AMI, which is a self-reported income of 6 7 2,500 dollars a month all the way up to 107 percent of area median income which is closer to 8 approximately 100,000 dollars a year. Once we go through the process, and this may be your next 10 11 question, of facilitating Section 8 applications. There is going to be an actual collection of data 12

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And once that happens, if somebody can't afford it, will they have other finance-- will they have any support to stay in their unit?

documentation to affirm resident incomes.

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Yes. So, we anticipate that existing families will be offered Section 8 applications at the time that the rent restructure is anticipated to occur which is after construction, and there is a process in place to work with residents to ensure that they fill out the applications correctly and that they're getting

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I thought Section 8 isn't available anymore. Folks are always asking for Section 8, so how is this--

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: [interposing]
There's two-- good question.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, how is this possible and who's paying for it?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: So, there's two
pools of Section 8 in the City of New York. There is
a Section 8 that is administered through NYCHA which
is citywide and it's public, and then there's HPD
Section 8. So, our Section 8 is only used for HPD
projects. We must initiate some kind of rent
restructure or identify rent burden for a project
that's going through HPD in order to use our Section
8. It is not public use.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And so how many of the units in this new development group, this cluster, are-- for folks watching at home, we're talking about new coops that people can buy for 2,500 dollars. Can I or can somebody watching at home get one of these units for 2,500 dollars?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: No. So, there are

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vacancies. This cluster is approximately 67 percent occupied. So there are vacancies within the four individuals' buildings. The sale prices for the vacant apartment is going to be higher than the insider price. Insiders have sweat equity in these buildings. They have been tenant associations since their entrance into the TIL program in the early 2000's, and so their value is that they get to purchase in at 2,500 subject to the purchase savings program. Outsiders will have sale prices that are higher, and those sale prices help come in and pay down construction cost for the project.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. So, maybe it's a qualified no. So, I'm watching at home and there's these units. How many units are we talking about, and can anyone do it or is there an income restriction?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And what is the likely ballpark for how much these coops are?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. We're currently looking at 31 vacant apartments across the portfolio that will be marketed through HPD full

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lottery process. So, there are certain preferences that are allotted as we spoke about in the last program, a community preference. There's also going to be some units that are ADA complain, and so there'll be some preferences for that. It's a full lottery, so it's not first come first serve. He apartments are approximately 350,000 dollars for a two-bedroom. That's our current estimate. We're still finalizing the numbers. We think we're pretty close, but as Jordan has mentioned previously, sometimes as we get closer to closing we want to really get them set in stone. So, right now we're approximately 3,050 for a two-bedroom. The income restriction for that price unit is going to be somewhere between 110 percent of area median income

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And for those who may not be familiar with the AMI's, what income is 110 to 120?

and 120 percent of area median income.

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. I got my little notes here. So, let's look at a two-bedroom for two individuals, because these are right-sized units. So, they-- a one-bedroom can be sold to a family of one, but a two-bedroom must be sold to a

CHAIRPERSON KOO: Great.

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CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: So there will be a range.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: But I guess some folks watching at home might be like, "A person's buying it for 2,500, now they can sell it for 350,000. Why does that person get to make more than a quarter-million dollars?" Is there anything to disincentivize somebody from flipping their apartment and just walking— leaving our city and just making money?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Absolutely. There are a number of protective restrictions that these coops will have to adhere to through our regulatory agreement with the City of New York with HPD. One of those restrictions is the flip tax requirement. So, for an insider purchasing their apartment at 2,500 dollars, they will have to flip a certain percentage of the sale profit back to the coop. sale profit is considered anything over the original purchase price and any closing cost. So no one participating would

2 lose out on the value they put into the project or

3 into their homeownership, but they would have to flip

4 | a certain amount back to the coop.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: How much is the flip tax going to be and for how long?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. So, there's a little bit of differentiation between an existing tenants' flip tax and a flip tax for the vacant apartments. For an insider they must within year one flip back 95 percent of their sale profit to the coop.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: That's pretty much everything.

everything in year one, and it goes up. The amount that the seller is able to retain goes up every year until year 15, and at year 15 they can retain 80 percent of the sale profit, and they're required to flip back 20 percent to the coop. So, over time there's definitely value that's, you know, realized.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And how long-- so it's only a 20 percent flip tax at year 15.

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CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: At year 15, and then that goes through the end of the regulatory term.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so one-fifth of any additional income, and so how long is the regulatory term?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: This regulatory agreement we're proposing is for 40 years.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. And so as I did with the previous project, what are some of the subsidies? So, is there a tax abatement, and how long? What is the annual tax abatement, and what are the total for all years?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Sure. So, there-we are requesting an Article 11 tax exemption because this will be an HDFC coop entity. There'll be four coop entities. The term is 40 years, and the net present value of the four exemptions is 4.4 million dollars. The cumulative value is 15.8 million dollars.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. So, those are pretty low tax-- that's a pretty low tax subsidy. Are there any other tax-related subsidies?

2 CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: There are no other 3 tax-related subsidies.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Are there any financing subsidies as we saw on a different project?

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Absolutely. HPD is committed to investing in the rehabilitation of these properties so that they're safe and inhabitable and they'll last another 100 years after they're conveyed to a coop. We do invest, per our term sheet, up to 200,000 dollars per unit to rehab the building. We are investing approximately 138,000 dollars per unit for the coop conversion. So, maybe I can give you just a little bit of information further. So, HPD, every time we do one of these projects tenants are required to meet certain requirements in order to convert to coop. tenants are required to go to training classes. They have eight core classes they have to attend. They're required to pay rent regularly, and also 80 percent of the total building must be in contract in order to convert to coop, which is a New York State Attorney General requirement. If we're not able to get to those three thresholds on any one of these four buildings, one of those buildings may become a rental

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instead. And so HPD needs to project what the cost of rebuilding a building is if it doesn't have the sale proceeds income. In that case, HPD would have to invest a certain additional amount of subsidy to be able to convert the coop. Excuse me, to be able to convert the building into, you know, a rental

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, help me with this. The buildings are already there. People are living there. How much work are we really talking about?

property, rent stabilized property.

CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Ismene, do you want to talk about that?

ISMENE SPELIOTIS: So, the buildings are in pretty bad condition. So, after we did the assessment of the buildings we made a determination that the most cost-effective long-term plan was to actually do a substantial rehab of each building which means everything.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So what does that mean and how much is that going to cost? And is that like you're just taking it down to the walls and the beams, or are you just going in and like changing the paint?

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ISMENE SPELIOTIS: So, we are actually-we actually need to relocate the residents from their current homes into temporary relocation, and then we are going to gut the inside of the building completely down to the studs so that in fact any floor joist that needs replacing or doubling up will happen. The brick walls will remain, but pretty much anything else from roof to seller will be brand new in each building, and the cost of that right now is-where is my construction number? Yeah, I think it's about 230,000 dollars per unit to rehab these buildings, 230,000 dollars per apartment. CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay, so all in, how many million would you say? ISMENE SPELIOTIS: We're approximately-we're around 30 million dollars for the whole CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Okay. And so the money is -- so, in terms of the financing, what type of financing are you looking at?

ISMENE SPELIOTIS: So, the financing is actually under-- it's a participation loan program where we actually go out and look for a private lender. In this case we've approached the Community

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Preservation Corporation. The Community Preservation Corporation, CPC, is going to be the participatory lender with HPD. So CPC will provide the first mortgage, private financing, and that's sized based on what we can afford to amortize. That loan will actually be fully amortized during the regulatory period, and then the second mortgage will be the HPD subsidy. There is a very, very small, the 2,500 dollars times the 94 units is the equity that the buildings will be bringing to the project, and then the sales proceeds come out to almost 12 million dollars currently at that 110 to 120, and so that what happens there is then-- there's a construction loan that's much bigger, and then as the sales sell, then we actually pay down both the HPD and the private mortgage to the number that can be actually maintained with the rent and the maintenance that we're going to be charging going forward. CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Are you receiving

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Are you receiving any financing from HDC or state or federal funding or incentives?

ISMENE SPELIOTIS: So, the only other additional financing that we'll be getting is a grant from the New York State Affordable Housing

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: The area median income is for folks who are at 110 to 120 percent of the area median income, but that's a citywide measure. In anyone's estimation at the table, do we know what the area median income is for the Community Board or the zip code?

JORDAN PRESS: in 2015, the median household income for Manhattan Community Board 12 was 45,800 dollars.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, that would be almost half of the-- I think it's even regional, not even city.

JORDAN PRESS: That's right.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: So, that's half.

So, I guess one question I have is, so why in a neighborhood where folks are so low-income, why are we building housing— why are the terms of this project for people who are going to come in earning more and some might be concerned it might actually have a gentrifying effect?

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JORDAN PRESS: Sure. So, when we embark on this rehabilitation project it is with the primary focus being on returning the residents who currently live there into a quality home. These are very expensive rehabs to undertake, and we want a good product, and we want the building to be on good financial grounds when the project is complete. Oen of the was that we accomplish that is by the increased subsidy that Christine mentioned, and the other way that we accomplish that is by effectively cross-subsidizing the project with the sale of vacant units at higher AMI's, but at AMI's that are still below—well, below the market.

CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I may pause my questioning as soon as we achieve quorum, and I may interrupt you in the middle of an answer and we'll take the vote and continue, but just we're doing a lot of subsidies, why can't we just do more so that we can make it more affordable for local residents?

JORDAN PRESS: So, the subsidy levels are—the City subsidy levels are the highest in RNCP program across all of our programs, and that would be my answer.

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CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: I'm going to

3 interrupt our question and answer just to see if 4 there is any other member of the public who wishes to testify. Seeing none, I will ask-- fair enough. we will pass on some questions in writing 6 7 specifically relating to MWBE as well as whether or 8 not this project is being done by workers who are both doing the construction work and the service work at a wage rate that is commensurate, that the folks 10 11 are receiving training, that there's a local hire, and that the folks have benefits and retirement and 12 13 health and disability. So, we will pass those 14 questions on, and we hope to have that entered onto 15 the record. In the interest of time and actually 16 voting on this today, I just want to thank you. You've shared those answers with me. Some of them 17 18 I've been happy with; others I haven't, but we'll 19 enter it into the public record for those who wish to 20 watch, and you'll be able to go to council.nyc.gov to 21 pull those written responses that we will be sharing. 2.2 And seeing that there isn't anyone from the public, 2.3 and in the interest of time, I will now close the public hearing on Land Use item 11, and seeing no 24

questions or remarks from members of the

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 104
2	subcommittee, I will now call on a vote to approve
3	Land Use Item 11, the Fort Washington Avenue Cluster
4	which has support of Council Member Levine, the local
5	member, and the 425 Grand Concourse Application will
6	be laid over. Counsel, please call the roll.
7	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Vote to approve Land
8	Use item 11. Chair Kallos?
9	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Aye.
10	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Deutsch?
11	COUNCIL MEMBER DEUTSCH: Aye.
12	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Diaz?
13	COUNCIL MEMBER DIAZ: Aye.
14	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: By a vote of three
15	affirmative, 0 in the negative, and 0 abstentions the
16	item is recommended for approval and referred to the
17	full Land Use Committee.
18	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: And we will leave
19	the vote open, and thank you to this panel.
20	ISMENE SPELIOTIS: Thank you.
21	CHRISTINE O'CONNELL: Thank you.
22	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Ready? Are we back
23	on? Gibson?

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: I vote aye.

1	SUBCOMMITTEE ON PLANNING, DISPOSITIONS AND CONCESSIONS 105
2	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: The revised vote is 4
3	in the affirmative, 0 negative and 0 abstentions.
4	King?
5	COUNCIL MEMBER KING: I vote aye.
6	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: By a vote of 5 in the
7	affirmative, 0 in the negative and 0 abstentions, the
8	Land Use items are approved and referred to the full
9	Land Use Committee.
10	CHAIRPERSON KALLOS: Hereby adjourn this
11	first hearing of the Subcommittee on Planning,
12	Dispositions and Concessions.
13	[gavel]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date February 22, 2018