CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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March 25, 2024 Start: 10:05 a.m. Recess: 12:45 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: Robert F. Holden

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Joann Ariola Kristy Marmorato

Sandy Nurse Vickie Paladino

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

James Hendon Department of Veteran Services Commissioner

Jason Loughran
Department of Veteran Services Senior Advisor of
Intergovernmental Affairs

Lamarr Wheeler Department of Veteran Services Director of Housing Support Services

Erin Verrier Community Healthcare Network

Timothy Pena Forgotten Veteran

Marcos Stafne
Executive Director at GallopNYC

Cleopatra Brown Community Board 16 Veteran Affairs Committee Chair

Jeanine Costly

Peter Kempner Volunteers of Legal Services

MJ Okma SAGE Vets

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Deirdre Rice-Reese Samaritan Daytop Village

Coco Culhane Vet Advocacy Project

Brendan Gibbons VFW

Kimberly Moore Care Café

Leonard Williams
Vietnam Vets of America

Laurie Sutton

Edward Schloeman Operation Warrior Shield

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Good morning and welcome to the New York City Council Preliminary

4 Budget hearing on Veterans. At this time, can

5 everybody please silence your cellphones? If you wish

6 to testify, please go up to the Sergeant at Arms desk

7 | to fill out a testimony slip. At this time and going

8 forward, no one is to approach the dais. I repeat,

9 no one is to approach the dais. Thank you for your

10 cooperation. Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Sergeant.

[gavel] Good morning and welcome to the Preliminary

Budget hearing for the Committee on Veterans. I'm

Robert Holden, Chair of the Committee. Today's

committee hearing is on the Fiscal 2025 Preliminary

Budget and the 2024 Preliminary Mayor's Management

Report, or PMMR, for the City's Department of

Veterans Services or DVS. I want to welcome James

Hendon, Commissioner of the Department of Veterans

Services and his staff to testify before this

committee. Thank you for coming, Commissioner, and

we appreciate your presence and all the hard work you

put in to the DVS. I would like to acknowledge my

fellow Council Members who have joined us, Kristy

Marmorato and Joann Ariola. Fiscal 2025 Preliminary

2	Budget for DVS totals \$5.2 million including \$3.5
3	million in personnel services funding to support 37
4	fulltime positions and \$1.7 for other than personnel
5	services. As the Preliminary Plan, DVS Fiscal 2025
6	budget is \$456,175 or eight percent less than the
7	current budget of Fiscal 2024. Preliminary Plan did
8	not include any significant changes to DVS' budget,
9	notably, just at just over \$5 million. The Fiscal
10	2025 budget for DVS really consists of less than one
11	one-hundredth of the City's total Fiscal 2025 budget,
12	making it one of the smallest, if not the smallest of
13	all city agencies. I strongly feel that we owe it to
14	our City's valued veteran community to do a better
15	job in supporting their specific needs, which means
16	DVS needs adequate funding. There are areas where
17	the City's veteran lag behind the national average
18	and the City needs to step up to address this. I was
19	very disappointed to see that DVS was included in the
20	Mayor's PEG program and that funding was reduced in
21	the November Plan by \$239,000 in Fiscal 2024,
22	\$236,000 in Fiscal 25, and \$238,000 in Fiscal 26.
23	Thankfully, DVS was exempt from additional cuts in
24	the Preliminary Plan. However, I would like to see
25	the previous PEGs restores in the Executive Plan as

there are many areas of needs this funding could help
address. Today, I look forward to discussing DVS'
budget and operations budget actions that were
included in the November Plan, staffing at the
agency, the City support services for veterans, and
reviewing DVS' metrics reported in the Fiscal 2024
Preliminary Mayor's Management Report. I am
particularly interested in hearing how DVS is coming
up with innovative ways to address the mental health,
housing insecurity, employment, and social service
needs of our City's veterans. I want to thank both
my staff and the committee staff for their help in
preparing for this hearing, Ross Goldstein, Financial
Analyst, Julia Haramis, Unit Head, Regina Paul,
Policy Analyst, and of course my Chief of Staff,
Daniel Kurzyna. Now, I'd like to turn it over to
Regina Paul to administer the oath and swear in our
representatives. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Commissioner James
Hendon, Jason Loughran, Lamarr Wheeler for the
Department of Veteran Services, please raise your
right hand. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the
whole truth and nothing but the truth in you

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testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Member's questions?

UNIDENTIFIED: I do.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. As a reminder to all of our witnesses, please state your name prior to your testimony for the record.

Commissioner, you may begin.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you. Before

I begin, this is the first hearing we've held since
the loss of a member of our team, former City Council
Member and former Deputy Commissioner for DVS, Paul
Vallone. Just like to take a moment of silence to
recognize him. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you,

Commissioner, for saying that. By the way, he

bridged the-- there was no gap between the City

Council and your office. We're a very close-knit

community in that area for our veterans, but Paul

bridged that gap if there was ever one. He really-
he was part of us. I served with him for four years

in the previous Council. He was a friend. The

greatest thing that I remember, he could-- on a bad

day, he would brighten it somehow with that smile.

He just managed to always be smiling, even if he

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didn't feel well. So, he's an inspiration and
certainly we'll miss him terribly in both areas, the
City Council obviously, and DVS. Thank you. You can

5 go ahead. I'm sorry.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you so much. Good morning, Chair Holden, Committee Members, Veteran and Armed Forces members in attendance, their loved ones and advocates. My name is James Hendon. I serve as Commissioner of the New York City DEPARTMENT of Veteran Services. I'm joined today by my colleagues Jason Loughran, the Senior Advisor for Intergovernmental Affairs, and Lamarr Wheeler, Director of our Housing Support Services Team. you for providing us with the opportunity to discuss DVS' Preliminary Budget and what we've done, are doing, and will do in support of New York City's veteran community. Following my testimony, we welcome any questions that committee members may have. First, to talk about the past. The New York City Department of Veteran Services has undergone a significant evolution since it was first established as an agency on April 8th, 2016. In the ensuing years we have transitioned from being a referral entity to one whose emphasis is on providing direct

services. This transformation is marked by a series
of internal shifts aimed at better serving New York
City's 200,000+ US military service members past and
present and their loved ones. We chose to focus on
services, because we recognize that there's certain
functions specific to helping veteran and military
families that DVS is uniquely positioned to offer
through our capacity as an organ of city government.
Examples include but are not limited to combatting
veteran housing insecurity, helping veterans file VA
claims, and ensuring that when a veteran who served
honorably passes away, they receive the appropriate
honor and burial benefits regardless of personal
wealth. It was key to us to offer immediate and
tangible assistance in areas critical to the
wellbeing of our constituents. DVS' service offerings
evolved significantly over time. Initially, efforts
such as the Core4 Whole Health model highlighted the
agency's board approach to providing veteran support,
promoting veteran wellbeing directly and indirectly
through lenses of culture, connection, community and
clinical care. Separate from our staff who fought
veteran housing insecurity which operated in its own
silo, a majority of our community coordinators

2	effectively serve as referral specialists. A
3	coordinators main strengthen when engaging a veteran
4	was identifying their needs, then referring them to
5	other entities that could be of assistance known
6	today's a care coordination. Over time, DVS refined
7	its approach to explicitly embrace areas that the
8	agency is mandated to address per Chapter 75 of the
9	City of New York's Charter. Its six Charter mandated
10	areas are healthcare, housing, benefits, culture,
11	education, and employment. This refocusing allowed
12	DVS to align its resources and efforts more closely
13	with the needs of the veteran community, ensuring
14	that vital services were provided in the most in-
15	demand areas. For instance, through this new
16	approach, community coordinators evolved from simply
17	referring veterans to partners, to also being
18	accredited by the New York State Department of
19	Veterans Services to help veterans file VA claims.
20	Moreover, the Housing support Services team
21	transitioned from operating in a silo to working more
22	synergistically with other arteries of DVS. When a
23	veteran had housing needs but simultaneously had
24	emergency, healthcare, benefits, education needs,
25	etcetera, there was more cross-pollination of support

2	from others in the agency working in tandem with the
3	Housing Coordinator who was the veteran's first point
4	of contact. We still work with external partners, to
5	be clear. There are more than 100 active service
6	providers on our digital referral and services
7	platform Vet Connect NYC which you can visit online
8	at nyc.gov/vetconnect. Nevertheless, the quality and
9	breadth of support to clients due to our
10	collaborative service first model has increased on
11	our watch. That being said, unforeseen challenges
12	like COVID-19 pandemic posed unprecedented barriers
13	to our evolution. COVID-era budget cuts, a hiring
14	freeze, macroeconomic fissures, stress to capacity,
15	external systems, internal health struggles akin to
16	those faced by all at the time, and rising food
17	insecurity are just some of the challenges that we
18	faced. During the height of the pandemic,
19	approximately 25 DVS employees comprised the on-hand
20	staff. For perspective, our authorized strength just
21	prior to the pandemic in March of 2020 was 49 people.
22	The current authorized strength of the agency is 38.
23	When DVS began navigating COVID, we were on an
24	organic growth trajectory as a new agency that had
25	not yet turned four years old. Still, DVS

persevered, adapting its operations to continue
serving veterans effectively. Despite these
obstacles presented by the pandemic, DVS maintained
its commitment to the veteran community demonstrating
resilience and flexibility in its service delivery
models. Moreover, COVID-19 and economic hardships
subsequently faced by the City taught us as a young
agency what was essential, what was not, and how to
forge a blueprint in a resource-constrained
environment still generates maximum impact. An
operational milestone was the dramatic expansion of
the agency's ability to identify veterans. From
having contact information for approximately 5,000
veterans in 2019, DVS expanded its capabilities to
include information for now more than 100,000
veterans today. Data-sharing agreements with other
government entities, national advocacy to the US
Department of Defense, increased participation in
veteran-adjacent activities, and media amplification
through various platforms, print, broadcast, internet
and otherwise informed this rise. The expansion of
who is in the community we could identify was crucial
in enabling the agency to engage with a broader swath
of the veteran populous, thereby extending our

2	services to a wider group. In order to actuate these
3	strategic shifts, DVS made thoughtful pivots in the
4	following areas: operations, administration,
5	contracting, personnel and community engagement.
6	These changes were integral to enhancing the agency's
7	capacity to deliver service effectively, ensuring
8	that all frameworks and resources were aligned with
9	the Department's mission and broader objectives.
10	Central to DVS' approach is our belief that human-to-
11	human service delivery is at the heart of this
12	agency. Technology, while important, is an enhancer,
13	not the core of how services are delivered. Physical
14	engagement fuels DVS' efforts. This is amplified by
15	digital initiatives which augment the agency's reach
16	and efficiency. Our approach underscores the
17	importance of personal interaction in meeting the
18	needs of veterans. This reflects the agency's
19	commitment to providing compassionate and responsive
20	care. As anew agency facing acute and growing needs
21	within the veteran community, DVS navigated a
22	challenging landscape characterized by scarce
23	resources. This situation required creativity and a
24	sharp focus on prioritizing essential services. The
25	experience honed DVS' understanding of what is truly

2	important in serving the veteran community, leading
3	to the development of a robust and effective delivery
4	model that addresses the most pressing needs of
5	veterans and their loved ones. Now to speak to the
6	current state of affairs, the present. Excluding the
7	headquarters component, organizationally, DVS now
8	consists of three major verticals. They are
9	administration, community services, and strategic
10	engagement. The Administration vertical of DVS
11	includes functions such as information technology,
12	human resources, payroll and timekeeping, compliance,
13	fiscal operations, and equal opportunity. DVS admin
14	has perennially facilitated the internal functions
15	needed to sustain us as an agency. Within DVS our
16	community services vertical plays a crucial role in
17	focusing on three of our six charter-mandated areas,
18	housing, benefits, and healthcare. In support of
19	those charter-mandated areas, community services
20	executes four tasks. Those tasks are housing support
21	services, VA claims, burial services, and care
22	coordination. Thirdly, our strategic engagement arm
23	focuses on the charter-mandated areas of education,
24	employment and culture. Strategic engagement
25	oversees education, employment and culture because

2	relative to other aspects of the Charter, we rely
3	deeply on partners when it comes to working with
4	schools for education, employers for employment, and
5	nonprofit organizations for culture, respectively.
6	DVS' strategic engagement vertical is divided into
7	four subunits: outreach, events, partnerships, and
8	communication. While there's sometimes overlap
9	between the endeavors of the three verticals,
10	community services, administration, strategic
11	engagement, the groups work together effortlessly to
12	execute our agency's assignment of moving the bell
13	curve that is New York City's veteran community to
14	the right. Across these verticals DVS has
15	demonstrated a strong commitment to serving New York
16	City's veteran community through comprehensive
17	services, strategic partnerships, and targeted
18	outreach and engagement. The agency's efforts from
19	the beginning of the Adams Administration to the
20	present have contributed significantly to improving
21	the lives of veterans and their families,
22	highlighting DVS' role as an essential resource for
23	veterans in the City of New York. Some, not all,
24	accomplishments include in healthcare, the launch of
25	Get Covered NYC Vet, an effort conducted in

partnership for the Mayor's public engagement unit
aimed at helping veteran and military families access
VA healthcare and/or the New York state of health
where applicable. Data sharing agreements with the
Veterans Health Administration: with 100,000 active
records, 100,000+, DVS contact information for more
veterans living in the City of New York than the VA
who maintains approximately 38,000+ active records.
We now share our data with them to facilitate VA
outreach to eligible VA healthcare clients who are
currently untethered. Crisis intercept mapping and
the Veterans Mental Health Coalition: Crisis
intercept mapping and the Veterans Mental Health
Coalition are communities of practice for responders
to mental health incidents involving New York City
veterans. Crisis intercept mapping is hyperlocal
with emphasis on first responders. The Veterans
Mental Health Coalition is citywide with an emphases
on enduring stakeholders. For housing, the Empire
State Supportive Housing Initiative: DVS also knowr
as ESSHI. DVS has leveraged ESSHI to facilitate the
forthcoming erection of 250+ units of new state
subsidized veteran supportive housing in the City of
New York. Project-based Veterans Affairs Supportive

2	Housing known as VASH: working with our partners at
3	the VA, the New York City Housing Authority and the
4	New York City Department for Housing, Preservation
5	and Development, DVS has laid the foundation to erect
6	here in New York City the first project-based VASH
7	collaborative case management units. The
8	collaborative case management, formerly known as VASH
9	Continuum, is a form of VASH specific to veterans who
10	are not eligible for VA healthcare. DVS, we as an
11	agency, provide case management to these veterans.
12	Also together, we've laid the foundation to erect the
13	first traditional project-based VASH units built in
14	New York City since 2016. Mitchell-Lama
15	transparency: DVS advocated for the passage of state
16	legislation signed into law last year which publicly
17	conveys how many New Yorkers utilizing Mitchell-
18	Lama's veteran's preference are on the wait list for
19	each Mitchell development. Through this law,
20	veterans have a clear picture of the path available
21	to them when seeking affordable housing through
22	Mitchell-Lama. For benefits, pop-up veteran resource
23	centers: on an advertised one-day-only basis, DVS
24	positioned our veteran benefits advisors in community
25	locals such as district offices for City Council

2	Members, New York City Health + Hospitals medical
3	facilities, borough-level District Attorney's
4	offices, and NYPD Police Academy veteran resource
5	fairs, etcetera. Indigent burials: DVS utilizes the
6	state's program for reimbursing indigent veteran
7	burials to an extent broader than that of any other
8	municipality in New York. We've cultivated pathways
9	for the state's reimbursement of an indigent
10	veteran's burial to flow through either a veteran's
11	service organization or the City of New York,
12	diversified available funding streams should one run
13	out. We've also set aside internal funds
14	specifically in support of the indigent burial
15	indigent veteran burial program. Claims support in
16	partnership with Vet Connect service providers: DVS
17	is amplifying the number of VA claims specialists in
18	New York City by helping Vet Connect service
19	providers who desire to help veterans file VA claims,
20	obtain accreditation from the State of New York to
21	process said claims if they're not currently
22	accredited. We provide quality assurance and quality
23	control to serve as provider's designated claims rep,
24	and then if needed, refer claims to a service
25	provider through Vet Connect NYC. For education,

military family advocate program: DVS partners with
NYC Public Schools to pilot an effort, currently in
year one, whereby the desired end-state is that all
DOE schools will have a designated staff or faculty
member who is the point of contact for military and
veteran family needs. The current pilot here for
2023-2024 school year involves 77 schools on Staten
Island. Student Veteran for Life: DVS has designed
and expanded a Student Veterans for Life a Student
Veteran of American inspired initiative currently
embraced by Fordham University, Manhattan College,
and John Jay College of Criminal Justice whereby high
school students who enlist in the US Armed Forces in
the greater New York City region are assured pre-
admission to each school's graduate program upon
completing their initial military commitment. JROTC
expansion: DVS is working with New York City Public
Schools to increase the number of JROTC programs in
New York City for the first time in a material way in
decades. The number of JROTC program sin DOE has
increased from 19 to 25 programs since 2022 as a
result of this partnership. More programs are on
track to be added. Employment, DOD Skill Bridge:
DVS has increased the number of New York City-based

2	work experience training opportunities available to
3	transitioning service members who take advantage of
4	DOD Skill Bridge. Skill Bridget is a federally
5	subsidized work experience training program that is
6	available to transitioning service members during
7	their last 180 days of military service. Boss [sic]
8	Up Veterans Small Business Program: In 2023, DVS
9	executed in partnership with the NYC Department of
10	Small Business Services and the Ron and Kerry Moelis
11	Foundation, the City of New York's first ever small
12	business competition exclusively for veteran
13	entrepreneurs. Civil service veteran expansions:
14	Working in partnership with the New York City
15	Department of Citywide Administrative Services, DCAS,
16	DVS helped to expand New York City's veteran and
17	disabled veteran credit to include veterans who
18	served during both peace time and times of conflict.
19	Also, DVS and DCAS partnered to extend a one-time
20	Civil Service Exam fee waiver to veteran and military
21	spouses. Culture, community engagement sessions:
22	DVS established a recurring public form for veteran
23	community leaders, particular VSOs to engage DVS
24	leadership directly and vice versa on issues
25	 impacting New York City's veteran and military

2	families. Honoring our Vietnam War veterans: DVS
3	Consistently recognizes New York City's next greatest
4	generation of veterans after our World War II and
5	Korean War veterans through more robust support of
6	Vietnam Veterans Day and Agent Orange Remembrance Day
7	activities. Also, we publicly recognized the 36 New
8	York City veterans who are still missing in action in
9	Vietnam. Further, working with the Vietnam Veterans
10	Memorial Fund and other local Vietnam Veterans of
11	America Chapters, we temporarily erected a replica of
12	the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Flushing Meadows
13	Park last autumn, the wall that heals. Citywide
14	liaisons with legacy veteran service organizations or
15	VSOs: DVS collaborated with the state-level
16	leadership of the American Legion and Veterans of
17	Foreign Wars to designate one American Legion Liaison
18	and one VFW liaison to the New York City Department
19	of veteran services. This action expedites synergy
20	and communication between DVS and a large number of
21	our local legacy VSOs. A meta [sic] development
22	during this Administration which informs all of our
23	charter-mandated areas: After years of advocacy
24	individually and in partnership with the National
25	Association of State Directors of Veterans Affairs,

DVS was a key leader in this effort. Starting in
October of 2022, our agency began receiving contact
information directly from the Defense Department for
transitioning service members who indicated on their
DD214s that they intend to settle down in New York
City. This was a watershed moment when it comes to
identifying and maintaining positive knowledge about
our incoming veterans and their families. Now, to
the days ahead, the future. As we look to the
future, DVS is dedicated to a multifaceted approach
to better serving our constituents. Our vision
encompasses three key priorities, each aimed at
enhancing our support for veterans and their loved
ones. Priority one, identifying untethered veterans.
Our first priority is to intensify our efforts to
identify untethered veterans. These are veterans who
for various reasons may not be fully connected to the
services and benefits that they've rightfully earned.
For greater context, according to the VA's FY22 Gross
Domestic Expenditure Report, while 33.1 percent of
eligible veterans nationwide take advantage of VA
benefits, that proportion falls to 29.6 percent in
New York State, and 24.2 percent in New York City.
To better identify our brothers and sisters who are

2	untethered, we are taking a multipronged approach
3	which includes but is not limited to introduction of
4	legislative measures. We support and advocate for
5	measures like Intro 1237 recently passed by the
6	Council. Intro 1237 will organically improve data-
7	sharing mechanisms between city agencies and DVS.
8	This legislation significantly enhances our ability
9	to identify veterans who are not yet connected to our
10	services and asks on almost all City of New York
11	client-facing forms to paraphrase, "Have you ever
12	served in the US Armed Forces. If so, then would you
13	like to be connected to DVS?" Sharing information
14	with elected officials: Informing New York City's
15	elected officials at the City, State, and Federal
16	levels of who the veterans are and their districts
17	that we're aware of increases the number of
18	stakeholders who will engage our constituents in a
19	targeted, hyperlocal way. Often the decision by a
20	veteran or military family to identify themselves and
21	come to the light is dictated by how many times
22	they've been engaged. Currently, data-sharing
23	agreements that DVS has executed with the New York
24	City Council, New York State Assembly, New York State
25	Senate, and forthcoming New York City's Congressional

2	Delegation will enable us together to expedite this
3	process. Utilizing military separation paperwork of
4	DD214s: we have New York City's transitioning
5	service members DD214s. We know who many of them are
6	as of 2022. Working with partners, we hope to
7	identify the optimal way or ways to engage this
8	cohort of new veterans such that we establish a
9	rapport and long-term trust. It is our goal for this
10	bond to be mutually beneficial to transitioning
11	service members and the broader veteran community.
12	Amplifying DVS messaging: to reach more veterans we
13	aim to enhance our community strategies. This
14	includes working closely with partners to smartly
15	intensify our messaging through various platforms,
16	ensuring that every New York City veteran, including
17	those we do not currently know is aware of how to
18	access our agency and our partners. Priority two,
19	integrating untethered veterans: After identifying
20	untethered veterans, our first priority, our second
21	priority is to integrate those veterans and their
22	families into the broader ecosystem of DVS and DVS-
23	affiliated services. Those strategies include
24	providing care coordination services to transitioning
25	service members before their arrival. Currently, DVS

2	received DD214 data from the Department of Defense
3	during the week when a service member's DD214 was
4	processed at the Pentagon. In coming months, we will
5	also begin receiving transition assistance program
6	data. We receive contact information for service
7	members who are still on active-duty status, but who
8	will have informed their leaders through a form known
9	as a DD2648 that they intend to leave the military
10	within the next 12 months and transition to New York
11	City. Engaging service members before their
12	departure from active-duty allows us to help ensure a
13	smooth transition to civilian life. Connecting
14	veterans to local veteran service organizations: We
15	aim to do our part to help increase the utilization
16	of existing VSOs through various methods, some of
17	which include asking veterans for their consent to be
18	connected to local VSOs upon their arrival in New
19	York City, promoting VSO activities through the New
20	York City Veteran Community Calendar run by our
21	friends at the Bob Woodrow Foundation, our
22	Veterans.nyc, and increasing our coordination with
23	VSO leaders throughout DVS' community engagement
24	meetings and our citywide VFW and American Legion
25	Liaisons Fortifying our Vet Connect service

provider network: it is important to prepare our Vet
Connect service providers to function in a way that
ensures the cumulative delivery of services to DVS
clients is always able to meet demand. In other
words, if for instance, DVS has a surge of clients
who engage our agency about essential services like
those involving housing insecurity, indigent veteran
burials, and/or VA claims, we will refer said
veterans to pre-determined, pre-groomed partner
entities through Vet Connect NYC. We're in the
initial stages of grooming partners specific to
housing insecurity and VA claim support at this time.
Priority three, increased emphasis on housing and
claims: Finally, our third priority is to increase
our emphasis on housing and claim assistance for
veterans, expanding housing support, recognizing the
importance of stable housing for veterans. We're
committed to working with stakeholders both internal
and external to leverage existing resources so as to
increase our footprint in aiding veteran and military
families and the transition from insecure to secure
housing. Enhancing claim support: empowering
veterans with the support they need to navigate VA
claims process is vital. We aim to improve our

2	capacity to assist veterans in filing claims,
3	ensuring that they receive the benefits they're
4	entitled to in a timely manner. By focusing on these
5	priorities, the Department of Veterans Services is
6	committed to not just meeting the immediate needs of
7	our veterans, but ensuring they are fully integrated
8	into a supportive and understanding community. Our
9	goal is to ensure that every veteran military family
10	member in New York City has access to the services,
11	support and community they deserve. Concluding:
12	Beyond our thoughts on the Agency's past, present and
13	future, there are four common themes that I would
14	like to share which undergird many of our decisions
15	and actions. They are DVS organization: the way
16	that DVS is organized leans first on our strategy for
17	engaging and serving the veteran community. Second,
18	on the need for their to be redundancy in certain
19	administrative roles in order for us to function as
20	an agency. And third, on the desire to add more
21	client-serving staff to our framework as demand from
22	veteran and military families offerings increases.
23	The federal unfunded mandate: a large portion of our
24	work involves filling a federal unfunded mandated
25	generated by the VA in its decision to limit

2	healthcare eligibility drastically compared to the
3	more permissive guidelines that existed for veterans
4	who enlisted in the military before September 1980.
5	Second and third order effects from this decision are
6	felt today at the local level. Also, this decision
7	is largely subsidized, directly, indirectly, and
8	otherwise by our nonprofit partners and at DVS.
9	Complex challenges: many of the challenge the New
10	York City veteran community faces, structural, policy
11	demographic, etcetera are more complicated than they
12	appear on the surface. They often require analysis
13	that views the problem in-depth over a period of
14	years, not just a one or two-year snapshot, along
15	with a solution that may take years to reach
16	fruition, i.e., building new supportive housing,
17	federal legislative fixes, attracting more
18	transitioning service members to New York City,
19	etcetera. Veteran identification: this agency will
20	remain committed to identifying untethered veteran
21	and military families, providing them with earned
22	benefits and services as we do with all DVS clients,
23	and connecting them to the broader New York City
24	veteran ecosystem. We pray that this testimony has
25	given you a firm understanding of where our agency

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came from, where we currently are, and where we intend to be. We also hope that you understand how we think and some of the broader themes that we wrestle with. We welcome continued collaboration as we work tighter to connect, mobilize, and empower New York City's veteran and military families. I urge you all to please reach out to me or our Senior Advisor for Intergovernmental Affairs, Jason Loughran, with any follow-up questions or thoughts. Please view us as a tool to assist as you navigate legislative ideas and a perspective enabler of your historic and future success. Your success as a committee is beneficial for all veterans. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you,

Commissioner for that. Let's talk about the size of your agency for a second. DVS Fiscal 2025

Preliminary Budget includes 37 fulltime positions.

As of January 2024, 36 of those positions were actually filled, leaving one vacant. It was announced on February 21st, 2024 that the Mayor is cancelling the PEG for the Executive Plan and the Administration is moving from a near-full hiring freeze to a two-for-one model, and easing other than personnel spending, OTPS, freeze restrictions. Does

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the agency have adequate headcount to effectively run all the programs and initiatives, and if not, how many additional positions does DVS require? Now, the truth, I need the truth here, because you're under oath. What do we really need? Because 36 is not going to do it, ever. It's never going to do it, and we're just kidding ourselves. What do you really need in the way of personnel?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I want to update one piece -- and thank you for the question, Mr. Chair. I want to update one piece of that, the numbers. As of now, the headcount is 38. There are two of 38 who are on protected leave, just as of now. That's the correct number as of January, but as of now it's 38 the headcount. Two are on protective leave, and there's one vacancy in the agency. For the US, the priorities as far as-- the key things when you look at us, the first-- and it was kind of-what I mentioned in the testimony, first goal for us is have the framework right. Like, how are we going to be-- how are we going to array ourselves to go attack these problems, this issues with our veterans. That's the first thing. The next thing is, we have to have certain redundancy administratively just to

survive as an agency. In other words, there was a
time when we had only one person on IT. That's not
sustainable. We need at least another person. There
was a time we only had one person doing physical
operations. That's not sustainable. There was a
time where we only had one person doing HR. You need
at least some redundancy or else everything come
crashing down. So number two, because it's how we
breathe, is making sure the administrative house is
in a good place. Number three, it's fleshing out the
team and adding client-facing staff so that once
you've got the framework there, you can add the
flesh. We can continue to make touches with people.
priorities for us, top of the ticket is housing, to
get a place where we have an ample amount of housing
coordinators so that we can continue to push our
numbers down, which we can talk about a little later,
and the other piece is claims, to have enough claims
representation to adequately provide support to our
veterans who need it, and to at a minimum be able to
cover down on each of the five boroughs as far as
having somebody who's dedicated for claims for at
least those five boroughs, and having at least enough
folks on the housing side to continue to push to a

Yes, sir.

place where functional zero for veteran homeless is 400. We'd like to try to get to that number. And I'm sorry, I got to defer to Lamarr as far as about how many people typically housed per year by our housing coordinator. Lamarr, if you can add to that.

Typically, 100, 120 is typically how many we house annually.

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN:

COMMISSIONER HENDON: but as far as one coordinator, what one coordinator typically do?

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Forty.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: And so when you look at the-- even the point in time account numbers, and the most recent point in time count is 567 as of January 2023 is a snapshot. It's like wart coming in water coming out as far as those who are coming in who are housing insecure and then those who are working the triage. And so we're trying to with this constant water in/water out get to a place where there's less water where we can get to stay underneath 400. So top of the ticket is to have enough coordinators to be able to keep us at lower than 400, and have enough claims representation to be

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

2	able to cover down at least at a rate of one claim
3	per borough at least.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So what are we talking about in total staff that you could function the way you should function?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] 80? 90?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: We'll always be

grateful for more resources--

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Okay, I know, but I need--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] But it's--

talk about our veterans, though. How many people in your agency could help more—— I mean, obviously if you have 37, 38 whatever positions, that's not enough to get to everyone, not even nearly enough. So I would say just for the sake of argument, if we doubled DVS in size in personnel, because I want something to shoot for here. I want to bring it to the Mayor that, Mr. Mayor, we can help so many more veterans if we had a much larger DVS, because we're not getting—— our veterans are not getting the

services they've actually earned. So, if we could reach out to more veterans and get them actual the

4 funding or the healthcare that they deserve, that

5 would help New York City tremendously. So it's not a

6 big investment. That's what I'm saying to the Mayor.

7 I'd like you to say what's a good target. And I

8 know, I don't want to get anybody in trouble, but if

9 you had to come up with a number in the future, what

10 would you like to see the size of our agency. Say

11 double.

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answering, I just have to say for us, to be clear, we're in a place where it's having more client-serving staff, that's the piece of it. In other words, we have the framework.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: it's having more client-serving staff. And you know, it's--I could say looking at prior to the pandemic, as I mentioned in testimony, we're at 49 was our strength. We're at 38 now. And so for me, just to even get back to where we were before pandemic would be something that we'd be grateful for.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, okay.

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why?

2	COMMISSIONER HENDON: but it's but to
3	be clear, the need on claims you've got we
4	estimate there to be 23,821 veterans in this city who
5	if they applied for a VA claim would receive
6	compensation of some sort. That's just service-
7	connected disability, not even other aspects of VA
8	claims. So it's 23,821 veterans who this is the
9	number to get us from the current proportion which i
LO	16.5 percent of veterans has a VA claim in New York
L1	City to the national number which 27.8. So, to get
L2	to what the national numbers are, you're talking
L3	about 23,821, and then on the housing piece, for us,
L4	it's getting to a place with this constant flow of
L5	veterans coming in and out that we can steady it and
L 6	be at less than 400, so the number of veterans we
L7	need to continue to get there on the housing side.
L8	So, just to answer to give some sort of framework
L9	for it, but yeah.
20	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. Under the
21	hiring freeze, were any positions at DVS exempt and

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Right now for the-just to speak to the present hiring freeze. There are three exceptions to that two-for-one. In other

2	words, and exception is made if it's a revenue-
3	generating position. An exception is made if it is a
4	public safety position, and exception is made if it
5	is a public health position. And so for us, when we
6	talk about claims and we talk about housing, you
7	know, our argument is that those fit within the reals
8	of public health. And so in that line when I speak
9	saying hey we would like to increase our
10	representation, number of folks we have coordinators
11	for claims, coordinators for housing, that you know,
12	we believe that that's something that would be exempt
13	from the guidelines because it touches veteran
14	housing insecurity. You can draw the line to health.
15	VA claims, you can draw the direct line to VA
16	healthcare as well. So that's kind of where we look
17	at this, Mr. Chair.
18	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, the priority
19	positions at DVS, is that the revenue-generating
20	personnel?

21 COMMISSIONER HENDON: It's--

22 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Is that

23 the priority?

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: The priority, we look at it-- we look at those as public health when

it comes to claims and housing, and that is the
priority with housing being the top, then claims.
That's how we look at it. For revenue, the thing
with revenue is our work, we help veterans obtain
federal benefits. So when it comes to revenue its
2022 Fiscal Year it was \$1.9 billion in federal
funding that came to the City of New York courtesy of
veterans receiving benefit support, etcetera. So,
when you look at the work that we do with, you know,
on housing side, on the claims side, on the burial
side there's federal funding attached to that. So
when we say the revenue, it's really the context of
the economic footprint of what our veterans bring.
When the City looks at revenue, they're thinking of
it in terms of internally more of, you know, if a
fine is administered by Department of Buildings,
that's revenue or things like that or fees. And so
for us, it's why we don't look at these as revenue
positions. We look at these more so on the public
health side, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, good. I thought you were going to-- you were looking for information. So what are some of the main challenges DVS is facing specifically in hiring new candidates?

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What are some of the challenges? Training, finding
the right candidates? Does-- what are you facing now
in the current budget situation?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I think the biggest challenge is, you know, getting the approval to be able to make the hires, because we still have to go through the same traps. All the agencies do in this landscape, to get that green light to bring that person on, to have that discussion to make sure that this is counted as public health as an example. So it's that internal piece of it. Working internal with leverage and resources we have to get more done. So I think it's-- the hurdle isn't the need as far as we are certain that there are talented individuals out who would like to serve in government who may already be in government and we think would be value added to the team, especially in our areas of need in claims and housing. It's just internally going through what we have to go through to be able to get those green lights to hire.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Let's talk about mental health screenings. The number of mental health screenings completed in Fiscal 2022 was 845 which declined in Fiscal 2023 to 626. In the first

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2	four months of Fiscal Year 2024, there were 137
3	mental health screenings, another decline of 73.3
4	percent when compared to the same period of the last
_	fical way Ca DVC has a tanget of 720 same aring

5 fiscal year. So, DVS has a target of 730 screenings

6 in Fiscal Year 2024. Why is the number of mental

7 health screenings been declining, Commissioner?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Mr. Chair, we decided to not make it a mandatory set of questions we asked when a veteran approaches us for assistance. So in the last Administration during the Vets Thrive days, it was if you came to DVS we would give you -administer the GAT7 [sic], the PHQ9. These are screenings for anxiety, for depression, and this was my call. I personally went through receiving claim support from DVS, and I was asked right away these questions, and I thought to myself, goodness, I don't want to be infantilized. I don't want people to treat me like a victim. I'm just coming to get claim support, and so that really fueled the decision instead of making a mandatory question where anyone comes to us we ask them these things. something that's optional. We've worked to optimize the language since PMMR where our mental health lead, you know, Doctor Melo [sp?] and our Press Secretary,

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Chuck Rivera [sp?] [inaudible] okay, what's the way
we can ask this where it's more welcoming if someone
does want to take that screener. At the same time,
we do not see ourselves going back to a situation
where someone comes to us about one thing, and we're
automatically asking them questions presuming they
may have anxiety or depression.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: But so-- to increase the number of screenings, the plan you just mentioned is to ask a number of question, and the go-around 'til you get to that point.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: No, I want to clarify that. No, it's to-- it's asking the question would you like to--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Would you like, but--

COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] It's asking it in a warmer way, but our-- at the end of the day I don't know if we'll get back to a place where we have such a high number, because it was force-fed on anyone who came to us, and it was a decision for us to not-- we just don't want people to feel like right away-- you know, I'm coming to you for help with my small business. You're asking me

- 2 these questions as if I have anxiety or depression.
- 3 You know, we always talk about how it's seven percent
- 4 of veterans will experience PTSD at some point in
- 5 | their lives. Six percent of all Americans will
- 6 experience PTSD at some point in their lives. We
- 7 don't want our people to feel as though we're
- 8 treating them differently. If someone goes to
- 9 another agency they're not asked questions like this
- 10 off the bat.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You know, again, I
- 12 don't know if that's the right-- I mean, you-- I'll
- 13 defer to you, but I would essentially think, you
- 14 know, first-- and again, it's old thinking possibly,
- 15 but that people do have post-traumatic stress.
- 16 People, you know, coming from the service for various
- 17 \parallel reasons that are hidden. So you got to pull them
- 18 | out. So there's got to be a strategy to try to get
- 19 | to that. And you mentioned, you know, one point
- 20 you're trying to do, but if the end result is less
- 21 | screenings, I don't know if that's helpful.
- 22 COMMISSIONER HENDON: Well, it's tough,
- 23 | though. Just to go back to the data, it's seven
- 24 percent of all veterans.

2 CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: I know, I know that.

3 | I know all that.

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: It's six percent of all-- and so we just-- we're-- it's-- I don't-- this is me personally, Mr. Chair, and this was my decision completely. I don't want people to feel like we are automatically assuming that they are broken, and so we'll ask questions. we're trying to, you know, make that language more appealing for folks to voluntarily do this, but I just don't want us to if someone comes to us with questions about educational benefits, or questions about something else, that we automatically go right into the anxiety and depression screenings. I just-- as a veteran and as someone who-- the trigger was me experiencing it myself as a client of DVS. I felt put-off by it, and were able to break form it, because we're past-- beyond the Vets Thrive days and so we decided to, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: But on the flip side of that, some of the veterans are not going to admit that they have problems. We know-- I had a personal experience with that with my dad. He never would admit anything, but he was totally affected by the war, couldn't function, but he never sought help and

2	never would admit it. so, that's a prob this is
3	problem to pull that out, and that's why I think we
4	should go further into finding what are the causes
5	some of the veterans are going through in life that
6	they can't overcome or that they can't really
7	function as well as probably they should have if they
8	were diagnosed. And that's why it's a tough I know
9	the national average, what you mentioned, is numbers
10	from I'm not sure those numbers are accurate,
11	because just experiences with veterans. My
12	experience with veterans have been mostly from the
13	Vietnam War, and also World War II and Korea. So,
14	those were the where I was around most of those
15	individuals. And speaking to veterans today, even, I
16	can see that they're affected even though they tell
17	me, I'm okay, I'm okay. So that's why I'm suspect
18	with the numbers nationally and what you were
19	telling but again, that's my experience and we all
20	are different human beings. We all it affects us
21	differently, certainly combat, but it does affect
22	if you're human, it affects everyone to a various
23	degree. Alright, let me go on to the Joseph B.
24	Dwyer

the deeper goals for us to form relationships with

the veterans. In other words, not just us, but also

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] Mr.

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Chair, may I say something just to--

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Yeah,

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I feel like one of

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yeah.

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our partners in the veteran community where you may

have someone who may not want to open up on certain

things, but they come to you for one need at first, and as time goes--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] And then you-- yeah.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: by they feel more

comfortable. I feel like that's the holy grail of this is they get to a place where someone is

comfortable enough with us where our relationship exists, and when they are ready to open themselves up

in that way we're there, but not that we turn them

off.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. We've been joined by Council Member Vickie Paladino. Let's talk

about the-- and then I'll open up some questions to

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

2	my colleagues.	Okay.	Council	Member	Marmorato
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COUNCIL MEMBER MARMORATO: Hi, good morning. Thank you so much for coming. Thank you for your service. Me and my family and my community appreciate it. We truly do.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARMORATO: Just a couple of questions. I'm sorry, I'm like a little-- so in 2024, the PMMR, the fourth month actual-- the number for the Veterans Services is three times greater than what it was for last year. What is the reason for the increase?

Councilwoman. I think what you're referring to is our veterans served data for our PMMR, this most recently published. What we attribute that increase to is much of the partnership that we've been facilitating with the City Council district offices is our increase in social media outreach and our partnerships through various events that we've held like the Wall that Heals and the New York Mets

Transition Summit. So what we're seeing here is that we're doing a better job of getting the word out

about who we are, and we're bringing services out	to
the community where they are. we also want to	this
kind of ties into Chair Holden's question, too, i	n
terms of the mental health screenings, and that w	hen
we're getting out to people and meeting them face	-to-
face and talking to them, removing the say roboti	C
questionnaires of, you know, answer these 10	
questions for me, but developing a relationship w	ith
them in your offices at these events. We get to t	he
point where that person who originally came to us	for
employment actually ends up also getting a mental	
health referral and employment referral and a	
financial counseling referral. So one thing I was	nt
to point out in that data point is that it's	
increased by so much because it's not only that w	e're
meeting with more clients, but we're also getting	to
a higher plethora of their needs. And so instead	of
that one referral of, hey, I came to DVS and I wa	nt
employment services and we give them employment	
services, it was that relationship building compo	nent
that led to two other referrals. So that means to	nat
the served number is now three times for that	
individuals rather than the one data point. I'll	

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2 refer to the Commissioner and Lamarr if they have 3 anything to add.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you so much.

I just want to add Council Member Marmorato, another piece of this is we feel like things like this are leading indicators of where we're going. There's been a lot of work we've been doing for years now to get to a place where we reach these tipping points.

We start to see more just touches with our veterans and their families, and we pray that this is something that is a positive sign for us. So there's different pieces of this where it's just, you know-it takes time, but we've been chopping away at the tree and we pray that this is something that's a portent of more access like this to come.

COUNCIL MEMBER MARMORATO: And just one more question. What is the City and DVS strategy to improve housing opportunities for the City's veterans who need assistance, especially those who are living in shelters currently?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Okay. Thank you so much for that question. When we look at the veteran unsheltered populations, a couple of things. The larger way to look at it is not just year to year,

2	but look at it over the entire time from which this
3	has been recorded, information HUD's recorded.
4	There's been a point in time count since 2007.
5	Veterans have been accounted for by state since 2009
6	From 2011 it was done at a more local level. And so
7	there've been really three big shifts in these
8	numbers. 2011 we had 4,677, just under 5,000 in
9	2011. Then you saw it decline to roughly 3,600 when
10	you get to 2012/2013. It hovered around the 3,600
11	mark. Then we saw another drop in 2014/2015 to
12	around 1,600. After that, from 2016 to the present
13	we've been in this steady state where it's been
14	anywhere from 688 to 482 homeless veterans in the
15	City. So it's been this constant drop. We're trying
16	to not be in that band, but to be in a lower band of
17	frankly 200 to 400, because 400 is functional zero.
18	When we look at our population right now who is
19	unsheltered, a couple of caveats. One thing, and
20	Lamarr can attest to this. Approximately one out of
21	every four veterans who are in the shelter system are
22	not originally from New York City. In other words,
23	when we ask them where were you 12 months prior to
24	entering housing insecurity, it's not New York City.
25	And so, you know, we were talking about things about

right to shelter and whatnot and how it affects us
long before the migrant crisis, and so that's one
piece. Another piece, not reflected in the current
federal numbers we may see ahead, we now work with
the Department of Homeless Services to run all adults
who are in the shelter system through a platform the
VA has called Squares, where VA Squares allows you to
say of all these people in shelter, here are the ones
who are veterans, here's the ones who are not. Based
on that, we're seeing that for everyone who tells a
person that they are veteran, one does not. And so
the numbers are just us trying to get handle on this
and recognizing that the most recent point in time
count, that roughly a quarter of that we estimate not
from New York, and that it's only half of what we
think the actual population is. And so with those
things in mind, the other broader aspect of this,
we're in a place where a lot of the people who are in
the system, not all but many, need supportive housing
where there are substance abuse issues, there are
mental health issues. Not for all, but for a decent
number. Yet the supportive housing stock in the City
has little churn. So if you're a veteran and you're
going for veteran supportive housing from one of our

2	service SSVF, Supportive Services Veteran Family
3	providers, you go you'll see they've got less than
4	five percent who are leaving each year. And so
5	there's a need to build more units. And so one
6	aspect of this is this is why it was important we
7	said we've been working with the state and with
8	developers who are applying to have more units in the
9	pipeline. It looks like we'll have more than 250
10	units to be erected or they're currently in
11	construction, which we'll see come online in the
12	coming years to try to attack this because you have
13	more of the 567 who say look, let me go in supportive
14	housing. That's one piece of it. Another piece of
15	it is the it's all a chain, Council Member
16	Marmorato. It's a chain between emergency housing to
17	supportive housing to affordable housing to home
18	ownership. We need to rebrand how we talk about
19	supportive housing, because you have veterans who'll
20	say look, I don't want to go in supportive housing,
21	even though it may be something they need. They
22	don't' want to go into it because they fear that
23	they're going to go there and that's it. And we have
24	to make it clear, no, look, there's a pathway here.
25	Don't call it supportive housing. Call it step one

nousing. So we're looking to rebrand it so that more
veterans say look, I'm fine with going to step one
housing, because I recognize that step two is
affordable, and step three is ownership. For that,
we need to step in the gap on the affordable housing
side, and it's important to us to have as much
expertise as possible in-house in our agency to help
veterans connect the dots with what options are
available to them within affordable housing.
Everything from the Mitchell-Lama Veterans preference
to opportunities with HFA, the State's, you know,
affordable housing opportunities to navigating
Housing Connect here at the City and other things.
And so it's important for us to get our house in
order so that we can fortify this link, and also
ownership so that when someone says, look, I can see
a pathway. I'm not just going to stay in emergency
housing. I see how I can go to step one housing, and
then step two and then step three.

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Commissioner, I just want to add on that, also our efforts down in D.C., there was just a hearing last week on the bill that we've been advocating for called the Fair Access to Co-ops for Veterans Act. So right now, the VA

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home loan is not eligible to be utilized for co-ops,
and as you all know, co-ops make a significant number
of our housing supply in the City. so we're working
diligently to push that forward and this is the first
time that it has been brought up to a hearing which
we, the VA, has said that they support with
amendments. S, we're very happy and proud of the
work we've done to get it this far, and we're hoping
that it masses this legislative session

COUNCIL MEMBER MARMORATO: Great. Thank you so much.

things— if I could add. There are many things we're doing behind the scenes to try to attack these issues, and it's— you know, pies in the oven haven't come out to bake yet, but we are working— there's some multiple angles. And to go back to your question, Chair, we need more housing coordinators. We need more claims coordinators. As far as the number, we will take whatever is available. Like beggars can't be choosers. That's why I don't want to be caught in saying give me double, give me triple, but we— whatever we receive, we will use because the need is great.

2	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You know, and just
3	going back to Jason's comments, we certainly need
4	fordable housing, which you know, in talking to some
5	of the providers of supportive housing. They say we
6	have vacancies in supportive housing. We just don't-
7	- to get them to transition into affordable housing
8	has been the challenge here. And so, year to your
9	point about certainly the co-ops, that's a very, very
10	important aspect, because so many veterans are just
11	like lingering in supportive housing. When they
12	you know, they should be unaffordable at this point,
13	and that's a problem with the providers are telling
14	me. So we need to have a very, very good plan. And
15	even talking to developers, and I you know, if they
16	want to build in my community, I say well you got to
17	give a preference to veterans somehow and let's get
18	that. So, you know, in working out deals it's very,
19	very important. Most people would love, again, you
20	know, a beautiful apartment anywhere in the city if
21	they certainly affordability is a problem for
22	veterans who were making next to nothing when they
23	were in the service. Are we kind of we owe them

any priory we can give them in New York City. Let's

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work on that. I appreciate the effort. Okay, Council

Member Ariola has a question.

CHAIRPERSON ARIOLA: Thank you, Chair. Thank you commissioner. Thank you all for coming. In May of 2022, Introduction 377 of 22 sponsored by Council Member Borelli was introduce to grant a real property tax exemption to Cold War veterans who served on active duty in the United States Armed forces between September 2nd, 1945 and December 26th, 1991, and were honorably discharged. This is exemption would apply to the veterans' primary resident and the emption would be for 15 percent of the assessed value of the residential property capped at \$39,000 which would remain in effect for 10 years. Additionally, Cold War veterans who are disabled due to their service would be eligible for an additional exemption of up to \$130,000. So my questions are as Is the Administration -- what is the Administration's position on this property tax exemption to Cold War veterans? Have other municipalities successfully implemented one? What is the estimated impact fiscally on the City's budget if the property tax exemptions were extended to include the Cold War veterans? And should Council Member,

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now Minority Leader Borelli's bill be reintroduced and passed, how does this city plan to implement and manage it?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Council Member

Ariola, thank you so much for the question. Couple things. One is I have to separate me as a veteran from me as Commissioner on this one, because as a veteran I'm absolutely in favor of this. I think it's important for our cohort veterans. I hate to-- we're having trouble identifying people, people selfidentifying because they feel like oh, I'm not a veteran. I didn't serve in this-- I'm not a veteran. I didn't receive a purple heart. I'm not a veteran. One that got me-- I'm not a veteran. I was a woman who served in Vietnam. You know, so over and over again things that we do that create these divisions, maybe for policy reasons, budget reasons, it's corrosive. And so I personally am completely in favor of us having some sort of property tax exemption for our veterans who served during times of peace. They took the oath. They deserve the benefits. That to me, as an individual. Commissioner, it's not within my authority on this one because of where I'm focused charter-wise.

2	empowered to deal with assisting and informing
3	veterans on the areas I've mentioned, and so
4	unfortunately as Commissioner, I'm limited with where
5	I can weigh in as a citizen, as a veteran. I'm
6	absolutely enthusiastic about seeing something like
7	this come back to fruition come to fruition. On
8	the other questions, the state of New York grants all
9	tax jurisdictions the authority to institute one,
10	two, or three different exemptions regarding
11	veterans. One is the alternative veteran's
12	exemption. Another is the eligible funds exemption,
13	and the other is a Cold War veteran's exemption. And
14	so while most a majority of tax jurisdictions in
15	New York State have assigned all three, New York City
16	right now has two of the three. So we do not embrace
17	that Cold War veterans exemptions. We do have
18	consent from the State to enact it. So it is
19	something that could be done. We do not at this
20	time, so as far as background. And then our own
21	estimate internally is that we believe approximately
22	15,433 peace time era veterans in New York City own
23	homes. So the number we have is 15,433 is our
24	estimate. And so that's, you know, I pray that can
25	he helpful to those who are looking at this T wish

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I could—— with an Administration I don't say certain things I can't, but I'm very much supportive of doing right by our veterans who served in peace time for the property tax exemption.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: As are we. Thank you so much, Commissioner. Just one question just quickly. I know that a lot of our veterans who are vendors have come into our offices to talk about, you know, the fact that it's hard for them to get their license, and when they do, then they don't have existing places that are for veterans. Are we any closer to having those license fees waived, and also areas that are specific for street vendors who are veterans within our city?

thank you so much for that question. Veteran street vendors are the closest thing to our hearts I think in the veteran community in New York City. I don't think you can get any more New Yorker than a street vendor and someone who served our country and now is serving the constituents both tourists and residents here in the City. We're constantly embracing legislation and programmatic solutions to how we can help them. On the topic of free waivers, again, very

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much like the Commissioner said in terms of the tax
exemption, we're always in support of discussing
ideas. We would have to discuss that with the
appropriate city agencies who that funding affects,
but nonetheless, we're welcome to those
conversations. I also just want to call out that the
Street Vending Advisory Board, we are in support of
that Street Vending Advisory Board to have veteran
representation and to explore how that is more of a
concrete advocate on there. I think it's something
that City Council and the street vendor community as
a whole would appreciate.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Just before I call on Council Member Paladino, on the Cold War veterans, if we did pass that, did your-- have your-- have you looked at the numbers, by the way? How much it would cost the State or City in tax revenue?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: We weren't able to put the numbers together because we did our estimate of how many veterans we believe are peace time era who owned property. At the same time, what we weren't able to do, Mr. Chair, was get an idea of

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what is the-- of those, how many own property valued at this tranche, how many own property valued at this tranche, and by this tranche, things that could be

5 used to help do the back end--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Well, but you could do kind of a rough estimate, because we're not -- I don't think we're talking about a lot of money here. That's what my argument would be. We're not talking about millions or -- and millions of dollars here that the state would have to, you know, obviously would lose. It's a small exemption, and it's something I think that we should do. And I know you're supporting it, even though, you know, another side of you can't say that, but I know that you support it, because it would certainly be a deduction that they earned and deserve, the Cold War veterans. But anyway, if you could somehow-- your agency can figure it out or at least do a rough estimate, that would be a good argument to take to our colleagues.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Because I think what's tough here is this is squarely in the realm of the Finance Commissioner, and he has the receipts as far as having the data to get these estimates—

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_	CHAIRPERSON	HOTDEN:	[Interposing	J

3 | Alright, then we'll work on it.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, but I agree with you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thanks. Thank you. Council Member Paladino, questions?

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Good afternoon everybody, how are you? Thank you. I have a few questions. Resource and service referrals -- the first four months of the Fiscal Year 24, 1,543 veterans and family members were referred to resources and services at an increase of 49.5 percent, as compared to the 1,032 people that were assisted in the same time period through Fiscal Year 23. In Fiscal Year 23, the number of veterans and their families whom referred to resources was 2,918, a decline of 59.5 percent since Fiscal Year 22 when it was 7,000 veterans. DVS has a target of 5,000 screenings for Fiscal Year 2024. Can you walk us through why the number of referrals has been fluctuating so significantly, that's one. Two, how many veterans have referred to resources to-date in 24, and does DVS anticipate hitting the target in

2 SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Council Member 3 Paladino, thank you for joining us. It's an excellent question. Well, I think what we can first 4 do is call out what the Commissioner mentioned in the testimony is that the agency has not -- and just like 6 7 our fellow sister agencies -- any shortage of crises 8 or things that are occurring out of our control. some of the, I think, the reductions that you've referenced in your questions, those are correlated 10 11 with the pandemic. but as you see the increase go up 12 again and the significant increase in service referrals that we're making, that's more, I think, 13 14 reflective of as I mentioned earlier, the 15 partnerships that we've been able to establish with your City Council offices, our pop-up veteran 16 17 resource centers, and our social media and event 18 outreach. So, more about getting out to the 19 community, getting in front of veterans to have 20 conversations with them has been a key of ours, but 21 to really point out the fluctuation in data, that is 2.2 purely of the-- we are a-- we were a brand new agency 2.3 in 2016. The Commissioner came in 2020. pandemic occurred in 2020 to 2022. Now we have a new 24

crisis in our hands, as you know. So there's

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constant challenges that we face that are applying pressure to the agency in various ways, and we have to continue to be nimble on our feet to create new partnerships as we have with all of you to make sure that we're delivering the services that our veterans deserve wherever they are.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: The other question I have is, you know, concerning the mental health. You know, we have the pop-up resource center in my office every other Wednesday. I want to give a shout out to Tania Thomas [sp?] for doing the fantastic work that she's doing. We have a lot of family members that come in that are either widowed, or it's a sister or a brother. What are we doing as far as the spouses go and the family members go to help address their mental health issues that they're having at this late date, after-- you know, because a lot them are Vietnam vets. So they're suffering, and I just want to know what are we doing to help them? How is the City of New York and the State of New York helping them?

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Council Member,

I'll start-- or Commissioner?

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yeah, I mean-- for us, when we-- our mandate-- and thank you for the question, too, Council Member. Our mandate is to focus on the veteran and their families.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Yeah

COMMISSIONER HENDON: And for us it's the same offerings that we provide to our, you know, our veterans we also make available to families. A lot of it, which we put on nyc.gov/vetmentalhealth-those are-- it's referrals to different organizations that support in these areas, and it's making referrals to different service providers through Vet Connect, and so it's those types of things that we're doing. You know, Madam Councilwoman, so a lot of it is-- it's referrals on the mental health side. have a mental health expert in-house, but it's not something that we directly triage ourselves. So often time it's, you know, letting our veteran military families know about different services that are available to them.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Now, we were talk-- my Council Member here, my colleague, Joan Ariola, brought up the vending. We have a lot of vendors in District 19, a lot of illegal vending,

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vendors. What can we do to facilitate our veterans
to become licensed vendors so that they could do what
they need to do to earn a living? Because we see a
lot of illegal. Now with the migrants that are
coming in, they're just setting up their carts and

7 doing their business. I just want to know what we

8 could do to help you.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: This is one of the things that we try to leverage our Veteran Business Leadership Association to help with. It's specifically formed to help provide technical assistance to our veteran entrepreneurs so that they can better navigate these paths. Also, we have our map of veteran-owned businesses which we always encourage our veterans to place their establishments on-- it's nyc.gov/vetbizmap-- to be discoverable, because for us the goal is that if a larger corporation or a larger foundation is looking at contracting with someone, that they can find our people in that way. So for us, it's the two-pronged approach between the technical assistance. More information there is nyc.gov/vetbusiness. And then the -- just it being discoverable, Madam Councilwoman.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Are you having a lot of people come out to apply, veterans coming out to apply for these applications to become vendors or has it slowed down, leveled out?

Speak directly to street vendors. I can speak to-one of our prior hearings where we said we estimate
there to be 976 veteran-owned businesses in the City
of New York, and right now the map-- I don't have the
exact number. It's like 409 or so, now that we've
made a higher number, that we do have that we are
aware of. So is this a way where we try to get folks
to come under the umbrella so we could see them and
better help.

last year's hearing, because this is our first one, I believe there was a vendor in the audience sitting and they were-- actually had their business set up outside. I believe it was the Museum of Natural History whereas he sleeps in his truck for fear that if he moves it so much as a few feet or chooses to go home-- like he has to have a family member come and stay-- he will lose his spot. What kind of insurance are we doing to make sure that these vendors have

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 67
2	their secured locations, the way they used to have
3	many years ago?
4	SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Councilwoman, I
5	do know that vendor you're talking about. That's the
6	Hot Dog King.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Right, that's
8	him, exactly.
9	SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Excellent
10	vendor and long-time, you know, great advocate and
11	champion for street vendor veteran community. We
12	have an ongoing we have an ongoing dialogue within
13	the enforcement and the security of specific
14	locations. That is a topic that we continuously
15	discuss with our fellow city agencies. These streets
16	are not necessarily rental properties. So it's not
17	as if, you know, there is a plot that is regularly
18	COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: [interposing]
19	Years ago there used to be. You used to have your
20	territory.
21	SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: [interposing]
22	Yeah, right.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Yeah, like

that's where you were and that's where you stayed, and you know you go to go Jim the hot dog guy. He was

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always there every day and nobody ever took his spot
But what I'm seeing today which is very different is
that the illegal vendors that are just making
themselves right to home, and they don't budge, and
our guys who are here legally and want to set up a
legal business are having a hard time in doing so.
So, just want to make sure the right guys get the
right positions in the right spot.

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: That's right,
Councilwoman. I think one thing to take away form
this is ensuring that there's-- that doesn't result
in an oversaturation of street vendors in--

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: [interposing]
Yeah, and we're having that.

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: You know, and that's something our community is very passionate about.

COUNCIL MEMBER PALADINO: Thank you.

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: There are certain privileges and preferences that they were awarded, as you know, from the unlimited permits and fee waivers to unlimited permits to get into-- get their applications seen, and there's good reason for that, and so that's why there's such a significant

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amount of advocacy to ensure that they keep caps on
those other legal permitting. And then as far as
illegal permitting, whenever we're notified of
anything like that, we appropriately, you know,
notify the agencies that are responsible for

enforcement, yes. You're welcome.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I just want to add too that we-- for us, we try to create opportunities for our street vending community to come together and have face time with the different stakeholders in this space, and we did something like this this past November where we brought representatives from Parks, from Police Department, from Sanitation, you know, and other agencies there. We also have a website where-- I think it's nyc.gov/vetvendor or vetstreetvendor. I'll get that to you in a sec. vetvendor, I'm sorry, nyc.gov/vetvendor where we make the contact information for all of the appropriate agencies that are there. So if a veteran has an issue, they know exactly who to go to about that issue. And so between the veteran [inaudible] Business [sic] Association, between the map [sic], between trying to constantly have communication with our people, we're trying to set things up where if a

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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2	veteran street vendor has an issue, we can help
3	accommodate that. And it's important to us very much
4	so that we legally add veteran positions to the
5	street vendor advisory board. That's the true seat
6	at the table. That's very important to us. So we
7	are supportive of any measures taken to just legally
8	make that fix so we can have one of our own in those
9	discussions.
10	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, and getting
11	all the agencies on the same page has been the most
12	difficult past that we it's going on for years. So
13	are we we are getting gaining some ground at
14	least in this. We you know, a fewer complaints
15	from our veteran vendors, is that the case that
16	you're seeing?
17	COMMISSIONER HENDON: I believe so. I
18	believe that compared to where we were one, two years
19	ago that we're in a better place.
20	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright.
21	COMMISSIONER HENDON: And one of the
22	things, too, a lot of it is I don't know who to go

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Right.

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to.

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: And we tried to demystify that. And so once again it's nyc.gov/vetvendors. So someone knows exactly who to go to from each of the involved agencies.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: We're going to have a -- in the future, we're going to have a hearing again on this, because it-- to see, you know, to gauge are we improving the situation on the streets for our veterans, veteran vendors. A few more questions, Commissioner, and then we'll let you go. In the November plan, there was an adjustment for the Joseph P. Dwyer Peer Support Program which added \$816,000 in Fiscal Year 24, and \$416,000 to the baseline starting in Fiscal Year 2025. What services does this program provide actually, and where are they located?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you for that question. So the Dwyer program, it's a program launched by New York State to seed help-seeking activities for veterans. And so different municipalities receive the money and do things differently with it, and the money typically flows through the Office of mental Health into whatever the local Department of Health is for that municipality, and then two, if they have a veteran's organization,

2	the veterans' organization. And so for us, we're in
3	the stage now where the goal for us is to not many
4	municipalities I have colleagues I've spoken to,
5	county veteran service offices, leads for their
6	counties where everything from I've hired one
7	nonprofit to run all Dwyer programs, I've seen that.
8	To, I took the Dwyer money and hired claims people,
9	because that's something that we really need. I've
10	seen that. For us we're the only municipality that's
11	receiving this money and said, look, we want to put
12	as much of it as possible on the table for our
13	community to vie for that they might be funded in a
14	hyper-local way. So if a local veteran organization
15	would like to do some sort of event, some sort of
16	activity that they can apply for the funding. I've
17	been told by the MOCS Commissioner that this will be
18	released this week as far as veteran entities being
19	able to apply to become vetted, you know, and able to
20	receive that money. As far as the funding amount,
21	it's to be \$416,000 per year in the future. We
22	receive money from 2022, 2023, and 2024 all at once.
23	So when we look at a blip in it, it's because we just
24	got into this.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: It was combined,

3 yeah.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: It's got-- yeah. And then we had a spot, an emphasis where we needed to spend the 2022 money right away. [inaudible] it completely, you know, the age [sic] so to speak. so that, we leveraged the request for express interest which we had 19 respondent, and we got information from the community about things. Of those, we said, okay, let's -- through micropurchases -- fund four projects. One is a Zumba project involving American Legion Post in Harlem. Another is equine therapy in partnership with Columbia University. Another is like a Habitat for Humanity style project in queens at a VSO where it's about veterans coming together to refurbish this American Legion Post. And another is yoga on Staten Island, and there have been 56 beneficiaries of folks whom we're tracking who've utilized it thus far for that legacy funding that was pushed.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay. There was a PEG in the November Plan which eliminated a DVS contract for Job Path platform, generating savings of \$239,000 in Fiscal Year 24, and \$236,000 in Fiscal

Year 25, and \$238,000 in Fiscal Year 26 and the outyears. What services does this contract provide?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Job Path— thank
you for the question. Job Path, it provided
licensing and software for an online platform that
allowed the military—affiliated community to explore
opportunities in city government as well as connect
directly with hiring managers to see how they best
can prepare for applications and interviews. The
platform also included a translation tool that gave
recommendations based on the user's military
occupational specialty.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: But, you know, how did the DVS come to a decision to eliminate this contract? What's the problem?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: For us it was on the heels of other PEGs leading up, and we got to a place where we had to find the savings from something, and for this, the-- it's a digital employment tool.

There exists additional employment tool that the Department of Defense has called Credentialing

Opportunities Online and a subsequent peer tool call Mill Gears [sic] that accomplishes the same effects.

And since we first entered the subscription with Job

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Path, the DOD's tool has advanced significantly. We're in talks with DOD also, and we saw what they are doing and we said look, it's painful to have to reduce something, but recognizing the duplication of services if we have to make a cut, this will be where we will cut.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright. There's a-and just a couple more questions. There's a concern about potential closures of American Legions, VFWs and veterans halls within the city which offer crucial support to struggling veterans, and some mentorship, among other things. It's a way to gather with veterans. And it's, you know, it's near and dear to me, because I have a lot of veteran halls in the VSOs in my district. So how is DVS and the City assisting these organizations and working to ensure their continue operation? Because if we lose them-and we're losing some every year. So, what is DVS doing and the City doing to try to keep them open?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: This is another one of those questions, because this was on the surface, and there's undercurrent, and I want to speak to what's deeper here. We need to have more young veterans, more transitioning service members join

2 these VSOs at the end of the day. That's the real 3 piece of it. on the surface, you know, we do have a-4 - you know, a member of our Physical Ops team who 5 serves as ombudsman so if veterans have questions on the contracting or the VSOs do, they can ask us these 6 7 things. We also welcome our VSOs to receive technical 8 assistance through the veteran business leadership association as we would with any veteran business enterprise. But underneath that it's inspiring and 10 11 motivating more transitioning service members to say 12 look, I want to join that Disabled Veterans Chapter. I want to join that Veterans of Foreign Wars Chapter, 13 14 that American Legion Chapter. And so this goes back 15 to the work we've done to get the DOD to tell us who 16 the transitioning service members are. We estimate 3-5,000 of all 200,000 people who leave the military 17 18 each year, 3-5,000 come to New York. Many come here 19 from school, and so for us, it's how do we best 20 engage you? Once we've engaged you, let's say hey, 21 would you like to join one of the veteran service organizations. Click here if you agree to us giving 2.2 2.3 that VSO your contact information so they can follow up, and that ties back to there being a liaison 24 citywide for the Veterans of Foreign Wars, for the 25

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2 American Legion. We're working to get one for DAV.

3 And so we're hoping that through this modality, year

4 not just organic promotion, etcetera, but also

5 through literally reaching out to people just getting

6 out and saying, hey, would you like for us to plug

7 you into this local organization? That can be a way

to get an injection of young talent into our

9 entities.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, and some VSOs are doing a good job in that, because they're recruiting more. We're hearing, though, from the VSOs that they are struggling to respond to violations they receive from the Department of Buildings, and I fully understand the importance of maintaining the structural integrity of all buildings in the City of New York, but the important thing is to try to work with the VSOs and DOB to try to ensure their safety, obviously of the building, but also not penalize our veterans, our VSOs who are obviously struggling to support these buildings. So, are you-do you ever jump into the fray here? Like, if DOB gets involved, do you actually call them and say, look, can you give them a break on this or can you give them any other 60 days? Or is there somewhere

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we could work together so they're not penalized,
because some of the VSOs go out of business because
of this?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: A couple of things,

I'm-- just as an aside, I feel like--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] I know you got to adhere to the law, but I mean, do you ever step in? Because I've tried stepping in, in my office.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: This is something that we've met with, you know, Commissioner Jimmy Oddo from the Department of Buildings about. We discussed about this situation specifically.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Good, good.

ahead of anything that buildings is trying to do, but I can say that I am certain that this is something that's near and dear to, you know, the building Commissioner's heart as far as what we can do in this area. For us, something we're trying to address here is can we work with local unions to assist in certain things as far as instructing the VSOs on how to avoid certain things and helping them with triaging certain issues, too, even if it's gratis [sic] as far as it's

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2	a trading opportunity for that union, but it's a
3	benefit for that department for that veteran
1	services organization.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: That's a great idea.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: And that's been our

way of trying to work. while we know that Department

of Buildings is looking at what options they have

available to them, because I'm tracking that some of

the top fines involved-- low pressure boiler

compliance is a top fine, and issues involving, you

know, just boiler issues ultimately.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Right.

violations that tie in in these ways; 14 are not having a certificate of completion; 11 violations are incremental penalties where it's just been piling up because it hasn't been accounted for. So, 81 violations largely deal with boiler issues, not all, but largely, and then you have 14 where there's no certificate of completion, and then 11 where there are incremental penalties that are built up. And so this is something we're in constant talks with DOB about it or we're trying to work the union in to see

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2 if there's some way we can provide some gratis 3 support and education to our VSOs.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Great. Well, there's some very good ideas with that. That's-- and we do have-- we're working on legislation also to give extra time to some of the VSOs to cure their situation rather than fine them. They could get a warning. I think that would be the -- an appropriate bill. Just again, two more questions. You know, I think it's my priority, and I think it's your priority that all of the City's veterans receive the support and services that they need obviously. what resources would be required to appoint one DVS liaison per City Council district to serve as a dedicated outreach representative for veterans? I know my office has it. I think, Paladino, Council Member Paladino has -- and Ariola, do you -- you know, see that's where we-- Marmorato-- we have a lot of veterans in our district. So what would that entail in funding to have 51 liaisons for all the Council offices?

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Couple of things to say. Just, once again, levels that-- we're estimating 23,821 of our veterans if they applied for

service-connected disability compensation from the
VA, they'd get it. So I just want to start with
that. Roughly 24,000 folks who right away and
that's just service connected disability. That's not
even other aspects of VA claims, because that's one
piece. Another piece is it's a question of if you
want just someone who's an outreach person or someone
who is a claims accredited person who can help with
claims. I personally argue, and I would argue that
those who've had VRCs would say that having someone
who can do the claims, that's the work. That's the
key thing. And so if that's the case, you're really
talking about having someone at the salary of say, a
community coordinator which is, you know, just under
\$60,000 available for, you know, the 51 council
districts. It's a lot. I just want to call that out.
But to me, if you meet this question that you're
asking, it really is having someone who can work this
thing fulltime and who's accredited to do claims
work, and it's that's the best way to attack it,
Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And we're not-we're talking about once every two weeks. We're not
talking about every day to come in. We're--

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COMMISSIONER HENDON: [interposing] Good point, so that's-- so these are-- so for me, that's-- so this is more so me laying out the, you know-- it's once every two weeks, then there's the math that concur behind that, which I'm sorry I haven't done with--

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] So, you wouldn't have to hire 51, you know.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Yep, you don't have to—but if you're telling me, well, okay, I've got once every two weeks by how many, you know, offices and knowing that you have to give someone time to actually do the work not just in that office. The office, a lot of intake discussions are occurring. A lot of initial things are occurring, but that person will need time to actually work behind the scenes to repair things. So you'd say maybe a one—day, you know, at least one day not in the office just working for each facing clients.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, but have you worked up a model for that? Let's say it's a goal.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: I haven't, but I'm just laying foundations for it.

2	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Well, we'll let Jason
3	work on that. Alright, Jason?
4	COMMISSIONER HENDON: But the foundations
5	for the good of the group is that to have someone
6	who's doing this fulltime
7	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Right.
8	COMMISSIONER HENDON: As far as five days
9	a week is, you know, you tell yourself \$60,000, and
10	then to go back saying hey, for each district you're
11	talking about one day on, one day off as far as one
12	day visible and there meeting folks, one day working
13	on that same those claims and whatnot. And so
14	that's enough to get the more math together
15	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] And
16	maybe there are potential grants out there that we
17	could tap into.
18	COMMISSIONER HENDON: I want to throw to
19	Jason on this point.
20	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: That's what yeah.
21	SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Yes, so first
22	off, Chair, again excellent question, and I want to
23	thank you and the Queens delegation for inviting us

to talk about what benefits claims coordinator would

look like. So I would reference that he cost

associated with that, we hope, could be considered
again by the delegation that we submitted in our
testimony. In the near future, we hope to share the
same as it relates to the other boroughs and what
cost differences they are, because there are
different number of Council Members in each borough.
So we do intend to share that information with every
borough delegation so that they're aware of what that
cost is, and you know, at the appropriate time
consider those financial costs. But to the
Commissioner's point, the federal legislation that is
Senate 106, it's the Commitment to Veterans Support
and Outreach Act. This is something that we and our
state directors across the country all support.
Every state direction in all 50+ states support this
bill, and this bill would allow for the VA to provide
funding to increase the number of service officers
per county and enhance the outreach to assist with
the development and submission of claims. So I will
be more than happy to share more information about
that bill to each of your offices so that you guys
can track it, and if you'd like to work with us to
submit a resolution, a letter of support

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be great.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] That'd

SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: [inaudible] We'd appreciate that.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, terrific.

And my final question is RTM therapy. Various studies have demonstrated that reconsolidation of traumatic memories known as RTM and meditation are effective approaches to addressing Post Traumatic Stress Disorder and other mental health concerns around veterans. Has DVS explored collaborating with other city agencies or nonprofits to pilot a program to provide RTM and meditation classes for our city's veterans?

with the Office of Community and Mental Health about RTM which we wholeheartedly support. We've also helped spread the work about the Walter Reed study that is currently involving the RNR project, and you know, we know that they are tied with, you know, Operation Warrior Shield, one of our nonprofits in the community. So, as far as we are very bullish on RTM and we enjoy what they do, and we have-- we can de-socialize [sic] this accordingly, Mr. Chair.

2	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, because there
3	are you know, and again, my office is prepared to
4	put money aside for a small study that would you
5	know, it would be like let's say I funded a \$50,000,
6	we can see the outcomes. We're not talking about a
7	lot of money, again. And we're not talking with
8	RTM, at least, it's not that long. It could be five
9	sessions where you can see a difference in the
10	veteran. So I think that's worth exploring. It's
11	worth some seed money that we do more outreach and
12	more kind of programs and monitor the results of
13	that. So let's get behind it. I think we're both
14	in mental health we're not doing enough, we know
15	that, as a country. So, if we at least try to come
16	up with solutions and RTM seems very promising. I
17	know we grasp on to things like that, you know,
18	things that we want to work, but this one seems to
19	have the outcomes already in the smaller studies. So
20	if we could get behind that, I'd appreciate it.
21	Thank you, Commissioner. Thank you again.
22	COMMISSIONER HENDON: On RTM, Mr. Chair

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: [interposing] Yeah.

word out when and if that time comes, as far as hey,

comes [inaudible].

COMMISSIONER HENDON: we will get the

the Council in the modality or folks who need it.

Like we're happy to get that word out when that time

either end of it, between people who are trained at

thing with RTM, there's a lot of doctors that are already trained. That was the problem to try to get doctors trained. They've done that. So it's almost like in every community you can find a doctor trained in RTM therapy. So that's why it's convenient. It's not just going into Manhattan. You can get it-- RTM trained doctors in every community practically, even Long Island. So I think there's enough of doctors, because I did do the research on it, and so I did actually recommend some veterans for that therapy and they seem to love it so far, so. Thank you,

Commissioner, again. Thank you and your staff for a terrific hearing and I appreciate it.

COMMISSIONER HENDON: Thank you so much.

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SENIOR ADVISOR LOUGHRAN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So, we're going to open the hearing to public testimony. I remind members of the public that this is a formal government proceeding and that decorum shall be observed at all times. As such, members of the public shall remain silent at all times. The witness table is reserved for people who wish to testify. video recordings or photography is allowed from the witness table. Further, members of the public may not present audio or video recordings as testimony, but may submit transcripts of such recordings to the Sergeant at Arms for inclusion in the hearing record. If you wish to speak at today's hearing, please fill out an appearance card with the Sergeant at Arms and wait to be recognized. When recognized, you will have two minutes to speak on today's haring topic on the Preliminary Budget. If you have a written statement or additional written testimony you wish to submit for the record, please provide a copy of that testimony to the Sergeant at Arms. Regina, please call our first panel.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: The first panel will be Erin Verrier or Verrier, Timothy Pena, Marcos

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Stafne and Cleopatra Brown. If you'll please just come up and take a seat, and you may begin when you are ready.

ERIN VERRIER: Alright, hi, and thank you

all for having me to present today. My name is Erin Verrier, and I am the Manager of Policy and External Affairs at Community Healthcare Network, otherwise known as CHN. We are a federally-qualified health center with 14 sites citywide that provide critical primary care and social services for patients. reach over 50,000 individuals annually, and we welcome patients of all ages regardless of their ability to pay. So while our services are many, I'm here today to speak about the work we do for veterans. CHN's Military Health and Wellness Program provides a comprehensive array of services to veterans and their families, from onsite mental healthcare to primary care services. Each program participants is screened and assessed for mental health needs by a licensed clinical social worker, and can as needed receive referrals to CHN's Behavioral Health Team. Accordingly, participants can access behavioral health services like individual and family counseling, psychiatry and medication

management and be connected to other services like
legal support, medical care, dental services, and
more. Today, our program serves up to 100 patients
annually. The Military Health and Wellness program
is also unique in its collaboration with the Veterans
Advocacy Project which provides legal support
services, assistance with public benefits, VA claims,
discharge upgrade applications, housing, and other
civil legal issues. The Veterans Advocacy Projects
works with CHN staff to ensure continuity of care and
provide staff training on cultural competency when
working with veterans and understanding their legal
needs. In all, we greatly appreciate the support we
receive from City Council for our program, and look
for this funding to continue moving forward, as it is
an honor to serve our veteran population. I
appreciate the time to share our program with you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you.

DR. CLEOPATRA BROWN: Good morning. My name is Doctor Cleopatra Brown. I am a Cold War veteran with a service-connected disability. I served six years in the United States Navy on active duty, followed by two years in the Navy Reserves. I am a homeowner in Brownsville. My father was also a

2	veteran who served in the Korean War. I am the
3	Chairperson of Community Board 16 Veterans Affairs
4	Committee, the founder of Brooklyn's Veterans
5	Appreciation parade and resource fair, and the Chair
6	Friends for Veterans. I am proud to say that I am a
7	veteran. I thank the New York City Council Committee
8	on Veterans for this opportunity to speak on behalf
9	of Community Board Three and Community Board 16
10	Veterans Committee and those veterans who are unable
11	to attend the budget hearing. On behalf of Community
12	Board Three and Community Board 16 Veterans Affairs
13	Committee, I stand before this committee for the
14	following reasons: Real property tax exemption for
15	Cold War veterans. We respectfully request that the
16	New York City Department of Finance recognize and
17	consider establishing a real property tax exemption
18	for Cold War veterans under the New York State Real
19	Property Tax Law 458B. Currently, upstate New York
20	and several counties in New York State including
21	Hampstead, Rockland, Suffolk, and Nassau Counties
22	have adopted the legislation that established real
23	property tax exemption for Cold War veterans,
24	including those who served during the Lebanon War.
25	Howayor according to the New York City Department of

2	Finance, only veterans who served during the
3	following conflicts qualify for real property tax
4	exemption, that's the World War I, World War II,
5	Korean, Vietnam, Gulf War, Iraq, and Afghanistan
6	veterans. Cold War veterans are being told that they
7	do not qualify as veterans because of the New York
8	City Real Property Tax Exemption Law does not
9	recognize them. Also, number two, veteran's
10	preference for affordable housing. Veterans should be
11	given preference when applying for HPD newly-
12	constructed developments listed in Housing Connect.
13	Currently, Community Board residents receive 50
14	percent preference, and City employees receive 10
15	percent preference, but veterans, those who have
16	served and protected and fought for this country's
17	democracy receive no preference. We respectfully
18	press that the veterans be given 30 percent
19	preference to affordable houses listed in Housing
20	Connect and the condo home ownership process being
21	created in New York City. Third I'm almost
22	finished jobs for veterans. We kindly request your
23	assistance in collaborating with state and federal
24	elected officials to create legislation that will
25	reserve job opportunities for veterans at the City,

2	State, and Federal levels. This will allow them to
3	receive credit to their military service time which
4	will be added to their years of civilian service,
5	thereby increasing their retirement annuity. We also
6	suggest increasing the budget to hire and train
7	veteran's specialists to work in non-veteran
8	healthcare facilities and city workplaces to assist
9	veterans in obtaining the necessary benefits and
10	disability compensation they are entitled to.
11	Fourth, transition from military to home portal. We
12	respectfully request that you increase the budget to
13	develop a portal exclusively for veterans. The
14	portal should contain a list of city, state, and
15	federal jobs set aside for veterans, as well as
16	affordable HPD units for them and their families. We
17	will ensure that when service men and women return
18	home from active duty they can easily apply for these
19	jobs and housing units which are exclusively
20	earmarked to them. Legal services we request that
21	funds be allocated to legal services organizations
22	serving veterans to assist with submitting and
23	appealing claims for disability compensation and
24	discharge upgrades for those unfairly given "other
25	than honorable" or "dishonorable" discharges due to

racism and discrimination. Community organizations
we kindly request that you increase the budget to
allocate funds to local veteran organizations such as
but not limited to the American Legion Post, the
Disabled American Veterans, Vietnam Veterans of
America, Black Vets for Social Justice, and the
National Association of Black Military Women. In
addition, providing funding to Community Board with
veteran committees to conduct outreach events aimed
at providing veterans with resources, and informing
them of the benefits to which they are entitled. I
conclude, Korean veterans were left behind, Vietnam
veterans left behind, and Cold War veterans left
behind. We cannot continue allowing a generation of
veterans to be lost, because we failed to speak up
and speak out against the heartfelt issues concerning
our veterans. I stand on the founding principle of
the Vietnam Veterans of America, never again will one
generation of veterans abandon another. We cannot
undo the past, but we can take this opportunity to
re-evaluate how we are treating our veterans in the
present. President Biden eloquently stated, "The
only truly sacred obligation we have is to prepare
and equip those women and men we sent into harm's way

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together. Thank you.

and care for them and their families when they return home. It brings us together to make sure that men and women who are willing to lay down their lives for us get the very best from us in return. May God bless you. May God bless the New York City Veterans

Committee, and may God bless all that gathers here

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Dr. Brown. Thank you.

MARCOS STAFNE: Chairman Holden and the esteemed members of the Committee of Veterans. My name is Marcos Stafne, Executive Director of GallopNYC, and I'm here to advocate for a reinstatement of \$85,000 dollars in funding for our veterans program. For over 11 years we've provided therapy to horsemanship programs at no cost to our veterans at our locations in Queens and Brooklyn. Specifically, GallopNYC Forest Hills, and Gallop NYC Sunrise Stables located in Howard Beach. Our program offers veterans invaluable opportunities for healing and growth through interactions with horses, fostering mindfulness, teamwork, and improved communication skills. Therapeutic horsemanship has been proven effective in alleviating symptoms of

Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder and brain injuries,
empowering veterans to lead healthy and productive
lives. We also see veterans give back to our
community that serves New Yorkers with disabilities
as they volunteered their time to assist others in
adaptive horseback riding. With your support, we can
continue providing weekly riding lessons and access
to our facilities, ensuring that cost is not a
barrier to access for our veterans and their
families. I invite each of you to witness firsthand
the transformative impact of our veterans program at
GallopNYC Sunrise Stables in Howard Beach. Your
support is essential in honoring the commitment and
sacrifice of our veterans. Thank you for your time
and consideration.

might? I just want to really reiterate what was already said. GallopNYC is an incredible resource for our veterans, for our seniors, for our young people, and the work that you do at Sunrise Stables is amazing. And you know, we come down there with the staff, and you know, you're just always there for the community. I invest my constituents' tax dollars in GallopNYC, and I really hope that my colleagues

2 will do the same, because you help people across the

3 five boroughs, not just in the community that you

4 are. So thank you for the work that you're doing.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Doctor.

6 Thank you.

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TIMOTHY PENA: Good morning.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Mic.

TIMOTHY PENA: Oh, good morning. Nice to see you, Chairman Holden. My name is Timothy Pena. I run an organization called the Forgotten Veteran. I'm here today to talk about mental health and the veterans who are currently in our shelters and in need of services, and I have a couple of suggestions that I would like to offer City Council. One, in 2016 I had pretty much crashed and burned, and I ended up being homeless and in the street in Phoenix. I was referred to a grant per-diem program in Phoenix by the VA which is a program -- transitional program set up for VA eligible veterans to receive access to housing resources, mental health, nutrition and various other services to help them transition from homelessness into the Civilian world. I ran the front desk. I was a front desk clerk for about two years

with Catholic Charities and ran a house in Phoenix.

2	I made \$300 a month as a stipend for the front desk,
3	and I also ran their social programs for another \$150
4	a month in stipend. The stipends are important
5	because what it did was it gave me confidence. It
6	also gave me job skills that I otherwise did not
7	have. And we have one of the main focuses was on
8	community engagement and mental health. I'm looking
9	at some of the numbers. I spent five months in Borden
10	[sic] Avenue when I first came to New York City, and
11	in the grant per-diem program, and I was
12	disappointed. From daily assaults on veterans to
13	drug overdoses and deaths. In the nearly two years
14	that I spent at Manna [sic] House in Phoenix, we
15	never had a single incident, never had a single
16	overdose, never had a single death. We are placing
17	such an emphasis on processing veterans instead and
18	I disagree with getting to know the veteran, having
19	them come for other services before we provide them
20	access to mental health and mental health screening.
21	I'm in supportive housing through the HASA program.
22	I had my apartment sat empty for months while I sat
23	in Borden Avenue being prevented from moving in
24	because of my processing. This is critical. We have
25	veterans who are sitting in our shelter for six

2	months, eight months, year, two years and more who
3	are just stagnating. Their mental health is in
4	shambles, and one of the reasons we're seeing
5	heightened drug usage is because we pretty much lost
6	all hope. My background in transitional services and
7	background in working with transitioning veterans
8	mostly out of prison into the civilian world, that's
9	my forte. Mental health is key. Food is key.
10	Getting sleep is key, and having community engagement
11	is key to the mental health of the veterans. We can
12	go through anything if we have someone who we know
13	has our back. I disagree with, or I agree, however
14	you want to look at this. I think there needs to be
15	more mental health screening, and I think that we
16	need to put a higher emphasis on the living
17	conditions for the veterans who are living on our
18	shelters, and giving them better access to outreach
19	programs, outreach services and certainly mental
20	health, as far as things of GallopNYC, those things.
21	We there are programs. We're supposed to have
22	transportation for these kinds of things. When I was
23	in phoenix we had baseball tickets every game. We
24	had VFWs would have dinners for us. We football
25	games, trade shows, hiring events. In the five months

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2	at Borden Avenue, we had none of that. So I would
3	like to put it out there that I've lived. When I
4	first went into the shelter or went into the program
5	in Phoenix, I was pretty much ready to commit
6	suicide, and when I came to New York City I had a
7	tough year, 2021, and I got pretty much within a
8	hair's breadth of committing suicide at Christmas.
9	So when I came here, I specifically looked and sought
LO	out programs and opportunities where mental health
11	was going to be one of the supportive services that I
12	received, and I have that, and I'm in VA mental
L3	health. One of the things that I'm seeing is not
L 4	these guys are not going in, and just like
L5	Commissioner Hendon said, we're not self-identifying,
L 6	and that's because we're not being approached and
L7	we're not being approached in a way that is not
L8	adversarial. So, thank you.
L 9	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Timothy.
20	Tell us about how long were you waiting for
21	supportive housing while you were at Borden. You

TIMOTHY PENA: I had my apartment one week after getting to New York City in July 2022.

was vacant. How long of a period was that?

said that there was a delay. It was-- your apartment

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 101
2	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: So you waited five
3	months
4	TIMOTHY PENA: [interposing] Yes.
5	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: for the processing.
6	TIMOTHY PENA: Yes.
7	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And what was the
8	answers that you got from was it what agency were
9	you applying for
10	TIMOTHY PENA: [interposing] Sorry, but
11	DVS.
12	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: DVS, and there was a
13	five-month delay while you knew that the apartment
14	was vacant.
15	TIMOTHY PENA: Yes.
16	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Because I did when
17	I went up to visit the Bronx facility supportive
18	housing and where was that, by the way? Where was
19	your supportive housing?
20	TIMOTHY PENA: Mine's over on 29 th Street
21	and Eighth Avenue.
22	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Alright, but you
23	know, in speaking to the provider they said they had
24	a lot of vacancies.

TIMOTHY PENA: Yeah.

program.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Which to me, you know, first of all, I don't believe Borden should even be a shelter for veterans. It should be--

TIMOTHY PENA: [interposing] Transitional

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah. Veterans should go right into supportive housing. They've earned that. So, that's my goal is to not have a homeless shelter for veterans. And I know that's something that we could do. We could do that today if we just put the resolve--

TIMOTHY PENA: [interposing] If we wanted to, we could.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Like you said, there are problems at Borden. I witnessed it. However, we're trying to improve it, and what I did get the complaint from veterans at the Borden shelter every time I go is that they're not getting the mental health like you had mentioned, like they should get. And so we're trying to fix that in new programs, and obviously NYU has a very good program, mental health. so it is-- you know, RTM is a very good, you know, has some great hope to get veterans the treatment they need, but we need to-- what you mentioned, we

need to really seriously look at Borden as an option,
and especially when supportive housing is vacant, and
that's what I'm hearing not only from you, but from
providers. And Doctor Brown, again I want to
you're a great spokesperson for our veterans and keep
it up, because this is a very good document. I'm
going to use this for a lot of our recommendations.
We do have Council Member Borelli has a bill on the
Cold War exemptions that you had mentioned. So we're
going to try to get that going and hopefully pass the
City Council within my lifetime. But I think it's
very, very important that we do most of the tings or
at least all of the things on your testimony, and I
thank you for that. Thank you for everyone. And I'll
get out to Gallop. We got to go out there. I'll do
that shortly. Maybe some of my colleagues will join
me. Alright, thank you. Thanks, panel.
COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much.
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Like to call the second panel. Jeanine Costly, Peter Kempner, Deirdre Rice-Reese, and MJ Okma. And you may start when you all are here and ready.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: We'll start from this side. You want to? You can go first, yeah.

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DEIRDRE RICE-REESE: Good afternoon.

3 Council Member Holden, good to see you again, sir. 4 Good to see all of you. Happy Women's History Month. 5 I am testifying on behalf of Samaritan Daytop Village. I am a United States Airforce Cold War 6 7 veteran. I did not know we were going to be talking 8 about that today, so I was excited to hear that it's advancing the bill. RTM another thing that excited about for us to partner with a state organization 10 11 and/or City Council to provide a randomized study. 12 know that there was a study done in 2019, about 74 13 veterans, but happy to have that. For those of you 14 who are unfamiliar with Samaritan Daytop Village, we 15 are one of the largest substance abuse and mental 16 health treatment providers in this city, and of 17 course have programs upstate. Our veterans' capacity 18 is 120 men and women, mostly in individualized, 19 gender-specific programming, two in New York City, 20 one in Queens, the other in Manhattan, and the 21 women's program in the Mid-Hudson [sic] -- first of 2.2 its kind for women veterans. A big part of what we 2.3 manage with City Council support is the sober engagement and mental health supports that veterans 24 need to engage in. as I heard the Commissioner talk 25

about screening for mental health, I think a key
thing or a significant element would be to do a
smaller brief screening that would allow for the
introduction of information for mental health and
then trigger because there are screening tools
called a modified mini, other things that would
trigger further assessment if the veteran is willing,
without being intrusive at the initial interview. For
us, being able to support those sober engagement
activities such as a pilgrimage to D.C., going to the
monuments, going to some of the other supports we
use a serenity model for horsemanship. We use a
couple of other supports throughout the City that
allow us encourage engagement and sober engagement
activities for our veterans. We also need support in
developing our workforce, continuing to develop our
workforce. Some of the stigma around alcohol and
substance use disorders, as well as mental health
disorders pushes some of our veterans and others away
from working in the field because they don't want to
be judged. They don't want to be connected to having
a problem or have issues, and so for us, having
veterans supported peer recovery individuals,
individuals that can intern and learn how to support

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other veterans, from our legends— and that's those that I call those over 50— to our legacy, those under 25, being able to really nurture and support enhanced developed— hold hands with veterans as they navigate systems including DVS' system and the VA's system, being able to support veterans' overall for mental health, substance use disorder, and sober engagement as you really are gold, and we've worked really hard at being proficient at it. So, I ask you all to restore and/or engage our funding, our funding ask for both workforce development, sober engagement, and mental health supports. And I thank you all again. Happy Women's History Month. We rule.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you.

MJ OKMA: Good afternoon Chair Holden and members of the Committee on Veterans. My name is MJ Okma with SAGE, and I'm here to deliver testimony on behalf of my colleague Bryan Ellicott who is the SAGE Vets Program Manager. SAGE Vets is the only program in New York designed to address the unique needs of older LGBTQ+ veterans who are twice as likely to face housing insecurity compared to their non-LGBTQ+ peers. The veterans we represent are no different than any other veterans of the US military. Most are

2	profoundly patriotic and serve during conflicts
3	abroad, taking home with them significant trauma.
4	What is unique about the veterans that we serve is
5	they're often burdened by additional forms of trauma.
6	Discrimination against LGBTQ+ service members have
7	deeply that are deeply embedded in military history
8	frequently led to severe situations ranging from
9	abuse to military sexual trauma. This compounding
10	trauma can be so repressed that it goes untreated for
11	decades causing irreparable harm. Because of this,
12	many older LGBTQ+ veterans have not utilized
13	potentially life-saving services, government benefits
14	and programs that they rightfully deserve. This is
15	where SAGE Vets makes the biggest impact, helping
16	veterans get on a path to recovery and improved
17	wellness. Once we connect with a veteran, SAGE Vets
18	supports them every step of their way on their
19	healing journey at a pace that is guided by their
20	individual comfort levels. Once a veteran is ready,
21	we proceed with referrals to life-changing services
22	including mental health support, creating eligibility
23	for VA healthcare, discharge upgrades, and disability
24	compensation benefits. We also partner closely with
25	the City and State Department of Veteran's Services

and groups such as Black Veterans for Social Justice,
and American Military Retiree Association. SAGE Vets
can do this work because of the support from the City
Council. In the Fiscal Year 25 budget, we
respectfully request a restoration of \$100,000 under
the Legal Services for Veterans initiative to
continue this vital work. Because of the support
from the City Council, we've expanded our outreach to
more LGBTQ+ older veterans in every borough,
connecting them to our social programming and support
groups. We've also been able to successfully secure
discharge status upgrades through the restoration of
honor as well as aide and eviction prevention, find
annuity benefits, public services connections, and
disability rating increases for our participants.
More details can be found in my submitted written
testimony. Thank you so much.

PETER KEMPNER: Good afternoon, Chair

Holden, members of the Committee. My name is Peter

Kempner, and I'm the Legal Director at Volunteers of

Legal Service. The VOLS Veterans initiative which is

part of our senior law project strives to empower

older New Yorkers who served in the military to age

in place with dignity and access their legal rights

2	and live without fear of eviction. Our free legal
3	services assist low-income older veterans in making
4	key decisions about incapacity and end-of-life care
5	by providing last wills and testaments, powers of
6	attorney, healthcare proxies, living wills, and other
7	advance directives. These documents enable our
8	clients to ensure that their dying wishes are
9	fulfilled and that they're able to maintain income
10	and services during their lifetime. We also enable
11	our client's caregivers to make medical decisions in
12	line with their beliefs. Our guides, fact sheets,
13	workshops, and trainings are aimed at overcoming
14	confusion about planning for the future. VOLS
15	Veteran's initiative is also part of our Micro
16	Enterprise Project. For over 20 years the VOLS Micro
17	Enterprise Project has helped existing and aspiring
18	small business owners and micro entrepreneurs access
19	high-quality free legal services. For many veterans,
20	owning a small business is an effective path to
21	financial stability and independence upon their
22	return from service. VOLS aides was drafting
23	contracts, reviewing government documents, protecting
24	intellectual property and avoiding on commercial
25	leases, and recently we've been working with a number

2	of veteran vendors that were talked about earlier.
3	Each year, the United States Department of Veterans
4	Affairs conducts a survey in which participants point
5	out what are the unmet needs of veterans. In last
6	year's survey which came out in October of 2023,
7	eight out of the 10 top unmet needs were legal in
8	nature. In Fiscal Year 2024, the New York City
9	Council dedicated \$600,000 to its legal services for
10	veterans funding initiative to help bridge the access
11	to justice gap for our city's veteran communities.
12	the seven legal services providers who receive this
13	funding provide veterans with legal assistance on a
14	broad range of matters, and thanks to this
15	initiative, these legal services organizations not
16	only dedicate critical staff resources to providing
17	veterans focused legal services, but they're also
18	able to leverage these resources to harness thousands
19	of hours of pro bono support from the private bar as
20	well. A city's budget is a moral statement of
21	priorities, and with a proposed budget of over \$109
22	billion dollars for Fiscal Year 25, the amount of
23	funding dedicated to providing free legal services to
24	veterans is small but critical. It is imperative
25	that meeting the legal needs of New York City's

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veteran community remains either at current funding
levels or is increased so that we as a city can
ensure that the legal needs of those who sacrifice in
service to our country are met. Thank you very much
for allowing us to submit this testimony, and we look
forward to working with you to ensuring that New York
City is a place where veterans feel welcome and at
home. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thanks, Peter. Thank you so much.

Holden and members of the Committee on Veterans.

Thank you for this opportunity to testify. I am

Doctor Jeanine Donette [sp?] Costly, Senior Vice

President for the Transitional Services at the

Institute for Community Living, or ICL. Our

oversight is the Borden Avenue Veterans Shelter. ICL

is one of the largest providers of housing and

behavioral health services for children, adults and

families. We serve 13,000 people annually in our 140

programs across the five boroughs, including clinics,

shelters, residences, and community-based programs.

People get better at ICL because of our whole-health

approach. It addresses all aspects of wellbeing and

2	reduces health disparities. First, Chair Holden,
3	thank you for your support of ICL's Borden Avenue
4	Veteran Shelter, New York City's only residence
5	dedicated to veterans experiencing homelessness.
6	Your leadership has helped us to secure upgrades to
7	the sleeping arrangements across the facility,
8	securing private sleeping arrangements and spaces to
9	help our veterans restore dignity for our nation's
10	heroes. Second, thank you to the New York City
11	Council to your commitment to human service workers.
12	The COLA is greatly appreciated and so needed. I'm
13	here today to talk about the City's concurrent mental
14	health and homelessness crises, particularly for our
15	city's veterans and what needs to be done to ensure
16	nonprofits like our own can help to continue to serve
17	those who are most affected. Many residents at the
18	Borden Avenue Veterans Shelter have seen combat and
19	are living with trauma related to their service, in
20	their personal lives, and in their experience of the
21	trauma of homelessness. To best support our veteran
22	residents, we encourage the development of wraparound
23	service provisions for the veteran population. This
24	would assist with mental health challenges for
25	veterans living in our adult congregate care settings

2	to achieve the treatment and community living goals
3	that they need. This whole-health support which
4	underscores everything we do at ICL would include
5	medication management, nutrition, economic and job
6	stability, and access to more permanent supportive
7	housing. We know that the added stress from unstable
8	living conditions results in poorer mental health
9	outcomes, and the lack of stable housing prestos
10	challenges for us as we offer care and support to our
11	veterans. ICL moved 100 veterans out of Borden into
12	permanent housing in Fiscal Year 22. Our newest
13	supportive housing development, the Nevins [sic]
14	Street Apartments includes 20 units for veterans, but
15	so many more units are needed. New York City has
16	reduced veterans' homelessness by nearly 90 percent
17	since 2011. In December 2015, it became the largest
18	city in the country to be certified by the Federal
19	Government for ending chronic veterans' homelessness,
20	but with the hundreds of veterans still in shelters
21	and many more in the streets, we still need to do
22	better. Moreover we need to re-envision the shelter
23	system. We are operating within a framework that
24	lacks sufficient investment and support. There have
25	been no increases or adjustments to reflect the

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2	growing costs of essential items such as food,
3	insurance, and operational expenses. This trend is
4	unsustainable and it threatens the viability of
5	nonprofit organizations like our own. To compound on
6	these challenges, nonprofits like ICL must regularly
7	borrow money for services contracted by the City due
8	to delayed payments from the City. This strains our
9	financial resources and forces us to incur
10	unnecessary interest expenses. Investing in
11	nonprofit workforce is crucial to ensure our veterans
12	receive the necessary care that they deserve. Thank
13	you for this opportunity.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Doctor, and ICL does a wonderful job. The Nevins Street is-we should replicate that and--

JEANINE COSTLY: [interposing] Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: And really, hearing the success stories-- when we cut the ribbon to open that, it was a great inspirational visit because we got to speak to veterans who are really-- who told their stories, and I think ICL, if we could just get more funding, you're right. Especially at the Borden Shelter, which I think I'd love to improve the food

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 115
2	there. We have a great kitchen. I'd like to bring
3	back, you know, the cooking on premises.
4	JEANINE COSTLY: We would love that,
5	Council Member.
6	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yeah, and so if you
7	could tell me again, and this could be offline, but
8	how much extra funding you'd need to bring that back.
9	Give me a number and we'll try to fight for the
10	number of our veterans. It's an important aspect.
11	JEANINE COSTLY: Yes.
12	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You know, rather
13	than the small little trays of food that they, you
14	know, pre-package let's say, let's cook real food
15	there on the premises like we used to have before the
16	pandemic.
17	JEANINE COSTLY: We did. For food and
18	for mental health services is so needed.
19	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Those two, yeah.
20	Those two areas are very important. And you know,
21	tell us what programs for mental health are working
22	the best that you see. Because I always like ask
23	what's the outcomes and who's doing the best job, and

so that's why I want to bring in RTM there and 24

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possibly, you know, give more funding to NYU who $\ensuremath{\text{I}}$

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feel they're doing a great job. We've gotten some good feedback. But thank you all for your wonderful testimony, and please keep in touch with my office because we do have hurdles, obviously to improve some of our veterans services, but you all are on the front lines and I thank you for all your work on behalf of our veterans. Thanks.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you to this panel. Before we turn to the Zoom witnesses, we want to make sure that no one else is here who wishes to testify and has not yet filled out an appearance card, including these people who signed up in advance, Turak Kalf [sp?], Gus Stavrilocus [sp?], and Bernard Wright [sp?]. Anyone else here who wants to testify in person? Seeing no one, we will turn to the Zoom panelists. I'll call the Zoom panelists individually. Our hearing host will unmute you, and our Sergeant will let you know when you can begin your testimony. So we will start with the first Zoom witness, Edward Schloeman.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin. You may begin.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Do we have him? Is he unmuted? Edward? Alright, you want to go to the

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next one and we'll figure out? We'll circle back to Edward.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, having some trouble with Edward Schloeman. Let's go to our second panelist. We'll come back to you. Second person is Coco Culhane.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

COCO CULHANE: Hi.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: We got you. Okay.

COCO CULHANE: Okay. My name's Coco Culhane from the Veteran Advocacy Project. Thank you for your time today. Just wanted to make a few points reiterating what Peter Kempner said about how important legal services are in terms of removing barriers to housing and stability income. investment pays off 10-fold. Also want to urge that the expansion of benefits counselors who are DVS is just so critical. The feedback we're getting, the people are waiting months and months from, you know, the state reps to DVS or wherever. They're trying to get services, because places are just overwhelmed. The original eight big VSOs that were in the regional office at the VA, only four are still open. It's really a critical needs and I'm thrilled to hear that

2	the Council wants to support that for DVS. On
3	housing, you know, the need for legal services even
4	with the right to counsel, veterans are getting left
5	behind. We turn away so many veterans from our own
6	services because we don't have the capacity. We are
7	the subcontractor for two of the four SSVF providers
8	in New York City, and yet, you know, still just
9	cannot keep up with the need. So really hope to see
10	if not an expansion in the legal services money, you
11	know, at least staying at that level since it's so
12	critical. And then finally, want to put in another
13	push to have I'm not sure where the legislation is-
14	- remembering Paul Vallone and his first bill about
15	tracking services, the use of city services for
16	veterans so that we can really see what the need is
17	and what is it that veterans are accessing. Seeing
18	some kind of legislation, I think something was
19	introduced in the last year, so I'm not sure what
20	happened. I just think it's so critical that we
21	actually know what are the veterans using, where is
22	the need so that we can properly direct
23	SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Thank
24	you. Your time has expired.

COCO CULHANE: not only city resources, but nonprofit resources as well. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. The next witness is Crystal Brockington [sp?].

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

BRENDAN GIBBONS: Good morning. This is not crystal. My name is Brendan Gibbons. For some reason I was sent the wrong link.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay, you can go ahead Brendan.

on here today is I'm also a-- I'm a veteran from the City. I also am the Commander of the VFW post within your district, Councilman Holden. I'd like to thank everybody for being here today anyway. But I also just wanted to bring up quickly, I only have two minutes. I just wanted to say that New York City DVS has been doing a lot of outreach and unfortunately they don't have enough support staff. I personally experienced this. I know they changed a lot of things and they're working very hard to make it better. I just hope that the New York City Council decides to give more funding to DVS for not only their own staff because they definitely need more people processing

claims. One of the problem you have is they're doing
tons of outreach but we do not have people they
don't have the time to be processing the claims
because they're out doing the outreach. They're out
educating people about programs and things that are
available, but they don't have the time to actually
process it. And without more personnel, I feel like
they're never going to be able to accomplish that.
It's like a Band-Aid being put on the wound, you're
never actually going to be able to fix anything.
You're just delaying it. And I know tons of veterans
that have been waiting and waiting, and they cannot
get people to help them, and especially when it comes
to claims benefits it's extremely important. it's a
lot of money to financially help the veteran, but
also money that goes back into the city, and as far
as I'm concerned, it's one of the major things that
really need the help, and having gone through this
process myself within the last two years, I had to
educate myself to fight to get some benefits for
myself, and it's an extremely difficult process. And
I hope that there is more funding provided to not
only Department of New York City Department of
Veteran Services, but also stuff to help other VSOs

younger veterans do not want to join for some reason. SERGEANT AT ARMS: Thank you. Time has 6

they all seem to be disappearing because a lot of the

7 expired.

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BRENDAN GIBBONS: At the same point, our operating costs are through the roof, just like everything else. So, finding donations and funding is very difficult. And I thank you all.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Brendan.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Our next witness is

14 Dequincy Brown.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: I'm sorry, Dequincy

17 Bowen.

> SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin when you're ready.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Quincy, can you unmute yourself. On the lower left of your screen, yeah. Do we have Edward back? No? I see that he's still muted. Can we unmute? Nope? Okay.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Seem to be having some trouble on the muting. We will try to come back

to you, Dequincy Bowen. Can we try Doctor Kimberly

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Moore? Kimberly Moore?

KIMBERLY MOORE: yes, I'm here. How are

5 you? Good morning.

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CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay, we have you.

7 Thank you.

> KIMBERLY MOORE: Thank you. Chairperson Holden, thank you for the Committee on Veterans for the honor and privilege of testifying before you today. My name is Doctor Kimberly Moore, Director of Care Café, at the Yeshiva University's Wurzweiler School of Social Work. Care Café is our community-based program providing psychoeducational pop-up support cafes throughout the New York metro area, and our students and faculty have pioneered a targeted model of embedding Care Café programs in local community institutions. A portion of Care Café's funding is designated for veteran services. Sadly, our program's funding for the 2024 Fiscal Year was cut by 98 percent and cut by 100 percent for veteran's services. Over the last year, though, the Care Café program has strengthened and expanded our partnerships with the goal of effectively engaging with service members and veterans across various

areas of self-promotion [sic] including but not
limited to self-care, suicide prevention, suicide
education training services, psychological first aid,
life transitions, and career exploration, and
nutrition. However, connecting veterans to the
necessary services and entitlements continues to be a
challenge due to their unidentified status. It is
important to note that special attention has been
given to the urgency of collaborative planning,
designing and implementation of programming between
the Wurzweiler School of Social Work and our veterans
serving community partners. These efforts have
included on-the-ground street outreach door-knocking
activities at VFWs and American Legion posts and
intercollegiate approaches to serving veterans with
foundations of empowerment and mutual aid support in
non-traditional settings. With each inquiry received
by the Care Café program to serve our veterans, we
are challenged by the scope and frequency of services
offered. There is still much work to do. It is with
clarity and acknowledgement that Care Café continues
to support their

SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Thank you. Time is expired.

opportunity to share at today's meeting and we look

16 forward to continuing to proactively serving the

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17 greater community at large. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. The next witness is Leonard Williams.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You're good, Lenny.

LEONARD WILLIAMS: Thank you for allowing

me to come before the committee and speak. I've

sitting here since 10 o'clock and I heard

2	Commissioner Hendon and you, Councilman Holden, hit
3	on mostly everything that I was going to I wrote
4	down and I put everything on paper. And I'd love to
5	start off. My name is Leonard Williams. I'm
6	currently the President of the Vietnam Veterans of
7	America Chapter number 32 in Maspeth, Queens,
8	Councilman Holden's district. And you know, I'll
9	just start off by saying that the government should
10	take care of all veterans. I am a Vietnam veteran,
11	and you know, back then they missed us. You know, it
12	took a long time. As a matter of fact, the maybe
13	five years I started getting active with the Vietnam
14	veterans and any services. And what was said before
15	is where they didn't have anything for us at the
16	time. You know, there was nothing. I came I got out
17	of the service. I returned around said, okay, life
18	goes on. It was amazing. You know, I was in Vietnam
19	one day and then I was in New York City at the
20	nearest bar three days later, you know, and life went
21	on. Welcome home. Life went on. What are you going
22	to be doing? And they didn't have any services for
23	us at that time. Recently now, as I said, I'm a very
24	active with Councilman Holden and the Vietnam
25	Veterans of America, and commissioner Hendon And

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just a couple of things. You know, you reach down to
the mental health services. I ran into I want to
quickly talk about with that. I've met I've brought
up people, guys that wanted to suffer from PTSD.
These are Iraq/Afghanistan, the younger generation of
the, you know, maybe the 25-30 year old, and they
don't want to come forward. a lot of them are police
officers, fire Department personal, so on and so
forth, and they don't they cannot come out and
more or less come out as they are, because they're
worried about going into the rubber gun squad or
something like that.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Thank you. Time is expired.

they will not, you know, be able to do their services, so they refrain and they just keep on going on. I've reached out to, you know, numerous veteranstrict [sic] shelters, Borden Avenue, homeless shelter at St. Albans veteran nursing home, and I noticed we need— the biggest thing I as listening today is you need veteran's veteran services. Like, Commissioner Hendon is a veteran and I think he perfectly understands what other veterans go through.

2	Outsiders don't realize, you know, what we went
3	through, even for basic training, Cold War veterans
4	or whatever. We just we have our whole community.
5	We are our own community, and we need that we need,
6	like you say, in the mental health issues or the
7	partnership of a bunch of you know, with all other
8	veterans' organizations. A lot of things the
9	America I reached out to the American Legion 1424
10	capture, and I didn't get back, they never got back
11	to me. The VFW over there in Maspeth, I've heard of
12	her, but what we have to do, we have to bring this
13	together. We have to bring these in, organizations
14	together. hopefully what you can do Councilman
15	Holden is instead of having individuals I speak to
16	you a lot, and you know, we do a lot Together but I
17	don't talk I don't' hear from the Manhattan organ
18	Manhattan DVA. I don't hear from the American
19	Legion. I think we have to have a forum, a day on a
20	calendar to bring us all in, and then you're out
21	out office or the cloud chat. Need it a polish
22	America league and all sit down and understand
23	what's going on. You know, there's so much going on
24	as Commissioner Hendon turned around and said, we're
25	reaching out for funding. We're doing this and the

2	VSO organizations. You know, we rent. We need more
3	funding for rent and all of that. I We could do
4	much more with the Borden Avenue shelter and the St.
5	Albans Nursing home which we do a lot with now, and
6	we could do a hell of a lot more, but the funding
7	isn't quite there for us. You know, we have
8	operating expenses. We pay rent. We cater for what
9	our own office or meeting hall. We don't have the
10	monies to pay the rent for that. So we share with
11	the Polish American League organization over in
12	Maspeth, and in Maspeth themselves and if we didn't
13	go join them, they were about to, you know, lock the
14	doors also. So the funding is big. You know, I don't
15	know where we can come with that, but the mental
16	health issues, yes the housing, definitely the
17	housing, you know, is huge, and I the biggest thing
18	before I'll close is where you're talking about how
19	do we reach out to these veterans, you know, in New
20	York. And I think maybe we should have like a
21	registrar of where ET I was going to ETS which only
22	military knows what that is. It's when you get out
23	of the service, there should be a place that you
24	could reach out and get the name, get the ID, get the
25	address of that individual and welcome them home,

2	welcome them home and still build a relationship from
3	there. I myself, I deal with St. Albans Hospital and
4	I've been down in Brooklyn by Fort Hamilton and I
5	find their medical and their professionals, the
6	nurses, the doctors, I find them excellent. I have
7	no problem whatsoever. I don't wait long times. I
8	make an appointment. I walk right in. It's
9	fantastic, and a lot of veterans, a lot of guys I
10	had one guy, another Vietnam veteran era, he asked
11	me, "Len, how do you get along with the Brooklyn
12	Hospital?" I said great. I said I have no problem
13	whatsoever. So it's unbeknownst to a lot of people
14	how far we came along, and I say we, only since I've
15	been active since the last five years, and that's
16	probably thanking Commissioner Hendon and Councilman
17	Holden and all the other veteran representatives.
18	But that's about I'm just saying I think we need a
19	forum instead of this Zoom meetings. Have a get-
20	together. We'll invite the other chapters. We'll
21	invite the American Legion and the young, you know,
22	the Iraq/Afghanistan, because we're all hurt. I
23	myself, I suffer from survivor's guilt, and you know,
24	it only came to pass since I started getting active
25	again. My life went on. After Vietnam, my life went

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on. I got busy, and then only recently talking to,
you know, to Councilman Holden and the other Vietnam
veterans, amongst ourselves I'm allow I can open
up. Amongst strangers, I will not. I really, really
won't, you know. And it's just basic life. You
know, that's it for me. I'd [inaudible] give me that
extra time of talking, but we do have to have more
funding, and there has to do more to do for Borden
Avenue to St. Albans and all the other VSO aid
organizations as you say, veterans services. Thank
you for I don't' want to ramble anymore, but I had
it all written down, and I know I missed some stuff,
but thank you very much. We definitely need more
funding.
CUNTEDERSON HOLDEN. No. I think you got

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: No, I think you got every--

LEONARD WILLIAMS: [interposing]

[inaudible]

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You got everything,
Len. Very good. Thank you. You got everything.

LEONARD WILLIAMS: Thanks, Bob.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Again, thank you for your leadership on Vietnam Vets Chapter 32 and all your help on the coat drive at Borden. You were

amazing on that. you helped transport all those 2

3 hundreds of coats that we brought over, and certainly

supplied some of the coats, and many other projects 4

that you do all over the City. So we thank you. 5

Thank you, Len Williams. 6

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. Our next witness is Laurie Sutton.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

LAURIE SUTTON: thank you so much. everyone hear me?

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Yes, yes.

LAURIE SUTTON: Terrific. Chair Holden, other members of the Committee on Veterans, Commissioner Hendon and all of us who are gathered today to address these important issues. First of all, Chair Holden, I just want to echo and share your sentiment concerning the loss of Deputy Commissioner and former City Council Member Paul Vallone. Yes, his optimism, his inspiration is an example, will continue to be felt for years to come. This morning, I just want-- or this afternoon, I just have a couple of things I'd like to address. One on veteran's homelessness and one on PTSD. First, on veteran homelessness. I was recently appointed to serve as

Vice Chair of the Veterans Community and Outreach and
Engagement Board in West LA to address their
challenges with the veteran homelessness, community
services, and linking it into the broader community.
They were aware of our track record here in New York
City, and I was able to point them to the recent
report. The New York State Comptroller, last
November, published a report on homelessness among
New York's veterans and specifically called out the
City for their outsized impact that had to do with a
lot of the folks that are in that room right now and
across the City, and I just wanted to just make the
point, chair Holden, that you know, achieving those
impacts required resources, absolutely, and also peer
support. Partnership, so vital. The programs, yes,
that the Commissioner outlined, and the presence
whether it be face-to-face wherever possible or in-
person. And as we go forward, New York City will
continue to stand out as a leader among leaders.
Just listening to Commissioner Hendon, I'm so proud
SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Time is
expired.

LAURIE SUTTON: to hear of all that's

going on, will continue to evolve or development as

2	the Department of Veterans Services lives up to the
3	vision held by so many generations of veterans,
4	family members, elected officials, and advocates.
5	Secondly, PTSD, thank you so much, Commissioner
6	pardon me. Thank you so much, Chair Holden, for your
7	leadership and advocacy in bringing tighter a joint
8	committee hearing last September with Chair Lee and
9	the Committee on Mental Health, Disabilities and
10	Addictions. I'd just like to I won't repeat. I
11	testified at length last September, but I just want
12	to add one point of clarification now regarding
13	something that came up earlier this session and that
14	has to do with lifetime prevalence of PTSD. Yes, the
15	lifetime prevalence on average for veterans ranges
16	between seven and eight percent. But of course, the
17	veterans that we encounter and that we deal with, and
18	the DVS is doing such a masterful job in reaching out
19	to and supporting through their various programs and
20	partnerships they're individual veterans and they
21	belong to subgroups of the veteran population which
22	hold distinctly different rates of lifetime
23	prevalence. So, for example, in a 2022 study that
24	was recently published in the Journal of Clinical
25	Psychiatry, this really aimed at the national health

and resilience in veterans studied. It found that
the range of lifetime prevalence ranged from seven
percent to 32 percent. And you know, for women
veterans, 19 percent; Vietnam veterans, 23 percent;
post 9/11 veterans, 15-20 percent; 21 to 29-year-old
veterans, 24 percent; and among our LGBTQ+
colleagues, over 30 percent. so I hope those numbers
help to sort of humanize and to express the variation
among our entire population of veterans, our
community of veterans, and to understand that within
certain subgroups, sub communities, the young women,
post 9/11, LGBTQ+ there's considerable variation, and
we've got to reach out and connect. And thank you
again, Chair Holden, for your support for RTM as one
of the break-through treatments that really can
continue to make a difference. With that, I'd be
happy to address any comments or questions. Thank
you, Chair Holden.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Well, thank you

General Sutton and by the way, thank you for actually
exposing at least on a hearing but also on a Zoom,

RTM, that you actually told me about it and how
successful it is. so that's why we're doing some-we're going to do some pilot programs thanks to you,

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2	and thanks to all your wonderful work with our
3	veterans over the years, from being the Commissioner
4	of DVS to doing all the things you're doing now
5	across the country. So again, I want to thank you
6	for your leadership on behalf of our veterans.
7	LAURIE SUTTON: Takes a team.
8	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Anybody else?
9	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yes.
10	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, General.
11	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. And I
12	believe we now have Edward Schloeman.
13	SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.
14	EDWARD SCHLOEMAN: I'm here.
15	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay, great.
16	EDWARD SCHLOEMAN: Okay, you guys, you
17	have to unmute me, I think.
18	CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: You are. You are.
19	We got you. Go ahead.
20	EDWARD SCHLOEMAN: I have no video. Okay.
21	No video, that's okay. I'm retired Chief Master
22	Sergeant Ed Schloeman, Chairman of Operation Warrior
23	Shield, and I thank you once again for the
24	opportunity to discuss our work with mental health
25	and the veteran community. I have been involved with

2	this work since 2010, and I'm very proud of the
3	partnerships which we have with many city
4	organizations. We have endorsed and implemented
5	transcendental meditation, or TM, with the
6	partnership with the David Lynch Foundation,
7	Operation K9 Companion with the partnership from the
8	Doris Day Animal Foundation, and today, as I
9	presented in our last Council meeting six months ago,
10	I am proud to say we are supporting another mental
11	health initiative called, as you all know, RTM. Both
12	General Sutton and I are working together on this
13	initiative and I sent the package to the City Council
14	and to you, too, Council Member and Chair Holden,
15	outlining the program which we call Project Gotham
16	Grip. Operation Warrior Shield has submitted a grant
17	request to implement this program, and we have
18	already have much interest form NYPD Health and
19	Wellness Section and other veterans service
20	organizations. Why NYPD? They have over 3,000
21	active duty reservists in the military today, and
22	many have seen combat, and I am very honored to
23	present RTM to the Police Academy on April 10 th , and
24	joining me, of course, is General Sutton and I hope
25	that you can come too. With the city grant I

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presented in the New York City Discretionary Funding,
we need this support in this battle against PTSD.

That concludes my presentation.

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Thank you, Ed, and again, thank you for your wonderful at RTM, and also your work with our veterans. You're well-known throughout— and I'm glad we were able to unmute you finally, but we still have a nice picture of you on our screen here at least. We can look at that. Thanks again for your work.

EDWARD SCHLOEMAN: Thank you back.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: I would like to call one last time anyone who may be on Zoom who had registered including Vishal Balani [sp?], Dequincy Bowen, Rabah Bel Kabir [sp?], and Crystal Brockington [sp?]. Anyone there?

CHAIRPERSON HOLDEN: Okay, last call.

That's it. Thank you everyone for your testimony,
and Commissioner Hendon is still here as usual. We
thank you for that. One of the only Commissioners to
stay throughout all the hearings, and thank you to my
colleagues who also stayed, the Common Sense Caucus.

Thank you so much. Thank you everyone. I think it

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2	was a great he	earing,	and	we'll	see	you	at	the	next	
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date May 1, 2024