CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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April 24, 2023 Start: 10:14 a.m. Recess: 2:40 p.m.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

B E F O R E: Selvena Brooks-Powers, Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Joann Ariola David M. Carr Amanda Farias Ari Kagan Linda Lee

Farrah N. Louis Mercedes Narcisse Lincoln Restler Carlina Rivera

Nantasha M. Williams

Julie Won Kalman Yeger

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

Erik D. Bottcher Robert F. Holden Jennifer Gutierrez

## APPEARANCES

Ydanis Rodriguez, Committee of the New York City Department of Transportation

Sean Quinn, Assistant Commissioner for Street Improvement Programs at the Department of Transportation

Rick Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community Affairs at the Department of Transportation

Julia Kite-Laidlaw, Director of Safety Policy at the Department of Transportation

Kim Royster, Chief of Transportation at the New York Police Department

John Chell, Chief of Patrol at the New York Police Department

Michael Clarke, Director of Intergovernmental Affairs at the New York Police Department

Richard Davey, President of New York City Transit with Metropolitan Transportation Authority

William Schwartz, Deputy Chief, Government and Community Relations at Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Anna Pycio, Lyft and Citi Bike

Lacey Tauber, Brooklyn Borough President's Office

Eric McClure, Executive Director of Streets PAC

Mary Beth Kelly, Families for Safe Streets

Elizabeth Adams, Deputy Executive Director for Public Affairs with Transportation Alternatives

## A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Gabriel Russell

Gerald Ross, officer of New York Cycle Club

Raul Rivera, TLC driver advocate

Charles Guthrie

Israel Acevedo

Jackson Chabot, Director of Advocacy and Organizing at Open Plans

Ligia Guallpa, Executive Director of Workers Justice Project and Los Deliveristas Unidos

Lionel Morales, Communications Outreach and Marketing Manager of the Black Car Fund

Roy Fishman, member of Transportation Alternatives

Sarah Lind, co-Executive Director at Open Plans

William Medina, leader of Los Deliveristas Unidos and a member of the Workers Justice Project

Paul Schreiber

Shawn Garcia, Senior Organizer for Equity and Partnerships at Transportation Alternatives

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: This is a microphone

check for the Committee on Transportation. Today's

date is April 24, 2023. Located in Council Chambers.

5 Recorded by Steve Sadowsky.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Good morning and welcome to the New York City hybrid hearing on the Committee on Transportation.

At this time, please silent all electronic devices.

Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: [GAVEL] Good morning and thank you for joining today's hearing of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

Today's hearing is about bicycles, micro-mobility, and street enforcement. In addition, we will be hearing a number of pieces of legislation. Intro.

289, Intro. 417, Proposed Intro. 501-A, Intro. 712, Intro. 816, Intro. 853, Intro. 926, and Intro. 927.

Today's hearing is part of an ongoing discussion stemming back to our street safety infrastructure hearing earlier this year as the Committee evaluates how we make our streets safer for everyone. To that end, today's hearing has two primary focuses. Number one, the state of our street

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE infrastructure including infrastructure devoted to cycling and micromobility, and, two, how our laws are enforced by the Department of Transportation, NYPD, and other to make our streets safer for all road users. As always, safety is at the heart of the work of this Committee. As discussed at our hearing in February, we note that while we saw some improvements in select Vision Zero metrics in 2022, total traffic fatalities remained at their second highest since Vision Zero began. More children died on our streets than in any other year since Vision Zero. Further, in just the first three months of 2023, 10 cyclists died on our streets. For context, in 2018, just 10 cyclists were killed in the city over the entire year. This is unacceptable. This Committee and this Council are committed to addressing this crisis of traffic violence on our streets. Cycling in New York City has rapidly expanded since 1980 when the City first began collecting cycling ridership data. This increase has coincided with major investments into the City's cycling infrastructure. As of 2021, 1,456 miles of bike lanes have been built, including 590 miles of protected lanes. It is no coincidence that between 2008 and 2019 the number of daily cyclists in

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE the city increased by 116 percent. Today, about 880,000 New Yorkers regularly ride a bike at least several times each month. Bike-sharing has also contributed to this uptick in cycling. In 2013, Citi Bike was introduced in New York. In the last decade, Citi Bike usage has grown dramatically from about 92,000 annual members in Fiscal Year 2014 to about 230,000 annual members in Fiscal 2022. The ability to make short affordable trips allow those who do not own a bike to use them to get to where they need to go. However, Citi Bike infrastructure has not been equitably distributed. Its services have been concentrated only in certain parts of the city, and its benefits are felt only in certain communities. We should continue to explore how we expand bike-sharing to all including by revisiting dockless bike-sharing, which was briefly piloted by the Department of Transportation. Although this popular pilot ended amid the pandemic, we hope to work with DOT to determine whether creative initiatives like this, those that spread cycling opportunities throughout the city can be revived.

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Today, we will hear bills that center equity in our efforts to improve our bike

committee on transportation and infrastructure 7 infrastructure, including legislation to require mapping across all five boroughs of current bicycle infrastructure conditions and to explore whether and where charging stations for e-bikes can be built for exclusive use by food delivery workers.

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In addition to bicycles and cycling, we will talk today about micromobility options such as e-bikes, e-scooters, and mopeds. In April 2020, New York State legalized certain e-bikes and e-scooters and created three classes of e-bikes based on how they operate, fully electric or pedal-assisted, and how fast they travel. The DMV created specific regulations about where e-bikes and scooters can operate, how fast they can go, and if a helmet is required among other things, and in July 2020, the City enacted Local Law 72 and 73 amending the Administrative Code to remove barriers to the use of certain e-bikes and e-scooters in the city that were legal under State law. This has dramatically shifted the way people use these devices to navigate our streets. It is important we strike a balance as we regulate these devices, permitting constructive use, including for commercial purposes like delivery, but also guaranteeing safety. They should not be a danger COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE to the user as lithium-ion batteries have across the city nor be hazardous to pedestrians, vehicles, and others. As part of Local Law 74, DOT was required to create a pilot program for shared electric scooters in the city, effectively combining the idea of a bike-share program with e-scooters. In October 2020, DOT selected three companies to operate the pilot, Lime, Bird, and Veo, and DOT launched about 3,000 escooters in the East Bronx in August 2021. In June 2022, DOT doubled the fleet of e-scooters to 6,000 and expanded service into several other neighborhoods nearby. DOT found that e-scooters were heavily utilized during the pilot with an average of 2,800 trips per day and more than 86,000 riders accounting for over 1 million trips in the 12-month period. DOT also concluded the pilot had a robust safety record with no reported fatalities and just a few minor injuries. Since then, in November 2022, DOT released an RFP to expand micromobility and possibly make the pilot permanent. Just like the dockless e-bikes, expanding shared e-scooters provides an opportunity for equitable growth of mobility options in New York, and we look forward to working with DOT on this expansion.

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Safely expanding these options also requires effective enforcement of the rules of our roads. Although DOT maintains and enhances the transportation infrastructure in the city, the NYPD has the task of traffic enforcement and is responsible for performing a wide variety of public safety and traffic management functions. Under the NYPD's Transportation Bureau, the NYPD oversees pedestrian, cyclists, and motorists' safety on the city's highways and local streets and manages traffic control. There are several units under this Bureau including the Traffic Management Center, Traffic Operations District, Traffic Enforcement District, and Highway District, all of which have distinct jobs and roles.

Today, I want to talk about whether the NYPD is effectively protecting road users including cyclists and micromobility users. How are the laws that protect all users of the roads being enforced and regulated? Are police helping to keep bike and bus lanes clear or are they blocking lanes themselves? Is NYPD helping us to achieve Vision Zero objectives? We also note an apparent decline in Vision Zero enforcement by the NYPD in recent years.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 10
Vision Zero summonses declined by 23 percent in
Fiscal Year 2020 and by 57 percent in Fiscal Year
'21. This decline took place as the incidents of
traffic violence increased. The question of how we
enforce the rules of the road and who should enforce
them is an important component of today's discussion.

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Today, we will hear a bill sponsored by Council Member Restler, Intro. 501, which would allow New Yorkers to report when bike and bus lanes are obstructed. I want to express my sincere gratitude to Council Member Restler for working with me to address some of the global concerns that I share with other stakeholders about this legislation. Though I still harbor serious concerns about a bill that would deputize civilians to adopt responsibilities of law enforcement, which in some cases could result in conflict in public spaces between New Yorkers. I think back to 10-year-old Justin Wallace in my District who was struck down by a bullet because of two adults having a dispute over a parking space. I think about the Fare Evasion Officer shot just last week. Enforcement can be dangerous. With that in mind, I recognize we all have the same common goal, safer streets for all, and I remain committed to

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11
working collaboratively to address the actual issue
at hand. I look forward to a productive discussion
today exploring various forms of enforcement
including how automated camera enforcement could be
expanded on our streets to address these sorts of

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violations.

As I come to a close, I want to emphasize the importance of the Council's oversight authority on these issues and our capacity to pass laws that improve both our infrastructure and enforcement regimes. I look forward to the conversation on today's slate of bills including the following:

Intro. 289, sponsored by Council Member Rivera, which would require DOT to develop a map of current bicycle infrastructure conditions.

Intro. 417, sponsored by Council Member Restler, which would consolidate the Community Board and Council Member notice requirement for bike lanes with the requirement for major transportation projects.

Proposed Intro. 501-A, also sponsored by Council Member Restler, which would create a new violation and civil penalty for hazarded obstruction by a vehicle of a bicycle lane and bus lane which bus

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 12 lane restrictions are in effect, sidewalk, crosswalk, or fire hydrant when such vehicle is located within a radial distance of 2,640 feet of a school building, entrance, or exit.

Intro. 712, sponsored by Council Member
Bottcher, which would require DOT to report on
evasion of red light cameras or school speed cameras
by motor vehicles with unreadable license plates.

Intro. 816, sponsored by Council Member Restler as well, which would suspend Alternate Side Parking regulations on Tisha B'Av.

Intro. 853, sponsored by Council Member
Ariola, which would require the Department of
Transportation to install intermediate reference
location signs commonly known as mile-markers at
1/10th of a mile intervals along designated stretches
of Cross Bay Boulevard, Beach Channel Drive, Rockaway
Point Boulevard, and Rockaway Beach Boulevard.

Intro. 926, sponsored by Council Member

Farias, which would require DOT to conduct and submit

to the Mayor and the Speaker of the Council and post

on its website an annual study on cycling activity in

the city for the previous year.

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Intro. 927, sponsored by Council Member Gutierrez, which would establish a task force to determine whether and where charging stations for bicycles with electric assist can be built for exclusive use by food delivery workers.

We will now hear from several of the sponsors regarding their bills beginning with Council Member Rivera on Intro. 289, and I believe Council Member Rivera is online. She is still on maternity leave, and we are so excited to hear from her.

Council Member.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Hi. Good morning. Thank you so much, Madam Chair. So good to see you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: We miss you.

the opportunity to speak on this bill remotely,
Intro. 289. For New Yorkers who rely on the City's
network of bike lanes to get where they need to go,
the lack of real-time information on bike lane
conditions can be dangerous and often prohibitive to
those who may want to start biking. My bill, Intro.
289, would create a citywide bicycle infrastructure
map hosted by the Department of Transportation to
provide cyclists with live updates regarding current

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Thank you very much.

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Council Member.

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. We
3 will next hear from Council Member Restler on Intro.
4 417, Proposed Intro. 501-A, and Intro. 816. Busy day,

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you so much, Chair Brooks-Power. It is a busy day. It's a great day for this Committee to be hearing so many wonderful bills. Congratulations to my Colleagues and thank you to you for your leadership in giving these bills an opportunity to be heard.

There are nearly 1,500 miles of bike lanes in New York City, but just a third of them are actually protected, just a third of them are actually safe. Every single day, cars are illegally parked in bike lanes, entering in and out of bike lanes, impeding the safety of cyclists, impeding the safety of pedestrians. We must do better. A recent study that I found fascinating by a technology company found that they estimate there are 6.8 million bike lane violations per year in New York City but only 74,000 citations. 1 percent of the time is a citation issued. What does that mean? If you're getting away with doing something illegal 99 percent of the time, you're going to keep doing it and doing it and doing

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But that's not enough. We need to empower citizens to start holding illegal drivers accountable. The NYPD has failed to do its job. It is time that we empower everyday New Yorkers to hold

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people accountable who are making it dangerous for

the parent with a stroller, dangerous for the person

in a wheelchair, dangerous for the cyclist on the

street, and ensure real accountability. Our

legislation does just that with Intro. 501. This will

save lives.

Lastly, I'd just like to note Tisha B'Av is one of the most holy days in the Jewish community, and it commemorates the destruction of the Temple in Jerusalem thousands of years ago. It is a day when people in my community and Chair Brooks-Powers' communities and many communities across the City people are praying from early in the morning until late at night. They should not be burdened with Alternate Side Parking on such a holy day, and I hope that we modify our regulations to accommodate this day of such import to our community.

Thank you very much and hope we can get each of these bills and appreciate PD and DOT for joining us.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. We will next hear from Council Member Bottcher on Intro. 712.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Good morning. It took us many years to get the number of red light cameras and speed cameras that we have and getting 24/7 cameras was a really big win, but we know that many drivers are evading these cameras by illegally defacing or obscuring their license plates. New Yorkers see it. I see it when I walk around. We see the license plate covers that prevent the cameras from seeing it from a tall angle. We pieces of paper and, quite frankly, some of them are city vehicles, some of them are NYPD-owned vehicles. What we don't know is the exact extent of this problem. We sort of know because through FOIA requests we've learned that between 2020 and 2022 drivers evaded red light and speed cameras 1.5 million times, but that information is not freely available on an ongoing basis so the legislation that I've introduced, Intro. 712, will require the Department of Transportation to regularly report, publicly report the number of times that these cameras have been evaded by defaced or obscured license plates. This will give us the ability to fully understand the extent of this problem, to track our progress on this problem because no one should be able to freely evade these cameras, and I know that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 19
the Department of Transportation cares a lot about
this, and I look forward to working with you on this
and with my Colleagues. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much. Next, we will hear from Council Member Farias.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Thank you, Chair. With the expansion of e-scooter programs in the Bronx and biking in New York City at all-time high, it is essential that we keep our riders and cyclists safe as they commute throughout our neighborhoods. That's why I'm proud to have introduced Intro. 926, which will require the Department of Transportation to conduct an annual study on bicycle activity. This legislation would allow our City to have data that would help adapt to the real needs of our cyclists and our infrastructure, something we currently lack. We as a City need to know the most frequented biked streets, bridges, and what the best recommendations are for improving bike safety in those areas. Communities around the city are in high need of more protected bike lanes, more bikeable streets, greenways, and more that allows commuters and families to travel at their own pace and lessen our collective reliance on cars. In Council District 18,

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 20 2 we will soon be getting three protected bike lanes, 3 something my community and I have been in 4 anticipation of. While this is a huge win for our District, it is not useful for us to just lay down 5 infrastructure and not monitor its effectiveness. 6 7 That's why we need an annual study on bicycle activity mandated now, for the safety and well-being 8 of our current and future bikers. I look forward to working with the New York City Department of 10 11 Transportation and my Colleagues to continue to 12 ensure our transit system and infrastructure are 13 serving our city. Thank you to the current sponsors 14 of the bill, Council Members Brooks-Powers, Restler, 15 Caban, and Hudson, and thank you, Chair, for the allotted time and DOT for being with us here today. 16 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so 17 18 much. Finally, Council Member Gutierrez on Intro. 19 927. 20

COUNCIL MEMBER GUTIERREZ: Thank you,

Chair. E-bikes are an increasingly popular mode of

transportation for both delivery workers and everyday

commuters who want to reduce their carbon footprint

or seek alternatives as the MTA becomes more and more

expensive. We simply cannot ignore the popularity and

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 21 importance of micromobility. It is real, and e-bikes are here to stay. We have all heard about the devastating and often fatal e-bike related fires like the one on Goodwin Place in Bushwick in my District and throughout the City. We have to keep pushing the City to do more and think critically about how to keep New Yorkers safe. Intro. 927 requires the City to create a task force to study the feasibility of building charging stations for e-bikes. They will be tasked with developing a comprehensive report that details recommendations for legislation and policy related to the construction, locations, cost and operations, fees for use, and fire safety. I want to recognize my Colleagues today who are hearing bills related to supporting much-needed infrastructure, the studies of bike activity, the importance of charging stations, and, overall, how to make our city safer for everyone. Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Before we turn to testimony, I'd like to recognize my

Colleagues joined here today. We have Council Member

Rivera online, and we're also joined in the Chamber

by Council Members Louis, Farias, Narcisse, Restler,

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 Williams, Carr, Ariola, Cagan, Gutierrez, and

3 Bottcher.

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We now turn to testimony. I look forward to hearing from the City Administration, advocates, and members of the public regarding the oversight and legislation at this hearing.

I just want to reiterate also my request going forward that we do expect to receive testimony ahead of when we sit down in our sits at the dais.

Every agency including TLC and the MTA has been able to comply with this request. We ask this of DOT and the NYPD as well.

I want to thank my Staff and Committee
Staff as well for their hard work. Samuel Breidbart,
Counsel to the Committee, Kevin Kotowski, Senior
Policy Analyst, John Basile, Senior Policy Analyst,
Mike Sherman, Senior Finance Analyst, Jorge MunozReyes (phonetic), Communications, Jack Siegenthaler
(phonetic), my Policy and Budget Direct, and Renee
Taylor, my Chief-of-Staff.

I will now ask the Committee Counsel to go over a few procedural items and swear in the representatives from the Administration. Thank you.

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2 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Chair.

It is always nice to be here, remembering those 12 years that I served as a Council Member and the last eight as a Chairman.

On protocol, one thing that I can tell you is that in my eight years as Chairman I never got a testimony in advance from prior DOT Commissioners, neither the agency gets the questions from the Council, so I'm more than happy to continue speaking about it on the way of procedure, (INAUDIBLE) we get the questions in advance from the Council or in my eight years I was never expected as a Chairman that DOT Committee, the agency, would give the testimony so this is part of the protocol.

First of all, thank you for all of you who spent car-free on Saturday, Earth Day, April 22nd, in the street, persuading, educating our communities about the importance of protecting our planet and especially thanks to Shekar Krishnan who also at 34th Avenue led like a big day of activities also together with DOT as he has been able to be a great partner, reimaging 1.3 miles of street that used to be only for cars and now that's a real modernization (INAUDIBLE) 34th Avenue has become a

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 25 place used for cyclists, pedestrians, and for a lot of activities, educational and recreational.

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Good morning, Chair Brooks-Powers and

Members of the Committee on Transportation and

Infrastructure. I am Ydanis Rodriguez, Commissioner

of the New York City Department of Transportation.

With me today are Sean Quinn, Assistant Commissioner

for Street Improvement Programs, Rick Rodriguez,

Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and

Community Affairs, and Julia Kite-Laidlaw, Director

of Safety Policy. We are also joined by Chief Kim

Royster, Chief John Chell, and Director Michael

Clarke from the New York City Police Department.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on bicycles,

micromobility, and street enforcement on behalf of

Mayor Eric Adams.

I want to start by sharing the good news. Bike ridership in New York City has reached a new all-time high. On a typical day, there are more than 550,000 cycling trips made in New York City with cyclists biking more than 200 million trips annually. In 2022, we saw record cycling counts over East River bridges and in Midtown Manhattan. For the first time ever, more than 24,000 trips were recorded over East

2 River bridges during an average in-season weekday.

3 East River bridges average 24-hour selective weekday

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4 bicycle count. Biking is a healthy, fun, and

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5 sustainable way to travel around the city. That's why

6 we want to be sure that the working-class community

7 also gets involved into the benefits of biking and

walking. The number of New Yorkers who bike to work

9 has more than doubled from 2011 to 2021.

Despite this, I also want to acknowledge the difficult year we are having in terms of cyclist fatalities. So far, 12 cyclists have lost their lives this year on New York City streets. We mourn their loss along with their family, friends, and neighbors. One life lost is too many, and we are committed to continuing our efforts to ensure all road users can safely travel on New York City streets, regardless of whether they are walking, biking, or driving. I want to assure New Yorkers that cycling in our city is a safe mode of transportation and together, in partnership with the Council, we can make this exciting, healthy, and essential way to travel even safer.

DOT is taking a number of steps to enhance safety for the growing number of cyclists,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 27 including expanding bike infrastructure and conducting education and outreach. DOT continues to grow our 1,500 miles of bike lanes citywide, the largest network in the nation, which includes 645 miles of protected lanes. As we announced this morning, DOT is on track to install a record number of protected bike lanes in 2023 and to harden more than 10 miles of existing bike lanes. These projects include corridors with high ridership, bridges, and projects in Priority Investment Areas laid out in the New York City Streets Plan. Some highlights include 3rd Avenue in Manhattan, Soundview in the Bronx, Ashland Place and Navy Street in Brooklyn, Goethals Road North in Staten Island, and Addabbo Bridge in

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Queens.

To enhance safety on existing bike lanes, we will continue the bike lane hardening program to install Jersey barriers and the Better Barriers program to test new materials along bike lanes in all five boroughs. We will test new materials at targeted locations citywide, including Second Avenue, from 63rd Street to the Queensborough Bridge in Manhattan and at 11th Street and Jackson Avenue in Queens. The agency has also created the first wider bike lanes on

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 28
9th Avenue in Manhattan and has plans for more this
year.

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The City also continues to work to build a comprehensive citywide greenway network. Last month, Mayor Adams announced the City is developing plans for a seven-mile greenway along the Harlem River in the Bronx, creating a continuous path from Van Cortlandt Park to Randall's Island Park. This is how the Mayor is showing that the Bronx is as important as other boroughs here in our city. The greenway would reconnect the residents of Bronx to their waterfront while also creating a safe transportation corridor for cyclists and pedestrians.

This Administration is committed to leveraging new technology to improve the lives of New Yorkers. To ensure we are building the right projects in the right places, DOT recently launched an innovative pilot program to use advanced technology to measure transportation uses on New York City streets. DOT has placed street activity sensors at 12 locations around the city to collect data and generate detailed reports that will allow planners to better understand the uses of city streets and inform future street redesigns.

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To help us build bike lane infrastructure faster, DOT strongly supports Introduction 417 sponsored by Council Member Lincoln Restler. This bill would consolidate the Community Board and Council Member notice requirement for bike lanes with the requirement for major transportation projects.

This would create a single, uniform process for DOT to provide notice about major projects.

Passed in 2011 in response to the implementation of the Prospect Park West bike lane, Ad Code 19-187 imposes notice and comment requirements for Community Boards and Council Members on bike lane projects and changes, followed by an additional waiting period after DOT has received input. Given the seasonal nature of DOT's construction season, these requirements can result in projects being postponed until the following year and make coordination challenging.

Another section, Ad Code 19-101.2, imposes a similar but shorter process on Major Transportation Projects, projects that involve four or more consecutive blocks and remove at least one travel or parking lane. This bill would preserve the important role of Council Member and Community Board

input in major DOT projects. It would streamline requirements for public input on such projects and remove the unnecessary waiting period after a hearing takes place and DOT has received and reviewed public comments. It would allow DOT to follow a single timeline for notice and comments on its major projects instead of two requirements with different timelines and slightly different details. It would also reduce the amount of administrative work for DOT employees which would allow our agency to focus on other important projects such as additional outreach

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and planning.

Turning to education, earlier this month

DOT launched a public service announcement in

partnership with TLC to raise awareness of the deadly

practice of dooring, opening a car door without first

checking to see if a bicyclist is approaching. The

video set to the hit song by Chubby Checker teaches

New Yorkers to do The New York Twist, using the far

hand to reach for the door handle, which forces

passengers and drivers to look back and protects the

cyclists.

DOT also conducts outreach to cyclists in their neighborhoods. In 2022, we distributed 15,500

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DOT will also launch a public awareness campaign on the safe operation of e-bikes. A number

of the recent cyclist fatalities were single vehicle crashes on electric bikes. The public awareness campaign will focus on educating New Yorkers about how to properly accelerate, brake, and operate at an appropriate speed. The campaign will include both public marketing and direct community outreach to teach new riders what to expect when they operate an electric bike. DOT will engage folks who use shared electric bikes as well as those buying electric bikes at the point of sale.

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To enhance safety for micromobility users, last month, Mayor Adams announced Charge Safe, Ride Safe: New York City's Electric Micromobility Action Plan to promote the safe charging and use of emerging legal micromobility options. The plan focuses on the following key areas: promoting the growth of safe e-micromobility and cycling, promoting and incentivizing safe battery use, increasing education and outreach to electric micromobility users, advocating for additional federal regulation of these devices, and expanding enforcement against high-risk situations.

Finally, we continue to call on our colleagues in Albany to pass the ROADS legislative

package which stands for Removing Offenders and
Aggressive Drivers from our Streets. These bills aim
to increase accountability among dangerous drivers
and keep those with a history of dangerous driving

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

6 behavior off our streets, which would enhance safety

7 | for road users.

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Now, turning to the rest of the bills before the Committee today. Intro. 926 sponsored by Council Member Farias would require DOT to conduct an annual study about cycling activity. DOT already posts cycling ridership and activity data on our Cycling in the City webpage, and this information is also available through Open Data. Moving forward, DOT will be updating the website throughout the year as data becomes available, rather than annually. We would be happy to discuss this data with Council Member Farias, the Chair, and the whole Council. By the way, Council Member Farias has been a great partner as DOT working with her always identifies well how we can build more bike lanes and develop more infrastructure to make our streets safer for pedestrians and cyclists. Thank you.

On Intro. 289 sponsored by Council Member Rivera, which would require DOT to develop a

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 34 searchable map of the city's bike lanes that includes current conditions. Cyclists should have safe infrastructure to travel around the city. Pursuant to Local Law 124 of 2019, which was also sponsored by Council Member Rivera and I when I used to be a Council Member, DOT now requires that all DOT construction permittees maintain a temporary bike lane if such construction affects a street with a bicycle lane. This law was passed to ensure cyclists continue to have safe lanes even when streets are under construction. It was an honor for me to work with Council Member Rivera as a co-prime on that bill. While DOT supports the intent of this bill, we have some operational concerns about developing such a map that we would be happy to discuss further with Council Member River and other great partners promoting biking in our city.

Next, on Intro. 501-A sponsored by

Council Member Restler. This bill would create a new
hazardous parking violation for obstructing a bike
lane, bus lane, sidewalk, crosswalk, or hydrant
adjudicated at OATH as well as a new citizen
complaint system for these violations.

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compliance with our traffic and parking rules is essential, whether by private, commercial, for-hire, or government vehicles. Otherwise, our streets cannot function properly for all street users, and safety, mobility, and emergency response can be negatively affected. This Administration is open to exploring new models to enhance safety and help our street designs function effectively and to discussing this bill with the Council Member. The Law Department also continues to review the legislation.

Member Bottcher which would require DOT to report on evasion of red light and speed camera programs by vehicles with unreadable license plates. The City is already closely tracking the practice of obscuring license plates to avoid paying camera violations and other tolls. Rather than tying resources to monthly reports that could potentially raise further awareness about this practice and encourage more people to do it, we believe our focus should be on working with other agencies to address the problem. We would be happy to have further conversations with the Council about this issue and the steps this Administration is taking to address it.

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Next, on Intro. 927 sponsored by Council

Member Gutierrez. This bill would require the city to

create a task force to study electric bike charging

stations for delivery workers. This Administration

has already created an interagency Electric

Micromobility Task Force that released the Charge

Safe, Ride Safe: New York City's Electric

Micromobility Action Plan that I mentioned earlier.

DOT has several staff members on the task force and

has a keen interest in the issue.

As part of this action plan, DOT has launched a pilot program in partnership with EDC and the Brooklyn-based business incubator, Newlab, called the 2023 DOT Studio. The one-year research and development program is focused on testing different technology solutions for public e-micromobility charging. As part of this curriculum, we are conducting extensive market research and stakeholder engagement to help identify the best battery charging solutions to deploy. Food delivery workers, Fire Department, and other relevant stakeholders will be involved in testing these battery charging solutions to determine the ones that are more viable and responsive to New Yorkers' needs. By the end of the

pilot program, DOT and its partners expect to have an in-depth understanding of what is workable and scalable in New York City and to use that information to plan future programs. We are happy to discuss this pilot and the task force further with the Council and how we can work towards our shared goal of enhancing

safety for delivery workers.

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In conclusion, I would like to thank the Council for the opportunity to testify today. We look forward to working together to create a safer city for pedestrians, cyclists, micromobility users, and drivers. In one minute, (speaking Spanish). We will now answer any questions.

We'll start with cycling in the City. Cycling in New York City we know has rapidly expanded and improved since 1980 when the City first began collecting cycling ridership data. This growth is in part due to a great investment in cycling infrastructure by the City enabling bike riding to become a viable form of transportation for both commuting and recreation.

Between 2008 and 2019, the number of daily cyclists in the city increased by 116 percent. Just wanted to jump to a couple of questions around biking data.

2 What is the current estimated bike ridership per day

3 and per year?

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I'm going to pass to our Colleague here, who will be explaining the details on it.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Sure. Thank you for the question. Current numbers show that we have 550,000 daily trips on bicycle a day with over 200 million trips a year. We get that number from our census, Journey to Work data.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. How has it changed in the past couple of years, especially due to the pandemic?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We definitely saw a boom in cycling during the pandemic as people shifted off of the subway and off of other various modes onto cycling. During the pandemic, we set up some temporary bike lanes to encourage cyclists, focusing our efforts around hospitals and emergency workers. I think during that time people were able to see the benefits of cycling, how easy it was to get around time, and many kept riding after that time. We've also seen an explosion of working cyclists using bikes and e-bikes for cycling so those

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 39 numbers are also factoring into the rise of cycling in New York right now.

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DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: If you don't mind, add into that, those of who were at the Council at the time and those who are here, the Council Members who were part of the Administration, also played an important role with phase 3 of Citi Bike. It was during COVID that we expanded Citi Bike to Washington Heights and to the Bronx as also working together with Council Member Rafael Espinal and Council Member Fernando Cabrera and myself, we also worked with DOT at that time so that DOT was putting together the pilot program for the scooters so while we are seeing in 2010 there was an average of 200 individuals riding bikes so now on an average day we have 550,000 daily so that, using bikes is not only something that is part of the deliveristas that they use the bikes to go to work or it's not only something of the upper middle class. I feel what we have seen is that (INAUDIBLE) and visitors are into the bikes and then DOT is also expanding the investment, building the infrastructure so that it also makes safe for those New Yorkers and visitors to ride the bike in our streets.

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I was just
3 about to ask, since the City has opened back up, have
4 you seen any changes in the trend? Is it still
5 trending up? Has it kind of plateaued? What does it

5 trending up? Has it kind of plateaued? What does it

6 | look like now?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: It

definitely reached a peak during the pandemic,

settled down a little bit the year after the pandemic

as people were adjusting, and now we're seeing it

raise again. I think people are seeing the health

benefits, the environmental benefits, just the

overall picture of what it means to cycle in the city

has really been coming clear in the past year.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I know you mentioned just now the Bike to Work data is what you pretty much use, but are there any surveys or methods that DOT uses to track this data and how will DOT use the traffic sensors announced last week to evaluate cycling trends?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We use a number of different methods to get the variety of trends throughout the city. The census data is helpful for overall sort of commuting trips in the city, but we do have automated counters at several

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 41 locations, our East River bridges, on a couple of our greenways around the city, the Pulaski Bridge, Kent Avenue, 8th Avenue, and a couple of the protected bike lanes in Manhattan. We're also looking to install more automated counters in the outer boroughs working with the Department of Parks and Recreation to ensure we're getting a larger picture of the daily cycling in New York, and the new sensors that we announced last week are really going to help us get a better picture of the makeup of cycling. A lot of our data collected so far gives us a general picture, but the sensors will allow us to understand how many are regular bikes, how many people are using e-mobility, how many people are using different types of scooters as they travel around the city so opening up that picture using those sensors is going to give us a really good picture of the makeup of cyclists in New York.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Does DOT plan on expanding the number of sensors and, if so, how many more?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: With the Safe Streets for All grant that we were just awarded this year, we're looking at expanding the sensors

make up for its shortfall?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: That's a goal. We need the partnership of the Council to get those

4 | numbers. We want to be sure that...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What does the partnership look like?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: As we go through Council Districts, we need support. That's just something that, you know, first of all, that we had a great team of engineers, DOT did a great job, and, as I said before, now that I'm leading this agency, I inherit the agency with great leaders doing plans. They've been doing a lot of great work. The question right now is how can we expand it so yes, we are on target to accomplish our goal of the numbers of bike lanes that we need to do, but that's why it's so important that also we work together with the partnership with the Council as we go through community because now, as we're expanding, it's not only community that is mainly only middle class and upper class because biking, as I say, I was born in the Caribbean, 1965. My father had a bike. What's happening is that we've been told that a car is a symbol of progress and a bike is a symbol of poverty in many cultures. We want to change that narrative.

We want to be sure that people get it that, as I was riding the bike with the (INAUDIBLE) he would say if you ride a bike half an hour every day, you would spend an average of six years of your life, so we are also getting to the educational component in our communities to be sure that as we look for the expansion of bike lanes, it's not only the middle class and the upper class but it also goes to our working-class community.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I know DOT in the past has said it's been as a result of the supply chain so it feels like every time we have a hearing, it kind of shifts if it's the Council or if it's the supply chain, but it would be good to really have a better understanding of our how we can help DOT to meet its goal.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I just want to take the opportunity to underscore what would be extremely useful in advancing the goals of this Neighborhood Streets Plan is Intro. 417, simplifying and clarifying those notice requirements would be very, very helpful to put us on our path to meeting those goals.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: This year, the Streets Plan benchmark is 50 miles of protected bike lanes. Will DOT meet that benchmark?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: That's the goal.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Also, I'd like to acknowledge that we've been joined by Council Members Yeger and Holden.

Shifting a little bit for a moment to

Citi Bike. Are there specific areas that you believe

are underserved by Citi Bike that could benefit from

increased expansion?

said as being in your role, Chair, we were able to see how DOT, the Council, and Citi Bike worked on the expansion of Phase 3. That's when we were able to expand Citi Bike to the South Bronx and also
Washington Heights and Inwood and other working-class communities so we're always looking on how this great partnership that we have with New York City DOT and Lyft running the Citi Bike will continue looking for opportunity on how we expand. One goal that we have under this administration led by Mayor Eric Adams and I is that we want to connect all communities through micromobility and bike share and Citi Bike so that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 46 mode of transportation that has proven that it's important for the health of the individual is efficient and it's good for our planet.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. What does the City look for in an area to begin to determine where to place Citi Bike?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Right now, I think it has been, first of all, we need to be sure that there's a formula at work because this is not only DOT, it's the private sector also who is also getting (INAUDIBLE) responsibility, we invested, so we believe that (INAUDIBLE) Citi Bike, the largest one in the nation, when we compare to other municipalities, has proven that it's working. I think that we've been able to see that expansion of Citi Bike that started first only in the downtown area of Manhattan. I feel that what we have seen is expansion, and we will always continue conversation with Citi Bike to expand that service. As you know, not only are we looking for the infrastructure that we continue building so that it is safe for those who use Citi Bike or other type of electric scooter or electric bike to be safe, but also one thing that we are looking is about how we continue providing some

committee on transportation and infrastructure 47 subsidy for residents or NYCHA and the food stamp, something that we're doing right now, because we know that it is important to promote biking as so important for the health but also we know that we have to look for how to make it affordable and how to continue making it safe for when a New Yorker rides a bike in our streets.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm just not clear. I just want to get a better idea of what the City actually looks for to determine where to place Citi Bike.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Let me pass it to

Sean if he can pull some detail, but, as I say, we

are looking at communities that were not included in

the beginning, that's how we've been doing it. We're

also looking at the financial to be sure that also

the resources are there from the public and private

together in order to cover more neighborhoods, but

Sean would also add other.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Are you asking about individual stations or just expansion generally?

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The expansion in general in terms of the communities.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I think right now one of the most important pieces is continuity from neighborhood to neighborhood so as it expands through the different boroughs, just making sure that those boroughs are connected so that you're not sort of stranded in one part of the neighborhood and have nowhere else to reconnect into the system so I think that will be one of the big pieces, but then, as the Commissioner said, there's a couple of other factors that go into the decision-making.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. Also, as you're looking at expansion, does the City survey potential riders in neighborhoods where Citi Bike is not yet located to understand the potential demand?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I'm not sure of the answer, like the specific outreach we do for that expansion.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Can you elaborate the question?

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I was just wondering if the City surveys potential riders in neighborhoods where Citi Bike is not yet located to understand the potential demand, like there may be a demand for it. For example, in Southeast Queens, we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 49 don't have Citi Bike in my District, but are you surveying communities like that to see if there's a

need there or an interest in them?

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I don't know if Julia would like to add something about how we are also engaging with members of the community from the educational perspective about the importance of biking. First of all, I think that we all know, as I said, the numbers are there. We're reaching historical numbers of 550,000 in ridership every day in our city. Mayor Adams is committed for equity to be part of whatever decision or investment we make, and Citi Bike is the best model that we have where the public and private are working together. We feel that Phase 3, we were able to make definitely expand Citi Bike to areas that it was not there before. We also continue to look for new locations and how we can expand it.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Yes. I'll add to that, like my Colleague said, what we look for is continuity, but we also have data showing us that we know people want to bike in all different communities from all different kinds of backgrounds with all different features so we know that cycling is popular

citywide and that also there's an element of if you build it, they will come so we are very confident that we know where cyclist patterns are and we do look forward to future expansion in the future.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. If Citi Bike is unwilling to expand to certain neighborhoods, has the City considered partnering with another bikeshare company to bring them into other neighborhoods?

comfortable with how we're working with Citi Bike. As I said before, it's a great model that we have that it's the largest (INAUDIBLE) that we have in the nation, this one here in New York City, so we feel that how we've been working has been successful, but, also, as you know, we passed a bill in the past here in the Council led by Council Member Rafael Espinal and Fernando Cabrera, I was also part of that group, that created the scooter program in the Bronx, the pilot program working with DOT, so we feel that where we are right now there's no reason why we should not see a continuation of the partnership between DOT and Citi Bike. We're working well. We feel that there's always other possibilities. In this case, we were

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 51 looking at the scooter micromobility as the one that the study was a pilot program and we see also potential to keep growing.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In terms of dockless bikeshare, what is the status of implementing and expanding a larger dockless bikeshare program within the city?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Generally, after the pilot of dockless that we did several years ago...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Which I loved, y'all snatched it out of Rockaway but we could talk offline about that.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Yeah, it was nice in the Rockaways and a couple of other locations, but the dockless industry itself has changed since then. I don't think it's something that we've ruled out, but it's something that may not be viable at the scale that it once was so that's something that would have to be factored in as we look at future expansion of that.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What occurred in 2021 in regards to the DOT's issuance of a Request

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dockless shared e-bikes.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I'm not

3 sure.

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DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: I believe we're currently examining what would be possibilities for shared e-scooters following, as you mentioned earlier, the continued success and the excellent safety record of our project in the Bronx.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: And as you may be aware, the RFP is currently out for that expansion.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry. Can you just say that last point?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: As you may be already aware, there is an RFP that is currently out for the e-scooter expansion.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: This is the result of the pilot program that we did. We learned a lot from this pilot program. We saw that the pilot program with the electric scooter was popular in the Bronx, people were using it, so that's how, based on the information that we learned, that we are in the process right now of an RFP.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. I'm going to just jump to street enforcement. I'll come back to micromobility in round two of my questions.

For street enforcement, the City is continually working towards the goal of Vision Zero, namely no traffic fatalities, but we have seen extremely troubling trends in recent years with an increase in the number of traffic fatalities and yet, despite this increase, Vision Zero related moving summonses issued by the NYPD have significantly declined. In Fiscal Year 2018 and 2019, 698,709 and 696,012 summonses were issued by NYPD which corresponds with lower levels of traffic fatalities. However, in Fiscal Year 2020, Vision Zero summonses dropped by approximately 23 percent to 537,742. In Fiscal Year 2021, the Vision Zero related moving summonses issued by NYPD declined again to 298,377, a decline of approximately 57 percent. Can you define what a Vision Zero related moving summons is?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Before you hear from Chief Royster who will get into the details, I want to say that Vision Zero is working. Vision Zero is a combination of engineering, redesigning our streets, enforcement with the NYPD, and education, and those

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 55 three elements is proving that it's working. When we look at the numbers of pedestrians that unfortunately have lost their lives in 2022, we have one of the lowest years since 2013. Now there are new challenges that we have, most related to reckless drivers. The group of drivers who contribute unfortunately to those crashes that take the life away of so many beautiful people, they have been driving drunk, speeding, without license, but I can say that we are confident that with the progress that we did in 2022, reducing to the lowest numbers of pedestrians losing their lives in our city, we will continue working. Now, you will hear from the NYPD about their part of Vision Zero related to enforcement.

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CHIEF ROYSTER: Thank you, Commissioner.

Good morning, Madam Chair and Members of the Council.

The question was can I define what a Vision Zero

violation is. When we look at Vision Zero, we look at

violations that can cause injuries or death, and that

would be in the category of speeding, failure to

yield to a pedestrian or bicyclist, improper turn,

using your cellphone, texting, disobeying a sign.

That would be the categories that we look at Vision

Zero. Currently, year-to-date, as we look at our

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Are there

resources needed do you feel?

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CHIEF ROYSTER: When we look at resources, we not only look at the agents that are out there but also the vehicles that we would need to effectively do enforcement. For example, under the Traffic Enforcement District, we have a operational component which is Towing, and so we definitely would have agents that are required to tow vehicles, but we also would necessarily need the tow trucks to tow those vehicles also, regular tow trucks as well as heavy duty tow trucks as we saw post-COVID an increase in truck parking and so we were laser-focused on making sure that we went to the communities that were seeing this quality-of-life issue and started towing vehicles that were in residential communities during hours of darkness which is 9 p.m. to 5 a.m.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. In what areas of the city have the most summonses been issued?

CHIEF ROYSTER: I don't specifically have that breakout, but I will tell you that when we look at our data and, if you're talking about Vision Zero summonses, what we do is look at the data that tells us where most of the collisions with injuries as well as fatalities occur around the city, and one of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 58 areas would be the south area of Brooklyn as well as the Bronx, and so when we see that there's been an uptick in this data, what we do is put together our High Visibility Corridors, which would address those areas where we've seen an uptick in collisions or fatalities. What does that mean? It actually means putting together a plan. That plan requires our Traffic Enforcement agents to go out into that area and make sure that they issue parking violations that they see in the area where we've had an increase of collisions or fatalities or injuries. The other component to that is outreach, and that plays a very large part on our enforcement plan. Our Outreach Team is partnered with the Street Team from the Department of Transportation, and we actually issue outreach to not only establishments or the community but also drivers, and we're able to track that information, and then we follow that up with enforcement. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: As we go through the next few questions, would somebody be

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CHIEF ROYSTER: Are you addressing Vision Zero summonses or parking summonses?

able to find out the areas for us in terms of the

communities where they're most and least issued?

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Vision Zero.

CHIEF ROYSTER: Okay.

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More than 9 in 10 bicycling on sidewalk tickets issued in 2022 were given to New Yorkers of color including over 50 percent to black cyclists. What kinds of guidance and training does NYPD give its officers for bicycling on sidewalk enforcement?

CHIEF ROYSTER: I will say this.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Enforcement is done by the respective precincts as well as the Transportation Bureau. The number one thing that we talk about in the Traffic Safety Forum which is done every single week with our 77 precincts as well as our DOT and Vision Zero partners is to talk about equitable enforcement, not just giving out a summons to give out a summons, and that's also coupled with outreach. Officers are trained on what to look for as well as how to prepare a summons. For example, one of the things that we've noticed is that the biking community has expanded all over the city, and we do know that people are not aware of the rules and regulations of the road, especially riding on the sidewalk where our older adults and our children are

victims, and one of the things is that they focus on

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 60 the fact of informing riders but also following up with a summons.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How is NYPD addressing the inequity that's apparent in the enforcement that's happening?

CHIEF ROYSTER: As I mentioned before, during the Traffic Safety Forum, we want to look at the types of summonses that are being issued and what are they being issued for, and those summonses are being issued for the most dangerous things that can happen. For example, riding through a red light. That not only would affect the cyclist, but it also is going to affect a pedestrian that is walking across the street, and so we want to make sure that the summonses are written properly but not only written properly but issued for a violation that's occurring in the community.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. How many traffic fatalities and serious injuries have occurred involving various micromobility devices in 2022 and year-to-date?

CHIEF ROYSTER: When we mention micromobility, we know that after COVID we started to see an explosion of these devices in the street.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 61 People use them for a mode of transportation, but they're not aware of all of the traffic laws. They're not aware of what's legal and what's not legal, and so when we talk about the micromobility, we're looking at devices that are electric scooters, we're looking at e-bikes, we're also looking at non-streetlegal motorized scooters, so we've seized over 2,300 of them this year. Those that fall into the category of not-street-legal, which they don't have a V-I-N number and they do not have a plate number. We've seized them this year based upon our point-of-sale enforcement, and what that means is that we've identified establishments by the help of Department of Transportation to let us know establishments that are selling these devices. We do an outreach operation, which we go into the establishments two weeks and inform the establishments that these particular micromobilities are illegal and, once we do that, we follow up with enforcement. What does that enforcement mean? We go into the location, and that's the precinct officers as well as the Transportation Bureau, we go into the establishment, we seize the devices that are not street-legal, and, once we seize them, our legal department works with

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 62 us and issues a cease-and-desist letter because, as I mentioned before, a lot of people that are purchasing these devices are not aware that they're not street-legal and they're dangerous.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: Council Member, we got an answer about where the Vision Zero summonses are.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: Brooklyn South year-to-date has the most with 31,285 and then Bronx is second most at 28,000. Staten Island is the least amount of Vision Zero summonses.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

also about deaths and serious injuries year-to-date with micromobility. Our serious injury data is subject to a bit of a delay because of classification, but, in terms of deaths, we've had five year-to-date, which we categorize as "other motorized." This has been a mix of standing e-scooters, although none from our shared Bronx scooter program, and it's also including the illegal motorized devices. We've had four motorcyclist deaths, and then we've had eight legal e-bike deaths.

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CHIEF ROYSTER: Yes.

that have been taken internally about NYPD members

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 65 parking in bus lanes or bike lanes, and I just want to say back in 2021 the Traffic Enforcement agents were actually given a digital system to work with to make sure that people that were parking in bike lanes or bus lanes and actually whether or not there were placards attached. One of the things that we do is make sure that all officers are aware of the prohibitions of parking in bike lanes and bus lanes, and this is done digitally throughout the Department so electronic message is sent to everyone. In addition to that, during our Traffic Safety Forum meetings, when we are meeting with the executives from the borough as well as the relative executives from the precinct, this is also a discussion during the Traffic Safety Forum. Each precinct executive in the rank of the ICO, which is the Integrity Control Office, which is a lieutenant, does inspections around the precinct or the facility. The Borough Investigations Unit is responsible for also doing inspections, and we've also made sure that there is a radio dispatcher during each platoon that will do a recording to instruct officers or members of the Department about parking in bike lanes or bus lanes.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What do you

3 mean by digitally when you say that?

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CHIEF ROYSTER: It's a handheld device that will be able to scan a registration to determine whether or not that vehicle is attached to a member of the NYPD if it is not a marked patrol car.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: There are also reports of NYPD vehicles parking on sidewalks. Does NYPD provide guidance to officers as to when such vehicles are permitted to park on sidewalks and what is that?

As a three-time Commander of three precincts, probably one of my biggest pet peeves around precincts is parking on sidewalks. It's not right. In that vein, between our Integrity Patrol Officers, our Borough Inspections Teams, my Inspection Teams, we've went out and did over 5,000 inspections for that matter. 5,000 inspections around precincts as relates to parking on sidewalks, plate covers, bent plates, parking violations, and I will say that we've issued Command disciplines where we take the time (INAUDIBLE) for this, we've given negative what we call craft which affects their yearly evaluation.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 67
2	I've been in the seat for about four months now. It's
3	one of my priorities. How do we get the message out?
4	When I have my Borough Commander meetings, it's one
5	of my top topics. I've also got the unions involved
6	so when I explain to them what we're doing and the
7	rules of engagement, I don't want to hear any
8	negative feedback so they're on notice also. The
9	plate covers, in terms of plate covers around
10	vehicles, if we're going to enforce this citywide, we
11	have to keep our own house straight, and I'm very
12	critical and I am a little heavy-handed when it comes
13	to plate covers and violations, and it's going to
14	continue that way. I've been doing it for four
15	months, and it'll continue.
16	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for
17	that. I'm going to come back to some of these as well
18	later.
19	I'm going to just jump really quickly to
20	legislation and then hand it over to my Colleagues to
21	ask questions as well.
22	Commissioner, is the Administration
23	supportive of the bills heard today?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Which one?

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Administration supportive of all of the bills being heard today, or any of them, and, if so, which?

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Is the

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Definitely we love Lincoln Restler's bill that someone who also has been a great partner when it comes to promoting everything that is related to improved safety for pedestrians and cyclists in his District and the City so his bill would definitely shorten the period of time, it would reduce 30 days without compromising the time that Council Members and Community Board will have to get feedback on the projects. We feel that it is important to shorten the period of time for the feedback because, as you said, Chair, when you look at all those big projects that we have in the Street Master Plan and many others that are not included, like Open Restaurants is not included, Open Streets is not included so after COVID the Council and the Administration has identified other things that we are doing that is not mentioned in the Street Master Plan so because of the work that we have to do basically during the spring, the fall, and the summer, we think that by reducing this time the bill that Council Member Lincoln Restler, his bill will

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 69
help definitely the Agency and the whole City to be
in a better place to get the numbers of bike lanes

4 | that we need in our city.

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The others you heard, there's other bills that we definitely want to have more time for us to get back to the Council, continue the conversation with you. There's other bills like the one by Council Member Rivera that we feel that is unnecessary, we don't have to pass a bill because we think that the bill that we pass, her bill that I also had the honor to be with her, also allowed the Agency to have the tools that we need.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: For Intro.

289, how does the City monitor and track bike lane
and conditions of these bike lanes including
obstructions?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Currently, we have a permitting system that requires people doing work in or around a bike facility to apply to the City, get a special permit, and then put a maintenance and protection of traffic plan in place. All of those permits last year, since the bill past, we've issued 337,000 permits with a bike lane stipulation specifically. All of that is tracked

through that permitting process. We also have inspectors that are going out and making sure that the permits and MPTs are being adhered to, and, if they aren't, they're working with the permittees to fix the situation or were issuing summonses to those permittees.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But that sounds like that's how DOT knows where the obstruction is, but how would cyclists know?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: The permit,

I believe on DOT's website, there's a general way

that you can look up permits to see if there's work

on a specific location. There's no live map, there's

no specific map to it. You would have to look up

permits by street.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: And there are also occasions where there may be emergency work done which can't necessarily be foreseen ahead of time and may be of varying length depending on say if a water main burst.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So it sounds like it's something that we don't have right now and probably could be beneficial to cyclists, like if we are taking the train, we have an alert to tell us

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 71 that there are delays with the public transportation system.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I think we're happy to continue talking about this with the Council Member and the Council as a whole. There's technical challenges to creating such a map, and keeping it live would be one of those concerns, but we are not writing it off. We want to have more conversations about it for sure, and we could talk through the pros and cons.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: That is an approach that we have again, as we say we support the bill, the one that Council Member Lincoln has...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Which bill? He has a couple today.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: All of them.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: He said slow down.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: 417 is the one that we are ready as an Agency to express our full support.

With the others, what we are saying is that we are more than happy to continue conversation, and that's because, as I said in the beginning, we

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 72 2 are holding this hearing in a historical moment where 3 we have seen an increase of daily ridership of 4 550,000, where we have seen 200 million trips 5 annually now of New Yorkers and visitors using bike, so biking came to New York City to stay. Biking is a 6 7 benefit for the health, it's a benefit for its 8 efficiency, and it's good for the planet so we share the spirit on most of the bills here. We just feel that we just need time to continue having the 10 11 conversation and more than happy to continue talking to you as a Chair, the Council Members who hold those 12 13 bills, and the Council as a Body. 14 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. For 15 Proposed Intro. 501-A, does DOT or the NYPD have any concerns about deputizing civilians to enforce the 16 17 law? 18 DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: (INAUDIBLE) get into 19 that bill, the NYPD, they will get into that bill.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: I think we do have some concerns. Look, we take parking enforcement very seriously. Last year, we issued I believe 8.8 million parking summonses. This year, year-to-date has been about 2.6 million so we have agents out there every

day, but even our agents get assaulted. Recently, we

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had someone point a gun at our agent, so we have our agents who have the protection of an NYPD uniform and a State law that makes their assault a Class D violent felony getting assaulted dozens of times a year so we are certainly concerned with potential for violence of everyday citizens using this program. In addition to that, the Law Department is currently reviewing this for any legal concerns, and I think there are real operational concerns on using this program, both in the setup of the program but also in actually collecting money at the backend that are difficult and would have to be worked out.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That part, I think in the amended version does not have the bounty piece to it.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: I get that, but I still think there's an issue of docket-ability so if you have a parking summons and you don't pay it, the Sheriff's Department can go put a boot on your car, they can seize your car for nonpayment. For this, that mechanism doesn't exist so we would have to do more work to make it enforceable which could be significant.

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CHIEF ROYSTER: Madam Chair, just to give some context and some data. On the average, we have about 40 agents that are physically assaulted while they are giving summonses to a vehicle that's parked, and it's over 100 agents that have been harassed, spit at, or pushed.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that.

For Intro. 927, has DOT faced community resistance in the placement of the delivery worker hubs Mayor Adams announced last year?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: That program is being run through the Department of Preconsidered.

very successful and has been safe, and that's why

right now we are in the process of moving forward a potential to put out an RFP to explore the possibility to expand that service, again, the scooter services that it provided as part of this pilot program. There is other behavior in the bill that was not scooter that are not necessarily part of that pilot program, but what we know is that it definitely is improving the educational component is important, so as New Yorkers are getting an electric scooter, they should know the responsibility that it comes with.

getting on electric mopeds, scooters, you name it, you've seen it, one-wheel electric which I believe are illegal, and I would say on some, I mean I've never seen it this bad and I'll ask the Chief this question too, but we've seen so many just running red lights like it didn't exist, we're seeing e-vehicles of every sort, even large motorcycles now which I never saw on the sidewalk, we're seeing them on the sidewalks. It seems like anything goes in New York City, going down one-way streets... Is my time up already? That's impossible.

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 77 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: It is, but you can finish your question. 3 4 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Are we giving two minutes? 5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes, but you 6 7 can come back in round two, but you can finish your 8 question. 9 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: I can't even get a question out in two minutes. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Go ahead. Continue. 12 13 COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: What we're seeing is this general lawlessness on the streets, mayhem 14 15 actually, especially throughout the city. In 16 Manhattan, you have to have eyes in the back of your 17 head as either a pedestrian or a motorist. You see 18 it, you have to see it. Chief, I would ask you. In 19 your time in the NYPD, have you seen anything like 20 this? 21 CHIEF CHELL: No doubt about it. Illegal motorcycles, ATVs, gas mopeds that aren't registered, 2.2 2.3 ATVs that aren't street-legal, dirt bikes that aren't street-legal, in the last couple of years we've seen 24

an influx in terms of just the amount of usage and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 78 crimes being committed, especially on motor scooters, two people on a bike committing robberies or shootings, we see it. We gave a good effort last year in terms of removing these bikes from the street, over 10,000. This year, we've committed many more resources to this. We're already over about 3,500 of these types of bikes removed from our streets. We have weekends what we call "all-outs" if you will. Highway, aviation, patrol services, TBTA to stop as we see the groups of bikes riding around the streets with no regard for the law so we're definitely paying strong attention and we're definitely getting more involved in this endeavor, but, yes, to answer your question.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Chief, and I'll you this also, Commissioner. Would you say that you'd like to have these registered, these vehicles, especially the mopeds that go at a good clip, that you said some crimes are being, a lot of crimes are being committed on these scooters because they're allowed, number one, and they're not registered so you can't track them, there's no insurance on them, and there's no license plate on them. Would you as law enforcement Chief of NYPD, wouldn't you have at

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 79 2 least some mechanism to take them off the streets easier if they didn't have a license plate and they 3

4 should have and then certainly identifying somebody

in a crime?

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CHIEF CHELL: For the gas-powered mopeds, yes, we'd like them to be registered and insured for a variety of reasons, find out who they are, they pay their tolls, they pay their summonses, they're registered, insurance, god forbid we have an accessible, people have recourse vis-à-vis insurance. Yes, of course, that would be highly beneficial. In terms of crime, unfortunately, they don't have, again, the illegal mopeds or unregistered mopeds don't have license plates so when crimes are committed we have to track that video and we have to find distinguishing characteristics on that bike to actually figure out what kind of bike it is sometimes so, yes, it would be a great benefit obviously.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Just to be clear, when I go out (INAUDIBLE) anything is addressing this, first of all, that question, one is the law to allow New Yorkers to use scooters, that's a State law. What DOT did was a pilot program where we gave opportunity to Veo, Lime, and Bird, three scooter

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 80 companies to start pilot programs in the Bronx. That pilot program is safe, proving that residents of the Bronx that they didn't have Citi Bike, they were using it to work, they were using it in their community, and because of the positive feedback that we got from the pilot program, then we are in the process to a potential RFP to expand it even further from the Bronx. When it comes to the number of individuals using scooters in the City of New York, that's a State law that allowed for that to happen. I feel that the reality is that as part of the 550,000 daily individuals who use bikes to go to work, to have fun, to enjoy our city, there are places where micromobility is not so important. Definitely, we had to learn, continue learning every day, and one thing that we do as DOT, also together with NYPD, is to go out to educate those who use the scooters about their responsibility as they use the scooter. We also need help to continue expanding the infrastructure of more protected bike lanes because, as much expansion as we do on a bike lane in protecting it, there's going to be more space not only for individuals who use their bike but also to use the scooters in those locations.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: I want the
question asked, have you considered having these
registered and have a license plate on them because
they go at a good clip? Let's say they're going 25
miles an hour. They're running red lights. What
should the police do? They can't chase them. The
police are not going to chase them, and we can't
identify them so if they hit us, if they hit a

pedestrian and they take off, what are we doing? We

have no identification whatsoever.

registration of the various vehicles which happens at the State level with the DMV, the DMV can only register vehicles that have a vehicle identification number, and these are assigned at the federal level so right now there would be no powers for the City or the State to be able to create that kind of vehicle identification number, and that lack of a VIN is actually what makes the illegal mopeds so illegal, the fact that they are the type of vehicle that should have a VIN but they don't. That's precisely what makes them not able to operate because they don't fit into the legal definition of an e-scooter,

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 82 and they don't have the VIN that allows them to be a limited use motorcycle or a motorcycle.

what I'm tasked with, what we see makes things all the more safer is having more people do something. If we had more people on these legal e-bikes and on these legal scooters we get a safety in numbers effect, and what we don't want to do is start putting in potential barriers to people taking up what is a legal mode of transit because we believe that actually is what makes it less safe.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much, and, Council Member Holden, we can circle back for additional questions. I just want to allow Council Member Rivera to ask questions while we have quorum, and we also have been joined by Council Member Lee. I just ask the Members of the Committee to just be mindful that we have Council Member Rivera on so we need quorum for her to be able to ask questions. Council Member Rivera.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you very much. Thank you, Commissioner, thank you, everyone, for your time today and for testifying.

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I know you mentioned a bill that I had passed that the Commissioner had proudly cosponsored and led the way with me on creating alternative routes when bike lanes are impacted by street work or construction. Clearly, the map is different. Intro. 289 is different. Is it that the City doesn't have sufficient resources to conduct the necessary repairs and engineering solutions for our bike lane infrastructure that this bill would identify? What are some of the challenges? I mean this is a map to route the way we would walk or the way we would drive. If you could expand on that. Considering equitable access to bike lanes, does the Administration anticipate a real-time map that could identify patterns of disparate bike lane conditions across the five boroughs? That pertains to Intro. 289.

The last question I have is today I saw there was an announcement that 10 miles of hardened bike lanes were going to be announced that included 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Avenues in Manhattan, and where are those improvements planned, how are they determined, and is this part of a larger effort to, for example, reimagine 3rd Avenue which is a very busy corridor in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 84

Manhattan that does not have the same protections as

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1st and 2nd Avenue?

With that, Madam Chair, those are my questions. Happy to repeat for clarity and thank you very much.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Mayor Adams has provided DOT the resources that we need in order for us to do the job so when he added almost 500 million dollars in his State of the City it's because he does believe we have to continue building the infrastructure and having all the resources that we need at DOT to do our job. With that, as I said, Council Member, you are one of the great leaders here also, and we had the honor to be working together. I hope that everyone will continue with the same passion and commitment to promote our city as pedestrian and cyclist friendly as you do. This is not about the lack of resources. This is about we don't believe that with the previous bill that you were the prime, that you gave me the opportunity for me as the Chairman of this Committee to work with you to pass it, we thought that that bill was enough, but what I said, as you heard before is that we will be happy to discuss further with you the intent. We do

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: You mentioned operational concerns, so what exactly do you mean by that?

is important, and we will continue, again, to work

with you around this bill.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: No. What I said is we have the resources, Mayor Adams is providing DOT the resources that we need. He increased our budget last year. He added almost 400 million dollars in his State of the City for DOT to have what we need to continue doing our work, but I'm more than happy to continue conversations with you and the Chair around this bill.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay, if you could just mention some of the announcements including 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Avenues in Manhattan as well as there were announcements for across the boroughs, but those are particular to my District so, with that, thank

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 86 you, Madam Chair, for the time and for my Colleagues for staying to allow me to ask questions.

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DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Our person in charge of Intergovernmental, he will add, but before that, yes, today, we announced that as we have conversation with the advocates in the past from Bike New York to TA and Families for Safe Streets, the quality of improving the level (INAUDIBLE) the tools that we use to harden the protected bike lane is very important, it's priority for us as a City, so that's why last year we accomplished 10 miles of hardening protected bike lanes. In 2023, we are going to be also (INAUDIBLE) and will include 3rd Avenue (INAUDIBLE)

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Yeah, we're very excited about this morning's announcement and thank you for asking for more detail.

The 1st Avenue hardening location is actually going to be at 1st Avenue and 125th Street where we've seen some cyclist injuries and crashes coming off the Willis Avenue Bridge.

On 2nd Avenue, we're looking at the approach to the Queensborough Bridge where we don't have protection right now in a very high-volume bike corridor.

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The 3rd Avenue announcement, we're looking at, and to answer your question directly, this is the start of the larger 3rd Avenue process so this year we're focusing on the Upper East Side, but we will be moving this year also to start conversations below 59th Street about the corridor there so we want to transform 3rd Avenue. It's one of the last untouched avenues in terms of bike and pedestrian infrastructure so we're excited to really get that process off the ground.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next, we'll hear from Council Member Narcisse.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Good morning, Commissioner, and good morning, everyone on the panels.

First, Commissioner, I'm going to say I welcome the programs that you're having around the bike helmets. You're welcome in the southeast of Brooklyn starting from Canarsie by NYCHA and Sheepshead Bay.

I'm happy to have that econv. One of the concerns I've been having, I heard my Colleagues talking about the e-bikes. Where are they supposed to be? Are they supposed to be on the bike lane, on our

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 streets, or on the bike lane because I'm confused

3 when I see them?

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DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: The electric bike, the scooter?

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Yeah.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: They are allowed to also share the use of the bike lane, and that's why, as I said before, this is a partnership with the Administration, with the Council working together to continue expanding the numbers of bike lanes, especially the protected ones because what we are seeing is that, as I said, in the past when you saw cycling it was more upper class, middle class community. Now what we are seeing is biking has been expanded, and people have been seeing the benefit of biking for their health and for the environment so we do believe that as we will see that number increase, there will be, not only for the people using bikes but also electrical scooter, we have to continue expanding the miles of bike lane and protected bike lane.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: I was going to the scooter part, they belong the same on the bike lane too?

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DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Yes, I think a good rule of thumb is that anywhere a pedal bike would go, an e-bike would go as well provided it's a legal e-bike...

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: And we're talking about the big scooter that's going about 50 miles an hour?

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: If it looks like a small motorcycle, it is not allowed in the bike lane at all. If it's what we've been referring to as an illegal motorized scooter or an illegal moped, those are not allowed anywhere on the streets but especially not in the bike lanes, but, if it is an e-bike with pedals, it can go anywhere a standard bike can.

would say mobility is important, but our safety is more important, and now the speed that their going, I feel like we need to do more educational things, whether we can (INAUDIBLE) in the parks, trying to encourage, maybe we can visit a certificate, like after you do certain hours of safety, because right now the seniors are crossing, and those mobility bikes, whatever, they think that they can go

anywhere, and that's wrong for our city so it's a safety issue. As a nurse, I would say that we need to look into it. The best way we can bring it all over our city to encourage, if we have to do ads, whatever it takes, but right now we have to do better than that.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Agreed that we do have to look after the most vulnerable road users who are the pedestrians, and I'd like to just bring up again the Charge Safe, Ride Safe plan that was realized by the Mayor's Office just a few weeks. It describes in more details some of DOT's...

Stop you but my time is over, but I think it can be cute having a lot of educational things, pamphlets, printouts, but if it's not reaching to the people, the core folks that we want to reach out to, then it's just making a nice beautiful pamphlet for the website or wherever. Anyway, I don't want my Chair to get me, but think about that, and I'm willing to partner and work with that because it's a concern for me. Thank you.

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2 DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Yes, we're doing

3 plenty of work on streets, our Bike the Block project

(INAUDIBLE)

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COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Another great project because we're here to make New York City a better city for all of us, safe, and a city where we can work, play, enjoy, and that's what I'm committed for. Thank you.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Council Member, as you know, when we visited your District and many of you, former Colleague that I was, one of the things that I saw is that I'm doing the Commissioner in your borough once a month, and what I'm doing right now is being sure that I go back to the same borough every five months so that idea, not idea, the plan we have is to be sure that the conversation about biking and walking and transportation, we want to do it from the grassroots perspective so the conversation, as you say, the educational piece is not only a flier. We have a team at DOT that we go into the senior centers. We go into the school. We go into the interfaith community. I'm more than happy, again, to go back, any particular (INAUDIBLE) that you feel that we should do, more than happy to partner because you're right, there is a demand of more New Yorkers using electrical bike and the electrical scooter and bike is all about how do we learn to share the space and the protection of all New Yorkers, especially pedestrians, but most importantly the most vulnerable ones, the senior citizens, will always be a top priority for Mayor Adams, for also DOT, and for the NYPD.

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COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: THANK YOU,

Commissioner. I'm looking forward to seeing you

again. Thanks.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you both and next we'll hear from Council Member Restler.

so much, Chair. Thank you, Commissioner Rodriguez, for your kind words. I heard you say that you love Lincoln Restler and all my legislation and how supportive you are so I appreciate it. Share the love. Thank you very much. I think that's the first Adams' administration official to convey that sentiment. I hope you got that done, Alfonso (phonetic), in the back. Thank you very much.

In all seriousness, I have a few questions for the NYPD. Thank you very much, Chief

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 93 Chell and Chief Royster, for joining us today and for your hard work. I appreciate, Chief Chell, your comments that it's not right the way that we see NYPD officers parking around precincts, but it's also ubiquitous so the idea that you all have done 5,000 inspections when a recent study by a University of Berkley professor found that 70 of 77 precincts had illegal parking around them by NYPD officers means that you all are not doing anything so I don't understand what the impact of the inspections is, why not makes updates to the patrol guide, why not give announcements at roll call, why not actually give the direction. As Chief of Patrol, these folks are reporting to you and so it's your direct responsibility to have them not park illegally, dangerously on our streets, unless I'm missing something.

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CHIEF CHELL: I'm not aware of the study
you're referencing, but I would strongly disagree
that I'm not doing something. I'm probably doing more
in the four months than has been done in a long time.
I have multiple inspections units going out. I am
taking vacation days that are also financially
punitive. I am taking this very seriously.

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See data on that because I have seven precincts, the 84, the 88, the 90, the 94, I have PSA1, I have PSA3, I have the 76, the 789 precincts. Excuse me, nine precincts. I have never, ever not seen illegal parking in front of a precinct. I walk by them every single day. It is ubiquitous, the idea that there is any enforcement or accountability around this issue at all is a joke. If this is a new endeavor by the NYPD...

CHIEF CHELL: I don't agree with that assessment whatsoever. It's not a joke, and I do take it seriously, and I welcome anytime you're walking around one of those precincts to send me a picture and I will deal with asap.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: You share your phone number, and you will get texts from me every single day. If you want to go for a walking tour with me in the 33rd Council District...

CHIEF CHELL: Let me tell you, all kidding aside. I welcome these blog sites. When I catch wind of something, I'm on it, and I got the unions involved too. I'm putting them on notice what's going on here. I've been a three-time Commander. It would

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 95
2 drive me insane when I would see a car literally
3 parked on the sidewalk blocking people from walking.
4 I understand what the issue is, and I am definitely

6 COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: How many people
7 have lost vacation days as a result of their illegal

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parking activity?

dealing with it and I am not treating it like a joke ...

CHIEF CHELL: I've given out 39 command disciplines. Command disciplines can range from anywhere from, depending on what type of command discipline (INAUDIBLE) up to 5 days, up to 10 days. When it comes to plate covers, it's an issue that we've been dealing with for years. I'm a little heavy-handed like I said. I'll take up to two vacation days. On a monetary value, that's almost 1,200 dollars.

at math, but I think there are 30-something thousand NYPD officers at this, 30-something violations, so one of out every 1,000 officers occasionally gets a violation for a ubiquitous, ubiquitous offense. If the NYPD officers themselves are not following the law, and they are not, then how can we expect for there to be any enforcement against the public? NYPD

wrote tickets in response to just 1.9 percent of the more than 76,000 service requests in the 3-1-1 system for illegal parking in bike lanes, 1.9 percent. That is by far the lowest rate of violations being imposed for any 3-1-1 complaint. One out of 50 times, NYPD is issuing a violation for somebody doing something illegal that puts our lives in danger. Chief, I ride a bicycle every day, and it's scary to have to swerve out of the bike lanes into traffic and the NYPD fails to enforce, so if the NYPD isn't taking enforcement seriously, and clearly the data shows over an extended period of time y'all are not taking enforcement seriously.

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CHIEF CHELL: As far as Patrol Service

(INAUDIBLE) our enforcement is up as it relates to hazardous (INAUDIBLE) summonses, 35 percent, so my numbers might be different from yours, but, again, I don't accept the premise that we're not taking it seriously.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: When you look back in Fiscal Years '18 and '19 to 698,000, 696,000 summonses issued by NYPD to 2021 down to half as many summonses issued by NYPD in Fiscal Year '21, under 300,000, so a reduction of more than 50 percent. When

we're not enforcing against these issues, it
encourages illegal, dangerous behavior, and it's
leading to deaths. Commissioner Rodriguez is out here
hustling every day to try to make Vision Zero a

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7 accountability makes it impossible. People are dying

reality, but the lack of NYPD partnership and

8 because we are failing to enforce the laws, enforcing

9 them against police officers, enforcing them against

10 public New Yorkers as a whole who are not complying

11 | with the law and parking dangerously.

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CHIEF CHELL: Right. Well, I represent

Patrol Service Bureau and not the whole Police

Department. In terms of enforcement, in terms of being out there, I am personally out on those streets with those cops when it comes to enforcing...

but 39 issues of command discipline in a department with 30-something thousand officers, we're talking about 1 in 1,000 officers is getting a slap on the wrist when it is a ubiquitous issue where we are consistently not following the law. More problematically, PD is not enforcing, and perhaps this is for Chief Royster, not enforcing across the board, right? 76,000 violations were submitted to 3-

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2 1-1. 1.9 percent, 1.9 percent of the time are we

3 actually enforcing. It's just a joke. If the NYPD is

4 not willing to take this seriously, then why not

5 empower citizens to do the work for you? I think we

6 all want to see our streets safer. Why not empower

7 citizens to do the job that NYPD has failed to do?

CHIEF ROYSTER: Council Member Restler, I

9 do agree with you that this is a perennial concern,

10 especially when you're talking about officers parking

11 | inappropriately around precincts. Chief Chell has

12 mentioned that in the last couple of months he has

13 | taken a laser focus on it. However, throughout the

14 couple of years, I would say starting with 2021, I

15 know that you had mentioned that why isn't this

16 mentioned at roll calls. It is mentioned at roll

17 | calls. There are site inspections that are done.

18 ■ There are borough inspection teams that are going

19 out, and, if I may say, there are announcements that

20 are made. We will continue to focus on this.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Chief, I live on

22 | the street corner of a precinct, and I walk by it

23 | every single morning on my way to my Citi Bike dock

24 | to commute into work. Never in my entire life have I

not seen cars illegally parked on the sidewalk, and I

tell you I have nine precincts in my District. It is ubiquitous at every single one, every single one so the idea that your guys are telling the officers not to do it, they are willfully consistently ignoring and they're then not enforcing it against New Yorkers who are doing the exact same thing that they're doing, which is parking illegally and making it harder for cyclists, harder for pedestrians with a stroller, harder for a person in a wheelchair to get by safely on our streets.

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CHIEF ROYSTER: I understand your concern, and also I take in consideration also that the landscape around the precincts are congested, but it does, it does not require that we don't focus on them not parking on the sidewalks. Chief Chell and I have spoken, overseeing Transportation Bureau as well as Patrol Services Bureau, we will continue to make sure that the officers in the precincts will not park on the sidewalk.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: To me, if we can't even enforce among our own officers, then there's no way y'all are enforcing with the public at large, right? If you can't get the people who are responsible for implementing the law to follow the

and you reference 3-1-1, like illegal parking with 3-

1-1, we've increased our 3-1-1 response to illegal parking vis-à-vis 3-1-1, we're increased our enforcement 65 percent so, again, I understand your

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frustration, but I just won't accept the premise that

6 | we're not doing something about it.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Okay. Chair

Brooks-Powers recognized right, smartly that there

are many other Colleagues here. I will shut up, but

I'm going to come back so we'll continue the

conversation. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes, we will have a part two of Council Member Restler.

I do want to acknowledge that I agree in terms of the parking with the officers. Even in my District, we have chronic parking on the sidewalks where pedestrians cannot walk past. I do, however, recognize that there's a parking need as well because, as we are building, we're building and reducing parking, forcing people to park more onto the streets and limiting that access so the City really has to come up with a way to address that, whether it be creating a parking lot for the precincts, but we understand that when we have an emergency, the police have to get in the car or in

some type of a vehicle to get to that emergency so I do want us to look at it objectively, but I will say that we have that issue in my District as well, and I would like that resolved but I also advocate for them having the parking space from the Administration to make sure that that can happen.

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Next, we will hear from Council Member Louis.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair.

Thank you, Commissioner and both Chiefs, for being here today, and I want to echo the sentiments of the Chair and Council Member Restler, and I want thank you, Commissioner, because we kind of issue our own violations to officers that are violating areas in the 63rd Precinct so thank you for your support on that.

I have two quick questions. I promise,

Chair, not to take up too much time. I'll wait for

the second round if I have to. My first question is

towards DOT, and I wanted to know how can the agency

utilize Intro. 417 to support Community Boards that

would like to support the bike lanes but are not in

agreement with the proposed area DOT identified for

bike lanes, especially in residential areas in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 103
particular? That's both for myself and Council Member
Narcisse and Council Member Yeger who was here. All
of us hear those concerns in Community Board 17 and
18 all the time.

The second question is in regards to Citi Bike. I heard in testimony and in conversation earlier that this is supposed to be a collaborative effort and somewhat of a consultation when the Citi Bike proposal is given to our Districts and our Community Boards. It doesn't come off that way when they come to the Community Board. It comes off as a definitive decision, sometimes a bit disrespectful so I wanted to know if there was a way for us to work with this agency maybe at a higher level to address some of the Citi Bike proposed areas in our Community Boards because what's happening is the proposal is sent to us, the representatives come and introduce it to the Community Board and it's implemented, and they share with us that there are over 700 comments online on proposed areas, but that conversation is never had with the actual community or Community Boards so I wanted to talk a little bit about that and see how we can collaborate with your agency to see the proposed

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 104 areas for Citi Bike if it could be in non-residential areas. Thank you.

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DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: I'm going to take the last one first and then Sean will explain the second one.

Mayor Adams has instructed all Commissioners, including myself, to develop the best relationship between our agency and Council Members (INAUDIBLE) elected officials so, if there anything that we have to do to improve the level of sharing potential areas where we believe that it's important for us to expand our Citi Bike and the bike-sharing, scooter, more than happy, committed to have that direct dialogue. We feel that the agency has been doing outreach, but there's always space for us to grow. I think that as we hear from all of you, which is about are we expanding Citi Bike, are we expanding scooters across the five boroughs so the answer is yes, but then we have to be partners because it is to be or not to be. If we are committed to also expand where bike-sharing, Citi Bike, scooters, and other micromobility and be part of that community that is growing, we definitely need support from all the stakeholders including our Colleagues at the Council.

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I also am committed to work with you and the rest of
the Colleagues to improve the level of participation
and engagement that we should have with you as we're

thinking about where to expand with Citi Bike.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: We sent a lengthy letter to your office with concerns but also recommendations on where the Citi Bikes could actually be installed, and we grabbed that information from the actual Community Board and residents as opposed to what was proposed to our Community Board.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: More than happy to follow with you. Again, the level of participation that the Mayor wants from Council Members as partners as we move this agenda of our city to make it safer for pedestrians, for cyclists is something that all Commissioners are being instructed to work on so let me follow with you and the rest of the Council Members on anything that we can improve for that level of engagement.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: In regards to Intro. 417, if you all can answer that, I would appreciate it.

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2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Thanks for 3 the question on that. For Intro. 417, it does not 4 take out the Community Board and elected officials process, it just modifies it so that we don't have these extended waiting periods that were built into 6 7 the bike lane projects specifically. It consolidates the two actions into one, still involves the 8 community and elected officials as needed. I would say we usually do go above and beyond in a lot of 10 11 these communities when we're proposing new bike 12 infrastructure instead of just a touchpoint with the 13 Board or a Council Member, we have our street ambassadors, we have online portals, we have a lot of 14 15 engagement that we like to do, and I know we've been 16 talking to some of the faith communities in your 17 District and CB14 and 17 to get feedback from those 18 communities as well. We think it's really important 19 to grow the bike network in districts where we've 20 seen a high number of ridership and a high number of injuries so welcome the feedback on how we can best 21 2.2 do that, especially I think CBs 14 and 17 are bike-2.3 priority districts for us so having that continued conversation, I believe we've had a lot of good 24 feedback from your office on where to focus our 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 107 efforts, and this bill will help us get there faster without cutting out a lot of that process.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: If the concerns of the people in Community Board 17 can be at a heightened level, we'd appreciate it. They don't like Citi Bike or bike lanes, just letting you know, but 14, they love it. Thank you.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for flagging that because I get a lot of incoming from my Community Boards as well. We're still fighting through the changes DOT made on Seagirt and Far Rockaway where there was extensive community engagement, but DOT decided to go the direction they wanted to, and there are some safety challenges with the lanes that have been placed there and the parking the way they designed it.

Next, we'll hear from Council Member Farias.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Thank you. I just want the record to reflect, I'm going to talk about my Introduction, and you have here in your response for your testimony about Open Data NYC, I just want the record to reflect that Open Data NYC in my

experience, and I haven't looked at this specific data that's available there as of yet, but it has been very unreliable, and I do want to echo the sentiments of Council Member Restler and the rest of my Colleagues, but I do not want to belabor the point on enforcement around parking.

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I just have a couple of quick questions.

When looking at the data that already exists on cyclist ridership and activity data, are we comprehensively looking at this at a certain point or quarterly or annually and taking that data and looking at how we're making infrastructure decisions?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Sure, yes, that's a good question. We have some automated counters that are counting every day, daily, throughout the city so we're getting a picture of what's going on at those locations, primarily the East River bridges, some of our greenway paths, locations like that that we're getting that feedback daily and then we're putting that information on the website as it comes in. Previously, we had been doing annual updates but, now as the data is coming in, we're putting it on the website so you can see trends in real-time. We use the census data and a lot of the

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 109 2 other sort of citywide data to capture trends over 3 time so it's not a granular street-by-street figure 4 or understanding of what's going on, but we can look to see who's riding, why they're riding, where 5 they're riding using the combination of the 6 7 Department of Health and the census data to get that picture. As I mentioned before, with the new Safe 8 Streets for All grant that we received, at DOT, we're going to be expanding the number of sensors that we 10 11 have around the city, and we're going to look to 12 place those sensors on a variety of different street 13 typologies from protected lanes to neighborhood networks to streets that don't have bike facilities 14 15 so that we can get a good picture overall of the 16 broad state of cycling in New York.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Okay. Can I have two more small questions?

They're related. I just wanted to be clear. Right now, this is just an administrative policy, correct, that you folks have decided to do?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: That's correct. We have made commitments to this in our various Green Wave Plan and it's agency policy, yeah.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Sure, so because

it's administrative, would we be opposed to this

being mandated annually or every 30 days or quarterly

because this bill is to mandate it and ensure that we

are doing this versus right now it's an

administrative policy where you could change the

rules as you are right now with updating it more

frequently?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: More than happy to continue the conversation with you, Council Member.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARIAS: Great. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Next, we'll hear from Council Member Bottcher followed by Council Member Holden.

give an update on how many citations have been issued for defaced or obscured license plates in the last few months? At the end of last year, the New York Times reported that in December of last year 5,490 had been issued during traffic stops compared to 14,000 the year before, but they also reported that there was an increase in the number of summonses to parked vehicles, 24,273 in 2022 compared to 20,056 in 2021. Do you have numbers for this year-to-date?

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CHIEF ROYSTER: Yes, I do. I'm just going to say that since COVID we saw this particular issue multiply tenfold in the city. We call it ghost cars. We saw that people were driving with fraudulent plates, people were driving with paper plates that were expired. We do know that during the time of COVID, the agencies that would basically handle plates, renewing plates or registration, had closed, and there were some people that took advantage of it. Not only did they take advantage of it, but we also saw that there was a correlation in these types of plates on vehicles being involved in crimes, and so when Chief Chell and I, working together with Patrol as well as the Transportation Bureau, were laser focused on getting these things off the street. Last year, there were 258 summonses to vehicles with covered or obstructed plates, there were 4,100 drivers that were arrested for operating forged or altered plates, and 7,500 cars were seized for having fraudulent plates. This year, 86,000 summonses were given to vehicles with covered or obstructed plates, 1,100 drivers that were operating the vehicle with forged or altered plates were arrested, and over 1,900 cars were seized for fraudulent plates or were

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 112
2	parked illegally while displaying a temporary paper
3	plate. As I mentioned before, we're laser focused on
4	this issue because we know that it's, one, trying to
5	avoid any type of red light summonses on an automated
6	enforcement that we have, any type of speed
7	summonses, and also tolls, and we work not just with
8	Patrol Services Bureau but also our other Vision Zero
9	partners, MTA, TBTA, the State Police, and the
10	Sheriff's Office.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Could you repeat
12	the numbers for summonses last year versus this year-
13	to-date?
14	CHIEF ROYSTER: Last year, for the
15	complete year of 2022, there were 258,000 summonses
16	to vehicles with covered plates.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: And so far this
18	year again?
19	CHIEF ROYSTER: 86,000.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: For the DOT, how
21	many vehicles have been captured by your cameras that
22	are unreadable plates so far this year?
23	DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: We can get you the

most recent numbers offline, but we have to emphasize

that?

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in which we're concerned that sunlight may not be a disinfectant. It might be something that perhaps invites a bit of a social contagion that if we are showing people look at all these people who have done it, they might think they might do it too to be completely honest. We know it's something that the NYPD is tackling to a very admirable extent and that we're going to continue to be doing, and we want to focus our resources on tackling the problem, rather than just publicizing the extent of it.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Have the number of incidents of unreadable plates gone up or down in the last few months, in the last year?

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: I'd say in the past few months, things have been rather static, but, as the Chief said, this is a problem that arose with COVID.

COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Looking forward to partnering with you and my Colleagues further on this.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Thank you, Chair.

25 Just a couple of followup questions, but while we're

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 115
2 on that subject of obscured plates, what's the fine
3 for that? Does anybody know, for obscured plates?
4 CHIEF ROYSTER: If you have a covered
5 plate, the fine would be 65 dollars.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: 60?

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CHIEF ROYSTER: 65 dollars.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: 65 dollars. That's ridiculous.

CHIEF ROYSTER: To your point, a person having an obscured plate or obstructed plate or an altered plate will take the chances of keeping that plate...

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yeah, because it pays. It pays. You can get away with it obviously. Even if you get caught, 65 dollars. What's the toll on the Midtown Tunnel? I mean if you go through it five times, four times, you're ahead of the game so if you get caught once out of a hundred, and probably the odds are less than that, we're in trouble here, folks, because we're not enforcing, I mean that should be a 500 dollar fine. If you obscure your plate and you're beating all the cameras and you're getting through all the tolls. Is there technology that we could read those and police can identify

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 116 where they're going? Is there a camera that does that?

CHIEF CHELL: I don't believe so.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: No? There's a license plate reader we have, but we don't have that technology?

CHIEF CHELL: No, we don't have something like that.

that are obscuring their plates are also committing crimes as the Chief had said so it seems to me that if we want to cut this, we want to cut the crime, we want to cut people cheating, by the way I see it everywhere, people obscuring their plates, they'll put silver paint over one letter and that's it or it looks like it's chipped or they'll bend their license plate, but we have opportunities here to really crack down on this, and we will probably lower the crime rate if we did that.

Getting back to the original about whether these electric vehicles could be insured and have a license plate, would you be against that if we could do it?

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DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: First of all, the first part about the 65 dollars fine for (INAUDIBLE) there's a lot of I can say low-fee that is State and Council law so I think that this could be a good opportunity to look at not only those 65-dollar fines for those who block plates reading on the cameras, at some point have to look at if it's a City, and if it is the City, it's going to be the Council, or, in most cases, it is the State so that's what it is.

When it comes to the second part of the question, as you say, should people who use electrical scooter, right, is that what you're saying, that...

electric vehicles. I mean if it's a small little scooter-type, very small, I don't see putting a license plate on that, but I do see something like a moped where they're traveling at a good rate of speed and even e-bikes, some of them, the Chief said it's a problem with crime, that a lot of the crimes that we're seeing are committed by people with unidentified, they're on a vehicle that there's no plate.

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2	DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: I'm happy that you're
3	defining what you're referring to as those mopeds.
4	Many times, they are even being sold in discount
5	stores in the City so this is something that the
6	Sheriff, Anthony Miranda, also working with NYPD and
7	us and the Mayor, we've been taking very seriously
8	going after those who first of all sell it. The
9	second thing is about, as you explained, is more the
10	federal and the state so I think that because it's
11	something related to legislation, now it's going to
12	be about you as a legislative body that had

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: But the State gave us permission, they gave each town in New York State permission to do what we want, to legalize them or not, but we can also put restrictions on certain vehicles...

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Not a moped, because as you refer, talking about those mopeds who are big...

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Yeah, the bigger ones.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: So that the State doesn't give...

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: We can't do it because they have a VIN number.

2 DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Actually, they

don't, and that's the problem for most of them. A lot
of those moped-type vehicles are not street legal to
be operating in New York City in the first place, and
that's why NYPD has been seizing them because they

7 have no VIN. Therefore, they cannot be registered and

8 | they shouldn't be sold for use.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: The CO over our precinct actually went into some of these bike shops, and they actually scratched off the VIN number. They actually took it off, so that's what the CO did when we confiscate them or we find them. Again, there's this lawlessness that we're seeing that we have to get control over somehow, and we need a plan and we need both agencies to get together here, NYPD and DOT, to figure out how do we stop the widespread lawlessness, mayhem that we're seeing where vehicles are passing lights like they didn't exist, and that is a huge problem for everyone, pedestrians, motorists, and even the riders of these vehicles. We just saw an individual killed. Again, we've all seen it. I just can't believe where somebody just blows a light, but they're going top speed, and I just can't believe that they're rolling the dice.

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2 DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Definitely, this is a priority for this administration. As you heard and as 3 4 you know, Mayor Adams has said that traffic and traffic also includes some of those reckless users of those big mopeds, they are part also of those who 6 7 contribute to crashes in the city, so Mayor Adams it 8 taking this very seriously, and the NYPD and DOT, we work very close. I can definitely (INAUDIBLE) continue conversation because at some level it's 10 11 about also legislation where you as a Body also can 12 be very helpful too.

COUNCIL MEMBER HOLDEN: Thank you. Thank you, Chair. (INAUDIBLE)

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No problem.

Over here just breaking myself up. Council Member

Restler.

council Member Restler: Great. Thank you so much, Chair. Firstly, just a question for DOT. You all have some quite ambitious goals around new bike lane construction, I think 250 miles by 2026. Do you think it's feasible to reach those goals without Intro. 417? What do you think, Sean?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: (INAUDIBLE) Council Member, as you know, you've been there before in this

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 121 administration, as a Council Member, I was on that (INAUDIBLE). New York City has a lot to show to other municipalities on how we have built the level of infrastructure. More to come, more work. This is not only about that we have a big vision. This is also about that other cities, when we go to any conference, they're looking at New York City so when we had the Citi Bike, we have the largest one. When you see the (INAUDIBLE) bike lanes that we have built, also other people looking at us, but more than happy, again, but Sean can take you into more details, but I can say that all New Yorkers should be very proud that riding a bike in New York City is safe. We are looking to improve the safety in our city for cycling, but it is safe to ride a bike in the city.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I think this bill will help for sure. I know, as we announced this morning, we are looking to do a record year of protected bike lanes across the city. I think the bill will also help us just build in predictability to what we can get done each year. It'll help us plan better. It'll help us maximize the use of the implementation season. Generally, it's a little bit

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 122 around the edges of how this bill will help, but I think overall it helps us plan better go get more in the end.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Great. Thank you very much. I know we were a bit behind in the last PMMR report so I'm happy to hear that you have heightened your goals for the current Fiscal Year.

Chief Chell, did you miss me?

CHIEF CHELL: I can't wait to get your phone number. This is a start of a (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I can't wait to get yours. This is likely the best first date I've ever had.

No, in all seriousness, your generous suggestion, and I really do appreciate it, to allow me to take some photos and send them to you with the issues that I'm seeing in my District, I know Chair Brooks-Powers would love to do the same as would probably every single one of my Colleagues because it's such a widespread issue around the City of New York, that's exactly why we've introduced Intro. 501. That's the purpose of the bill so it shouldn't be up to me or her to have your phone number to get some accountability, to have find the Chief of Patrol for

the largest police department in the entire country to get some accountability on illegal parking activity. We should be empowering everyday New Yorkers to do exactly that, to hold bad actors accountable who are making our streets unsafe. That's why we've introduced this legislation. It shouldn't be about special connections. It should be about making our streets safer.

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CHIEF CHELL: I'd also suggest, I know the Precincts have their Precinct Council Meetings, which we send our representatives so by all means, whoever represents you in the 90 and the precincts, have them show up with the pictures. The Commanding Officer has to stand there in front of his whole constituents and say hey, when you present the problem, he has to fix so a direct line to me, absolutely, but there are other levels to choose...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I have terrific working relationships with many of my Commanding Officers, and I have the utmost respect for them...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I'll tell you which ones are the best. They still have widespread

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 124 illegal parking around their precincts, and we have widespread illegal parking around our community. If you walk around downtown Brooklyn any day of the week, and Chair Brooks-Powers was gracious enough to do that with me as she went around the city on her tour with other Council Members, we have widespread placard abuse, widespread illegal parking, it is dangerous on our streets. Our bike lanes that should be safe places to get around are not because of these widespread issues, and that's why we need Intro. 501 to hold bad actors accountable and actually make sure that people are paying a fine when they are not complying with the law. I know that you all expressed some concerns around potential conflicts between New Yorkers who might be taking photos of people who are parked illegally, and Chief Royster mentioned the hard work of Traffic Enforcement Agents, which we respect, they are also uniformed, highly recognizable, they are placing the tickets directly onto dashboards. It's a very different type of interaction than a member of the public who's taking a photo from a healthy distance of illegal activity. To the best of your knowledge since you've all referenced the DEP Idling Program, have there been

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 125
2	issues of conflict between New Yorkers taking three
3	minutes of video, minutes of video of trucks that are
4	idling illegally? Are you aware of enforcement
5	against TLC drivers, conflicts between TLC drivers
6	and New Yorkers that have led to fights or conflicts?
7	DIRECTOR CLARKE: I believe there was an
8	article recently about the DEP program where the
9	people who use it talk about what they're doing to
10	try and prevent them from having these conflicts, the
11	tactics they use, but they did recognize that there
12	is conflict at times when this happens.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Okay, but as
14	leadership in the Police Department who I'm sure
15	would be getting these very complaints and be aware
16	of the issues if there were conflicts at any scale,
17	are you aware of conflicts at scale, is this
18	something that's been brought to either of the
19	Chiefs' attention?
20	CHIEF ROYSTER: I must say that I'm not
21	aware of it. I'm not saying that it may not happen
22	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Fair.
23	CHIEF ROYSTER: But I'm not aware of it.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: But, Chief

Royster, you have a distinguished record of

leadership in the Police Department over many years,

I would think that you would be somebody who would be
aware of issues should they be widespread, should we
have problematic concerns. To me, if we already have
a DEP Idling Program where there are minutes of video
that is being captured of trucks, if we already have
a TLC Citizen Enforcement Program where we have many
thousands of taxis and FHVs moving around the city
and we haven't had those issues, why are you all so
convinced that citizen enforcement against illegal
parking would be different?

CHIEF ROYSTER: You know you bring up a good point, and TLC is a very good Vision Zero partner, and I'm going to look into if this is occurring in their agency.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: I will say that the

Idling Program is a different nature. It is mostly

commercial trucks, employees, and a lot of the

commercial employees, there is a certain amount of

cost of doing business that they're willing to

tolerate some ticket-getting, right, that's part of

what they understand operating in New York City so I

do think...

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Maybe. These are also folks who might feel like their jobs are on the line if they're caught doing something that's illegal and that they're at risk of tickets. I mean, it's an assumption that you're making, and I'm happy to make a bunch of assumptions too. I just think that we have two programs where we have citizen enforcement that have been in place in the City of New York and we haven't had the kind of conflicts that you all are saying are going to happen if we do this, that the sky would fall if this were to be implemented, and I think considering, frankly, the failure of the Police Department to enforce on these issues, it's clear that it's time for citizens to step up and to make our streets safer. If we're going to achieve Vision Zero, which Mayor Adams has said he believes in, I know Commissioner Rodriguez believes deeply in, we're going need to have more tools at our disposal to make our streets safer.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: Again, I think we disagree that we've not been doing enforcement. We wrote 8.8 million parking summonses last year, 2.6 million so far this year.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Michael, PS38 parent, so I'm a big fan. We're doing a great job of renovating the schoolyard. You should come over and check it out.

NYPD wrote tickets to just 1.9 percent of the more than 76,000 service requests to 3-1-1 about illegal parking in bike lanes going back to October of 2016. Overall, 16 percent of complaints, we saw violations issued that were made to 3-1-1 over that same period so at an eighth of the frequency or the ratio. This is by far the lowest area where we see NYPD following up and issuing tickets. 1.9 percent, that's means one out of 50 times somebody's actually getting a ticket for parking illegally in a bike lane. I get that there's a lot of different traffic enforcement priorities that we have around the city, but this is real, and it's being ignored.

DIRECTOR CLARKE: Right, but 3-1-1 is not the only area. We still have our Traffic Enforcement Agents out writing tickets on all of these issues so I don't think it's fair to say we're not responding at all. We are putting people out there to write tickets on a variety of parking issues.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: You're right. Not responding at all is untrue, but not responding anywhere near enough, and our streets remain unsafe because of the rare enforcement that we see from the NYPD on this area, and if we're going to reach our climate goals, transportation represents the second largest source of emissions in New York City, 25 percent of carbon emissions come from transit, then we need to get people onto bicycles safely around the City of New York, and they're only going to do that if we have real protected bike lanes and we are enforcing against illegal cars that make it dangerous to ride our bicycles, and that's why 501 is so important. It's why the Chief said we should be sending photos to him for there to be accountability on this illegal activity. We should have every New Yorker be able to send those photos in to hold bad actors accountable. Thank you very much.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: One thing, Council
Member, is that Mayor Adams not only said that he
believes, he's putting the money on Vision Zero as
he's also adding the State of the City more than 400
million dollars for DOT, and the Administration also
is open to exploring a new model, as I said before,

to enhance safety. As you know, we are not saying the Administration is against the bill. What we are saying is that the Administration would like to discuss this bill further with the Council as there are a number of issues that need to be worked through.

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appreciate it. I appreciate the great work that DOT is doing in District 33, except for that three-letter word that begins with B and ends with E. I love working with you and your team and I really appreciated how responsive and helpful you've been in addressing safety issues in our District. I was just chatting with your Chief-of-Staff in the back, next up is Atlantic Avenue, so we'll be excited to get you out there and do some work to make that safer but, really, you guys have been great and I appreciate your partnership.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I want to jump back into my round two questions. Council Member Holden, you're good? You don't have any additional? Okay.

I wanted to touch on micromobility.

Micromobility has gained popularity with the advent

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 131
2	of e-scooters, e-bikes, mopeds, and motor scooters.
3	In April 2020, New York State legalized certain e-
4	bikes and e-scooters, delineating e-bikes by class
5	based on speed and use. In July 2020, the City
6	enacted Local Law 72 and Local Law 73, amending the
7	Administrative Code to remove barriers to the use of
8	certain e-bikes and e-scooters in the city that were
9	authorized under New York State law. In July 2020,
10	New York City enacted Local Law 74 that required DOT
11	to create a pilot program for shared electric
12	scooters in the city. The program was implemented in
13	August 2021 with 3,000 vehicles in the East Bronx. It
14	underwent further expansion in June 2022 with the
15	doubling of its fleet size and expansion into other
16	neighborhoods. After what was deemed a successful
17	launch and implementation, DOT has stated their
18	support for a permanent e-scooter program. How many
19	e-bikes does DOT estimate are currently on the road?
20	DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: The scooter,
21	electrical bike or scooter?
22	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The e-bikes.
23	DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: How many do we have

right now, Citi Bike?

3 | bikes, just broadly.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: Just generally? We don't have that specific breakdown but, as I was saying, with the new sensors that we have in place, we hope to have a better picture moving forward.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, and, as you said, the pilot program that many showed interest in, DOT selected Bird, Lime, and Veo. They were proven that they were very successful as they were running the pilot program in the Bronx, and that's why we learned a lot from them, and now we are in the process of putting together the RFP.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The City has not released its Mobility Report since 2021. No report was received for 2022. Will this report be issued?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: The Citywide Mobility Report? I believe we've been collecting the data, but I don't have the exact timeline on...

 $\label{eq:def:DIRECTOR} \mbox{ \begin{tabular}{ll} \label{eq:DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: We'll follow up with you on that. \end{tabular}}$ 

reckless drivers, Vision Zero, which is, as you know,

an initiative that was not only the administration, put in place by the Council being partners with that. Also, the Council was able, as I was there, to put the resources so that we also invest in Vision Zero Awareness Campaign so we do have resources that we use for educating the drivers, especially everyone has to slow down. The top priority is for pedestrians to be safe and for cyclists to be safe so, beside the other work that is done from the NYPD side, we also, at DOT, we do a lot of education when it comes to encouraging and letting drivers know that they have to slow down.

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faulty products, again, I would point to the report from the Citywide Interagency Micromobility Task

Force which speaks specifically about a lot of the concerns related to electric micromobility, in particular fire safety. FDNY has been working with the national Product Safety Commission, airing its concerns about fire safety and lithium-ion batteries, and one of the other concerns that we have, quite frankly, and a reason why you'll hear us talk about the problem with the illegal mopeds is that not only are they not legal but one of the good reasons behind

this is that they're not appropriately regulated, we know that they're not necessarily safe for the rider, and we want to prevent from both spending their money and risking their safety on something that may not be able to handle the roads the way they're using them so it is a particular concern to us, and we're working with the appropriate federal bodies.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Commissioner, when you talk about the drivers also, I imagine that you include the drivers of the bikes as well because I know when I was in Council Member

Won's District, there was a lot of speeding in some of those bike lanes as well so when we talk about it, I'm assuming that the Department of Transportation is looking at how all drivers can be better under Vision Zero, correct?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: We do, and that's why we have our Educational Department at DOT, and we also work with the deliveristas and we also work with some of the bike shops so that everyone is part of the educational piece. However, what we know is that the numbers that we all have concerns about cyclists and pedestrians losing their lives is coming mainly from reckless drivers that are not necessarily the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 136 majority of the drivers. It's a few bad apples, those who are driving with suspended license, those are the ones that are speeding, those are the ones that are driving drunk, so, as you know, it's one thing that also with the speed cameras, another area where we worked together when we also got the speed cameras to be 24/7. We also saw a reduction of more than 70 percent in those locations where we have a speed camera so our business under the Administration of Eric Adams and all of us is to be sure that we take traffic violence as another violence that we have to eradicate so, yes, we have to educate the cyclists, we have to educate all of us, but the end of the day you have never heard of a cyclist that killed a driver (INAUDIBLE) car lost his life because the cyclist hit the car ...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No, we hear of pedestrians though.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: So at the end of the day, well, if you look at the numbers, most pedestrians losing their life is the result of reckless drivers, and, as I said before, one loss is too many. By 2022, we saw the lowest number of pedestrians losing their life as a result of crashes

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 137 2 in New York City since 2013. That's because we are 3 redesigning our street. That's because we are working with the NYPD on their enforcement part. That's 4 because we are also doing the educational part. There's other motorists and drivers who are speeding, 6 7 others were on the highway, and other, in this case cyclists, the 12 that we have lost so far, that is 8 too many, so we are tackling different directions. Our commitment is that we will do whatever we can to 10 11 be sure that New York City is safe for everyone but 12 especially for pedestrians and cyclists.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I'm just going to ask a few more questions and then I know we've been joined by the MTA.

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Is the NYPD trained similarly to the FDNY in addressing lithium-ion batteries and unregistered illegal micromobility devices?

CHIEF ROYSTER: Madam Chair, I'm not sure how the FDNY is trained, but I do know we're part of the Micromobility Panel, but I will say that NYPD is trained specifically to look at the micromobilities that have actually populated the street, and I think I mentioned to you before that point of sale operation that we do, it requires every officer to be

trained on what to look for, how to weigh the object, and whether or not that particular object has a VIN number which would make it illegal to ride in the street so they do that, they get that training from our Legal Department as well as Chief (INAUDIBLE) and my office prior to doing the actual operation.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. How does the City ensure that batteries for such devices are disposed of safely?

DIRECTOR CLARKE: The safe disposal of batteries is something the Department of Sanitation handles, and I know they have information on their website about what can be and cannot be disposed in regular trash and they have safe disposal events. I recently used one, not for batteries, but they do have those events periodically and some regularly for disposal when it should not be in the regular trash, but I don't know the rules personally on what goes in (INAUDIBLE) in terms of batteries.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: For the e-scooter pilot, how did DOT select Lime, Bird, and Veo to operate the pilot?

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: There was opportunity as any pilot program for a number of providers, such

as Bird, Lime, and Veo, to respond (INAUDIBLE) but

DOT looked at everyone who responded and we feel that

the Agency chose the best ones that were better ready

to be part of this project, but, again, the most

important is that as I was visiting that site where

the pilot program was taking place, as we were also

finishing a number of more protected bike lanes in

that area in the Bronx, what we know is that people

love that initiative, and those three, Bird, Lime,

and Veo, they did a great job, and now as part of the

process of the RFP, there's going to be opportunity

for anyone that will be interested to respond to the

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How were the areas in the Bronx decided upon?

RFP when the RFP is out.

DIRECTOR RODRIGUEZ: (INAUDIBLE) at that time, I was a Council Member, and I know the efforts to allow a scooter here, I can tell you when I personally came back, I went to Israel with Council Member David Greenfield so when I came back from there, I was there and I was invited to ride a scooter in the Holy City so when we came back, we started this conversation, and it was Council Member Rafael Espinal, Council Member Fernando Cabrero, the

one who led, I also joined the effort, so I know that Council Member Cabrera was committed because the South Bronx was not included in the past for any type of bike-sharing or Citi Bike. I feel that this has been part of what we understand and we all agree that we had an opportunity to connect our community with bike-sharing, with Citi Bike, but also with the scooters so I feel that we identified the need, but, at that time, I can tell you that Council Member Cabrera also played an important role advocating for the Bronx to be included as the area where this pilot program was happening.

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DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: If I could add to that, also when we looked at the areas, the East
Bronx seemed like an area that would have a lot of opportunity for these scooters to be utilized as a way to kind of be that last mile connection for people's work and other trips that they need to be taking. If you look at the subway lines there, they are largely longitudinal. People need to be able to make the connections between them without necessarily having to go all the way into the hub or into
Manhattan so we saw that as an area for opportunity.
Also, the eastern part of the Bronx, the terrain is

relatively flat than in the western part of the
Bronx, and we know we're working with vehicles that
have relatively small wheels. We wouldn't necessarily
want to be the first place we trialed them one that
has a lot of elevation changes. Finally, the law as
it was written prohibited this from being done in
Manhattan specifically so we knew that we were going
to be using an outer borough location, and the East
Bronx was outside at that time the Citi Bike
expansion area so it was an area where there was a
definite need and where these scooters appeared like

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they could best fill it.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you believe that such a program is an effective way in which to provide those in areas without close and affordable transit access to get to their destinations? I imagine so.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: Yes, and I think the report that we published evaluating the program shows how it pans out and that it really was quite successful in achieving those goals. When we were issuing the RFP, we did ask these companies, all of them, to show how they were going to address equity, how were they going to have options for people with

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 142 2 low incomes, NYCHA residents, etc. We had them 3 demonstrate their safety records, what kind of 4 features are you going to have to prevent some of the bad behaviors we'd seen in other cities that had been hazardous like double riding or riding on the 6 sidewalk or leaving scooters strewn on the pavement. 8 We were very, very thorough in the RFP for asking these companies to demonstrate how they were going to make New York City's program really the gold 10 11 standard, and we're very, very proud and very pleased with how it turned out. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Now

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Now with respect to Intro. 417, during summer break for Committee Members, the Department of City Planning gives Community Boards extra time for ULURP applications certified in late May or June so that Boards can consider applications in September. Will DOT do the same if this bill is passed?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: I know that's built into the existing bike lane bill. I think that's something we can speak to with the Council Member as it works toward passage.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Will DOT inform the Community Boards in writing that a study

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 143 is about to take place instead of informing them that the study is done?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER QUINN: We generally inform the Community Board when a plan has been developed. We'll have done some outreach prior to going to the Community Board so there are various ways for people to know that a study is underway.

For the Mobility Report question, we have rolled all of that data, most of that data into the Streets Plan so we won't be releasing an individual Mobility Report any longer. It's all on the Streets Plan with the update coming in February.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: My understanding is that's a mandated report though.

DIRECTOR KITE-LAIDLAW: I know that we have a Mobility Report in which we collected data last October, and we're going to be releasing a report later this spring so that may be the one in question.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for the clarification.

Thank you for the panel for being here and answering all the questions today.

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much. Again, good afternoon. I want to thank the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 145

Council for having us here today including the Chair

Brooks-Powers. I think we've had a chance now to work

together and be together on a number of issues, and I

appreciate your leadership and partnership.

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Obviously, I'm here today to talk about why at MTA and New York City Transit why we care about the rules of the road. Today's hearing has focused on several proposals with the theme of keeping streets that our buses traverse cleared of hazardous obstructions and the City's and MTA's collective ability to enforce that. I want to talk today about some of the successes that we have had so far with our growing Automated Bus Lane Enforcement, our ABLE program, and how it's helping to deliver faster and better bus service for our customers across the five boroughs.

The ABLE program was first authorized by State law in 2010 which allowed for gantry mounted cameras to be installed and to enforce bus lane violations. From 2010 to 2019, the program was expanded by several acts of the State

Legislature with support of the City Council. By 2019, the State Legislature removed the caps on the number of bus routes, times of day, and

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE numbers of cameras that we and the DOT were authorized to use. With this expanded authorization, MTA and DOT announced a renewed push to expand the ABLE program as part of the City's Better Buses Restart Program in 2021. By the end of 2022, the MTA has now launched busmounted cameras on 16 routes, again across the five boroughs. In no uncertain terms, camera enforcement is one of the most efficient and effective tools at our disposal. Unlike our subways which, of course, enjoy usually their own right-of-way, our buses rely on their very congested streets, sharing their path with commercial and private vehicles, cyclists, and pedestrians. We work in partnership with DOT to deliver better buses and cameras are one piece of that puzzle. Transit signal prioritization, bus lanes and busways, bus stop balancing, effective scheduling and dispatching, and targeted parking regulations all the travel lanes clear all work to give buses prioritization and ensure we can delivery reliable service. But when those busways and bus lanes are blocked, or a delivery truck

chooses to use a bus stop to make its delivery, we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 147 can't provide the service our customers and your constituents deserve.

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Adding automated camera enforcement to the menu of options for better buses is key. Since we have added ABLE to various routes, we have seen an average speed improvement of around 5 percent. Faster buses mean more people will choose to take the bus. Overall, the MTA has lost nearly a third of its ridership from the pandemic, but the reality is buses were already losing riders before the pandemic began. When it was faster to walk than take the bus, people just wouldn't choose the bus, but the benefits of ABLE extend beyond just speed improvements. ABLE has a significant impact on safety as well, I know another issue important to this Committee, with an average decrease in collisions of 26 percent along ABLE-enforced bus routes. Let me say that again, 26 percent decrease. As you can see, ABLE, in addition to these other tools I mentioned, leads to a more attractive option for our customers to use. Look, for example, at the M14 for instance. We implemented a busway, added camera enforcement, and what we have seen is incredible. 24 percent

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 148 improvement in travel times, 42 percent reduction in collisions, and a 14 percent increase in weekday ridership. While the speed and ridership data are encouraging, so too are our recidivism rates. I am encouraged by the fact that over the lifetime of the program, 80 percent of drivers receive one ticket, and never receive another. We are changing behavior. Beyond that, 12 percent receive two tickets, and then are never again charged, changed because of the good behavior. It is commercial violators that are more likely to be the repeat offenders, and they also account for a decent portion of violations issued in general. The fact, however, is that the program will hopefully put itself out of business over time as drivers understand there is real enforcement going on.

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As we look to the future with all the success we have seen to date, we are optimistic there is more that we can do with automated camera enforcement. This year, in 2023, we are equipping another 600 buses with cameras and so, by the end of the year, around 80 percent of our bus lanes will be covered with automated enforcement. With

the help of the Chair and your Colleagues, we are also seeking to expand on what we can enforce which is part of why I join you today. Governor Hochul has proposed legislation in the executive budget that would allow for MTA and DOT to go beyond the bus lane. As proposed, the bill would allow us to use automated camera enforcement to enforce double-parking, bus stop violations, and bike lane violations that end up impeding the progress of a bus. I want to thank the Chair and the other 33 members of the Council that sent a letter of support calling for the bill to be included in the enacted State budget.

The additional violations that we would be authorized to enforce would seek to achieve some of the same goals and some of the others being debated today seek to address and do so in a tried and reliable manner. Through a true State and City partnership the MTA, NYC DOT have put together a system that is working and delivering the results we envisioned. We hope to continue to push the envelope and grow the program to clear the street for our buses and to help create a

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I am personally encouraged, if not a little disappointed, to see Washington, D.C. beat us to the punch by announcing recently that they too will begin using the same camera tools to clear bus lanes and bus stops. If it is a sign of the efficacy of these tools for transit systems across the country, I'd expect to more and more over time. We can't have Washington, D.C. beating us, really, come on.

Thank you, again, for having me here today, Chair. I appreciate the opportunity to speak on this issue and, as I mentioned at the top, appreciate your leadership in continuing to help us transit for all New Yorkers.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much. Much appreciate. I have no complaints about my train ride today so I'm in a good mood.

In all seriousness, how many summonses have been issued due to the automatic bike lane enforcement pilot?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: It's about 243,000 I think have been issued through the end of March

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 151 have been issued, and, as I mentioned, the good news is that about 80 percent or so folks, once they receive one ticket do not reoffend. They get the message and find somewhere else to park.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. You just answered my next question. How can automated cameras the MTA uses be used to enforce against obstructions of bus lanes also enforce against obstructions of adjacent bike lanes?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: The technology that we've adopted would allow us to look at, so, today, we obviously enforce bus lanes, but tomorrow with the bill that is pending in the Legislature that the Governor filed, it would mean two things. One is bike lanes as you mentioned and the second is bus stops. I'm pretty passionate in particular about bus stops. It's a matter of equity, particularly for our disabled customers who need to be able to have the access to the curb in order to safely get on and off a bus. You've seen the ramps that we deploy, 100 percent of our customers in wheeled mobility devices, for

example, or parents with strollers for that
matter, to get on the bus, but in some instances
if you have a car parked in a bus stop, we're
letting customers out in the middle of traffic.
This is not safe at all so the new legislation
will allow us to, I think, make it more safe and
frankly more equitable for our customers with
disabilities.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm excited to hear that part and the prioritization of the bus stops as well. In front of my Laurelton office we have a bus stop, and when our office closes for the day I've gone there in the evening and it's just been night and day, you'll see cars lined up in that bus stop, and people getting let out in the middle of the street so I'm pretty excited about this technology and the opportunity to support this moving forward as well as the fact that it can cover some of the bike lanes which we've heard today is of interest to myself and to my Colleagues, and we're in the process of trying to find out what the best way is, the safest way, but to get to the same resolution which is to have safer roadways.

mentioned, the technology will also allow us to enforce bike lane enforcement as well so if there are cars parked in bike lanes, we'll be able to snap a picture of the driver's plate, the license plate, and send them a ticket as well. As you said, I think the technology is exciting because it definitely changes behavior, and so if we're seeing that in bike lanes, 80 percent of folks not getting another ticket, I would expect the same to be true in bus stops and bike lanes as you mentioned.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. One moment, please.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I think my Colleague has questions so we're just letting him come back in.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you, Chair. Always good to see both. Thank you for joining us today.

Just wanted to ask how many buses are now equipped with cameras for enforcement?

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that's available if you will.

2 PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, sure.

DEPUTY CHIEF SCHWARTZ: Council Member, the current MTA capital program has around 85 million dollars for automated bus cameras, the actual hardware. A piece that President Davey didn't mention yet was that by the end of this year with that 1,000 cameras, around 80, 85 percent of the bus lanes that we operate will be covered by camera enforcement so the existing authorization that we have is solely around bus lanes so we prioritize that so we'll have pretty good coverage by the end of this year.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: But only one out of six buses going down that bus lane is going to have a camera on it?

DEPUTY CHIEF SCHWARTZ: That is correct. That is correct, but, again, we have more money in the capital program to keep building on that, and, again, with the existing authorization that we have, we'll have pretty good saturation by the end...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: With 1,000 cameras in place, do you have anticipated annual

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this?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: We don't have an anticipated revenue, and, frankly, we don't budget revenue for this program. I have been on the record as saying I would love the program to eventually go away, meaning we wouldn't be collecting any dollars, but we don't have a revenue projection.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I just mean to say I'd imagine it will be revenue-generating program for the MTA and so the capital resources that we invest on the front end to get cars out of bike lanes will pay for itself and them some.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: For sure. We collected about 11 million dollars so far in revenue as a result, but I don't think that we think about it as return on investment in that respect. What we very much see is the bus speeds and customer satisfaction in the places we have ABLE enforcement is better than average.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Do you yet have any data on folks who have received tickets for being parked in bus lanes not changing behavior?

2 PRESIDENT DAVEY: We do. About 80

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percent of first-time offenders do not offend again so we see a huge behavior change and then an additional 12 percent that receive a second ticket don't reoffend. What we're seeing is...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry.
How much are those tickets?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: 50 dollars and then they go up in price, a maximum of 250 dollars, so a 50-dollar ticket does...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Go up in price if you've had multiple violations...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Correct. That's if you reoffend. That's right. What I was going to say,

Council Members, though, is that where we see frankly issues are the commercial vehicles, right, where they either build the cost into doing business or what have you and they tend to be the reoffenders, but the average New Yorker, personal vehicle, gets a ticket and says I'm not doing that again, which is exactly what we want. We want that behavior change.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Yeah. The stipulated fine program is a challenging one in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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how we better incentivize behavior change from those corporations that are responsible for so much of the illegal activity. Is there anything that we can do from the Council to help support

expedited and expanded ABLE enforcement?

DEPUTY CHIEF SCHWARTZ: I think that

President Davey covered it in the testimony.

You've already done a great service in the letter

that was led by the Chair and signed by a total of

34 Members of the Council asking that the final

enacted State budget includes the legislation that

we're here talking about today so we greatly

appreciate that partnership, and I think for now

you've done your part so thank you.

pushing on this issue. It's really important.

Thank you to the Chair for her leadership on it.

That was a great letter, and I was really proud to sign on. I think it's a combination of the aggressive enforcement of cameras on as many buses as possible, but we also need to do a better job of designing our streets so that buses can move efficiently, and I'm really excited to support more busways in District 33. We have a couple of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 159 plans in the works that I think are going to be great, and I hope that we can see those expanded across the city.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I should say, by the way, on the street designs, we worked very closely with our partners at the DOT, some of them are still here, and we've been granularly looking at even some of our underperforming bus routes and looking at potholes or pedestrians in the street and really getting granular in the tactics of improving our bus system, and, again, our DOT partners have been terrific in responding to that sort of very tactical, so we've got the big policy today, obviously it's important, but the tactical stuff that's happening as well has also been terrific. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I would love to follow up in terms of your data with the potholes because I'm sure there's some correlation in terms of the communities that are receiving the resources from DOT to do the milling of the roads and their repaving and so I wanted to see if there's some ways we can work together on that so

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 160
2 I would love to see some of the data if that's
3 available.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Next, we are going to be going into public testimony, but we're going to be starting with testimony from Lyft.

We will be turning to public testimony. For public testimony, each panelist will be given two minutes to speak.

For panelists testifying in person, please come to the dais as your name is called and wait your turn to speak.

For panelists who are testifying remotely, once your name is called, a Member of our Staff will unmute you, and the Sergeant-at-Arms will give you the go ahead to begin. Please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before delivering your testimony.

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I would like to now welcome Anna Pycior from Lyft and Citi Bike to answer some questions from the Members.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry. Point of clarification, you're not here to answer questions. Thank you for coming out, and I've spoken to folks over at Lyft about my thoughts about Citi Bike and, just staying in line with that, I had asked a question earlier of DOT and I didn't really get a clear answer from them, but I'm curious if Lyft currently surveys potential riders in neighborhoods where Citi Bike is not yet located to understand the potential demand.

ANNA PYCIOR: Yes, thank you for the question, Chair, and thank you for having me up here. We do do an annual multimodal report at Lyft which I'm happy to share with you which is third-party sourced for surveys nationally. Lyft manages bike-share networks across the nation so we do know trends nationally as well as I would venture to say citywide. We are in the midst still of phase 3 expansion as the Commissioner had mentioned, and, as we go into those communities, we certainly in partnership with DOT who

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 162 ultimately gets to do the location decisions, we do community events and understand the community concerns and questions.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How granular do those surveys get in terms of New York City?

ANNA PYCIOR: I'm happy to find out and get you the stats. We also are transparent about the data and the backend so I'm happy to get that to you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. What does Citi Bike look for in an area to begin to determine whether or not they're going to expand there?

ANNA PYCIOR: Absolutely. As the DOT staff said at the dais, it is largely about making it a contiguous service area so there aren't gaps between rides and you aren't stranded in an island of no docks so certainly it is those adjacent to existing locations. When Lyft took over the contract with the City, they invested up front 100 million dollars in the Phase 3 expansion, and we are still in the process of seeing that through. We've made serious progress and are now entering

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 163
2 the areas of further into Queens, further into
3 Brooklyn, and further up in the Bronx.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Since it has to be contiguous, that means that it's going to take a while to get to Southeast Queens is what it sounds like.

ANNA PYCIOR: It is the furthest out though I'm personally a very big fan of your District.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I am as well, and we'd like to have bikes as well.

Also, wanted to talk about the increased prices at the start of the year. How did Lyft determine the new prices?

ANNA PYCIOR: Absolutely. We have increased cost due to service demands, inflation as well as, honestly, the increased rider demand. These were an adjustment in line with previous adjustments by Lyft and past operators of the system, and I should add that we have maintained the nation's largest reduced fare bike-share program to the tune of a 7-million-dollar investment annually by Lyft and all SNAP and NYCHA residents are eligible. We are very proud of that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 164 program and would love to partner with any and all Members of the Council who are interested in spreading the word.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I would, but... How is the outreach in terms of NYCHA developments and what have you for them to be able to participate?

alone, especially during peak riding season so beginning around now, Lyft will be sending out teams to over 300 community events, many of which are events that we, ourselves, have started. We have 10-thousand-dollar grants to community organizations that we give out for weekly rides as well as we attend tenant association fairs and anywhere that you may see SNAP outreach, in underserved areas or areas where people get other points of service to make sure that they're aware.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Lyft was in the news on Friday for laying off a third of its staff. How will these reductions affect Citi Bike services?

ANNA PYCIOR: Thank you for the question. Lyft is committed to Citi Bike. We have

a contract with the City that we will be seeing through. We continue to make millions of dollars of investments in the hardware for the system, and we will remain committed to our partnership with the Administration, with Commissioner Rodriguez, and with the Council.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

ANNA PYCIOR: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you.

We will next hear from Lacey Tauber from the

Brooklyn Borough President's Office, Eric McClure,

Mary Beth Kelly, and Elizabeth Adams.

You may begin when ready.

LACEY TAUBER: great. Thank you so much.

My name is Lacey Tauber. I'm here representing

Brooklyn Borough President, Antonio Reynosa. Good

afternoon and thank you so much for holding this

important hearing today.

This year has already been a disaster on our streets. I'll skip over all the stats, but we have to remember that these numbers are people, and I know you'll hear today from families and friends of those whose lives have been upended by these tragedies. It's unacceptable, and we must

implement better policies for more safety and infrastructure now to protect New Yorkers. The Borough President supports all of our efforts to make our streets safer, but we want to focus testimony today on Intros. 417 and 501-A while acknowledging that these bills are a small part of a much larger effort needed to get us back on track to achieve Vision Zero.

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For Intro. 417, the purpose of the bill is really to underscore the fact that bike lanes and other safety improvements are infrastructure and to remove barriers to implementation. You've heard a lot about this bill today that I won't repeat, but essentially the existing law can delay critical safety projects, sometimes by up to an entire calendar year, and Intro. 417 would remove these unnecessary delays and will help DOT expedite its pipeline by creating a single timeline for its projects. You heard them today say they love this bill. It also has the support of three other Borough Presidents, and the BP wants to thank them, Council Member Restler, and the 38 other Council Members who have prioritized safety by sponsoring it and encourage Chair

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quickly.

On 501-A, you've heard a lot about this today too. There's just more cars and trucks on the road, more potential for conflicts with pedestrians and cyclists. Enforcement is not keeping up with dangerous driver behavior, and the citizen-led enforcement system that this bill will create will help deter these dangerous practices without increasing interactions between New Yorkers and the NYPD.

Finally, two other proposals on today's agenda. I could just say the Borough President is supportive of Intro. 712 and Intro. 927. Wants to see a lot more enforcement of these ghost cars and out-of-state plates and wants to help support any policies that create space for e-bike charging stations and support our deliveristas and encourage local elected officials to step up and support this critical infrastructure in their own communities as well. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

ERIC MCCLURE: Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-Powers, Council Member Restler. Thank you

for holding this hearing today. My name is Eric McClure. I'm the Executive Director of Streets PAC. We strongly support Intro. 417 which will eliminate an unnecessary and burdensome waiting period for bike lane installation that treats such projects differently from all other street work, righting a backlash error wrong that was passed in 2011 to needlessly hamper implementation of cycling infrastructure. Ensuring the Department of Transportation can move ahead quickly on bike projects will get safer designs on the ground faster and help the City meet ambitious bike lane mileage targets.

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We also strongly support Intro. 501-A, which will allow civilian reporting of vehicular hazardous obstruction violations. Illegal parking is epidemic in New York City, and, unfortunately, current enforcement of such violations is negligible at best, frequently overly deferential to drivers, and police officers and other City employees are often the ones committing these offenses. Empowering citizens to report these violations eliminates bureaucratic hurdles, and similar programs have worked to good effect in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 169 reporting illegal idling and violations by forhire drivers. We do, however, urge the Council to eliminate the provision in the bill that requires that reportable vehicles be unoccupied. This carve-out will reduce the program's effectiveness, and we believe the concerns about potential conflict are overblown, given little evidence of altercations between drivers and users of the TLC or DEP reporting systems. Council Member Restler made the point earlier, but I was struck when Chief of Patrol Chell invited the Council Member to send him photos of violations around precincts in his District, which is exactly what this bill would allow anyone to do without the special privileges conferred upon a Council Member or a ranking NYPD officer.

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We also believe the type of searchable map that Intro. 289 would mandate is a good idea. Council Member Rivera's Local Law 124 enacted in 2019 already requires the provision of temporary accommodations when street work impedes on existing bike lanes, though adherence to the law is far from universal. While we don't think NYC DOT's operational concerns are without merit,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 170 we're hopeful that further discussions can lead to a workable and mutually agreeable outcome.

I'll just really quickly wrap up by saying as for Intro. 712, 926, and 927, while we believe they're all well-intended, we would prefer that the Council legislate action rather than additional study, especially in the areas around which these bills are oriented. I do have some additional points in my written testimony which you can refer to.

On 927, on the deliverista hubs, I just would like to close by saying any legislation in this regard should compel work on a hub network to proceed as quickly as possible. We're six months past the point where the Administration announced that they were going to create deliverista hubs, and we also should eliminate any needless hamstringing by Community Boards as we saw recently at CB7 in Manhattan. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

MARY BETH KELLY: Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers, Speaker Adams, and the entire Transportation Committee for being here.

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My name is Mary Beth Kelly, and I'm a founding member of Families for Safe Streets, a group which should not exist. In June of 2006 while I was cycling with my husband, Dr. Carl Henry Nacht, he was hit by a reckless driver, a reckless NYPD tow truck driver, who was speeding and failed to yield at an intersection. Henry died of his injuries three days later. An internist, he had been caring for New Yorkers for over 30 years. Every one of them lost their doctor that day, my daughter and son lost their father, I lost my partner of 34 years, and the City lost a healer and a servant. He once told me I am happiest when I'm serving, and I had no doubt. That's who he was as a person. He lived his integrity. He lived his life as a mitzvah.

While we are here today in support of Intros 501, 712, 927, 926, 289, I'd like to spend this testimony speaking to the importance of Intro. 417 in particular. This bill would allow NYC DOT to more rapidly implement Safe Streets infrastructure such as protected bike lanes by consolidating the current community engagement process on street safety. 2022 saw the most

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 172 children killed in traffic crashes in the Vision 2 3 Zero era, and now even five months into 2023 we're 4 on a course for the most overall traffic fatalities since Vision Zero was adopted. After years of progress, we're rapidly losing ground. 6 It's clear that the current process for implementing Safe Streets projects is failing us. 8 I have been doing this work for almost 17 years and have seen firsthand how inappropriate the 10 11 current lengthy Community Board approval process is, one that often relies on delay, delay, delay 12 13 rather than action.

I'll give one example. Amsterdam Avenue saw four years long delays by Community Board 7 and 9. Only after years of protest did they implement the infrastructure that was needed or approve of it, and most tragically and unacceptably, there were lives lost during that time. It continues.

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The horrific reactive dynamic that goes on at Community Boards is rather than being proactive and preventive, it is a key reason why the City is falling short of meeting the legally mandated benchmarks that you on the City Council

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 173 passed as part of the Streets Master Plan. Among other things, it mandates 30 miles of protected bike lanes, 20 miles of bus lanes, etc. Most importantly, it reduces crashes and saves lives. I will just sum up by saying that I have personally witnessed this for years, and most recently even a week ago Community Board 7 changed what was to be a resolution to see the plan from the DOT for Crosstown bike lanes which we badly need in Manhattan to a study because one person on the Community Board Transportation Committee wanted to change that wording and so, of course, it got changed. Typically, we have 90 days, three months, once even something is resolved to get put into play, and this is the type of thing that goes on all the time. I'm not going to bring my husband back. I only do this because I want to prevent other people from going through what my family, my community has gone through. No child going to school, no one returning because they went out with their loved one to have a meal doesn't arrive home should happen. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you and I extend my deepest condolence to you.

2 MARY BETH KELLY: Thank you.

ELIZABETH ADAMS: Good afternoon. Thank you, Chair. I'm Elizabeth Adams. I'm a Deputy Executive Director for Public Affairs with Transportation Alternatives. Thank you for holding this hearing.

The bills today that are being heard will go a long way to address street safety, transportation access, and a more equitable future for our public space. Transportation Alternatives supports Intro. 417, 501, 927, 926, 712, and 289, which will remove delays and barriers to safe streets infrastructure, make e-micromobility charging stations more accessible, clear our bus and bike lanes, and require a better assessment of bike infrastructure conditions and needs citywide.

I want to focus on 501 and 417 today because these changes are essential. We need to speed up our infrastructure projects. We need to keep our bus and our bike lanes clear so the infrastructure that we have built actually does work, and we need to prioritize equitable enforcement through automated programs like the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 175

ABLE program discussed today, and we need to keep

our bus lanes, crosswalks, and bike lanes clear.

Bike ridership in New York City has reached an all-time high. Yet, as you've heard today, we are in a crisis. Twelve cyclists have already been killed this year, the highest rate since Vision Zero started. People are calling for more sustainable modes of transit, looking to get around in new ways, including with emicromobility, and we have an obligation to provide the street safety measures and charging stations that make it possible for more people to access biking. The need is urgent. New York is far behind our Street Plan requirements, and DOT did not meet the bike and bus lane goals for 2022, and, at TA, we've tracked just 0.36 miles built out of the 50 bike lane miles required for 2023. We're heartened by the announcement this morning of the 10 hard miles, but we know that this is urgent, and we have to get projects in the ground now. Every day that an infrastructure project is stalled or a bus or bike lane is blocked, New Yorkers are forced to ride in unsafe conditions.

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 This has real-life costs as you've heard this

3 morning and today.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. Finish your thought. I'm sorry, Liz.

ELIZABETH ADAMS: I was just going to say there's a lot we can do. We need to get projects in the ground now. Thanks.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry. I thought you were finished.

I just have a couple of questions.

First, Lacey, do you know whether or not the

Brooklyn Borough President supports enforcement by
way of speed cameras?

LACEY TAUBER: It's not something that we've talked about, but I think he's generally supportive of enforcement that isn't really increasing interactions between the NYPD and New Yorkers in general so my guess would be yes.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's a good point because I think a lot of folks that support the speed camera enforcement support it because it limits the engagement between law enforcement and civilians. Right now, Intro. 501 would essentially deputize civilians, making them

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 177 de facto law enforcement, and they now would be engaging with civilians, and I'm curious, and, Liz, you can answer this also or anyone on the panel, if there are concerns about engagement with law enforcement and civilians, do we not see that for civilian-to-civilian? We heard MTA on the panel earlier talk about ABLE, which could capture some of this as well so I'm interested in understanding what that level of support would be because, I will say, the end goal for all of us, including me, is about safer streets, but at the same time I don't think it would be responsible to put civilians in that line of conflict potentially, and it's not to say everyone would have that experience, and I think that Council Member Restler and I really worked hard to try and figure out how we could address that because it's not solely me that have concerns about it, there's a lot of stakeholders and other Members that feel this way as well in terms of concerns about what that engagement could be so I'm really interested in understanding that a bit better.

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ELIZABETH ADAMS: I'll just share. I think what we'd like to see first and foremost is

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 178
DOT doing enforcement of our streets and our bike
lanes and our bus lanes, and we have not seen our
government agencies, as Council Member Restler
laid out with NYPD, we have not seen agencies
doing this job at all. It is government in action
and failure and it's irresponsible that they are
continuing to let infrastructure that taxpayer
dollars are investing in year after year to not
work, to not be effective so we would love DOT now
to do enforcement, and then I would also say when
we look at the City's Idling program that has been
in place for years we haven't seen that lead to
interactions between people that have been
upsetting or things like that. I think the
precedent that we have shows us that this has
worked, that it can work, that it is working.
Lastly, I would say we support the provision that
allows people to not be in cars at the same time.
I think we support the bill. We can't continue to
do nothing, and this bill I think is a real
concrete way that gives people the ability to take
action when, frankly, their government hasn't been
doing it.

MARY BETH KELLY: I'd just like to add to what Liz is saying. Having been someone that worked long and hard on the speed camera program and even went to jail for a night when we blocked traffic on 3rd Avenue when they stopped the speed camera program one summer and speeding went way up, that putting the speed cameras in place, the issue never came up about interface between police enforcement and the general public, violators. It was always because there was no enforcement, and the only way we could get that enforcement was to introduce electronic enforcement so that was a non-issue in the whole process of when we were getting that bill passed and the original pilot to be continued.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's interesting from your perspective because I know in the past and on record we've been told, especially when we were being lobbied last year to support expansion to 24 hours, it was because of the limited exposure to law enforcement, and that has been the reason or the impetus in terms of why we needed to expand it.

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2 MARY BETH KELLY: My understanding was
3 that schools were being used way past the 4
4 o'clock cutoff that had been in place and we

5 needed the coverage 24/7.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No, but I appreciate the perspective. I will say also, just going back, Elizabeth, to what you said in terms of the DOT enforcement. Right now, it's under the purview of the NYPD so we need to get NYPD to act and do their job, which in speaking with Chief Royster today and hearing from her folks, they seem eager to want to do more. We'll see what that looks like. I'm really supportive of ABLE, which is the camera enforcement with MTA, especially in terms of their track record with it, an 80 percent decline in recidivism when it comes to that. It's less engagement person-to-person. I feel like it's safer. I would love to work with the advocates and see how we, again, we all have the same end goal for this, and I think that that could be one of the many solutions, and I think there are ways that New Yorkers can definitely help. If they want to be in this space, there are Traffic Agent roles, people who care about this work go into it,

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I mean I trust them too. I just worry about them.

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to...

LACEY TAUBER: Can I add something to that? I think that's a really good point, and I

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 182 think this would, the way the bill is written now, it would go beyond and require folks to take a training course. You don't have to do that right now to report to 3-1-1 so I feel like this would be an extra step that would help people learn how to do this safely. Actually, I think it would be nice to see something in this bill that would perhaps anonymize submissions just because I'm really concerned about the harassment that's been happening of people who are using the 3-1-1 system, and I would worry about that in this case as well and wonder if there's a way to make sure that folks who are using it wouldn't have their information reported to the NYPD to try to make sure that doesn't happen to them.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Again, I

think you kind of underscored some of the concerns
in terms of safety, right, because if you have to
think about being anonymous to report someone and,
let's be clear, not everyone is going to do it for
the reason of safety. We have people that walk up
to black and brown people every day and accuse
them of things every day and engage law
enforcement and so it's just a really big concern

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE for me from a number of perspectives so I want to be fully transparent, but I am committed to working with you all and finding a resolution, and I hope that working with Council Member Restler and each of you that we can have something that's

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ERIC MCCLURE: I do want to just quickly tack on I think the power dynamic is very different between a police stop and someone reporting illegal parking with an app.

even stronger that gets it done.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I think if you tell a black and brown person that, they may feel differently.

ERIC MCCLURE: Certainly, I think that's the case, but also in reporting a violation you do need to present evidence. I did snap a picture of you and Council Member Restler during the testimony so it can be done surreptitiously. I think, given the experience with the DEP program and with the TLC program, and you guys asked the question, there just is not a lot of evidence of that kind of negative interaction so I do appreciate your concerns very deeply, and the last thing we want is more violence on New York City

committee on transportation and infrastructure 184 streets than what we have now, but I do think, with the vacuum of enforcement that clearly was underscored in this hearing today that we need an alternative to what's not being done right now to keep the streets safer.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I thank you, Eric, and I value you, you know I reach out to you with questions all the time so I'm thankful that you answer my calls and my emails, and I know, Elizabeth, you had mentioned also in terms of the Idling Program, but I will say the difference is that's what commercial vehicles, and I remember when I first got appointed as Chair to this Committee, one of the initial conversations with one of the advocates viewed car ownership as a privilege, and to some it may be a privilege but we don't know what goes into having that car because it's actually a financial burden that people in communities like the one I represent have to depend on, and at times they're sharing them just to get to work or to get to drop their kids off or get where they need to go and so it's not truly a privilege, it's because we don't have the same access, and so when you talk about

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response may be different because that's, like if someone loses their car and they can't get to work or they can't get their daughter or son to school, that's a different dynamic than someone who has a commercial vehicle and that they build that into their business model so I think we have to really listen to one another in terms of what some of the challenges are so that we can think about what the appropriate way to address this will be. Again, we have the same end result. As you all know, I've cried about children getting hit by these cars in my District, especially Davina Afokoba, a 10-yearold who was just walking home from school so this is something that's very important to me. As a middle school student, I witnessed a classmate get hit by a vehicle and knocked (INAUDIBLE) onto the highway as a child so this is real for me as well.

I don't take it lightly, but at the same time there are other dynamics that have to be weighed in and valued as well.

MARY BETH KELLY: Chair, I would just like to encourage that if there is anyone in your District that would benefit from the support

Whereas if everyone knows that everyone around

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1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 187
2	them could report them, it would create an
3	atmosphere of fear in the drivers so they would
4	actually learn to obey the rules instead of just
5	doing whatever they want. Simply put, any
6	altercation, even just two days ago I yelled at a
7	guy who was blocking the bike lane when I was
8	biking by and he came out and he hassled me
9	because he felt there were no consequences because
10	that's how these people work. These are people who
11	would drive in New York. They don't have regard
12	for New Yorkers. Also, a lot of these people are
13	people without front plates. The NYPD isn't
14	enforcing that. They've realized they can beat all
15	the automated systems just by taking off their
16	front plate and driving around. If we were to say
17	put that reporting authority into the hands of the
18	people, it might actually get fixed, but right now
19	with this incredibly compromised version, nothing
20	will get fixed.
21	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
22	GABRIEL RUSSELL: I yield my time.
23	COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: You may

24 begin.

2 GERALD ROSS: I'm Gerald Ross. I'm an 3 officer of New York Cycle Club. We're a 4 recreational cycling club with roughly 3,000 members spread throughout the whole five boroughs, and I'm here to heartedly endorse Intros 289, 417, 6 7 501, and 926. We think all of them have the 8 potential of enhancing bike safety and bike use, and that's what we're all about. We do a lot of education ourselves and do a lot of group riding. 10 11 I want to especially focus on 501. I think the 12 citizen reporting system is an excellent idea, 13 mainly because New York PD is just not doing its job. We've all seen it. We see the double-parked 14 15 cars, we see the cops doing nothing but talking to 16 each other and playing on their phone and they 17 don't pay any attention to serious traffic 18 violations so we need some reporting system, and I 19 think Council Person Restler pointed out there's 20 been a reporting system for the truck exhaust 21 (INAUDIBLE) nobody's been damaged by that. The 2.2 idea that civilians put themselves in danger is a 2.3 myth. Again, that's an excuse for law enforcement not acting like law enforcement. All four bills do 24 enhance the cycling experience. I've been riding 25

myself in the city for close to 40 years, 50 years even, and seen a lot of improvement and a lot of room for more improvement and just here to support all that on behalf of myself and our 3,000 comembers. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

RAUL RIVERA: Good afternoon. My name is Raul Rivera. I'm a TLC driver. I'm a TLC driver advocate. Just to get it out of the way, we want to say thank you to the Chair for meeting with us back in June of 2022. We hope to get a followup meeting. I think there was a miscommunication. We know that you met with us, but we need a followup. We want to push our bills, and they go nowhere without you, and we say thank you for that.

Some of the things I'm going to say are going to be a little bit, how do I say, a little bit out there, but I think it's important. We care about this Committee. We want this Committee to be the best Committee ever. We want to advocate for this Committee. We want this Committee to be powerful and, personally, me, as a member of Families for Safe Streets, as a native New Yorker, as a TLC driver here in the city, as a crash

get tickets if we don't wear a seat belt so you

1 192 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yeah, and 3 it's not about being personal, but it's about the 4 proper way to engage folks so I just want to be clear on that. I do like the idea about the helmets, 6

and maybe that's something we can explore also.

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RAUL RIVERA: It would save lives. No doubt about it.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I appreciate everyone for their testimonies today. Thank you.

GERALD ROSS: If I may interrupt. I've seen one person die because he fell off a bike bareheaded. I've seen three or four people, including myself, not die because we had a crash and fell and the helmet saved our lives.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I think it's worth the conversation.

RAUL RIVERA: Transportation Alternatives never touches the topic. They never do. They never do. I think it's very important, and it's an injustice to the people who die in the city. When I was in my accident, I had my seat belt. I was almost killed. A NYC FDNY firefighter ran the light, and I t-boned him with my truck. I

going down my legs. Nobody did anything. If it
wasn't for my video, my dashcam, nobody would
believe me. I'll share that video with you. The
truck that I hit flipped several times. It almost

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hit a young girl in the corner. Luckily, the light
pole stopped the vehicle from flipping, and she
was able to run away.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you all for your testimonies today.

RAUL RIVERA: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you so much. We will now move to online testimony.

We'll begin with Charles Guthrie followed by Israel Acevedo and Jackson Chabot.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

CHARLES GUTHRIE: Hi. My name is Charlie Guthrie. Let me just turn on the camera. Council, thank you for the opportunity to testify. I'm going to just move to a quieter spot.

I'm supportive of all the bills under discussion today. I'm a cyclist, pedestrian, and parent. It's important to me that I be able to safely bring my 3-year-old daughter to her school,

committee on transportation and infrastructure 194 either on foot or on my bike with me. Some day I'd like her to be able to bike on New York City streets herself so I support anything that makes our streets safer for all.

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I'm here to speak in favor in particular for Intro. 417 and Intro. 501. Intro. 417 would allow DOT to install bike lanes more quickly and easily and so that would be great.

Intro. 501 is critical for pedestrians as well as cyclists by improving enforcement for traffic laws. Council Member Brooks-Powers, I hear your concerns about hypothetical conflict between citizens, but I think you have to weigh that against the visible and evident and very real traffic violence that we're seeing as a result of dangerous conditions from illegally parked cars. The ideal solution would be for NYPD to enforce these laws themselves, but NYPD has not been consistent in doing that.

I do want to continue to voice my support for all of the bills that are being considered but 417 and 501 in particular.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you} \\ \mbox{for that.}$ 

2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you.

We'll now move on to Israel Acevedo followed by Jackson Chabot and Ligia Guallpa.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

ISRAEL ACEVEDO: Good afternoon. Good

7 | afternoon. Can you hear me?

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 $\label{eq:committee} \mbox{COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: We can} \\ \mbox{hear you.}$ 

ISRAEL ACEVEDO: Okay. Good afternoon. My name is Israel Acevedo, and I was born and raised in Brooklyn New York. I am a New York City for-hire owner/operator, and I have been in this industry for eight years. I am most proud of the transportation industry. I am also a cyclist and a pedestrian. I want to send my deepest sympathy to all the victims and their families that have been affected by irresponsible drivers. But I also want to mention that I drive professionally six days a week, I've been in this industry for eight years, right, and I also see the engagement of a lot of irresponsible cyclists and a lot of irresponsible pedestrians, right, and so is Vision Zero possible yesterday? It's definitely possible, but everybody has to play their part, right. What I hear a lot

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You can just

ISRAEL ACEVEDO: Okay. I just want to

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is expired already?

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finish your though, but, yes, your time has

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expired. You can just finish your thought and

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submit everything else in writing.

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briefly say I have nothing against (INAUDIBLE)

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transportation, but that should be by choice, not 10

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by (INAUDIBLE) and Transportation Partners should

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not be waging war against cars as they accept

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money from Lyft, Uber, Revel, and the (INAUDIBLE)

and many others in the auto industry. Accepting

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15 money from these companies and waging war against

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cars is hypocritical. This organization has no

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integrity. I will submit everything else by email.

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Thank you, Council Member Brooks-Powers, for

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you.

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We'll now hear from Jackson Chabot followed by

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Ligia Guallpa and Lionel Morales.

letting me testify.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

2 JACKSON CHABOT: Good afternoon, Chair.

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Good to see you. Thank you for having me. My name is Jackson Chabot. I'm the Director of Advocacy and Organizing at Open Plans, and I'm here today to testify in support of Intro. 712. My colleague, Sara Lind, will testify shortly about our support for Intro. 417 and 501.

I want thank you, Chair, for first of all being a co-sponsor to this bill. Each day we don't report on unreadable license plates is another day that an unknown and a growing number of drivers blatantly disregard our laws, degrade our social norms, and commit further crimes. Right now, the current known consequences range from loss of toll and ticket revenue to criminals using vehicles with unreadable plats to commit serious crimes. According to the MTA CEO remarked last year that the agency loses something like 50 million dollars. However, analysis by Streetsblog revealed that this number is actually closer to 144 million. For context, this money would be more than double what the Fair Fares program budget allocation is. What's more, this February the MTA arrested 32 drivers who had fines amounting to

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

scale of the problem. Thank you.

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you.

We'll now hear from Ligia Guallpa followed by Lionel Morales and Roy Fishman (phonetic).

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

LIGIA GUALLPA: Can you hear me?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Yes, we

can.

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Thank you so much to the Chairwoman of the

Transportation and Infrastructure Committee and
all the Members of this Committee for the

opportunity to testify on behalf of the Workers

Justice Project and Los Deliveristas Unidos. My

name is Ligia Guallpa. I'm the Executive Director
of the Workers Justice Project which organized as

Los Deliveristas in 2020.

Today, I'm testifying in support of the package of bills being heard today, particularly Intro. 417, Intro. 427, which will make e-micromobility charging stations more accessible, our buses and bike lanes usable, and will better assess bicycle infrastructure, conditions, and needs citywide.

2 During the pandemic, more than 65,000 3 deliveristas showed up through the darkest days of 4 the pandemic, through the rain, snow to ensure that communities across the city were fed and safe at home. Most New Yorkers benefited from delivery 6 7 of deliveristas who transported medicine, groceries, meals on e-mobility devices like e-8 bikes. The growing dependency on e-bikes is fueled by the demand of food delivery app companies that 10 11 have recklessly widened delivery radius, forcing 12 delivery workers to travel longer distances to 13 fulfill orders as quickly as possible. Our city's streets have become the workplace of thousands of 14 15 deliveristas who are essential to our city's 16 economy and have demonstrated to be vital in 17 supporting New Yorkers in times of hurricanes and 18 a pandemic. We now have a shared responsibility to 19 make our city streets safe by expanding public 20 charging infrastructure like the street 21 deliverista hubs to serve the needs of delivery 2.2 workers and make e-micromobility possible for New 2.3 Yorkers citywide. We're proud to be working with Mayor Adams, the Department of Transportation, 24 25 even the Department of Parks in building the

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

needed infrastructure for deliveristas...

Yorkers. I just want to say thank you to Council Members Jennifer, Lincoln, Carlina, and Amanda for working towards really building a new future of safe micromobility not only for all New Yorkers but essential workers like los deliveristas, and we really look forward to transforming our city's infrastructure who are the workplace of thousands of deliveristas. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

and thank you for the work that you do. As all New Yorkers and, quite honestly, the world thought in the pandemic, you all are essential workers, and this Council is committed to working to make sure that you have devices that are safe so thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you. We'll now hear from Lionel Morales followed by Roy Fishman and Sara Lind.

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Brooks-Powers and Members of the City Council's

Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. My

name is Lionel Morales, and I am the

Communications Outreach and Marketing Manager of

the Black Car Fund. Our Executive Director, Ira

Goldstein, regrets that he cannot be here today,

but we both thank you for the opportunity to

testify on behalf of our covered drivers.

My testimony today will focus on

Proposed Introduction 501A. While we have always
supported the intent of this legislation, when it
was initially proposed we were concerned that it
would likely result in unintended consequences
unless changes were made. Specifically, unlike the
existing Citizens Air Complaint Program, this bill
contained no language outlining a burden of
evidence that would be required for civilian
reports. We were concerned that this coupled with
the provision that provided for a financial reward
for civilian complaints would have created
conditions that would result in drivers regularly
facing unjustified complaints and penalties. TLClicensed drivers are allowed to make quick pick-

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 204
2	ups and drop-offs in bus lanes, but this
3	unfortunately is not necessarily common knowledge.
4	If civilians were incentivized to file complaints
5	with an ambiguous burden of proof, there is no
6	doubt that many TLC-licensed drivers would have
7	been unfairly penalized. It is clear this concern
8	was heard, however, during the legislative
9	process. The changes that have been made to Intro.
10	501A, specifically the requirement for a vehicle
11	to be unoccupied for a violation to be issued,
12	removes this concern. We also appreciate that the
13	addition of this requirement will prevent
14	potential altercations which is good for everyone.
15	As the bill moves forward, we believe that a
16	burden of proof for civilian complaints should be
17	clearly outlined. As currently drafted, the
18	civilian complainant would only be required to
19	allege that the vehicle is unoccupied. The Citizen
20	Air Complaint Program requires a time and date-
21	stamped video as part of its evidence
22	requirements. Something like this would prevent a
23	perfectly timed photo from resulting in an
24	unjustified penalty for a TLC-licensed driver.

(INAUDIBLE) on streets that our activists have

long complained about, and greenways just like the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 206		
other boroughs. I don't Staten Island mentioned		
very much when they speak about the city. Another		
thing that we've long been advocating for, and if		
MTA is listening, again we need a bike/pedestrian		
lane on the Verrazzano Bridge. Why should we be		
the only borough that has bridges that are		
connected to the other boroughs? I do support 501A		
to allow civilian enforcement of double-parked		
vehicles in bike and bus lanes. I do support bill		
417 to allow quicker installation of bike projects		
by reduction of community notice time. I think		
passage of these bills would make a better city		
for its residents, and, also, I applaud the		
introduction of the Dutch Reach that would mandate		
drivers reach over to the left side so they can		
look behind them to make sure they're not dooring		
someone approaching their door as they open it.		
Thank you very much.		

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you so much. We'll next hear from Sara Lind followed by William Medina.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

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2 SARA LIND: Hi. My name is Sara Lind.

I'm the co-Executive Director at Open Plans, and we're testifying today to enthusiastically support Intros 417 and 501A. Both are critical to make our streets safer for all users.

417 rightly rectifies a 2011 law that was passed explicitly to slow down bike lane installation, but biking in the city is increasing all the time and it's here to stay so the City must adapt our streets to make them safe for biking, and that means protected bike lanes. 417 is a commonsense solution to speed up notice while still giving time for engagement. This critical safety infrastructure is desperately needed, and any delay risks people's lives.

Every New Yorker who spends any time walking around our streets knows that there is a culture of lawlessness when it comes to parking. Drivers will park almost anywhere because they know there is almost zero chance they'll get a ticket. It remains clear that NYPD is either unwilling or unable to enforce parking laws, and this is all the more true since NYPD vehicles are often the biggest offenders. Without enforcement,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 208 we know for sure that this chaos on our streets will continue indefinitely. Intro. 501 is an effort to rectify the situation, and we already have successful civilian enforcement programs in place for idling and TLC violations with no evidence of conflict. Also, this program would not result in anyone losing their car and, to be clear, every single New Yorker should be following the law and not endangering other people through illegal parking. Even if you need a car to get around, that doesn't give you the right to park illegally with impunity. Bottom line, we'd like to see this bill passed, implemented, and the program iterated and scaled up citywide.

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That said, automated enforcement is a more robust objective and effective method of enforcement, and this Council should support two bills currently introduced at the State level, the bill to expand the automated bus lane program, which thank you all for your support on that, and the bill to pilot a bike lane enforcement program. The effectiveness of automated enforcement to change behavior shows that people will change their behavior when they know that there is

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 209 consistent enforcement, but it will likely be years before automated enforcement is rolled out in a meaningful way citywide which is why we need Intro. 501A as well. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you so much. We'll now hear from William Medina followed by Paul Schreiber and Shawn Garcia.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

WILLIAM MEDINA: Good morning. My name is William Medina. I'm a leader of Los Deliveristas Unidos and a member of the Workers Justice Project. Thank you to the Chair of the Transportation and Infrastructure, Selvena Brooks-Powers, and all of the Members of this Committee for the opportunity to testify today in support of the package (INAUDIBLE) Intro. 0927, which establishes a task force to explore the development of e-bike charging stations New York City and a real pathway to transform and improve e-micromobility infrastructure for New Yorkers. The crisis our city is facing is the lack of infrastructure such as protected bike lanes, ebike charging stations, and a real plan that allows us to move towards a new future of safe

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 210
2	micromobility. In recent years, I have witnessed
3	how my fellow deliveristas have died due to the
4	lack of safe bike paths and lithium batteries.
5	Now, we are more than 65,000 deliveristas who
6	continue to face the same risks without having a
7	safe place to charge our batteries, without the
8	resources to invest in new certified e-bike
9	batteries that can cost between 500 to 1,000, and
10	without a minimum pay that can allow us to
11	transition to a future in which we can prioritize
12	the well-being of our families at risk. Los
13	Deliveristas Unidos, our e-bikes and lithium
14	batteries are essential to transport food,
15	medicine, and essential good to meet the base
16	needs of New Yorkers. During the pandemic, we have
17	demonstrated how essential we are to our city
18	infrastructure and economy. Electric bicycles are
19	the most
20	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

WILLIAM MEDINA: Sorry, okay. I just want to say the last part.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yeah, finish your thought. Go ahead.

Council Member Jennifer Gutierrez, Lincoln

Restler, Amanda Farias, Carlina Rivera for making

this package of legislation possible and the Chair

of this Committee for her support. Los

Deliveristas Unidos are here to continue working together for a better future. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL BREIDBART: Thank you.

We'll now hear from Paul Schreiber followed by Shawn Garcia.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

PAUL SCHREIBER: Hello. Thank you very much. I have four things to talk about so I'm going to be quick.

My number one is the widespread problem of paper license plates throughout New York City. Since the complaint program was put into effect last July, 10,743 complaints have been made; only 1,055 of them, that's less than 10 percent, have resulted in a summons and only one has resulted in an arrest. This is a widespread problem the NYPD is clearly ineffective in solving it.

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The second thing I'd like to talk about is Intro. 501. Intro. 501 was a good idea. It has been watered down to the point in which it is useless. I am disappointed and embarrassed to hear the Members sort of bend over backward, feigning concerns of safety and security. The TLC Oath Reporting Program has been in effect for years. There have been thousands of reports. This has not been a problem where people are in any way unsafe making these reports. What people are unsafe from is from the NYPD who are harassing people who are reporting illegal parking. If you care about the safety of New Yorkers, you will do something about the 200 people a year who are dying on our streets and you will do something about the law enforcement agency harassing reporters.

The next thing I want to talk about is blocked bike lanes. They are constantly a problem. I live near Downtown Brooklyn, and Bond Street is filled with cars more often than it is not. The second thing here is the Schermerhorn Protected Bike Lane, protected in air quotes because it's protected only by paint and soft-hit posts which are constantly damaged, and this is full of cars.

holding this really important hearing today.

My name is Shawn Garcia. I am the Senior Organizer for Equity and Partnerships at Transportation Alternatives. I wanted to speak to two things today. First being the question around e-micromobility and really how it's the key to a more sustainable mobility system and really takes City officials investing time and resources today to build out the infrastructure that's going to make our future possible, and New Yorkers have a real chance to be leaders in this space. Intro. 927 is a good step in that direction. Emicromobility devices, as earlier testimonies have said, are critical tools for over 65,000 delivery workers throughout New York City each day and onstreet charging stations and hubs make it easier for deliveristas to complete their work and overcome limited options over long shifts that can exceed sometimes 12 hours a day and also with many residential buildings banning mobility devices with electric assist, many workers, on-street charging may be their only feasible solution going forward so we support Intro. 927. We recommend the bill, though, include a mechanism for implementing

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 215 charging stations once the work of the task force is completed.

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The second thing that I want to talk about is the question of street enforcement. We really need to address the current inequities of our city's bike infrastructure. In the 10 City Council Districts with the highest number of residents who people of color, there are 64 percent few streets with protected bike lanes, 64 percent few streets, and then in City Council Districts where the majority of residents are black, we see that figure being closer to 70 percent few streets with protected bike lanes. As a result of this inequitable infrastructure, BIPOC New Yorkers face the brunt of lack of safe street measures...

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

SHAWN GARCIA: And are

disproportionately targeted for tickets and arrests.

I just want to close out by saying where we see the highest rates of people being disproportionately hit with tickets for going on sidewalks, we're seeing 90 percent of biking on

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 216 2 sidewalk tickets going to black and brown New Yorkers, 90 percent, and these are the same 3 communities that don't have that bike 4 infrastructure that we are speaking about. In places where we do see infrastructure implemented 6 7 like in the case of Prospect Park West, we saw a reduction of 97 percent of ticketing happening so 8 it shows that it really does impact the community and especially communities of color when we're 10 11 investing in bike infrastructure. I want to thank

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thanks so much, Shawn. It's good to see you.

so much. If we have inadvertently missed anyone that is registered to testify today and has yet to have been called, please use the Zoom hand function if you're testifying remotely, and you'll be called in the order that your hand is raised and, if you're testifying in person and we have not called you please come to the dais.

Seeing no one, I will now turn it over to Chair Brooks-Powers for closing remarks.

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you so much today.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 217
2	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I
3	thank everyone who participated in today's very
4	important hearing. I look forward to continuing
5	the conversation.
6	With that, this Committee hearing is
7	adjourned. [GAVEL]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date May 2, 2023