COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK ----- X TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES Of the COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION ----- Х WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 2023 Start: 1:13 P.M. Recess: 3:23 P.M. HELD AT: COMMITTEE ROOM - CITY HALL B E F O R E: Hon. Rita Joseph, Chair COUNCIL MEMBERS: Alexa Avilés Carmen N. De La Rosa Eric Dinowitz Oswald Feliz James F. Gennaro Jennifer Gutiérrez Shahana K. Hanif Kamillah Hanks Shekar Krishnan Linda Lee Farah N. Louis Julie Menin Mercedes Narcisse Lincoln Restler Pierina Ana Sanchez Lynn C. Schulman Althea V. Stevens Sandra Ung Other Council Members Attending: Abreu World Wide Dictation 545 Saw Mill River Road - Suite 2C, Ardsley, NY 10502 Phone: 914-964-8500 * 800-442-5993 * Fax: 914-964-8470

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION A P P E A R A N C E S

Glenn Risbrook Senior Executive Director of Student Transportation at New York City Public Schools

Flavia Puello Perdomo Chief of Schools for Community Supports and Wellness within the Division of School Leadership

Ricardo Duran Chief of Schools for Finance and Human Resources within the Division of School Leadership

Shona Gibson Executive Director of the District 75 Citywide Office within the Special Education Office in the Division of Teaching and Learning

Tracy Caldron Assistant Commissioner for COMPASS at DYCD

Yael Kalban Executive Director of Strategy and Operations, Office of District Planning at NYC Department of Education

Daniel Guillen Deputy Director of Operations at DYCD

Michael Cohen Eastern Director at Simon Wiesenthal Center

Kyle Satterfield American Jewish Committee

Elizabeth Venditto, Director of Institutional Giving of The Museum of Jewish Heritage - A Living Memorial to the Holocaust

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Avi Posnick Northeast Director for StandWithUs

Christopher Leon Johnson Testifying in support of Resolution 153

Paolo Alberghini-Pastor Director of Development for The Center for Educational Innovation

Lori Podvesker Director Disability and Education Policy at NCLUDEnyc

Paullette Healy Co-President at Citywide Council on Special Education

Leona Teten -Senior at the Bronx High School of Science; Bronx Community Board 8 Member; StandWithUs Intern; President of The Jewish Student Union

Ellen McHugh City Wide Council of Special Education

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 4
2	SERGEANT BRADLEY: Test, test, test, this is a
3	test, today's date is March 29, 2023. This is a for
4	The Committee on Education, and this is being
5	recorded by Sakeem(sp?)Bradley.
6	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Good afternoon, and welcome
7	to The Education Committee (CROSS-TALK)
8	SERGEANT AT ARMS: One second, Chair (CROSS-
9	TALK)
10	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH:
11	[GAVEL SOUND]
12	SERGEANT AT ARMS: One one second, let me do
13	the opening.
14	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay.
15	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Good afternoon, and welcome to
16	today's New York City Council Hearing on Education.
17	At this time please place all electronic devices to
18	vibrate or silent mode.
19	Thank you, Chair, we may begin.
20	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay.
21	Welcome to the Education Hearing on legislation.
22	[GAVELING IN] [GAVEL SOUND]
23	Good afternoon, and welcome to today's hearing.
24	I am Council Member Rita Joseph, Chair of The
25	Committee on Education.
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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 5	
Thank you for joining us today for this hearin	ng
on legislation.	
We will hear five pieces of legislation	
including:	
Introduction 0566, sponsored by Council Member	r
Oswald Feliz, A Local Law to in relation to requi	ring
all children with an individualized education prod	gram

9 (IEP) to be transported in buses with air-10 conditioning.

Extreme heat during the summer months have particular detrimental impacts on students with certain disabilities. And this is an important step towards ensuring that they are provided with safe and comfortable transportation to and from school.

16 Next you will hear Introduction 644, sponsored by 17 Council Member Nantasha Williams, a local law 18 relating to requiring the New York City Department Of 19 Education (DOE) to provide information on 20 establishing afterschool programs. Providing such information in an organized and transparent manner 21 may encourage the creation of more afterschool 2.2 23 programming as well as help to ensure that all such programming is established safely and successfully. 24

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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Next you will hear Introduction 725, sponsored by 2 3 Council Member Linda Lee, a local law relating to 4 requiring the Department of Education to create a 5 website for schools to list surplus school supplies to be claimed for use by other schools. The creation 6 7 of such a website would reduce waste as an efficient and cost-effective way to facilitate the exchange of 8 9 supplies between schools.

Next you will hear Introduction 868, sponsored by 10 11 Council Member Althea Stevens, a local law relating 12 to requiring The Department of Education to report on the number of District 75 students and the 13 criteria used to determine the location of District 14 15 75 schools. D 75 schools are meant to provide highly specialized instructional support for students with 16 17 significant challenges such as autism spectrum 18 disorder, significant cognitive delays, emotional 19 disturbance, sensory impairment, or multiple 20 disabilities. Such a report would provide valuable 21 data on how the City can better serve students with disabilities. 2.2

Lastly, we will hear Resolution 153, sponsored by
Council Member Shaun Abreu, a Resolution calling on
the Department of Education to create a Jewish

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 7
2	Heritage Day in New York City public schools. This
3	would affirm that New York City is an inclusive city,
4	especially in light of the recent uptick in
5	antisemitism across both the country and New York.
6	Thank you to the advocates and members of the
7	public who are joining us today. And thank you to
8	the representatives from the Administration for
9	joining us.
10	I would like to thank the Education Committee
11	staff: Nadia Jean-François, Jan Atwell, Chloë Rivera,
12	Elizabeth Hoffman, Monica Saladi, and Nia Hyatt.
13	And I would like to acknowledge my colleagues:
14	Council Member Louis, Council Member De La Rosa,
15	Council Member Ayala, Council Member Feliz, Council
16	Member Stevens, and Council Member Lee.
17	I would like to remind everyone who wishes to
18	testify in-person today that you must fill out a
19	witness slip, which is located on the desk of
20	Sergeant At Arms near the entrance of this room.
21	Please remember to indicate on the witness slip
22	whether you are here to testify in favor or in
23	opposition to a bill or multiple bills.
24	
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 8
2	I also would like to point out that we will not
3	be voting on any legislation today in order to allow
4	as many people as possible to testify.
5	Testimony will be limited to three minutes per
6	person, whether you are testifying on Zoom or in-
7	person.
8	I am also going to ask my colleagues to limit
9	their questions and comments to five minutes.
10	Now, I would like to turn the floor over to my
11	colleague, Council Member Feliz, for his remarks on
12	Introduction 566.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you, thank you so
14	much.
15	Good afternoon everyone, I am New York City
16	Member Oswald Feliz. I want to thank you, Chair, for
17	this hearing and for doing such a great job leading
18	on any and every, single [BACKGROUND NOISE]
19	[INAUDIBLE] related to education. And I also want to
20	congratulate my colleagues who have bills before this
21	committee including Council Member Abreu, Council
22	Member Williams, my neighboring council member here
23	but also in the district, Council Member Stevens, and
24	also Council Member Linda Lee.
25	

2 My bill, will require that students who have 3 IEPs, also known as Individualized Education Program, 4 be transported in school buses that have air-5 conditioning.

These are some of the neediest students, and they 6 7 have a lot of needs due to reasons beyond their 8 control. And what we are requiring is very simple: 9 Require that when it is 100 degrees outside, when we have extreme temperatures, when the temperature is at 10 11 triple digits, that they be transported in school 12 buses in air-conditioning. It will require air-13 conditioning so that the extreme temperatures do not exacerbate their needs. 14

15 This is something very simple. Unfortunately, 16 these students and parents have had to fight for 17 this, if I am correct, for over ten years now. And I 18 look forward to working with all of you to finally 19 make this a reality in the city of New York. Thank 20 you so much.

21 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member22 Feliz.

Now, we will now move onto Council Member
Williams for her remarks on Introduction 644. But,
Council Member Stevens?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 10
2	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: I will read Council
3	Member Williams' remarks.
4	On behalf of Council Member Williams, I am happy
5	to have my bill 644 be heard today under the
6	leadership of Chair Joseph. My apologies for not
7	being here in-person, but my staff is actively
8	present and, as always, we can be reached at our
9	office if you have any questions.
10	Introduction 644 would require the New York City
11	Department of Education to provide the information
12	and guidelines necessary to establish afterschool
13	programs.
14	As we all know, many of those afterschool
15	programs are critical for early childhood development
16	and provide long lasting positive experiences and
17	learning for our youth while also enabling parents
18	to support their children while they are working.
19	Therefore, it is important to have the information
20	readily available in order to be transparent and

21 efficient, thank you.

And Happy Birthday to Council Member NantashaWilliams.

24 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member 25 Williams/Stevens!

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 11
2	We will now turn to Council Member Lee for her
3	remarks on Introduction 725.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Good afternoon, Chair Joseph
5	and colleagues. Thank you for having me here today
6	to speak about Introduction 725, which would create a
7	platform for DOE schools to post their surplus
8	supplies and facilitate to school to school
9	exchanges.
10	So, this bill actually originated at the grass
11	roots level where we learned from a constituent and a
12	school teacher in District 23 about her concerns
13	around waste. These discussions made clear the need
14	for a system that school administrators could use to
15	communicate and coordinate with one another about
16	their inventories and resources to save precious tax
17	payer dollars. Given the sometimes pessimistic
18	fiscal predictions, legislation that promotes
19	efficiency and reduces waste is badly needed. And I
20	just wanted to thank all of you and hope that you
21	support this bill. I would especially like to also
22	congratulate my fellow colleagues whose bills are
23	being heard today. And as Chair of the Mental Health
24	Disabilities, and Addictions Committee, I especially
25	want to thank Council Member Stevens and others on
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 12
2	the D 75 and IEP students thank you so much for
3	your legislation. Thank you so much.
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member
5	Lee. And I will now turn it over to Council Member
6	Stevens for remarks on her Introduction 868.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Hi, I am Council Member
8	Althea Stevens. Intro 868, a Local Law to amend the
9	administrative code of the city of New York, in
10	relation to requiring The Department of Education to
11	report on the number of District 75 students and the
12	criteria used to determine the location of District
13	75 schools in partnership with Bronx Borough
14	President, Vanessa Gibson.
15	As we continue to work on reimagining the
16	education system to ensure that all of the students
17	have a productive and safe learning space. It starts
18	with accurate data. That is why it is my pleasure
19	today to introduce 868. The annual report would
20	create transparency and oversight and will better
21	assist in making sure that the City has enough
22	information to ensure that the students of District
23	75, on the autism spectrum or who have significant
24	cognitive delays or are significant emotional
25	challenges have tailored services equipped for

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 13
2	opportunity for the educational experience. I look
3	forward to having dialogue with the administration on
4	how we can best serve our young people by
5	implementing this new local law, thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member
7	Stevens.
8	I would like to acknowledge Council Member
9	Avilés.
10	Now, I will turn it over, finally we will hear
11	from Council Member Abreu on Resolution 153.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER ABREU: Good afternoon, and thank
13	you, Chair Joseph for allowing me to speak on
14	Resolution 153 a Resolution calling upon the
15	Department of Education to create a Jewish Heritage
16	Day in New York City public schools.
17	Over the last several years, we have seen a
18	disturbing uptick in hate crimes in our city. We
19	know that a majority of religious bigotry is
20	antisemitism. But, we also know that our schools
21	play a crucial role in educating our students about
22	the danger of bias and harmful rhetoric against
23	marginalized groups. We can help combat stereotypes
24	from an early age by raising awareness, and I believe
25	that this resolution is a great step in doing so. In
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 14
2	the most diverse city in the world, our schools much
3	teach students to celebrate all kinds of diversity.
4	It is time for our schools to celebrate the
5	contributions and achievements of Jewish Americans as
6	they are an important part of the fabric of this
7	country.
8	I want to thank the advocates for their support,
9	some of whom we have here today: American Jewish
10	Committee, StandWithUs, Simon Wiesenthal Center, and
11	The Museum of Jewish Heritage who are testifying
12	today as well.
13	And I would also like thank Council Member
14	Dinowitz, Chair of the Jewish Caucus, for his support
15	as well as the members of the caucus for their
16	support on this resolution. Thank you again, Madam
17	Chair.
18	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member
19	Abreu.
20	I would like to recognize Council Member Menin.
21	And now I will turn it over to committee counsel
22	to administer the oath.
23	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Good afternoon, please raise
24	your hand and I will also be swearing in okay
25	great

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 15
2	Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth,
3	and nothing but the truth, before this committee, and
4	to respond honestly to council member questions?
5	Glenn Risbrook?
6	GLENN RISBROOK: I do.
7	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Shona Gibson?
8	SHONA GIBSON: I do.
9	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Ricardo Duran?
10	RICARDO DURAN: I do.
11	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Flavia Puello?
12	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: I do.
13	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yael Kalban?
14	YAEL KALBAN: [NOT MIC'D] [INAUDIBLE]
15	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Tracy Caldron?
16	TRACY CALDRON: [NOT MIC'D] [INAUDIBLE]
17	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Daniel Guillen?
18	DANIEL GUILLEN: I do.
19	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.
20	You may begin your testimony.
21	GLENN RISBROOK: Good afternoon, Chair Joseph and
22	members of The Committee on Education.
23	My name is Glenn Risbrook and I am the Senior
24	Executive Director of Student Transportation for New
25	York City Public Schools. Thank you for the
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1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 16 opportunity to testify today. Thank you also for your 2 3 continued partnership in supporting our students, families, and schools as we discuss Intro number 566, 4 5 which requires all children With An Individualized Education Program [IEP] to be transported in buses 6 7 with air-conditioning. New York City Public Schools is committed to 8 9 ensuring that every student, particularly our most vulnerable, has access to safe, reliable, and 10 11 efficient transportation that meets their individual 12 needs. Every student mandated to receive a climate 13 14 controlled environment while traveling per their IEP 15 is provided with a bus equipped to provide air-16 conditioning. 17 With our latest contractual agreement with our 18 bus vendors, our type A and type B smaller buses used 19 to transport students whose IEPs mandate 20 transportation, are required to be equipped with dual air-conditioning by June 30, 2023 and we expect all 21 of these buses to meet this deadline. 2.2

Type C buses, which are our large standard buses, are also used to transport students with IEPs that mandate transportation, are not contractually

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 17
2	obligated to require air-conditioning. Our
3	approximate 5,500 special education bus fleet, which
4	provides transportation to approximately 57,000
5	students, currently includes 869 Type C large buses
6	across all vendors, which account for 14% of our
7	routes on the road servicing 16,000 students daily
8	throughout the City. Of the 869 Type C large buses,
9	400 buses are equipped with air conditioning. This
10	leaves 469 buses or 8% of our bus fleet
11	servicing students with IEPs unequipped with air-
12	conditioning. This affects 17% of our curb to school
13	student busing population or approximately 10,000
14	students citywide. To retrofit the remaining 469
15	buses to ensure dual air-conditioning would cost an
16	estimated \$7 million.
17	The New York City Law Department has expressed
18	concerns with this proposal to the extent it may
19	impact the New York City's Public Schools' ability to
20	comply with federal law by limiting transportation
21	options for students with disabilities.
22	New York City Public Schools supports the goal of
23	Intro 566 to ensure that students with IEPs mandate
24	busing are on buses with air-conditioning. We would

like to work with the Council on implementation

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION timeline as meeting this goal will need to be 2 3 addressed in our 2025-2026 bus vendor contract 4 negotiations. Thank you

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[TIMER CHIMES]

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FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Good afternoon, Chair 6 7 Joseph and members of the Council. My name is Flavia Puello Perdomo, and I am currently The Chief of 8 9 Schools for Community Supports and Wellness within The Division of Leadership. 10

11 I am happy to be here to talk about Introduction 644 concerning afterschool programming. I want to 12 emphasize that the importance of this essential would 13 14 not be possible without the leadership and dedication 15 of our partner agency, The Department of Youth and 16 Community Development (DYCD). Together we recognize 17 the powerful impact that afterschool academics, 18 enrichment, art, athletics, and wellness programming 19 can have on our students, especially our most 20 vulnerable student populations.

Before I discuss the proposed legislation, I want 21 to provide a landscape of what after school currently 2.2 23 looks like today for the New York City Department of Education. 24

2 There are three main types of afterschool 3 programming options available to our students and 4 families:

5 DYCD funded programs, which is the largest number 6 of programs available in our schools; DOE funded 7 programs, and individual programs run between schools 8 and their CBO partners.

9 Our CBO partners offer a variety of targeted 10 services to our schools and tailor support based on 11 community needs and the leadership and guidance of 12 principals. These services can range from 13 instructional support to enrichment activities and 14 can have physical activity and recreational 15 components as well.

A current look at the current data -- and, again, I am going to emphasize that this is specific to centrally funded programs, highlights that we have 947 schools that offer centrally funded programs -compromising, as I mentioned, the different types of programs.

22 We also know that we have roughly around 598 23 schools without centrally funded programs 24 specifically.

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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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Now, turning to Intro 644, which will require New 2 3 York City Public Schools to provide information and 4 establishing afterschool programs, New York City Public Schools school supports the intent of this 5 bill. We look forward to working with the Council on 6 7 creating meaningful resources that bring clarity to the process of establishing afterschool programs. 8 9 Thank you again for your time, for your commitment, and I am here to answer additional questions 10 11 regarding this bill.

12 RICARDO DURAN: Good afternoon, Chair Joseph and 13 members of The Committee on Education. My name is 14 Ricardo Duran, and I am Chief of Schools for Finance 15 and Human Resources within the Division of School 16 Leadership.

New York City Public Schools is committed to
supporting schools and ensuring they each have access
to resources and the school supplies they need for
their students and staff.

21 Currently, principals broadly have discretion to 22 procure supplies for their school community as they 23 see fit, and we encourage schools to make prudent 24 financial decisions buying school supplies as the 25 needs of their school dictates.

We support the goals of Intro 725 and look forward to working with the Council on creating a formal process by which schools on the occasion they may have an excess of supplies, are able to share those with other schools that may need them. Thank you.

SHONA GIBSON: Good afternoon Chair Joseph and 8 9 members of The Committee on Education. My name is 10 Shona Gibson, and I am Executive Director of the 11 District 75 Citywide Office within the Special 12 Education Office in The Division of Teaching and Learning. Thank you for the opportunity to discuss 13 Introduction 868, which would require New York City 14 15 Public Schools to report on a range of items related 16 to District 75. We greatly appreciate your continued 17 partnership in supporting our students, families, and schools in District 75. 18

District 75 provides highly specialized
instructional support for students with significant
disabilities such as autism spectrum disorder,
significant cognitive delays, emotional disabilities,
sensory impairment, and multiple disabilities -26,959 students, ages 3 to 21, receive instruction
and support services in general education classrooms,

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 22
2	special classes in community school buildings,
3	special classes in specialized schools, agencies,
4	hospitals, homes, and community based vocational
5	training sites. There are 385 total sites, 334 which
6	are co-located and 45 which standalone sites across
7	the five boroughs we also have a site in Syosset.
8	District 75's mission is to provide quality and
9	rigorous individualized educational programs to
10	students with significant disabilities and diverse
11	learning styles in a variety of settings that nurture
12	independence, ensure dignity, and support integration
13	into their community. To this end, NYC Public Schools
14	aims to open new District 75 programs each year that
15	provide opportunities to meet students' needs as
16	close to home as possible.
17	New District 75 sites are opened in both new and
18	existing buildings that are designed flexibly to
19	accommodate a variety of District 75 program types to
20	align with demand and student need.
21	Turning specifically to the legislation, we
22	support the goals of this legislation and look
23	forward to working with the Council on transparent

reporting requirements that will give a comprehensive

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 23
2	look at District 75. Thank you, and we look forward
3	to taking your questions.
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
5	I would also like recognize Council Member Hanks.
6	On Intro 566, how many or what percentage of
7	Yellow School Bus currently have working air-
8	conditioning?
9	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question, Chair
10	Joseph.
11	On our current to school routes, which are the
12	routes that primarily traverse our students with IEPs
13	mandating transportation, 5,122 of the buses have
14	dual air-conditioning which is about 91% of all
15	the buses that service curb to school.
16	For our stop to school population, which
17	generally traverse students in general education, 568
18	of those buses have dual air-conditioning, which is
19	about 19% of the buses that service those students.
20	Overall, there are 5,690 buses that have dual
21	air-conditioning, which is about 66% of all the buses
22	that service the total universe of transportation for
23	New York City Public Schools.
24	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
25	

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 24
Is New York City Public Schools aware of specific
companies or even areas of the five boroughs that
lack of air-conditioning on school buses in
particular?
GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you again for the question,
Chair.
We receive sporadic complaints through different
boroughs through different vendors. Nothing is
specific to one vendor or one borough. But, we do
receive specific complaints that go across all the
boroughs and all of the vendors.
CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: [BACKGROUND NOISE] Are there
any plans to install air-conditioning in the
remaining buses?
GLENN RISBROOK: Excuse me, uh, Chair, could you
repeat that, I'm sorry?
CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Do you plan on retrofitting
the buses to have air-conditioning?
GLENN RISBROOK: Yes we do. We plan on including
that in the upcoming vendor contract negotiations for
2024 and 2025.
CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 25
2	How much, if any, additional funding would be
3	required to install air-conditioning on all school
4	buses that lack it?
5	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question,
6	Chair.
7	If we are talking about all of the buses that
8	traverse our children, we are talking about \$45
9	million to retrofit all of the buses that currently
10	do not have air-conditioning.
11	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Wow. Does New York City
12	Public Schools believe that it is your responsibility
13	for the cost, installation, maintenance? And what is
14	the timeline for buses to all have air-conditioning?
15	GLENN RISBROOK: Okay, well, if we begin
16	retrofitting buses under the current contract, New
17	York City Public Schools would probably bear the
18	majority or all the costs for installation of the
19	air-conditioning units. However, maintenance would
20	be the responsibility of the vendors. It is
21	uncertain at this point how long it would take to
22	retrofit which would be nearer, if we count
23	general education, around 2,500 buses. I just want
24	to point at that there are supply chain issues that
25	we have to concern ourselves with as well as the
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 26
2	negotiations with the contracts. So, we are doing an
3	internal assessment as this point about what that
4	would be. But, it is uncertain what the timeframe
5	would be.
6	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: And once you do it
7	internally, you will make sure to update the Council?
8	GLENN RISBROOK: Absolutely.
9	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
10	How many or what percentage of students with
11	disabilities currently have requirements for air-
12	condition bus transportation on their IEP?
13	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question,
14	Chair.
15	There are 4,000 who have the requirement in their
16	IEP, which amounts to about 8% of the students that
17	use curb to school transportation.
18	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: So, how many students are
19	currently getting air-conditioning?
20	GLENN RISBROOK: How many students are currently
21	getting it? All of them. All of the students who
22	require air-conditioning in their IEPs are assigned a
23	bus that has that requirement.
24	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 27
2	What is the percentage of students who currently
3	do not have air-conditioned buses to transport them
4	to and from school?
5	GLENN RISBROOK: Chair, do you mean the ones that
6	are mandated to have air-conditioning? (CROSS-TALK)
7	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Mm-hmm
8	GLENN RISBROOK: All of the students that are
9	mandated to have air-conditioning are provided a bus
10	that has it (CROSS-TALK)
11	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay.
12	GLENN RISBROOK: So, the answer to that question
13	would be zero.
14	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: When do you expect that you
15	will be able to comply with so far everyone who
16	is mandated to have one has one? Is that what you
17	are saying?
18	GLENN RISBROOK: Yes, we are currently in
19	compliance now, Chair.
20	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay, thank you.
21	What is the protocol for assisting students who
22	are experiencing heat stroke or any other heat
23	related issues on the school bus?
24	GLENN RISBROOK: Our school bus drivers and
25	attendants are trained to respond by calling

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 28
2	emergency services if they see any student who is in
3	crisis. So, they would call 9-1-1 in a case like
4	that.
5	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: How do you track such
6	incidents? Do you keep a log? Is there data?
7	GLENN RISBROOK: We keep track of students'
8	illnesses on buses; however, we don't have anything
9	specific to heat related incidents. But we do keep
10	track of all illnesses.
11	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
12	I am going to have some questions around Intro
13	644.
14	How many or what percentage of schools currently
15	have afterschool programs? Can you break it down in
16	terms of elementary, middle, and high school?
17	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Yes, absolutely, I can
18	share that with you, Chair Joseph.
19	So, we currently have 947 schools that have
20	centrally funded programs. And I keep emphasizing
21	"centrally funded," because there are other means
22	including through funding that is provided to schools
23	through central [INAUDIBLE], uh, school member at
24	another location or also at the discretion of
25	principals to create an afterschool program. And in

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 29
2	terms of the breakdown of where those programs are,
3	as an example, elementary schools have 506, junior
4	high schools have 355, K through 8 - 163, secondary
5	schools - 103, high schools - 153, and K through 12,
6	which we do have some K through 12 schools, uh, four
7	of them have these programs.
8	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: So, if we would put a number
9	to the students, how many students are participating
10	in afterschool programs?
11	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: So, in there, it is
12	really I have to align that to available seats.
13	So, as an example, for the COMPASS Program, which is
14	through our DYCD partnership, we have available seats
15	to service a little over 80,000 students. When we do
16	the combination of all of the available seats,
17	thorough centrally funded programs, we are looking at
18	roughly a little over 145,000 seats.
19	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay, 145,000 seats. Wow, we
20	have a lot of work to do.
21	So, what can you give me a breakdown of
22	your you said some of them are centrally funded,
23	New York City Public Schools, DYCD, and what other
24	entities do you have? And could you give me a
25	breakdown?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 30
2	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Yes, so, as an example,
3	through community schools, one of the components of
4	community schools is ensuring that you have extended
5	learning opportunities, which often happen after
6	school, that is 411. Beacon and COMPASS, which are
7	through our DYCD partnership, uh, Beacon is 92
8	programs, COMPASS 626 respectively, Empire and 21st
9	Century Empire we have 81 programs, and 21st
10	Century, through 21st Century Grants, we have 76.
11	But, a school can have the opportunity to partner
12	independently with a CBO that they contract to run
13	some of those programs after school through their
14	budget that they have. In some instances, it is
15	combination of their own partnership with CBOs in the
16	community also coupled with supplemental academic
17	enrichment, which might be through hiring their own
18	teachers per session during after school hours.
19	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Wonderful, thank you.
20	So, what is the range cost to open a new
21	afterschool program and to operate it annually?
22	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: So, I am going to share
23	some new ones there and also ask my colleague from
24	DYCD to add on here.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

31

And I want to begin just by emphasizing that the 2 3 costs on after school program looks like is really unique to that school community and what the needs of 4 5 the school communities are. Right? So as a former high school principal, what my afterschool programs 6 7 looked like is probably very different than the 8 afterschool program that my son attends, who is also 9 an elementary school DOE student, who is actually in a DYCD program. 10

11 But, at New York City Department of Education at 12 the state level, for the 21st Century community 13 school programs, uh, the base that they ask us to 14 fund is \$2,100 per child. But, again, you have to 15 really account for, like, what the combination of all 16 the different experiences that you want to have for 17 the children in that community are and what the 18 principal in the school community believes that they 19 need. Did you want to add some more nuances here? 20 TRACY CALDRON: Just to add that when we fund 21 programs that are school-based, we work with the DOE 2.2 to... (CROSS-TALK)

23 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Can you please identify24 yourself? Good afternoon.

25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 32
2	TRACY CALDRON: Good afternoon, I am (CROSS-
3	TALK)
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: And your name
5	TRACY CALDRON: Sorry, good afternoon, Chair, my
6	name is Tracy Caldron, I am the Assistant
7	Commissioner for COMPASS at DYCD.
8	So, I would just add that when we fund school
9	based programs, we work with the Department of
10	Education to absorb the expenses for opening the
11	programs. And those would include such things as
12	space fees, cleaning fees, maintenance, and classroom
13	usage.
14	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, uh, I am going to
15	turn over now to Intro 725.
16	And I would like to acknowledge that we have been
17	joined by Council Member Hanif who is online.
18	What if any current efforts are there to
19	facilitate an exchange of supplies and materials
20	amongst schools?
21	RICARDO DURAN: Thank you for the question, Chair.
22	Currently, schools can advertise and share
23	obsolete and excess items via our DOE info hub web
24	page.
25	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: So, you have a page?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 33
2	RICARDO DURAN: We do.
3	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: It's on your website?
4	RICARDO DURAN: It's on the info hub website,
5	yes.
6	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: The website is not friendly.
7	RICARDO DURAN: [INAUDIBLE] (CROSS-TALK)
8	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: it's not a friendly It's
9	not. I taught for 22 years in the system. It's not
10	a friendly website. So, I suggested that many times
11	to the First Deputy Chancellor and also to the
12	Chancellor himself in-person. So, maybe that's
13	you can talk to DoITT IT. You guys could make it a
14	friendly user website.
15	Have any schools in the district asked to create
16	a system for exchanging supplies or materials?
17	RICARDO DURAN: Thank you.
18	I have not received any requests for schools to
19	participate in that program.
20	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: So, uhm, maybe that is
21	something we could send out to the through the
22	Principals Weekly Digest newsletter and let other
23	schools know. That they do have a weekly
24	newsletter that goes out.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 34
2	I would also like to recognize Council Member
3	Ung. Thank you for being here.
4	Uhm, I am going to just jump ahead. Introduction
5	868, how many District 75 schools are there
6	currently? I know you said it, but can you say it
7	again for me on the record?
8	SHONA GIBSON: I can, thank you for the question.
9	There are 59 unique DBNs in District 75, excluding
10	our hospital schools and home instruction programs.
11	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
12	What percentage of the D 75 schools are fully
13	accessible?
14	SHONA GIBSON: Uh, 77% of the buildings are
15	partially accessible. Of our DOE owned buildings, 43
16	are fully accessible
17	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Mm-hmm?
18	SHONA GIBSON: 34 are partially accessible, and
19	23% are not accessible.
20	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: When you say partially,
21	could you explain what partially accessible means?
22	SHONA GIBSON: It means that there is perhaps an
23	elevator for the students, but not all of the
24	bathrooms are accessible. I can provide a more
25	detailed description (CROSS-TALK)
l	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 35
2	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Or no elevator at all. I've
3	been to sites with no elevators. Is that correct?
4	SHONA GIBSON: That's correct. So, it is not a
5	100% accessible. There are (CROSS-TALK)
6	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: So, we've got work to do on
7	accessibility (CROSS-TALK)
8	SHONA GIBSON: We do we do (CROSS-TALK)
9	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: for our students in D 75.
10	I've visited D 75 schools. My son attends one.
11	There is no elevator, and they have five floors. And
12	I visit another school, they have a ramp, but then
13	they have stairs. It makes no sense. So, I don't
14	know who is building these, but we have to do better
15	to make sure that our students have access to these
16	buildings. This is the one place they love going, it
17	is going to school. Same thing I told Mr. Risbrook
18	on the transportation. We have to make sure students
19	are getting to school on time not spending three
20	hours on the buses before they get to school.
21	Please describe the issues that students with
22	disabilities are facing in D 75 schools that are not
23	fully accessible. Could you give us examples as to
24	what's what one of our students can encounter?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 36
2	SHONA GIBSON: Could you repeat the question,
3	please, Chair Joseph?
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Can you describe a student
5	in D 75 that attends a school that is not fully
6	accessible? What are some of the struggles that they
7	face?
8	SHONA GIBSON: The well, first of all, I'd like
9	to say, thank you for the question.
10	If a student needs a certain accommodation and
11	the school is not able to provide it if it is a
12	mobility issue, then we will place the student
13	offer the family a placement in a school where there
14	is accessibility that would meet the student's needs.
15	If it is a different kind of accessibility issue,
16	then we will make an accommodation for the student
17	and figure out how to make sure that the student is
18	integrated into the school program.
19	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
20	Now, I am going to pass it on to my colleagues,
21	first person will be Council Member Stevens.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Hello, good afternoon.
23	I am going to start with the questions that I
24	have for my bill that we are hearing today.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 37
2	Can you talk to me a little bit about how new
3	sites are considered for D 75 students? How do you
4	develop a new site?
5	SHONA GIBSON: Yes, thank you for the question.
6	This is something that is of great importance to
7	us. We take a look at where our students are
8	throughout the City and I just want to remind
9	everybody, the overarching principle is that students
10	have the least restrictive environment, which
11	includes being as close to their home and with their
12	peers as possible.
13	So, when we are looking at sites in terms of
14	developing new sites or expanding sites in current
15	schools, we look to see where our students are. We
16	look to see where their homes are, what kind of
17	travel distance they are going through, and we work
18	with our partners in Office of District Planning, uh,
19	School Construction Authority and its base facilities
20	to build out space that serves the needs of the
21	community and is available for District 75 students.

22 COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Do you have a breakdown23 by borough of the D 75 schools?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 38
2	SHONA GIBSON: I do. I can share that with you,
3	uh, I can share that with the Council (CROSS-
4	TALK)
5	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Do you have that now?
6	Could you just tell us? Thank you.
7	SHONA GIBSON: I am going to ask a clarifying
8	question. When you say a breakdown on the schools,
9	do you mean the individual DBNs or where the
10	different sites are?
11	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Yes, just by borough,
12	where the different sites are. So, just trying to
13	get a count of, like, what the number is in each
14	borough.
15	SHONA GIBSON: Great, I am going to actually ask
16	my colleague Yael to support that.
17	YAEL KALBAN: Good afternoon, My name is Yael
18	Kalban, I am the Executive Director of Strategy and
19	Operations, Office of District Planning at NYC
20	Department of Education.
21	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Closer
22	YAEL KALBAN: Thank you. So, currently, across
23	sort of all intake types, we have 76 sites in
24	Manhattan for District 75, 102 sites in the Bronx,
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 39
2	125 sites in Brooklyn, 132 sites in Queens, and 47 in
3	Staten Island.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: 47? Okay.
5	Uhm, DOE will open new sites in existing D 75
6	schools co-located inside another district school
7	building, why is there a preference for creating
8	multiple satellite sites rather than creating
9	entirely new D 75 schools?
10	SHONA GIBSON: That is such a great question,
11	thank you for asking it.
12	As I mentioned earlier, federal and state law
13	mandates that students should be in their least
14	restrictive environment which we use the acronym
15	LRE and included in that is that students are
16	what that means is that at the maximum extent,
17	students are included in the schools that they would
18	go to if they did not have a disability, and they are
19	educated along with their typically developing peers.
20	So, our preference, to the extent that we can,
21	given how space is New York City, is to co-locate our
22	District 75 students so that they are attending
23	school with their own family and with their own
24	communities.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 40
2	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: Yeah, uh, that definitely
3	make sense, but I think Chair Joseph did speak to the
4	issue around accessibility. And a lot of these
5	schools are not accessible, and we are not putting
6	the capital in to make them accessible for students
7	who need to be there. So, thinking making sure
8	we have that in the plan, but I do understand that
9	and that does make sense so young people don't
10	have to travel distances and things like that.
11	So, I just have another question for Intro 644.
12	So, one, I just want to say that we know one of
13	the things every time we go into a school, especially
14	a school that does not have, uhm, afterschool
15	programs, the number one question is, how does my
16	school get one? So, I am really excited about this
17	bill.
18	But, the question that I have is more around,
19	like, there are a number of schools that have
20	multiple programs in them. When was the last time an
21	evaluation was done to kind of see the landscape of
22	the after school programs throughout the City to
23	ensure equity and making sure we are looking at that?
24	Because, like I said, I have been to multiple schools
25	where they would have they are community schools,

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 41
2	they have a DYCD after school program, they have an
3	Empire, and then I got to another school and they
4	have none. So, how often and when was the last time
5	there was an evaluation to kind of look at the
6	landscape and really do an assessment to say
7	especially with the RFP hopefully coming out soon
8	DYCD [INAUDIBLE] back that we would be no, I
9	wasn't calling, I was just saying that I wanted them
10	to hear that our RFP is coming out soon. Right?
11	Because the concept paper is coming out soon that
12	we are looking at equity, so that when that RFP comes
13	out, we can be targeting areas that don't have
14	afterschool programs.
15	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: So, I really appreciate
16	the question, and I will begin by saying to the
17	question of equity and landscape as an example,
18	the newly funded community school over the last
19	couple of years [TIMER CHIMES] which I know were, uh,
20	very supported by council. In particular we targeted
21	high COVID zip codes, so we were looking at
22	communities who were impacted by COVID, in some
23	instances many that they did have prior afterschool
24	programs. We also looked at communities with a high
25	rate of chronic absenteeism, communities who had a

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

2 particular number of students who were living in 3 shelters or were impacted by homelessness, in 4 addition to also looking at the economic index.

1

So, just to give you some thoughts in the recent 5 years for how we have tackled the sense of equity 6 that you are highlighting, uh in terms of program 7 8 evaluation, I will begin highlighting some of the 9 evaluations that we conduct through community schools and the work that we do through our office. And I 10 11 welcome our colleagues from DYCD to speak more 12 broadly about COMPASS and some of their programs.

13 But, in the case of community schools, as an 14 example, 21st Century grant funded programs require 15 that all schools have an independent evaluation. Ιt is part of the New York City requirements for us to 16 17 even have those grants. And in the case of community 18 schools, we do a mid-year and end of year assessment 19 of any of the federal mandate for annual performance. 20 And, also, part of the strategy for community schools and how CBOs are funded, is that we certainly look at 21 evaluations to look at effectiveness and impact. 2.2 But 23 I appreciate the question, and I know that as we continue to partner with DYCD, as they look to, uh, 24 open the RFP, that we have to be intentional around 25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 43
2	the opportunities that we take to look at communities
3	that demonstrate needs and where we have gaps. But we
4	do have some of those examples where you might be a
5	community school, you have a great program that's
6	running, but as a principal, you recognize that you
7	have such a high degree of need and you have
8	additional funding where you might do something else
9	extra for the students.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER STEVENS: I don't have any more
11	questions. I am just going, like, in all
12	seriousness, I think that we should be looking at
13	doing a citywide evaluation to look at where we
14	already have these programs, because even some of
15	those criteria that you said around, like, even with
16	high COVID areas and high numbers of students living
17	in shelters and all of those are great, too, but then
18	we also leave out a sub [INAUDIBLE] of schools that
19	might not fit that criteria. And one of the things
20	that I do hear is that a lot of the principals who
21	have high test scores or whatever, they feel like
22	they are being punished and don't have access to
23	those things. And, so, then, those kids don't get
24	access to the afterschool programs and things like
25	that. And, like I said, there have been times where

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 44
2	I have gone to school, and they have a community
3	school, a DYCD program, they have an Empire, and they
4	have all of these things, and it's like, well, that
5	doesn't make sense, why don't we just move one of
6	these programs to a school that doesn't have it. So,
7	really thinking about, uhm, making sure we are
8	working with DYCD and DOE coming together to kind of
9	do some type of assessment and evaluation, so that we
10	can have a better landscape of the afterschool, uhm,
11	field. Thank you
12	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Yes, thank you so much.
13	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member
14	Stevens.
15	I would like to acknowledge Council Member
16	Narcisse.
17	Council Member Hanif, if you have a question,
18	please raise your hand.
19	All right, next person, Council Member Feliz?
20	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you, Chair.
21	Some of this information has already been
22	provided, but I am still going to ask the questions
23	just for general context.
24	How many school buses do we currently have as
25	part of the education system?
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 45
2	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question,
3	Council Member Feliz.
4	We, on the road each and every day, we have about
5	9,000 buses on the road.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: So, 9,000 school buses.
7	And how many of these 9,000 school buses serve
8	students with IEPs?
9	GLENN RISBROOK: Approximately, uh, I will say
10	about 5,500 buses service our kids with IEPs
11	5,500.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay, so, a little over
13	half?
14	GLENN RISBROOK: Yeah, a little over half, yes.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay, so, a little over
16	half. How many students with an IEP rely on these
17	buses?
18	GLENN RISBROOK: We traverse well, I think I
19	am going to ask a clarifying question, it has to be
20	IEP mandated for transportation or just IEPs in
21	general?
22	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: IEP in general.
23	GLENN RISBROOK: All right, well, I can give you
24	the answer for all students well, actually, just
25	give me one moment (CROSS-TALK)

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 46
2	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: I think rough numbers are
3	fine if you don't have the specific numbers.
4	GLENN RISBROOK: Right, for the students that are
5	mandated transportation, we have 50,000 students that
6	are currently using our service. Altogether how many
7	students are using it? I will get back to you with
8	that altogether.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay. So, out of the
10	5,500 buses, how many of these have air-conditioning?
11	GLENN RISBROOK: 50,122 buses.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Oh, okay, so about 400, uh,
13	the 469 number that you mentioned?
14	GLENN RISBROOK: Yes.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Is there a reason why that
16	some of these buses don't have air-conditioning?
17	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question,
18	Council Member.
19	Yes, uh, under the 1979 contract negotiation, we
20	are living under that now. And, then, also, the
21	contract negotiations for, uh, 2013 and 14, there was
22	no mandate for Type C, large buses, to have air-
23	conditioning. So, we currently are working
24	underneath the constraints at this point. However,
25	we did put pressure on some of these bus companies
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 47
2	anyway to do what they can do to put air-conditioning
3	on these buses. Thus, the 869 buses that is
4	universal for our curb to school, we have gotten 400
5	of those buses retrofitted for air-conditioning, but
6	there is no obligation contractually for the
7	remaining 469 or the 2,500 that are in general ed
8	busing.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay. And I see that you
10	mentioned earlier that it will cost \$7 million to
11	fully install air-conditioning on all the buses?
12	GLENN RISBROOK: Uh, excuse me, Council Member,
13	that \$7 million references the curb to school buses -
14	- the 400 buses that are left over to be retrofitted.
15	The \$7 million is for that particular service.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay, so, \$7 million for
17	the 469?
18	GLENN RISBROOK: Yes, for the 469 buses that are
19	remaining, yes.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay, and who does DOE
21	think is responsible for that \$7 million? Is it the
22	DOE? Is it the bus companies who are private?
23	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you again for the question.
24	Under the current contract, if we started the
25	retrofitting now, before we negotiated the new
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 48
2	contract, New York City Public Schools would bear the
3	majority of that cost. If we implemented this during
4	the contract, then we should be able to shift most of
5	that cost over to the vendors. However, I am sure
6	that they would try to recoup in the bid for the new
7	contract.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Okay. So, it will cost \$7
9	million for 469 buses to have air-conditioning?
10	GLENN RISBROOK: Mm-hmm
11	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Uh, do we know how much it
12	will cost per bus?
13	GLENN RISBROOK: About \$15,000 per bus.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yup, that sounds correct,
15	because I just did the math. \$7 million divided by
16	[INAUDIBLE]
17	GLENN RISBROOK: (LAUGHING) No one told me there
18	was going to be math!
19	[LAUGHTER IN CHAMBERS]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: So, \$15,000 to install air-
21	conditioning on a bus, that sounds like a lot of
22	money. I'm not an expert, I'm not an mechanic, I'm
23	not an expert on cost, but that sounds like a lot of
24	money.
25	GLENN RISBROOK: Extremely
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COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 49 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: \$15,000 to install airconditioning on one bus. Do we know why it's so expensive?

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GLENN RISBROOK: I couldn't give you the reason 5 why it's that much. I think it might have to do 6 7 with, I quess the availability of it as well. I just wanted to, uh, maybe a illuminate a little bit more 8 9 with what the circumstances are that. Uh, there are two major vendors that supply whole units for air-10 11 conditioning for busing. And there are little 12 companies that do it as well. But, there are two main companies that provide the whole unit. One of 13 14 those companies, in November of 2022, filed for 15 Chapter 7 bankruptcy. They are currently liquidating all of their assets, and now it leaves us with one 16 17 major company with a lot of little companies 18 underneath. So, that is the challenge. It may have 19 something to do with the cost. I believe two years 20 ago it was \$12,000. So, I would assume that is has something to do with the availability of it as well. 21 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yeah, okay. And I know all 2.2 23 of you are still, I guess, negotiating the future things. So, I hope we ,you know, make an effort to 24 negotiate those prices, [TIMER CHIMES] because that 25

1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION502sounds like a lot of money. I would think that you3could almost buy a new bus. I mean, not buy a new4bus, but you will get close to at least buying one5rather than \$15,000 only for air-conditioning.

GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you, again, if only. Some 6 7 buses cost like way over a \$100,000. But, I will say 8 that I do appreciate this bill. This is very, very 9 important. I do receive, on occasion, complaints about air-conditioning. And it is very impactful, 10 11 what some of our children are going to through who 12 are not mandated for air-conditioning, but do wind up 13 on some of these buses that don't have it. So, this 14 is very important to us, and I thank you for raising 15 the bill.

16 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yep! Really appreciated. I 17 see my time is up, but if I can just ask one final 18 question.

And, yes, same point for the buses as well. I hope we can do a better job or try to ,you know, get better prices, because that does sound like a lot of money -- \$100,000. Obviously we need them, but we don't... we want to make sure that we are not over paying for things that we could get at a... (CROSS-TALK)

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 51
2	UNKNOWN: [INAUDIBLE]
3	[LAUGHTER IN CHAMBERS]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Uh, final question, is The
5	Department of Education aware of any specific
6	companies or areas in the City that are egregious on
7	the issue of lack air-conditioning?
8	GLENN RISBROOK: We get thank you, again, for
9	the question, Council Member.
10	We get sporadic complaints across all the five
11	boroughs and through all the vendors. So, there is
12	nothing specific to one vendor, but we do get it
13	across the board on occasion, sporadically.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Well, thank you, thank you
15	so much.
16	GLENN RISBROOK: You're welcome.
17	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member.
18	I would like to recognize Council Member
19	Krishnan, welcome.
20	Yeah, we were just saying that, that is very
21	expensive bus (sic). Can it stop traffic? Can it
22	float? It's ,you know? This this a lot of money for
23	buses. We were just saying that! Wow.
24	GLENN RISBROOK: I agree.
25	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: And, Council Member Avilés?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 52
2	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Thank you, Chair, and
3	thank you all for being here.
4	I have a couple of questions across multiple
5	issues. But, since we are on buses, I would love to
6	know how many of these buses have been electrified?
7	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question.
8	Currently we have, well, let's start with this,
9	we receive 51 buses from the EPA Grant now. And just
10	to further illuminate the air-conditioning issue,
11	uhm, 25 of those buses are the Type A, the smaller
12	buses, and they came retrofitted with air-
13	conditioning. The remainder of those buses did not,
14	even though they did come from the EPA, they did not
15	have air-conditioning. So, they are currently in the
16	process of being retrofitted. And, then, we have
17	about approximately, I would say, about six other
18	buses that we previously had. So, I think the number
19	is somewhat in around 55 to 57 buses right now.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: So, in terms of these 55
21	buses, these would be buses that would be servicing D
22	75 children or these are large across?
23	GLENN RISBROOK: They could be across the gambit
24	of transportation.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 53
2	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And, has the, uhm, has
3	has your agency pursued further grants to electrify
4	the rest of the fleet either federal or state?
5	GLENN RISBROOK: Right, what we do is we assist
6	the bus companies to do so. They do not work for us,
7	so they are independent companies, so they have to
8	apply for these grants. So, we assist them in doing
9	that. The last grant that we had, had other
10	components to it that had to do with, uh, geography.
11	It also had to do with the students and where they
12	lived and things like that. So, the bus companies
13	had to prove that they service a certain number of
14	the low-income families across the city of New York,
15	and then they were awarded the grant. So, they don't
16	work for us directly, but we do assist them in
17	applying for those grants and authorizing what we
18	need to authorize for them to do so.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yeah, no, I get that, thank
20	you. And we want to continue to encourage that. We
21	should have a fully electrified fleet.
22	In terms of, I guess, uh, just to quickly shift
23	to actually space with the D 75 schools. It often
24	feels like these schools that are so important to our
25	communities are squeezed into buildings into

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 54 2 places, you know, that are kind of nondescript on the 3 side. And the administration is often left to 4 negotiate individual space needs. Right? So, it's 5 this huge discrepancy around the needs and how they 6 are met in every building, and how principals 7 negotiate with each other.

Could you talk to us a little bit about how you 8 9 ensure that the D 75 children that are co-located in these buildings have sufficient space? And when that 10 11 seems to not be the case, how are you helping to 12 negotiate? Because, we have seen this happen in our 13 districts, which two principals are at odds. There 14 is a clear need for the space, and a very arbitrary 15 process around how that gets decided.

16 YAEL KALBAN: Thank you.

17 So, when we site new District 75 programs in our 18 existing buildings where they are going to co-located 19 with another school, that goes through our formal A-20 190 process. And through that process, we create an 21 Educational Impact Statement that allows, in substantial detail, how much space each school that 2.2 23 will be in the building will be entitled to have, per the instructional footprint, and that applies to 24 District 75 as well. And, so, once those proposals 25

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 55 2 are approved, our colleagues in The Office of Space 3 Planning visit the building, work with those 4 principals, including the existing principals in the 5 building and the incoming District 75 principal to come up with the space allocation that both ensures 6 7 each school has what it needs to run its program per 8 the footprint. And this creates sort of separable 9 and distinct spaces within the building so that each school can create its own identity and have its own 10 11 defined space. And once they are in place, we do 12 continue to stay engaged with those schools. If 13 there are challenges that come up at a building 14 council that the principals cannot resolve within the 15 building council structure, they can reach out to our 16 office, to the District 75 team, as well as to The 17 Office of Campus Governance, and The Office of Space 18 Planning who can come in and help negotiate those 19 changes that may be necessary. We also revisit 20 existing sites year over year. If there are additional sections that are needed to accommodate 21 2.2 demand for the upcoming school year, we do sometimes 23 go back to existing sites, and we see where we can have additional space available in the building to 24

2 reallocate that space to District 75, so they can 3 grow and serve more students.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

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4 COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Great, I would love to
5 talk to you about particular instances [TIMER CHIMES]
6 in my district.

7 In terms of, uhm... in terms of how the data... could you talk to me a little bit about how the DOE 8 9 looks at the ecosystem of D 75 schools? And, just for context, my district , you know, after years of 10 11 advocacy has, not in abundance, but more D 75 seats 12 for younger children, and then nothing for middle 13 school children, and then nothing for high school children. 14

So, can you tell us about how you look at that ecosystem and ensure that community... that children are not traveling so far? We have had a new D 75 school come in that we advocated for, and it is wholly too far from the communities. So, please talk to us about that.

YAEL KALBAN: Yes, absolutely. So, every year, The Office of District Planning partners closely with the District 75 team to understand their projections around how many new sections, new sites, will be needed to accommodate both existing students and

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 57
2	projected incoming students in accordance with their
3	IEPs. We get that data in District Planning on a
4	borough basis. And we then look across the districts
5	in the given borough to kind of triangulate that data
6	with where we have available space, where we have new
7	buildings coming on line, and where we see the gaps
8	like you just described. So, we look at the number
9	of available District 75 seats in every district at a
10	given grade level and compare that to the number of
11	students who reside in that district at that grade
12	level and need District 75. And we also in recent
13	years have begun to gather data around travel
14	distance. So, we are looking at, on average, where
15	students are having to travel very far to get to
16	their District 75 program. So, we do our best within
17	sort of the constraints that we have to fill those
18	gaps when we are opening new programs. So, I think a
19	couple of examples of that, that will be opening this
20	upcoming school year in District 18 in Brooklyn, uhm,
21	we noticed that they have both significant travel
22	distances at the high school level, and gap of
23	approximately 80 high school seats. Meaning there
24	are 80 more high school age District 75 residents who
25	live in the district than there are seats available.
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 58
2	We knew that there was a need for additional high
3	school capacity in Brooklyn for the upcoming school
4	year, and were able to identify space at the Tilden
5	campus, uh, K 415, to open a new program that was
6	recently approved by the path and will open this
7	September.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And what are the
9	projections of D 75 seats that DOE is projecting
10	moving forward?
11	YAEL KALBAN: I don't know if I have the total
12	projected number. But, I know that we across all
13	of the new programs that we have proposed as well as
14	expansions of existing sites, uh, we are able to
15	fully meet and exceed the projected number of new
16	seats as requested by the District 75 placement team.
17	SHONA GIBSON: And if I could interject,
18	projecting District 75 students for the next year is
19	a little complicated at this time of the year,
20	because we are in the process of evaluating our
21	children who are coming into kindergarten the
22	turning five process. So, we will have a better idea
23	of what to expect. Also, there is a lot of fluidity
24	of students moving in and out District 75, but we
25	have planned for up to 1,700 new seats across the
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 59
2	City for District 75 students in the 23-24 school
3	year.
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member.
5	Council Member Lee?
6	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Hi, thank you, Chair Joseph.
7	Uh, quick question on Intro 644, so for the
8	afterschool programs that you have listed, does this
9	also include the community based organizations
10	through DYCD that also partner with schools?
11	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Yes, that is correct. For
12	the numbers that I provided, DYCD COMPASS program as
13	an example, has a high number of the afterschool
14	programs that we support.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Okay, and do you know if the
16	requirement in the RFP process was taken out where it
17	requires the principals to sign on to an agreement
18	with the nonprofit organizations?
19	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: I would really defer to
20	DYCD colleagues who are here who can speak
21	specifically about their RFP process, so they can
22	join and share more details.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Okay.
24	TRACY CALDRON: So, uh, good afternoon again,
25	Tracy Caldron, just to [INAUDIBLE] for COMPASS, so
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 60
2	the current RFP does have that requirement where a
3	school partnership was required to apply for funding.
4	We haven't released a current one, so we have to get
5	back You know, once we release it, we will let you
6	know whether or not that's in there will be in
7	there.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Okay
9	TRACY CALDRON: So you like that answer
10	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: So, the reason why I am
11	asking is because, uhm, I ran a CBO for a very, very
12	long time, and we tried applying for a lot of these
13	Beacon and COMPASS programs and partnering with the
14	schools, but and we have a community facility, we
15	had ,you know, that we owned property, all that
16	stuff. And we wanted to partner, but I think because
17	the principals already had their sort of designated
18	groups that they were working with, they didn't want
19	to go beyond that. And, so, we tried building
20	relationships with the principals over the years, but
21	we still never had that agreement in place. And, so,
22	I guess my question is that if there is a group that
23	has a space in a facility that is willing to partner
24	with the school, is there some sort of list you could
25	provide for the principals, saying, hey, these are
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 61
2	like DYCD funded programs already. Right? Like, we
3	had contracts with DYCD already. So, is there a way
4	to some sort of linkage or education around that
5	process so that we can actually provide more
6	afterschool seats also and include the community
7	based organizations?
8	TRACY CALDRON: So, in our RFP we do allow for
9	multiple partners. So, the principal can sign
10	(CROSS-TALK)
11	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Right.
12	TRACY CALDRON: with multiple partners. And, at
13	that time, everybody is reapplying. So, it is kind
14	of open to anybody who is interested and wants to
15	partner together.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Okay, any outreach you can do
17	to the principals because, my understanding at
18	that time, was that there was no set limit in terms
19	of the community based organizations they could
20	partner with. And, I understand, obviously,
21	proximity and all of that to the school is important
22	as well, which is why we only reached out to the ones
23	near our CBO. But, it would be great if there could
24	be some assistance to the CBO executive directors to
25	

1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION622make some sort of introductions with the principals3as well.

FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: Council Member Lee, we 4 hear you and understand what you are flagging. I 5 know that when they provide their concept paper, 6 there will be an opportunity to add feedback. But, 7 8 most importantly, within the current role that I 9 have, I also belong to The Division of Leadership which supports superintendents, so we can work in 10 11 collaboration between the superintendents, and DYCD, 12 and our principals to ensure that we really expand 13 their knowledge and awareness of all of the different 14 programs that exist within their community -- and 15 they can partner. And that is an example of the kind 16 of work that we have started to do by having ongoing 17 engagement, even as we speak now, with our 18 superintendents and DYCD, and beginning by 19 strengthening the current partnerships that have we 20 right now and maximizing all that we can offer to our students. 21 2.2 So, we hear you and appreciate your feedback.

23 COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Yes, that would be great,24 because we also had an Article 31, where we saw folks

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 63
2	who had mental health issues and all of that. So, it
3	would be great to have those linkage agreements.
4	Okay, and, then, my other question was, in terms
5	of, uh, Intro 725, which is the bill that I am
6	proposing today, is Do you know, is it only the
7	teachers that is it on the principals that have
8	access to the current data base, or is it also
9	teachers as well?
10	RICARDO DURAN: Thank you for your question.
11	The database that I was referring to on the Info
12	Hub website, is DOE. As long as you have DOE
13	credentials, anyone can get to that page.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: So, hopefully we can work on
15	the user friendliness of it. Because it did seem
16	like the requests from the teacher who brought up the
17	idea, she was saying the same thing, that it is not
18	very user friendly, and there is not really a lot
19	transparency to see who has what.
20	And, then, my final question was in relation to
21	the influx of the students who are coming, the
22	migrant students, have you seen an uptick, or has
23	there been an issue with any schools in terms of the
24	supplies? Because from what I have heard also, a lot
25	of the teachers usually have to pay out of their own

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 64
2	pockets for supplies sometimes in the classrooms.
3	[TIMER CHIMES] And, so, if you could address that, if
4	there have been any schools that received at least 10
5	or more migrant students, is there a mechanism in
6	place to provide them with the necessary supplies to
7	schools that continue to receive the students the
8	influx of students that continue to receive the
9	student the influx of students?
10	RICARDO DURAN: Thank you for the question.
11	Schools with six or more migrant students have
12	received funding in the amount of \$2,000 per student
13	via our School Allocation Memorandum Number 65,
14	titled "Open Arms", to support the individual school
15	needs. Principals have the discretion on how to
16	schedule these funds that they receive to support
17	migrant needs.
18	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Uh, no, problem. We have a
19	second round of questioning from Council Member
20	Avilés.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Yay! I was, like, my time
22	is up! How is that possible?
23	Hi, there, I had a question about afterschool
24	programs. You know, I think what what we have
25	seen obviously is centrally funded afterschool

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 65
2	programs is like the holy grail. Right? As a former
3	PTA President, who actually ran an afterschool
4	program after my day job until three o'clock in the
5	morning, because we could not access City funds very
6	much because of almost what Council Member Stevens
7	said, a school that seems be performing well is ,you
8	know, the, uhm, still kind of a Title I school, seems
9	to be left out of centrally funded programming. One
10	thing I have heard and experienced is that obviously
11	there are limitations with a resource, but schools
12	are often told you're in a queue, and never and
13	we will call DYCD and say where are we in the queue
14	for this program? And, they will just say, you're in
15	a 'queue'. I would love to understand, like, what is
16	the protocol, and there is there should be a
17	better way of communicating with schools so that they
18	understand what that means. Does that mean they are
19	going to be on a list forever? Does it mean they
20	have to do something? How are schools being engaged
21	in that conversation?
22	FLAVIA PUELLO PERDOMO: I will begin. Thank you,
23	Council Member Avilés. And I appreciate your framing
24	around the work that you did for afterschool.
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 66
2	So, the first thing is, during the recent months,
3	as I have engaged with this work, the first thing
4	that I do when there is a school that connects with
5	central or reaches out highlighting the need for
6	supports for afterschool. We thoroughly work with our
7	DYCD partners, but we also loop the superintendent
8	into the conversation. One that allows to really
9	understand what the needs on the ground are on for
10	the school communities that allow us to have
11	conversations with the superintendent around funding
12	availability and other supports that may exist ,you
13	know, to begin the work. And then one of the things
14	that we also are trying to be thoughtful and
15	creative, is when we look at current DYCD seats
16	within a proximate that are still available and are
17	on tap. Right? Which I know is not always a perfect
18	solution, but I think it is something that we should
19	be assessing as you're mentioning. In terms of the,
20	I think the bench or the wait time that you are
21	referring to, is the connection with the RFP that our
22	colleagues from DYCD are releasing. So, might have a
23	school that might be a perfect fit to ,you know,
24	eventually get one of these newer DYCD programs, but
25	until the RFP is not released (sic), they would not
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 67
2	be able to be added. But ,you know, my colleague
3	here can speak a little bit more nuanced in terms of
4	their timeline. I would encourage principals who
5	right now are trying to figure this out, understand
6	the recourses and the supports that exist to work
7	with their superintendent, who I know will, like,
8	from the DOE side, reach out to me or reach out to
9	people from the community school team to offer
10	support.

And here I want to ,you know, just emphasize and 11 12 echo, that there might be the case where a particular school community that has more than one program, but 13 it not how we centrally designed that. Centrally, we 14 15 really look to have a breadth and a range of more and 16 more schools having those opportunities. And some of 17 that is dictated by the funding type on where it 18 should go. There are some instances where there are 19 schools that are under, like, New York State targeted 20 assisted who get money. And part of the requirement 21 is to open an afterschool program. But, our colleagues have shared that they are looking to 2.2 23 release this RFP soon, which they can share some colors to that. And that would allow is to ensure 24 25 that that we have more schools that can take

COMMITTEE	ON	EDUCATION

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2 advantage of that. And I look forward when that 3 process gets going to partner with City Council to 4 ensure that we are being intentional of targeting 5 communities that need these programs and currently do 6 not have them. I don't know if you want to add 7 anything else?

TRACY CALDRON: Yes, just a little bit more. 8 9 So, uh, yes, we are planning to release a concept paper this year, and then followed by an RFP. But we 10 11 do want to hear from principals where there is 12 interest. Because, prior to a release of an RFP, 13 because sometimes we may have additional funding or 14 we may need to relocate a program, we also connect 15 them with non-school-based programs, because there 16 are other resources within the community that they 17 could be taken advantage of so we do that. And we 18 also connect them with, uh, CBOs that are in their 19 catchment area, because they may also be applying for 20 funding, and we connect them so that they are, uh, 21 aware of each other's needs in the process for applying for the different funding as well. 2.2 23 COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah, thank you for that. Uh, [TIMER CHIMES] I guess, I would say, uh, they are 24

often certainly on the lookout for new RFPs, and it

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION really has been this kind of endless queue and no 2 3 understanding how you move through the queue and what 4 the criteria is. That has been part of the frustrating engagement of trying to pull it all 5 together. 6

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7 And, also, you know, where this need seems to be most acute, obviously, from my perspective, is on the 8 9 elementary school level. Right? Working parents cannot go to work if there is no appropriate care. 10 11 And PTAs that are highly under resourced and cannot 12 sell enough cupcakes to run an afterschool program. It is still a huge need, including one other 13 Right? 14 element of having a nonprofit provider who is doing 15 [INAUDIBLE] work, but doesn't have the capacity to serve the 40 schools -- elementary schools in my 16 17 district. And, so, we need added capacity from 18 outside. So, we appreciate that. And , you know, I 19 cannot speak... huge supporter of universal after 20 school -- our families need it, they deserve it, and 21 our city should be funding it. Why we started in middle school was an interesting... most middle 2.2 23 school kids don't want to spend five more minutes in their school building. Why we started there is an 24 [INAUDIBLE], but this is something that we should 25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 70
2	really rigorously pursue, and it would help thousands
3	of families.
4	I guess, with that, Chair, one more little
5	question about the buses?
6	Uh, we mentioned, uhm, half of the buses in terms
7	of the electrified busses you noted were purchased,
8	the other half are being retrofitted? Is that what
9	you
10	GLENN RISBROOK: Uh, thank you for the question,
11	Council Member.
12	Uh, the 51 buses that we received for the in
13	the EPA, half of those, 25 of them, are with the
14	smaller Type A/B buses that did have air-conditioning
15	already onboard. The others, from my understanding,
16	did not have those, and they are currently being
17	retrofitted for them (CROSS-TALK)
18	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And what is the timeline
19	on that retrofitting (CROSS-TALK)
20	GLENN RISBROOK: Have to (CROSS-TALK)
21	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: when can we expect them to
22	be operating
23	GLENN RISBROOK: I will have to get back to you
24	about that (CROSS-TALK)
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 71
2	COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Great, thank you. Thank
3	you, Chair.
4	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you.
5	Council Member Feliz?
6	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Thank you, Chair.
7	Uh, quick question just to follow up on Council
8	Member Avilés' question, do we have a super rough
9	timeline for retrofitting the buses that don't have
10	air-conditioning? Are we talking about, like six
11	months, a year? Do we have any rough timeline?
12	GLENN RISBROOK: Uh, thank you once again for the
13	question.
14	I wish I could sit in front of you and tell you
15	exactly, uh, I can't. Because of the there are
16	other concerns. There is the contract negotiations.
17	There is the supply chain issues and the availability
18	of the units. So, I can't and if I say anything
19	speculating it wouldn't even be close (CROSS-
20	TALK)
21	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yep.
22	GLENN RISBROOK: So, as soon as we get a better
23	number or a better timeframe, I will certainly let
24	you know.
25	

1 72 2 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yeah, and speaking about, 3 uh, speculation, I have some more questions on that 4 same note. 5 Uhm, touching on one of the earlier topics, how much would it cost to electrify the entire fleet --6 7 every single school bus? I know we have to 8 speculate, but super roughly, do have any type of 9 [INAUDIBLE]... (CROSS-TALK) 10 GLENN RISBROOK: At that... I would have to get 11 back to you about that also. I think I will have 12 that information before this hearing is over. But, I 13 will get back to you. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Yeah, do we have any buses 15 that are fully electric? 16 GLENN RISBROOK: Yes, we do. Thank you for the 17 question again. Right now, and I want to correct for 18 you, Council Member, I used 57, but it is actually 19 77. So, 77 buses, is what we are in the process of 20 receiving from the EPA. And we do have at least a dozen or so that are on the road at this moment. 21 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Sorry, so 77 buses that 23 are electric?

GLENN RISBROOK: That will be fully electric. 24 COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: That will be okay. 25

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	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 73	
2	Are there any plans to convert the remaining	
3	buses?	
4	GLENN RISBROOK: Well, the bus companies have	
5	Well, there is a law that they have to meet. As of	
6	2027, they can longer purchase any combustion buses	
7	at all. And the fleet has to be totally electrified	
8	by 2035. So, where they get there, is however they	
9	get there, either by requiring new busing or	
10	retrofitting the buses that they do have. So, some	
11	of our bus companies have already started some	
12	retrofitting, and, then, there are other buses, uh,	
13	other companies also trying to acquire busing either	
14	through grants or trying to acquire them themselves.	
15	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Perfect, thank you.	
16	GLENN RISBROOK: Mm-hmm	
17	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, I would like to	
18	recognize Council Member Gutiérrez and Council Member	
19	Restler.	
20	Council Member Restler?	
21	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you very much, it	
22	is great to be with you all, thank you for joining us	
23	today.	
24	I wanted to just ask in particular about	
25	requiring the I think Intro 566 is a great bill	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 74
2	in requiring that all children with IEPs be
3	transported on buses with air-conditioning seems like
4	an absolutely essential thing for us to do. I was
5	wondering how you compare the performance of NICE
6	Bus, uh, a model that I am really excited about and
7	intrigued by, with the remainder of the school
8	busing the other school bus operators, particularly
9	in this area of providing air-conditioning and other
10	performance metrics as well?
11	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you for the question,
12	Council Member.
13	NICE Bus pretty much has mainly the smaller Type
14	A/B buses. So, they don't have the same air-
15	conditioning problems that some of the other venders
16	have with the larger buses.
17	We are currently doing an assessment of NICE
18	Bus's performance along with the other bus companies.
19	They do excel in a lot of areas ,you know, as far as
20	working closer with us on on the service that they
21	deliver. And we are working with them on some other
22	areas. So, uh, I will have to Once we finish that
23	analysis (CROSS-TALK)
24	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Well, do you have a
25	timeline for that analysis?

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 75
2	GLENN RISBROOK: It should be shortly, because we
3	are working on that for other efforts as well. So,
4	hopefully, I will be able to get something to you
5	within the next say two or three weeks.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: Really? Great! I would
7	like to follow up with you on that, and would really
8	welcome the opportunity to review that.
9	At this point, I realize it's a new model, but do
10	you think that it has promise for broader utilization
11	for more students?
12	GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you again for the question.
13	I will temper it by saying, yes, I do, uh,
14	because, the working relationship that they do have
15	with the city of New York. They're not owned, they
16	are a subsidiary, they don't work for the city of New
17	York City, but they work closely with us. They're
18	not for profit for the city of New York. So, we do
19	have some discussions with them about the service
20	delivery. We have a clearer insight on some of the
21	operations that we don't have so much with the other
22	bus companies. And, then, we can model The other
23	bus companies will be modeling their performance
24	based on or their services, based on what NICE
25	Bus delivers. So, in that vein, they're very

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 76
2	valuable to us. Just to extend that a little bit
3	further, because we are still dealing with the bus
4	driver shortages, you know, NICE Bus leaned into,
5	uhm, some recruitment methods to try to get more
6	drivers on. They were successful in some areas, and
7	then I think some of the other bus companies followed
8	suit. So, I think they are an example, but, again,
9	when we start aggregating the data, I will get back
10	to you.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER FELIZ: I really appreciate that.
12	I am very interested in the data and the analysis
13	that you call conduct.
14	I just have to say, if there is one thing that
15	every member of The City Council can tell you, we
16	hear a lot about our complaints from constituents,
17	from families who struggle on school bus
18	transportation issues, and I have to say, there has
19	been an extraordinary amount of just shadiness among
20	school bus operators for decades. These are
21	companies that I think have taken advantage of the
22	City, that have not done a good job enough job in
23	providing high quality rigorous services for our
24	students. We need to continue to consider legislation
25	such as the one today on air-conditioning, because

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 77
2	these companies are not doing enough. And a
3	nonprofit model, with real accountability, led by
4	folks who have deep expertise in complex city
5	operations, this is, I believe, how we can ensure
6	better, safer outcomes more reliable outcomes,
7	better communication for our families in our school
8	busing system. And, so, I am eager to see if your
9	findings match up with my hopes. But, I think that
10	the model is spot on, and is a really promising thing
11	that you all are pursuing. And, so, I hope that OPT
12	really seizes this opportunity to expand the NICE Bus
13	model much more broadly, as quickly as possible. And
14	anything that I can do to be helpful or supportive,
15	please let us know. Uh, but I know that on worker
16	justice issues, on environmental issues, on
17	communication with parents, across the board when I
18	have gone out to the bus depots in my district that
19	NICE Bus operates, I have been deeply impressed.
20	And, so, I really I don't This is one of
21	those kind of dark corners of city government that
22	has badly needed some fresh thinking and ideas, and I
23	think NICE Bus is that. And, so, I really hope that
24	it is an area where we can work together to deliver
25	better outcomes for our young people. And I

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 78 2 appreciate your analysis and work on that front. 3 [TIMER CHIMES] GLENN RISBROOK: Thank you again, and I do welcome 4 5 your partnership in this area. Thank you very much. CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you so much. 6 7 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you to DOE for your testimony. We will now turn to public testimony. 8 9 We will be limiting public testimony today to three minutes each. For in-person panelists, please 10 11 come up to the table once your name has been called. For virtual panelist, once your name is called, a 12 member of our staff will unmute you, and the Sergeant 13 14 At Arms will set the timer and give you the go ahead 15 to begin. Please wait for the sergeant to announce 16 that you may begin before delivering your testimony. 17 Our first in-person will consist of Michael 18 Cohen, Elizabeth Venditto, Kyle Satterfield, and Avi 19 Posnick. Please make your way to the front table. 20 Michael Cohen, you may begin. 21 MICHAEL COHEN: Thank you. And thank you, Chair, and thank you to the committee for holding this 2.2 23 hearing. Good afternoon, My name is Michael Cohen, and I 24

am the Eastern Director of The Simon Wiesenthal

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 79
2	Center, a global Jewish human rights NGO, and home to
3	our renowned Museum of Tolerance. The Simon
4	Wiesenthal Center combats antisemitism and bigotry
5	and defends the rights and dignity of Jews worldwide.
6	The Simon Wiesenthal Center has some 150,000
7	member in the New York Metropolitan area alone. I am
8	here today on behalf of The Simon Wiesenthal Center
9	to support Resolution 153, calling upon the
10	Department of Education to create a Jewish Heritage
11	Day in New York City public schools.
12	We highly commend both the resolution's prime-
13	sponsor, Council Member Abreu, as well as the many
14	sponsors who have recognized the need to introduce
15	into our city's amazingly diverse student population,
16	the history of their Jewish neighbors, the core
17	Judaic values that inspire and motivate our people,
18	and our love of the ancient Hebrew language and the
19	land of Israel. Tragically, many young people in our
20	city have been influenced by antisemites who have
21	been hyperactive on social media. As we all know,
22	the best antiseptic against lies and discrimination
23	is learning the truth.
24	This resolution contains detailed statistics

25 about the surging antisemitic hate crimes across our

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 80
2	great city over the last few weeks and years. In
3	fact, NYPD's Hate Crimes Taskforce has had to be
4	expanded in order to deal with the incredibly
5	dangerous situation on the ground. Indeed, The Simon
6	Wiesenthal Center has been very proud to partner with
7	The City Council for the last several years in
8	bringing our renowned Combat Hate Workshops to New
9	York City's public middle and high schools across the
10	city. Just this year alone, with the Council's
11	support, and only with the Council's support, we are
12	training close to 25,000 students about their social
13	responsibility in being part of the solution to
14	combat the growing levels of hate that directly lead
15	to the increased level hate-based crimes and the
16	dramatic effect of hate on social media driving and
17	influencing our children. The Simon Wiesenthal
18	Center is willing, able, and eager to work with all
19	the distinguished members of the Council represented
20	here to create an appropriate curriculum about the
21	Jewish people that would be relevant to all of our
22	children. It is a necessary task, as the vast
23	majority of our current public school students have
24	no background on our history and know precious little
25	about the Nazi Holocaust, which resulted in the six

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 million Jews who were mass-murdered some eight
 decades ago.

Beyond statistics of pass suffering, emerges a 4 5 legacy of hope and overcoming discrimination and That is a crucial part of the legacy of the 6 tragedy. 7 Jewish immigration story to New York. It is our fervent hope that such a unit will encourage our next 8 9 generation to help defend their Jewish neighbors when they are being singled out for harassment and 10 11 bullying.

12 On behalf of The Simon Wiesenthal Center, I want to thank this council for once again taking such a 13 14 leading role in the fight against antisemitism. New 15 York's Jewish community, as you know, is the largest 16 in the world outside of Israel. And your actions 17 today take us one major step closer to curbing and thwarting that dreadful hate. For this, we really 18 19 thank you.

20 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your 21 testimony.

22 Next up, Kyle Satterfield?

KYLE SATTERFIELD: Thank you, Chair Joseph and
members of this committee for the opportunity to
testify today in support of this important resolution

1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION822calling upon the Department of Education to establish3a Jewish Heritage Day in New York City public4schools.

5 My name is Kyle Satterfield, and I am testifying 6 today both as a resident of District 4 and on behalf 7 of The American Jewish Committee, or AJC, a global, 8 nonpartisan advocacy organization that was 9 established 117 years ago here in New York City.

As we have all heard, antisemitism is on the rise 10 11 both on the national level and locally in our city. A few weeks ago, AJC released a its State of 12 13 Antisemitism in America Report 2022, the most 14 comprehensive survey of its kind. AJC's report found 15 that over four in 10 American Jews 41% feel their 16 status less secure than it was just a year ago. 17 Those feelings of lack of security are even greater 18 among young Jewish adults -- 19%, roughly one in five 19 young American Jews between the ages of 18 and 29, 20 say that they were personally targeted by an antisemitic remark or posts online or on social media 21 in the past 12 months. Taking together with those who 2.2 23 are personally targeted, fully 85% of young American Jews were the target of antisemitism online or have 24 seen it online at least once in the past 12 months. 25

1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION832That is compared with 64% of American Jews age 30 or3older.

And as a result of the rise in antisemitism, a 4 5 significant number of American Jews have altered how they conduct their day to day lives -- and even 6 7 whether they publicly identify as Jewish. Nearly four in 10 American Jews -- 38% -- reported changing 8 9 their behavior at least once out of fear of antisemitism. This is the daily reality for American 10 11 Jews, including Jews here New York City, home to the largest Jewish community in the world outside of the 12 state of Israel. 13

14 To prevent antisemitism from becoming further 15 normalized, we must take action. This resolution calling for the establishment of a Jewish Heritage 16 17 Day in our city's public schools is an important step 18 forward. And, critically, this resolution changes 19 the narrative by sending the message at an early age 20 to the students in our school system, that Jews are 21 an important part of the rich tapestry of American society; that the Jewish story is an American story; 2.2 23 that their Jewish classmates and neighbors are an integral part what makes this country great and this 24 city the greatest city in the world. And in the face 25

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of all too frequent reports of New York [INAUDIBLE] of antisemitic incidents in our city, Jewish Heritage Day will send a message to our Jewish students, our young people, that they are seen, they are valued, and theirs is a story worth being proud of.

7 Finally, I note one best practice in combatting 8 antisemitism, is when those of other backgrounds do 9 the speaking. I can think of no better messengers than our city's diverse core of educators for whom I 10 11 have the deepest respect. And I say that as a proud son-in-law of an educator of over 30 years. 12 [TIMER 13 CHIMES] Thank you again for the opportunity to 14 testify today. I, on behalf of myself and the 15 American Jewish Committee, thank Council Member Abreu 16 and his co-sponsors for sponsoring this resolution, and I sincerely thank the members of this committee 17 18 for your consideration of the resolution, and I urge 19 you to support it. The diversity of our city is a 20 part of what makes it such a beautiful place to live, and we should take every opportunity to celebrate it. 21 2.2 Thank you. 23 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you for testimony. Elizabeth Venditto? 24

25

2

3 Council Member Abreu, and members of The Committee on Education for hosting today's hearing. 4

My name is Elizabeth Venditto, and I serve as 5 Director of Institutional Giving at The Museum of 6 7 Jewish Heritage - A Living Memorial To The Holocaust.

I am honored to testify today in support of 8 9 Resolution 153, which calls upon The Department of 10 Education to create a Jewish Heritage Day in New York 11 City public schools.

12 The Museum of Jewish Heritage educates diverse visitors about Jewish life before, during, and after 13 the Holocaust. Our mission is to teach about what 14 15 unchecked hate and bigotry can do. Our exhibitions and public programs examine the richness of Jewish 16 cultures and history. 17

18 Our work builds bridges between the city's 19 communities and creates mutual respect and understanding. We are deeply troubled by the 20 persistent increase in antisemitic rhetoric and 21 violence in the City. The museum was the target of 2.2 23 such an act on January 7, 2021. A confederate flag was tied to the museum's front doors -- and act that 24 was later attributed to the Proud Boys. 25

The museum is an essential resource for combatting bigotry and antisemitism in New York City. We have a longstanding relationship with the DOE and local schools that would support the goals of this resolution.

7 We provide free museum admission for New York 8 City public schools. Our Holocaust curriculum, 9 developed with DOE support and partnership, is a free 10 and trustworthy resource for teachers. Over 2,000 11 teachers attend our professional development 12 workshops each year.

In January 2020, we partnered with former Mayor 13 de Blasio and the DOE to schedule museum visits for 14 15 14,000 students from communities with the greatest rise in antisemitic acts. Though COVID interrupted 16 17 these visits, the need for such a partnership is greater than ever. Next fall, we will expand our 18 19 work to elementary schools by opening our first 20 exhibition that is designed for students in grades 3 21 through 6th.

We thank The City Council for recognizing the importance of teaching public school students about Jewish heritage. And we look forward to partnering with you in this effort, thank you.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION	87
2	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you for your	testimony.
3	Avi Posnick?	

AVI POSNICK: Good afternoon, My name is Avi
Posnick, and I am the Northeast Director for
StandWithUs, an education organization which educates
and empowers students to fight antisemitism and hate.
Thank you, Chair Joseph for holding this hearing
and to Council Member Abreu for sponsoring this
resolution.

11 We have all seen the numbers showing the shocking rise in antisemitic hate crimes here in New York City 12 13 and across the country. As an organization focused on education, StandWithUs believes that education is 14 15 the road to peace. We believe that by learning about 16 one another and getting to know someone, it makes it 17 harder to hate that person. By learning more about 18 the Jewish community, and especially its 19 contributions towards the betterment of New York 20 City, we can combat stereotypes and misconceptions 21 about the Jewish people.

22 Since 2006, the president of the United States 23 and the congress have declared May as National Jewish 24 American Heritage Month. New York City is home to 25 the largest Jewish population in the world outside of

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 88
2	Israel. However, this is not formally celebrated or
3	recognized in New York City schools. And this is
4	something that can and we believe should be changed,
5	and we are grateful to Council Member Abreu for
6	putting forth this resolution and the almost half
7	of the members of the Council who have officially
8	signed on as sponsors.
9	At StandWithUs with have resources and
10	presentations on the subject that are developed for
11	high school and middle school students, and we will
12	be making them available to any and all New York City
13	schools.
14	Thank you for the opportunity to testify this
15	afternoon, and I urge all members to vote in favor of
16	this resolution, thank you.
17	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you. I was going to
18	ask if the curriculum would be available. Is it by
19	request or is it automatically sent out to schools?
20	AVI POSNICK: So, it can Right now it is going
21	to be by request, but we are happy to partner with
22	the members of the Council in different districts to
23	make it available to all schools.
24	
25	

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 89
2	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Okay, and is it just focusing
3	on the Holocaust, or is it going to focus on Jewish
4	heritage, culture, music, language (CROSS-TALK)
5	AVI POSNICK: Jewish heritage, and especially the
6	contributions that the Jewish community has made to
7	New York City.
8	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Absolutely, that's what
9	[INAUDIBLE] (CROSS-TALK)
10	AVI POSNICK: And to this country as a whole.
11	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: As a whole, because you have
12	a lot to celebrate, not just the Holocaust, thank
13	you Give them the happy stuff, too.
14	AVI POSNICK: It is much more The Jewish
15	experience in this country and the world is much more
16	than just the unfortunate incidents of the
17	Holocaust (CROSS-TALK)
18	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Yes, when I studied abroad in
19	Czech Republic, I visited a Jewish museum. And,
20	then, when I went to Vienna, I studied there as a
21	student as well. There is a tree dedicated to the
22	Holocaust with the silver leaves, and each of the
23	victims were on there. And my professor, we visited
24	his orphanage from when he was, uhm, a child, where
25	he was placed during the Holocaust. So, there is a

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 90
2	connection as an educator, as a forever educator, to
3	the Jewish community as well as an educator.
4	Any questions?
5	COUNCIL MEMBER ABREU: Thank you, Chair. I just
6	wanted to thank the panel for your powerful testimony
7	today. And we look forward to taking it through the
8	finish line. Thank you again, Chair, for holding a
9	hearing on this bill. And, thank you, of course, to
10	the chair of the Jewish Caucus, Council Member Eric
11	Dinowitz, who has been a strong, strong partner.
12	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member.
13	I would also like recognize Council Member
14	Sanchez and Council Member Dinowitz.
15	And Council Member Lee has a question.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LEE: Thank you, no, I just wanted
17	to take the time to just recognize all of you here
18	today, and thank you so much for the work that you
19	are doing in the community. I actually, this past
20	Sunday, we had a Simon Wiesenthal, Michael Cohen,
21	you guys hosted an event in my district, which was
22	very, very powerful. So, the work that you are all
23	doing around combatting hate in general of all kinds
24	towards every community, is greatly appreciated.
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2 So, I just want to thank you for that work. 3 And, of course Avi Posnick and all of the other 4 leaders that are here, I just wanted to say thank you, and thank you so much, Council Member Abreu, for 5 this resolution today. And, I am happy to be a co-6 7 sponsor on it. So, just... Things like this and 8 this is why we did... we wanted to do Lunar New Year 9 and other cultural... Putting other days for other communities on the calendars, because I really think 10 11 education in our schools is really important for 12 helping us to understand each other and our cultures, 13 and where we are coming from. So, thank you so much. 14 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you, Council Member 15 Lee. Council Member Restler? 16 17 COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you so much, Chair 18 Joseph, as always, I am enormously appreciate your 19 leadership. 20 And I just want to recognize my colleague, 21 Council Member Abreu, who I feel like, as an Upper 2.2 West Side representative, whose mom worked at Zabars, 23 we are going to have to think about allowing him in to the Jewish Caucus. 24 25 [LAUGHTER IN CHAMBERS]

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2 But, in all seriousness, I appreciate your 3 leadership on this. And we were just having a Jewish 4 Caucus meeting last week, and Chair Dinowitz was ,you know, underscoring just how powerful the curriculum 5 that the Simon Wiesenthal Center provides in our 6 7 schools. And he was really encountering me and 8 others on the call who had not yet taken advantage of 9 the opportunities for partnership to do so.

We have had major upticks in antisemitic violence 10 11 in our community, and have been working together with diverse community based organizations and our 12 13 superintendent in District 14, to develop new 14 curriculum actually with CCHR, that we will be 15 providing in middle schools beginning later this 16 spring semester. And I just really want underscore 17 the importance of creating the space in our schools 18 to educate against hate. And we have to acknowledge 19 the very troubling trends that we are experiencing 20 around antisemitism in particular, but also anti-21 Asian hate, anti LGBTQ+ issues, anti-Blackness, and we need to make sure that our schools are places 2.2 23 where we are building deep solidarity. And I just really want to thank this panel. And I welcome this 24

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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 93
2	resolution that I think moves very much in the right
3	direction. So, thank you, Shaun.
4	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much Oh
5	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Go ahead.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER DINOWITZ: I just want to take a
7	moment to thank my colleague, Council Member Abreu,
8	for this important resolution and all of you for
9	testifying. It cannot be understated how important I
10	feel this is and the Jewish community.
11	And I know in the resolution, I know in some of
12	the testimony we talk about the hate crimes that are
13	on the rise, uhm, and the troubling statistics, and
14	the feelings in the Jewish community. But, something
15	I value about ,you know, Chair Joseph's question
16	about the curriculum, is that being Jewish is about
17	so much more than being a victim. Just before this
18	hearing, I was in Queens at a Model Seder for
19	Holocaust survivors. And one might think that is
20	,you know, being Holocaust survivor is the ultimate
21	symbol of victimhood, but what did I see when I got
22	there? People sitting around a table, eating
23	together, enjoying time together, enjoying the
24	traditions that are thousands of years old. We even
25	got some songs from a 90-somewhat-year-old opera

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 94
2	singer, which was very nice. And being Jewish is
3	about pride, and about joy, and about a shared
4	history, a shared people of community. And that is
5	the sense that I think I am eager to share with
6	everyone in New York City and will all of my
7	colleagues that sense of community.
8	And again, I want to thank Council Member Abreu
9	for his work and Chair for hearing this resolution.
10	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much to everyone
11	on this panel.
12	Our next panel will be Christopher Leon Johnson,
13	Paolo Alberghini, and Lori Podvesker.
14	Please make your way to the front table, thank
15	you.
16	Christopher Leon Johnson?
17	CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: Yeah, I'm up.
18	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: You may begin your testimony.
19	CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: Good afternoon, Chair,
20	my name is Christopher Leon Johnson, I am here to
21	show my support for Intro 153. I don't know why this
22	is even a bill. This should have been made a law
23	already. I am solely support the Jewish people. I am
24	solely against antisemitism. This needed to be a
25	day I don't know why there are only 25 members

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 95
2	who are sponsoring this bill. I think that all the
3	members should be sponsoring this bill, and if they
4	don't, I think we should vote them out. That is my
5	opinion. I believe that there should be more
6	Holocaust education in all of the districts,
7	especially the more minority districts. And with the
8	hate crimes, you need to strengthen these laws when
9	it comes to the Jewish people. There should not be
10	these lax laws that are basically in the whole state
11	of New York, especially the city of New York
12	especially where the DA is trying to be lenient with
13	these crimes against Jewish people. And, basically,
14	that's it. Thank you.
15	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony.
16	Paolo Alberghini?
17	PAOLO ALBERGHINI-PASTOR: Good afternoon, Chair
18	Joseph and members of the Education Committee, and
19	guest. My name is Paolo Alberghini-Pastor, I am the
20	Director of Development for The Center for
21	Educational Innovation. I am here in support of
22	Introduction 644.
23	The Center for Educational Innovation, Project
24	BOOST, was founded more than 20 years ago in New York
25	City to expose students to new experiences like live

2 theater and museum trips, academic support and 3 tutoring to assist all students in accessing the NYC 4 high school of their choice.

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With an eye on equity and innovation, in this 5 post-pandemic world, the council has been expanded to 6 7 help reengage our students with enrichment programs designed to engage students, nurture student talents 8 9 in interests, and help identify college and career pathways, with careers in technical and vocational 10 11 opportunities intended to ultimately improve the 12 economic status of our students and their families.

13 Project BOOST, which stands for Building Options 14 and Opportunities for Students, is currently 15 delivered to many public schools thanks to the 16 generous support from elective officials like you --17 which includes members of the New York State Senate, 18 New York State Assembly, and New York City Council. 19 This support is crucial to allow us to continue to 20 deliver and expand this program in Fiscal Year 2024, so that, together, we can help fill the gaps and 21 meets the needs of every child. 2.2

23 Our programming includes: Art education, in which 24 children can express solutions to problems effecting 25 their communities through art; STEM Education, which

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 97
2	includes both coding and robotics programs for
3	students and families, and ensures every child's
4	first experience with this discipline serves as a
5	positive learning experience; ESPORTS, which is the
6	only college to career enrichment program that opens
7	up opportunities to students to [INAUDIBLE] and
8	participate with the fast paced growing ESPORTS
9	industry; high impact tutoring, which is necessary
10	now more than ever, to support accelerated learning
11	necessary to mitigate the post-pandemic learning
12	loss.
13	Project BOOST programs cover a wide range of
14	academic disciplines including the arts, science,
15	technology, engineering, mathematics, academic
16	tutoring, and support for social-emotional learning,
17	and skill development.
18	Our social-action arts and music programs allows
19	children to express themselves, communicate messages
20	reacting to social issues, encouraging discourse and
21	collaborative problem-solving.
22	Coding and robotics programs for students and
23	families, ensuring their first experience with

24 [INAUDIBLE] programs are engaging and inspirational.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 98
2	Adding to the myriad of programming enjoyed by
3	Project BOOST students, The Center for Educational
4	Innovation's Project BOOST continues its long
5	traditional established by our Early Stages programs
6	and brings thousands of students to enjoy the rich
7	cultural offerings of their city through a guided
8	cultural enrichment experience including live
9	Broadway performances, and visits to museums,
10	galleries, and orchestra concerts.
11	Whenever possible, our Center for Educational
12	Innovation, in partnership with the local community
13	based organizations, brings additional cultural and
14	relevant opportunities [TIMER CHIMES] to students.
15	Thank you so much, and we feel that this
16	introduction is very important to continue to
17	strengthen afterschool programming, which is what we
18	really want all children to enjoy, thank you.
19	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your
20	testimony.
21	Lori Podvesker?
22	LORI PODVESKER: Good afternoon, everybody.
23	Thank you, Chair Joseph and this committee for
24	holding this important hearing on the proposed
25	education bills.

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 99
2	My name is Lori Podvesker, and I am the Director
3	of Disability and Education Policy at INCLUDEnyc. For
4	the last 40 years, INCLUDEnyc has helped hundreds of
5	thousands of New York City families navigate the
6	complex special education service and support
7	systems.
8	I am also a parent of a beautiful 20-year-old
9	developmentally disabled son who attends a District
10	75 program on the Lower East Side.
11	We testify today in favor for this entire
12	legislation package, as all proposed bills, if
13	adopted, will lead to more transparency and
14	accountability. But we especially urge the Council to
15	adopt Introduction bill 868, as this proposed bill
16	regarding District 75 programs will ultimately lead
17	to better outcomes and equity for hundreds of
18	thousands of students with disabilities and a more
19	inclusive city for all New Yorkers.
20	According to the most recent data from the City,
21	including the November 2022 Local Law 27 Report from
22	The Department of Education and the January 2023
23	Preliminary Mayor's Management Report, there are
24	nearly 300,000 students with an IEP in New York City
25	who are receiving special education support and
I	

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION services. This includes nearly 100,000 students with 2 3 disabilities who take a school bus to and from school each day and 26,000+ students attending District 75 4 5 programs throughout the City.

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District 75 students have long been invisible 6 7 within our public school system and communities. The majority of students attending District 75 8 9 specialized programs have developmental disabilities or are educationally classified as having emotional 10 disabilities. In addition, over 90% of District 75 11 12 students identify as Black, Hispanic, or Asian.

13 Due to the rigidity of the ways the system 14 underutilizes the special education continuum, which 15 is the place where services are delivered, the majority of District 75 students spend their entire 16 17 school days in segregated settings and academically, 18 socially, or programmatically, do not interact with 19 general education students, despite almost all 360+ 20 District 75 programs being co-located in school buildings with other schools. And almost all District 21 75 students are bused out of their neighborhoods, 2.2 home school districts, and sometimes even their home 23 boroughs to attend an appropriate school, due to lack 24

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1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION1012of adequate seats and programming options closer to3the residence.

This is not my testimony, but I think it really 4 important in response to some of the things that the 5 Department of Education said earlier, which is the 6 7 placement process for District 75 students, 8 contradicts what the federal Special Education Law 9 mandates, which is that kids with disabilities get educated as close to their home as possible to the 10 11 greatest extent. And how it works is once a student is recommended by the IEP team for District 75 12 13 placement, it goes to a borough enrollment officer, 14 as opposed to [TIMER CHIMES] the school district. 15 And, therefore, the borough enrollment officer looks within that borough to see where there are open 16 17 seats. And that is kind of antithetical to what the 18 law says. And, so, I encourage this committee to 19 press on the DOE to talk about that process. And it 20 actually mirrors the old placement process before the special education reform when a student was 21 recommended for a specialized program or a more 2.2 23 restrictive setting such as a self-contained class. Prior to 2010, schools were able to say that they 24 couldn't educate a kid and they would get bused out 25

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 102 2 elsewhere. And that was done by a borough enrollment 3 officer, but the DOE left in place the borough enrollment officers for District 75. So I am just 4 5 putting that out there.

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Also ,you know, I think it is really important as 6 7 District 75 programs expand, uh, and I will say within the past five years, uh, the number of 8 9 students recommended for District 75 has gone up exponentially, and also for this committee to look at 10 11 that. I think less than five years ago, there were 22,000 children, now there are close to 30,000 and 12 they spoke about a projected 1,700 additional seats 13 14 next year.

15 Also, sorry, I am going off the record here, but 16 it is response to what they said, because I think it is important for you all to hear, which is that I 17 18 suspect that there is a correlation between the 19 percentage of students who get bussed out of their home school districts with the number of charter 20 21 schools. And, also, with pre-Ks and 3Ks, and how 2.2 these... Listen, it's never to pit one group up 23 against another, and that is not what I am doing, and I want to be clear about that -- However, I do feel 24 that it is important for those relationships to be 25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 103
2	looked at, because also what we are not talking about
3	is the correlation between poverty and developmental
4	disabilities. And the community school districts
5	where there is a high percentage of charter schools,
6	where there also are kids with disabilities are
7	getting bused out, that relationship plays out in
8	real life. And it is just something to look at.
9	I will go back to my testimony, thank you.
10	Uh, while a new report on District 75 programs
11	will not immediately solve these blatant acts of the
12	City not meeting the civil and educational rights of
13	these students, we do believe a new report outlining
14	where existing District 75 programs exist, coupled
15	with the criteria for the DOE uses to determine where
16	it locates new District 75 programs, will naturally
17	help the City more appropriately educate District 75
18	students. The adoption of this bill will allow more
19	District 75 students to attend schools closer to
20	where they are living, to the greatest extent
21	possible, and as required of them per special
22	education law. Furthermore, it increases the
23	possibilities of some students spending less time on
24	buses, including sitting on idling bus is due to

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 104
2	multiple schools on one school bus route, leading to
3	better individual health and bus safety outcomes.
4	As a result, more District 75 students will have
5	opportunities for community integration, leading to
6	more independent living, educational progress, and
7	employment after high school. And equally, as
8	important which I feel the system needs to address
9	more is that more District 75 students attending
10	programs, closer to their homes and within their
11	local community schools and buildings, will benefit
12	non disabled students; they will been seen and heard,
13	and the longer that we continue for District 75
14	students to not be seen and heard, the more that they
15	will continue to not be valued in the same way as
16	other groups.
17	And, you know, I say this every time I get a
18	chance, which is it would be an amazing thing if

18 chance, which is it would be an amazing thing if 19 there were just signs outside of buildings where 20 District 75 programs exist. People don't even know 21 that our kids are there. And that's my kid. And 22 with the pandemic, things have worsened, because now 23 with the teacher and school staffing shortages, the 24 segregation that is going on is criminal. And ,you 25 know, where my guy goes to school, because of

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 105
2	staffing issues and capacity, they are still
3	practicing COVID policies where they eat lunch in
4	their classroom; they don't have gym, and they don't
5	go out on field trips, because they don't have enough
6	staff; there aren't enough nurses. So, basically, my
7	guy has been in his class all day with no
8	integration. And ,you know, he is in an eight one to
9	one, and I just heard at a parent teacher conference
10	less than two weeks ago, at times there are 15 kids
11	in a classroom. And ,you know, this is the best of
12	the worst as I say. And I think it speaks a lot ,you
13	know?
14	I really appreciate you guys and all that you
15	are doing. And, Chair Joseph, I cannot say enough to
16	thank you from my heart for bringing District 75 in
17	to the light so that people can see us. Because,
18	historically, we have not even had the time of day,
19	and there is a function just getting us even to this
20	level, thank you.
21	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much for your
22	testimony.
23	Paullette Healy?
24	PAULLETTE HEALY: It is very difficult to follow
25	Lori Podvesker. So I am very glad she brought all of
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 106
2	the data and the numbers, because I am actually going
3	to talk about my son as well, who has had the
4	wonderful opportunity to testify before you and
5	considers you one of his friends, Chair Joseph. He
6	wishes he were here today, but he is in afterschool
7	actually in a community service afterschool program
8	that actually gives back to the homeless and
9	participates in local soup kitchens. And he would
10	not be able to do that if he had to be bused to his
11	school. We were lucky enough that he qualified for
12	the inclusion program at telecommunications, which is
13	within walking distance of our home. And because of
14	that, he is able to participate in a plethora of
15	wonderful afterschool activities, including the
16	community service afterschool club that he is in
17	right now, including the theater enrichment program
18	that he is going to be in tomorrow, and including the
19	dance program so he can shine up his moves and dance
20	and your fundraiser. But, we know that he is the
21	minority when it comes to District 75 students. And
22	as much as I appreciate the bills that are being
23	introduced today, I am going to talk specifically
24	about 0566, 0644, and 0868. Because these are the
25	bills that advocates like me and our whole council of
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1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION1072the Citywide Council of Special Education have been3fighting for -- for over a decade.

4 In terms of the air-conditioning for the school buses, we reported as recently as last summer about 5 the hot buses that our children were going back and 6 7 forth in -- especially exacerbated in the Bronx, when there was that horrible accident that caused 38 of 8 9 our bus attendees and bus matrons to be out of work, because they were just in the hospital -- and the 10 11 ineptitude of the OPT to actually make sure that 12 these kids had busing in place the next day. Thirty 13 children had to stay home during summer, uh, their 14 summer session, because OPT did not act quickly 15 enough, and that is with the relentless support and 16 advocacy that parent advocates like me, [INAUDIBLE] 17 and Sara Catalano (sp?) from PIST, tried to leverage 18 through our connections through , you know, the bus 19 union and bus advocacy. So, those of us community 20 advocates should not have to work so hard in order to make sure our kids get to school when there is a huge 21 bureaucracy that is getting billions of dollars to do 2.2 23 so who can't pull it together ,you know, even with our advocacy. We do appreciate this bill, but we 24 want to make sure that there is increased oversight 25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 108
2	to make sure buses are serviced prior to Summer
3	Rising summer session and all of the different summer
4	programs that are available, so that there is not a
5	lapse in service to getting these children to their
6	programs many of which are 12-month programs that
7	are mandated by law. And, unfortunately, you know,
8	[TIMER CHIMES] when we have a system that is
9	continually busing our children out of their
10	communities, we cannot guarantee that they will get
11	there in time.
12	As for the last bill, which is the reporting on
13	District 75 services and programs, I pulled that data
14	together, and I will make sure that to you in my
15	testimony, so that you can see for yourself the
16	District 75 deserts who are continually shipping
17	their children out of the community in spite of the
18	fact that there are no District 75 programs within
19	their district District 18, District 7, District
20	29, these are all disenfranchised communities with
21	high populations of people living under the economic
22	index and are high populations of people of color.

So ,you know, instead of waiting for this bill to be enacted, I will send you the data now, because I pulled it together myself, because I had to.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

109

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2 That being said, I do appreciate having this 3 opportunity to testify on behalf of my community, I really greatly appreciate your leadership -- And as 4 5 Lori had so wonderfully said, you know, really shed the light on our District 75 programs and our 6 7 students, because they have been left in the shadows 8 for way too long. And if we are really talking about 9 true integration and not just moving bodies from one school to another, and really thinking about how that 10 11 school community looks like for our students, as well 12 as how that community can support the welcoming back 13 of our students, that is part of the conversation. 14 We need to be able to identify now where those 15 deserts are, where we can put them in effective as of September, and make sure that the community and the 16 school are ready to embrace them. So, thank you so 17 much for this time. 18

19 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Of course, thank you. We 20 wanted to find out, on the record, in which school 21 districts are you seeing the lack of District 75 22 programs?

PAULLETTE HEALY: Right now, we have identified
District 7, District 5, District 18, and District 29.
And that is not to say that is not, uh, one

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 110			
2	particular You know, like in District 18, there			
3	are 82 seats for elementary, but 542 children who			
4	actually live in that district who need these seats.			
5	Same thing for District 5, we have 311 District 75			
6	high school students with not a single high school			
7	program there. So, this is how district planning has			
8	kind of gotten around ,you know, identifying as,			
9	like, there is no deficiencies in District 75 seats,			
10	because there may be an abundance of middle school			
11	seats, but that doesn't negate the fact that there is			
12	no high school there. So, having this data that			
13	I had to open five different Special Education			
14	Reports and Excel spreadsheets to compile in to one,			
15	was able to identify geographically where all of the			
16	deficits are. And that is by district, by borough,			
17	from elementary, middle, and high school. And also			
18	the breakdown of where the charter schools are in			
19	conjunction to where the deficits are, too. So, I am			
20	happy to share all of that information with you in my			
21	testimony.			
22	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: We would love that. Uhm,			
23	that was one of the things that we talked about in			
24	our last hearing. Not only transportation, but after			
25	school was very important. Our students with special			

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 111			
2	needs don't get to participate in those programs. I			
3	complained about the fact that a student should not			
4	have to spend three hours on a bus to get to the very			
5	thing that they love it's school. And that is the			
6	only thing that we are doing. So, it is an honor and			
7	a pleasure to make sure we continue to shed the			
8	light, ring the alarm on our District 75 students.			
9	Accessibility has also been an issue. And if you			
10	hear me, I talked about that She said what? That			
11	77% of the buildings are accessible? So, what are			
12	you doing with my child? How are the students			
13	entering and leaving these buildings? So, that is			
14	another thing we are also looking at. There is a lot			
15	of work to do, but I am here for it in partnership			
16	and to make sure that we continue to do oversight on			
17	this issue of District 75 students. If we talk about			
18	being inclusive, that means all of New York City			
19	students.			
20	PAULLETTE HEALY: And if I could just highlight			
21	one more thing, Chair Joseph, the NYCSCA recently			
22	appeared in front of you in terms of their proposal			
23	and their school construction plan for the next four			
24	years. We have been fighting with School			
25	Construction Authority to make sure that all of the			
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 112		
2	new buildings that are being built are going to allow		
3	a District 75 program within it. Because we have		
4	been struggling for years to make sure that our		
5	children with mobility issues are prioritized when		
6	comes to these fully accessible buildings which :		
7	a requirement of being a new building being built in		
8	New York City. And, unfortunately, it is a constant		
9	fight to try to get a District 75 placement in those		
10	buildings even though they are fully equipped to		
11	support all children with various, different		
12	disabilities.		
13	So, if we can urge you to please join us in our		
14	advocacy to hold NYCSCA accountable in terms of		
15	making sure that programming is in place even		
16	before Enrollment gets their hands on it I think		

16 before Enrollment gets their hands on it -- I think 17 that that would help us really incorporate our 18 neighborhood children into these schools that are 19 being built for capacity sake.

20 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Lori, I noticed that you 21 mentioned something about partnerships in terms of 22 post-secondary training in partnerships, and what 23 does that look like for you? Give me an idea. 24 LORI PODVESKER: I don't know, I think there is a 25 lot of opportunities that don't cost money and low

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 113			
2	hanging fruit. And ,you know, it goes back to			
3	schools being adequately staffed including transition			
4	counselors, which are required. But ,you know, they			
5	are among the last group of professionals to be			
6	spoken about. And I get why; however, as a parent o			
7	an almost 21-year-old, with the last few years being			
8	home, and the lack of adequate ,you know, staff,			
9	there are no more internships happening. And there			
10	are no more field trips like I was saying. And those			
11	field trips were in the community. They were to the			
12	community garden. They were to the supermarket ,you			
13	know, to learn how to shop and learn about money.			
14	They were at the libraries. But ,you know, equally			
15	valuable in those experiences are the soft skills			
16	that my guy would have access to, and these are			
17	things that the majority of us don't even realize,			
18	but for him having a better quality of life, because			
19	he can be part of the fabric of the City. So, that			
20	could mean just interacting with other people			
21	knowing when to speak and not to speak, knowing when			
22	move to the right to let other people by, knowing			
23	when to stick his hand out to say hello. These are			
24	such important skills, but if he doesn't have access			
25	to those opportunities, they don't get developed.			
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1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 114			
2	And ,you know, it goes back to this bill that we are			
3	introducing well, I'm not, but you guys are but			
4	,you know, and it goes back to the things like the			
5	signage, but even more so, and you have heard me talk			
6	about my experience when we were turned away from			
7	using the front door of the building, is that by			
8	District 75 students using separate doors, they don't			
9	get those opportunities for those soft skills that			
10	lead to better outcomes after high school. Post-			
11	secondary is just a fancy word for after high school.			
12	And so it is the word "transition" that we use in the			
13	Special Education space, but we need opportunities.			
14	And we are not there, sadly.			
15	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you so much to everyone			
16	on this panel.			
17	If there is anyone else in the room who wishes to			
18	testify, please make your way to the Sergeant At Arms			
19	desk in the back. So, that it is for our in-person			
20	testimony today.			
21	We will now move onto our virtual panel. Our			
22	first panel will consist of Leona Teten and Ellen			
23	McHugh.			
24	Leona Teten, you may begin.			
25	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time will start now.			

2 LEONA TETEN: Hi, good afternoon, Chair Joseph and 3 to the Education Committee, thank you so much for bringing this resolution forth and for letting me 4 testify. 5 My name is Leona Teten. I'm a member of Bronx 6 7 Community Board 8 and a senior at the Bronx High School of Science, where I am a StandWithUs intern 8 9 for Mr. Posnick, and the president of our Jewish Student Union. 10 11 I'm here today to testify in support of Resolution Number 153, calling on the Department of 12 Education to create a Jewish Heritage Day in New York 13 14 City public schools. 15 I think that further education about the Jewish community will reduce bias and misconceptions about 16 17 who Jews are and what they do -- thus reducing the antisemitism that Jews, including New York City 18 19 students, including my friends, face daily.

In a class that I am taking, which is meant to focus on minorities and their experiences in this country, the only mention of the Jewish community was in reference to Jim Crown and the Holocaust, and how Hitler admired the polices of discrimination in this country against the Black community and used it as a 1COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION1162model for the Nuremberg Laws. While this is3important to know, the story of the Jewish people in4this country is much more than the Holocaust, and it5all needs to be told.

6 Many of my peers instinctively associate Jews 7 with the Holocaust, and that is the only thing we are 8 taught in history class. They don't know about the 9 resilience and rebuilding that occurred afterwards, 10 or what the Jewish people are up to today.

11 As president of the Jewish Student Union, I have 12 run my own educational programs for club members 13 about antisemitism and Jewish history. It is clear to 14 me that the Department of Education should take 15 responsibility for educating New York City Students. 16 I am wholeheartedly in favor of calling on the DOE to 17 do so by establishing a Jewish Heritage Day in New 18 York City public schools, and I urge all of the 19 members of the committee to vote in favor of this 20 resolution, thank you. 21 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: Thank you so much. 23 I would like to recognize Council Member Schulman, thank you for joining us. 24

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 117	
2	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Next up, we will hear from	
3	Ellen McHugh. Ellen?	
4	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time starts now.	
5	ELLEN MCHUGH: Hi, good afternoon, it is a	
6	pleasure to be here even though it is sunnier outside	
7	than in.	
8	I am here to talk about the issue on the District	
9	75 schools and the coordination and cooperation	
10	between and among agencies that serve students with	
11	disabilities.	
12	During the height of the pandemic, summer school	
13	or summer access was opened, and DYCD, with the best	
14	of intentions, I do believe, was put in charge of the	
15	summer programming. Unfortunately, they had no	
16	understanding of the fact that individuals with	
17	disabilities would be attending those programs and	
18	were totally unprepared. And rather than reaching	
19	out to ask for help in preparing or even having	
20	schools provide extra services through their Special	
21	Education divisions, DYCD refused to serve students	
22	with special needs.	
23	This is not an unusual situation. For those of	
24	us who are parents of students with special needs or	

25 more profound disabilities, we have become accustomed

1 COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 118 2 to being shuffled about. Any school that offers an 3 afterschool program where a District 75 school might 4 be co-located, has no obligation to serve the 5 District 75 student in that co-located building, 6 because they are not on roster in the general 7 education building.

Any principal of a general education building, as 8 9 harsh as this may sound, can say that he or she no longer has room for individuals who satisfy the 10 11 District 75 description. This happened not too long ago at PS 104 in District 20, where families were 12 told that a District 75 school that had existed in 13 14 that building for years and years, was being moved. 15 Not because it wasn't in demand, but, because, at that time, that principal felt that he or she needed 16 17 the room for somebody else.

18 This is where we come against the brute fact of 19 discrimination in this city or country however you 20 want to describe it. People look at individuals with 21 disabilities with, as they say on the streets, a hairy eyeball: "Do these people actually contribute 2.2 23 to our society?" "Will these people work?" "Are they a drain on our system?" This becomes the 24 question, not, "What can we do to assist you in 25

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION 119		
2	making your life as measurably important as possible		
3	as we do our typically developing students?" But,		
4	instead, "Where can we put you?" So, that [TIMER		
5	CHIMES] in theory, if not in fact, you get a service.		
6	And how (CROSS-TALK)		
7	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time has expired.		
8	ELLEN MCHUGH: And using the word "service" when		
9	we talk about education for students, is not only		
10	disrespectful, but it belittles the fact that our		
11	students do learn and they learn well. They learn		
12	from their peers. They also learn from their		
13	community. And their ability to be open and		
14	welcoming to those that are different is an example		
15	to all of us who have decided that difference is what		
16	divides us.		
17	Thank you for the time. And I am sure that there		
18	will be more opportunities to talk.		
19	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you for your testimony.		
20	And thank you to everyone on the panel.		
21	If there is anybody left online who would like to		
22	testify, please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function?		
23	Not seeing any hands, that concludes our public		
24	testimony for today's hearing.		
25			

1	COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION	120
2	CHAIRPERSON JOSEPH: I am adjourning t	the
3	meeting, thank you.	
4	[GAVEL SOUND] [GAVELING OUT]	
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CERTIFICATE

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 22, 2023