CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS

November 29, 2021 Start: 1:02 P. M. Recess: 1:42 P. M.

HELD AT: REMOTE HEARING (VIRTUAL ROOM 1)

B E F O R E: Robert E. Cornegy, Jr., Chair

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Fernando Cabrera
Margaret S. Chin,
Mark Gjonaj
Barry S. Grodenchik
Farah N. Louis,
Bill Perkins
Carlina Rivera
Helen K. Rosenthal

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE:

Kalman Yeger

APPEARANCES

Michael McKee, Treasurer of TenantsPAC

Judith Goldiner Attorney-in-Charge, Civil Law Reform Unit of the Legal Aid Society

Samuel Stein,
The Community Service Society

Joseph M. Condon, General Counsel at Community Housing Improvement Program

Ryan Monell Vice President of City Legislative Affairs Real Estate Board of New York

Daniel Benedict, Benedict Realty Group

Amber Nicosia,
President of Mutual Redevelopment Houses [Penn South]

Warren Schreiber, Co- President of the Presidents Co-op and Condo Council; Co-op President Bay Terrace Greens.

Victoria Agoglia, Asset Manager at Akelius Residential

Bob Friedrich,
President of Glen Oaks Village; Co-President and
Founder of the Presidents Co-op and Condo Council

Geoffrey Mazel, Hankin & Mazel, PLLC, Chairperson of Queens Bar Association Co-op and Condo Committee, Legal Advisor to the Presidents Co-op and Condo Council

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Lyric Thompson, Tenant Advocate

I'm Council Member Robert Cornegy, Chair of the Committee on Housing and Buildings.

We're here today to hold the hearing on a bill to renew the city J-51 tax incentive program.

Nearly two years ago, a global pandemic that put this city on pause in many ways, we want to make sure we're doing what we can to make sure the city doesn't fall in to disrepair. J-51 is an important tool for

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preserving affordable housing in New York and for ensuring properties are kept in good repair.

Through the J-51 Program, property owners can apply for a tax exemption or abatement for certain reduced or eliminated estate taxes. At the same time J-51 is meant to ensure the affordability of housing units receiving these tax benefits by requiring a rent stabilization for as long as the J-51 benefits are enforced.

When properly applied, J-51 is an important way to make sure the city's affordable housing stock is well-maintained and its affordability protects it.

Periodically a state legislator authorizes this city council to renew this program. The city council most recently renewed the program through June 2020.

The pre-considered introduction we are hearing today, sponsored by Council Member Yeger, extends the J-51 tax abatement and exemption for rent retroactively through June 30, 2020.

I'd like to thank my fellow committee members, and I'd like to ask Committee Counsel those in the room.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Sure, uh, today we're joined by Council Members Chin, Gjonaj, Rivera, Rosenthal,

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 1 and the sponsor of today's legislation Council Member 2 3 Yeger. CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: We will now hear from bill 4 sponsors who would like to make a statement about 5 this legislation. 6 7 Thank you, I will now turn it over to Committee Counsel Audrey Son to go over some procedural items 8 for today's remote hearing. COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you, Chair, 10

Uh, we will at this time hear from any bill sponsors who would like to speak, uh, about the bill.

Council Member Yeger?

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COUNCIL MEMBER YEGER: Uh, thank you very much. Uh, thank you, Mr. Chairman. Uh, you described it so eloquently and so, uh, judiciously brief that I don't think I have to add anything. But, uh, I'm an elected official and have a microphone, so here we are.

Uhm, this has been long in the waiting, because it's really necessary, uh, for our city's housing stock, for the ability of the city to keep itself from falling in to disrepair, and really to prevent the disinvestment that we saw in real estate, uh, going back in the 70's, uh, and even in the 80's.

Uh, this is not expensive, and it's absolutely 2 necessary. It's been awhile waiting, uh, here we are 3 4 today, uh, we have only about 32 days to the session of the council, it's important that we pass this now, Mr. Chairman. And, I'm very grateful for your 6 leadership on this topic in general, but more 7 8 broadly, uh, for your last four years that you've been a mentor of mine, uh, and a good friend, and you've been talking the common sense about the things 10 11 we need to in this city to keep our neighborhoods 12 strong, vibrant, and from falling into disrepair and 13 disinvestment. And, for that I'm very grateful, and I give it back to you, Mr. Chair, with my thanks, uh, 14 15 for that and also for your co-sponsorship of this bill. 16

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, so much Council
Member Yeger, and thank you for your steadfast
advocacy for communities like ours. And, a lot of
people aren't used to me saying that, and they don't
understand that there are communities like ours that
are really suffering during this time. So, thank you
so much, uh, Council Member Yeger for your
steadfastly commitment and advocacy around issues,

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and especially around small homeowners and uh, buildings, and residents, thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thanks very much. Uh, my name is Audrey Son, I am counsel to The City Council's Committee on Housing and Buildings. Before we proceed, I would like to remind everyone that you will be on mute until you are called on to testify, at which point you will be unmuted.

During the hearing, if council members would like to ask a question, please use the Zoom Raise Hand Function, and I will call on you in order.

In the interest of time, we will limit council member questions to five minutes.

Uh, we did receive a note that the administration will not be appearing at today's hearing. Uh, they did submit written testimony for the record, which will be available online following the hearing.

Uh, at this time, we will move directly in to testimony from members of the public who have registered to speak at this hearing.

Uhm, again, as just a reminder, uh, unlike our in person hearings, we will call individuals one by one to testify. Once your name is called, a member of our staff will unmute you, and the Sergeant At Arms

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2 | will set the timer at three minutes for you to begin.

3 Uh, periodically, I will call, uh, a list of names of

4 those who will speak. So, please listen for your

5 name to be called.

Uh, we will begin by hearing from Mike McKee, followed by Judith Goldiner, and Sam Stein.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

MIKE MCKEE: Good afternoon, my name is Michael McKee, I am a treasure of Tenant's Political Action Committee, and I've been a tenant organizer and advocate for 51 years.

Uh, I don't have much to say here, except, number one, I want to object to the sneak attack nature of this hearing. For you to send out a notice on the Wednesday afternoon, before Thanksgiving, uh, before a four-day holiday, uh, for a hearing on Monday, I'm sorry, that is simply... That does not pass the smell test.

Secondly, uh, this is like Déjà vu from two years ago when you renewed the rent... You renewed J-51 again, uh, for a year without acknowledging all of the criticism that had been made of the program.

And, here we are again, at the end of, uh, a term

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CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you, Mr. McKee.

Thank you very much.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thanks very much.

limited city council, and you're trying to sneak this through, through the end of the year. Shame on you.

This is basically a program that needs drastic reform. It needs to be targeted to genuinely affordable housing. Everyone knows that. It is simply a misuse of scare tax subsidy dollars for you to be subsidizing market rate co-ops and condos to improve the value of their investments. It's wrong.

Secondly, you're totally ignoring the lack of enforcement by the city and the state of the rent regulation requirements of this program, which have been well documented in the testimony two years ago by The Community Service Society and the Legal Aid Society.

I mean, how can you sit there with a straight face and pass this bill when you know that HPD and DHCR are not going to enforce the tenant protection provisions of this law? I mean, come on, get serious, guys, don't do this. Uh, this is really, really, uh, a disgusting move on the part of the city council, and we object to it.

We will now hear from Judith Goldiner, followed by Sam Stein, and Joe Condon.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

JUDITH GOLDINER: Hello, my name is Judith

Goldiner, I am the Attorney-in-Charge of The Civil

Law Reform Unit at the Legal Aid Society. And, I am

also distressed that two years after the council last

renewed J-51, we are giving essentially the same

testimony again, because the council has done nothing

to respond to the very serious concerns that we

raised two years ago and have raised for many years.

This is a very expensive as of right program.

Costs 3 million... Almost 300 million dollars in

lost taxes, and a great deal of that money goes to

market rate co-ops and condos who do not need to be
subsidized.

We... What we really need to see here, is the complete reworking of J-51 so that J-51 serves the purpose of helping, uhm, low income tenants in... with bad conditions, or helping HDFC co-ops who need money for repairs just so that they can continue to say affordable.

This is a program that is not targeted to ensure affordability. And, there is no, as Michael said

I will also like to note at this time that we have been joined by Council Member Louis.

We will now proceed to testimony from Sam Stein, followed by Joe Condon, and Ryan Monell.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

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SAM STEIN: Thank you very much. Uhm, I don't have much to add, because that testimony that Judith Goldiner just presented was developed by our organizations together by Legal Aid Society and The Community Service Society. And, it is substantially the same as the testimony we presented two years ago.

I went back in to the data to see if the facts on the ground had changed, if the money was being used differently or if it was costing substantially less, and the answer to those questions was no. The program has not changed. The problems with the program have not changed. And, so, uh, refreshing it without addressing the long standing criticisms would be an error.

I will read now from the section on what we believe should happen to improve this program.

The following changes would significantly improve it:

Eliminate all benefits for co-ops and condos except those being developed with government assistance.

Replace the current system of restrictions on exemptions and abatements with one that can more directly target benefits to lower-rent apartments,

1	COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND BUILDINGS 14
2	ideally by setting a limit on the average rent on
3	apartments in buildings eligible for the benefit. The
4	outdated strategy of basing eligibility on geography
5	should definitely be abandoned.
6	Finally, improve the coordination of the J-51
7	benefit with the rent increases allowed in rent-
8	stabilized buildings for major capital improvements
9	by requiring landlords to seek a J-51 exemption
10	before applying for these rent increases, and
11	document the outcome to the state agency that
12	administers rent stabilization; and by reducing the
13	rent increases by 100 percent of the value of the ta:
14	benefit instead of only 50 percent.
15	We believe these are the kinds of changes that
16	make J-51 an appropriate form of tax subsidy.
17	Without it, it is a deeply regressive program.
18	Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Uhm, just quickly, have you
20	submitted those recommendations for
21	SAM STEIN: Yes, we have.
22	CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you.
23	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

We will now hear from Joe Condon, followed by

25 Ryan Monell, and Daniel Benedict.

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opportunity to testify. My name is Joe Condon, I am

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

testifying on behalf of The Community Housing

Improvement Program, also known as CHIP.

CHIP members are long term owners of rent stabilized housing. They have good relationships with their tenants. They have become part of the communities in which they provide housing. Our members want their tenants to be happy. They want to provide quality housing, excellent services, and they don't really want to evict their tenants.

JOSEPH CONDON: Good afternoon, thank you for the

Reauthorizing the J-51 tax abatement will help ensure that tens of thousands of units of rental housing remain rent stabilized. More importantly, it will also ensure that tenants of already rent stabilized housing are able to enjoy improved living conditions, as the buildings they live in get much needed work done; uh, whether it is new boilers or roofs from damage from recent hurricanes or storm, replacing windows to be more energy efficient, or installing a new elevator rather than repairing the one that keeps breaking down, the J-51 program

right for their tenants.

Rather than patchwork repairs, these providers

enables affordable housing providers to do what is

Rather than patchwork repairs, these providers are able to replace entire buildings components and make lives better for their tenants.

From surveys of our membership, we see that the J-51 program is heavily relied on in outer borough neighborhoods, mostly neighborhoods, uhm, where low and middle income families live. Many owners in those areas have projects that were recently completed or are soon to be completed, who are counting on the J-51 tax benefit to make the numbers for the project work.

We have also discovered that several projects could not be completed by the June 2020 deadline for COVID related reasons, and are now excluded from applying for that tax abatement. These housing providers dutifully performed important building improvements during a time of great fiscal difficultly and uncertainty when deferring a project would have been an easy choice.

Reauthorizing the J-51 tax benefit for those buildings is an important step. And, in fact, the J-51 program has been an important part of improving

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the condition of rent stabilized housing stock in New York City over the last 50 years. Rent stabilized buildings are very old, they have restrictions on rent increases, and there is a continued need for housing providers to invest and upgrade their buildings. When they do so, there is a very real improvement on the quality of lives for tenants -- a result from these projects.

Failing to reauthorize J-51 at this time, would discourage future investments in the housing stock and have a negative impact on the quality of life for tenants.

Until there is a viable alternative, the city really needs to renew the J-51 program, uh, for the foreseeable future.

We do think it is important for the council to do more, uh, the J-51 tax benefit is relatively small compared to the entire city budget and the tax revenue generated from multifamily taxes. And, as rent regulation becomes stricter in New York City... (Cross-Talk)

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.

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JOSEPH CONDON: deeper tax breaks are needed to keep costs down while enabling housing providers to continue to improve their properties.

Uh, thank you for the opportunity to testify.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you for your

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: We will now hear from Ryan Monell, followed by Daniel Benedict, and then Amber Nicosia.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

RYAN MONELL: Well, thanks, Chair Cornegy, uh, my name is Ryan Monell with the Real Estate Board of New York.

J-5 is a critical tool for improving the aging building stock of New York City and is used widely throughout all five boroughs. The program has supported 51% of co- ops citywide, including Mitchell-Lama and naturally occurring affordable housing.

Rental income and capital investment are the lifeblood of ensuring high-quality rental housing, and programs like J-51 help preserve homeownership as a primary wealth-building tool for low- and middle-income households. J-51 allows multifamily rental

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owners and low- and middle-income owners to afford increasingly expensive capital upgrades without spending retirement savings or other funds, nor passing the cost onto equally cash-strapped tenants. Continuing the J-51 program will prevent thousands of New Yorkers from facing increased rents and property tax bills to offset the cost of critical infrastructure upgrades. Providing direct assistance in the form of tax programs such as J-51 is therefore critical to maintaining affordability alongside quality living conditions.

The program has high utilization in neighborhoods such as Co-op City and Hudson Manor Terrace in the Bronx, Glen Oaks Village and Forest Hills South in Queens, and Penn South in Manhattan. Passing an extender of the J-51 program today will support a pathway to homeownership and economic mobility for communities of color, middle income and low-income households, and working-class New Yorkers.

REBNY does want to note that the program is not perfect and consideration for changes in the future are duly warranted.

As we approach continued reauthorization by the State in 2022, REBNY would encourage the council and

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the city to consider reforms as part of the process to future iterations of the program to ensure optimal functionality. A new J-51 should consider reforms to the Certified Reasonable Cost formula to ensure a streamlined, greener, and more cost-efficient program that uses public resources efficiently while leveraging the program of the private sector as best as possible.

A future iteration also of the program could address ensuring new construction and opportunities for substantial rehabilitation contributed to climate adaptation. Adopting sustainability driven measures as criteria for accessing programs, should provide an opportunity for universal agreement.

Additionally, providing direct subsidy, uh, for system-wide upgrades in existing buildings to reduce emissions or electrify spaces will ensure this complicated work is done.

Programs like J-51 should and must be reformed to make it financially feasible to bring buildings into the 21st century and to also meet sustainability goals.

As always, REBNY and our members stand ready to collaborate with the council and the city on ways to

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2 improve access to housing for all New Yorkers. We

look forward to working with our partners in government to ensure key programs like J-51 remain and are functioning optimally to put this homes

Thank you.

within reach.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you for testimony.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

We will now hear from Daniel Benedict, followed by Amber Nicosia, and Warren Schreiber.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

DANIEL BENEDICT: Thank you, my name is Daniel Benedict and I manage approximately 70 buildings, half of them co-ops and half of them rental buildings.

Uhm, I join in the, uh, perhaps criticism, I also received very late notice about this testimony. So, I am talking, and I am speaking to you without any prepared or written notes.

I just want to make you aware... I'll m sure you're aware of the fact that co-ops which are assessed over a certain number -- over a certain amount, are anyway not eligible for J-51.

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On the rental building, I'm just going to talk to you anecdotally about a building where we started work in 2000 and, uh... before COVID, the building has fuses and only 30 Amps going to each apartment, resulting in, uh, especially in hot days, every second day, an apartment calling saying that their fuses are blowing, and they cannot continue to have... both charge their phone, keep some of their appliances on, and turn on one or two air conditioners in their apartments.

The only way to really fix these problems was to completely rewire the building -- the building was built in 1928 -- and to completely rewire the building -- put in a new system, new entry, work with Con Edison. And, this is for a 60-unit building. It is about a 400 thousand dollar project. The entire rental for the building is 900 hundred thousand dollars, and about 220 thousand that the building are in real estate taxes paid to the city.

So, the only way we could -- really the only way -- this building is, uhm, a 100 stabilized buildings, the average rent is in the \$1,350 per apartment, and the only way to consider doing the work that we started, and signed in to contract, which we had to

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time. 25

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AMBER NICOSIA: Good afternoon, my name is Amber Nicosia, I am the president of Mutual Redevelopment Houses, which is also known as Penn South.

Penn South is a limited equity, affordable housing cooperative of ten 22-story building, covering six blocks. We're supervised by the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), and our contract with the city provides tax abatement in exchange for income restrictions on our occupants.

We're incredibly proud of the 59 years that we've had providing high quality affordable housing to more than 5,000 low and moderate income New Yorker -- the majority of whom, and our residents, are senior citizens. We are the first recognized NORC (Naturally Occurring Retirement Community) in the country.

And, while we operate in a financially sound manner, our community has always depended on tax abatements to keep our caring charges low and affordable for our residents who are fixed incomes.

Currently, we're in desperate need of the replacement of electrical sub meters for just under three thousand units, our domestic hot water and cold

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water pipes, and our underground pipe replacement for the HVAC system. These are projects that can no longer be delayed, and they have to begin immediately. Unfortunately, Penn South is unable to take advantage of the J-51 tax benefits since June 30 of 2020 because of the sunset in the law.

This is also during the same period of time that COVID has devastated businesses and interrupted supply chains. So, now we're forced to begin capital projects without the J-51 savings, and with higher expenses than anybody could have anticipated because of COVID. This is in essence, for us financially, a perfect storm.

The good news is that the city council has an opportunity to approve the legislation. HBD is continuing to accept J-51 applications, and they can begin to process those applications as soon as J-51 is extended.

Penn South desperately needs this assistance, and we need your help getting this legislation voted back in to our city.

If you must pass and amend, we fully support you doing so, because we are the intended recipients of any type of legislation that would be developed.

president of my own co-op located in Bay Terrace

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Greens.

The J-51 tax abatement is not tax break for wealthy co-op and condo owners. To qualify for the abatement, a property cannot exceed an excess valuation of 40 thousand dollars -- a value that is definitely not representative of wealthy owners of high end properties.

Residents of my co-op are a diverse mix of retirees on fixed incomes, civil servants, single parents, and young families just starting in life.

Base maintenance for an apartment in Bay Terrace Cooperatives section 1, including gas and electric, averages \$500.00 to \$625.00 a month. My neighbors are middle class individuals living in affordable, well maintained housing.

Over the years, thanks to the J-51 abatement, we have been able to replace our windows and roofs, uh, which are energy efficient projects -- without imposing a considerable maintenance increase or onerous assessment on the shoulders of shareholders.

Without the J-51, may co-op properties will put off badly needed repairs or property upgrades.

For many people, cooperatives represent the last bastion of affordable, middle class housing in New York City. We must preserve that housing stock.

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I urge the city council to pass the J-51 extender.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you. Thank you, very much for your testimony.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: We will now hear from Victoria Agoglia, followed by Bob Friedrich, and Geoffrey Mazel.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

VICTORIA AGOGLIA: Hi, good afternoon, my name is Victoria Agoglia, I'm an asset manager for Akelius, which is a not for profit organization where 85 percent of our proceeds go to benefit non-political charities such as SOS Children's Foundation.

Uhm, with decreasing benefits across the board, such as MCI reductions, lack of proper apartment rent increases for rent stabilized apartments, the cost of owning a property in New York City and being able to provide a better living accommodation to our tenants is becoming unbearable for landlords that own these prewar buildings, and we're suffering due to the lack of support.

From over 1.4 million dollars in arrears rent that's owed to us, despite government assisted

programs to the eviction moratorium, the J-51 tax benefit was our final crutch for providing a better quality of life for our residents as well as being able to give back to the community.

We no longer have the means to continually run a property that costs more to fix than it collects in annual rent revenue and growth. Tax rates continually rise, uh, despite evidence that repairs and parts continue to rise.

We own a property in a landmark district in Crown Heights in Brooklyn that has strongly benefited from the improvements that we have made through the years of neglect from prior ownership. Between plumbing, façade, and full window replacement projects, we've spent well over 9.5 million dollars, which would have qualified for these tax saving benefits.

The J-51 program would also help benefit our residents in that the MCI applicant for qualified expenses would be reduced. The government incentivizes landlords to own and make improvements to these properties, as they don't have the resources to do so. If you take away this incentives, then everyone suffers. If landlords are unable to make money, it doesn't benefit anyone -- properties will

continually become distressed, and residents will suffer due to the consequences.

I strongly encourage those of you who make this decision to consider all stakeholders and landlords or older properties that are continually held as a scapegoat for New York City's lack of housing, and yet they continually see how dry they can make the well.

And, I thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you for your testimony.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

We will now hear from Bob Friedrich followed by Geoffrey Mazel, and Lyric Thompson.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Starting time.

BOB FRIEDRICH: My name is Bob Friedrich, and I am the President of the largest garden apartment co-op in New York, Glen Oaks Village, and also co-president and founder of the President's Co-op and Condo Council, the think tank of a 100 co-op board presidents.

I cannot overemphasize the importance of the J-51 program. It allows affordable co-ops the ability to

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possible because of the J-51 program.

maintain and upgrade New York City's residential housing stock.

The J-51 program was created decades ago, and has forged a partnership between the city and affordable residential housing communities to provide a reduction in taxes on capital improvement spending.

The J-51 program has been enormously successful in helping maintain and upgrade the city's housing stock to benefit working class families who are your constituents.

A few years ago, Glen Oaks Village installed more than 18,000 new energy efficient windows. We could not have done this without the help of the J-51 program -- without it, monthly maintenance would have had to increase double digits, which would have been devastating to many of our seniors and working class families.

Glen Oaks is just one example of an affordable co-op that remains affordable because of the J-51 program.

eligible capital improvements that have been made

Since 2002, we've spent millions of dollars on

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Mr. McKee, Mr. Stein, and Ms. Goldiner, 2 3 4 5 6

incorrectly characterized this program as a program for wealthy co-ops. To be clear, the J-51 benefits do not apply to multi-million dollar co-ops. apply to co-ops whose apartments have an assessed valuation of less than \$35,000. Think about it, this means the program only applies to affordable co-ops,

many of which are starter homes for city workers, or retired seniors, or sublets to families at affordable 10

11 rents. But, what makes them extra special is that

12 they are in good physical condition because of the J-

13 51 program.

> The J-51 benefits allow co-ops to improve the quality of life of their residents. Without it, the housing stock in these non-wealthy communities would fall in to disrepair.

This past year, the New York State legislature, as it has done in previous years, voted to extend the program a year. And, as the city council has also done in previous years, they voted to extend it. are asking you to do the same this year.

This is issue is not sexy, it does not garner much attention, media coverage, or conversation around the dinner table, but it's truly one of the

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most important programs that help keep our affordable co-ops affordable. *Please* take the time to approve this one year extension. We need it. Your

5 | constituents need it.

Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you... (Cross-Talk)

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you for your

testimony.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

We will now hear from Geoffrey Mazel, followed by Lyric Thompson.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: (Background Noise) Starting time.

GEOFFREY MAZEL: Uh, my name is Geoffrey Mazel, and I would like to thank the chair member for calling this meeting, uh, five days' notice in the era of Zoom is more than adequate. And, any time we get the opportunity to meet with our city council, it's a function of good government and always appreciated by myself and my colleagues.

Uh, by way of background, I am a practicing attorney in the city of New York for over 35 years.

And, we represent co-op and condo boards exclusively.

I'm the chairperson of the Queens Bar Association Co-op and Condo Committee, and a legal advisor to the Presidents Co-op and Condo Council, an organization who's members represent over a 100,000 residents in affordable co-op and condos -- mostly in outer boroughs of the City of New York.

I would like to submit my absolute support for the extension of the J-51 tax credit benefits, which passed both the New York State Assembly and senate with vast majorities, and was immediately signed in to law... Uh, immediately signed by the governor in June of 2021.

Uh, my research indicates that the J-51 program has been around since 1955, and has been immeasurably successful in this time period. It encourages property owners to make capital improvements on their property.

Uhm, as counsel for numerous co-op boards through the past 35 years, I have been a witness on a day to day basis of the incredible impact -- positive impact -- this program has had on my clients. It has encouraged and fostered much need capital improvements and preventive measures that might not have been taken but for the tax benefits provided.

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It is essential for both the physical and monetary

future of the co-op housing stock in the City of New

York and to preserve and let these units stay

5 affordable.

As you heard testimony before, the program only applies to assessed valuations of \$40,000 per unit, which is not a multi-million dollar unit. It is entry level housing, uh, mostly in the outer boroughs. It is affordable housing that serves the working and middle class communities. It's a targeted program that benefits those co-op owners that need it the most. It makes the difference between having repairs made or not made. program also -- one thing no one has mentioned yet-it provides good jobs for many New Yorkers in the field of construction, related industries, many high paying skilled jobs will be employed as a result. And, again, these monies that you pay out to the workers, and to the contractors, and to various other people come back to the city. So, it's not a giveaway. It is encouraging, uh, growth, and it is encoring business, at the same time benefitting many, many co-op owners.

building at a steal, then evicted every, single tenant on a holdover -- which is illegal in a rent stabilized building, but these are poor people that

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don't necessarily know their rights, and HPD really doesn't care about that. He then installed -- ripped out that new boiler, and installed individual meters in hot water heaters, because he didn't want to pay for gas. Our city gave him a tax exemption for this. We gave him a tax exemption for illegally evicting an entire building of poor people and passing the cost of gas on to the tenants.

Now, of course bad landlords are going to do bad things, but what happens when you bring this to the attention of the city and the city council?

Absolutely nothing. Absolutely nothing.

The rent in that building went from \$600.00 to over \$1,800. And, for the first six years of receiving the J-51, he didn't bother to give rent stabilized leases or adhere to the rental schedule that they had promised to adhere to.

So, I... I'm left here wondering, you know, the system and the program might work for a few, but without oversight it becomes very abusive to those tenants. They're getting cleared out of the buildings, so landlords can claim emergency repairs as upgrades.

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If you're going to reinstate the J-51 or continue the J-51, then the responsible thing to do would be oversight of the program, because the cost to the tenants and the cost to our city is more than we could bear during this time of economic hardship.

And, those are my comments on the J-51.

Council Member, Cornegy, I'm still waiting for the oversight hearing regarding HPD and their lack of enforcement of our safety standards for egress doors.

Do you plan on holding said hearing before you leave office?

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Your... I have really attempted to have that hearing. I still have two more hearings left. I'm gonna... I don't want to say bust my ass, but I'm gonna try to do everything I can to have that hearing. And... and, quite... (Cross-Talk)

LYRIC THOMPSON: Well...

CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Excuse me, quite frankly no one has advocated more on behalf of issues like that than you. You have my word that I will make sure that that hearing takes place.

LYRIC THOMPSON: Well, I will hold you to it, because as a citizen, I find it very disturbing that

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2	in the span of six years, we can't get a door that's
3	up to basic code on our building. And, most of that
4	is due to the fact that (Cross-Talk)
5	SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time expired.
6	LYRIC THOMPSON: HPD does not know those
7	standards. That needs to change.
8	Thank you for your time. Have a nice day.
9	CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: Thank you for your
10	testimony, Lyric.
11	COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thanks very much.
12	This concludes the public testimony. If we have
13	inadvertently forgotten to call on anyone, please use
14	the Zoom Raise Hand function, and we will try to hear
15	from you now.
16	Seeing no hands, I will turn it back over to
17	Chair Cornegy to close the hearing.
18	CHAIRPERSON CORNEGY: So, I want to thank everyone
19	who testified today. As you can see, these hearings
20	are critical to moving the city's agenda forward.
21	Having heard, uh, opposite and opposing views on a
22	very critical program that's working, I want to
23	thank, uh, Council Member Yeger for bringing this
24	back to us, and to to to really try to make

sure that this program, uh, works.

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I'm very disappointed that the administration is not here, uhm, it was mentioned on this call that we had enough time based on the era of Zoom. And, I think that that's absolutely true. So, I am really, really disappointed, uhm, to no end that we had this hearing and the administration and that the agency is not hearing directly from you. However, your testimonies are for the record and will be forwarded to the agency to hear. But, I am very disappointed that they're not here.

But, thank you, uh, this hearing is now adjourned.

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 29, 2021