CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTIONS

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October 9, 2024 Start: 10:23 a.m. Recess: 3:32 p.m.

HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall

B E F O R E: Julie Menin

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Shaun Abreu
Gale A. Brewer
Amanda Farías
Shekar Krishnan
Chi A. Ossé
Julie Won

Vilda Vera Mayuga Department of Consumer and Worker Protection Commissioner

Melissa Iachan

Department of Consumer and Worker Protection

Deputy General Counsel

Carlos Ortiz

Department of Consumer and Worker Protection

Assistant Commissioner of External Affairs

Brendan Griffith
NYC Central Labor Council

David Weil Brandeis University Professor

Keisha Sutton James Deputy Manhattan Borough President

Tariqua Morrison Queens Borough President General Counsel

Sarah Bratko
American Hotel and Lodging Association

Jagruti Panwala American Hotel and Lodging Association

Arthur Kramer Former New York State Assemblyman

Triputi Patel

Purvi Panwala American Hotel and Lodging Association

Marion Kendall New York State Anti-Trafficking Coalition, Thrive

Cristian Eduardo

Ruoxi Chen Garden of Hope

Elizabeth Sawka Covenant House New York

Hemal Patel
Hotel owner

Bradley Burwell Colliers Executive Vice President of Hospitality Investment Sales Group

Preyas Patel Asian American Hotel Owners Association Northeast Regional Director

Sandeep Patel Hotel owner

Michael Paglialonga Littler Mendelson Workplace Policy Institute

Carmen Polanco Hotel Worker

Paula Amparo Hotel Worker

Mukesh Patel
New York Minority Hotel Association

Sheetal Patel Hotel Owner

Jeff Brosi Rockaway Hotel

Manish Patni

Anudeep Gosal Besen Partners

Richard Hurd School of Labor Relations at Cornell

Mark Bellamy Hotel Worker

Hu Chao Li Hotel Worker

Tserling Lanza Hotel Worker

Aretha Wareham

Larinda Hooks

Kristina Hinckson New York State Society of Medical Massage Therapists

Lucy Palacios New York State Society of Medical Massage Therapists

Terence Monahan
Former NYPD Chief of Department

Barbara Bryukhanova

Oscar Lopez

Christy De Los Santos

Hilda Alvarez Hotel Worker

Jaqueline Figueroa Hotel Worker

Rosa Saldana Hotel Worker

Martha Bustillo Hotel Worker

Treashana Brown Hotel Worker

Tselha Temin Hotel Worker

Jason Gamel
American Resort Development Association

Rafael Perez Subcontractor Worker

Juan Charum HHI Employee

Tatiana Vikulina HHI Employee

Eugenia Kolesnikova HHI Employee

Eric Mosher Lead Economist at Independent Budget Office

Pam Reinerstein Kew Gardens Civic Association

Sonia Umanzor Hotel worker

Albania Olivo Hotel Worker

Biviana Pereira Hotel Worker

Sonia Deldavita Hotel Worker

Sonia Randolph Hotel Worker

Raiza Pujol Hotel Worker

Rolando Rendon Cantero Hotel Worker

Erik Ocuusu Hotel Worker

Boris Erlakov Hotel Worker

Richard Foster Subcontractor

Domenic DeLeo Small Business Subcontractor

Michael Angelo Savino Hotel worker

Sabrina Desamours Hotel Worker

Elzbieta Gawinoska Hotel Worker

Elizabeth Sanchez Hotel Worker

Massiel Lugo

Eric Addoquaye Hotel Worker

Benjamin Liu

Aissata Bocoum

Chandra Singh Hotel and Gaming Trades Council Member

Vanessa Aronson

Kojo Opoku Burko Hotel Worker

Charles Safo Hotel Worker

Tracy Bennett

Damion Lawrence

Drita Cekic Subcontractor worker

Roany Espinal

Oksana Owdaulbo

Catalina Quintella Hotel Worker

Denise Matthew

Nicole Louis Hotel Worker

Bernard Gayle Hotel Worker

Kevin McQueen Hotel Worker

Luis Penaloza Hotel Worker

Amalia Garcia

Leonel Sanchez

Barion Opasso

Nicole Vera

Stefany Perez

Justadi Pereda

Carol Hamilton

Judith Semonga

Kazi Hosen

Christopher Leon Johnson

Raul Rivera NYC Drivers Unite

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Good morning and welcome to today's New York City Council hearing for the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection. At this time, please silence all cell phones and electronic devices to minimize disruptions throughout the hearing. If you have testimony you wish to submit for the record, you may do via email at testimony@council.nyc.gov. Once again, that is testimony@council.nyc.gov. At any time throughout the hearing, do not approach the dais. We thank you for your cooperation. If you have-- if you require translation services, please head to the rotunda and pick up a device.

UNIDENTIFIED: [speaking Spanish]

UNIDENTIFIED: [speaking other language]

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Chair, we are ready to

[gavel]

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Good morning
everyone. My name is Julie Menin. I'm Chair of the
Committee on Consumer and Worker Protection, and I
want to welcome you to today's hearing. Before we
begin, let me acknowledge my colleagues who are
present, Council Member De La Rosa, Council Member

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 12 Krishnan, Council Member Hudson, Council Member Abreu, and I will acknowledge additional Council Members as they join. So thank you for joining today's hearing on Proposed Intro. 991B in relation to licensing hotels. The bill is sponsored by myself, as well as Intro. 970 in relation to licensing massage therapy businesses, sponsored by Council Member Moya. New York City is a top destination for domestic and international travelers, and the tourism industry is one of the city's primary economic drivers. In 2023, New York City welcome more than 62 million visitors who spent an estimated \$48 billion supporting local businesses and generating tax revenue for our great city. Last year, the City's hotel market was the top hotel market in the nation with an occupancy rate of 81.6 percent. unfortunately, however, hotel-related complaints received by the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection have more than doubled in the past four years, going from 149 in 2019 to 315 in 2023. There have also unfortunately been over 14,000 NYPD criminal complaints originating from hotels and motels over the past five years. This bill would

ensure protections not only for public safety, but

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION also for workers. Specifically, the button would allow for panic button for employees. In recent years, a number of states and cities have enacted laws and regulations that require hotels to provide employees, particularly those working alone in guest rooms or other isolated areas with panic buttons. There are quite frankly genuine horror stories of workers who face sexual harassment and assaults. is unacceptable that there is no way for workers to seek help or to present this from happening. policies help to protect workers from violence and other dangerous work situation by enabling employees to quickly summon assistance in the event of harassment, assault, or other threatening situations. In addition, the legislation would require hotels to inform employees on hazardous chemicals in work areas. This would be available in respective languages spoken by 10 or more employees with limited English proficiency. Workers should know the materials they're working with and not put themselves In addition hotels can be especially attractive locations for all sorts of human trafficking with traffickers taking advantage of the privacy and anonymity accessible in these very

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION settings. In unacceptable that New York ranks fourth in the nation -- I want to repeat -- fourth in the nation for human trafficking cases according to the National Human Trafficking Resource Center. That is why the legislation requires core employees to undergo human trafficking recognition training and security guards undergo the same training as well. The City has long regulated businesses in the tourism industry to promote the safety and wellbeing of our visitors. Licensing hotels would be an effective and very important tool to regulate this important industry and promote health and safety. This is the first hearing on Propose Intro. 991B, and we've already made substantial amendments to the bill in response to feedback from stakeholders, including discussions from representatives of the Hotel Association and the Hotel Trades Council and many The Committee looks forward to hearing others. additional feedback today from hotel workers about their health and safety concerns from hotel owners about their day-to-day operation from consumers about their experience with hotels and from the hospitality industry about their business relationship with hotels. The Committee also looks forward to hearing

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION from DCWP about their position on Proposed Intro. After the hearing, we will of course continue to receive input and work together to finalize the bill language before considering passage. We have received reports that workers have been pressured by their employers to participate against their will I public rallies related to this piece of legislation. I want to note for the public that employer conduct like that is a violation of Section 201D of the New York State Labor Law and can be reported to the Attorney General's Office for investigation. hotels can be used to conceal human trafficking, massage therapy businesses are frequently used as covers for sex trafficking. The National Human Trafficking Hotline found that the illicit massage or spa business locations are the most common places where trafficking victims end up working in New York In January of this year, the NYPD executed court orders to temporarily close a dozen Commercial locations in Roosevelt in Queens that were posing as massage parlors, but operating as illicit massage businesses. Intro 970 would establish a license requirement for fixed location massage businesses to provide the City additional enforcement tools to

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address illicit massage businesses in our communities. Before we get started, I want to emphasize that today's hearing must be conducted in an orderly manner to ensure that the public has a full opportunity to be heard. Do not clap, boo, or shout approval or disagreement from the audience. I now want to invite—okay, we're going to wait on Council Member Moya. Council Member Moya has joined us on Zoom but we're awaiting quorum before he can make his opening statement. We've also been joined by Council Member Ariola. So, I'm now going to take a moment to call on a couple of my colleagues who asked to make introductory opening statements on the bill. I'm going to start with Council Member Krishnan.

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much, Chair Menin. Good morning everyone. I'm

Council Member Shekar Krishnan, representing Jackson

Heights, Elmhurst, and a part of Woodside, Queens.

Hotels across our city are the heart of our city's

vibrant tourism industry. Many hotels are places

where visitors can safely stay before enjoying a

Broadway show, going to a Mets game or coming out to

Jackson Heights to enjoy the best food in the City,

in my unbiased opinion, but there remains a dark

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION underbelly to the hotel industry. Mistreated, exploited workers, human trafficking, dangerous criminal activity can take root and fester in unlicensed, unregulated spaces. That's true in hotels and it's also true for unlicensed massage parlors. It means our guests, hotel workers, and surrounding communities are all less safe than we should be. That is why I am proud to support Council Member Julie Menin's Safe Hotels Act to license hotels in the City and ensure key protections for consumers and workers. Bad actor hotels currently have no incentive to change, and they continue the same practice with little accountability or enforcement. They can mistreat workers, tolerate illegal activity, and create unsafe conditions for I know this happens, and licensing protections and other mechanisms to protect hotel workers in our Safe Hotels Act acknowledges a couple things. First, that all industries from nail salon workers to businesses should be licensed and regulated. It's the best way to ensure protections for workers, for quests, for all of New York City. We also know that our hotel workers are the essential workers of our tourism industry, making sure that it

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION is successful. We owe them an extraordinary debt of gratitude, and we also have to make sure that conditions, working conditions for them are safe and dignified. Most alarming of all, I've seen how unlicensed hotels or even unlicensed massage parlors become venues for sex trafficking. We've seen the news from the charges against Diddy and his prosecution, but also to Jackson Heights and Elmhurst in my district. To see unlicensed hotels turned into destinations for illegal sex trafficking and to see the way in which sex trafficking and criminal activity spills out from those unlicensed hotels onto Roosevelt Avenue, creating unsafe conditions for families, children, and for all my constituents. hear this from hotel workers in my district representing the district with the largest number of Hotel Trades Council members in all of New York City in Jackson Heights and Elmhurst. I hear it from my constituents who are walking down the streets on Roosevelt Avenue and the immense and grave concerns they have about trafficking on Roosevelt Avenue in unlicensed hotels to unlicensed massage parlors. This bill, the Safe Hotels Act, will put a stop to such practices. It's about public safety.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION about protecting workers and protecting our communities, protecting our essential workers, protecting our immigrant communities. I'm proud to stand with my friends in organized labor from the Hotel Trades Council to 32BJ to the Central Labor Council and many others in support of this bill. I mentioned, since my district has the largest number of hotel workers in our city, it is my duty and responsibility to pass legislation to protect my constituents from abuse and neglect in their jobs. We must ensure basic workplace protections and eliminate any predatory subcontracting systems that exist in our hotels. We are simply setting a standard for safety for workers. I also want to briefly speak on the other piece of legislation being heard today, intro 970 by Council Member Moya. Unlicensed massage parlors are similarly havens of unsafe conditions, illegal activity, and also mistreatment of workers. Licensing these business will give the city a safe, non-carceral method to regulate massage parlors and make our community safer. This isn't just theoretical. I see it and I hear from my constituents because of unlicensed

massage parlors on Roosevelt Avenue and what spills

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION out in terms of trafficking onto the streets as well. I want to thank my Chair Julie Menin and colleague for introducing the Safe Hotels Act, this vital legislation, and holding this important hearing this morning. I want to thank my colleagues who have joined in this fight to protect workers and enhance public safety for our communities. I want to thank my friends in organized labor for all they do to protect workers across our great city. And most importantly, I want to thank the hotel workers who are here and across the City who work tirelessly in New York to ensure that quests have clean and safe places to stay when enjoying our city. We appreciate your work. We appreciate your advocacy and hope you know that you always have allies and champions in this New York City Council to fight for the protections that you deserve, and I look forward with my Council colleagues to hearing and passing the Safe Hotels Act. Thank you all so much. Thank you to our hotel workers.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much,
Council Member. We're now going to call on Council
Member Schulman for an opening statement.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: Thank you, Chair Menin. Good morning everyone. I am Council Member Lynn Schulman. I represent District 29 in Queens which includes Forest Hills, Kew Gardens, Richmond Hill, and a small part of Rego Park. What I will tell you is that I only have one hotel in my district, that's the Umbrella Hotel which has been the poster child for this piece of legislation. here today to express my support for Intro 991 that would empower the City to license hotels that operate in New York City. I want to give a big thank you to Chair Menin for raising this critical issue, given the history of bad actor hotels in New York City. I want to thank my friends in labor, particularly HTC, 32BJ, CLC and many others for coming along and supporting this. My district knows far too well what can go wrong with a bad actor hotel. The umbrella Hotel in Kew Gardens opened in 2017 as a luxury hotel located on Queens Boulevard. Instead, it became a major quality of life issue in the local community. Bottles were thrown from the building on a regular basis. Parties were ongoing day and night. addition, drug dealers were known to frequent the

lobby, and first responders were frequently called

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 22 for drug overdoses, and the NYPD was called on numerous occasions for criminal activity. Over 100 complaints were filed on this hotel alone, from issues including drugs and violence. There were months and months of complaints from the local community asking for something to be done. To make matters worse, shooting took place during the summer of 2020. No one was killed, but it led to the local police precinct to be stationed outside of the hotel for months using critical resources that could have been used for other things in the community. Unfortunately, on January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2021, the first murder of New York City took place at the Umbrella Hotel. A 20-year-old gentleman was killed and two others were injured. Immediately after, then Mayor Bill de Blasio then shut down the hotel, but not for long. Soon after the hotel reopened and months later permanently closed only because of the owners, not the City's, decision, because there was no clear cut license for the hotel. The tragedy on January 1st could have been avoided had community concerns been seriously treated and valued. This cannot happen again. Introduction 991 would finally allow the City the ability to inspect and address the bad actors

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION that have been able to act with impunity in our city. That is why I am a proud co-sponsor and supporter of this legislation. I look forward to testimony from the Kew Gardens Civic Association from my district and other constituents that will highlight on-theground experiences with the Umbrella Hotel. important lesson then was listening to the community that deals with constant quality of life issues with hotels, and I hope the same is done today. I want to thank Chair Menin for allowing me to speak. I want to thank my staff for their tremendous efforts in trying to resolve the quality of life issues presented by this hotel which hopefully will finally be put to bed with the passage of Intro 991. you, Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

We've also been joined by Council Member Gale Brewer.

I'm now going to read into the record— we have a

number of easels, and so I'm required to read into

the record what those images reflect, so bear with

me. We have an easel behind, the one in the middle,

this is a picture with a towel with blood. This

picture shows a worker who had to remove blood from a

room without gloves. That worker needed to clean the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION blood without any gloves, and was told to clean the room regardless of no gloves. The picture all the way on the right is a picture of a hotel with bullet This picture shows the aftermath of a shooting at the Umbrella Hotel on January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2021. That night was the first reported murder in New York City in 2021. And then lastly, on my right, a statistical graphic. This graphic shows several alarming statistics on hotels in New York City. First, over the past five years there have been over 14,000 criminal complaints to the NYPD for hotels and motels. Second, that there have been at least 39 murders at hotels, and then finally, the complaints to DCWP have doubled over the past five years. now have quorum so I'm going to call on my colleague, Council Member Moya, for his opening statement. Council Member Moya, are you there on Zoom? COUNCIL MEMBER MOYA: thank you, Chair Menin, and good morning to all my colleagues who are here today. I'd like to provide some context on an urgent need for the bill that I've introduced that is being heard here today, Intro 970. Illegal massage

businesses have been rapidly spreading across New

York City, especially in Queens, and ground zero for

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION this proliferation is Roosevelt Avenue in my district. These businesses are fronts for human trafficking and exploitation, and they are now openly operating in residential neighborhoods during all times of the day. Just take a walk down any commercial street, go to Roosevelt Avenue, Junction Boulevard and many other streets and you'll see the problem: women displayed in storefronts after storefronts all hours of the day and night, aggressively soliciting bypassers to come in. are unclean, unsafe fronts for human trafficking operating in broad daylight. They have opened without regard for the surrounding areas, which includes being steps away from schools, churches, senior centers, and homes. I think that we can all agree that parents should not have to walk their children past these unacceptable businesses on the way to school every morning. Business owners are pleading for help because the illegal massage parlors are causing them to lose customers. This whole situation is unacceptable. It brings down our neighborhood, allows unconscionable criminal activity, and turns entire areas into red light district. My district is becoming a red light

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION district and has even been promoted on social media and YouTube as a place where you can come and solicit this type of service. Even licensed massage therapists are impacted, as some male customers mistakenly expect to be offered illegal services putting them in dangerous situations. Unlike a hair salon, barber shop, or nail salon, there's no business license for a massage therapy business, which means unlike those operations, there's no mechanism to create health code standards, but this bill offers a solution. Intro 970 establishes a city licensing system so massage businesses must obtain proper credentials to operate legally. No more unlicensed, unregulated operations. It also mandates proper record-keeping for staff credentials which will help eliminate unlicensed, unregulated operations in New York City. Through licensing requirements and health standards enforcement by law, we can crack down on those operating illegally, unethically, while allowing legitimate massage therapist to properly serve New York. This bill safeguards public health, combats human trafficking and upholds the ethical standards that we know. I cannot overstate the urgency of this legislation for

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION the safety of our neighborhood, the dignity of our communities, and the rights of vulnerable populations. We must act decisively. Even New York State Society of Medical Massage Therapists, a notfor-profit organization dedicated to the education and advancement of massage therapy professions which upholds ethical standards and works to prevent abuse of illegal and unethical practices supports this important piece of legislation. Additionally, A21, a nonprofit organization committed to fighting human trafficking including sexual exploitation across the nation, also backs this critical initiative. urge all of you to please support this legislation. It's past time that we put an end to this uncontrolled conditions where we're seeing throughout our city. Thank you, Chair Menin, for giving me the opportunity to speak on this bill today. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much. I also want to mention we've been joined by Majority

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I also want to mention we've been joined by Majority
Leader Farías. And now I'm going to call on my
colleague, Council Member Abreu, for an opening
statement.

COUNCIL MEMBER ABREU: Thank you, Chair Menin. I'm here to speak today in support of Intro

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 991, the Hotel Safe Act. I think it's very clear that we can make our hotels a lot safer, safer for patrons and safer for workers. We don't need hourly rentals that can lend itself to exploitation. don't need dirty rooms or conditions that make housekeepers afraid to come to work. I know that we can have continuous service in the front desk, we can have panic buttons, and we definitely don't need the 14,000 criminal complaints and nearly 40 murders that have happened in hotels in these last five years. can join other cities like in Vegas, like in D.C., like in Boston to license this industry, to make sure that we're making safety a priority, and that starts with licensing. Congratulations Chair Menin on getting this bill heard today.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

So we're now going to call on representatives of the Administration to testify. We will be specifically hearing testimony from Commissioner of DCWP,

Commissioner Vilda Mayuga, from Deputy General

Counsel, Melissa Iachan, from Assistant Commissioner of External Affairs, Carlos Ortiz. I will now turn it over to Committee Counsel to administer the affirmation.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Please raise your right hands. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: I do.

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: I do.

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: I do.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: You may begin.

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Good morning Chair

Menin and members of the Committee on Consume and

Worker Protection. I am Vilda Vera Mayuga,

Commissioner of the Department of Consumer and Worker

Protection, DCWP. I am joined by Deputy General

Counsel Melissa Iachan and our Assistant Commissioner for External Affairs, Carolos Ortiz. Thank you for

the opportunity to testify today on Introduction 991 relating to the licensing of hotels in New York City.

 ${\tt DCWP\ provides\ fundamental\ consumer\ and\ worker}$ 

protections, financial empowerment programming to  ${\tt New}$ 

Yorkers as well. We strive to ensure that consumers

who have been deceived or exploited have recourse,

that workers have a passionate defender of their

rights, and that all New Yorkers have the support

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION they need to improve their financial health. remain steadfast in our goal of protecting New Yorkers in the marketplace and in the workplace, and under my tenure, we have helped deliver almost \$1 billion to New Yorkers through restitution, financial empowerment, and new protections for essential workers. Now, the hotel industry, as many of you have said, is and always will be incredibly important towards the success of New York City, helping contribute \$74 billion to our local economy, serve millions of consumers and employ tens of thousands of workers. DCWP's role in this space is to enforce key protections for consumers and workers of hotels and to help hotels build a culture of compliance with our laws and rules. Most recently, we collaborated with the Council on various proposals related to the hotel industry, including those that provide job and income security for hotel workers and additional consumer protections for hotel guests. Local Law 99 of 2020 was a two-part law that created a private right of action for hotel service workers who are illegally fired after a change in hotel ownership and management and requires hotels to notify gusts of service disruptions that would substantially affect

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION their stay. Displacing workers should always be the This law protects against immediate and last resort. unnecessary job loss which can be financially devastating for hotel workers and their families. also supporting enhancing consumer protections for quests who face disruptions of hotel services. Complaints can be filed with DCWP for issues related to a service disruption or for any of our other consumer protection laws. Our agency takes each complaint seriously, and we work to mediate individual complaints for consumers. Further, we monitor incoming complaints for patterns of noncompliance in all of our categories and initiate investigations when we identify such patterns. Law 104 of 2021 was a temporary pandemic era measure that required employers of laid off hotel service works from certain large hotels to pay those workers \$500 in severance pay per week for up to 30 weeks. DCWP supported this legislation to provide an economic lifeline for thousands of hotel workers who lost their jobs during the pandemic. Those efforts not only protected the livelihoods of these hotel works, but also supported the economic recovery of the industry. Moving to today's bill, Intro 991

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION would create a new licensing requirement for hotels across the five boroughs encompassing [sic] consumer and worker protections that align with our mission in addition to other cleanliness, sanitary facilities, and public safety requirements. We commend the Council for its vision to further the protections afforded to those that live, work and visit New York City. We support this licensing effort and have a number of recommendations based on our decades of experience and expertise in consumer and worker protection to create an effective and efficient licensing process for both businesses and for the City. Any new licensing authority needs to achieve three goals to be successful. First, the licensing law's provisions should address the specific conduct in the industry committed by bad actors. Second, the regulator in this case, the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection, should have or be given the appropriate tools to deter that conduct. And third, the law should ensure that compliant businesses are not unnecessarily burdened. Unnecessary red tape could ultimately impact our consumers, workers, and the industry detrimentally which we as a city will want to avoid. Along those lines, we are supportive

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION of restrictions on subcontracting which can be a key protection for workers, as research shows that subcontracting can lead to lower wages, poor working conditions or violations of workers' rights. However, this provision will require further review to ensure that it is appropriately drafted. We also recommend adding protections for consumers against junk fees that are prevalent in this industry. Consumer complaints submitted to DCWP reveal a pattern by hotels of charging undisclosed resort or amenity fees, which are mandatory but not included in the total price given to consumers. Sometimes, these are not even charged until the time of check-in when a consumer has a limited ability to find alternative accommodations. Lastly, we recommend clarifying provisions related to the intended license holder, the interaction of a collective bargaining agreement with a license, the transferability of a license, and the license revocation process to ensure that all stakeholders are clear about the mechanics of this requirement. There are certain provision in the current draft of the bill regarding enforcement of cleanliness, sanitary facilities, and human trafficking issues, all of which are outside the

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION scope and expertise of the Department of Consumer and Worker Protection. So, while we support this legislation overall, we do want to make sure those provisions are suitably addressed. Of course, we welcome discussing this in more detail with the Council throughout the legislative process. As with any new mandate, we will work closely with City Hall, OMB, and the Council on new resources to ensure that the goals of this legislation are achieved. Which such comprehensive legislation aiming to license an entire industry, we do know this will require new resources. We also consider it appropriate to adjust the licensing fee to adequately support the agency's operation to license this industry. Finally, I would like to note that the Law Department is in the process of reviewing this legislation. Now, let me turn briefly to Introduction 970 related to massage parlor licensing. Unfortunately, we have not had time to review this proposal in detail since it was just added to today's hearing agenda yesterday afternoon. Our understanding of the proposal broadly is that the underlying intent is really to address concerns with prostitution. The Administration wants to continue working with the Council on potential

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committee on consumer and worker protection 35 solutions to this issue. With that said, we are not the appropriate agency to address those concerns, and should not be licensing these entities for that reason. The Administration is happy to discuss this in further detail with the Council once we have had time to review this legislation. Thank you again for the opportunity to testify today. My team and I look forward to working with all of you to implement these vital protections for consumers and workers, and I'm happy to address any questions you may have.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

We really appreciate the testimony today. I also want to mention we've been joined by Council Member Chris Banks. So I do have a number of questions. first of all, I'm thrilled that you're testifying in support of the bill, and in particular want to repeat a line in the testimony, "Along these lines, we are supportive of restrictions on subcontracting which can be a key protection for workers. As research shows that subcontracting can lead to lower wages, poor working conditions, or violations of workers' rights." That is exactly the policy reason what we're trying to get to in the bill and with that provision.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 36

So, I'd love for you to talk a little bit more of that and what you've seen in that area.

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Council Yes, we most definitely support the restrictions on subcontracting. As I said in my testimony, it is our experience and not just ours, but just based on research and we-- I know we make-we indicate that as well, that research in the testimony of how important this is and how we've seen that when there's subcontracting there is a higher likelihood of those workers' rights to be violated, for the subcontractors to take advantage of that and basically try to hide behind that, and not comply with the regulations that are in place across a number of agencies when there is subcontracting and the things that they are required to do. So it is definitely something that we've seen in our experience and also based on research that we put in the testimony,

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Great. Do you have a sense of why consumer complaints to the agency have doubled in the past five years to hotels?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Yes, thank you, Council Member. So, we believe that a lot of it

make-- I don't want to say a lot. Some of it may have to do with the returning to pre-pandemic levels of tourism. We've seen that sort of trend upwards in terms of the complaints over the last five years. So that's part of the reason.

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I do also want to CHAIRPERSON MENIN: note for the record, as the former Commissioner of this agency, it is my belief that many tourists and quests who come to our great city don't know to complain to DCWP if they have an issue. That is why my office pulled the data to the Better Business Bureau which shows nationwide there are 15,000 complaints about hotels, a large majority of which re in New York. So, I actually think there is an underreporting of data to the agency, because if a guest come to the city, they don't always know to call the local Consumer Protection Agency, but despite that, we still are seeing complaints that have doubled. I'm curious, has your office spoken to other cities that license hotels? Because licensing is a very common and effective tool to bring industries under a regulatory purview. Cities all across the country license hotels. Have you had the opportunity to talk to other cities to learn best practices?

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Council Member. Let me have Assistant Commissioner Carolos Ortiz to respond to that. He's been doing a lot of the interactions, also.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Thank you, Commissioner. I would say so far-- sorry. Council Member, I would say that so far we've had a lot of opportunities to work closely with industry advocates, and the Hotel Trades Council discuss aspects of the bill. I think we've also been doing a lot of research into other municipalities. some were mentioned such as Boston, D.C. I think as this further flushes out, we would want to have conversations with those folks, understand the best mechanisms for implementation. Although, of course, I know we all know that New York City is distinct in its own way in its size, but I always think that understanding best practices from other municipalities is important. So we will definitely engage in that work.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Can you talk a little bit about the worker protection angle of the bill, because I was Commissioner when the Council passed the car wash bill, and that was obviously hallmark

legislation, a true worker protection bill, and here once again, we have a bill that is going to protect workers, whether it be by providing panic buttons, whether it be the hygiene standards I mentioned in the opening statements. There are true worker protection provisions in this bill, and if you could talk a little bit about it and how you envision incorporating this kind of work into the other important worker protection work the agency is doing.

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Council Member. And yes, 100 percent. We're always looking at how we've been able to enforce successfully other worker rights, and we'll be obviously incorporating from those learnings into the implementation of this Specifically, on the provisions for worker protection, I can tell you yes, the panic buttons, for example, we support that, and our understanding is that it's already in place in also a lot of the hotels already in New York City. In terms of the safety components for chemical substances and handling those, we don't have an expertise in chemical handling. We will point out that we think it may be redundant that piece in the legislation considering that that is already covered by the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 40 federal agency OSHA, and then in addition in terms of the increase in the number of security guards and front desk staffing at the hotels, we are looking at that and trying to understand it better, that part of the bill. Really looking forward to hearing the testimony from various members of the industry on both sides, right, to get a better sense of how we would address that. I think those are the components, right?

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah, yeah. Another question, I mean one of the interesting parts, obviously, of licensing and one of the reasons why I think this bill is so important is the infamous Umbrella Hotel in my colleague Council Member Schulman's district where there were hundreds of neighbors who complained about bad actions, crime happening at that hotel. They constantly were complaining, and finally in 2021 there was a murder on January 1st at the Umbrella Hotel. Then Mayor de Blasio said I'm going to shut the Umbrella Hotel down. Well, it wasn't that easy to shut it down when the City jurisdictionally was not licensing that entity. In terms of licensing hotels and public safety, do you have any comments on -- you know, with

this 14,000 NYPD criminal complaints, 39 murders, you know, there are really alarming public safety data that we have here. So, there's obviously the very important public policy reasons which is why the five District Attorneys for the City and our New York Attorney General have all come out in favor of the bill. Is there anything you can add in that vein?

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Chair Menin. I would say that our focus with the legislation has been on the licensing scheme. a lot of licenses, right? We license over 45,000 businesses across over 40 industries, and so we have a real expertise in that, decades of experience tweaking that process across different industries, and of course each one is going to have its particularities. So, the way we've been looking at this is how do we ensure that licensing scheme makes sense so that we can actually also enforce it, and it will deter the bad behavior and illegalities, right, that we're trying to address. Making sure that we are tackling the goal of the legislation, protecting consumers, protecting workers, right? That is the mission of our agency. In terms of public safety, we're not a criminal law enforcement agency, so I

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION think there probably will be always some components that will be better handled by another agency that's not us. However, we do have some recommendations in terms of how do we make the licensing scheme the most effective. And for example, in terms of revocation of a license, even being able to shut down hotel, right? If we have sealing authority, right, padlocking businesses in some industries, but it's certainly different for a hotel, because we obviously not going to like literally put a lock when there's people inside a hotel. So, we want to be-- you know, we want to keep all of that in mind as we really think through what this ultimately looks like so that we can operationalize it in the best way based on those learnings we've had also from our decades of experience in this space.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Council

Member, if I could also add two other points to this.

I think something we also note in the testimony

relates to the transferability of the license, and

that is something that is not right now something

existing in other license categories for us. Mostly,

because we want to make sure whoever gets that first

license that they're accountable, that we have that

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION information. So, if it's too easy for them to transfer that to another entity. That could be a problem ultimately for enforcement. And going into the human trafficking component, I think it's fair to say that we shouldn't necessarily be the agency that is issuing violations or bringing the violations to an adjudication for human trafficking, but I think we can be very much creative in a way of how we can make sure that if the District Attorney brings us an adjudicated violation, if PD brings us adjudicate violation of human trafficking, that we could make sure that we review that under the licensing scheme as a way to review the license itself for that So I think again, on these pieces, we have a lot of thoughts about how to strengthen and make sure that the actors are accountable for their actions here.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you for bringing up this very important point on the human trafficking. It's unacceptable that New York State ranks fourth in the nation on human trafficking.

Right now as we speak, it's estimated there are 3,000 largely women and children in human trafficking situation in New York City's hotels. So this is such

an important public safety issue. I'm really interested in the portion of your testimony where you recommend adding protection for consumers against junk fees, what you're saying are these resort and amenity fees. Could you speak a little bit more about that, please?

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you, Chair.

Really glad you caught on that and it's certainly something we've been seeing. I'm going to have a Deputy General Counsel Melissa-- try and get into a little bit more detailed there.

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL: Thank you,

Commissioner, and good morning, Council Member. That
is definitely one of the most frequent complaints
that we are hearing from consumers who call in and
submit complaints about hotels. Whether it is
someone who says I never knew there was a resort
free, and they charged it. I wasn't allowed to opt
out, even if I didn't use any of the resort
amenities, or whether it's somebody who was required
to put a deposit down, and then the hotel refused to
refund the deposit saying it was keeping it for
amenities to use or resort fees. Junk fees are a
problem throughout many industries, but especially

the travel and hospitality industry, and hotels have really, really taken advantage of this. We see this, and this really is the number one pattern that we know with consumer complaints. So while we are here discussing this industry and licensing this industry for the first time as a city, we do as the Consumer Protection agency really want to shed light on the possibilities that we can included some additional consumer protections within this licensing regime to add transparency to this issue.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Fantastic. I think that is wonderful. So I'm now going to open it up to my colleagues for questions. Council Member Brewer?

much. I have a couple of questions. The hotels on the west side are all single-room occupancies, so I'm wondering-- because they all have permanent tenants and a hotel. I think it's unique maybe to the-- my area. I don't know, 15-20 rooms are still permanent tenants under single-room occupancy hotel stabilization. So how would the license impact that if at all?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Council Member. I know that that is part of the definitions,

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 46 right, in the bill currently. I know that the Law Department is looking at it make some recommendations as well, so I would just need to wait for those to come.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Well, they may not know that there are permanent tenants in all these hotels. My guess is, they don't.

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Okay, we're happy--we can definitely pass that and make sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Yeah, I don't want those tenants to be impacted. They need to keep their rent stabilization. They're actually able to bring in more succession, blah, blah, blah. So I just don't want them to be impacted.

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you for raising that also, because I know-- obviously some other things that were recommended is also making sure that doesn't impact something else, right? By addressing this issue, we don't want to negatively impact--

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: [interposing] And the other thing to be aware of, some of these owners are SROs, illegally convert the hotel and then-- I can't tell you how many people have come to my

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION This one-- I won't mention it-- that is notorious for that. I took it off the NYC Tourism List as a hotel. It's terrible. So you got to, you know, be careful on what a hotel is I quess that's what I'm trying to say, at least from my experience. SRO, check. Number two, you know, I'm very supportive, but I know that there are hotels that are not, and actually I never go to the other boroughs. I know there are other boroughs. I never go there. But I know that there are hotels there and they're more challenging and problematic. They're the ones I know. I've never been to those hotels. So my question is -- they are complaining, however, in many cases that they're going to lose their workers, blah, blah, blah. So how do you both-- I mean, I would like to see everybody be unionized because I think that's what keeps workers middle class and it's the right thing to do. But my question is with these subcontracts, how do we make sure that those workers don't lose their jobs? And lovely, if I could make them part of the union. But how are you thinking about that issue of people not losing their jobs as subcontracts. I agree with you. Love to have them be employees of the hotel. You can make sure that they

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committee on consumer and worker protection 48 have better benefits. You can make sure that they're not discriminated against, so on and so forth, but in any case, I don't know that's going to happen. The doom day is what is predicted by some of these owners, but how do we make sure that the workers are sent—front and center of this issue?

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you. you, Council Member, and obviously for caring so much about the worker. It is a very core part of our mission as an agency. What we're looking to do, you know, throughout the process, the legislative process, and some of the suggestions that was made in my testimony, we also obviously want to hear all of the testimony that will come after ours to make sure that we're very mindful as to how this ultimately looks so that we don't have this unintended consequences. We certainly -- you know, on the licensing piece, right, we talk about our decades of experience to make sure that a business is not burdened by red tape that is just unnecessary. are looking at that and making sure that it is very intentional how we go about implementing whatever the final bill looks like and taking into account all of those concerns that are raised by the industry. As

to workers, very similar, right? We are not-- there is no way we will try to do something that would negatively impact workers. We are in constant contact with the various stakeholders. I know Assistant Commissioner Carlos Ortiz has had many meetings. Different members of my team have had that as well.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: We're a big fan of him just so you--

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: [interposing] I know. I am too. And the conversation will continue. Even whatever is final, before we get to implementation, we'll always have our education. We're always about hearing back. I'm not going to, like, pretend that I know what it is to either own a hotel, manage a hotel or work at a hotel. So we're going to want to hear from those that are actually doing those things so that we can incorporate that into whatever we're putting out there, and be very mindful of it.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: One other quick question, based on the resort fee or whatever you call it, that fee thing. Is that something that is in-- like, how would you fix that? Would that be

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION legislation? Would it be that the hotels, if they have a license, they can't do x, y and z, etcetera? How would that -- because that's outrageous. I didn't-- I mean, not going to a hotel in New York I wouldn't know it. But how would that be fixed? DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: you, Council Member. Well, I wish it were just limited to New York, but actually this is a common practice around the industry, around the world, but especially in this country and especially in this city. We hope to continue to work with the Council to actually potentially incorporate it into this legislation as a part of the licensing scheme. many of our licensing schemes, being the consumer protection agency who also is charged with enforcing the consumer protection law of the City, we're very focused on transparency and disclosures to consumers so they know exactly what they're purchasing when they decide to purchase it when they put their first payment down when they give their credit card information. So this would really be just a function

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very much.

of transparency and disclosure requirements.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Council Member, if I could just add one other point about kind of our licensing expertise. We do license over 40 categories, 40,000 businesses. You know, we want to make sure this works for the businesses, too. I think there's— sometimes it could be scary to come into— under further regulation by the City, but I think what has made our agency so successful in that work is that we are a willing partner and want to have open discussions with folks to make sure we get to the right place, because hotels are important for New York City, and we want to make sure that they're successful because that will help our workers be successful and our consumers.

that, and the problem is according to, you know,
media-- no surprise-- it's expensive to come to New
York, and you know, people see that they can-- I hate
to say it, but some people are staying in Jersey. I
don't like New Jersey, and I don't want them to stay
in New Jersey. But I want-- that's the problem
because I know a lot of people who are staying in New
Jersey and coming into the City, because of the cost

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 52 of our accommodations. So that's also something to take into consideration. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: thank you very much. I also just want to clarify on the record per a question that Council Member Brewer asked about workers. There is a worker retention law that the Council passed several years ago that requires that the workers keep their jobs. So the workers cannot lose their jobs. So, I just want to let-- I just want to explain for the record that that law is in effect. Council Member Banks, I believe, had questions.

to see you, Commissioner, and to your staff. I just wanted to voice my strong support for this particular legislation. The 42<sup>nd</sup> Council District is a unique district, in particularly we've been known to have many things. Unfortunately, one of the things that the district has become known for is the use of the hot-sheet hotels and motels, and these particular hotels have been used by sex worker who use these establishments as a base of operations to conduct their trade. Public safety is important. I want to thank Council Member Menin for her unwavering

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION leadership on this issue that will serve to make our communities safer. I support Intro 991, because it will bring an additional level of safety where illegal sex work has been identified by the NYPD in many district, in my dispensaries, and as having been fueled by those who traffic and exploit young women, at times with dangerous consequences including violent incidents which include homicides. This bill will serve as another tool to help combat the illegal trafficking of young women and the violence that this trade brings with it. It will show the families who complain to my staff day in and day out about having to observe the signs of the illicit activities that are taking place at these establishments while taking their children to school in the morning which sometimes is being done to improve the quality of life in their community. I'm proud to strongly support Intro 991 and the safer communities this sensible legislation will create. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much. I'll now call on Majority Leader Farías. COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you, Chair.

Thank you, Chair and folks from DCWP, Commissioner,

for coming today. I have a variety of questions that

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are spanning from your testimony and from just reading through the bills. So, I'm going to try to work through them within in this time frame. If not ill come back round for a second round. So, in you testimony, you mentioned the \$74 billion to our local economy. Do you folks at DCWP have the breakdown between-- of this \$74 billion-- between the small, medium, large hotels and what that looks like in terms of revenue generated?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Thank you,
Council Member. I think that number we pulled from
our colleagues at New York City Tourism, so we can
reach out--

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]

That's what I figured. I will definitely ask NYCTC.

That's under my committee. I just wanted to make

sure. And then in terms of the Local Law 99, do you

folks have the stats on that law and the breakdown of

some of the complaint type and disruption types from
different complaints we're receiving through the

City?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: thank you, Council Member. Since Local Law 99 went into effect, we have received approximately 1,100 hotel-related complaints

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 from consumers in general. Now, of these, only a 3 very small percentage would potentially relate to service disruptions as defined under the law, and in 4 fact only 20 complaints of those that reach mediation 5 related to service disruption. 6 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: So, 20 complaints 7 8 on service disruptions that needed mediation? COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, thank you 10 11 for that clarification. And then additionally, in 12 your -- in the same paragraph regarding Local Law 99, you mentioned initiating investigations on patterns. 13 14 Do we know what types of patterns have come up? 15 DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: I'm happy 16 to take that. And I just want to note that Local Law 99 is not specifically incorporated into the current 17 18 draft of this legislation. COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: 19 20 DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: 21 course, it is an important consumer protection, and 2.2 so--2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing] But

there are components within this legislation that are

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 56
impacting, right, directly related to response of
some of these--

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DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN:

[interposing] Not currently, but we look forward to working with you and hope to be able to--

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]
Okay.

## DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN:

incorporate, because these are consumer protections into the law. now, in terms of how we identify patterns, to the extent that we would receive more than one complaint about the same actor or more than of the same type of complaint about actors within a small period of time, that's a sort of pattern that we keep an eye out for. And in those cases, besides just trying to mediate those complaints, meaning we have professional mediators who go back and forth between business and the consumer to try to make the consumer whole. We then open an investigation and begin looking closer at the alleged bad actor to potentially bring a case from our General Counsel Division against that bad actor. We, of course, do that for any entity for business where we see these violations, where they violate the consumer

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 57 protection law, but especially within our licensed categories. We license over 40 different categories. This will be--

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]
Sure.

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: you know,
43, I think. So, once we have the license, there are
very specific things we keep an eye for, and we bring
those cases either at OATH or in state court.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, and again, just asking in terms of the type of— is there like a specific thing that you see five percent or 20 percent of the small, large, medium—size hotels continuously do. I think that's one of the concerns that members have is I think sometimes we have tunnel vision with the motels and hotels in our districts and what we know is like a pattern that we see continuously. I'm more so interested in like do you see that there is a general pattern across the city that we're trying to mediate?

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: So, the only kind of major consistent complaint type that we have recognized is from consumers who are charged for

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 58 things that they don't understand. So that is where our--

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]
Okay, so the junk--

in the resort fees and junk fees has come from. That is really the prevalent sort of category. Aside from that we do get, you know, cleanliness and bed bug complaints, but those aren't within the purview of our agency. So we refer those out, to the extent that those complaints also have an element of somebody seeking a refund, we still try to mediate those. But any sort of pattern that we identify thus far in terms of hotel complaints has really, really been about consumers being very confused about the type of fees they're charged.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: And how do you folks regulate or manage or see as a pattern for the like sex trafficking, for example, that has continuously come up in this conversation? Is that just-- do we wait on the NYPD to have stats?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: We don't handle those. We don't really--

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I've just been waiting to get to today, but it's

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 60 something that I want to engage in as soon as possible, and I'm happy to share any feedback I get. You know, certainly by the end of the month.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. I think that's important for us to know that you folks have not necessarily looked into it too deeply and are hoping to continuously engage on that.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: Yeah, and I think I could also share in the more immediate term, we have done-- without speaking with folks, we have done some research into some of the standards in the bill and other municipalities. So I think we'd share that in the near term as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, great.

That'd be helpful. And do you folks have any complaints that come in regarding no front desk personnel or difficulty with digital check-in? I'm very fond of digital check-in these days, because I like to take red eyes. So, wondering if we get any complaints of needing that personnel at the front desk.

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: We would have to take a closer look. There certainly aren't enough that they stood out for-- in our review in

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 61 preparation for this hearing. Like I said, there's not a pattern of those, but we would have to take a look and we could get back to you on that.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, and then in terms of the licensing needing to be enforceable that I know you highlighted, that's like an important component that you folks are looking into which I think concerns all of us. A lot of the laws that we have, it all comes back to us in discussion as members, and it's not enforceable. How do we make sure people feel safe or people feel like local government is working them? With revocation and shutting down hotels, how will that necessarily work for like employees? Or in your experience, for the employees, being able to ensure that if a hotel were to shut down, that they have somewhere to go to work and/or severance, and/or unemployment?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you, Majority

Leader. Right now, I mean, it is one of the

recommendations that we have, right, for amendments

to the bill, because it's not clear on the

revocation, for example, and I gave that example of

sealing or pad-locking a hotel, not just focus on

workers but also on any hotel guest. In terms of

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION workers, and what we've done in other situations, other industries, but we do have the authority and have successfully used it to close down a store. do work with other city agencies to ensure that we're not again impacting negatively an employee. a notice fear [sic] that goes in any way. We are going to write -- I mean, once the bill is out there, it's final. We would obviously develop some education to make sure that all involved are aware and prepared for when enforcement starts, and then also once that happens even our [inaudible] authority right now and other places we're going to post a notice that's going to give a period of time for the business to either correct the violations or, you know, do things that they might need to do and that notice will be very clear also for the workers since it is publicly posted.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, and then we-- I see in the bill language is a two-year time span for the license, if there's revocation, what's the timeline for cure. I didn't-- haven't necessarily seen that in the bill yet, and wondering if you folks have a recommendation.

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DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: I might just say we have concerns with the bill because we want to make very clear what violations are-
COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing]

DEPUTY GENERAL COUNSEL IACHAN: and what

categories are very, very committed to providing

would lead to revocation. We, in all our license

licensees due process, and so as with all of our

license categories, we provide due process within our

own DCWP processes in terms of notice of intent to

revoke, or deny, and of course, there's always the

opportunity to appeal with an article 78, but we look

forward to clarifying what the actual standards would

be that would merit revocation, because once you get

there, it's not typically to allow to cure. That's

usually-- you know, the due processes you can argue

the merits and you have that opportunity, but

violations themselves, there are cure opportunities

offered [sic].

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay, that makes a lot more sense. And then just in your testimony you spoke about OMB and the agency believing that this will require new re-- Intro 991 would require

committee on consumer and worker protection 64 new resources. Have you folks had any conversations with OMB about additional funds or resources? Were there any cuts last fiscal year that you were unable to recover and just kind of an idea of what that looks like?

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COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Thank you. Thank you for that question. Yes, as I said in my testimony, this is certainly a new mandate and we know there's over 800 hotels, right, in the City, so certainly it's a big-- it's going to be a big lift that we welcome because it is an area that we know how to do, but it will require new resources, significant new resources. And just as importantly, we need to be able to hire without preconditions. you know, we have just been in a strict hiring freeze for almost a year, and over the time we basically accumulate about 15 percent of our agency's vacancy rates. And so, you know, if this progresses, we want to work closely with City Hall and OMB and the Council, too, make sure that we're properly resourced and allowed to hire new resources.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. So it's mostly the hiring freeze that's impacting some of the additional resources that you general need?

in terms of who could be directly impacted, whether

committee on consumer and worker protection 66 it's BIPOC workers, immigrant communities, and some of the smaller hotels. Like, I have small hotels, motels, in my district. I don't have any of the large branches. And just trying to gauge have we looked at the economic impact both of the worker that's going to be impacted locally and of the small business.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ORTIZ: think-- I think that's something that would be important to consider and why we're having the hearing today. It's great to be-- to hear directly from those stakeholders on the issues of those impacts. You know, I think given -- we have been also working to learn as much as we can in the past week since the hearing was noticed. But that said, I think for us I want to make sure that folks understand that we want to be as a resource for them. It's not meant It's meant to create a floor, a to be punitive. standard, in New York City for how hotels should operate. You know, one situation that I frequently encounter, for example, is a business that feels they're following all the rules, doing all the right things by their workers, by their consumers, and just down the street a business that's not, and I think we

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 67 need to correct that situation, and that's what the intent of this bill is.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you. And then just a question on Introduction 970. You folks do not feel like you're the appropriate agency to address the concerns within this bill? Any chance you have an idea of the agencies that we should look at to consider for this bill's passage?

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: Honestly, because it was added just yesterday afternoon, it's kind of difficult--

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: [interposing] Got it.

COMMISSIONER MAYUGA: to really review in enough detail to provide any recommendation.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. Thank you so much. Thank you, Chair, for the additional time to go through some of my questions.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Great. Thank you so much, and I really want to thank the Administration for their testimony today. Thank you. Okay, we are now going to open up the hearing for public testimony. I want to remind members of the public that this is a formal government proceeding and that

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION decorum shall be observed at all times. As such, members of the public shall remain silent at all The witness table is reserved for people who times. wish to testify. No video recording or photography is allowed from the witness table. Further, members of the public may not present audio or video recordings as testimony, but they submit transcripts of such recordings to the Sergeant at Arms for inclusion in the hearing record. If you wish to speak at today's hearing, please fill out an appearance card with the Sergeant at Arms and wait to be recognized. When recognized, you will have two minutes to speak on today's hearing topic which is Intro 970 and 991B. If you have a written statement or additional writing testimony you wish to submit for the record, please just provide a copy of that testimony to the Sergeant at Arms. You may also email written testimony to testimony@council.nyc.gov within 72 hours of this hearing. Audio and video recordings will not be accepted. So, I will now call the first panel. Vinny Alvarez, David Weil [sp?], Deputy Borough President Keisha Sutton James, and Tariqua Morrison on behalf of Queens Borough President

Richards. So, I believe several members are in-

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 69 person and then on Zoom. Okay, yeah, please come forward. Thank you so much. And I believe Vinnie Alvarez and David Weil are on Zoom. Okay, Vinny Alvarez.

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BRENDAN GRIFFITH: Good morning Chair Menin and members of the committee. My name is actually Brendan Griffith. I'm the Chief of Staff at the New York City Central Labor Council. Unfortunately, our President Vinny was unable to testify, but ill testify in his place. represents over one million workers across 300 affiliated unions, and we strongly support the Safe Hotels Act. The health of the hotel industry is critical to our city and to the tens of thousands of hotel workers whose livelihoods rely on it. Each of our organizations has an interest in maintaining and expanding New York City's tourism economy and in keeping hotels profitable. For months, hotel workers and allies have been working to advance this bill. After years of deteriorating workplace safety, increased wage and hour violations, and complaints form hotel guests, it's time for action. There's a diverse coalition in support of this bill, including affiliated unions of the CLC like DC37, 32BJ, NYSNA,

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION CWA, and of course the Hotel and Gaming Trades Council. Hotels are among the most dangerous workplaces in the country. Hotel workers are in the top quarter for workplace injuries, likelier than most to be hurt on the job, including being assaulted. This bill would require hotels to equip their workers with panic buttons, technology that's been successfully implemented statewide in Illinois and New Jersey. It is already a feature of unionized hotels in New York City. There is no good reason to deny workers this basic protection. Hotels have also been a battle ground that bosses [sic] ongoing efforts to shed as much legal liability as possible. Today, the core work of a hotel is being shifted to subcontractors so that owners bear no legal responsibility when a subcontracted worker is mistreated, injured or suffers wage theft. Some contractors are notoriously hard to pin down when a worker pushes a legal issue. This bill ensure that workers who are cheated or abused will be able to have their issues addressed. Hotels are already licensed in a number of major U.S. cities. no reason to reject these basic regulations in worker protections here in New York City. It's easy to take

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 71 for granted the rights enjoyed by workers today like equal pay for equal work, the eight-hour work day--

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Thank you for your testimony. Your time is expired.

BRENDAN GRIFFITH: So, as the legislation advances, we'll have a clear picture of who stood with New York City's workers and who stood against them, and I hope we can all celebrate a safer hotel industry, and that's only safer for workers, but for guests and the broader community, too. I appreciate the opportunity to address this committee today. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much. I do have some questions, but I'm going to wait 'til the full panel goes. So Brendan, if you don't mind holding on. Thank you so much. David Weil? Is David Weil on the Zoom?

DAVID WEIL: Thank you, Chair Menin.

Good morning. My name is David Weil. I'm a

professor of social policy and economics at Brandeis

University and visiting professor of public policy at
the Harvard Kennedy School. I also served in the

Obama Administration as the head of the U.S.

Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 72 Growing use of subcontracting and its effect on workers, businesses, and the public is something I've studied for almost two decades. I coined the term fissuring to describe the practice of light [sic] subcontracting adopted by businesses that give them the benefits of a workforce while shifting responsibility of employment to other parties. the hotel industry, fissuring means that hotel chains and owners benefit from a well-known brand, usually the reason that customers select the property, but shed the messy problem in responsibilities of employment to subcontractors. That means when you walk into many U.S. hotels today, the brand you see over the entry and throughout the building, including on uniforms of housekeepers or front desk workers, no longer represents the employer of record. will hear today, workers bear the brunt of fissuring. The more business layers there are, the more players need overhead and profit margins. Subcontracted work in hotels is labor intensive and puts downward pressure on wages. Many studies show that workers who have been outsourced are paid significantly less for doing the exact same work as direct employees.

For the same reason, fissured workers are more likely

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to be subjected to wage theft. Subcontract workers are more exposed to health and safety risks, sexual harassment and other violations of basic rights. I have documented tis in my own academic studies and I saw it firsthand in running the Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division. I applaud the proposed bill because it recognizes that certain core functions, in particular front desk and housekeeping are central to running a hotel. With the benefits of controlling those functions comes the responsibility associated with that. By making that responsibility—

SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Thank you for your testimony. Your time is expired.

provide the workers they pay they deserve and protections and rights they have under the law.

There are many hotels in New York City who continue to directly employ core workers, demonstrating that such practices can be compatible with profitability as well as productivity and service quality. Passing the bill will therefore benefit workers central to the hotel experience, ensure customer safe and quality they expect from hotels and maintain a viable

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 74 and profitable hospitality sector in New York City.

Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Thank
you. I do have a couple of questions, but we're
going to finish the panel. Okay, and now in-person,
yes, Deputy Borough President.

KEISHA SUTTON JAMES: Good morning, Chair Menin and members of the Committee on Consumer and Worker Protections. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today in support of the proposed legislation to require licensing for hotels in New York City. name is Keisha Sutton James, and I am Deputy Manhattan Borough President. I will be testifying on behalf of Manhattan Borough President Mark Levine on Intro 991B 2024, a bill that he strongly believes will bring much-needed oversight, accountability and protection -- and consumer protection to an industry that serves millions of New Yorkers and visitors alike. The hotel industry is vital to the economy of New York City, drawing millions of tourists each day and providing thousands of jobs. However, it is also one that requires rigorous standards and oversight to ensure safe, clean and healthy facilities in operation for consumers as well as strong protections

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION for workers. This will bring the hotel industry into alignment with many other sectors already regulated by our city, creating consistency and accountability that is long overdue. Hotel licensure programs have been successful in cities across the country from Boston to Washington, D.C., Chicago, and Las Vegas. Licensing has improved the quality of hotel services and enhanced consumer protections without hindering the industry's growth. If passed, this bill will play an important role in keeping the public safe. Over the past five years, more than 14,000 criminal complaints have been made across-- at hotels across the five boroughs, including a staggering 39 murders. Licensing will help weed out the bad actors and unsafe business practices thereby making serious and important steps to reduce human trafficking and other safety issues. Because of this, Intro 991B has been supported by all five District Attorneys and Attorney general Letitia James, all of whom recognize that licensing will help improve public safety and help root out bad actors in the industry. It is also essential that we take these steps to better protect workers in an industry known for widespread wage theft and unacceptable working conditions.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 76
requiring direct employment in core hotel operations-

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm just going to ask you to wrap up, please. Thank you so much.

sentences. In operations this legislation ensures that hotel workers are treated fairly, paid appropriately and protected from exploitation.

Licensing will further foster a more responsible and transparency industry where workers and consumers alike can trust in the integrity of the businesses with which they engage. Intro 991b is about improving public safety, protecting consumers, and ensuring fair treatment for workers. I urge the Council to pass this important bill. Thank you for your time and consideration.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

TARIQUA MORRISON: Good morning, Chair

Menin and members of the Consumer and Worker

Protection Committee. My name Tariqua Morrison and I

serve as Deputy General Counsel and Director of

intergovernmental Affairs for Queens Borough

President Donovan Richards who was not able to be

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION here today, but I'm here to deliver testimony on his behalf. Our city's tourism industry is arguably our most important industry. It puts tens of thousands of our neighbors to work and generates billions of dollars in wages and tax revenue, but what it doesn't do sometimes is have common sense. The fact of the matter is that we have problematic hotels in every borough. Instead of welcoming visitors from all over the world, they are sites of criminal behavior and public safety concerns that make our communities less safe. Just across the street from Queens Borough Hall, for example, there was the Umbrella Hotel. months we heard dozens of complaints from neighbors about drugs, prostitution and violence happening there, and on New Year's Day in 2021 a shooting at the hotel took the life of a guest names Robert Williams. He was there to celebrate the New Year and his 21<sup>st</sup> birthday the next day, but he didn't live long enough to see it. Robert should still be alive, and he would have bene alive if we had the power to shut down the Umbrella Hotel once it became clear that it was a threat to public safety. Hotels Act would allow us to do just that. why the Borough President proudly endorses the Safe

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION hotels Act. Not only will it make our community safer, it will improve the quality of our hotels for those who use the. Giving the City the tools to better regulate hotels and set basic health and safety standards is essential to protecting workers, quests and the community, and any reputable hotel should be able to follow them. Cities lie Chicago, Boston. Las Vegas have these standards in place, so it's only right that New York is the next city to do so. Borough President Richards is deeply grateful to Council Member Menin for her advocacy and intensity on this bill and he encourages the full Council to pass it. Licensing is one of the most effective tools the City has to enforce the critical safety and sanitary standards at public-facing businesses. That's why the Council should pass the Safe Hotels Act now. Thank you, Chair Menin.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

We greatly appreciate your testimony and the support of both Borough President. So I do want to turn back first to Brendan Griffith for a question and then to Mr. Weil. Brendan, if you are still on the Zoom, you talked a little bit about wage theft and deplorable working conditions. Can you talk a little bit about

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 79 some of the complaints that the Central Labor Council is receiving from this in terms of subcontracted workers and the importance of this subcontracting ban?

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much. I appreciate the question, Chair Menin. I think a lot of what we've been hearing was actually referenced in Mr. Weil's comments as well.

Subcontracting allows for employers to-- who have control to remove responsibility. So, those complaints are holistically about things like wage theft, unsafe working conditions, but the biggest issue with it is there's no redress. When you have a subcontracted worker, the hotel operator had the ability to say that this is not our responsibility to solve that problem.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much.

And Mr. Weil, the work that you have done, the academic research which I have read through, is incredibly compelling and really seminal on this issue. In your opinion when we have the subcontracting— the ban that we have that is in this bill on housekeeping and front desk staff, how quickly will that result in rising wages for workers?

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DAVID WEIL: Thank you, Chair Menin. think the answer to that, it could be very, very quickly wages would respond. I think in general the evidence shows that one of the reasons that wages are pushed downward when you have subcontracting, [inaudible] you have so many people who want to make their overhead in their profit margin between that. Once you remove that, the ability of a hotel to actually compensate workers to labor standards, the higher level of wages therefore increases, and that can benefit the hotel, too. Because higher paid workers tend to turnover much less and be more [inaudible] productive and you have higher quality. So it can benefit ultimately workers in higher wages rather quickly and also benefit the hotel [inaudible].

Very much. Any questions from colleagues? No, okay. Thank you so much to this panel. Okay, we are now going to call the next panel. Sarah Bratko, Jagruti Panwala, Pruvi Panwala, Arthur Kramer, Triputi Patel, if you could please come forward. Thank you. Okay, great. Thank you. If you could just go in the order that I called you. Thank you so much.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 81

SARAH BRATKO: Sorry, I think I messed up
the seating.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Oh, no, no problem.

SARAH BRATKO: My name is Sarah Bratko. I'm with the American Hotel and Lodging Association. AHLA represents all segments of the lodging industry including brands, owners, management companies, and other businesses that provide support to the industry. The hotel industry takes our responsibility to the health and safety of our employees and guests incredibly seriously, and if there are challenges and issues, we want to make sure that we're not only part of that conversation, but part of the solution. We want to thank Councilwoman Menin from meeting with us several times and we want to also acknowledge that version B of this legislation has made significant changes to address the industry concerns. However, this version will still have devastating impacts on the lodging industry and small businesses in New York. While there has been significant dialogue about this bill, the hotel industry has never really opposed any of the actual health and safety measures that are included in this, particularly compliance with

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION mandating compliance with the state human trafficking law that we wrote in 2022 and the implementation of panic buttons. If the true intent of the legislation is to standardize health and safety measures, there are several alternative ways to achieve this goal without making it illegal for many New York City businesses to even operate and causing irreparable harm to countless New York City hotels. Why did this legislation arbitrarily ban the total use of subcontractors instead of simply mandating that any subcontractors working in the hotel have to be licensed and follow the same health and safety requirements of hotel? There's really zero evidence that shows that hotels that use subcontractors have lower health and safety standards. All this bill does is make it illegal for small businesses to actually operate. We urge the City Council to scale back this bill and create what you have always said this is about is a simply licensing bill. And we'd be happy to answer any questions and continue to engage with conversations with the sponsor and other members of the council on this bill.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Next, please.

2 JAGRUTI PANWALA: Good morning, Council

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3 Member. My name is Jagruti Panwala. I'm here as a

4 past Chairwoman of AHLA which is the largest hotel

owner association in the world. I'm also here as a

first-generation hotelier with 26 year of experience. 6

7 I've spent my entire adult life in hotel business and

I've done every single job there is to do from 8

housekeeping to maintenance, to book-keeping to

management. So I know firsthand what it takes to be 10

11 a small business owner. Currently, we own multiple

hotels in the United States, including a 60-room 12

hotel in Bronx. Intro 991 is being called the Safe 13

14 Hotel act, but actually safety protocols are

15 duplicative of existing laws and industry protocols.

16 Clearly, the title is a smokescreen for other

17 objective. Forcing of small businesses to change

18 their business model and intentionally or

19 unintentionally eliminating us from the New York City

20 marketplace. First, as currently written, the

licensing structure outlined in the bill is 21

2.2 problematic. In every other city and state,

2.3 licensing requirements depend on meeting building

standards and receiving a certificate of occupancy.

These new and arbitrary rules would cause more 25

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION obstacles for small hoteliers to secure bank funding and secure franchise partners, both of which are already very difficult. Second, I want to address the proposed disallowance of subcontractors. Subcontractors often provide the flexibility and specialized skills to help smaller hotels maintain the operational efficiency while at time never getting labor shortages. When considering a subcontractor, we're not only inquiring about their current training and availability, but we also still provide them with the property-specific training. Exact the same way we do direct-hire employees. We're not alone. Subcontractors are option for many others in this industry, so why remove them entirely for hotel operators. New York City visitors deserves choices from large corporate catering hotels to smaller limited service family-run hotels, and this legislation will destroy that. I strongly urge you to consider the adverse implications outlined here today when you deliberate on potential policy proposals. Thank you.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yes. You just have}$  to press the button.

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2 ARTHUR KRAMER: Okay, thank you, 3 Chairperson Menin, Council Member Brewer. I 4 appreciate the opportunity to tell you my specific 5 opposition to a portion of this legislation. served in the New York State Assembly for 23 years, 6 7 chaired the Ways and Means Committee for 12. I've written and seen thousands of pieces of legislation, 8 including the one-- my sponsorship of the automobile lemon law, but what I find about this legislation is 10 11 I've never seen a state or local law in existence 12 that says that you have to go to an outside private 13 party to qualify for a city license, and I'm talking 14 about the requirement of a collective bargaining 15 agreement. If there is a collective bargaining 16 agreement, it should be understand that it typically 17 involves discussions about a host of issues that have 18 absolutely noting to do with this bill. The average 19 collective bargaining negotiations take 407 days, and 20 first time negotiations take 465 days. What does the applicant do to stay in business during that period 21 2.2 of time in order to qualify? I think the 2.3 introduction of a collective bargaining agreement has nothing to do with all of the evils that I've heard 24

about today that have been recited by Council

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION Members. From my perspective, this legislation gives preferences to those who already have the agreements, and puts the small business man in a position where that person can barely survive, and then you're selecting them, pushing them into the collective bargaining process. There's other issues, if you will, but the Commissioner who testified earlier today said two things of her three criteria. One of them, that licensing laws must not be unnecessarily burdensome to any industry, and in addition, there should not be unnecessary red tape. I've looked at the laws in Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles, Dallas, and other cities. They do not resemble this particular proposal. They do not mandate it. They do not require it, and I think it's an unnecessary burden on an industry that has so many other burdens.

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Menin and members of the Committee. My name is

Triputi Patel. My father came here in 1969 to pursue
the American dream. He made a tough, but honest
living working three jobs seven days a week to
provide for our family. We called the Bronx home in
those early days, and my father continued to save
money in hopes of owning a motel someday. With

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION financial support from family members, we were able to buy our first property when I was just five years old. Ours was a truly family-owned business. lived in the motel. My father would handle the front desk and my mother would handle room service. to help, I would clean rooms with my mom and help my dad answer phone calls. No one succeeds alone. We hired other people to help, supporting their livelihood and uplifting our communities. Our collective hard work meant we could sustain our growth -- grow our business. Fifty years later, I can tell you our business and lives have been built on blood, sweat, and tears. Big chains can sustain regulations like this, but small businesses cannot, neither can workers. Ninety-nine percent of our employees are minorities and they rely on us to provide for their families. Intro 991 needs important amendments to make sure that family-owned businesses like mine aren't destroyed while big chains continue to thrive. All I ask is to really listen to our concerns and protect our livelihoods. Our employees are like family to us. They've been with us for over 10 years, and we know each other on a name to name basis, and they are more than welcome

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committee on consumer and worker protection 88 to call us directly and address their concerns which they have in the past and we do address their concerns and needs. So, please consider just take a good look at this amendment and if there's any amendments that need to be made to this 991.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

PURVI PANWALA: Hi, good morning, Council Members. My name is Purvi Panwala. I'd like to thank you for allowing me to speak today. I'm here both as a member of AHALA and as a local hotelier to voice my opposition to Int. 991. I am a secondgeneration hotelier with literally a lifetime of experience. Currently, we own a small boutique hotel in Brooklyn, New York which employees about 15 people. Our hotel does its best to take care of its employees, giving competitive wages and flexibility and benefits. Many of our employees have been with us since we've opened, about 15 years ago, and they're still with us today. We have all of our staff obtain human trafficking prevention training which is an industry standard, and they take their fire, life and safety training which is a New York City standard. As much as we do to support our employees, it continues to get difficult to maintain

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION staff in a competitive workforce market. With the challenges we face to maintain day-to-day operations and our quests -- offer our quests the best experience with a clean hotel room and a safe hotel room, we still have to turn to subcontractors for assistance. We have hired a minority-owned vendor or subcontractor for our housekeeping department. doing so, we can ensure consistency in cleanliness and in training, and the best part is, when my manager comes in the morning, he can depend on that department being fully staffed and fully trained for the day, because if there were any call-outs, that's already been taken care of earlier in that day with the resources that they have. Does this reduce our cost as a hotel? Absolutely not. It's actually a lot more expensive for us to hire these subcontractors. But why do we do it? Because it keeps our hotels clean and safe. Small business are like individuals in the public. We're all suffering from inflation. So any little burden financially is incredibly detrimental to us, just like an individual. If the bill remains, many hotels will be in jeopardy. Please protect small minority-owned

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 90 hotels like mine against this bill, and I'm happy to work with you if you need that. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much for your testimony. Want to clarify two things. point was made about the collective bargaining agreement. I want to be very, very clear. collective bargaining agreement is not required at all under this bill. The language simply states that if a business has incorporated this law into their CBA, then they can use that CBA as evidence of their procedures to comply with the law. That is what it does. Secondly, I want to make a clarification There was a point made on subcontracting. After numerous meetings with many of you all and many other stakeholders, we narrowed the subcontracting We exempted FMB. We exempted security. exempting engineering. We added 20 additional categories of exemption to the subcontracting ban, and we have grandfathered in the subcontracts. do want to make sure for the record that that is very clear. With that said, I greatly appreciate your testimony today, and thank you so much for being here. And we'll now call the next panel. Marion Kendall, Cristian Eduardo [sp?], Ruoxi Chen [sp?],

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 91
Elizabeth Sakwa [sp?], if you could please come
forward. Thank you. I'm sorry, I think I was-Ruoxi Che [sp?] was the third name. Thank you. Is
Ruoxi Che here and Elizabeth Sakwa? Okay. Okay, so
you are here. Great, wonderful. Okay, please begin.
Thank you.

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MARION KENDALL: Good afternoon distinguished members of the City Council. My name is Marion Kendall, and I am a Co-chair of the New York State Anti-trafficking coalition and the founder of Thrive, an organization dedicated to providing critical support and services to victims and survivors of sexual exploitation across all districts represented here today. I am here to voice an unwavering support for the Safe Hotels Act, a bill that represents a beacon of hope in the fight against human trafficking, particularly within the hospitality industry. This bill is a vital step towards protecting the vulnerable and ensuring that no individual is exploited in the very places where they should be safe. Human trafficking, specifically sex trafficking is an insidious crime that hides in plain sight, and hotels are often complicit whether through neglect or lack of awareness. For

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 92 traffickers, hotels provide anonymity and convenience. For victims, hotels become prisons, places where their humanity is stripped away. Today I want to share with you the lived experiences of survivors that I personally know and currently work with that underscores the necessity of this legislation. Names are protected. I will share the story of Maria. Maria's an 19-year-old immigrant from Central America, came to the U.S. with the promises of a legitimate job in the hospitality industry. What she didn't know was that her traffickers had other plans. Instead of the opportunity she was promised, Maria was locked in a hotel room and forced into prostitution. Every day she endured unspeakable physical and sexual violence, unable to escape because her traffickers threatened her family back home. She lived in terror and isolation and feels powerless, trapped in a place where hotel staff never questioned her constant presence. Sarah is a 26-year-old young mother who was coerced into the sex trade by a trafficker who preyed on her financial desperation, manipulated into believing she had no other option. Sarah was taken to

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 93
high-end hotels where she was forced to meet clients-

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm just going to ask you to please wrap up the testimony.

Thank you.

MARION KENDALL: We, the Anti-trafficking Coalition, Thrive, and many survivors of trafficking in the five boroughs encourage the City Council to pass the Safe Hotels Act.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

CRISTIAN EDUARDO: My name is Cristian [inaudible] policy on legislation for Eduardo. prevention of human trafficking on local [sic] [inaudible]. I'm testifying in support of the Safe Hotel Act. My journey as an immigrant to New York began with a promise, a promise of a better life, education, and opportunities, but that promise was cruelly twisted into a nightmare. When I was [inaudible] a trafficker who preyed on my hopes and hotels where I was for to stay were supposed to be safe havens, but instead they become the whole [sic] impersonal [sic] spaces where my trafficker take cover. This is not just my story. It's a story of thousands, men, women and children who are lured by

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION same promises only to find themselves caught in the brutal grave of human trafficking. Trafficking does not occur in the dark corners of city hotels, cheap [sic] hotels, it thrives even in some of the city's most prestigious hotels where discretion is sold as a It is not enough to claim safety when men, women, and children are raped and beaten behind closed doors and their premises. It is not enough when the hotel system intentionally or not turns a blind eye to the signs of exploitation. In response to the Safe Hotel Act, some of the hotel industry have dismissed the connection between hotels and trafficking as absurd, and they have dismissed and they don't want to listen survivors, but if staff and front lien workers don't feel safe and don't have protections, we cannot fight human trafficking. Trafficking continue to flourish in hotels, including in New York City, and this is a reality. heard arguments about the cost on implementing this act, but how much is too much when it comes to protect the vulnerable? How much suffering do we need to see? How much lives do we need to sacrifice? By passing the Safe Hotel Act, we can ensure that hotels are no longer places of suffering, but places

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 95 where workers are protected, feeling safe and we're fighting actively human trafficking. We must listen to survivors, protect workers, and we must pass Safe Hotel Act.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

RUOXI CHEN: Good morning distinguished members of the New York City Council. My name is Ruoxi Chen and I'm the Program Manager of the Human Trafficking Intervention Program at Garden of Hope. We are a linguistically and culturally competent nonprofit organizations dedicated to serving and empowering survivors affected by domestic violence, sexual assault, human trafficking, hate violence and other forms of violence as well as promoting family wellbeing and community justice. I stand before you today to address the urgent needs to support and pass the Safe Hotels Act. Many of our clients have endured complex trauma, especially those involved in illicit massage businesses operating within hotels. These individuals often rent rooms on a monthly basis with phone operators controlling the flow of clients. They have choice in who they see, receiving customer assignments solely through text or phone calls which leaves them in a constant state of fear and

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION vulnerability. The risk of encountering dangerous customers is ever-present. Our clients have reported multiple incidents of robbery and burglaries throughout their workign experience, along with frequent physical and sexual violence at the hand of buvers. They attribute much of this danger to the hotel setting itself where they confined space provides no means of escape or hiding during an There [inaudible] often hidden in their rooms further compound the risk. Many of my clients have shared that there wasn't a single day they work in hotels without being in constant fear and anxiety. Even after leaving that environment, many continue to suffer from lingering post-traumatic stress symptoms, a haunting reminder of the dangers and trauma they endured. As immigrants with limited Englishproficiency and resources, these women feel powerless to seek help. Even in emergencies, fear and isolation prevent them from reaching out for assistance. Based on our client's experiences, the risk of encountering various crimes while working in illicit massage businesses within hotels is significantly higher than those working in traditional massage parlors on the streets. The Safe

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 97
Hotels Act address the unique vulnerabilities of
individuals, particularly human trafficking victims
who are exploited within the hotel industry.
Supporting this legislation is crucial in providing
much needed safety and support, those who are often
invisible and voiceless. It will ensure that
previously unreported cases are brought to light and
properly addresses. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

ELIZABETH SAWKA: Good afternoon. My

name is Elizabeth Sawka and the Administrator of

Anti-Human-Trafficking at Covenant House New York. We

serve youth ages 16 to 24 who are experiencing

homelessness, many of whom are survivors of human

trafficking. I want to thank the Committee on

consumer and Worker Protection for the opportunity to

submit testimony in support of the Safe Hotels Act

and for your ongoing commitment to ensure the safety

of all New Yorkers, especially the most vulnerable.

CHNY is the largest provider of services to homeless

youth in New York City serving over 1,600 young

people annually. Beyond providing safe shelter, we

offer a comprehensive array of services including

medical care, mental health services, education,

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION employment training and critical legal assistance. Many of the young people who come to us have faced unimaginable trauma, including trafficking which is all too common in environments that lack proper oversight and accountability, hotels being one such environment. I'm here today to strongly support the Safe Hotels Act because we know from our work that hotels are often sites where traffickers exploit vulnerable individuals. Many of the young people who come to Covenant House have bene trafficked through hotels that lack basic safety measures such as proper surveillance, well-trained staff, or adequate oversight. This bill is crucial because it addresses key gaps in hotel safety by mandating human trafficking recognition training for hotel employees, ensuring that staff can identify and report suspicious activities, requiring panic buttons and surveillance systems to protect both workers and guests from dangerous situations, prohibiting short duration room rentals, which traffickers often exploit to operate in secrecy. By passing the Safe Hotels Act, you'll be making New York City a safer place for everyone. This bill will protect vulnerable individuals from exploitation and hold

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 99 hotels accountable for maintaining secure, responsible operations. At Covenant House, we see the lasting impact of human trafficking every day, and this legislation will help close a critical avenue used by traffickers. I urge the Council to pass the Safe Hotels Act and help prevent further harm to those most at risk. Thank you for your time and leadership on this important issue.

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much. Thank you to this panel. I very much
appreciate your testimony. Thank you. Okay, we are
now going to call the next panel: Hemal Patel,
Bradley Burwell, Michael Paglialonga [sp?], Sandeep
Patel [sp?], Preyesh Patel [sp?], Kendu Patel [sp?].
Okay, yes, please go. Thank you.

HEMAL PATEL: Good morning members of
City Council. My name is Hamel Patel. My family and
I own hotels in New York City metro area. I'm here
today to express my strong opposition to Intro 991, a
bill that will have a devastating impact on my
livelihood and well as livelihoods of my fellow
association members. Intro 991 mandates arbitrary
staffing levels, limits operators ability to use
subcontractors. As a proud minority small business

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION owner in the hospitality sector I'm greatly concerned about the unintended consequences this bill will have in our industry, and specifically small independent minority hotel owners, such as myself, are employees, the majority of whom are-- come from minority communities. By prohibiting the use of subcontractors, you're inevitably putting thousands of New Yorkers out of work, including minorities and immigrants who provide services for the hospitality industry, including housekeeping, security, food and beverage. Without third-party subcontractors small hotel operators will not be able to accommodate influx of visitors during peak times especially during nationwide workforce shortage. Unlike large hotels, due to the cyclical nature of our business, many small independent minority-owned hotels cannot afford to hire, maintain their own full-time staff, and are challenged to find and retain direct-hire part-timers when occupancy is high. The ban of subcontractors also runs counter to one of the bill's stated objectives, to increase safety and security at the hotels. Third-party security guards, including the individual used in our hotels are fully trained, vetted by agencies that hired them. While larger

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION hotels can afford and prefer to hire these positions directly, the broad staffing mandates included in Intro 991 do not account for how operations of small individual hotels may differ and irresponsible, inappropriate, ineffective, unnecessarily costly. This bill will put thousands of jobs at risk, forcing the small independent hotels out of business and cause room rates in the city to skyrocket. Also, in February of this year, a homicide involving an escort occurred in the SoHo 54 hotel. In April, a man was found stabbed in the basement of Public Hotel on Bowery, and the Dominic Hotel in May a teenager was shot outside of the hotel. Obviously, these hotels are union hotels, and it clearly -- crime does not discriminate between CBA versus non-CBA hotels. urge the Council to reject Intro 911, engage in meaningful, constructive dialogue with stakeholders. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

BRADLEY BURWELL: Good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to share my expertise. My name is Bradley Burwell. I'm an Executive Vice President and the leader of the Hospital Investment Sales Group at Collier's, the third-largest real

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION estate advisor globally. I've been in the hotel capital markets advisory business in New York City for more than 20 years, and I can say without hesitation that 991B will cause significant disruption and long-term negative consequences for New York City's hospitality real estate sector. Since the bill's introduction, we've already seen a sharp decline in real estate transactions with many investors stating that they will not buy nor finance hotels in New York City if it passes. because the direct employment requirement in the bill will likely result in the unionization of many if not most of the city's 40,000 non-union hotel rooms. While the union plays an important role in our industry, unionization reduces hotel's cash flows by 30 to 40 percent with an outsized impact on property values. As property values fall, many hotels will be worth less than their outstanding debt leading to a wave of foreclosures. This process can take three to five years during which hotels deteriorate due to the lack of investments and absolute staff productions resulting in a decline in guest experience. Many owners will absolutely convert hotels to alternative uses and terminate their employees to avoid the

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 103 decrease in property values. Typically New York City sees \$3 billion to \$4 billion in hotel real estate sales and an equal amount in financings each year. If this bill passes, we expect a \$2 billion drop in sales and a near freeze on financing for three to five years, costing the City and State more than \$100 million of loss transfer and mortgage reporting taxes. Non-union hotels also generate about \$400 million in property taxes each year. The corresponding decline in their values could result in \$150 million reduction in property taxes. Let me be clear about this. This bill could lead to a loss of over \$250 million in annual tax revenue.

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PREYAS PATEL: Good afternoon. My name

Preyas Patel and I serve as Northeast Regional

Director for Asian Hotel Owners Association, AAHOA

which [inaudible] in this area of U.S. Our memberowned 1,100+ hotels in state of New York. Although I

appreciate all the Council Member who took time to

meet with our association and local hotelier. It is

upsetting to be here under this circumstance. We are

here to oppose this bill. This final version so that

only goal is to increase union hotels, union

interesting. Addressing our concern, Council Member

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION have created so-called compromise bill that serve union interest but does not have support from most of industry leader. This bill mention and goes into more detail about the staffing and employment type than it does about safety. Many other business use subcontractor worker and companies who are properly licensed and regulated. To my knowledge, this is the first time subcontractor are being banned outright in the city. It is disheartening that so-called-- so many Council Member who claim to care about the small and minority business would be willing to destroy our small minority-owned hotels, because we cannot afford union-- we cannot offer union's demand. Our hotel owner workers from supporting community that is important part of the city tourism and overall economy, not to mention, the vital resource to moderate income tourism and in New York visiting family member. Our group is conducting a study to show, Council Member, hard data on impact of this bill would have on our member and city economy. wish Council would have allowed time for study to completed, but I am thankful for all the leader and local hotel owner who are still willing to tell their story today. I hope Council Member hear them and

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 105 think long and hard before taking action on this bill. Thank you.

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SANDEEP PATEL: Hello, thank you, Council My name is Sandeep Patel. I'm with a group Members. that owns several hotels in multiple boroughs within New York City, and we've been doing this business-in this business for well over 20 years. I'm here to express my strong opposition to the proposed bill, licensing bill Intro 991. While this bill is being presented as a safety measure, many of its provisions have little to do with safety and could adversely impact the hotel industry as a whole in New York City. For years, hotels in New York City have operated under a certificate of occupancy similar to thousands of restaurants and other businesses within New York City. They are already subject to rigorous regulations enforced by DEP, FDNY, DOB, Department of Health amongst others. Additionally, COVID-19 had severely impacted our industry and many hotels have yet to recover. During the recent homeless crisis and migrant crisis, it was the hotels that stepped up to provide shelter for the people in need, demonstrating their commitment to the community. They did not choose to be a sanctuary city or a sanctuary

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION state, but this is the right thing to do and that's where we all stepped up. I wish to highlight a few points that came to our attention, certainly my attention, that I think could use some tweaking some language, that could use some tweaking in that sense. First of all, the mandated collective bargaining agreement language, it's very vague in nature at this It requires compliance with the CBA. certainly infringes on the rights of employees and employers. Historically, government has never mandated such agreements, making this provision potentially unconstitutional. There's no evidence to support that the collective bargaining guarantees adequate procedures or safeguards in any business operations. Additionally, requiring direct employees-- employment of core employees represents an overreach of government authority. The origins of employee-- core employee's employment should not be tied to guest or staff safety and should remain a business decision. In conclusion, potentially, this bill could have dire consequences with higher room rates and essentially tourists not coming to New York or choosing to be in New Jersey. This is will ineffectively [sic] have an effect on the restaurant

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 107 business and tax payer and tax dollars into New York City. I urge you guys— I urge everybody on the board here to have open dialogue with people within our industry. Thank you very much.

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MICHAEL PAGLIALONGA: Good-- that's so much easier when it's on. Good afternoon everyone and thank you so much for allowing the opportunity to testify. My name is Mike Paglialonga. I'm joined here today by my colleague Michael Weber, to speak to you on behalf of Littler Mendelson and the Workplace Policy Institute. For a very quick background, Littler Mendelson is the world's largest labor and employment firm exclusively representing employers and management. We have 1,800 attorneys globally and are, you know, truly second to none with expertise. The Workplace Policy Institute, or WPI, works on behalf of employers to bring light to a number of the issues that are otherwise just left in the dark, and I'm here today to spend a very quick two minutes highlighting some of the legal flaws with this bill. And unfortunately, I can't get into it as much as I would always love to talk about, so please reach out with any questions. but the goal of this testimony is to highlight that this bill as it is drafted

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION cannot go into effect as it is preempted by federal law for multiple different basis, including the National Labor Relations Act which establishes as a core the one set of rules that collective bargaining must go through and sets a balance of power between employers and employees within the United States. This bill tacitly encourages unionization in two It does so by providing effectively an exemption. We're not clear as to what the language of the exemption for the CBA actually means within the current draft. It's frankly rather unclear, but it provide an exemption that CBA's covered employers may just show the provisions of their bargaining Second, the bill requires direct employment of employees with a cherry-picked group of employees that bear no rational or reasonable basis to any of the wrongs we've heard of today. bills are strongly-- this bill is strongly supported by the Hotel Trades Council for very good reason. promotes their interest. I'd love to keep talking to you more about the frankly three other ways and three other areas where this bill crosses the line, but please take a look at our submitted testimony. We'd welcome any questions you have, and just hope to

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 109 avoid a long period of uncertainty and unnecessary litigation from this.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you very much. That's it. Okay, thank you. Let me just say a couple comments on this. We met with numerous lenders about this bill. That is why you see significant changes to the bill. One of the comments that we heard from the lending community is that service disruption on the original version of the bill, there was a feeling could constitute grounds to rescind or deny the license as a result of that. made a very clear edit to remove service disruption as any ground to rescind or deny the license. also, as you know, have narrowed the subcontracting ban to remove FNB. There was a comment about that. To remove security, to remove engineering, to add 20 additional categories to grandfather in the subcontracting. So we are very cognizant and worked very closely with the lending community on those changes as well as obviously the New York Hotel Association. So, greatly appreciate your comments today, and thank you so much for testifying. Okay, we are going to call the next panel which I believe requires an interpreter. So, if the interpreter,

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION Spanish interpreter, could come forward, please. 2 3 Sonia Umanzor, Paula Rodriguez, Carmen Polanco, Paula Thank you. Okay, so there'll be two 4 Amparo. 5 minutes and then two minutes for the interpretation, great. Please begin. Thank you. Okay, great. 6 Thank you very much. 7 8 CARMEN POLANCO: Carmen Polanco [speaking 9 Spanish]. 10 TRANSLATOR: My name is Carmen Polanco. 11 I'm a hotel worker in New York City, and I'm supporting the new law of secure hotels or safe 12 13 hotels. I was working for the staffing agency called 14 [inaudible]. 15 CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish] When I was working for the 16 TRANSLATOR: 17 staffing agency Star [sic] Staffing, they overload 18 work. It was very excessive. I remember them in one 19 day they assign me to clean completely even 15 to 17 hotels, and these 15-17 rooms include 10 different 20 21 check-outs [sic]. 2.2 CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish] 2.3 TRANSLATOR: Some of these rooms, hotel rooms, they were very difficult to clean. One day, I 24

had to stay until very late in order to finish to

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 111 2 clean the hotel rooms, and the staffing agency 3 refused to pay me for those extra hours I was 4 cleaning. CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish] CHAIRPERSON MENIN: There's an extra mic 6 7 there if that's easier. 8 Thank you. TRANSLATOR: 9 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yes, they both work 10 if that's easier. 11 TRANSLATOR: It's already on, right? 12 Thank you. Sometimes what I was doing, I was 13 introducing the card that they're supposed -- your 14 supposed to sign every time you're working in a hotel 15 to check in and to check out, and [inaudible] I was 16 going back to the same hotel rooms I was cleaning, 17 even though I already had punch [sic] there, but I 18 was very afraid. I didn't want to lose my job. I 19 knew that I needed to do these to maintain my work in 20 the hotel, and I was cleaning those rooms in the 21 hotel.

TRANSLATOR: I was very afraid that I happen to complain or to talk to the hotel person

[speaking Spanish]

CARMEN POLANCO:

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1	COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 112
2	about this what it will do. They will end my work
3	and they will also fire me later on.
4	CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish]
5	TRANSLATOR: I feel very insecure when I
6	was working in this employment agency, Star Staffing.
7	As you know, I was cleaning hotel rooms that the
8	covers of the bed were full of blood, completely full
9	of blood, and instead to give me good gloves, they
10	were giving these very cheap gloves in order for me
11	to clean these hotel beds, and I was not protected
12	from any germs or any diseases using this kind of
13	instrument and using this kind of cheap gloves.
14	CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Just because the time
15	is up, I'm going to ask you wrap.
16	TRANSLATOR: It's almost finished.
17	CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yeah, perfect okay.
18	TRANSLATOR: It's just like maybe three
19	sentences.
20	CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yes, yes.
21	TRANSLATOR: Sorry about that.
22	CHAIRPERSON MENIN: No, no.
23	TRANSLATOR: She has some problem because
24	of the glasses.

CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish]

## COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 113

TRANSLATOR: The hotel management told me that they were going to send the bed covers that were full of blood to a laundromat or to a laundry place in order to be washed, and after that they were going to throw them away. I was very alarmed about this. I was feeling very bad about the hotel guests or the hotel tourists who were coming to the hotel, that they were supposed to sleep in this bed with covers that were full of blood.

CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: The housekeepers were not well-trained to manage these chemical products. I end up cleaning these bathrooms with Clorox and with very strong chemicals and you will not believe that these chemicals were making me cry when I was using them.

CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: The chemicals were touching my skin and there were situations when I got burned--

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I just have to-- because we have to give everyone the exact same amount of time.

TRANSLATOR: Oh, it's the last sentence.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you.

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 TRANSLATOR: Sorry, I was reading, that's 3 why. 4 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you. The chemicals were burning 5 TRANSLATOR: me and making me cry, right? Every time and every 6 7 day I was praying to God, right, that everything will 8 be okay and I will not end up very badly because of this dangerous job. This is the last sentence. 10 CARMEN POLANCO: [speaking Spanish] 11 TRANSLATOR: Okay, this is last sentence. 12 I was very afraid that I will hurt myself, and when I 13 was doing [inaudible] strange or maybe-- or movement 14 by mistake I was very afraid it would be a very 15 dangerous, you know, injury that will hurt because of 16 this dangerous job. Please, I ask you and I beg you 17 to approve this law for secure and safe hotels for hard workers like I am, and thank you for listening 18 19 to my story. 20 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you so much for 21 your testimony today. 2.2 TRANSLATOR: Sorry, me--2.3 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] No, no, thank you. 24

TRANSLATOR:

Spanish mistakes and also--

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 115

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Thank

3 you so much.

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TRANSLATOR: [inaudible] make her read it correctly, my apologies.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: No, thank you very much. Okay.

PAULA AMPARO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: My name is Paula Amparo [inaudible] hotel in the Bronx. The hotel offered rooms by hour. They were very [inaudible] possibly including human trafficking. I never received any training on how to recognize human trafficking, hot to report it, or how to keep myself and the guest safe. When a guest ask for many towels or different men visited the same room, I knew something was going on. I reported the suspicious activities to the reception and the management, but they always ignored those problems, and say I'll be on the lookout. management knew who their customers were and what was going on in the hotel. They did not want any -- they did not want anyone speaking to workers or the police to interfere in the profits. They closed their eyes and pressured all the workers to do so as well. was afraid not only to the safety of the potential

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 116
victims of trafficking, but also for my own. I'm a
single mom. I wanted to make sure that I came home
every night. The hotel care very little about my
safety and the guests. We must ensure that every
hotel worker is trained in recognizing human
trafficking and report suspicious activities without
being punished by their employer. Please pass the
Safe Hotel Act for the safety of all the workers.
Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

PAULA RODRIGUEZ: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: My name is Paula Rodriguez,

I will probably get fired today for speaking here. I
currently work as a housekeeper for the [inaudible]
cleaning at mostly Times Square [sic]. I was one of
the workers who was bought and paid by there on
September 12<sup>th</sup> to oppose the Safety Hotels Act, but I
do not oppose this law. My co-workers and I know
that we will be much better off. We work directly
for the hotel, not for the agency. Working for the
subcontracting agency is horrible. We make very
little. We clean 16, 17 rooms per day. They work us
like machines and believe they can exploit us because
we are immigrants. We have no control over our

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 117 schedule. On many occasions I have been called and told to stay home without pay when I'm already on the subway on my way to work, and we have no ability to speak up. For example, last week our boss told us, Christian [inaudible], if you have to use your steep [sic] to clean better, do it, and if you are not comfortable with that, the door is wide opened. But I'm fed up. I am willing to take this risk to tell the truth. This is our chance to have a better future. So for them in the green shirts, the workers, and for me, we need the Safe Hotels Act. Please vote yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Gracias. Thank you so much. Any questions from members? Thank you so much for your testimony. I will now call the next panel. Jeff Brosi, Andeep Gosal [sp?], Mukesh Patel [sp?], Sheetal Patel [sp?], Manish Patni. Sorry, just need you to be cognizant of who's behind you. We have someone in a wheelchair. Thank you so much. Okay, whoever is ready to begin, we'll let you start and we'll go to your right afterward. She's coming right back in. I'm just temporarily taking over the committee for her to use the restroom, but this is all being recorded and she'll receive all testimony.

Owners Association.

MUKESH PATEL: Can you hear me? Yeah.

Good afternoon members of City Council. My name is

Mukesh Patel, a member of the New York Minority Hotel

Association as well as member of Asian American Hotel

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: sorry, Mr. Patel, can you give me one second. Can we paus the time?

We need silence in the chambers. Thank you so much.

You can continue.

MUKESH PATEL: Good afternoon members of
City Council. My name is Mukesh Patel, a member of
the New York City Minority Hotel Association as well
as member of Asian American Hotel Owners Association.
I am the owner of a number of small hotels in outer
boroughs. I'm here to oppose this anti-business
legislation for a number of reasons. A few months
ago this bill was initially introduced as an antitrafficking bill even though there were some other
provision that we thought needed negotiation, we were
in total agreement to do so even more from industry
to prevent trafficking. We came to this country with
big American dream. We have worked very hard to
build a life in America. We have been successful in
building small businesses and have been very good

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION citizens of this country. The ban on subcontractors also runs counter to one of the bills stated object use to increase safety and security of hotels. party employees who work in our hotels are fullytrained and vetted by the agencies that hired them. The use of trusted agencies ensures consistent and thorough training protocols that prepare staff for a wide range of scenarios. While large hotels can afford and my prefer to hire these positions directly, the broad staffing mandates include in Intro 991 do not account for consequence on operations of small minority-owned hotels. Furthermore, this licensing requirements may hinder the ability of new hotels to enter into our market, as we know that 2021 new special permitting law already have big dent on new hotel developments in New York City's five boroughs. I urge the City Council to consider the broader implications on these proposals for the city's economy. Tourism is a vital industry of New York, generating billions of dollars in revenue in each year and supporting hundreds and thousands of jobs. By imposing additional regulatory burdens and potentially railing operational costs risk making New York City a less attractive

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION destination for travelers which would hurt both 2 3 businesses and employees. small independent and 4 minority-owned hotels have routinely stepped up to 5 help community providing New Yorker a safe, clean place to sleep when fire or superstorm Sandy 6 7 destroyed their homes, or when nurses and doctors working long hours to make sure to take care of us 8 during the pandemic time to [inaudible] hospital shifts. Lastly, I request you to elaborate more in 10 11 details as many of us are confused with collective 12 bargaining agreement. Can you please tell us CBA not 13 required, then what are the requirements going to be 14 to qualify for a license, and also--15 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Okay, 16 I'm just going to ask you to wrap up, because the 17 time is up, please. Thank you. 18 MUKESH PATEL: One more thing, ma'am. 19 Also, sincerely request you to consider licensing 20 term from two years to five to seven years. 21 you. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much. 2.3 SHEETAL PATEL: Good afternoon, Council Members. Hello, my name is Sheetal Patel. I'm here 24

to speak on behalf of the New York City licensing

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION bill. As a female immigrant, I came to this country seeking prosperity and opportunities, and New York City seemed like the perfect fit. However, over the years, I have found that business in New York City has become increasingly stringent and difficult. The numerous regulations we must navigate are time consuming and challenging. As a small business owner, my primary concerns are ensuring our mortgage and substantial taxes are paid while managing safe operational procedures and also operational costs. If this bill is passed, it could be detrimental to our operations. Disrupting the livelihoods of our current employees who rely on their jobs would have significant impact on us. Finding labor is already difficult and mandating certain departments will hurt us rather than help us. Decisions regarding our core employees should be based on business considerations, not imposed by regulation. Mandating collective bargaining could cripple small business owners and potentially drive some of us out of business, as they would be unaffordable. I urge you to reconsider this bill as it could spell disaster for the hotel industry in New York City. Thank you for your consideration.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 122

2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Just turn the button

3 on, please. Thank you.

: Hello.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: We can hear you.

6 Thank you.

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JEFF BROSI: Hi, how are you? My name is Jeff Brosi. I'm here from the Rockaway Hotel in Rockaway, Queens. We're a small boutique hotel with 53 rooms and we literally are residents of Queens, born and raised, put our livelihoods on building this boutique hotel. We're a community-based hotel that employ locals and we oppose this bill for many The biggest reason is the third-party reasons. contractors that are not allowed to be included into this bill, and the reason is, we just do not have the staff to get out there. Rockaway is literally desert for transportation, people to get to and from. tried multiple different ways from-- simply, we developed our own hospitality program to educate people on what hospitality is and getting into the hotel business and working, and we literally developed a program that was seven, eight, nine weeks long that we invested our own money to find staff and train them, and we still did not find enough. The

other option— concern that we have is that we're a seasonal hotel. So the expanding and contracting of business is extremely important to us, and for us to be able to survive this turn of business from seasonality and not having the staffing to be able to expand and contract would be detrimental for us to survive. I beg you and I please— take out any of these third—party contracts out of this bill.

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MANISH PATNI: Good afternoon Chair Menin and other members of the Council Committee. Thank you for allowing me this opportunity to speak today on behalf of not only my organization, but also their investors as well as the employees that work for our hotels. We're a proud small business company that has been a significant part of the New York City hotel landscape for the past 25 years. Our group has developed over 40 hotels in New York City, so we certainly know what we're doing and understand the needs of New York City. We operate across four boroughs currently and ensure our employees thrive in a safe working environment that values their contributions and wellbeing. Our hotels have a mix of direct hotel staff as well as subcontractors. Under the Safe Hotel Act, our business model would be

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION significantly altered with the elimination of our valued contract service partners who employ local residents and support their communities. These are legal and well-trained working-class families that are supported by the hotels that we have developed in these various neighborhoods. A collective bargaining agreement significantly reduces opportunities for individuals that are seeking a company with more robust benefits and an access to be heard from the highest levels of our company. In this environment an employee becomes a person of importance and a strategic part of our overall success. We understand the need to maintain safety standards. We adopt a head of any potential risk and do not wait for incidents to occur. I'm happy to say that in over 25 years of being in business, I have zero claims of any violent crimes, including deaths. We have zero activity of human trafficking, and we certainly curb and control anything on prostitution and drug use in our hotels. With the amount of social media that's out there, with the transparency in our business, we simply could not operate this way, otherwise we would just never have any future business. I understand that there are bad apples amongst all businesses, but

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we are certainly not one of them, and I can tell you that many of us who are here today represent the good of the industry and not the bad of the industry. It is unfortunate that the City continues to deal with violent crime. However, it is important to note that hotels typically offer much safer— are safer, much safer relative to other businesses. The Safe Hotel Act presents challenges that will have far—reaching consequences on small businesses like ours. Many third—party vendors that serve our hotels—

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm just going to ask you to wrap up, please, thank you.

MANISH PATNI: such as laundry, security and engineering will be negatively affected by this new bill. By subcontracting we ensure these local businesses can thrive alongside ours, contributing to the overall city economy. I have more to say, but I guess I'm out of time.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: I do just want to clarify one thing. You mentioned engineering. That is no longer subject to the subcontracting ban. I just want to make sure--

MANISH PATNI: [interposing] I understand,

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1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: that is very clear. 3 Okay. 4 I'm referring to MANISH PATNI: 5 housekeeping. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: 6 7 ANUDEEP GOSAL: Thank you, Council Members, for allowing me to speak today. My name is 8 Anudeep Gosal. I'm the Director of the Hotel Advisory Group at Besen Partners, a local real estate firm in 10 11 New York City since 1980. I'm here today to express 12 my opposition to this bill. As a hospital advisor, it is my professional opinion that this bill will 13 14 have effects similar to the special permitting 15 legislation introduced in 2021 with severely 16 restricted new hotel development. These restrictions have led to a shortage of hotel rooms, driving up the 17 18 average daily rate and occupancy rates making the 19 city increasingly unaffordable for travelers and creating an affordability crisis within tourism. 20 of 2023, New York City has approximately 125,000 21 rooms which is not enough to meet the growing demand. 2.2 2.3 The bottleneck in new hotel developments is a direct result of restrictive legislation, rising costs in 24

ADR [sic], foreign occupancy rates. In 2023, the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION average ADR was \$201. It has now surged to \$255 in 2024. That's an increase of over 25 percent in one year alone. A similar situation is occurring with the occupancy rates. However, higher occupancies in this context does not reflect a healthy market. is driven by a shortage of rooms due to restrictive legislations rather than organic growth and demand. Normal City in 2023 had 62 million visitors, but rising hotel prices threaten to deter future tourism. The city currently has one of the lowest supply growth rates in the country at less than one percent, fueling the shortage. Budget-conscious travelers and middle income families are being priced out as fewer affordable hotels are options-- fewer affordable hotel options are available. Many tourists are choosing more affordable destinations as even mid-scale and economy hotels in New York City are now approaching the \$200 mark, making them increasingly unaffordable. If this trend continues, my fear is New York City's tourism economy is at risk, and it will be only be accessible to wealthy travelers.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much for your testimony. I want to mention we've been joined by Council Member Powers, and before I turn it

OVER TO MITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 128

over to my colleague, Council Member Brewer, who I

believe has some questions, I want to address a

question that was raised by the panel about the

collective bargaining agreement. As I said earlier,

the collective bargaining agreement is not required

under this bill. The language simply states that if

a business has incorporated this law into their CBA,

then they can use that CBA as evidence of their

procedures to comply with the law. So I wanted to

clarify that for the record, and now let me turn it

over to Council Member Brewer.

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much. We've heard from several owners, and I respect a lot the work that you do, we all do, but my question is, given the many restrictions in terms of what this new bill version B states that there are very limited numbers that have to be full-time. And I really want to hear from you-- not all of you, just a couple of you because of time constraints. It sounds to me that in some cases you already doing that. You already have direct workers in your hotels. So I'm just curious to say-- I know there's a lot of doomsday. This is going to kill the industry, but it seems to me there's very limited

numbers who are in fact going to have to be permanent employees. If somebody could comment. Do you already have some permanent employees and would this be as doomsday as it sounds?

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MANISH PATNI: Well, as I mentioned, some of our hotels, it depends upon the ratio and the market, similar to the gentleman next to me.

Sometimes subcontracting is just an essential part of our business. We need that mix and that source of employees.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: We're talking about mixing here. That's what the Chair said. It's going to be a mix.

MANISH PATNI: Correct, but it's not always the hotel or the ownership group that dictates that mix. It's often the market and the location.

So, you know, it's not a one-size-fits-all. For example, I operate hotels across the four boroughs.

There are some locations that it's very easy to get hotel staff employees. There are some locations that no matter how much I pay I can't get them. The subcontracting part of that helps us to source employees, and these are people-- whether it is subcontracting or hotel direct employees who have

been with our hotels for five, 10, 15 years, our industry typically has the highest turnover rate nationally. And so those that are really focused here and who understand the business know how to operate their hotels, and again, to have retained employees is a benefit to us, because it's a tremendous cost factor in turnover.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Alright, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you very much for your testimony today. Thank you very much. Thank you. I'm now going to call the next panel.

Tsing Zama [sp?], Mark Bellamy, Hu Chao Yi [sp?], and Richard Hurd on Zoom. Okay, we're going to have Zoom start first. Richard Hurd, please. Thank you.

RICHARD HURD: Good afternoon. My name is Richard Hurd. I'm a Professor Emeritus in the School of Labor Relations at Cornell University. The proposed legislation requires that hotels directly employ their core employees. This legislation is needed because the structure of the hotel industry has changed. Typically hotel brands do not own hotels, rather they franchise hotels, and even the franchisees and the owners of specific properties do

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION not directly employ most hotel workers. The reason, the owners are looking to maximize the return on investment by minimizing labor costs. In other words, it's a pure profit motive. The most common practice is to subcontract. The subcontractor such as cleaning services compete fiercely with one another, and the result is a decline in wages, eroding benefits, inadequate health and safety protections, and strong incentives to skirt or ignore federal, state and local labor regulations. Research of David Weil which he summarized earlier this hearing, as well as Richard Freeman from Harvard and other academics, has clearly indicated that this is the This June in a joint conference of three professional associations that focus on labor markets, labor relations and dispute resolution was held here in New York City. There were over a dozen sessions that addressed the impact of subcontracting on workers. For example, one session addressed the deteriorating conditions for hotel workers globally and was titled "Inhospitable work." The consensus of the participants in this conference, academic, legal, labor, management was very clear. There's a trend to

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 132 increase subcontracting, and this creates the need to increase attention to enforce--

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: [interposing] Thank you for your testimony. Your time is expired.

RICHARD HURD: by federal, state, and local government. It is this— it is appropriate that New York City continue to be at the forefront of protecting worker's rights, and this legislation demonstrates and reinforces that role. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

And then Mark Bellamy, Ha Chai Yu [sp?], and Tserling

Lanza [sp?]. Yes, thank you.

MARK BELLAMY: Good afternoon. My name is Mark Bellamy. I currently work as a house person at the Margaritaville Resort in Times Square. Many hotels and their lobbyists have been telling subcontract workers that they will lose their jobs if the Safe Hotels Act is passed. This is a lie. I know because I lived through this. I used to work for a subcontractor agency at the Margaritaville, but today I work directly for the hotel. When I was a subcontractor worker I was paid just \$17 per hour. The work was hard and we often had to stay late unpaid to finish it. When the subcontractors left our

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 133 hotel, we did not lose our jobs, because the city workers retention law kicked in. Let me repeat that for the folks in the back. When the subcontractors left our hotel, we did not lose our jobs. In fact, the hotel started paying us more, \$23 per hour. That's a big increase. It was a great day when the subcontracting agency left our hotel. The subcontractor was a middle man. They took a cut of the money that the hotel could have been paying us, and they squeezed every ounce of labor out of us to profit as much as possible. Please pass the Safe Hotels Act.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

HU CHAO LI: Good afternoon. My name is
Hu Chao Li [sp?]. I work in the hotel for 30-almost 34 years, yeah, but I really need to tell the
worker the hotel is [inaudible]. Every day that I go
to work, right, I just work in the room by myself,
and sometime I pray for myself be careful, because
sometime the room-- the guest in the room. One day I
knocked the door, that they stand outside the door
completely naked. And I very, very scared for that.
and then the other day, I went to the door-- the room
and cleaned the room, and one guest in the room, he

committee on consumer and worker protection 134 sit down on the bed, he completely naked, and then he touching himself, the private, and that's why I very scared for that. That's why I press the [inaudible] button for panic button for call the security to help. That's why I hope you can pass the law to help the worker at the hotel to have the panic button. I hope [inaudible].

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

TSERLING LANZA: Good afternoon Council Members. I'm Tserling Lanza [sp?] and I support the Safe Hotel Act. I'm here to tell the public what happen when subcontracting [inaudible] in New York City. That is what happened to me and changed my life for better. I used to work for the subcontracting agency at the Margaritaville Resort in Times Square. I make just \$17 per hour. It was not easy to support my family on this work, but I had to do it to survive. To me, [inaudible] subcontracting agency means feeling unsafe at work. Low pay or heavy workload, and [inaudible] when the subcontracting agency left our hotel, I keep my job because of the [inaudible] Retention Law. Today, I am working privately for the Margaritaville. at the same hotel where everything is different.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 135 work [inaudible] every night by the [inaudible] as soon as the subcontractor left. I can pay rent more easily and I feel safe at work. Please pass the Safe Hotel Act to the [inaudible] work like for me. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much for this panel. We appreciate your testimony. I am now going to call a panel on the other bill that is being heard today, 970. So this panel is Christian Hickson [sp?], Lucy Palacios, on Zoom Aretha Wareham, Tamika Melton [sp?], Larinda Hooks [sp?]. Okay, we're going to start on Zoom with Aretha Wareham.

ARETHA WAREHAM: Hello?

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Yes, we can hear you.}$  Thank you.

ARETHA WAREHAM: Oh, okay. Thank you.

Yes, my name is Aretha Wareham. I am a resident in

Queens in the community of East Elmhurst, Corona. I

serve on the East Elmhurst, Corona Civic Association,

and personally, I will tell you that I support this

bill. In this community we have had several smaller

business come up. Most of them are under disguise of

massage parlors, and that work under disguise of

massage parlors, and they're really human

trafficking. We have several areas in our community now that has been dealing with issue for several years, and it's only becoming worse, so I would say that yes, I would support this bill for a safer community and better help for our community. Thank you for allowing me to testify today.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Tamika Melton [sp?],
Larinda Hooks?

LARINDA HOOKS: Hello. Hello everyone.

Hello Council Members. Queens has the highest human trafficking in New York City. For the safety and future of Queens's residents, we need Intro 970. As a resident of District 21, I believe Intro 970 will safeguard public health, combat human trafficking and uphold ethical standards. There is a reason for regulations. Regulations are put in place so that entities won't run amuck in our community. This legislation addresses the illegal practices occurring now and puts a stop to them. Thank you, Council Member Moya, for trying to make real change to help the community. Please pass Intro 970. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, now we're going in-person, please. Thank you.

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KRISTINA HINCKSON: Can you hear me? Okay, thank you. Thank you. I'm Kristina Hinckson, President of the New York State Society of Medical Massage Therapists established in 1927, and we support this bill with amendments. NYSSMMT represents the over 15,000 massage therapists in New York State. Our recent accomplishments has been changing the NAICS code of the word "massage parlor" to "massage wellness centers." And recently, to help reopen the economy in New York City, we had work with New York City Planning Commission to remove the antiquated adult physical culture permit. With that, that had allowed the economy to reopen with small businesses such as ours, yoga studios, etcetera. This has also allowed massage therapy practices to be recategorized as ambulatory care in the commercial space. Massage therapy is one of the oldest forms of medicine as an ancient healing art rooted in traditional Chinese medicine. In the U.S., New York City is the birthplace of massage therapy coming from East and Europe. We own that. On the national scope of the industry, New York State has the highest educational training and practice standards, thus, making the New York license the most coveted license

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION to attain. Massage therapy as a healing modality is flexible, portable, manageable, versatile, complementary, scalable, and non-pharmacological. The versatility of the massage therapy profession makes it an easily misunderstood profession, thus making it vulnerable to exploitation. We support this bill with amendments. One of the most important aspects of this bill is safety and health for the massage profession. The biggest aspect we would like to see in this bill is that the safety standards are upheld by having a director of safety position so all the safety practices can be upheld versus just having a license to open and that's it. That's the most important aspect and we will be submitting written testimony. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

LUCY PALACIOS: Good afternoon Chairman—Chairperson. My name is Lucy Palacios and I've been a proud resident of Jackson Heights for at least 30 years. I've also been—I am a licensed massage therapist since 2020 and a member of NYSSMMT, running my own practice in Jackson Heights. Unfortunately every week I receive inappropriate inquiries such as request for happy endings, questions about the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION nationality of the women I employ, and even the color nail polish that I'm wearing on my toes. For my safety, I do not allow walk-ins and carefully screen all potential clients. Unlicensed massage businesses often affront for human trafficking have become all too common. Disturbingly, many ae located across from elementary schools. These places are raided, shut down and reopen within days with no consequences. One such example is Harmony Spa operating openly at 4006 82<sup>nd</sup> Street at the foot of the 86<sup>th</sup> Street train station. Visibly 24 hours, seven days a week with police officers passing by without intervention of the women, seven or eight of them just hanging out in front of the location. It's a stark reminder of the serious human trafficking issues that we're facing right in our community, and it's something we can no longer ignore. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

Thank you for your testimony today. I will now call
the next panel, Terence Monahan, Veraja Barbara

Brukanar [sp?], Oscar Lopez, Christie de la Santos,
Audrey Walker, Roanny Espinal. Please come forward.

Thank you. Okay, please begin.

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of forced labor but included no data to indicate New

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION York City hotels or their subcontractors were engaging in the practice. It is important to stress that there is no evidence whatsoever that subcontracted workers present a public safety issue in hotels. Next, Intro 991 supporters have cited 39 homicides in hotels in recent years. A review of the facts reveal that these homicides actually date back to 2009 with 27 of the 39 homicides occurring prior to 2017 when the city crime rate was considerably higher than it is today. Since 2017 there have been 12 homicides reported at hotels, with six occurring during the height of the COVID pandemic when many hotels housed hundreds of homeless people and others in dire circumstances. In the three years prior to COVID 2017, there were four homicides, three of those--

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm just going to ask you to please wrap up your testimony.

Then you can obviously submit the written testimony for the record.

TERENCE MONAHAN: in conclusion, I
believe that the vast majority of hotels are
extremely safe and responsive. In extremely rare case
of mismanagement, a business license could provide

committee on consumer and worker protection 142 one more tool for law enforcement officers to do their job. I acknowledge that the license proposed in the bill includes some provision that could make for a safe industry even safer, such as eliminating short stays and requiring front desk coverage. However, eliminating subcontracted employees in my opinion does nothing to enhance public safety.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Next.

BARBARA BRYUKHANOVA: Good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to speak today. My name is Barbara and I worked for an outsourcing company for five years, and I'm incredibly grateful for that opportunity. Being an immigrant in a new country adapting to a different culture and environment, this role became much more than just a job. It was a life-changing experience for me and many others that I worked with. Outsourcing companies often foster a family-like environment. It's not just about being another name on the payroll. We worked as a team, genuinely caring about one another and the work we do. People enjoyed coming to work, supporting each other and growing together. The sense of community is something that is often missing in large corporations. Small and

medium sized businesses like outsourcing companies have always been the backbone of this country's success. I hope that future policies continue to support the growth and sustainability of these businesses so more people can have the same opportunities I had. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Please. Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon Council Thank you for the opportunity for me to Members. speak today. I don't have a written statement because I'm saying this truthfully on my experience. When I first came to this country in 2014 by my partner, I was assured that I will be taken care of with my two kids. Six months after, that did not happen. now, I have to go in search of a job with no skills. I was sent to an outsource company who take me in, train me, and I've been with this company for 10 years, and now I'm promoted to a supervisor position. And sitting here today listening to most of these-my colleague's statements and their experience, it all comes down to one thing, the outsource company, because all of them were trained by the outsource company. They did not go to the hotel with experience -- without experience because the hotel is

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION not going to take you without experience. The first question, do you have experience? And if you don't have experience, they're not going to employ you. it all boil down to the outsource company who not only trained us, but paid us to be trained. I've been with this company for 10 year, NOR [sic]. I am so happy with this company. They have brought out things in me that I didn't know I have. I'm doing schedules which I didn't think I have the ability to do. Now, I'm doing it with such grace and poise and I'm so grateful for them, and I just thankful to come and speak on behalf of my company, of my outsource company. We trained hundreds of people who-- and send them out there in the world so now they could be out there talking about oh, the company this and also it's company that, but then they're not remembering the good things that the outsource company has done for them which give them a skill. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

OSCAR LOPEZ: Good afternoon everyone.

Thank you for the opportunity of letting me speak.

My name is Oscar Lopez, and I would like to start

speaking a little bit of my experience. I came to

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION this city seven years ago, as many people looking for one opportunity. That opportunity was given to me by a group of people that [inaudible] on my talents. Ιt helped me to develop my careers. Now, I become a manager of operations, and I'm able to help others to develop their skills as well. I'm able to work every day to prepare myself and able to train others, teach them their responsibilities and their rights, promoting always equality. For instance, a few weeks ago I was able to train all my staff members about human trafficking and sexual harassment which is a requirement by the Department of Labor. The use of human resources is a power for me, but my education and my values reminds me every day that I have to do things right. I want to express my opposition in this bill proposal as I believe that we can make New York stronger in this industry. For me, passing this bill will affect my life, my passion, the respect I have to this industry. It will destroy my entire life, as I want to continue helping others to build their careers. Thank you, and have a nice day. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

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My name is Christy. I've always dreamed of working

CHRISTY DE LOS SANTOS: Good afternoon.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION in the hospitality industry since I was a little I worked in the industry for 20 years, started at the front desk, worked my way to housekeeping. Discovered my love and talent for training, specifically in the housekeeping Department. However, I always felt something was missing and I was not using my skills to my full potential, no matter the hotel I worked for. My decision to move to work with subcontractors has helped me reach more people with my training skills. I provide training such as safety, customer service, human resource, and standards training. I complete all of these for every single one of our employees. It's also very rewarding to be able to give people the opportunity to enter this industry, these employees who are not currently given the chance to work due to their lack of experience. We are giving them that opportunity. We are teaching them training and developing them into becoming great staff members. I love and enjoy what I do thoroughly. I would like to set an example to my three children, that hard work pays off and you can reach your goals no matter where you came from. Please take into account our point of view and

reconsider the passing of this bill.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 14

2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

I want to thank the panel, and I want to note for the record on the public safety points that were raised earlier, that we have the support of the five District Attorneys as well as the PBA and the New York Attorney General on public safety grants. I'm now going to call the next panel. So thank you to tis panel. The next panel is Jacqueline Figueroa, Treashana Brown, Martha Bustillo, Hilda Alvarez, Rosa Saldana, and Tselha Temin. If you could please come forward. Thank you. Yes, please begin. Thank you.

I have worked in the hotel industry for over 40 years and have been a proud residents of Queens for 42 years. One of the things that I love about New York City is that we stand up for what's right. Thousands of your constituents, including me, work in New York City hotels. We need this law. Do the right thing. New York needs the Safe Hotels Act. Please vote yes.

JACQUELINE FIGUEROA: Hello. My name is Jacqueline Figueroa and I'm a New York worker. I was born and raised in the Bronx. Workers like me deserve safety on the job. We deserve the Safe

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 148
Hotels Act. Please vote yes. Thank you for the opportunity.

ROSA SALDANA: [speaking Spanish]

I'm a hotel worker in New York City. I'm originally from Dominican Republic. When I first come to New York, I came to build a better life for me and my family. To me, New York was a place where I could work hard, but also where I will be treated fairly or safely and give my children a better future. Those are the New York values. That's the American dream. We stand to protect the workers who [inaudible] the tourist industry including thousands of immigrants like me. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes.

MARTHA BUSTILLO: Hi, good afternoon. My name is Martha Bustillo and I am a room attendant at the Lexington Hotel. The Safe Hotel Act is very important to me as a woman, because cleaning room in a big New York City hotel is not always safe. Workers like me deserve to have panic button in case of emergency. Please vote yes for the Safe Hotel Act. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 149

TREASHANA BROWN: Hello. Good afternoon.

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My name Treashana Brown. I am a New York City hotel worker, and I support the Safe Hotel Act. When I worked with the subcontractor agency, Star Staffing, I was paid through a prepaid card that had no name on I asked the agency how much was on the card. They said it was over \$300. I asked the agency for a pay stub to see how many hours I was paid for and the taxes I had paid. They wouldn't give me anything, and -- I asked the agency multiple times, but they did not respond. Why wouldn't they give me such basic information, I asked myself. Why were they so unreachable? It all made me very stressed. I work for another subtract agency called Tropical Stars [sic] for five years. During those five years I was typically scheduled to work for five days a week. After five years at the agency, I got pregnant. Almost immediately they started cutting my days from-- suddenly from five to four to three until eventually it was no more. That was not through. They need me, because they constantly -- tried to hire housekeeping. I believe that it was my pregnancy that they didn't want to deal with. One time I was

cleaning a room and I got stabbed by a drug needle.

My manager to me to go to the hospital and I had to transport myself. I spent days in the ER as I got treated for my injuries. I had to miss days of work. In the end, I had a huge hospital bill when I came back to work, and I have the agency. They refused to pay. I had to fight for months and risk my job to cover my expensive hospital bill. Please pass the Safe Hotels Act to protect workers like me. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

Hello. Good afternoon TSELHA TEMIN: My name is Tselha Temin. I'm a hotel everyone. worker in New York City. I have been a proud resident of Woodside for eight years. One of the things that I love about our city is that we stand up for what's Thousands of your constituents including me right. work in the New York City hotels. We need this law. Quite frankly, I'm disgusted that some members of this City Council care more about the profits of a few wealthy hotel owners than our safety. Please do the right thing. New York needs the Safe Hotels Act. Please vote yes. I love work in a safer work place, and I'm sure the workers in the green shirt also would love to work in a safer workplace. Thank you

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much to this panel. Okay, I'm now going to call the next panel. So, on Zoom we have Jason Gamel, and inperson Drita Cererk [sp?], Eugenia Kolesnikova, Tatiana Vikulina, Juan Charum, and Rafael Perez. Ιf you could come forward please. And we will start on Zoom, while you're coming up, with Jason Gamel.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

JASON GAMEL: thank you very much, Chairwoman Menin and other members in the City Council. My name is Jason Gamel and I represent the American Resort Development Association with a trade association that represents the time-share industry, and our membership comprises of over 350 companies, both privately held firms and publicly traded corporations. ARD is active and engage members that have extensive experience in shared ownership interest in leisure real estate. We do not believe the New York City Council necessarily intended for the hotel license legislation to apply to time shares, but if it does, which I believe it will, we believe it will negatively impact our industry. to begin, there are many hotels in New York City.

There are less than 12 time share properties that are

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION currently in the city limits. It's obviously a very small percentage of accommodations overall. The time share properties are already highly regulated by the New York Attorney General's Office before they can operate, open or market or sell any type of time share interest. There has to be an approval from a file that has-- of a plan that has filed with the AG's office, the submission and the review of a time share offering plan is highly complex, it usually take several months to complete, and tens of thousands of dollars in both the legal costs and fees in order to be able to submit. In additional there are always zoning and apartment building approvals that are required for any time share that's developed in city limits, and if a time share developer violates any of those regulations, they're subject to penalties and enforcement actions by the AG's Office. once a property is sold out, it might be managed by a hospitality brand, but it is always overseen by an owner's association which is responsible for all the common expenses, including services such as housekeeping and front desk operations which are all essentially paid for by the time share owners instead of a situation where a hotel, where those costs in

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expenses are all generally baked into the average daily rate. And under this legislation, one thing that we're very concerned about is that there will be a conflict between, essential conflict between the jurisdiction of approval of a time sharing plan by the New York Attorney General's Office, and the jurisdictional requirement that come with—

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Okay,

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I'm going to ask you to please wrap your testimony up.

JASON GAMEL: Absolutely. We would—— in this case, we would gladly, respectfully request that time shares be exempt from this legislation as we don't believe that it's the same business model of the hotels and we'd apply that same way. Happy to answer any questions and thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you, and now we'll go to the in-person panel, please.

RAFAEL PEREZ: Hi, thank you and good afternoon for hearing my testimony. My name is Rafael. I work for a subcontracting company. I'm the Human Resource Director for this company, and I have over 400 employees that I help support on a daily basis. One of the proudest moments I have working in

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION my career in hospitality which spans almost 20 years is being able to see my associates be happy, productive and work in an environment that's supportive and healthy and safe. I started my career working at a front desk, and I grew, you know, working for various different companies and direct employment management companies, and now with the subcontracting company, and in my experience this bill would just ruin all the opportunities that subcontracting companies currently offer to my employees. we offer a recruitment process that's not intimidating and thorough and safe for newlyimmigrated people to find their opportunity and their American dream here with us, and we partner with many hotels throughout New York, mostly in Manhattan, and we conduct the trainings for OSHA, for human trafficking. It's pretty standard, and companies that we have brand requirements, and in those brand requirements, those trainings for OSHA are required and also for human trafficking, and this bill will just destroy those opportunities that we have with our employees. So I urge to please reconsider this. Thank you.

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1 2 JUAN CHARUM: Good morning members of the City Council. My name is Juan Charum, and I stand 3 4 before you today as a proud member of the LGBT community and as an immigrant from Columbia. 5 been fortunate enough to find a second home and a 6 career here in New York City. Back in Columbia I 8 faced numerous challenges and adversity simply for being who I am. Discrimination and prejudice were a part of my everyday life, and it seemed almost 10 11 impossible to envision a future where I could live 12 free and secure. Despite all of this, I came and I 13 left my home country just to find and fight for that 14 Determination to have a better life was my dream. 15 motive to come to this country. I initially came 16 here to study and pursue a path to becoming a priest. 17 Soon I realized that it was not my calling. 18 switched my focus and started applying to numerous 19 job, but it was finally HHI company who saw my 20 potential and gave me an opportunity to work and 21 start building those dreams. I was promoted-- I 2.2 started as a food and beverage supervisor and through 2.3 hard work and dedication I was promoted to manager. I have been-- I found HHI as a place of employment 24

for me that has bring me all the opportunities that I

need and represented an open and inclusive community where I along with other employees can feel valued and respected. This company has been instrumental in my economic and security and personal growth. The proposed bill we are discussing today, it poses a significant threat to that security and jeopardizes not only my livelihood but also the stability and wellbeing of many individuals like me. In conclusion, I respectfully ask you to reject this proposed bill. Let us continue to support and protect the diverse and vibrant community that makes New York City the strong united place it is. Thank you so much.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

TATIANA VIKULINA: Good afternoon. My name is Tatiana Vikulina. I'm an immigrant and an employee of HHI company, hotel housekeeping company. I want to express my immense gratitude for the opportunities the company has provided me. I moved to the United States two years ago because I was in danger in Russia and LGBT person. I applied for asylum, received work authorization and social security number and began looking for a job. However, no one wanted to hire me due to my lack of experience and education in the United States. Back

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION in Russia I held a university degree in hospitality and had worked as a hotel manager for 12 years, but in New York I couldn't even find a position as a room I spent all my savings and was desperate attendant. when finally HHI offered me a job and the opportunity to join their team as a room attendant. Very soon I was promoted to supervisor, and after a year, I was made a manager, and now I can help other employees to learn and to grow. HHI has given me confidence, security and a sense of belonging in this new society. However, if I lose this job, I'm uncertain about my future. I worked incredibly hard to achieve what I have. I can't imagine going through this struggle again. I'm afraid I won't have enough money to pay my rent, and without a job I would probably--I would have to return to Russia where being an LGBT person is against the law. I'm truly scared of this situation. I'm pleading with you not to threaten [sic] my opportunity to continue working at HHI company. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Next.

EUGENIA KOLESNIKOVA: Good afternoon. My

name is Eugenia. Like many others, I came to this

country for a better life and found it in the HHI

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION company working as a subcontractor for two years. I had no money, no knowledge of English. It was scary, but I was lucky. The company took me into its team, provided me a permanent job and decent wages. I'm doing well. I'm working in a wonderful friendly team and I'm learning English. I'm not afraid of tomorrow, and I'm sure that I have place to live and can pay rent, because I can afford financially. I heard the news that a law is planned to be passed, and if these companies lose the ability to stay in the market and provide [inaudible] for this job. has again became frightened and uncertain for me. Will I face the search for a job again? Homelessness, anxiety, depression [inaudible] psychotherapy sessions to regain my mental health. Will I have to start all over again? I'm afraid I won't have the strength to do and go through all this At the same time, I cannot return to my again. country, because as an LGBTQ+ representative it presents a danger to me. Today, such people are viewed as terrorist and extremists for which I can be convinced [sic] and imprisoned according to local laws. So, I have no choice for a normal life. There are two paths, searching for work, homelessness,

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 159 anxiety, depression or ending up in prison. Please save our jobs.

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much. I want to make very clear, because I think it's a travesty that this misinformation is being given to you. To be very clear, subcontracted workers must be offered their jobs at the same or higher salary if their agency is let go, and anyone is telling you something to the contrary, that's unconscionable and shameful. We're going to move on. Thank you very much. The next panel is Eric Mosher, Jem Diaz [sp?], Teal Inzuenza [sp?], Blair Durush Wather [sp?], Stephanie Power [sp?], Elijah Pulan Frank [sp?]. Thank you. You can begin while everyone comes up, yes. Thank you.

members of the Committee on Consumer and Worker

Protection. My name is Eric Mosher and I'm a Lead

Economist for the Independent Budget Office. My

testimony today will highlight findings from a

forthcoming IBO report that explores the potential

impact of Introduction 991B, or the Safe Hotels Act,

on hotels in New York City. There's minimal

information on the wages and employment of

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION subcontractors in the New York City hotel industry, limiting the scope of IBO's analysis to hotel establishments rather than employees and wages. important to note the topics and issues that are not included in IBO's research presented today. First potential meta-effects of the bill on wages and hospitality industry to the potential economic impact of changes to hotel employee wages, ways that hoteliers may respond to the bill's provisions such as absorbing higher wages into operating budgets or raising room rates, and levels of tourism to the City. Today, I will specifically focus on what types of hotels are most likely to be affected by the bill's provision that restricts subcontracting for certain types of hotel employees. Two premises underlie IBO's analysis. First is that requiring direct employment of core employees would impose higher payroll costs to non-union hotels relative to union ones, because union hotels are already more likely to follow some or all of the labor requirements in the bill due to exiting union contracts. The second is that the bill's impact on establishment's payrolls would be greater for hotels that currently have fewer direct employees per room.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION In some cases, fewer direct employees may mean that the hotel engages subcontractors. In other cases, it may mean that the hotel simply has fewer employees per room, whether direct or subcontracted. assumes that on average hotels with fewer direct employees per rooms are likely to be using more subcontractors than hotels with more direct employees per room. Under these assumptions, IBO compared the characteristics of unionized hotels and non-unionized hotels and then compared the characteristics of hotels with different ratios of direct employment per room. And I will sort of--CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Yes, if you want to--ERIC MOSHER: skip ahead.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: submit for the record.

ERIC MOSHER: Absolutely. Yeah, if I can just skip ahead to the summary. So in summary, IBO's analysis, we focused on types of hotel establishments and found a relationship between union status, direct employment of staff, and daily room rates in New York City hotels. Overall, IBO's analysis suggests that the direct employment provision in the Safe Hotel Act

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 162 are likely to affect lower cost independent hotels outside Manhattan to a greater extent than other types of hotels in the City. Thank you very much.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay. Thank you very much for your testimony. Thank you. We appreciate I mentioned a few names before. We also have a Pam Reinerstein [sp?]. We just need a form filled out. So if Pam Reinerstein is here, if she could please fill a form out and join this panel. Okay, let me repeat the names that I called before. Stephanie Pyer [sp?], Blair Jarosh Wather [sp?], Teal Inzuena [sp?], Jan Diaz [sp?], Elijah Pulan Frank [sp?]. Okay, are any of these individuals here? they could please come forward. And Pam Reinerstein, are you hear? Pam Reinerstein? Yes, could we just give pam Reinerstein a form, please? Thank you. Thank you for the clarification. We're just getting you a form to fill out. Good? Okay, go ahead, please. Thank you.

PAM REINERSTEIN: And I'm a member of and speaking on behalf of the Kew Gardens Civic
Association established 110 years ago. Our membership includes homeowners, co-op and condo owners and renters in Kew Gardens, Queens. The KGCA

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION urges you to enact this important proposed legislation. If this bill had been enacted several years ago, it's possible that 21-year-old Robert Williams would still be alive today. On January 1st, 2021, after leaving a party of the Notorious Umbrella Hotel in Kew Gardens, Mr. Williams was fatally shot and his two companions seriously injured during a dispute with gang members. Despite intense protests by the Kew Gardens community and the efforts of our effected -- elected officials and city administrators, there was no legal basis to close the hotel that had become a dangerous public nuisance and a haven for illicit activities. In the absence of any legal deterrent the only response the City could offer was a variety of fines for building, fire, and environmental violations which the owner just accepted as the cost of doing business. Having this law will not only serve to protect and save lives, but will also reduce city expenditures. Notably, despite repeated suggestions by the 102<sup>nd</sup> Precient, the Umbrella Hotel employed no security whatsoever, notwithstanding a steep escalation in criminal activity. After numerous complaint by local

residents regarding incidents at the hotel, the  $102^{nd}$ 

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION Precinct stationed a police van in front of the hotel manned by two officers on a 24/7 basis for over 18 months. We estimate that this constant police presence over the extended period cost tax payers over one million dollars and diverted much-needed police coverage from other parts of the precinct. Hotels operated by owners who exploit and fail to abide by existing laws allow criminal activity on their premises, especially for profit and criminally disregard the safety and welfare of hotel inhabitants and employees as well as residents of surrounding areas, must be stripped of the privilege of operating. Remedial action taken against offenders must be swift and decisive to protect the public as well as thee employees of these establishments. We urge you to pass this legislation. Thank you very

PAM REINERSTEIN: Of course.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: So, do you feel then that had the Umbrella Hotel been licensed at that time that this tragedy could have been prevented?

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2	PAM REINERSTEIN: We think that if there
3	had been some type of licensing that could have the
4	license could have been taken away and put those out
5	of business, at least temporarily close them. This
6	whole ugly epoch that happened during the pandemic
7	would not have happened. The people who were shot
8	would not have been shot. The people who were
9	murdered, the people who were maimed, the people who
10	were human trafficked, it would not have happened if
11	we had been able to take swift remedial action. A
12	the time, the public nuisance laws did not cover
13	this, and the best that the City could come up was a
14	March Act [sic] which was given into the hands of the
15	102 <sup>nd</sup> precinct who were just out of their league. It
16	was just scratches and little nicks taken and the
17	whole situation got completely out of hand until it
18	was too late that someone's life was lost which we
19	had cautioned about, and then the hotel closed on its
20	own.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much for being here today. We appreciate your testimony.

PAM REINERSTEIN: Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Okay. I'm now going to go to the next panel. Keaton Patel

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 166
[sp?], Ingrid Almanzar [sp?], Danny Mitta [sp?], Nita
Shahear [sp?], Kandu Patel [sp?]. If you could
please come forward. Thank you. Are any of the
individuals I called here? If not, we will move on.
Okay. Alright, I'm going to call the next panel.
Cesar Murillo [sp?]— and to note that we need
interpretation, please— Sonia Umanzor [sp?], Biviana
Pereira [sp?], Albania Olivo, if you could please
come forward. Thank you. Okay, please begin. Thank
you.

SONIA UMANZOR: [speaking Spanish]

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UNIDENTIFIED: Sorry, Ms. Menin, some things were not clear when she was reading this.

I'm a New York hotel worker and I support the Safe
Hotel Act. I am currently a room attendant at the
Margaritaville Resort in Time Square. I used to work
for a subcontracting agency at the Margaritaville
Hotel. The subcontracting agency paid me just \$17 an
hour. The work was back-breaking and I felt like the
agency manager did not respect us as human beings.
Our room cleaning quota was higher than most of the
hotels nearby, and we often had to work off the clock
to complete the work load. Last year, the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 167 subcontracting agency left the hotel. It was one of the best days of my career. My job was protected by New York City law. I immediately got a raise from \$17 to \$23 per hour. It makes me upset that there are still subcontracting agencies in New York City profiting off the backs of the hard-working people. Please pass the Safe Hotel Act to protect workers like me. Thank you.

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ALBANIA OLIVO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: My name is Albania Olivo.

I'm a hotel worker in New York City. I have lived in New York for 14 years. The law will make sure that hotel workers like myself are treated fairly and can work safely in our jobs. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes.

BIVIANA PEREIRA: My name is Biviana

Pereira and I'm a hotel worker in New York City. I

have worked as a room attendant for seven years. The

housekeeping department of hotel are made up of many

women and hard-working immigrants like myself. And

we often work alone on the hotel floor. I am a union

member, so I'm fortunate to feel safe at my work

because I have basic safety protections like a panic

button. But I know that many housekeeper in New York

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 168
City don't have these protections. I want all women
in the hotel industry to feel safe, respected and
unafraid when they are on the job. Please do not let
women down. Please vote yes. Please pass the Safe
Hotel Act to protect worker like me. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

Okay, we're going to call the next panel. Shiv Patel

[sp?], Melissa Brusdow [sp?], Robin Dier Chadra

[sp?], Punam Patel [sp?]. Are any of these

individuals here? Okay, we're going to move on to

the next panel. The next panel, Tayshav Tamereseron

[sp?], Sonia Randolph, Sonia Deloralen [sp?], Rolando

Rando Cantero [sp?], Eric Ocuusu [sp?], Raiza Pujol

Soriano [sp?], Carol Hamilton, if you could please

come forward. Thank you. Okay, thank you.

SONIA DELDAVITA: Hi everyone. I'm Sonia
Deldavita [sp?] and I work in housekeeping in
Manhattan Times Square hotel. I'm lucky to have a
union job where treat me respectfully, but
unfortunately a lot of hotel worker in New York
aren't so lucky. [inaudible] for agency [inaudible]
disrespected and have to deal with unsafe conditions.
Every worker should have basic protection at their
job. Please vote yes for the Safe Hotel Act.

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SONIA RANDOLPH: Hello, my name is Sonia

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Randolph. I work in New York City hotel. When I

version of American dream. It was a lifelong

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first came to this country and settled in New York I

was determined to build a better life and manifest my

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journey, but thanks to the support of a good job and

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a strong wage, I was able to earn and sent my

daughter to college. To me, New York is a place

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where I am -- I would work hard, be treated fairly and

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not have to work in fear of my safety. The time is

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now to protect the workers of the industry and that

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includes the thousands of people who like me

immigrated here hoping to have a better life.

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Please, please, pass the Hotel Safety Act.

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you.

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ROLANDO RENDON CANTERO: Hi, my name is

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Rolando Rendon Cantero. I'm a hotel worker in New

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York City. I'm originally from Mexico and I have

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lived in New York City for the past 27 years.

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I moved here I was able to meet and marry my husband,

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find a job at a union hotel, and build a beautiful

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life for the two of us. I want other immigrant

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workers to enjoy the same rights and protections and

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the job as I do, but right now many cannot hold their

committee on consumer and worker protection 170 employers accountably or demand basic protections
like chemical screenings and panic buttons. The Safe
Hotels Act will make that possible. New York needs
the Safe Hotels Act. Please, vote yes.

RAIZA PUJOL: [speaking Spanish]

a hotel worker in New York City. I'm also a mother to six kids. I honor the dozens of hard-working women who keep New York City tourist industry running. You may not realize it, but in the housekeeping department we work alone on the hotel floors for hours. It can be scary and there are times that many of us are worried about our safety. It's time to protect us and provide us basic safety protections like panic buttons on the job. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes. Thank you.

I'm a hotel worker in mid-town Manhattan. I am one of the workers who will be benefit from protection

Safety Act. This law would give us a common sense of protection, chemical safety, panic button, safety staffing— any hotel running good business would such

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 171 give us-- providing these protections to workers.

New York need the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much to this panel. Thank you. I'll now call the next panel, Richard Fosreh [sp?], Dominic Daleo, Franklin Polonia [sp?], Boris Erlakov [sp?], Gutson Morgan [sp?]. If anyone is still here, please come forward. Thank you. Okay, please begin.

BORIS ERLAKOV: Good afternoon. My name is Boris. I came originally from Russia and I'm an asylum-seeker. I came to the U.S. a month before pandemic in 2020 to build a safer future for myself. My first job in America was for an outsourcing company working in the hotel. I started off as a houseman. Later on during pandemic as a housekeeper in shelters, in hotels, and providing services for that small number of travelers who were still coming to the City. My dedication and hard work eventually led to a promotion to a supervisory role, and in 2022 to a managerial position. In addition to my professional achievements I met a person who I started building a family with. However, since July 18<sup>th</sup>, all of this is at risk. The proposed Intro 991 threatens to take away my job, my stability, and the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 172

life I have worked so hard to build. If this law is

passed, not only me and my husband will stay without

a source of income, but my mother, my grandmother,

younger siblings back in Russia who I support. I ask

Council Members to consider the profound impact this

bill could have on individuals like me, people who

have given everything to succeed and contribute to

this country. My story is not unique. It's one of

the countless others who have come to America in

search of a better life. I ask that my efforts, my

sacrifices and my dreams to be recognized and

respected. I ask not to pass Intro 991 and do not

take away everything I worked so hard for. Thank

you.

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RICHARD FOSTER: Good afternoon. My name is Richard Foster. My wife and I are owners of what you're considering a subcontractor. When the COVID-19 pandemic hit, I lost my previous business of over 30 years. In order to support my family, I went into this industry. My business is a family-run business. We hired around 600 employees during the pandemic through the migrant increase, contributing to New York's economy. Throughout these pandemics and migrant needs, we worked with city agencies to staff

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION several of the shelters when they needed us to. Additionally, we never took any PPE loans or any other financial aid from the City, not to add stress to the situation. As a small business owner, the safety of both my staff and the hotel's guest has always been a top priority for us. That's why I took so much care in creating both my handbook and separate additional safety manuals. This handbook and safety manual contain detailed standards that all staff must adhere to quarantee their safety and high standards we strive for. We follow the same safety standards as the hotels themselves. In terms of cleanliness standards, the hotels that contract with us, maintain an average cleanliness score of 96 to 98 percent. To put it simply, this law hides behind the façade of safety standards which is merely a pretext for forcing people into and to join a union to try to grow the union in New York. Instead, this law would close down small businesses throughout the City. These businesses battled every day during the pandemic to finally come out on the other side, just to shut down this law-- just to shut down by this

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 174

2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: I'm going to ask you

3 to wrap up, please. Thank you.

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RICHARD FOSTER: Okay. if it is the-- if the intention here is really about safety, you would draft and pass a law laying out safety standards that must be met in the industry instead of you are passing a law that impedes small businesses and puts thousands of people out of work.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay.

DOMENIC DELEO: Hi, my name is Domenic DeLeo. I'm a small business owner who started a commercial cleaning company back in 2015. I am one of the third-party vendors you are trying to put out of business. So far today I've heard a great deal about safety of workers. No one is looking to put any employee in an unsafe environment. What I fail to understand is how banning third-party partnerships between hotels and businesses like mine have anything to do with safety measures. Yes, there are bad There are bad actors in almost every single actors. industry, but those actors, bad actors, are extreme minority. But to destroy the lives of the majority who are not bad actors, who are pro employees, care about their teams is not fair and just. It seems to

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION be-- it seems this is the part of the bill that is not being spoken about yet and has the biggest impact on small businesses and workers. We pride ourselves on working with small boutique hotels for housekeeping services, who many are seasonal locations. We hire mainly legal immigrants and minorities looking for opportunity which not only have we been giving them the opportunity, but many has been very successful. Some have now grown to management and are earning over \$100,000 a year, allowing them to buy homes, provide for their families and have true careers. In the seasonal hotels during the off-season, the staffing levels drop almost by 50 percent. Being a third party to these hotels, I can take those employees and move them to other hotels and keep everyone working and making money. This bill will force hotels to let go of employees during the down times, and these people will lose their jobs and their incomes. We have an in-depth training program that allows our team to go in and become skilled laborers for these hotels at a fair wage for everyone to thrive. Businesses helping businesses which also is good for the employees.

This is my entire livelihood. You all preach how

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pro-business you are, especially how pro-small business you are. I am the small business you are supposed to care about. And with the signature of this passing of the law, you are closing my business and taking away my livelihood that took me nearly a decade to build. All the hard work and sacrifice will be gone. How is that fair? How is it fair--

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm just going to ask you to wrap up, please.

DOMENIC DELEO: I'm almost done, yes.

You are literally putting me out of business and
taking away for 70+ employees we have working for us.

I beg you to understand that you are hurting small
businesses, ruining livelihoods of many and adding
the burden the operate in extremely difficult city to
do business. Do not pass this bill and please take
care of the small businesses and the people that you
say you care about.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Sorry, the mic is off. Thank you very much for your testimony. And again, I'm just going to clarify for the record, that subcontracted workers must be offered their jobs at the same or higher salary if their agency is let go. I just want to make sure people understand that.

## 1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 177 2 DOMENIC DELEO: For how long? 3 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: We can't--4 DOMENIC DELEO: [interposing] How long do 5 they have to keep their jobs? CHAIRPERSON MENIN: I'm not going to 6 7 engage in a debate, sir. 8 DOMENIC DELEO: I'm just--9 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] I'm clarifying for the record--10 11 DOMENIC DELEO: [interposing] You're not 12 being fair. 13 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: that what you stated 14 was not correct information. So I want to make clear 15 for the record, under the Worker Retention Bill that 16 this City Council passed several years ago, every 17 worker must retain their job, period. We're going to 18 move on to the next panel. Michael Angelo Savino 19 [sp?], Erica Awasu [sp?], Sabrina Desamanourg [sp?], 20 Elizabeta Gawinowska [sp?], Elizabeth Sanchez [sp?], Yudelina Santiago, if you could please come forward. 21 Thank you. Okay, please begin. Thank you. 2.2 MICHAEL ANGELO SAVINO: Good afternoon. 2.3 My name is Michael Angelo Savino. I'm a hotel worker 24

in New York City. I'm a lifelong New Yorker, born

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION and raised in Bensonhurst, Brooklyn and a proud union member for 28 years of my life. I love my job and I love New York City. Here I met my husband here-- I met my husband here and he is also a hotel worker. I am not exaggerating when I say that we are living the American dream, being able to buy our first home together with our hotel jobs. I want these opportunities to be available to other hotel workers, whether they are lifelong New Yorkers like myself or immigrants like my husband, my grandparents and my father. I want them to know that they can count on staying safe on the job and going home to their families every night. The Safe Hotel Act will make that possible. Please, New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes.

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YUDELINA SANTIAGO: My name is Yudelina

Santiago. I'm a New York City worker in support of

Safe Hotel Act. I'm here today to tell you about my

experience working for all-- constructing agency. I

work as a room attendant for Green Magic [sic]

Excellent Cleaning Agency in the fall of 2021. This

subcontracting agency did not pay me for multiple

days that I worked cleaning rooms because they called

them training days. They told us if any guest

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION complained that their room wasn't clean, they were going to take money out of our paycheck to compensate the guest. And we constantly have to work off clock to finish our work. I have to stay late many days but I was only paid for eight hours. I'm a hard worker, but I felt like it was impossible to properly clean the room because the agency didn't provide any of us with cleaning supply. When I asked a supervisor what should I use to clean the room, I was given a bucket and a cup of water. I was give no chemical, disinfectant or soap. Instead, agency told us that we should use dirty quest towel and use quest shampoo to clean the rooms, and I had to wash the dishes with hot water, no soap, because there was no dish detergent. I couldn't believe what I was seeing. It was so gross. I couldn't believe that guest were paying money for this. Please, pass the Safe Hotel Act to protect worker like me.

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SABRINA DESAMOURS: Hi, my name is

Sabrina Desamours. I am New York worker. I am a New

York City worker, and I support the Safe Hotel Act.

I work in the agency Magic Green on September 2021.

I was working-- that was the worst work I ever had in

my life. My job was in cleaning rooms and not given

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION any cleaning supplies, no chemical, no dishwasher, no soap, no disinfectant. The agency told me to use the dirty guest towels to clean the rooms and the hot water to clean the dirty dish. I remember that I think myself this is so very, very dangerous. I couldn't believe that the quest are paying to stay in the room that weren't clean with the dirty towels of the guest that stayed there before them. I wonder how this could possible be allowed in New York City. I was -- I quit. I was working for three days. I was terrified that was going to-- that was going to my family from all the filthy germ. When I was getting-- when I was getting here, I was telling that should be paid for \$18 an hour, but I quit. Only pay one day work, and one day work just for \$15 an hour. ask agency why I only get paid for one day of work, not three days, and [inaudible]. They told me it was because I quit, and that going to pay me for one day work. I feel robbed. Please pass Safe Hotel Act to protect worker like me. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

ELZBIETA GAWINOWSKA: Hello. My name is
Elzbieta Gawinowska and I work in New York hotel
worker and I support the Safe Hotel Act. I work for

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION subcontraction agency currently [inaudible] for two years. Each day the agency would send me to clean rooms at different hotels. I would work with strangers, new hotel workers, different management every day. And hotel rooms were disqusting, because some of them was not enough supplies to clean hotel Sometimes there was not enough linen to change the sheets between the new quests. So, the agency would tell me to put-- sometimes don't change the sheets for the quest because we not have enough [inaudible]. So it was disgusting, and they want to send the rooms for another quest. Management would get upset at us for not being able to finish our work loads. Even that I was because-- even that, I was-because we did not have enough supplies and I was worried if I did not stay to finish my rooms that I would maybe lost my job. I would have to work extra hours to finish my room because I want to do my job and I did not have the supplies. So I stayed longer, but I would not paid over time for this. management of some hotels when I work very badly They call me fat, told me to have to lose abuse me. weight because I don't fit in the uniform. This was not normal for me, because supposed to be abusing

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words. There was no rules or protection to protect

me. It was very difficult to relive those things.

And this experience was tried to forget because I was

working in another hotel 23 years. So my experience

was good clean rooms to make good job, and I'm hard
working person at this job. I was [inaudible]-
CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Okay,

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I'm just going to ask you to wrap up, please. Thank you so much.

ELZBIETA GAWINOWSKA: Please pass the Safe Hotels Act. Protect workers. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. Thank you very much.

name is Elizabeth Sanchez, and I'm a hotel worker here in New York City. I've been working in the hospitality industry for 24 years, and if it weren't for the union my life would be totally different.

Thanks to the union, I have been able to earn a good income and provide excellent medical care for my three children, my husband and myself. I have also been able to plan for a comfortable future when I retire. Being compensated fairly for your hard work should not be controversial. I'm especially wanting

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION to work in a safe environment -- should also not be controversial. Never once during my 24 years in the industry did I ever feel-- did I ever feel unsafe in my workplace or insecure about my job. When I work with subcontractor workers that it was all I saw on a daily basis. The ladies on the floor were afraid of every day for their job security. They were afraid that if they didn't finish their room quote [sic], they would be fired from the hotel. I know this because I was one of their -- I was one that assigning the rooms to them. It's time to protect them and to hold these greedy agencies accountable. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please, vote yes. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much to this panel. Thank you. I'm now going to call the next panel. Massiel Lugo who is on Zoom, Sandra Seracco [sp?], Eric Addago [sp?] -- I'm sorry, Addoquaye, Benjamin Liu, Chandra Singh, Aissata Bocoum, Shirley Charles, if you could please come forward, and will start on Zoom with Massiel Lugo.

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

MASSIEL LUGO: Hi. Good afternoon

everyone. My name is Massiel Lugo. For the past 32 years Jackson Heights and Elmhurst have been my home.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION I also work in Corona as an educator, but above all I am a mother. This bill will bring us a step closer to improving the quality of life in my neighborhood which is why I support it. I have protested and voiced my opinion against the brothels posing as massage parlors. I shouldn't have to pass by brothels on my way to the closest bakery at seven in the morning to get breakfast for my kids. When these prostitutes are asking and pulling every man they see for a massage early in the morning, I shouldn't have to feel afraid. This is also the time when families are walking their children to school. There are brothels in front of elementary schools and parents have protested for their closure. After being closed for a day, they reopen the following day and continue the operation. My daughter who is 15 years old and rides public transportation shouldn't have to tell me, "Ma, I'm scared to-- I'm scared that people would think I'm prostitute if I wear a skirt. I worry that a man would grab me one day." She passes these brothels on her way to the train to go to school every day. I shouldn't have to experience such intense fear every morning saying goodbye to my daughter. My neighbors, my friends, my family, my

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION mother and I all live in fear. I had never witnesses women selling themselves before 2020. The community was never perfect, but the extent to which things have changed is shocking. Each time I leave my house I am in disbelief. I'm a single mom who works two jobs and goes to college. This past summer I felt such deep sadness because I was unable to enjoy the weather and take walks with my children. These brothels have taken over and with that comes crime. I have even traveled to other states in an attempt to move, but why should I disrupt my family and relocated. My father has a business, and like any other business owner, he requires the necessary permit to continue operating. So why shouldn't we demand that other businesses also acquire the necessary permits. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay. And now please start.

ERIC ADDOQUAYE: Good afternoon Council

Members. My name is Eric. I am a hotel worker in New

York City, a proud dad, and a proud resident of the

Bronx. I am one of the thousands of hard-working men

who keep New York City tourism industry running.

Earlier this year, while I was working at the front

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 186 desk, I was pepper-sprayed. Hotel work can be dangerous. It's time to protect us and provide basic safety protections to all hotel workers like those in the Safe Hotels Act. Please vote yes.

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BENJAMIN LIU: Good afternoon. My names Benj [sic]. I'm a New York City Hotel Worker. support the Safe Hotel Act. I used to work for subcontracting agency called Green Magic Clean Company at hotel in New York City. I was only [inaudible] house man [sic] for a hotel. There was no overnight safety and no manager on duty at the hotel. I feel very unsafe. While I was working the job I was all alone. It's no back-up and no help. Knowing that I was the only one to deal with my problem [inaudible]. What if there was a fire or someone dangerous had entered the hotel premise? would have to deal with all, all alone. I'm not trained to handle. I was in a constant state of anxious and fear about what would go wrong. I wish I had more protections. Please pass the Safe Hotel Action to protect work. Thank you.

AISSATA BOCOUM: Good afternoon. My name is Aissata Bocoum. I am a New York City hotel worker. The Safe Hotel Act is important to me, because I--

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 187

UNIDENTIFIED: [interposing] We're going to pause just for a moment for the Chair to return.

Give us one moment.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, thank you. So sorry. Please begin. Thank you.

AISSATA BOCOUM: Good afternoon. My name is Aissata Bocoum. I am a New York City hotel worker. The Safe Hotel Act is important to me, because I believe all the hotel workers in New York City should have access to panic button. Every day we go in those rooms by ourselves. During the pandemic time--I'm speaking to my own experience. I went to the floor and do the routine work. I knock the guest room to do the daily cleaning. The guest opened the door very aggressive, ask me to come inside the room. refused. He was so aggressive. He want me to come inside. I run and went to the next room. He come stand behind the door knocking the door. I look on the peep hole, see him. He had something in hand hiding behind his back, knocking the door wanting me to come outside. I refused. I pressed panic button. When I pressed the panic button, the panic button-the good thing about it, it show your location. When I press the security, the security came. When the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION security came, asked me to come outside. I was still panic, hiding inside the room scared to come outside because I'm afraid of my life. They ask me to come outside. Then I finally come out. The security told me they secure of the quest. I came outside. When I come outside, then I have a chance to look. At that time, they already removed the guest. I have a chance to look at the room. The guest destroyed entire He turned everything upside down. So since the panic button that day-- because of panic button, it save my life. So, I'm asking you to please Bill 991, please vote yes. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

CHANDRA SINGH: Good afternoon everyone.

My name is Chandra Singh and I'm a proud member of
the Hotel and Gaming Trade Council. I have worked at
the Mandarin Oriental Hotel for the past 21 years. I
am originally from Trinidad. I moved to New York
three decades ago. My hotel job has allowed me to
raise my two daughters, care for my family, and
fulfill my American dream. I want the same for other
immigrant hotel workers who like myself came to this
city in search of their American dream. All hotel
workers deserve to feel safe on their job and should

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 189
have basic safety protection. Please, please pass
the Safe Hotel Act to protect working people in New
York City. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

[inaudible]: My name is [inaudible] I'm an- my name is [inaudible] I'm an immigrant from China. I live and work in Queens. I have been in hotel-- I have been working for hotel business for more than decade. I work hard to support my family and to raise my kids. I'm here today for a simple purpose that I support bill. In fact, I worked overnight. I came directly from my work, because I strongly believe safe work environment is very important for us, for all of us, every hotel worker who work in the New York City. Please pass the bill. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much to this panel. Thank you. Okay, I'm going to call the next panel. Vanessa Aronson on Zoom, Tracy Bennett, Charles Safo, Emilye Yunque [sp?], Kwadimo Opoku Berko [sp?], Rafael Coman [sp?], Damion Lawrence. Okay, and we're going to start on Zoom with Vanessa Aronson.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

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VANESSA ARONSON: Hi, good afternoon My name is Vanessa Aronson, and thank you to the Chair, Council Member Julie Menin, and the members of the Committee for convening today's hearing, and thank you for allowing me to testify remotely. I live and work on the Upper East Side of Manhattan, and although I live and work in New York, I've actually spent a lot more time in local hotels than the average New York City resident in my former capacity as the U.S. Foreign Service Officer leading multilateral negotiations on food security topics at the U.N. and in my current capacity as a leader at a large national nonprofit that has thousands of employees across the United States, but our headquarter is here in New York City where we frequently gather for important conferences and meeting. I fully support Intro 991B, the Safe Hotels Act, because I want to ensure that I-- that when I, my family or my teammates are staying in New York hotels, that we are safe, and that the workers in New York City hotels are safe and are protected from predatory bad actors. This includes the panic button and requiring information on hazardous chemicals in the workplace, and the fact that this is not the norm

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION across the industry is shocking. As a community member, I find it concerning that in just the past five years the NYPD reported over 14,000 quality of life complaints. This demonstrates to me that the status quo is not tenable. Intro 991 is supported by 36 Council Members, two Borough Presidents, the BPA, five District Attorneys, and the Attorney General, and this all highlights just how critical the bill And it also highlights key worker protection issues which is something that Council Member Menin had consistently championed including in her formal role as the Commissioner for Consumer and Worker Protection. Similar legislation, licensing hotels, are already exists in many major cities across the country, including my hometown of Chicago, and it's clear that this is the norm for the hotel industry elsewhere where bad actors are addressed through regulation and we need that here. I urge the City Council to support the legislation and to pass Intro 991B. Thank you.

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KOJO OPOKU BERKO: [inaudible] Council Member. Shalom, peace and love from all walks of

Thank you. And now

CHAIRPERSON MENIN:

we will go to the in-person panel.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION life, particularly immigrant hotel workers in our great city of New York. My name is Kojo Opoku Berko [sp?]. I am a house person for the [inaudible] hotel where I come from Ghana. I came to this country to seek a better life for myself and for my family. Thankfully, the hotel that I work at through an HDC CBA championed agreement have been successful. Everybody and everyone in New York deserves the chance that I got. [inaudible] contrary to the fearmongering testimony that we may have heard, which you've rightly called out, "travesty of misinformation" on the bill. this bill is arguably a panacea to the safety and job protection for all hotel workers in New York. For that matter, it is my humble opinion that you please pass and vote yes to the Hotel Safety Act. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

CHARLES SAFO: Good afternoon everyone, and we thank God almighty for giving us this day. My names is Charles Safo. I'm a hotel worker in New York City. The Safe Hotel Act will provide basic safety protections to hotel workers like me. We are talking about things like chemical safety, human trafficking training and protecting workers from

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 being exploited by a subcontracting agency. No good 3 hotel should have any problem with providing these 4 basic protections. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please, kindly vote yes. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. If you 6 7 could just press the button, please. Thank you. 8 TRACY BENNETT: Thank you. Hi. 9 is Tracy Bennett. I have been working in a hotel in New York for 17 years. Please pass the Safe Hotel 10 11 Act. Please protect us. Thank you. 12 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. 13 EMILYE YUNQUE: Good afternoon. My name 14 is Emilye Yunque. I'm a hotel worker in New York 15 City. The Safe Hotel Act will provide basis safety 16 protection to the hotel coworkers like me. 17 talking about things like chemical safety, panic 18 button, protecting worker from wage theft. No 19 [inaudible] have any problem with providing these 20 basic protection. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. 21 Please vote yes. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you. 2.3 DAMION LAWRENCE: Good afternoon. name is Damion Lawrence. I have worked in the hotel 24

industry for over 12 years, and have been a proud

resident of Baychester Bronx for seven years. One of the things that I love about New York City is that we stand up for what's right. Thousands of your constituents, including me, work in New York City hotels. We need this law. Do the right thing. New York needs the Safe Hotels Act. Please vote yes.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much to this panel. Appreciate your testimony. I'll now call the next panel. Roamy-- sorry, it's very hard to read this card-- Espinal, Oksana Owdauldo,

Catherine Morgan, Drita Ceric [sp?]. If you're here, if you could please come forward. Thank you. Okay, please start. Thank you.

DRITA CEKIC: Good afternoon, Council

Members. My name is Drita Cekic [sp?], and I work

for Noor Staffing Group, an honest and reputable

company, and we oppose this bill. We provide

essential service in New York City, primarily in

housekeeping, the hardest working team in the hotel.

I began my career 25 years ago as a room attendant.

Throughout these years, I've dedicated myself in

helping individuals of all backgrounds secure jobs,

enable them to support their families. We focus on

offering respect and hands-on training, because my

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION team and I have firsthand experience in these roles. A big part of my job is ensuring my company is compliant with many of the items noted in this bill like the safe work environment. We take immense pride in providing our core and essential employees with the necessary tools and training, including human trafficking awareness, harassment prevention, safety training and customer service. We can confidently say at any of our hotels that we provide service that there have been no human trafficking incidents, that our hotels service -- excuse me. All our hotels have panic buttons. We as hotel subcontractors understand our employee's needs because we have walked in their shoes. We know how to treat our employees with dignity and respect they deserve. Please reconsider this bill, and thank you for your time.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon, Council

Members. Thank you for giving us this opportunity to
hear our concerns regarding this bill. for over 15
years I have worked in the hotel industry providing
services, jobs, hopes, stability, longevity to
employees and their families. Up until now, we have
employees working with us for nine years. This is

committee on consumer and worker protection 196 showing dedication and stability. Today, I'm here to plea for my job, our employee's job, and their families' way of life. Please do not pass this bill. Passing the bill will create tremendous hardship, displacement to ourselves, employees, and our families. Thank you.

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Espinal [sp?]. I'm a supervisor on Springhill Suites.

I just want to thank the company [inaudible]

attendant and then as a training and for giving the necessary tools to learn and to live for [inaudible]

to climb little by little and to help me to support myself and my family and for care of all the staff. I only ask to you to continue to support us, to continue growing so that we can be better people and better professionals in the future. Thank you.

OKSANA OWDAULBO: Thank you. Good afternoon. My name is Oksana and I'm here to represent not just my business, but many individuals who depend on me for support. From health insurance and bank account to job applications and social services, my role extends— my role extends far beyond that an employer. I'm a vital link in that work that helps newcomers integrate and [inaudible].

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION The proposed bill threatens to undermine the delicate balance, potentially creating barriers that would negatively impact our community. This is not just about the jobs and businesses. This is about the people we serve and support every day. The services we provide help individuals and families rebuild their lives and contribute positively to our city. While I understand the positive intention behind the bill, I believe there a more effective ways to ensure safety in our community. Our company have effectively established safe training protocols that enhance security without imposing new harsh regulation on the small businesses like mine. subcontractor cleaning service business, myself and other subcontractors are happy to work with the legislators to develop comprehensive safety solutions that benefit everyone without needing to -- for the restrictive measures that this bill requires. The proposal -- the proposed bill will place undue burden on small businesses and people who work with us. I urge you to reconsider the needs for this bill in its current form, and instead focus on more collaborative efforts that can prioritize safety through proven Thank you for your attention. methods.

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Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

Thank you to this panel. And I'm now going to call
the next panel which is Lelonn Webb, Zylu Jang [sp?],
Catalina Quintanella, Denise Matthew, Bernard Gayle
[sp?], Nicole Louis, if you could please come
forward. Thank you. Okay, if you could please begin.

CATALINA QUINTANELLA: [speaking Spanish]

Quintanella. I live in Yonkers. I work in the hotel industry for 20 years, and this moment I work in a Westchester hotel, and I believe that all hotel workers should be safe every day at work. I came here— I have done— I'm lucky. I'm sorry. I am lucky because I have a— at my work I have a panic button, and I would like the millions of workers to have the hotel button, too. And I support the Hotel Safe Act. Please vote yes.

DENISE MATTHEW: Hi, good afternoon. My name is Denise Matthew. I work in the hotel business for 29 years. I'm here today to support the Safe Hotel Act. I support this bill because I want safe working condition for all hotel workers. Please pass this bill and do the right thing to support working

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 199
people. We deserve to feel safe, comfortable. We
deserve to feel-- please do the right thing and
support the working-- support working people. We
deserve to feel comfortable and safe at work. Thank
you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

BERNARD GAYLE: Hello. Good afternoon. My name is Bernard Gayle [sp?]. I worked in the heart of the Times Square, and I've been listening to the pros and the cons of this whole meeting, and I want to pose a question to the panel, right? If we look at the word protection, the prefix is pro. we're asking you to look at the pros and the cons, because you cannot tell me in the heart of Times Square or the heart of New York, the heart of Brooklyn, the heart of Manhattan, the heart of Queens that workers whether non-union, union, black, white, Chinese, gray, brown, doesn't need protection. asking you to visualize the pros and the cons of this city and understand that we need protection for all workers, non-union and union workers. So we asking you to look at that prefix, pro, and be proactive and help us, and not for me, I, but for we, all of us.

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 200
Protect us. That's what we asking. Thank you. I
support the bill 991.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

NICHOLE LOUIS: Hi, good afternoon my name is Nicole Louis, and I am a worker in the hotel in New York City. I've been working in the hotel for 29 years, and also I'm hard-working worker, and also I live in Brooklyn. Please, support the bill. Please, support the bill. Please, pass the bill. Please, again, pass the bill. Thank you.

My name is LeLonn Webb and I am a security officer at a hotel in New York City. I come with 30 years of public safety experience, 13 years with fire, nine years with PD, also nine years with FLSD, and I have never felt so comfortable with supporting an act like this act here. Our safety and concern is a priority, not just for us, not for the workers, but for all the guests, everyone who comes into New York City. New York City has always thrived on safety. They have always— the NYPD has always pushed safety. There are so many acts in place with health and safety acts between the FDNY, Sanitation, and everyone else. We want our fair share as well as hotel workers, and we

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 201 definitely support this act. So I ask you please vote yes. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much for this panel. Thank you. I'll now call the next panel. Betza Suazo, Lantain Henry, Peteisha Brown, Jasmina Borden, if you're here if you could please come forward. If not, I will move on to the next panel. They are here? Okay, okay, great. Thank you. Great, thank you.

UNIDENTIFIED: Hi, thank you so much for giving us this opportunity. I don't have a written speech, but I'm just going to speak based on my experience here. I migrated to New York two years ago, and upon being here, it was so difficult for me to, you know, find a job. I applied for several jobs in the hotel industry because that's I've worked in my previous country, and it was unsuccessful. Most cases, I'd get a response maybe a month, two months later saying that someone else was chosen or it's a case where I'm scheduled for a second interview. I was employed in my sixth month of being in the country by subcontractor, and this has opened many doors for me, being able to provide for my family. Working for a subcontractor, of course, this provides

stability for not just me, but for my colleagues and coworkers as well, for being able to provide to our families back home, and of course, being able to provide for ourselves while being here. Please do not pass this bill, because I see where this will negatively impact myself, my colleagues, and hundreds of other employee in the hotel industry.

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UNIDENTIFIED: Hello, everyone. It's my pleasure to be with you all today. I'm representing [inaudible]. I work with properties here in Manhattan and in Queens. We staff hotel with various service employees. in recent days I learned of a major change that's said to be implemented in the near future that will immensely affect most if not all of us here today. One of the greatest advantage of the thirdparty agency is we work closely with the property and the staff to provide excellent service to our clients and a great deal in supports for the employees. More than representative are proudly served and advocated of the staff. Our staff always commend us for being less than a phone call away. We are either always on-site to assist or they have a capacity to contact us at any time or any day of the week. With the cost of living here in New York City, my team and I

respectfully have no interest in paying union dues.

We simply cannot afford to. This will pose an additional and unnecessary experience to us. Taking money from our household for service we are already receive from our agency at no additional cost. Why fix this thing that is not broken? Thank you all for listening.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much.

I'm now going to call the next panel. Luis Penaloza,

Diana Middleman [sp?], Kevin McQueen, Mariam Karaski

[sp?], Kyla Bradcho [sp?], Juan Carolos Nino [sp?].

Okay, thank you. Please begin.

is Kevin McQueen. I am a hotel worker in New York
City. I grew up in Queens and I am a long-life New
Yorker. I've been working in hotel industry 18
years, and all of my life years on the job I never
have felt more secure and in control of my life work
with the union representatives. New York City has
always been strong, a strong union town that has
protected the working class, and I am proud of that.
Passing this law is important because it would make
sure that all hotel workers, including non-union
workers are treated fairly and can work safely at our

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION New York needs Safe Hotel Act. Please vote Thank you. yes.

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[speaking Spanish] LUIS PENALOZA:

TRANSLATOR: My name is Luis Penaloza.

I'm a New York City hotel worker and I support the Safe Hotel Act. I work at [inaudible] in Times Square for a subcontracting agency Green Magic [sic] Company. It was not a safe workplace. The agency always wanted us to cut corners so they could save an extra dollar. My coworkers and I had reported management that the laundry chute door had broken a few times, but they didn't fix it. If you have never worked in a laundry room at a hotel, let me explain The chute door needs to be open and closed automatically to prevent fires from breaking out, but the door is heavy, so it can be very dangerous if it's not working properly. One day I was working in the laundry and the chute door broke, hit me and break my open head. I start bleeding and neither the managers from the hotel or the agency did anything. It was the hotel receptionist who called the ambulance for me. I had to go to the hospital and get three staples in my head. I was out for two weeks

recovering. Green Magic like many agency didn't care

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION about rules or safety. Please pass the Hotel Safe Act 2 3 to protect workers like me. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much 4 5 to this panel. I'll now call the next panel. Stephanie Perez, Nicole Vera, Bairon Valdes, Leonel 6 7 Sanchez, Amalia Garcia, if you are here if you could 8 please come forward. And we made need an interpreter. Okay. Great. Okay, thank you. 10 AMALIA GARCIA: [speaking Spanish] 11 TRANSLATOR: My name is Amalia Garcia. I'm working in a hotel in Manhattan for several 12 13 years. 14 AMALIA GARCIA: [speaking Spanish] 15 TRANSLATOR: I'm writing with this letter 16 with intention to raise my voice that what is going 17 to happen is going to affect me and affect my family 18 financially. 19 [speaking Spanish] AMALIA GARCIA: 20 If this law is approved, TRANSLATOR: 21 what will happen to me is that I will lose my job and this will hurt my family financially, and the reason 2.2 2.3 of this is because I'm the head of my family.

AMALIA GARCIA: [speaking Spanish]

environment. All of our coworkers are very friendly

and we always work as teammate, and also I have a very good relationship with my bosses, and those are my superiors, the people who have a higher level in the hotel. I also wanted to highlight that they're always giving us big support, and we also have very big flexibility and a very good job schedule where we're working ourselves in this hotel.

LEONEL SANCHEZ: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Sorry, the Spanish was a little different one word. So, through my work, we're able to sustain financially my own home, to pay my rent, to buy food for my family.

LEONEL SANCHEZ: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Thanks to the hotel work that I have, I'm able to send money to my family in my home country and I'm able to support my family financially who need the money from my work that I send from the United States. They really need this money when I need to send them the money.

BARION OPASSO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon. My name is Barion Opasso [sp?]. I wanted to say to you that I'm very happy working in this hotel I'm working at the

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 208 moment, and I'm also very happy and pleased with employment agency I'm working at the moment.

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BARION OPASSO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: We have a very good job environment. We have a very good workers team, and our bosses are very good with us. They also have very flexible job schedules for all of us.

BARION OPASSO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: They also very

understandable to us. For example, if we need to go to see a doctor when we get sick, right? Or we have any emergency, they will, you know, give us that time for us to go to the doctor or to face that emergency that may come in the future.

BARION OPASSO: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: If this law is approved, I will get affected very much. I will be hurt financially, and this is very bad for me, and this will affect also my finances and my respons— I have— my responsibilities. I have many responsibilities
I need to face, and I also debts I need to pay, and I have to help my family I have here. Not only my family here in the United States, but the family in my country as well.

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NICOLE VERA: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon. My name is

Nicole Vera. I'm working in a hotel located in Times

Square in Manhattan, and through this letter I wanted

to express my big satisfaction I have because I'm

working in this hotel and the great opportunity that

the hotel have give us to work in this hotel.

NICOLE VERA: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: You know, I have the economic support through this hotel to help my family back in my country. We have a very good job environment between all of us, all of workers of the hotel, and also my bosses are also very friendly as well.

NICOLE VERA: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: My bosses are very understandable. They are giving us incredible support and they're helping us also with flexible schedules. We're able to work in a very good work schedule, and also they're very understanding when we have any problem in our work with our home. Our bosses are helping us in these kind of cases.

STEFANY PEREZ: [speaking Spanish]

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TRANSLATOR: Good afternoon. My name is Stefany. Through this letter I wanted to show to you the reasons why I wrote this letter. I have a very big concern about the new law that you want to approve, because this new law will affect my work with the company I'm working currently.

STEFANY PEREZ: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: In the job I'm working currently, right, my bosses are very understandable. They have helped me so much. They have give me very flexible schedules. They're also very aware of our teams and they're always trying to help us.

STEFANY PEREZ: [speaking Spanish]

TRANSLATOR: Thanks to this job, right, and also to my bosses who are very understandable, I'm able to keep this job. I'm able to sustain and support financially my family in my country. If I need to ask them to do a favor, any favor, they always listen to us, because I'm also a mother, right, a family and I have a very big concern about this new law that you wanted to approve. Thank you for listening to us.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Again, I want to make sure that this misinformation is being addressed.

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 211

I'm going to read a statement and I'm going to ask

for your indulgence to translate it into Spanish,

because it is imperative that you all know your

rights. Subcontracted workers must be offered their

jobs at the same or higher salary if their agency is

let go. Okay? It is unacceptable that this

misinformation continues to be spread. We're just

not going to allow it. And if you have any questions

and you'd like additional information about what the

law actually provides for you, a law that was passed

previously by the Council, please, we have those

resources available to you. Thank you.

TRANSLATOR: Ms. Menin, just one question. Is the information available in Spanish [inaudible] or just--

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: [interposing] Yes.

TRANSLATOR: in English?

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: We can have this information available in Spanish so that you know your rights. We cannot allow this misinformation to continue. Okay, so I'm going to ask Council Staff if we can have a translation of what the law provides so that the workers know their rights. Thank you very

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 212 much. Okay, I'm now going to call-- thank you very much for your assistance in that.

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TRANSLATOR: You're welcome, Ms. Menin.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: thank you. Thank you for your testimony today. We appreciate it. I'm now going to go to the next panel. Usiri Perecha [sp?], Judith San Miguel [sp?], Carol Hamilton [sp?], Romario Rodriguez, if you could please come forward. Thank you. Hi.

Pereda [sp?]. I work in housekeeping department at the Freehand Hotel. I came back to work just after the highlight of COVID. At the time, our manager told guests that we were only cleaning rooms under the guidance of guests safety, but eliminating daily room cleaning is a safety problem. Imagine, cleaning less during a public health crisis. Really, eliminating daily cleaning is an excuse to eliminate jobs. For those who use— who came back to work, our job was much difficult. It was much harder to clean a room when it was— when it had been occupancy for many, many days without regular cleaning, and for many of us coworker, it also meant that there was no work for them at all. Luckily for our union was able

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 213 to resolve this and today we are back at work and providing daily cleaning, but many hotel workers in New York City are not so lucky. We should have basic standards to keep rooms clean and keep people working.

SAHIA MITCHELL: Good afternoon. My name is Sahia Mitchell [sp?]. I'm working hotel New York City housekeeping. I am not-- I am one thousand woman workers in New York-- New York workers in the hotel. Our work is hard [inaudible] all them is working hard. My hotel I work [inaudible].

Inaudible]. I'm a hotel worker in New York City and a mother of a wonderful son. I am one of the thousands of hardworking woman who keep New York City tourist industry running. In the housekeeping department we work alone on hotel floors for hours at a time. As a woman, this could be frightening if there is an emergency. There is no one around who can help us. A woman I work with accidentally spilled bleach in her eyes, and she had to try to use her cell phone to call her manager with her eyes closed. It's time to protect us and provide basic

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 214 safety protections like panic buttons on the job.

Please vote yes.

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CAROL HAMILTON: My name is Carol Hamilton. I work in the -- thank you. I am a hotel worker in New York City, and my union makes sure that I get to feel safe working. Why I want you guys to vote yes for the Hotel Safe Act-- I think about four years ago I read this story about this lady who she's a hotel employee, a housekeeper, and she had a husband that is disabled, so on her lunch break she would leave to go have lunch with him, and that was the only reason why they found out that she was hurt by a guest and locked in the closet in the hotel, because when she did not turn up for the lunch break, he called the job and then they went to the last room she was in, saw the blood and so they were able to apprehend the guy and get him. She did not make it because the injuries were so severe. So for me, you know, having safety knowing that -- and I was listening earlier, I'm sorry. I was listening earlier about where the other folks were saying that this will cause small businesses to, you know, run into problems and stuff. Without workers, nothing happens, because we all-- you know, we're a cog

[sic], we all play a part in what happens. So making sure and ensuring that the workers are safe, that everybody feels this is a good thing, and you know, we have the confidence to know that we get home to our family works. It just works. And sometimes when a family member gets hurt on the job, it's not just the-- you know, if you're the bread-winner, the one in charge, the one who takes care of everything, then it's not just you who have had a loss. It's an entire community, an entire family. So, this is sometimes devastating, sometimes it hard. So, I want you guys to vote yes for the Hotel Safe Act. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you.

JUDITH SEMONGA: Good afternoon. My name is Judith Semonga [sp?]. I am a hotel worker in New York City. I moved to this city from Trinidad 37 years ago in search of a better life, and I have worked as a room attendant for 34 years. I am proud of my job. It has afforded me a middle-class life. I was able to send my children to college and buy two houses. I believe every hard-working man, woman and immigrant, every hotel worker deserves to live with dignity and to pursue their own American dream. New York needs the Safe Hotel Act. Please vote yes.

1 COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 2 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much 3 to this panel for your testimony. 4 JUDITH SEMONGA: You're welcome. 5 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Our next panel, Teshe Tamachu [sp?], Maria Altbergus [sp?], Arislady Gomez 6 7 [sp?], Flora Rosa, Kasi Hosen [sp?]. Are any of the 8 individuals I called here? Yes, sir, please come forward. Yes, sir? Please begin. 10 KAZI HOSEN: My name is Kazi Hosen. 11 came from Bangladesh to provide a better life for my 12 family in New York City. I raised my children in 13 Queens, and I am proud that they have gone off to 14 college. I believe that the American dream means that 15 if you work hard, you will be treated fairly. 16 why can have save job and give your children a better 17 life. Please protect the workers who keep the 18 tourism industry running, including thousands of 19 immigrants who came here for a better life. Please 20 vote yes. 21 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Thank you very much. 2.2 KAZI HOSEN: You welcome. 2.3 CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, our last panel I will call, Raul Rivera, Christopher Leon Johnson. 24

While they come up, let me just say, if we've

inadvertently missed anyone who is registered to testify today and is yet to be called, please speak with the Sergeant, or if you are remote, use the Zoom hand function. You will be called in the order that your hand has been raised. Want to mention we had earlier called Tameka Johnson [sp?] and Catherine Trappani [sp?], so if they are here, they should identify themselves. Okay, now I'll call this panel.

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CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: Okay, ready? Hi, my name is Christopher Leon Johnson. I'm a former 32BJ Stop [sic] Steward, used to work for MTA Ease of Access, and I'm opposed to this bill Intro The truth of the matter of fact is, Julie 991. Menin, you're the chair and the reason you're doing this bill is because you don't care about safety, about the hotel safety, because your district is like a hell hole now, especially on Second Avenue with all those illegal smoke shops. You only care about being the next Speaker of the City Council over Amanda Farías. That's all you care about. You don't care about the safety of these people behind us. these people behind us that work ATC [sic], they're some good people, real good people that just want to make a paycheck, but they are getting paid off by the

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION union under the table, and they doing these backdoor deals like I scratch your back, you scratch my back, and you come out and advocate for a bill and support a campaign that is going to hurt their fellow people than help-- than help-- hurt them more than helping them. This bill will hurt the industry. This will hurt the businesses, and these people, we all know that majority of these people can't even afford to pay for those hotels they're working in even if they wanted to. We all know this. This is all about power for you, Julie Menin. You don't-- you're selfish. You only care about yourself. You only care about your political ambitions, and your political ambitions is being Speaker of the City Council, and you know that the only way you're going to become Speaker of City Council is with union support. Just this afternoon with this corrupt Chair Richard Poppoko [sp?] -- stupid name is -- we asked him a few questions about this bill. Is this really about you becoming Speaker? Is it really about him lining his pockets, and he disrespected us and tried to intimidate us right outside City Hall steps. was being nicely, and he intimidate us outside those So we all know what this is about. You only

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care about yourself. These members behind us are good people, but they're being used by this corrupt union head. This is all about— these unions are corrupt. I used to be part of a corrupt union, 32BJ. This union is corrupt, too, HTC. And thank you. And yeah, by the way, Shaun Abreu is corrupt, too. So, thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay, your time is up. Mr. Rivera?

RAUL RIVERA: My name is Raul Rivera. I'm a native New Yorker, a TLC driver advocate and founder of NYC Drivers Unite. I am 100 percent against Intro 0991-2024, aka, the Safe Hotel Act. This bill is nothing more than a pay to play bill. The unions and nonprofits have weaponized this committee and it's Chair Julie Menin, not to mention all the money you get from the Tish family. It is clear that abuse of power is at play here. if the Conflicts of Interest Board will take any action, but we filed a complaint anyway. Cronyism is a specific form of in-group favoritism. The spoils system practice of partiality in awarding jobs and other advantages to friends or trusted colleagues, especially in politics and between politicians and

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION supportive organizations, aka, the nonprofits. lives begin to end the day we become silent about things that matter," Martin Luther King, Jr. can fool some of the people all of the time, and all of the people some of the time, but you cannot fool all of the people all of the time," Abraham Lincoln. And I've been hearing a lot about human trafficking. If you're concerned about human trafficking and lives, very simple, you gather your colleagues, you hold a press conference and you say close the border. You say close the border, because that's where the trafficking is happening. Where they making it to? Right here to the city, to this country. So you close the border. We have a complaint here. We field it with the COIB. There's your copy.

CHAIRPERSON MENIN: Okay. I first of all want to thank everyone for turning out today, for this incredibly productive and important hearing. We so appreciate you all testifying today, and with that, we are going to close the hearing.

[gavel]

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COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 221

COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER AND WORKER PROTECTION 222

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date October 22, 2024