CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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September 10, 2024 Start: 12:06 P.M. Recess: 3:20 P.M.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway - Committee Room, 16th

Floor

B E F O R E: Kevin C. Riley,

Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Shaun Abreu
Tiffany Cabàn
David M. Carr
Kamillah Hanks
Julie Menin

Francisco P. Moya

Yusef Salaam Lynn C. Schulman

Arvind Sindhwani Director of Land Use, HPD

Max Zarin
Paths Development

Jaclyn Scarinci Akerman LLP

Selwyn Vickers CEO and President of Memorial Sloan Kettering

Dr. Jeff Drebin Chair of the Department of Surgery

Liz McNulty
Director of Acute Care Nursing

Rob Masters Canon Design

Paul Stanbridge Foster and Partners

Shelly Friedman Friedman and Gotbaum

Roger McClean

Tari Puri

George Jane Planner

Lisa Barnhart Self

Rosa Nouvini Medical Oncologist at MSK

Linda Thompson Abyssinian Baptist Church

Constance Bordenga American Cancer Society

Zenep Turen(SP?)
Speaking on behalf of friends from the upper
east side

Anab Rosenberg Lennox Hill Families Advocating for Children to Thrive or FACT

Kieran Healy
Self

Laura Ardizzone(SP?)
Nurse at Memorial Sloan Kettering

Mary Pat
In support of MSK

Rachel George Self

Daniela Mendoza Self

Kaitlin Griffin Self in opposition

John McGinley Carpenters Local 157

Nicole Grogan Self

Andrew Stein Self

Michael Piccirillo New York City District Council of Carpenters

Virginia Wettlaufer Self

Andrew Kung Chair of the Department of Pediatrics at Memorial Sloan Kettering

Ashley William Self

Akshay Gonju(SP?) Primary Care Physician

Kim Rubenstein(SP?)
Self

Lavonne Devulk(SP?)

Clear Leo(SP?)

Michael Feinberg(SP?)

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Laura Jackson Self

Moyan Sun(SP?) Physician

Jayashree Kapoor Harden Brick House

Sandy May Self in opposition

Jeana Resig(SP?)
Self

Dale Cohen Architect

Beth Newman

Masha Jafaree(SP?)
Self

Linzy McCormick(SP?)
Self

Jason Qua(SP?)
Self

Josh Zippman(SP?)
Self

Razana Mah(SP?)
Self

DJ Foxen(SP?)
Self

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SERGEANT AT ARMS: Test, test, one, two, one, two. Good afternoon and welcome to the New York City Hybrid Hearing on the Committee - the Subcommittee on Zoning and Franchises. Please silence all electronic devices at this time. If you have any question, please raise your hand and one of us, the Sergeant at Arms will kindly assist you.

Thank you very much for your kind cooperation. Chair, we are ready to begin.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: [GAVEL] Good afternoon

everyone and welcome to the meeting of the

Subcommittee on Zoning and Franchises. I am Council

Member Kevin Riley, Chair of this Subcommittee. I am

joined by Council Member Schulman, Salaam, Carr,

Abreu, Cabàn and remotely Moya.

Today we are scheduled to hold three hearings.

We will first hear a request for an Article XI tax

exemption involving an affordable housing project

known as Marcus Garvey located in Bed Stuy, Brooklyn.

25 We will then hear a Proposal that consists of a

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residential mixed use development known as $21^{\rm st}$

3 Street in Astoria, Queens. The third and final

4 Proposal known as MSK Pavilion seeks to build a new

5 | hospital building within the Memorial Sloan

6 Kettering, excuse me campus on the upper east side in

Manhattan.

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I will now go over our hearing procedures. This meeting is being held in a hybrid format. Members of the public who wish to testify may testify in person or through Zoom. Members of the public wishing to testify remotely may register by visiting the New York City Council's website at

www.council.nyc.gov/landuse.

To sign up and for those of you here in person, please see one of the Sergeant at Arms to prepare and submit a speakers card. Members of the public may also view a live stream broadcast of this meeting at the Council's website. When you are called to testify before this Subcommittee, if you are joining us remotely, you will remain muted until recognized by myself to speak. When you are recognized, your microphone will be unmuted. Please take a moment to check your device and confirm that your mic is on before you begin speaking. We will limit public

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testimony to two minutes per witness. I'll repeat

that again. We will limit public testimony to two

4 minutes per witness. If you have additional

5 testimony, you would like to submit to the

6 Subcommittee to consider or if you have written

7 testimony you would like to submit instead of

appearing in person, please email it to

landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov.

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Written testimony may be submitted up to three days after the hearing is closed. Please indicate the LU number and/or the project name in the subject line of your email. We request that the witnesses joining us remotely remain in the meeting until excused by myself as Council Members may have questions. Lastly for everyone attending today's meeting, this is a government proceeding and decorum must be observed at all times. Members of the public are asked not to speak during the meeting unless you are testifying. The witness table is reserved for people who are called to testify and no video recording or photography is allowed from the witness table.

Further, members of the public may not present audio or video recordings as testimony but may submit

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transcripts of such recordings to the Sergeant at Arms for inclusion in the hearing record. I will now open the first public hearing on the Preconsidered LU relating to the Marcus Garvey Article XI request in Council Member Ossè's district in Bed Stuy.

The New York City Department of Housing Development and Preservation is seeking an Article XI tax exemption to facilitate the development of two affordable housing buildings. For anyone wishing to testify on these items remotely, if you have not already done so, you must register online and you may do that now by visiting the Council's website at council.nyc.gov/landuse. And once again, for anyone with us in person, please see one of the Sergeants to prepare and submit a speakers card. If you would prefer to submit written testimony, you can always do so by emailing it to

landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov.

I will now call the applicant panel for the Proposal, which consists of I'm sorry, I can't read your handwriting. Arvind, alright, Arvind. Counsel, please administer the affirmation.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Can you please raise your right hand and state your name for the record.

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ARVIND SINDHWANI: Arvind Sindhwani, Director of

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Do you swear to state please keep your right hand. Can you please swear to
state the truth and nothing but the truth in your
testimony today and in response to member questions?

ARVIND SINDHWANI: I do.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. For the viewing public, if you need an accessible version of your presentation, please send an email request to landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. I just want to state for the record, we've been joined by Council Member Menin and now, the applicant team may begin. I'll just ask that you please reinstate your name and organization for the record. You may begin.

ARVIND SINDHWANI: My name is Arvind Sindhwani,
Director of Land Use Planning and Development in the
HPD division of Government Affairs. I'm also joined
by two partners from the past development team
virtually today.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Are they testifying too or?

Alright, so we're going to have to swear them in.

Just give me one second.

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Land Use HPD.

Permit for a large scale general development.

The proposed development will consist of two new construction residential buildings with a total of 155 affordable rental units. The proposed development will include a mix of studio, one bedroom, two bedroom and three bedroom apartments.

Income tiers range from 30 to 80 percent area median income as well as a set aside for formerly homeless households.

The proposed development will provide 27,500 square feet of landscapes open space and 30,000 square feet of commercial and community facility space. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Is that the end of your testimony? Do you need to pass it to anyone or that was it?

ARVIND SINDHWANI: So, I can pass it to the team on Zoom to go through the slide dock as well.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Okay, so let's try this one more time.

ARVIND SINDHWANI: Okay.

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existing lots owned by Paths. They currently have

2 small commercial properties. These new buildings in

3 addition to the 155 units of affordable housing set

4 aside for households earning between 30 and 80

5 percent of AMI. It would also feature over 30,000

6 square feet of commercial and community facility

7 | space along with a network of five open spaces both

8 adjacent to the new properties and woven throughout

9 the existing Betty Shabazz and Medgar Evers

10 Properties, which are also affordable housing

11 properties owned by Paths. So, you can see them in

12 | the image with the green and blue parapets and those

13 | five spaces together would total about 27,000 square

14 | feet of new open space for residents. As Arvind

15 | said, this project received a ULURP approval in May.

16 Next slide please.

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The ULURP upzoned the site from R6A and R6B to an R7A with a C24 overlay along Marcus Garvey and instituted a large scale general development plan allowing us to move some of bulk around site as well as secure some modifications for height and setback as well as some relief from parking requirements.

23 Next slide please.

Building A will feature 84 units of affordable housing along with some ground floor community

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facility space for which we envision the occupant to be a boxing gym that currently occupies the existing commercial property on this space and has been a long time tenant in that building and anchor for this community.

On the second floor would be approximately 11,000 square feet of community facility space for which we envision a day care or a similar use. Next slide please.

Building B will have 71 units of affordable housing, also with ground floor retail space for which we're pursuing a grocery store occupant and maybe the grocery store currently occupying the commercial property on this parcel. Next slide please.

Without going into too much detail here as Arvind noted, these properties are comprised of units ranging from studios to three bedrooms, concentrated primarily amongst the studios ones and twos and the income distributions for this building or these two buildings I should say, follow the guidelines of HPD's Ella Term Sheet with about 15 percent of the units set aside for formerly homeless households and the remainder split pretty equally between extremely

2 low income and very low income households and low
3 income households. Next slide please.

, Income nearenezas. Hene ezzae pzeus

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We're seeking the Article XI exemption for this project for a number of reasons. As we've continued to see other operating expenses increase drastically in recent years such as insurance and payroll, being able to limit the property taxes will be a huge benefit to the operations of the property on an ongoing basis. Doing so will also allow us to size a larger permanent first mortgage, limiting the need for valuable HPD resources and if we're able to secure the Article XI exemption, it also gives us a little bit more flexibility with HPD to structure different financings whether we pursue financing using taxes and bonds and four percent tax credits or pursue a structure that uses only city subsidy.

And last, at a high level, whether it's the construction budget or the ongoing operations budget, we do strongly believe that securing this exemption will allow us to focus our resources on the things that are most important to our residents. Creating and maintaining high quality housing with high quality amenities and a safe and secure living environment for our residents. I thank the

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Subcommittee very much for their time today. Happy to answer any questions that the members may have.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much Max. I just have one question. When do you expect the project to be completed?

MAX ZARIN: So, right now we're progressing through predevelopment. We're in design right now as well as completing other due diligence and we're working closely with our partners at HPD to coordinate with them and have this project be slated into their closing pipeline. Based on the most recent conversations that we've had; it seems that the earliest potential start date for this project would be December 2025. In which case, the project would complete construction at the end of 2027.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: So, December 2025 to December 2027.

MAX ZARIN: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Alright, thank you. Do any Council Members have any questions? Okay, there being no questions, uh regarding the special permit application related to the Marcus Garvey Article XI, this panel is now excused. Council, are there any

2 members in person or online who want to testify on

3 this item?

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: No Chair, there is no one online or in person who wish to testify regarding this Article XI.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: There being no other members of the public who wish to testify on the preconsidered LU relating to the Marcus Garvey Article XI request, the public hearing is now closed and the item is laid over. I will now open the second public hearing on the preconsidered LU's relating to the 21st Street rezoning proposal in Council Member Cabàn's district in Astoria Queens.

The proposal consists of a mixed use residential development with approximately 92 apartments. The rezoning would involve the mapping of a mandatory inclusionary housing and as a result, part of the new housing would be affordable apartments. For anyone wishing to testify on these items remotely, if you have not already done so, you must register online and you may do that now by visiting the Council's website at council.nyc.gov/landuse and once again for anyone with us in person, please see one of the Sergeants to prepare and submit a speakers card. If

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 20 you would like to submit written testimony, you can 2 3 also do so by emailing it to 4 landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. I would like to allow Council Member Cabàn to give some remarks regarding this project. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER CABAN: I will be super brief. I'm just going to allow folks to present on it. I 8 have a couple of questions but we have been in communication early and often and that has been much 10 11 appreciated and I think a unique and it doesn't happen very often and MIH affordable project for home 12 ownership. So, excited to hear you all present. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Council Member. 15 will now like to call the applicant panel for this proposal, which consists of Jaclyn Scarinci, I'm 16 17 sorry, I'm trying my best. Counsel, please administer the affirmation. 18 19 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Could you please state your name for the record and raise your right hand. 20 21 JACLYN SCARINCI: Thank you. 2.2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Do you swear to 2.3 tell the truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony today in response to Council Member 24

questions?

2 JACLYN SCARINCI: I do.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you and for the viewing public, if you need an accessible version of this presentation, please send an email request to landusetetimony@council.nyc.gov. And now the applicant team may begin. I'll just ask that you please just reinstate your name and organization for the record.

JACLYN SCARINCI: Good afternoon. Jaclyn

Scarinci of Akerman LLP on behalf of Astoria Park

warehouse to present the 21st Street Rezoning

Application. Next slide.

Just to orient everyone to the site, we're located in Astoria within Community District 1. The rezoning area includes two development sites that are owned by the applicant. One along 21st Street which is the former Recardo's by the Bridge Catering facility and across the street, which is currently used as open parking and used to be the former Recardo's parking site. So, they're both predominantly underutilized site in this area of Astoria. Really excited to revitalize and bring new housing and ground floor commercial activity to this

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area, especially along this 21st Street corridor which is an active uh corridor within Astoria. slide.

Just to give you an overview of the area. area map shows just north of the site has an R7A It's just south of Astoria Park which is an mapped. enormous 60 acre park with both passive and active resources for the community and also uhm it is located within the transit zone well served by transit here. The NW is an eight block walk away but there is multiple buses, Q69, Q100, Q19, M60 that all serve the area. Next slide.

This just shows the existing conditions, Ricardo's by the bridge actually went out of operation during COVID and this site has been vacant since then. Next slide and just additional photos of development site 2, which is vacant parking. slide.

So, the land use actions that we're requesting here are rezoning from the existing R5E and R5D to an R6A C14 commercial overlay. Moving to the next slide. Here and we're also requesting a zoning text amendment to mandatory inclusionary housing areas Options 1 and 2. Next slide.

2 The development site 1 is proposed for a new 3 mixed use residential and ground floor commercial 4 development. As the Council Member stated, we are 5 doing this project as a home ownership project and the MIH component will also be affordable 6 7 homeownership, which is somewhat unique because most 8 projects, new MIH projects are being built as rental projects so, this presents as a unique opportunity to uhm provide housing in 50- well, there's still 10 11 Community Board preference for units for Community Board 1 to have a homeownership opportunity and we 12 13 also are providing 23 accessory parking spaces for 14 development site 2. Moving to the next slide. 15

Similar scale, this will be a seven story new development with 35,000 square feet of residential floor area, 38 dwelling units, 12 permanently affordable homeownership units and 18 accessory parking spaces with 7,900 square feet of local retail, and then moving to the next slide. This just gives the overall unit distribution recognizing that there's a need for a balance of family size units and uhm studios and one bedrooms for singles and seniors.

Next slide, if there's any questions, I'm happy to answer.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. You just answered

3 my first - I wanted to know what is the breakdown of

4 unit sizes you are proposing. Well, you just

5 answered that one. The proposed development includes

6 41 parking spaces. Are these parking spaces all

parking spaces down to what's required 34.

7 required by the proposed zoning?

JACLYN SCARINCI: Uh so the 34 are required.

The applicant is proposing 41 but we recognize that in consultation with Council Member Caban we've been looking at the parking and we'll reduce the number of

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: And you know how much units that would produce more?

JACLYN SCARINCI: Uhm, we haven't done enough to sort of increasing the number of units. I think especially with City of Yes, there's a lot of things in flux right now but I think that is a really good point. It can create additional units and that's something that by taking away some of the parking we can create more housing.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Okay, you have planned for a rather commercial space. Do you know what type of business you are looking for that space?

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JACLYN SCARINCI: At this point, there just looking for a local retail but I think as the project develops, we can definitely speak with Council Member Cabàn and Board 1 and really see what the need is within the community for these local spaces.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Council Member Cabàn.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABÀN: Yes, thank you. A couple of questions for you and going to follow up on Chair Riley's question around the parking spaces. I've said many times how I feel about the parking space. You actually in your presentation talked about how transit rich the area is and between you know the walk to the NW Train but also the express bus on 21st Street. There's a couple of cross town buses and in addition to that, it's very close to the ferry, which is a very quick commute into Manhattan. So, you know he asked about what was required lowering down to 34 but should the zoning for housing opportunity passed and removed those parking minimums. How are you all thinking about the change to the inclusion of parking in that number?

JACLYN SCARINCI: Yeah, I know the owner uhm unfortunately couldn't be here today but he's very

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actively looking at reducing the parking even further should city [INAUDIBLE 00:25:53] go through. I think just at this point not knowing if it's required or not and then also uhm just kind of allowing some flexibility for market conditions because it will be a homeownership. And some homeowners may want to have the option of a parking space.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABAN: Yeah and you know I do think the only prospect I'll have on that is that I would assume that you know in a lot of these for homeownership opportunities, parking is important because it increases the value of your property but in an MIH homeownership option, you can only resell at a certain degree of profit and so, it kind of takes away sort of that incentive. So, I just want to note that but I know that you had the number of apartments sort of listed, the breakdowns and I saw the numbers there but I'm just curious because I don't remember what the community board requested. know that they made a request for a minimum of three bedroom MIH units. And so, my question to you all is are you able to meet that request that they made?

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABÀN: I think your colleague is trying to get your attention.

JACLYN SCARINCI: Sorry. Yes, so no, I believe the Community Board asked for one additional three bedroom unit and so, I think that is something that we're still looking into at this time.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABAN: Okay and then I just have one more question. I'm going to be really honest with you, I didn't know a lot about the MIH Homeownership program and so, like hats off to the land use division of the Council who like sat me down and schooled me. And so, I know that you're proposing MIH Option 1 and 2 here and usually, I don't like to see Option 2 map because it doesn't effectively reach the levels of affordability but based on what I have learned and now understand about the homeownership, MIH program, I understand that Option 2 is more compatible with a homeownership project so we're prepared to map that option here but if this at some point, should this building be a rental building, I want to make sure that it is developed under MIH Option 1. So, are you prepared to develop the potential rental pursuant to MIH Option 1, should that happen?

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to commit to doing Option 1 if this were to be a rental project. COUNCIL MEMBER CABAN: Great, thank you, thank you Chair.

JACLYN SCARINCI: Yes, the applicant is prepared

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Council Member Cabàn. Are there any more questions from the Subcommittee? There being no more questions, this applicant panel is excused. Thank you so much for testifying. Council, are there any members of the public who wish to testify on this project in person or through Zoom?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Neither Chair.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: There being no members of the public who wish to testify on the Preconsidered LU's regarding the 21st Street Rezoning Proposal, the public hearing is now closed and the items are laid I will now open up the third and last public hearing on the LU's 132 through 136. Oh, before I do, sorry Counsel, can I ask these three people who are signed up to testify to please see the Sergeants, Daniela Mandoza, Roger McClean and Paul Stanbridge. Sorry if I mispronounced your name.

UNIDENTIFIED: [INAUDIBLE 00:29:37]

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: No, no. We just need them to indicate something on that. I will now open the third and last public hearing on the LU's 132 through 136 relating to the MSK Pavilion Rezoning Proposal in Council Member Menin's District on the upper east side. The Proposal seeks to replace two existing buildings used for staff housing and administrative support services within the campus of the Memorial Sloan Kettering Hospital. The new building would focus on surgical services.

For anyone wishing to testify on these items remotely, if you have not already done so, you must register online and you may do that now by visiting the Council's website at council.nyc.gov/landuse.

And once again, for anyone with us in person, please see one of the Sergeants to prepare and submit a speakers card. If you would prefer to submit written testimony, you can always do that by emailing it to landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. I would now like to allow Council Member Menin to give any remarks regarding this project.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you so much Chair for holding today's important hearing. The Memorial Sloan Kettering Pavilion Rezoning would facilitate

2 the development of a new hospital building located on

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3 the east side of Manhattan at York Avenue between 66

4 and 67th Street. It's important to note that this

5 ULURP application was first proposed in 2001 and the

6 City Planning Commission was to hold its hearing on

7 | this item on September 12, 2001. We obviously all

know what happened on that tragic day of 911.

Since that time, New York City and the United
States has been in the midst of an ongoing crisis as
cancer rates and projections unfortunately soar. New
York City is currently experiencing 40,000 new cancer
cases annually. To meet the anticipated increase in
the need for cancer care, the applicant proposes a 31
story building with approximately 28 operating rooms
and 206 patient beds. The new building, which would
be known as MSK Pavilion would rise to a height of
550 feet or 594 feet including mechanical equipment
at the roof.

Community Board 8 of Manhattan approved this rezoning by a vote of 24 in favor, 11 opposed, 1 abstention, but with conditions that concern the height of the building. The buildings sustainability, our carbon footprint, the use of union labor and a need for MSK to mitigate

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construction impacts including traffic, noise and dust among others. The board recommended that MSK meet regularly with the community and enter into an agreement for community benefits that address these concerns. It's my understanding that the applicant has had preliminary conversations with and has general support from building trade organizations. greatly appreciate the applicants efforts and I urge the applicant to continue these conversations with unions and other labor entities so the project labor agreements can be fully executed. I want to echo the concerns from Community Board 8 that I mentioned before and of other residents who have contacted my office as well as other stakeholders. Although this community and certainly the whole of New York City needs and absolutely deserves cutting age, lifesaving care to address the cancer crisis. MSK must be a good neighbor to the residents, the students and others that call this community home.

Many stakeholders are very concerned about the height of the proposed building. This building is by any standard very tall. If this building is approved, it will certainly have construction impacts. Insuring the safety and the health of

2 nearby residents and students is of absolute

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paramount importance and more needs to be done given the sheer size of this building. I have been working for months with the community, with PS 183, and with MSK to negotiate significant construction mitigation that exceeds environmental requirements so that we do everything in our power to protect the health, safety and wellbeing of our residents and of our students.

At today's hearing, I look forward to the applicant responding to these concerns and answering the Committee's questions. I want to thank the Chair for allowing me to speak and I look forward to today's hearing. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Council Menin. I will now call the applicant panel for this proposal, which consists of and please excuse me if I butcher your name. Dr. Selwyn Vickers, Dr. Jeffrey Drebin, Shelly Friedman, Justin Boyer, Rob Masters and Elizabeth McNulty. Oh and Roger McClean. Roger, I just need you to fill out a - can you get him a form please?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Actually, could you also bring up two extra forms for Justin Bower and Rob

tell the truth and nothing but the truth in your

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2 testimony today and in response to Council Member
3 questions?

PANEL: I do.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. For the viewing public, if you need an accessible version of this presentation, please send an email request to landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. And now the applicant team may begin. I'll just ask that you please reinstate your name and organization for the record. Before you begin, there's a lot of you and I need you guys to talk into the mic, so Roger, just turn that one around to you. There you go, alright, thank you. Alright, thank you Sergeant. You may begin.

SELWYN VICKERS: Good afternoon Chairman Riley,
Council Menin and the rest of the Council Members,
it's a pleasure for us to be here. I'm Selwyn
Vickers, I'm the CEO and President of Memorial Sloan
Kettering. I'm a pancreatic cancer surgeon and both
in my career where I grew up and where I've really
practiced, I'm a health disparities researcher so
access in disparities have been a part of my career
and my life journey. I have the privilege to serve
Memorial Sloan Kettering, which I think you've heard

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is an old cancer center. It's 140 years old and its had the privilege to focus on a singular mission of ending cancer for life.

Many would argue Memorial is an American treasure but fortunately it's New York centric. Greater than nearly 85 of our patients are New York City resident area residents. So, although we have a broad reach, the vast majority of the people we take care are in this area.

In addition, we focus and I certainly have promoted that we are a cancer center for all of New York. All boroughs, all zip codes, all races at all incomes and we've worked very hard to make that a reality. That's also driven not only by words for nearly eight to ten years before I got here, Memorial Lobed in Albany for managed Medicare organizations to negotiate with us. They refused to do so until the bill was passed and enacted in 2023. And so, we've grown significantly in the access of people who can come to memorial. So, millions now have access to arguably what people would say is the world's best cancer care.

That commitment for us is the reason that we've looked actually address what is nearly a 50 year old

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several years ago but now we know for multiple

for young people.

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reasons, it must be built because of the impending and large number of cancer diagnosis.

In fact, nearly two million cancer diagnosis this year by 2030, probably nearly 50,000 diagnoses in New

hospital that as you heard, we thought about building

York and probably a 50 percent increase by 2050.

That's paramount because 10,000 people a day are turning 65. That's the highest incident of cancer that we know. Compounded the fact that people younger than 30 and 40 are having a massive increase of cancer diagnosis and Memorial was the first cancer center in the country to develop a clinic for cancer

So with that area and that challenge, we actually want to be able to present a message of why this

Pavilion is necessary. I would shudder to think that anyone's loved one would not be able to access our hospital. That now is over 100 percent occupied.

Not even addressing the numbers that are changing.

We routinely run over 100 percent occupied. I'd really hate to ever see someone not be able to access to care we provide because we don't have the space.

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2 It's in light of that that we bring forward this 3 request for the pavilion. I'd like now to turn this 4 over to my colleague Dr. Jeff Drebin head of surgery. DR. JEFF DREBIN: Thank you Dr. Vickers. Jeff Drebin, the Chair of the Department of Surgery. 6 7 I want to thank Chair Riley, Council Member Menin and the other members of the Council for having us today. 8 I've been intimately involved in planning the Pavilion for a number of years and this is really 10 11 because we could see the need for increasing cancer 12 care in New York. If we could go to slide two 13 please. As Dr. Victors noted, we're predicting that 14 cancer rates will rise by 50 percent by 2050 and I 15 should emphasize it's not just we're predicting, the CDC is predicting a variety of organizations of all 16 17 in agreement. Cancer rates are rising. This bar 18 graph shows current rates and future rates. In what 19 you can see in light blue are the current rates. 20 dark blue the future rates and you can see it's going 21 to go up across every age range, the different groups 2.2 of bars range from the younger population under age 2.3 50 to the group over age 85 and we know not only that we're going to see a 50 percent increase over the 24

next 25 years but the one out of three women and one

2 out of two men will get cancer in their lifetime. So

3 everyone here can look around and look around them

4 and know that cancer is going to affect virtually all

5 of us. All of our families, all of our loved ones

and it's to really to manage that growth in the

cancer population that we ask for the permission to

8 build the pavilion.

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Right now, as Dr. Vickers mentioned, we're frequently at 100 percent occupancy from Monday night until Friday night and over the weekend we drop into the 90's and we go right back up again. We're able to handle people who come to us for care now but we won't be able to handle an increasing number in the coming years without improved facilities and I want to have Liz McNulty who's Director of Acute Care Nursing, talk to us just briefly about what it's like to have such a challenge just getting patients in for care and managing them in a full hospital.

LIZ MCNULTY: Hi, thank you for having me, having us today. I'm Liz McNulty, I've been a nurse at MSK for the past 30 years and I have led and cared for - led nursing teams and cared for our patients really through lots of change in those 30 years and what we're seeing now is really an increase as you've

2 heard from both Dr. Vickers and Dr. Drebin, an 3 increase in the number of patients who are requiring

4 our care.

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The Pavilion is really what we need right now to really answer the call that we're being asked. projected surge in cancer cases through 2050 will affect all of our patients but especially our youngest and our oldest patients. And it really requires us to scale up our resources specifically our treatment facility. And the surge is being felt now as you've heard about our census capacities. With a number of cancer patients requiring surgeries and acute care and in patient setting, we really need to begin the work on the Pavilion as soon as we can.

So, thank you for your time. I'm going to turn it back to Dr. Drebin.

DR. JEFF DREBIN: Thanks Liz. So, Liz has sort of mentioned why we need the pavilion. Let me tell you what the Pavilion is and if I can have the next The Pavilion is not a free standing hospital. slide. It's not a completely independent facility, it's an extension of our existing hospital. It is tall but it's rather shallow because of existing space constraints and it's designed to serve the patients

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we know are going to need our care in the coming years. I should emphasize, this isn't a goal to capture the cancer market in New York. Quite the opposite. This is to enable us to grow our care capacity by 50 percent, which every cancer institution is going to have to do because the reality is we're going to be seeing a lot more cancer.

The Pavilion has a lot of operating rooms, it has patient beds, it has some facilities specific to the treatment of those patients. It has no offices. has no outpatient infusion or treatment centers. Ιt doesn't even have a flower shop. It is entirely devoted to the care of our cancer patients and the design was really made not by saying what's the biggest building we could build? Quite the opposite, we said, what's going to happen to cancer. How does that reflect on our share of the cancer market and what's that going to require us to be able to provide in the coming decades? And the Pavilion therefore has this plan for 28 new operating and procedural rooms over 200 individual patient rooms, including more ICU beds and this is just a picture you can see of a very crowded operating room. The technology we

have in the operating rooms these days include surgical robots, which are both tall and wide, require visualization panels. There is no robot in this building. That little arch you see in the corner is a CR Radiology instrument. That's one of the smallest ones we have and you can see that the amount of instruments, the amount of equipment we have in operating room, requires more space and as we anticipate even more complex surgeries in the decades to come, that will become even more critical.

So, again to the issue of height has been brought up. The reality is we need every inch of this building to meet the growing demands for cancer care that we're staring down. The building was not designed to be the biggest building we could possibly design, it was really the minimum of what we could build to care for the patients who we know are going to both need and deserve our care in coming decades.

If we could, we would actually build a bigger building but this is sort of a minimum number that we think we will be able to meet the cancer needs of the New York community. And to tell you a little bit more, I want to transition to Rob Masters from Canon Design.

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ROB MASTERS: Thanks Dr. Drebin. Good afternoon everyone. I'm Rob Masters, I'm a Principal with Canon Design. I'm the lead healthcare architect for the MSK Pavilion Design team. If we could move to the next slide and just talk a little bit in further detail about some of the design drivers that respond to the needs that Dr. Drebin spoke about. On screen you can see a floor plan and a stride of it, a sectional diagram of an OR or an operating room that would located in the Pavilion.

Just as Dr. Drebin indicated, we need square footage in the room to accommodate the multidisciplinary, the clinical team as well as all of the clinical instrumentation including imaging and robotics that are necessary to deliver the cutting edge care that the clinical teams at MSK deliver every day.

In addition to the floor plate, the footprint of that OR requiring, accommodating all of that personnel and equipment, we also have floor to floor height necessary to accommodate that equipment as well, both within the room to accommodate robotics, ceiling mounted equipment and infrastructure distribution and delivery systems, the lights and the

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booms that allow the surgical teams to perform the care. But above the ceiling as well where we have structural requirements to support the equipment, the mechanical systems that drive the required air changes to those rooms and provide the clinical environment necessary for surgical care and the structural - the structural infrastructure in the building that allows to support all of that load and also maintain the vibration criteria necessary to deliver surgical care.

So, all of that both below and above the ceiling is driving the height of the typical operating room floor. Next slide please.

Similarly on the bed floors, we have that same clinical criteria driving both the footprint for the individual patient rooms as well as the floor to floor height driving the construction of the overall building.

So, our rooms are designed for the minimum criteria, the minimum clearances necessary for intensive care unit patient rooms that will be an element of and really the driving, organizing element for the patient floors in the building. We have similar overhead booms in those rooms. We have

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similar infrastructure requirements supporting the air systems, the medical gas systems etc., and similar structural requirements to maintain the vibration and the structural criteria for clinical care.

So, whether we're talking about an operating room floor or a patient bed floor, we have those same criteria. Next slide please. I just wanted to look at the overall floors for a moment to really demonstrate the clinical density of these floor As Dr. Drebin indicated, there's no office space or administrative space that goes beyond the core clinical requirements on these floors. So, you can see on this floor plan, the complete perimeter is occupied by all of the patient bedrooms. The very spartan core in the middle is providing all of the clinical support space, the clean utility, the medication rooms, the nursing stations, all of the things that we need to be able to deliver care on those floors and take care of the 24 beds that are located on each of the floors. Next slide.

Similarly on the operating rooms floors, we have a very dense plan with five operating rooms organized around a very small, very dense clean Corp the

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provides the supplies to the surgical procedures with preoperative prep spaces along the north end and again the clinical support spaces that are required for those elements. Not an inch is spared on these floors that doesn't drive the clinical program that is required for the care delivery in the building. Next slide.

So lastly, I just wanted to show how that starts to stack up in the overall building section. As you can see the green floors are surgical floors and surgical support floors, the blue floors are the bed floors for the patient rooms above and then those grey bars in between represent that mechanical and structural infrastructures base above ceiling. whether we're talking about the full grey floors that support the primary mechanical equipment in the building or that individual dark grey strata above every floor providing that critical infrastructure, all of that is really the required space that's driving the height of the building. I'd like to turn it over to Paul Stanbridge to talk a bit about the building design.

PAUL STANBRIDGE: Thank you Rob. Again, I'm Paul Stanbridge and I'm with Foster and Partners. I'm one 2 of t

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of the partners. I'm one of the architects working on the project in conjunction with Canon and AAI Architects. We have three renderings to show you today. Next slide please.

So, here we have a skyline view taken from the east river looking west. You can see how the Pavilion as an architectural form fits into the context of the upper east side and is just opposed to the midtown skyscrapers beyond it to the left. We're really trying to create something that is noble and elegant and timeless and the changes with the daylighting conditions over the course of the day. We do not want to create a loud building and in fact as a team, we refer to it as a machine for healing that's been designed from the inside out, right sizing all of the clinical support spaces, the patient rooms and the operating theaters.

We've elected to express the structure of the building. You'll see it a little more in the next slide if you could change. So, you could see the vertical column lines on the façade, as well as the lines of the floor plates to give it a bit of texture to avoid a kind of sheer plane on each building elevation.

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And it's worth nothing, because we're extremely proud of it that the characteristics of the cladding also goes a very long way to reducing the energy use in the building. We're achieving an energy use intensity rating of 125 KBTU per square foot, which likely makes us the best performing hospital envelope in the country.

In contrast, recent buildings on the upper east side that are also hospitals are usually in the 200 to 250 KBTU range, so, we're about half that and again, we're really proud of that fact. And on this slide, I just want to call your attention to the bridge in the upper right corner. This is the base of the building. It's important to stress that the new Pavilion project cannot be a standalone building. It's really a part of the larger organism of the main campus and because of that, the bridge and the connections below grade we're able to both leverage and expand on the capacities that exist both in the Memorial Hospital and in the Rockefeller Research Laboratories.

At the lower two floors, we've really pulled the façade in from the property line to allow is to give space back to the public realm, where we've created

2 planted and landscape gardens. We're trying to

3 create a very serine environment for all patients and

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4 guests arriving on site, as well as building staff

5 and to create an engaging street scape on York

6 Avenue. Next slide please.

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So, as you move forward towards the entry of the building, which is what is shown here, again we've really compressed the program on the ground floor so that we can maximize the amount of public space. this view, you will see benches for public and patients and guests to sit on that have been designed to the Pops standards as well some of the landscape elements. And if you look in the far background, there's an opportunity for introducing art work potentially on the Corp and then slightly in front of that as a part of our internal drop off drive through where we bring anyone arriving on site via car onto the site to exchange their car with a valet and that's intended to really minimize any traffic disruptions on the major roads around the building. And with that, I'm going to turn it over to Shelly.

SHELLY FRIEDMAN: Thank you Paul. Mr. Chairman, good morning, members of the Committee, Council Member Menin. Shelly Friedman of Friedman and

2 Gotbaum, we are land use Council to MSK. Next slide

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There are eight actions in our ULURP package.

Not all of them are requiring Council approval. I

want to concentrate on those that are before the

Council. The others are basically authorizations,

modifications and certifications that don't

necessarily come to the Council but we asked to

present to you the complete average. The first

action is a zoning map amendment, which is before the

Council. Next slide please.

Oh, I'm sorry, let's go back one, excuse me. The text amendment, the text amendment was a part of the actions that were originally requested in 2001, with the construction of the Zuckerman Research Center.

That was considered Phase 1 of that application.

Phase 2 in 2001 was an acute care hospital. That was considered Phase 2. Both were certified by the Commission and went into ULURP. Our City Planning hearing was scheduled for September 12, 2001 and of course that hearing didn't happen because of the events of the prior day.

In fact our ULURP application expired while the city was rebooting in the aftermath of 911 and thanks

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adopted, our ULURP was revived until December 31st to complete, which eliminated about 150 days of the normal ULURP clock for that application.

We were asked if we would since the Zuckerman

to an action of the Council, a Local Law that was

building was ready to go but the replacement hospital was not ready to go. That was going to be a Phase 2 that was going to follow years after Phase 1.

Whether we would withdraw that replacement hospital from consideration, which we agreed to do. That eliminated the need for this zoning map amendment.

In the Commission's report, they acknowledged our actions and told us that when we were ready to present the new hospital, we should certainly come back to the Commission and they understood its need at that point.

This application is the resumption of that discussion that we had with the Commission and with the Council in 2001 and this Pavilion building is that replacement hospital. It ends up being a little smaller than what we will show you as the replacement hospital, then what we can show you as the replacement hospital but nonetheless, this is the

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 51 resumption of that discussion, which occurred in 2001

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The second action, which is before the Council, is a Zoning Text Amendment. The Zoning Text Amendment is two chapters of discretionary permits in the large scale community facilities development chapter, Chapter 79 of the zoning resolution. As you may know, large scale community facility designations are special designations for multi-block campuses, universities, hospitals and the like. In this case, the Zoning Map Amendment that we're seeking will modify a provision that is applicable only within large scales, only within hospitals in those large scales, only within Community Boards 8 and 12 and only within Zoning Districts R9 and R10. So, you can see the very focused aspect of this text amendment that will deal with technically, with lot coverage issues and with signage. Only in those in those very narrow cases.

We are also requesting a special permit pursuant to the large scale that is typical in large scales that provides the redistribution of floor area and certain allowances for height and setback and the like, so that applicants such as MSK, which are

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dealing with multiblock campuses, have some flexibility in the distribution of their floor area.

The next item in the authorization which is not before the Council. There is a curb cut certification, which is not before the Council and there is a modification of height and setback within the large scale, which is not before the Council.

There will then be a - we are presently living under a restrictive declaration with regard to the 2001 rezonings. Since we are now proceeding with the hospital, that restrictive declaration has been withdrawn and canceled, and finally the revocable consent for the bridge that Paul described here requires a revocable consent from the Department of Transportation. Their procedures require us to go to the Public Design Commission for preliminary approval. They have provided those preliminary comments and in their report refer to the bridge as elegant.

I would like while we have this slide before you to go into some depth on the public engagement. As Council Member Menin noted, the Community Board 8 approved by a vote of 24 to 10 with conditions. The application with regard to height, I'd like to read

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you that condition. That the new Pavilion meet the highest standards - oh I'm sorry, I started off on the wrong one. A design that meets the needs of MSK to care for the proposed increase in cancer patients in a lower profile structure than currently proposed.

So, they within their resolution recognize that this all has to be done within the mission of MSK and without undercutting its ability to respond to the needs that Dr. Vickers and Drebin have stated before you today. With regard to the Borough President, the Borough President recommended approval of the Application without condition on height and with regard to the City Planning Commission, they also approved the application unanimously. They did reference height and said they found the height appropriate. During that hearing, nine people spoke in favor of the application and three people spoke in opposition to the application.

Briefly discussing the environmental impacts on the next slide please. We have no permanent impacts identified in the FEIS on site. Our building once built will cast a shadow on certain windows of a nearby church and that has triggered a shadow impact. We are talking to the church. We have some thoughts

we're somewhere around 14 percent.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: 14 percent.

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an increase in staff at MSK. What plans does MSK

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2 have in place to assist staff with housing if this

3 project is approved?

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JEFF DREBIN: We have additional housing. We have 1,000 units on the upper east side. We're purchasing additional housing on Roosevelt Island and we don't anticipate that this would create a major impact it. Roger, do you want?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: I understand that there's an elementary school on the same block as the proposed development and the parents have expressed concerns about the air quality and other impacts. Have you reached out to other adjacent property owners to get their feedback and concerns as well?

JEFF DREBIN: We've certainly heard from many adjacent property owners. We held a series of calls with community board 8 going back now 18 months.

Zoom calls, in person meetings and I think we've heard from a lot of people, particularly those who live on 66th Street who are most likely to be impacted by the adjacency. We're you know we're a cancer center. We're all about avoiding exposures to environmental toxins and we're committed to seeing that air quality and things are not negatively impacted.

ROGER MCCLEAN: Hello, Chairman we've also implemented a community working group as well. So, monthly, we're going to have working sessions with the community to really get their feedback. Give some updates and look at heads on where we are with the project. We really want to be fully transparent

where we are and also to hear their concerns.

JEFF DREBIN: And I think we also have an anticipated sort of hotline that will be available to community members if something is perceived as a - they don't have to wait till the end of the month to tell us something.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: It goes directly to you guys and you'll be able to answer, okay. Will there be a liaison between MSK and the community with this hotline?

ROGER MCCLEAN: Yes, within our communications group there is an individual who is specifically identified as to work closely with the community through Erin's team who is here.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Uhm and the last question Mr. Friedman, you spoke about an environmental issue with the church. You said that you will not be able to

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address that issue until the building is built and that's regarding the shadows I believe.

SHELLY FRIEDMAN: We have projections, computer models and the like but nothing is going to supplant the actual shadows that will occur as the building is going up and they start to occur in real time. That's the point where we've been in discussion with the church and engaging with them in an effort to address those. There are external light sources and the like. There are many tools in the toolbox for that but we have discussed with the church that we will be there once the shadows start to appear so that we can make sure they're adjusted. At this point, we'd only be guessing on the basis of rough computer models about where those shadows are going to occur and when. They generally occur daily during certain seasons for about an hour a day but under the environmental rules, that's sufficient to trigger an impact that we need to address.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Council Member Menin.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Great, thank you so much Chair and thank you to MSK for this presentation.

So, as you know, we have been in conversations for

many months, particularly about a number of concerns. So, I want to start with the impacts to the community and particularly to the school. Uhm, we've talked at length about this but I want to once again and say on the record how concerned I am about that. We have to ensure that the impacts are reduced to the fullest extent possible. There have been reports of the asbestos. We are concerned obviously about having real time air quality monitoring that the school and other residents surrounding the neighborhood can see in real time. As I have mentioned many times I want to ensure that there is a noise mitigation wall so that students work is not being effected and residents quality of life is not being effected. want to ensure that the construction, the noisiest construction, the jack hammering etc., is shrouded in noise mitigation materials. All of this, I know we've talked about but I'm just getting it out for this hearing and I want to ensure as I've said that there be a very strong and open and constant line of communication between MSK and the surrounding community. So, just give you a chance to respond to that.

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ROGER MCCLEAN: Yeah, we're fully engaged and onboard with you and your team as far as all of the different mitigation measures that are required by regulation as well as the enhancements that we discussed. MSK is looking to be a partner within the community and to offer up all of our efforts to make sure that we're running a transparent project that not only provides information as far as what we're doing but taking the feedback of where issues may occur.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Absolutely and so to be clear, we are going to insist that any mitigation efforts exceed what is required. I want to talk a bit about the height because obviously I've been hearing from residents in the community who are concerns about the height. Can you talk about and precisely why do you need the 28 operating rooms? How did you derive the number 28 and the 206 beds? If you can talk with specificity about how the very alarming rise in cancer rates and look, we are all obviously extremely concerned about that. What is the correlation between the rise in rates and the specific number of operating rooms and beds that you are proposing?

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JEFF DREBIN: So, we've began this whole process with modeling what we would need to deliver care making some assumptions about whether length of stay goes up or down, how many patients need in patient care versus outpatient care and we sort of created three bans sort of high utilization and middle utilization and a low utilization, both of patient beds and of surgical facilities and procedural spaces to take care of those numbers of patients. started with how many patients are we going to need to care for? What are we going to need to have to care for those patients and as I say, the building is not in the high zone. The building was in the middle We're hoping that we're on the money with this estimate and will be able to deliver the care that we think is going to be needed. Really what we fear is if the estimates are incorrect to the low side, we'll still face more patients coming to us for care than we can deliver but we think this is the best estimate. It's a reasonable estimate and then within that, those calculations, we were able to fit it into the site.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: And how did you arrive at the height of 590 feet?

JEFF DREBIN: Again, it was not uh we didn't start from the height. We started with how many rooms do we need and how many OR's do we need and what are the new standards which have required much more mechanical space in a hospital building than in our current hospital building across the street which is 50 years old, and that got us up and then we tried at every point to shave space, to compress rooms. think Rob mentioned it but we're at two percent above the absolute minimum for patient rooms. These are not luxury suites or palatial by any means. They'll be a place we can deliver the quality of care that we think no one else in the world can get but they're not big and similarly, the operating rooms are not much above the minimums and so, we sort of came to the number of patients, the number of treatment facilities and the space and as I say, we're pleased we can fit it into the envelope that was previously part of the processes. If we could estimate for the higher band, we would do it. recognize there is no space for that.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Is there any room to lower the lobby height or the mechanical height?

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JEFF DREBIN: We've tried to look at that at every point and we really don't see any places and Roger or Rob do you want to comment?

ROB MASTERS: So, really we can't lower it. A lot of the height is tied to the bridge connection to Memorial, which I said was an integral part of it.

Because Memorial is an older building with different floor to floor heights, there's really a sweet spot where you can connect. So, even if you were to lower the lobby and it's not a palatial lobby right now by any means.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: But it does look to be double height. It's a portion of the lobby it looks like.

ROB MASTERS: No, it's all single height.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: So, all of it is single height, there's no double height and exterior you have double height?

ROB MASTERS: There's an entry lobby which then goes to - which only goes up one floor and then people again on a single floor distribute to the elevators or to other places on that first floor.

PAUL STANBRIDGE: That's right, the lobby is at level two so we could give the space back to the

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public. The level one is really just a way to get up

3 to the lobby one floor up. So, it's all single.

There's no double height spaces and again -

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Only on the exterior where you're -

PAUL STANBRIDGE: Yeah, just through the drive through, the public space has double height yes because you know we wanted to give the public a grand space but the bride connection, it's a fixed datum so even if you change the height of the floors below the bridge, you're really just - you're not lowering the building, you're just giving that space to one of the other floors.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay. One question I do have, you talked at length about the rising cancer rates and obviously people come to you when they are in need of treatment. Are there things that you are doing proactively to prevent cancer within the surrounding community and New York City at large?

ROB MASTERS: So, number one, we have high risk screening programs that we reach out both in the city and broadly. We partner with - I should say we have relationships with a number of other hospitals, particularly Jamaica where we can look at early

screening and detection. And so, yes, we are trying to do that. I would tell you that that process simply allows us to get the cancers earlier but probably not necessarily prevent them in doing so.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: So, you mentioned about the health disparities in the work that you've done personally and at MSK. So, what exactly is MSK doing to address the health disparities in terms of being proactive? You know so for example, on the upper east side, we have many NYCHA complexes. Is MSK doing any work in and around those complexes?

Whether it be mammogram vans or other ways to do early detection? Since we all know obviously early detection saves lives. So, what proactively is MSK doing?

JEFF DREBIN: So, we have our immigrant health and cancer disparities program ran by Fran Ganey(SP?). It has a van that is actually actively looking at screening. It looks for men for prostate cancer. It looks - works with taxi drivers. It has programs with multiple ethnic groups as well to gain access. One of the facts that we try to do in a significant way is partner with New York Health and Hospitals as well with Jamaica. Largely because when

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patients who have disparities enter MSK, our data

shows those disparities normalize. They normalize in

outcomes and they normalize in clinical trial

enrollment.

So, that process is what we know actually reduces the disparities and so, in this effort to really relate and partner with other facilities, it gives us a chance to extend beyond just what we can do alone in our current facility.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay, I'd love to see more detail about that because again, I think there's a lot of work that we need to do moving forward on that and I know our Health Chair I'm sure will have some questions on that as well.

JEFF DREBIN: We can. We're in the process now of resubmitting our Corp Grant and there's extensive data on our community outreach efforts that we've done that we can get to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay, uhm, I know we've got a lot of people here who want to speak, so let me turn it back over to the Chair.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Council Member Menin. Council Member Schulman.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: Hi, thank you for the presentation today. As Council Member Menin mentioned, I am the Chair of the Health Committee. I'm also a breast cancer survivor and so, a couple of questions. Council Member Menin asked some of them in terms of the reduction in cancer rates. I'm part of a program that the Mayor launched called Healthy NYC, which is to increase life expectancy by the year 2030 to the age of 83 and part of that has to do with the reduction of chronic diseases and cancer, so you know again, I want to just mention that uhm, we should be reducing cancer as opposed to I know you said its increasing. So, and again in relation to how many operating rooms you do need. So, can you talk about that a little bit? I know you answered it but if you can respond.

JEFF DREBIN: Well, we certainly share your hope.

I think one thing at MSK that comes through loud and clear whenever - uhm I've been there for eight years as Chair of Surgery and the mission that every member of our staff from Christine who cleans my office at night to the CEO and everybody in between is about curing cancer and preventing cancer. So, we're aligned completely in that. The reality is we have a

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2 number of areas looking at screening, molecular 3 testing, things we're pioneering may ultimately be 4 the way that we have with straight forward blood A way to say you know you have a problem and let's get to it early. But right now, most of cancer 6 7 patients who are long term survivors for solid tumors 8 have surgery as part of their treatment. majority, liquid tumors are a different story, leukemias and such but for solid tumors, surgery 10 11 along with chemotherapy, radiation, immunotherapy 12 targeted agents is for most patients the road to 13 cure. And so that's really what we're focusing on -14 COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: So, my understanding of 15 MSK and I haven't been a patient there, but my 16 understanding of MSK is that you actually treat 17 cancers that are somewhat untreatable in other 18 places, rare cancers I should say? 19 JEFF DREBIN:

JEFF DREBIN: There is truth to the fact that we take care of rare cancers. We do more of most uncommon cancers than any even big academic center is likely to see but we also treat colon cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer and if you look at outcomes at Memorial Sloan Kettering for stage one cancers, early cancers, they're better than any of

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the big national databases and that's true whether it's stage one, stage two, stage three, or stage four. So, yes, advanced cancers do better under our four walls, rare cancers do better but so do breast cancers, so do colon cancers, so does every other type of cancer and we would - you know there are two things. Number one, we'd like to make that available as much as we can and number two, we don't keep any trade secrets. Everything we do we try to publish clinical trials and bring those to the community. We think because we're dedicated to this one mission, we're doing today what others will do in a few years but we hope that we'll disseminate what we learn and that everyone will be able to get that kind of care down the road.

COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: So, I have a question. So, Jamaica Hospital is in my district and I'm very happy that you guys have a presence there. Was any thought given to since you work with patients throughout the city to put the Pavilion in another borough like Queens? Or so why -

JEFF DREBIN: We actually looked at every option for expanding our clinical capacity and as I think we noted in the slide, the Pavilion isn't really a free

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standing hospital. It's an extension of the main hospital. It doesn't have its own primary food

5 care center. It doesn't have many of the things that

service. It doesn't have an emergency room or urgent

are on the other side of the street and so, it

7 | couldn't - to be a free standing hospital, it would

8 need to be much bigger and uhm so really this seemed

9 the most efficient way. One of my patients is

10 getting treated at Jamaica Hospital for her

11 chemotherapy and will be back to me for surgery in

12 about four months.

hospital?

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COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: So, my question, I used to in a previous life I worked in a city hospital.

So I understand that it looks like a behemoth on the outside but the mechanical space makes it very - most of the space unusable. Can you tell us the percentage of mechanical versus usable space in the

PAUL STANBRIDGE: Sure and we actually have a graphic depiction that's a slide following the last slide in the deck in the appendix section that if we can pull that up, it actually restacks the building to speak exactly to that point. If you could advance to the next. There you go, perfect.

public who would like to testify on this item?

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2 COMMITTEE COUNSEL: Yes, we do Chair. So, we 3 have a number of individuals who are in person and 4 online. We are first going to hear from the people who have been patiently waiting in person and who 5 came down, so thank you for coming down. We're going 6 7 to start with a panel, three people in opposition and then we will have a panel in favor also with three to 8 four people I alternate and then I'm guessing in about roughly maybe 45 minutes to an hour, we will be 10 11 able to get to the online testimony.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Alright, thank you. First and foremost, thank you to everyone that's here to testify whether you are in opposition or you're for. We really appreciate those in our communities that come down here to testify. It's really important to us, so thank you.

For the members of the public here to testify, please note that the witnesses will generally be called in panels of three. If you are a member of the public signing up to testify on the Proposal, please standby when you hear your name being called and prepare to speak when I say you may begin. Please also note that once all panels in your group have completed their testimony, if remotely, you will

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be removed from the meeting as a group and the next group of speakers will be introduced. Once removed, participants may continue to view the live screen. Excuse me, the livestream broadcast of this hearing on the Council's website. Members of the public will be given two minutes two minutes to speak. Please do not speak or begin until the Sergeant at Arms has started the clock. The following individuals who signed up to testify, should now come to the witness table Tara Puri, George Janes, and Lisa Barnhart. And please correct me if I mispronounced your name. Thank you.

Thank you. We'll first begin with Lisa Barnhart.

LISA BARNHART: Hi, good afternoon. My name is

Lisa Barnhart. I've lived on 66th Street between 1st

and York for over 30 years and uhm on behalf of my

neighbors, I have a little demo I'd like to show you

and this is just to see -

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Ms. Barnhart. So this is something kind of new for this Committee. We usually normally don't do this, so I would just ask if you could kind of submit this testimony to us.

LISA BARNHART: That's what we do because it's visual. This is the building. This is how tall the

TARA PURI: It's perfect.

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2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Go ahead Mr. Tara.

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TARA PURI: Hi, my name is Tara Puri, I'm a homeowner at 1175 York Avenue, which is a three block vicinity south of the project. I'm a mother of two second grade children at the adjacent school PS 183 elementary school. I'm testifying against the PS - the MSK Pavilion project mainly because of its size. And also -

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Ms. Puri, can you just talk in the mic so we can hear you?

I've lived through mismanagement of other projects locally in the area. Most notably, the never ending infrastructure upgrade project that is taking place for over nine years outside my apartment building.

If anybody on the Council has spent any significant amount of time on the pavement, as I do commuting, walking, etc.., you will realize that this neighborhood is not currently in a state that we can sustain this size of the project that is about to be built.

The infrastructure project that I refer to outside the building is an infrastructure project that was started under Council Member Menin's

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2 predecessor Ben Kallos and it has been going on an

3 extended, for many, many, years. And my concern is

4 | and I love all the things that are outlined in terms

5 of accountability here and I'm happy to hear about

6 these outreaches but my concern is, is that once this

7 project, if it gets approved, that once it's approved

8 these things won't be followed through on and my

9 children who have been subjected to never ending

10 noise outside our building, never ending traffic, an

11 | influx of traffic from all the hospitals in the area.

12 Because quite frankly, the patients cannot afford to

13 park at MSKK. They come and they park in front of my

14 | building. In front of the parking garages. They

15 | just can't do it. So, I'd ask you to please consider

16 | the impact of now my seven year old children who are

17 | in the area and the health and safety and the

18 environmental noise and pollution of this project.

19 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Ms. Tara.

TARA PURI: Please accelerate the other projects

21 | that are happening.

22 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Ms. Tara. Mr.

23 Janes.

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GEORGE JANES: Thank you. My name is George Janes, I'm the planner whose been helping the neighbors in their review of the application.

As the Subcommittee on Zoning, I think you should realize how exceptional this proposal is. 108 years ago, we adopted zoning after we saw the equitable building rise 500 feet without any setback and since that time, New York City has welcomed all kinds of tall buildings. As long as there was some kind of set back or open space as they got taller. It's the New York City building form. The MSK proposal rises higher than the equitable building without any setback and it's exceptional and it's not New York. MSK justifies the form as you've heard by saying that cancer occurrences are expected to rise 50 percent by 2050. What if they're wrong? Or what if effective nonsurgical treatments are developed over the next 25 years? Wouldn't a phased approach make more sense? One that could be easily adapted and modified as the future needs unfold.

We've been exploring a number of alternatives including phased approaches that chose substantial development on this site that connect to the existing hospital but which also permit a future application

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3 have handouts that I provided that explore a few of

4 these scenarios we've developed for the neighbors and

I'm not sure actually we have consensus on any single

scenario but there is an absolute consensus that the 6

7 MSK proposal is not reasonable. It is an exceptional

8 ask and needs to be scaled back and I'm hoping that

Council can step up here and broker a compromise that

protects the needs and interests of everyone. 10

I'll be submitting more detailed drawings over the next three days but I'm happy to answer questions. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. Are there any questions for this panel? Okay, I only have one question on our request. Can you please help or kind of articulate that the same way you articulated this please.

I will do my very best. GEORGE JANES:

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: I appreciate you. Thank you so much and you also could submit a picture as well okay. Alright, thank you so much.

The next panel I'm going to call up is Rosa Nouvini. I'm sorry if I mispronounced your name.

Linda Thompson, and Constance Bordenga.

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Thank you so much. I know I mispronounced your name, so I apologize. First we're going to begin with Ms. Rosa.

ROSA NOUVINI: Okay, dear Committee Members. My name is Rosa Nouvini and I am a Medical Oncologist at MSK. I care for patients at MSK Ralph Lauren Center which is located in Harlem and also at Medisys

Jamaica Hospital Medical Center in Queens, where I am Site Director for the cancer program. I see patients with blood cancer, solid tumors, such as breast cancer, colon cancer and lung cancers.

At MSK, we are working to reduce disparities in cancer care for medically underserved communities.

am passionate about equalizing access and outcomes and am proud that I get to do this work every day.

People living in Harlem have among the highest cancer incidents rates for lung cancer and men living in central Harlem have the highest cancer rates for colorectal cancer. MSK Ralph Lauren Center has been serving this community for more than 20 years, screening, educating and treating cancer in thousands of people.

Additionally, many people living in Queens face significant healthcare barriers including

socioeconomic language and educational disparities that have a profound impact on their ability to access care particularly cancer care.

The work we do with the Medisys Jamaica Hospital Medical Center, helps increase access to high quality cancer care in the comfort of their own neighborhood. My colleagues and I regularly see that many of our patients have faced some sort of delay in their care or knowledge gap about their disease before they come to us at MSK.

Along with providing cancer treatment, we therefore also work to educate our patients to make sure that they understand what type of cancer they have, the stage and what that means and we work with patients to explain what treatments are available and how their family members can be involved. Our work addresses the social determinates of health, also known as the SDOH, which are the lifestyle economic and sociocultural factors that impact access to healthcare and optimal outcomes.

By addressing the SCOH, we are able to better understand our patients and unearth the barriers that patients face to timely and effective care, such as transportation, food insecurity, and lack of

1 SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 81 2 technology. In working to expand our services closer 3 to home -CHAIRPERSON RILEY: If you could wrap it up now 4 5 Rosa, thank you. ROSA NOUVINI: Oh sorry. Okay, I have so much to 6 7 say about this but we are doing amazing work in the 8 area. CHAIRPERSON RILEY: You can also present the rest of your testimony please. 10 11 ROSA NOUVINI: Sure, I'll send it over. 12 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. 13 ROSA NOUVINI: Yeah. 14 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Next, we're going to ask Ms. 15 Linda Thompson. 16 LINDA THOMPSON: Hello, my name is Linda Thompson 17 and I am the Health Ministry Leader at the Abyssinian 18 Baptist Church in the City of New York. Our church 19 is one of the oldest African American Baptist Churches in the United States and we serve both the 20 greater Harlem community and New Yorkers citywide. 21 MSK is a treasured and strong partner in our 2.2 2.3 efforts to educating our congregation in the community and work to overcome the health disparities 24

they experience. Cancer is significantly impacting

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2 our community. According to a 2019 report by the

3 American Cancer Society, American Cancer Society

4 Action Network and the New York City neighborhoods,

5 men and women living in central Harlem have the

6 approximate highest cancer incidents rates among lung

7 and bronchus cancer and men living in central Harlem

have the approximate highest cancer incidents for

9 colorectal cancer.

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We began working with MSK in 2021 when we partnered with the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to establish a COVID-19 vaccine site at our church in Harlem. MSK administered over 12,000 doses of the vaccine to the church and community members. Since then our collaboration with MSK Ralph Lauren Center in Harlem has blossomed.

Together we offer various programming and support the Harlem community. In this past June, we cohosted an educational dinner with multiple myeloma - about multiple myeloma. The most common blood cancer in African Americans.

We also have participated in MSK's trial community health needs assessment to provide insight into the health and needs of our community and we will continue to do so. The application from MSK are

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essential to MSK's ability to deliver high quality
efficient patient care to all who seek it, including
people living in Harlem and the surrounding area.

The Abyssinian Baptist Church is grateful for our
partnership with MSK and we'll work with them in the
community. That is why we offer our strong support
for the MSK's Pavilion Project to ensure MSK is good
to meet the needs of the New Yorkers here. Thank

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much.

CONSTANCE BORDENGA: I can take over, it's fine.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: How you pronounce your name?

CONSTANCE BORDENGA: Good afternoon. My name is

Connie Bordenga.

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you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you.

CONSTANCE BORDENGA: I'm Associate Director of
Cancer Center Partnerships at the American Cancer
Society. At the American Cancer Society, we work to
improve the lives of people with cancer and their
families through advocacy research and patient
support to ensure that everybody has an equal
opportunity to prevent, detect, treat and survive
cancer. We have worked very closely with Memorial
Sloan Kettering for many years to support New York

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2 Cancer patients. In fact, we are currently funding

3 over \$3.7 million in research grants and Memorial

4 | Sloan Kettering is our largest referral source for

5 | our New York City Hope Lodge which provides free

6 lodging for cancer patients during their treatment.

And as cancer rates continue to rise right, our work

together has never more - been never more important.

MSK has been a major supporter of our advocacy work around expanding access to biomarker testing, tobacco control, staff is always volunteering our events, participating and expanding access to among other things, HPD vaccinations, which prevents cancer as you know. They have generously funded a health equity ambassador program in 2023. Training Black and Latinx community members to engage in pure cancer education.

The pending landuse applications are essential for their ability to deliver on the promise of high quality, efficient patient care to seek it and therefore the American Cancer Society offers its strong support. We look forward to the Pavilions approval and it's opening in 2030. Its 28 operating rooms and associated intensive care units and patient beds are a necessary addition to the city's capacity

2 for meeting the needs of New Yorkers diagnosed with

3 cancer. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much for your testimony. There being no questions for this panel, this panel is excused. Thank you for testifying.

The next panel I'm going to call up is Yasmina Palumbo Caleo, Anab Rosenberg and Zenep Turen(SP?). First, we're going to begin with Zenep Turen.

SENEP TUREN: Thank you Chair Riley. Zenep Turen speaking on behalf of friends of the upper east side. We have concerns about the proposed Pavilion height as well as how it might negatively impact the surrounding neighborhoods character and livability. Our main concern is that proposed Pavilion would be a massive tower rising directly from the sidewalk with no setbacks, a throwback to prezoning regulation building form soaring above even the tall medical towers further along York Avenue.

From a zoning and land use perspective, the massive upzoning and amendments required before such could be approved would send a troubling signal to developers about what is permissible in the upper east side and with respect to institutional expansion across the city.

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Our second concern centers on the proposed buildings allocation of space. As it stands, a significant portion is dedicated to mechanical systems, as you just heard, leaving only 44 percent for patient care, surgery, clinical areas and the lobby. We question the efficiency of buildings, a tall surgical hospital, especially when a larger footprint could potentially accommodate a shorter structure. This seems like a suboptimal use of space and the community should not bear the burden of such an inefficient design. Is it customary for hospitals to have only 44 percent of their space allocated to hospital or clinical use or is this being behemoth being proposed primarily to cater the needs of VIP patients with water views and 20 foot high ceilings?

The community needs to have more details to fully understand this oversized request and a process of more comprehensive disclosure needs to be established for review of new construction by MSK and the other institutions. Given the clients disregard for the communities repeated efforts to achieve a sensible and a significant lower structure alternative, design alternative, we urge the Council to intervene on our behalf. Thank you so much for your consideration.

2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we'll hear

3 | from Amar Rosenberg.

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ANAB ROSENBERG: It's actually Anab Rosenberg.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: I'm sorry.

ANAB ROSENBERG: That's okay. Uhm, are you starting? Okay, thank you for the opportunity to speak before you today. My name is Anab Rosenberg and I'm a resident of East 66th Street, a parent of two children who attend PS 183 and a founding member of Lennox Hill Families Advocating for Children to Thrive or FACT.

I'm sharing two photographs with you today. One of the Brooklyn Botanic Garden and one of my kids ages 7 and 10. As you can see both of these things need sunlight, clean air and TLC to thrive.

Throughout this ULURP process however, it has become abundantly clear that only one of these things is worthy of those needs according to city officials and that is the Botanic Garden. In approving MSK's Rezoning Application Community Board 8, Manhattan Borough President Mark Levine and the Department of City Planning, have all sent a clear message that the health and wellbeing of 550 children who attend PS 183 this year and every year after may be sacrificed

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on the altar of MSK's Pavilion. The city Planning Commission spent four hours discussing the shadow impact of a proposed condo in Brooklyn on the gardens plants, a nearby school and its yard, asking detailed questions about how much sunlight various exotic plants need. They asked no such questions about the impact of MSK's demolition and construction on PS 183, perhaps because MSK conveniently didn't mention the school in its scope of work or environmental impact statement.

The demolition of 1233 York Avenue and the six years of construction will negatively impact the surrounding residential neighborhood, especially the elementary school students, teachers and staff at PS 183. These children ages 4 to 11 will bear the brunt of the hazardous dust that includes friable asbestos and lead chips, noise, traffic congestion and other environmental impacts of the project that may one day ironically negatively affect their health. The Pavilion will block the southeastern windows of the school and cast a shadow on the school yard in perpetuity, leaving our children literally in the dark.

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As the daughter of two physicians, including a surgical oncologist who worked at city hospitals for more than 40 years, I know that cancer care is important and I recognize the need for strong healthcare institutions to serve local and global needs. However, we must not put this agenda ahead of the welfare of our children. Those of you who call yourselves child advocates will no longer be able to do so if you vote yes on this application. I urge you not to approve this rezoning. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Yazmina Palumbo Caleo.

YAZMINA PALUMBO CALEO: So, something is very wrong when we need to come here today to beg you to protect our children's health from a cancer hospitals expansion plan involving demolition of a residential building in amidst of a housing crisis. A demolition that will involve removal of significant amounts of asbestos. MSK's lack of consideration for the health and wellbeing of PS 183 students and residents is egregious but here we are. So, the question is who benefits? And despite claims today to the contrary, health equity is a serious concern with MSK averaging meager Medicaid acceptance rates and most recently

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90 informing city workers that they may be dropping their health insurance carrier income due to stalled negotiations. So, who benefits?

As is, the MSK Pavilion plan stands to benefit the wealthiest and most elderly demographic the most while the greatest burden on health and the quality of life would fall on 500 public school children under the age of 12 and the working class residents living in 5 story tenement buildings on East 66th Street.

On May 8th, despite overwhelming community opposition, CB 8 nonetheless approved rezoning and with the condition that it lowered the profile structure. Today, MSK has failed to meet this condition. Even though a reasonable height of 380 feet would alleviate the most significant impact, MSK has instead proceeded to insist it requires the incredible full height of 594 feet in a residential zone, a height that would make the tallest hospital in the world. MSK has also failed to substantiate this need with any data beyond a CDC study projecting a 50 percent increase in cancer incidents in America by 2050. It's notable that when the Borough President recommended approval of rezoning in June,

MARY PAT: I apologize.

Mary. I thought that was an x.

here? Yes it could be Mary Pat, yes.

I'm sorry

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: It's alright, it's my handwriting too. We're going to begin with Ms. Laura, Ms. Laura you may begin.

LAURA ARDIZZONE: Good afternoon. Thank you for hanging in with us. My name is Laura Ardizzone and I'm a nurse and I'm the clinical director of nurse anesthesia services at Memorial Sloan Kettering.

Nurse Anesthetists are a group of advanced practice nurses who along with anesthesiologists make sure you're safe and comfortable during your procedure in the operating room.

I spent my last 20 years of my career at Memorial Sloan Kettering and I'm a clinician on the frontline. Over the last 20 years, I've seen a change in the patients retreating every day. There are just simply more patients and younger patients and patients who require more complex care. When you combine the increasing acuity of cancer with the expecting increase in volume of cases, the result is - am I okay? Okay, the result is that our current facility is just simply not equipped for the volume of patients or the complexity of treatment and procedures these patients will need in the coming years.

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My nursing colleagues and I have been on the design team. We've worked to assure that every aspect of this Pavilion will provide a more comprehensive and cohesive and supportive environment for families and patients and the population we serve.

When you're treating cancer, every second counts and when it comes especially to acute care for very sick patients, it's critical that our resources are together and near each other, which is one of the many reasons why it would impossible for the new Pavilion to be anywhere else in another borough or 20 blocks away. It has to be right here on our main campus in close proximity and why we have a bridge linking the new Pavilion and patient floors to the old facility of main campus. It's critical.

With the Pavilion as part of our main campus on York Avenue, we won't have to recreate essential patient services, like blood bank, lab, radiation oncology, and we can still access ground breaking cell therapies and treatment for our patients. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. Next, we'll hear from Mary Pat.

MARY PAT: Good afternoon. Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you in support of MSK. I moved to the upper east side more than 30 years ago and my husband and I now live on York Avenue just north of MSK's main campus.

In 1999, I started volunteering at the hospital every Wednesday night. For more than 18 years, I saw the amazing work of MSK first hand among the pediatric patients and their families whom I was privileged to serve. I witnessed the extraordinary dedication and professional compassion of the nurses and doctors, and the desire of each and every MSK staff member to make the awful experience of pediatric cancer a bit brighter for these young children. I also witnessed the sense of dedication and compassion first hand as a caregiver for my beloved dad.

A bit about him. My dad was the center of our large family. He was as healthy and vibrant as can be. We thought him invincible until a very rare and very aggressive cancer struck. Immediately, he began treatment at MSK and spent the next three months in and out of the hospital.

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As a family, we again saw the extraordinary compassion and dedication of the nurses, doctors and staff. A fact which my father often complimented them on throughout his care. In less than 90 days following his cancer diagnosis, my family and I gathered as he began to decline. The ICU doctors and nurses did everything possible to make this difficult time easier for all of us, paying particular attention to my grieving mother.

We all had the hard privilege of holding my fathers hands and one another as he passed away. My dads death left a huge hole in our hearts but know he is now at perfect peace and so are we with the care that he received at MSK.

We support MSK and their pursuit of the Pavilion so that families in their toughest battles can experience the same care my family was afforded.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. Next is Kieran Healy.

KIERAN HEALY: Good afternoon. My name is Kieran Healy, I live in Crown Heights, Brooklyn and I am here today to tell you how MSK saved my life and why I proudly support MSK's news cancer care Pavilion.

When I was diagnosed with stage 4 non-Hodgkins lymphoma, MSK saved my life with expert science, chemotherapy, and a clinical trial plain and simple.

I especially remember the care shown by MSK employees while I was receiving treatment. I was treated with compassion from the doctors down to the staff bringing me my food and particularly all the nurses giving me the confidence to take cancer on. If I could send every person with cancer to MSK for their treatment I would. That's why I support MSK's Pavilion project. This new facility will ensure that people diagnosed with cancer in the future can walk into MSK's doors and experience the same level of care and compassion that I did.

No one facing cancer should wait for a bed. MSK cares. They got me back to my boy and I want that opportunity for every New Yorker. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you.

KIERAN HEALY: That's all I got.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much for testifying. There being no more questions for this panel, I really appreciate your testimony. Thank you.

The next panel we're going to bring to testify is Rachel George, Daniela Mendoza, and Kaitlin Griffin.

4 We will begin with Kaitlin Griffin.

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KAITLIN GRIFFIN: Good afternoon. I am a lifelong resident in the uh two blocks from the project site and I have - I'm speaking in fervent opposition to this application. The residents of this neighborhood have experienced the expansion of MSK for 30 years and the issue repeatedly about sound planning principals has been sideswiped by the virtues of the cancer crusade. This is not about the virtues of MSK nor the rightness of pursuing a solution to cancer. This is about planning principals. This is about making the fabric of our city healthy, free flowing, clean air, natural light.

As it happens, I live in the light and air tenement one of two surviving examples of this tenement design and the reason I bring it up here, it's two blocks from the project site is that it was designed before all of these zoning principals which we supposedly enjoy today. We're in existence and yet the design of this building invites natural air and light not only to the interior but to the exterior. This design does nothing for the exterior.

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There is no setback. This has to be repeated over and over again. This entire review process has been held hostage by the virtues of cancer. This is about a living urban fabric that has to be upheld and in fact, enhanced because right now as you've heard, living in this neighborhood is absolute hell. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, Daniela Mendoza.

DANIELA MENDOZA: I am the parent of a child at PS 183. My child of five years old - I'm sorry, this is going to take from my time. My child of five years old is also a rare brain cancer survivor and was treated at Memorial Sloan Kettering. I just need a minute.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: You can take your time.

DANIELA MENDOZA: Okay. Although it is fair to consider the necessity of constructing this hospital, through the perspective of potential cancer cases, it is equally important, if not more important to consider quality of life for the children who attend PS 183 right now. Sorry.

I have done my best to read as many of the public documents about this project and there are a lot of

documents. However, I noticed that there is little if no mention of how the demolition and construction will specifically effect the pediatric population. The environmental hazards and risks are serious in many for this young population with developing minds and bodies. There are children in the community with disabilities, like hearing loss like son, who will be even more effected by the pollution and the noise. Sorry.

It is important to remember that the children at PS 183 range in age from three years old to ten years old. The Environmental Protection Agency website explains why and how environmental hazards from demolitions in construction projects effect children differently than adults with greater consequences.

One article entitled 'Children are not Little Adults.' It explains that this is because children have unique physiological differences like eating, breathing and drinking more relative to their body mass than adults do and unique activity patterns like crawling and playing close to the ground, making the more likely to come into contact with dirt and dust, which can include toxins.

Children often put their hands, toys, and other items into their mouths. I feel that constructing the Pavilion and changing the zoning in this location is not safe for the children at PS 183. If MSK is to proceed with this project, it is important that the hospital be held to the highest and strictest standards of accountability and not the minimum. It is our responsibility to protect this vulnerable population.

To that end, I think MSK should provide and pay for certain protections for the pediatric population. This action would demonstrate to the community that they are not only interested in treating cancer but in preventing exposures that can and will eventually cause cancer.

MSK should provide a canopy for the entire open play space. The entire play space needs to be functional and usable for every day but should have a cover to prevent dust fall and contamination of play services. In addition, the play space should be hosed down regularly.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Ms. Mendoza if you could wrap it up now.

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DANIELA MENDOZA: Yes, I have two. MSK should

provide medical grade air filtration systems for the

4 school. There are many research papers post-COVID

5 that demonstrate the effectiveness of using filters.

6 MSK should provide deep cleaning services to the

7 school on nights and weekends to manage dust and dirt

8 going into the school. This list is not

9 comprehensive but rather I hope a starting point for

10 us to think about ways to keep the children at PS 183

11 physically safe, create a healthy learning

12 environment and protect their quality of life. Thank

13 you.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you.

15 DANIELA MENDOZA: Sorry.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Ms. Rachel George. No

17 problem.

18 RACHEL GEORGE: Good afternoon. I am Dr. Rachel
19 George. I live at 400 East 67th Street, the building

20 called the Laurel. This building, I have not heard

21 it discussed at all. We are next door to the church

22 and we have 129 apartments, many of them with

23 children as well. I am a building unit owner, a

board member and the mother of two children. I was

attending at Columbia Presbyterian and faculty in the

2 Department of Radiology. I feel like I live in that

3 | neighborhood because I love it. It is a

4 neighborhood. We have parks, we have schools, we

5 have businesses, we have many elderly and young

6 children and it truly a community but a world class

7 medical community is existing with us. I don't think

8 we need another hospital.

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I would like to request that the proposed building height be reduced by 250 feet or at least 200 feet and include setbacks. Setbacks would provide my building with at least less shadows and sunlight. It just doesn't fit in. The highest building in our area is 424 feet I believe and that is the Zuckerman Research Tower. I feel that this building size is informed by a need for 28 operatories or OR's and I just think that the future of medicine is changing very rapidly. We need to think about that. I have an article here about how computational biology and artificial intelligence are changing cancer care. This is written by MSK, so you guys have it but it is changing. If we build a building based on the way we're doing surgery today and the way we're doing that and just because these numbers increase, I mean I'd love to hear an

2 epidemiologist talk about those numbers. Because

3 just because you have more cancer, you're not

4 treating more cancer, not necessarily. It depends on

5 what we're doing and are we finding more cancer

6 | because of these new technologies.

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I mean, I'd like to see and hear someone with a math or epidemiological background discuss those numbers. If MSK could do that, I'd love to hear about it but I think we do have to think about how much surgery and medicine will be changing and do we need that large and that many OR's?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Ms. George.

RACHEL GEORGE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: There being no questions for this panel, you are excused. The next panel is John McGinley, Nicole Grogan, and Andrew Stern. Nicole? You're Nicole? Alright, John? You're John? Is Andrew Stern here? Andrew? No, no, no. Is there an Andrew over there? Oh, there we go. Thank you. Alright, Ms. Nicole, you may begin.

NICOLE GROGAN: Very good, thank you. Good afternoon. My name is Nicole Grogan and I have lived in Yorkville for more than 25 years. I appreciate the opportunity to speak with you on the importance

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of Memorial Sloan Kettering and their new Pavilion on the upper east side. I was diagnosed with breast cancer at age 44. At the time, I was a busy wife and mom to my ten year old son, active in my community, and working full time. My world immediately stopped and I contacted MSK because I knew they would develop a plan that immediately, that would give me the best odds of survival. My treatment over ten months was comprehensive and included not only multiple surgeries, chemotherapy, and radiation but also included social services and the opportunity to participate in groundbreaking research studies such as the effectiveness of exercise during chemotherapy.

All of this happened at MSK in Manhattan. Their care was exceptional because they have the research, cutting edge treatment and a culture of treating the whole person and their specific needs. Fast forward nearly seven years from diagnosis, I am healthy and living a very full life with my husband, teenage son and family. As a patient and a caregiver to my mother who was treated at MSK in Manhattan for lung cancer, I have seen how intense cancer treatment is. The need for high quality cancer care is urgent.

It's not something that can be scheduled for a

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 105 convenient time and no patient should ever be made to wait for treatment in this most vulnerable moment. I do not see any negative residential impacts by MSK's

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plan.

The new MSK Pavilion is absolutely essential, as it will allow for more patients like myself to receive exceptional care. Thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next we will have John McGinley.

JOHN MCGINLEY: Good afternoon Council Member.

Good afternoon Council Member and staff, board. My

name is John McGinley. I am a cancer survivor

treated at Memorial Sloan Kettering and a proud

member of the Carpenters Local 157 of the New York

City District Council of Carpenters.

I am going to share my personal experience and I fully support the construction of the new Memorial Sloan Pavilion, which will be built with 100 percent union labor. I am a survivor of the World Trade Center. I escaped the building that day and was diagnosed with cancer in the year of 2017 and I went to Memorial Sloan Kettering after I had been diagnosed in another hospital and they said I had 16 weeks to live. That was my diagnosis in the

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beginning and uhm my wife and myself and through talking with other friends got the advice to go to Memorial Sloan Kettering, which is a life saving hospital.

I have been a member of that union and I stand importance of the project like this to assure its higher standards. When I was working; I am now retired, the standards that I was held to in all construction, safety, health and safety of the neighbors, noise pollution, sexual orientation, that was all done through my union and they have standards that always, always is being maintained and made more available. The decisions that construct the Pavilion using 100 percent building trades unions workers is a testament to Memorial Sloan Kettering's commitment to excellence. It's not just healthcare but also supporting working families in the local communities, which I had come from.

This project will only expand MSK's ability to serve more patients like me and also ensure that the workers building the state of the art facility are skilled professionals dedicated to doing the job right. When union trades people are involved, we know the job will be done to the highest standards,

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ensuring the safety and the wellbeing of everyone who
uses this space from patients to medical staff to

4 neighbors.

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I'm proud to stand in support of the Memorial Sloan Kettering Pavilion Construction Project and I encourage others to do the same. This is an investment in healthcare to our community and our working families in New York.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we will hear from Andrew Stern.

ANDREW STERN: Hi, my name is Andrew Stern.

Thank you to Chair Riley and to Council Member Menin for being here today. I live in Manhattan. There are a lot of good reasons to support this project.

We could talk about the jobs that we'll provide during construction and once operational for nurses, doctors, technicians, maintenance workers and administrators. Or we could talk about how those employees will eat at local restaurants and support local businesses but this project is personal for me and that's why I want to focus on the patients today.

A few years ago, my grandmother was diagnosed with pancreatic cancer. The first few weeks were hard. Knowing the typical prognosis, we thought that

that was going to be it but she was treated at MSK and thanks to the work of so many incredible professionals, they were able to make significant progress. She's still not done with her treatments but she's a fighter and I know that she's going to make it.

The treatment she received saved her life and I think as many New Yorkers as possible should be able to access the same quality of treatment at MSK. If this were a few years from now, she might have been treated at the new Pavilion. It will be entirely dedicated to patient treatment and with 206 beds, it represents an opportunity for thousands of additional New Yorkers to benefit from this incredible quality of care.

As for concerns about height, I want to emphasize the very real tradeoffs between every foot of height and the number of beds. It is so important that we allow as many patients as possible to be treated at MSK. If MSK had not had the capacity to treat my grandmother, I don't know if she would still be here.

I don't want anyone in a similar situation to be turned away because they don't have enough beds.

With numerous buildings nearby, taller than 500 feet,

2 I ask the Committee to please approve this building

3 with the full 28 operating rooms and 206 beds

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4 planned. If the building size will be cut, I would

ask them to please consider how many patients might

not receive treatment for every bed that goes 6

unbuilt. Thank you so much for your time.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. being no questions for this panel, you are now The last in person panel that we will be excused. calling is Michael Piccirillo, Virginia Wettlaufer, and Andrew Kung. And after this, we will go to online and the first online panel will consist of Ashley Williams, Akshay Gunju(SP?), Kim Rubenstein(SP?), Lavonne Devulk(SP?). I just want to put on the record I'm going to pass my Chairmanship to Council Member Menin so I can downstairs and vote and I will be back in five minutes. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay, please begin.

MICHAEL PICCIRILLO: My name is Michael Piccirillo. I'm a proud resident of New York City as well as the Area Standards Manager of the New York City District Council of Carpenters. I am here today to express my full support for the construction of the Memorial Sloan Kettering Pavilion, a project that

holds tremendous value for both our city and its working community.

As a New Yorker, I recognize the incredible importance of Memorial Sloan Kettering's work in providing life saving care and cutting edge cancer treatments to individuals from across our city, state and beyond. Expanding their facilities through construction of this new Pavilion will allow them to continue their vital mission bringing hope and healing to countless families. But beyond the crucial healthcare services, this project will help enhance, I am particularly proud to support the Pavilion's construction because it will be built with 100 percent union workers from the building trades.

This commitment ensures not only the higher standards of craftsmanship and safety will be met, but also that a good family sustaining - good family sustaining jobs will be created for the hardworking men and women of New York City.

Union workers, like the members of the New York

City District Council of Carpenters have longstanding

tradition of excellence in construction. We're

trained, experienced and dedicated to ensuring that

2 projects like the Memorial Sloan Kettering Pavilion

3 are built with first class craftsmanship.

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In addition, by employing union labor, the project will contribute to the economic vitality of our city and putting wages back into the local economy and supporting middle class families. This project represents an investment in New Yorks future, not only in terms of healthcare infrastructure but also in terms of supporting local workers and as families.

Memorial Sloan Kettering has chosen to partner with union labor because they now invest in quality, safety as well as, and the wellbeing of our community. I urge you to give this project your full support. By doing so, you're not only helping to improve healthcare for New Yorkers but also strengthening the city's workforce and economy. Thank you Councilwoman.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you very much and our next speaker is Virginia Wettlaufer.

VIRGINIA WETTLAUFER: Thank you. Hi, my name is
Virginia Wettlaufer Thomason(SP?) and I have been a
New York City resident for the last 21 years. Over a
decade ago, I was a healthy, successful 31 year old

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES New Yorker. I was then diagnosed with triple, positive Stage 3 breast cancer. My family was in Buffalo but my young adult life was in New York City and the questions of where to be treated and care for became real. Even with these challenges my family and I had no doubt that Memorial Sloan Kettering was the right choice. My team and I crafted a plan to attack my cancer. A plan that involved surgery, chemotherapy, radiation and unfortunately meant that I would never be able to carry a baby.

The chemo would cause irreversible damage to my eggs that would make caring a pregnancy impossible. My life was changing before my eyes. At this traumatic moment, MSK became my safe haven, guiding me through treatment, fertility preservation, and now continuing through survivorship.

In January of 2013, after radiation treatment at the main campus, I was informed by one of the nurses that my doctor needed to see me. It's never something you really want to hear. I entered an exam room though to find it full of rose petals and my now husband down on his knee, saying "this place saved your life. You are the love of my life. Will you marry me?"

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Twelve years later, my husband and I have two beautiful children, born via gestational carrier and reside blocks away from MSK on the upper east side. I spend much of my time volunteering throughout the various facilities of MSK, talking to patients, helping them navigate the complexities of processing their life changes.

The message I have taken out of my journey was always to make someone else's tomorrow better than my yesterday. It is with that affirmation that I wholeheartedly support MSK's proposed new Pavilion.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you very much. Now Andrew Kung.

ANDREW KUNG: Good afternoon. My name is Andrew Kung. I have the privilege of being the Chair of the Department of Pediatrics at Memorial Sloan Kettering. I very much appreciated Chair Riley's question about the youngest patients at MSK because they are our charge. And this is being September, this is Childhood Cancer Awareness Month and I think it's salient to bring up two points. Cancer though rare in children is still the leading the cause of death in children today.

And the second point is that MSK is actually the largest pediatric cancer program in the nation. We see 50 percent more new patients than St. Jude does. We have the privilege at MSK of caring for over 150 children with cancer every single day in our York facility. We pride ourselves with having the broadest number of treatment options for anyone who comes across New York City or the greater New York area to seek our care. But increasingly, the sophistication of cutting edge medicine is just challenging to deliver in an aging infrastructure. And so, the need for the new Pavilion is critical for our commitment to these youngest and most vulnerable

Now, in addition to developing treatments for patients, one of the chief responsibilities I have as a Chair is to ensure the safety and the wellbeing of the children and the families entrusted to our care. And based on the plans and the discussions about the mitigation and abatement measures that go above the minimum, I have no concerns whatsoever about our patients continuing to come through the neighborhood to seek care in our hospital.

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patients.

I would add that this confidence in the safety is not just a professional opinion but also a personal conviction. I'm a proud father of a three year old -

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Okay, I'm just going to ask you to wrap it up please. Thank you. Oh and our Chair has come back.

ANDREW KUNG: So, on a very personal level, thank you today Councilwoman Menin for your continued vigilance on behalf of those of us that live, work and see patients in the upper east side.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you very much and I'll turn it back to Chair Riley.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Council Member

Menin and thank you to the panel for testifying

today. Thank you. You are now excused. Alright,

we're going to move to online testimony and once

again, if there is anyone in here that did not

testify and wants to testify, please just see one of

the Sergeants for a speakers card. Thank you so

much.

The first panel for our online testimony consists of Ashley Williams, Akshay Ganju, Kim Rubenstein and Lavonne Devulk. We'll begin with Ashley Williams.

25 Ms. Williams, if you can hear me, please unmute and

SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES 116 you may begin. Ashley Williams, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

ASHLEY WILLIAMS: I'm here. Hello, I want to thank the Council for recognizing me today. This is my son who just turned ten and is so excited to come back to school this year. He said, "mom, I can't wait to run track. I'm going to run the 800." And instead of thinking that's great, I thought dear God, he's going to be huffing and puffing and trying to breath practicing outside in an environment where he will most certainly inhale dust and asbestos from the demolition that will last for a year, not to mention construction that will go on for six years.

Now, if we know the mitigation efforts involved, hosing down cars and sidewalks and equipping our AC with special filters, what do I do with my child if he goes to school, as he comes back from school? Do I hose him off, hold him you know put him in a hazmat suit? Ridiculous questions I know but this is the position we're in. We have all had our families touched by cancer. My grandmother died at 63 from pancreatic cancer and maybe if she did it at MSK she would have made it but she did not.

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With that said, we know MSK does valuable work
but if it turns out that their work is created, done
in a building that creates a cancer cluster right
next to them of our children, hundreds of children.
That's unconscionable and I heard earlier on MSK
saying we want to increase our share of the cancer
market. Is that the way we want to think about this?
We know you're doing great work. This is not the way
to do it. Please, please, ensure that there's a way
to do this where the children are safe. It's not
about lip service it's about action. We want our
children to be able to learn, to play, to go to
recess and walk around the neighborhood and not have
their young lives destroyed.

Please do not approve this application for rezoning. It does not -

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you.

ASHLEY WILLIAMS: It's not in my backyard situation. It's about doing better by the school children and residents.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Ms. Williams.

ASHLEY WILLIAMS: Thank you very much.

2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Next, we're going to call on

3 Akshay Ganju and I would just ask everyone if you

4 | could please keep it to two minutes because we have a

5 lot of people in line to testify. Thank you. Ms.

6 | Ganju, you may begin.

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AKSHAY GANJU: Hi, can you hear me?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you.

AKSHAY GANJU: Oh, awesome hi, my name is Dr.

10 Akshay Ganju, I'm a Primary Care Physician. I live

11 | at 1320 York Avenue, which is Cornell Building, it's

12 | the Helmsley Tower. I have a two year old boy who

13 | eats off the sidewalk and a five year old girl who

14 | just started kindergarten. At PS 183 and will live

15 her entire elementary school education for the next

16 six years in a construction zone.

I love MSK. Dr. Drebin actually saved the life

18 of one of my patients with pancreatic cancer,

20 | have concerns about the height of this building. The

21 NYP buildings on Helmsley, which is huge if you look

22 \parallel at the street, is 37 stories high. This building is

23 \parallel 31 stories and is going to be more than one and a

half times taller than that let alone for Helmsley

Hospital. Plus there's no way you guys are going to

like take the concerns of some parents over the concerns of Sloan Kettering. But let's also be serious, Sloan Kettering I mean is amazing and saves a lot of lives. It's also trying to make money. They're building a surgical center to attract patients not just from the city but from around the country and around the world so they can get more great funding. They can get more payments for surgery, which are highly refunded and build more skyscrapers. I mean it's a business too. It's a great business but they want to expand. They want to grow a share of a cancer market and they want to have the tallest hospital in the world.

And so, if they're going to invest \$2 billion to build a building that will make them a return on more than \$2 billion, they should be willing to invest in 183 and I think that's more than just have some like noise canceling headphones for the kids and an air traffic monitor, it's like invest some significant money. I would say upfront at a bare minimum, they should pay for a consultant for the school because we don't know what we're asking for, what we're doing or have gone through this before. Sloan Kettering should hire a consultant, an independent consultant

has been wonderful. When I found out the news about

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES

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2 | this project, my world fell apart, I was devastated.

3 I was looking into moving. I just couldn't imagine

4 that his little perfect school was going to be

5 literally overshadowed by this behemoth of a

6 building. Uhm, I think that we all know that this

7 project is going to happen in one way or another but

8 I think that a lot of concessions need to be made on

the part of MSK to assure the parents that their kids

10 won't be in a danger zone, literally.

We're going to have to deal with years of rerouting, dust, noise, kids play in that yard. son plays with a ball, the hands go in the mouth. What kinds of toxins will he be exposed to? MSK should really do things to ensure that the school is safe, clean and the air is clean. I like what the doctor before me suggested as far as the consultant but we need air purifiers. We need to know what this tracking is. They say MSK from what I heard; they say things very vaguely. There is nothing concrete that I really heard to make me feel safe, so I hope that concessions could be made both on the height of the building, which is an absolute monstrosity, and to keep our kids safe at the school. Thank you.

2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY:

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Thank you. So, so Lavonne

Devulk, you have to accept to be promoted in order to

4 testify. You did not accept, so we'll call you on

the next panel. We're going to go move on to the 5

second panel, which consists of Benjamin 6

7 Wetlzer(SP?), Clea Leo(SP?), Michael Feinberg(SP?)

and Julie Clark, and we're going to begin first with 8

Michael Feinberg. Michael if you can hear me, please

unmute and you may begin. 10

MICHAEL FEINBERG: Hi there, can you hear me?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you Michael.

13 MICHAEL FEINBERG: Great. Sorry about that.

14 Good afternoon members of the Committee. Thank you

15 so much for giving me the opportunity to speak today.

16 My name is Micheal Feinberg. I've lived in the city

17 for the past 12 years and I'm here to express my

18 strong support for the expansion of Memorial Sloan

19 Kettering on the upper east side. MSK has long been

20 a leader in cancer treatment, research and education.

In fact, a friend of mine received lifesaving care at 21

MSK and I've seen first-hand the incredible 2.2

2.3 dedication and expertise that the staff bring to

their work. 24

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The expansion of this world renowned institution would ensure that more patients like my friend can receive the critical treatment they need. The expansion will allow MSK to further enhance patient care and meet the growing demand for services and continue its groundbreaking research.

At a time when cancer diagnoses are increasing, expanding the capacity and capabilities in MSK is not just necessary, it's urgent. As a long time resident of this city, I believe this proposal will benefit the entire community both by strengthening healthcare and by contributing to the local economy through job creation and support for small businesses. I urge the Committee to approve this proposal. It represents an investment in the future of healthcare and the wellbeing of this city. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we are going to go into Benjamin Wetzler. Benjamin, if you can hear me please unmute and you may begin.

BENJAMIN WETZLER: Can you hear me?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you.

BENJAMIN WETZLER: Okay great. Thank you so much to the members of the Committee for taking the time and listening to my testimony. My name is Ben

1 2 Wetzler, I am a lifetime east sider, I was the 3 Democratic Party District Leader for six years for 4 the area that covers the MSK site, so I have been in touch with the members of the community and deeply kind of connected to their interests and their 6 7 concerns and I really just wanted to take this time 8 today to say, thank you to Council Member Menin for how great she has been in engaging with everybody in the neighborhood on the potential for quality of life 10 11 impacts and making sure that they really mitigate it because I do think that it's very important that this 12 13 application move forward.

I don't think that there's a single person in New York City who has not known somebody who suffered from cancer and who needed to get lifesaving care and the work that MSK does and the investment that they're planning on making in expanding that capacity is really something that we absolutely need to move forward with in our city.

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And so, I want to say that I really hope that we can come to an agreement between the community and MSK on how we can do this and I really wanted to thank Council Member Menin for how great she's been on that. Thank you.

2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. We lost Clea Leo

3 so we're going to so we're going to go to Julie

Clark. Julie, if you can hear me please unmute -

JULIE CLARK: Yes, yes I can hear you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you.

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JULIE CLARK: Thank you. Thank you for letting me be here today. I'm representing the PS 183 PTA and the school and the school. I'm here to remind members of the City Council including representative Menin that should this project move forward, we are holding MSK, you are holding MSK and the construction team to the highest standards for everyone's health, safety and wellbeing.

Even if the construction is adjacent to school, it is important to ensure that all work performed in a manner that is protective of children who are at a heightened risk of adverse health outcomes related to environmental exposures. We ask MSK provide the school with mitigation measures to alleviate potential air quality issues during the duration of construction and demolition, such as an upgrade in our building AC units to high grade filters.

We ask that MSK partner with us in making the air in and around PS 183 and the community safe during

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SUBCOMMITTEE ON ZONING AND FRANCHISES this lengthy project. We understand by entering into the agreement of the Community Board - that entering into the agreement with Community Board 8, MSK assured that it would act in good faith as a neighbor. For as long PS 183 and MSK have existed, there has always been a relationship. MSK employs a large number of families and in turn provide visiting fellow scientists, doctors, nurses and employees with a world class school education for their children to attend during their time.

Many of us feel that we have been an afterthought when it comes to this upcoming project. We recognize that in the past, you have been supportive of our school and sponsor some of our community events. ask for the same support with this construction In no way does PS 183 not support the project. mission of MSK. We continue to ask for more detailed transparency, both from MSK and Council Member Menin's office to assure families and staff that measures have been carefully considered to ensure safety of the community during demolition and construction. Many of the things I have spoken about have been addressed by others today. The PS 183

special project we hold out the hope that a solution

for a lower building can still be found. This height

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far exceeds the height of other hospitals in the upper east side.

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We note that this height maxes out all the available square footage so generously allowed by the large scale community facility development, leaving only 88 square feet unused. This massive building adversely impacts the school and neighbors in the low scale residential buildings of 66th Street block.

We believe the height can be mitigated, City
Planner George Janes working for the neighbors has
presented two alternatives that would both distribute
the massing of the proposed Pavilion tower over two
blocks, that includes the memorial hospital to its
north. It is noted that the proposed MSK Pavilion
plans will link the two building by including a
patient bridge at two levels. And the first
alternative would reduce the height of the Pavilion
from 600 to 432 feet with the remaining feet
enlarging the memorial hospital from 273 feet to 439
feet.

This will reduce the percentage of space available and that could be ameliorated by increasing the height by a second alternative that would increase -

2 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Time is expired.

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LO VAN DARVEL: Memorial Hospital. We hope that the City Council can discuss this with MSK and reach a better solution. Thank you so much.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Thank you. Next we're going to call Ms. Moyan Sun(SP?). Moyan if you can hear me please unmute and you may begin.

MOYAN SUN: I am here. Can you hear me?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you. You may begin.

MOYAN SUN: Okay, hi I'm Dr. Moyan Sun and I'm a physician. I live in the building. I also work at one of the local hospitals in the neighborhood. I have two young boys, their ages five and eight and they both attend PS 183, which is the public school elementary school that everyone has talked about that's literally one building over from the proposed construction.

My dad died of lung cancer after a five year battle and I take many patients with cancer and I've had many friends who have battled cancer, so I very much admire MSK and what they do. So I'm not here to argue that MSK is not an amazing institution but does an amazing job of taking care of really challenging

2 cancer cases. I'm here in full opposition of their

3 proposed Pavilion and their rezoning requests. You

4 know I was really disappointed today because the

5 presenter spoke a lot about you know how they spent

6 so much time building trust and engagement with the

7 community and I will say that there has been very

8 | little engagement up until very recently with the

9 school. Many parents didn't even know what was going

10 on and so that's why we have even more concerns about

11 making sure that there really going to do their due

12 diligence to make sure that the construction is safe

13 and make sure that our kids are out of ways harm. I

14 completely agree for the need for an environmental

15 advocate that is independent of MSK and their

16 | affiliates to really reassure parents that everything

17 | is going to be as safe as possible.

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You know we can talk forever about the potential short-term and long-term impacts of the construction the air quality, the asbestos, etc.. You know I was a student at Stuyvesant High School during 911 and I still have friends to this day who are battling conditions and cancer from our exposures. But what this hearing really is about is the rezoning request. The two biggest problems are the height proposed and

Sorry, I'm getting a call. Uhm I am a 32

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1 132 year resident of East 66th Street and have been 2 3 following MSK's proposal since the taskforce meetings with Community Board 8 began 17 months ago. I remain 4 unconvinced that this massive out of scale project has proven itself justifiable. MSK's major premise 6 7 throughout this process has been based on the findings of the CDC study from which MSK has cherry 8 picked some data points and ignored the rest. being ignored is the fact that the study concludes 10 11 that there is an immediate need for an increased focus on cancer prevention, not early screening, 12 13 cancer prevention.

The Pavilion utterly fails to address the purpose of the study on which it is based. I'd also like to emphasize that MSK is not the only cancer care institution in New York City. There are dozens of hospitals in the tristate area that treat cancer including top rated hospitals on the upper east side such as Mount Sinai and New York Presbyterian.

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The burden of treatment does not fall on MSK. for the building itself, I ask that the City Council hold MSK to the second condition outlined in CB8's resolution that reads a design that meets the needs of MSK to care for the projected increase in cancer

patients in a lower profile structure than currently
proposed.

With that said, I fully support the idea of a two phased approach for this development so that actual needs can be assessed closer to 2050. Thank you for your consideration.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we'll be hearing from Jayashree Kapoor.

JAYASHREE KAPOOR: Hello?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, you may begin.

JAYASHREE KAPOOR: Hi, my name is Dr. Jayashree Kapoor. I am a Physician specializing in pediatric rehabilitation living at Harden Brick House on East $66^{\rm th}$ Street between York and first. I am a former NYCPH Chief resident and a former Weill Cornell attending.

While construction of a hospital is undoubtedly a commendable endeavor enhancing healthcare accessibility, we need to carefully consider the impact of such construction on the health and wellbeing of residents in surrounding areas.

Prolonged exposure to construction dust has been linked to respiratory and cardiovascular issues

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including arrythmias, heart attacks and strokes,

endangering the health and wellbeing of residents.

For vulnerable populations such as children,

elderly and individuals with dementia or autism, the

issues. We request immediate real time access to air

quality data to allow individualized decision making

purifiers for those in the community. Myself having

air purifier and \$100 per filter because I'm running

my air purifier 24/7. We also request especially for

spent over the past two months \$800 for each Dison

since one size does not fit all when it comes to

We request vouchers for high quality air

sensitivity to pollution, to air pollution.

effect of pollution including noise pollution can

exacerbate existing physical and mental health

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individuals who demonstrate they are at higher risk due to from prolonged exposure to construction dust,

we request financial support from Memorial Sloan

Kettering for intermittent temporary housing over the

next six years in a quieter and less disruptive

Many who are elderly on fixed incomes -

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much.

2 JAYASHREE KAPOOR: 24/7.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we will hear from Sandy Moy(SP?). After Sandy Moy we're going to call on Jeana Resig(SP?), Dale Cohen(SP?), Beth Newman and Masha Jafaree(SP?).

SERGEANT AT ARMS: You may begin.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Sandy, if you can hear me, you may begin.

SANDY MOY: Hello?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes. We can hear you.

SANDY MOY: Can you hear me? Sorry, there was a connection issue. Hi, my name is Sandy Moy and my son attends PS 183. I'm strongly opposed to the construction of the 600 Pavilion. Uhm, the size of this proposed building nearly 600 feet is not just excessive. It's a direct threat to the safety and wellbeing of the children attending PS 183. Allowing structure of this magnitude to be built so close to an elementary school is deeply concerning. The height and scale of the project will bring significant risk to the safety of children.

Construction site of this size means heavy machinery, massive cranes, and a constant flow of trucks through

our streets right next to where the children are

walking and playing every day. The potential for accidents is undeniable and the larger the project,

4 the greater the danger.

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The safety isn't the only concern. The process of building a 600 foot structure will generate continuous noise, dust and pollution for years.

Children's developing lungs are especially vulnerable to fine particulates matters being released by construction and we are talking about exposure during some of the most formative years of their lives.

The scale of the building will also disrupt the learning environment of PS 183. Imagine trying to focus in a classroom with constant sound of drilling, pounding and machinery operating just feet away. Students will face relentless noise that will hinder their ability to concentrate and perform well academically.

I've been listening to some of the testimonies and it's disturbing that it's a conclusion that this will be approved without the consideration that is needed for the elementary school and the community. We have not heard from MSK any specificity to ensure that our children safety have been thought about or the community. I urge the panel to think about these

issues before you know decide making a final

3 decision. Thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. The next panel will consist of Jeana Resig, Dale Cohen, Beth Newman and Masha Jafaree. Jeana, if you can hear me please unmute and you may begin. Jeana, if you could please unmute you may begin. Okay, we'll come back to Jeana. Dale Cohen, Dale if you can hear me please unmute and you may begin.

DALE COHEN: Good afternoon. Thank you for taking my testimony. My name is Dale Cohen, I am trained as an architect and both practice in the neighborhood and I also educate architects. I've lived in the neighborhood since 2008.

What I'd like to know is what is the average height of the buildings in Yorkville? It is clearly not 600 feet. Why does MSK or any other for profit company deserve the right to blow through current zoning? Are you demolishing existing buildings?

Obviously yes. How are you measuring the embodied carbon of the existing structures and what we're loosing and what we're gaining? Is there another way to adaptively reuse the existing structures? If it is not possible to build safely, then I don't know

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sense to me.

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you mitigating the already insanely congested York

Avenue? What is obvious to me is that the building

of these towers over - that these towers tower over

mechanicals into basements and subbasements? How are

why the City Council has approved this. You're right

Is it possible to build instead of the 600 feet

up, why not take a possibility to actually take some

of these spaces for the surgery spaces and the

next to a school. This doesn't seem to make much

appropriate. While I am all for beautiful buildings

as an architect, the extraordinary height of the

proposed building seems better in Midtown and

Yorkville.

the existing infrastructure, which is not

Lastly, it seems that both MSK and the city have misplaced their priorities in terms of health of our citizens. As a city, we need to focus on healthcare not crisis care. While some think that early detection is a real tool, it is sick care. We need to improve the American diet. We need to reduce alcohol consumption, which is largely connected to the alarming number of young people with cancer and we need to drastically reduce the pollution of our

for the past 21 years and a member of the community.

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unfortunately future cancers and no one can address

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that at this moment. We would like to ask the

Council Members to please help us bridge a better

dialogue or have some sort of -

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much doctor.

Uhm, I'm going to ask Beth Newman and Jeana Resig to please accept the invitation to come online so we could have you testify. I'm going to move on to the next panel. The next panel consists of Linzy

McCormick, Jason Qua(SP?), Josh Zippman(SP?) and Rosana Mah(SP?). We could begin first with Linzy

McCormick. Linzy, if you could hear me, please

unmute and you may begin.

LINZY MCCORMICK: Yes, hi. Thanks so much for letting me give some testimony. I live in Queens. I could join this hearing because a friend of mine who was treated at MSK and passed away a couple months ago leaving two children but she had wonderful care there and it allowed her to live some extra years and be with her children. So, I know access to quality care was so important to her and I wanted to come and just really say that we need to plan for our people and we need to plan for our health and this sounds like a really important building for me and a really

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important expansion and you know MSK is a resource regionally. New York City is a regional place and so many of us will need this care even if we don't want We don't know when we will but unfortunately a lot of us will. So, we want to have good, decent facilities for us and our loved ones. I also just really want to quick address the concerns of parents on this call because I hear you. If there were a big building going up right next to my kids school, I would be extremely concerned. I would want to get active and involved and push for every, the top quality mitigations and I hear people are doing that and I believe you can do that, continue to be organized and communication and make sure that you are getting for your kids what you need. But please don't let your agenda be highjacked by people who are more concerned about esthetic considerations about setbacks and height and these are really not, should not be priorities for the public health. You know, it's really about the public health and the health of kids and the health of all of us. That's all I wanted to say. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we're going to call on Jason Qua and I just want to remind Beth

2 and Jeana to please accept to be promoted. Jason

3 | Qua, you may begin.

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JASON QUA: Can you hear me? Can you hear me, okay?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you.

JASON QUA: Okay, great thank you so much for the opportunity to speak. So, I am an Internal Medicine Physician and an Allergy Immunology Physician as I have had the privilege of taking care of many cancer patients in my career as well. I really would never question the mission of MSK. they do great work. I know many people who work there who I consider colleagues and friends but at the end of the day, you know I'm a parent and I have two children, young children who attend PS 183, public school 183 and to me this is really about you know I think we're getting a little bit lost in the message here because this is really about a massive construction project that is next to a school and you know that's what zoning is all about, to be able to protect the community. And these rules were put in place for a reason and we really have to think about whether we're going to protect our children here and really keep you know true a five year old child and

24 SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

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JASON QUA: Reengage with the community and we can find a path forward so that they can do their important work. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next is Josh Zippman. Josh, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

JOSH ZIPPMAN: Awesome. Good afternoon, my name is Josh Zippman and I'm a new father and resident of 436 East 66th Street. This project is happening at my doorstep. I strongly opposed this project and its current execution. No one debates as we've heard MSK's virtue or value in fighting cancer but the idea that the community has been involved in this process is simply farcical.

The question, what does this do to our share of the cancer market exemplifies a capitalistic mindset. It doesn't include the residents and families effected by this plan. As a new father, I am particularly anxious about the dangers posed by asbestos and dust during the yearlong demolition and a subsequent six year construction project. This situation has made my wife who works in breast surgery at MSK and I start to consider moving away from the neighborhood.

Understanding that this project is likely to proceed, we've asked MSK for four essential accommodations: Transparent air quality management, sound proof windows, and electricity subsidy and a parking subsidy.

So far, MSK has only considered sound proof windows and the reimbursement process remains unclear. Other reasonable accommodations have been denied, which contradicts the idea that MSK is serious about being a community partner. This indicates a troubling disregard for the safety, financial wellbeing and impact on local residents. This project as is should not be approved. If it proceeds, MSK must significantly improve its commitment to the safety and wellbeing of those most effected.

Genuine community involvement and respect for local concerns are essential to any project of this magnitude and cannot be merely performative as some of today's testimony has seemed. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Josh. Next we'll call Rozana Mah. Rozana if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

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ROZANA MAH: Hi, thank you. I'm Rozana Mah, I'm the single mother of a third grader who attends PS 183. I've lived in the area for ten years and recently became a homeowner at 1175 York Avenue. To be clear, I support the mission of MSK but I'm objecting to this project for various reasons.

Number one, the lack of transparency and open communication by MSK. The lack of community engagement by MSK to the neighbors and families impacted by this massive proposal and most importantly, the apparent lack of mitigation efforts as it relates to the noise and air pollution

Regarding the lack of community engagement, I live three blocks away. I'm a full time working lawyer and I'm very involved in the school as a volunteer but what I've noticed is very few parents know about this. It's interesting to hear about MSK significant outreach efforts to the community for 18 months because it is clearly failing here.

generated by this project.

A lot of the families here are blindsided by this project. As a person and I'm not expert on air quality, what I can is when school started last week and we started to walk to school, you can see how the

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2 | air is dirty and is gross, and my son was like,

3 "what's that smell?" And I was like, I think that's

4 | the project. We decided to walk. Get off York

5 Avenue and walk on 1st Avenue instead. So, my

6 question to City Council members is how is this safe?

7 My question to MSK is, would you want to live here?

Would you want to go to school here? Would you want

9 to walk past this area?

It's really disturbing. As far as traffic, that's another story but it's dangerous to walk to school. It's a rush in the morning and in the afternoon. We're squeezing in two directions to make our way to school and there's really, it's really very little accountability by MSK here. And I think that as much as we love and support MSK and what it stands for, I really don't want us, the children, the families and the teachers to develop cancer as a result of this project. And from what I can see right now, there is very little trust.

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you Ms. Mah.

ROZANA MAH: Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Next, we're going to call DJ

Foxen(SP?). DJ Foxen, if you can hear me, please

4 unmute and you may begin.

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DJ FOXEN: Hi, I'm a resident. I live in 82^{nd} and York. I'm not a cancer patient but I have Crohn's Disease and at an increased risk later in life. I'll also mention I'm becoming a new father in the next five or six weeks with a daughter on the way. You know I had a close friend of my wife's, who had a very rare liver cancer get consultation there before she died in her 30's. I also have a friend and a colleague both diagnosed with breast cancer. are both under 40. Very sad cases but places like MSK you are doing research and treating people like this and the fact that I still a pretty young person knew all these people getting cancer. I think it cords with MSK's presentation on cancer rates over time.

I think it's an absolute treasure in the city as a whole. It's hard to think of institutions that are more emblematic of what NYC is about, human development, progress, bringing us into the future. I don't think it's good when people are fighting against the expansion of a world class cancer

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treatment center and you maybe need to ask yourself

3 if that's really the argument you want to be making.

I think the neighborhood is well appointed. It can support the project. Yes, it requires construction, things need to be built. We can't keep the neighborhood frozen in amber and have it unchanged forever. Buildings do need to go up, they need to be changed, they need to be torn down over time.

I still care about NYC kind of being a shining city on a hill, an example to the rest of the country. How do we grow? How do we adapt? Be a cultural driver and that includes the medical sciences. Otherwise we just seed that to other cities that do choose to grow such institutions and keep innovating. We can't have constant intransigence and pushback against any changes in our neighborhoods. So, I support this expansion. I think it's great that we have you know a bigger cancer treatment facility.

More to the point, if there's more space to treat cancer patients -

SERGEANT AT ARMS: Your time is expired.

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DJ FOXEN: It means a better quality of life for those patients.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you DJ. Next, I'm going to call up again Jeana Resig. Jeana, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

Jeana Resig? Jeana, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin. Jeana, you have to accept the promotion in order to testify. I'll move on from Jeana. Beth Newman? Beth, can you please accept the promotion, unmute and please begin.

JEANA RESIG: I'm sorry, is this for Jeana Resig?
CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes it is.

JEANA RESIG: I'm sorry. Uhm, I just heard you.

Uhm, I would like to speak because I am a parent of
two children at PS 183 and uhm we have loved the
school. We've loved the area. My husband is a
doctor at Weill Cornell, so we have great respect for
hospitals and I have a lot of family and friends who
were all cared for and saved by MSK, so I have
tremendous respect for them as well. However, they
have been very dismissive of the families and
students at the school who are just two doors away
from the building.

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Just because it is a good mission that MSK has does not provide it the right to destroy our kids health and their ability to learn. Uhm, I greatly, greatly appreciate everything MSK does but they've offered no specifics to us on how they're going to help our children make sure that they do not get asbestos poisoning. That they are breathing clean air. They say they'll monitor the air but what does that even mean and what would that mean for our children's learning. So, they're not taking any actionable steps, their just doing a lot of talking and not actually supporting us. School has already begun and they haven't done anything to really fix our problems.

So, while I highly support MSK, I just please,
I'm begging you to require that they change the
profile of their tower and that they pay attention to
the community that they're in and make sure they
don't cause cancer in our kids.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much Jeana.

Next, I'm going to call Ms. Beth Newman again. Beth,

if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

2 Alright, Beth, if you cannot unmute, you can also 3 submit your testimony to us online at

landusetestimony@council.nyc.gov. Thank you.

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The last panel I will be calling up consists of Allison Klein(SP?), Jargony(SP?), Mr. Jargony and Arado Mema(SP?) and we'll start first with Allison Klein. Allison, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

ALLISON KLEIN: Hi, can you hear me?

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, we can hear you.

ALLISON KLEIN: Okay great. My name is Allison Klein, my son just started kindergarten at PS 183. My father is a long time pediatric cancer doctor, big supporter of MSK, St. Jude's, all of our major you

know cancer organizations, especially those that

focus on our youngest. And so, of course as a parent

18 in the community, I echo the same concerns and I just

19 want to reemphasize what a gentleman earlier said.

20 This isn't about MSK or whether or not they should be

21 treating cancer or in New York City or on the upper

22 east side. It's about whether a 600 foot tower in

23 the middle of Lennox Hill is really appropriate and

whether or not that is actually an altruistic mission $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

25 or if it is to fill a budget.

2 As somebody who has worked in real estate finance 3 over the years, when you're building a building, you 4 are always going to build to the max allowable size. That is just what is generally what is going to make sense economically and whether or not it means that 6 7 you are leasing out part of the building to third 8 party or just using it for other revenue generating purposes. I imagine that at least a portion of the reason for the need for a building that is 10 11 significantly taller than Weil Cornell. And so, you 12 know I agree with the other parent, this group 13 unfortunately is not going to stop a project that 14 seemingly been sort of like railroad it through and 15 the old like approved, whether or not it is. But 16 when it was approved by the District 8, they were 17 supposed to have serious reasons for why the 600 feet 18 was needed and they were supposed to revise the 19 profile of the building. None of that has happened 20 and you know there should be, I just want to re echo significant financial contributions to the school 21 that Martin and Ken and Louanne and all of our 2.2 2.3 Administrators and the PTA have tirelessly worked to build an extraordinary community. That school needs 24 to be promised that it's going to be given everything 25

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Next, we're going to call on Jorjani. Jorjani, if you can hear me, please unmute and you may begin.

JORJANI: Yes, can you hear me?

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Yes, can you please teach me how to say your first name?

JORJANI: It's Jeorge but I go by George Orgone is the last name and yeah my wife was coming up right after me. I'll speak on behalf of both of us. My wife is a doctor in the neighborhood as well at Cornell. Greatly support the mission of MSK as well. I've had family who has died because of cancer, so every close to that as well and no questions around the mission of MSK of course but just wanted to echo what the other parents in the neighborhood voice as concerns.

My daughter goes to PS 183 and my son is two years old and will be going there hopefully soon as

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I'm surprised

2 well and we're greatly concerned with the lack of 3 communication I think. We've recently found out that 4 there was asbestos in the buildings that are being 5 demolished and uh I think in terms of compensation or radiation procedures, I don't think there's been 6 7 enough said in specificity from MSK as to how they 8 plan to mediate or mitigate some of the risks to the children at PS 183. So, for instance, you know there are options to I don't know if relocate in the school 10 11 is somewhere in the neighborhood is possible but 12 perhaps closing some of the open areas, the yard 13 where they go and play every day could be turned into 14 an indoor playground. There are a lot of mitigation

options that could be discussed and talked about

prior to the approval of this project.

that hasn't happened yet.

So again, to support the MSK mission, I don't think there's enough— not enough has been done to kind of voice all the parents concerns and the community concerns here. Just to echo what the other parents said. Thanks again.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Mr. Jargony,
George, you said your wife was coming up next, is
that Arado Mema?

2 JARGONY: Yeah, that's right. She asked me to 3 speak on behalf of us.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: So, she doesn't want to testify?

JARGONY: Right.

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CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you. Uhm, I lied, we have another person signed up to testify, two people. Uhm are you calling people in here to testify?

Please call - we're going to call on Mr. Rohit and we have an unknown caller ending in 0717. So we'll begin first with Rohit. If you can hear me, please unmute. Rohit?

MR. ROHIT: Yeah hi. Thanks a lot for the opportunity to speak here today. Again, after listening to the whole thing, no doubt MSK has done great work for cancer care itself. No doubt about that but again as a parent, my concerns remain as the other parents have expressed here that cancer care is changing and uhm, MSK given they put up a structure like this, they need to fully address the needs of the community not only the protected numbers that they are proposing to treat for this new pavilion. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON RILEY: Thank you so much. Next,

I'll call on the unknown caller 0717. Okay, there's

no one else online then. Alright, okay, so I'll just

stand at ease. If there is anyone else who hasn't

testified in the room that wants to testify, please

see one of the Sergeant at Arms and Counsel, I just

stand at ease for 30 seconds to see if there's anyone

online that still wants to testify.

Alright, there being no other members of the public who wish to testify on LU's 132 through 136 regarding the MSK Pavilion Rezoning Proposal, the public hearing is now closed and the items are laid over.

That concludes today's business. I would like to thank the members of the public, my colleagues,

Subcommittee Council, Land Use and other Council

Staff and the Sergeant at Arms for participating in today's meeting. This meeting is hereby adjourned.

Thank you. [GAVEL].

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date September 25, 2024