

Fiscal Impact Statement Prepared By New York City Mayor's Office of Management and Budget



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Disclaimer: This fiscal impact statement is a preliminary estimate and subject to change based upon further data analysis or changes in bill text. This legislation is summarized as understood by the administration as of the date this statement was prepared and does not include or consider subsequent text changes. This fiscal impact statement is not legally binding on the administration. "Total" columns represent the respective sum over a four-year period; note that fiscal impacts continue after year four. Unless otherwise stated, information used in the preparation of this Fiscal Impact Statement is sourced from the agencies impacted and the NYC Mayor's Office of Management and Budget.

Proposed Intro No. / Title: *Int 798 / Abolishing the criminal group database and prohibiting the establishment of a successor database*

Sponsors: Council Members Stevens, Cabán, Rivera, Riley, Salaam, the Public Advocate (Mr. Williams) and Council Members Avilés, Ossé, Sanchez, Restler, Won, Hudson, Nurse, Farías, Hanif, Krishnan, Gutiérrez, Williams, Banks, Ayala, Louis, Joseph, De La Rosa and Marte

Committee: Public Safety

Summary of Legislation: This bill would abolish the New York Police Department (NYPD)'s Criminal Group Database (Database), also known as the Gang Database, 2 years after the enactment of this law. The NYPD is required to ask federal and state agencies where there is a data sharing agreement to destroy information that was provided to the agency within 10 days after enactment. Employees are prohibited from using data within the database and civil penalties are imposed. Additionally, the bill would prohibit the establishment of a successor database with the same or similar features. Access to these records would be prohibited pending the ultimate destruction of records in the Database. The Inspector General for the Police Department would be required to notify people named in the Database and provide additional information regarding how people may submit requests for records contained in the Database prior to the destruction of those records. Violations would be enforced by the Inspector General for the Police Department and punishable by civil penalties. This bill also creates a private right of action to seek damages and other relief.

Effective Date: Immediately upon enactment

First Fiscal Year Legislation Takes Effect: Fiscal Year 2026

First Fiscal Year with Full Impact: Fiscal Year 2026

Agencies Impacted: New York Police Department

Fiscal Impact Analysis

A. Total Impact (Expense and Revenue)

	Fiscal Year 1	Fiscal Year 2	Fiscal Year 3	Fiscal Year 4	Total
Expense	(\$210,000)	0	0	0	(\$210,000)
Revenue	0	0	0	0	0
Total	(\$210,000)	0	0	0	(\$210,000)

Date Prepared:

February 21, 2025

B. Expense

	Fiscal Year 1	Fiscal Year 2	Fiscal Year 3	Fiscal Year 4	Total
Expenditures	(\$210,000)	0	0	0	(\$210,000)

Impact on Expenditures (Expense):

In year one, it is anticipated that NYPD would require \$210,000 in one-time Other Than Personnel Services (OTPS) resources; \$200,000 for a related media campaign and \$10,000 for postage and necessary mailings. Note that there could be an administrative burden associated with implementation of the bill which would require additional resources.

C. Revenue

	Fiscal Year 1	Fiscal Year 2	Fiscal Year 3	Fiscal Year 4	Total
Revenue	0	0	0	0	0

Impact on Revenue:

There is no anticipated impact on revenue.

D. Capital

	Fiscal Year 1	Fiscal Year 2	Fiscal Year 3	Fiscal Year 4	Total
Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0

Impact on Expenditures (Capital):

There is no anticipated impact on capital expenditures.