CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH

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May 10, 2024

Start: 9:40 a.m. Recess: 3:45 p.m.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

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Althea V. Stevens, Co-Chairperson

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Margaret Pletnikoff, Deputy Commissioner of the Administration for Children Services

Winette Saunders, First Deputy Commissioner of the Administration for Children Services

Keith Howard, Commissioner of the Department of Youth and Community Development

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Michelle Fields, Co-Supervising Attorney of the Community Justice Unit

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Jonée Billy, Senior Director of Strategic Partnerships and External Affairs at PowerPlay, and representing Sports Training and Role Models for Success Citywide Girls Initiative

Erica Silberman, Director of Engagement and Partnerships at Girls Write Now

Lisbett Rodriguez, Programs and Systems Senior Coordinator at Girls Write Now

Raquea Hemingway, Director of Student and Family Engagement at Figure Skating in Harlem

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Steven Morales, New York Policy Director at All Our Kin

Shawn Jean-Louis, Policy Director at ExpandED Schools

Nadia Swanson, Director of Technical Assistance and Advocacy at the Ali Forney Center

Sebastien Vonte, Associate Vice President of Street Work Programs at Safe Horizon

Ramon LeClerc, New Alternatives for Homeless LGBTQ Youth

Scott Daly, Senior Director of New York Junior Tennis and Learning's free tennis programs

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Annie Minguez, Vice President of Government and Community Relations for Good Shepherd Services

Tené Howard, Executive Director at Sadie Nash Leadership Project

Roslyn Morrison, Senior Attorney at the Legal Aid Society in the Community Justice Unit

Edwin Santana, Community Organizer at Freedom Agenda

Diana Imbert, Staff Attorney for the Early Childhood Education Project at Advocates for Children of New York

Sierra Kraft, Executive Director of Immigrant Children Advocates' Relief Effort

Lisa Crook, Chief Program Officer at Covenant House New York

Denise Taylor, Program Director at Brooklyn Transitions Family Treatment Rehabilitation Program with Good Shepherd Services

Gabby Cadahia, Development Officer at New York Edge

Alex Malescio, Senior Director of Government Relations at Urban Upbound, AKA East River Development Alliance

Peter Tarson (phonetic)

day five of the FY25 Executive Budget Hearings. I'm

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2 Council Member Justin Brannan. I Chair the Committee 3 on Finance.

Today's hearing will begin with the

Administration for Children's Services followed later

by the Department of Youth and Community Development,

and I'm pleased to be joined by my good friend and

Colleague and Chair of the Committee on Children and

Youth, Council Member Althea Stevens. We've been

joined this morning by Council Member Cabán.

I want to welcome Commissioner Dannhauser and your team. Thank you for joining us today to answer our questions.

Just to set the table, on April 24, 2024, the Administration released the Executive Financial Plan for FY24 to 28 with a proposed FY25 budget of 111.6 billion dollars. ACS' proposed FY25 budget of 2.73 billion represents 2.4 percent of the Administration's proposed FY25 budget in the Executive Plan. This is an increase of 16.6 million dollars, or 0.6 percent, from the 2.71 billion that was originally budgeted in the FY25 Preliminary Plan. The increase is mostly the result from cost-of-living adjustments for workers at human service non-profits. As of March 2024, ACS has 653 vacancies relative to

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their budgeted headcount in FY24. My questions today will largely focus on new needs in foster care funding, PEGs to preventative programs, and the Childcare Voucher fiscal cliff. In its response to the Preliminary Budget, the Council called on the Administration to add 25 million dollars for Promise NYC Childcare Voucher Program for undocumented families along with taking action on childcare vouchers overall as well as foster care payments. The Administration included no money for any of these items in the Executive Budget despite the fact that there's almost 1 billion dollars in resources that the Council has identified in our budget response that the Mayor's Executive Budget continues to ignore. We have the resources to restore and invest in key services like childcare this year, while still protecting against risks and under-budgeted costs, and I look forward to hearing from the witnesses today on these topics. Now I want to turn to my co-Chair for this hearing, Council Member Stevens, for her opening statement.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Good morning. I'm
Council Member Althea Stevens, Chair on the Committee
of Children and Youth Services. Today's joint hearing

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during this hearing.

with the Committee on Finance will be on the Fiscal

2025 Executive Budget for the Administration for

Children's Services, or ACS. Thank you to my good

friend and Finance Chair, Chair Brannan, for joining

us and having partnership through this budget process

I would like to thank Commissioner Jess

Dannhauser for joining us as well as the entire team

for ACS.

billion dollars. The Executive Plan includes increased investments in childcare and foster care, but does not restore cuts, including in the November plan, for programs such as Close to Home and preventative services. I'm very happy to see that the City added funding for COLA for contracted human services providers who provide City services, which has been a top priority for me since I got into Council, but the Council is very disappointed to see that one of our key budget response priorities, Promise NYC, was not included in the Executive Plan. I look forward to today's discussion and budget actions including in the Executive Plan and the impacts of the PEGs from both the November and

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Preliminary Plans. Vital ACS programs such as foster care, Close to Homes, preventative services, and foster care. I'm particularly interested in hearing how ACS is strategizing to meet the multi-facing needs of at-risk families across the city, working to increase the utilization and preventative services that ensure the health, safety, and stability of families and children.

I would like to thank both my Staff and Committee Staff for helping prepare for today's hearing, Saiyemul Hamid, Finance Analyst; Julia, Unit Head; Christina, Legislative Counsel; Elizabeth Arzt, Policy Analyst; and my Chief-of-Staff, Lamont, and the entire A-Team back at the District Office.

I will turn it back over now to Chair Brannan to, yeah, that's it.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Chair Stevens.

Before we get started, I also want to take a moment to thank the entire Council Finance

Division for this first week of Executive Budget

Hearings. There's a ton of people who work super hard behind the scenes, crunching numbers back at Mission

Control to make these hearings run smoothly, today

especially to Julia Haramis and Saiyemul Hamid, and

Committee Counsel Mike Twomey who's been here with me

every day, my Senior Advisor John Yedin, and

everybody else.

Just as a reminder, for this year's

Executive Budget Hearings, we'll take public

testimony today, on the day of the hearing, after all

the agency witnesses have finished instead of holding

one day of public testimony at the end so, if you're

here today or you're watching on Zoom, you wish to

speak on the ACS or the DYCD FY25 Executive Budget,

make sure you fill out a witness slip with the

Sergeant-at-Arms so you can testify later on.

I'll now turn it over to Committee

Counsel Mike Twomey to swear in the witnesses and

also note that we've been joined on Zoom by Council

Member Moya.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Good morning. Raise your right hands, please.

Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions? Jess Danhauser.

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supporting the well-being of communities, we remain

committed to helping build a New York City that is

more safe, just, and equitable for New York City's

children and families. I look forward to sharing our

progress with you and eager to continue partnering on

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2 our ongoing efforts to deepen our work in the coming 3 year.

At ACS, we take our responsibility to keep children safe very seriously. We believe that essential to keeping children safe and families strong is working to provide families and communities with access to the sports they need to thrive. This is the work we do each and every day throughout our continuum and the work of our dedicated providers and their staff. Affordable childcare is critical. It allows parents to work or pursue training, knowing their children are cared for in a setting that supports their healthy development. We have continued to increase access to childcare assistance. There are now over 37,000 children enrolled in childcare with a low-income voucher, helping offset costs to the family, a 105 percent increase from this time last year. We've also worked hard to ensure families in the highest-need neighborhoods can access affordable care. We've seen a 582 percent increase in enrollment with low-income vouchers from the 17 high-need community districts since June of 2022. We've also continued to support families and communities by investing in 11 community partnerships, and now 12

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open Family Enrichment Centers, with eight more FECs already working with their communities to open new sites over the coming Fiscal Year. We have deepened our efforts to build awareness among parents, caregivers, and child-serving professionals about how to prevent unintentional child injuries, including by promoting infant-safe sleep practices, medication safety, and safe storage of cannabis-infused edibles. May is Shaken Baby Syndrome Awareness Month so we're working to ensure New Yorkers know that supporting parental health and well-being is a critical part of keeping children safe and preventing injuries like Shaken Baby Syndrome.

We're also continuing to strengthen our work to promote family-driven solutions to keep children safe. We've increased CARES, our non-investigatory child protection response, so that now 25 percent of incoming reports receive this alternative approach that includes an assessment of child safety and, importantly, empowers the family to identify needed supports for themselves and their children. In addition, after a successful pilot, we are now nearly citywide with providing a translated notification to better help parents understand their

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rights at the outset of a child protective investigation. To date, we have trained over 1,100 staff and anticipate all child protection staff will be trained by Memorial Day.

As a parent, I know that raising a child is enormously rewarding and can also be challenging.

Along with our new Acting Deputy Commissioner for Prevention Services, Luisa Linares, we are focused on getting the word out so the families who are in know how to access our continuum of prevention services.

April was Child Abuse Prevention Month, so we used that opportunity to collaborate with our prevention provider partners through social media, a gathering at City Hall, and press coverage to spread the word about the free, voluntary services we provide to families, regardless of immigration status, all across the city. Information about these services can be found on our website, www.nyc.gov/for-families, and through calling our prevention hotline at 212-676-7667.

Our goal to increase the number of families receiving services without the need for a child welfare investigation is resulting in promising outcomes. In the first three months of this year, we

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received more than twice as many referrals to prevention services from community sources than in the first three months of 2023. This means schools, hospitals, NYCHA, shelters, and families themselves are learning how to access supportive family services without any involvement from child protection.

Meanwhile, our new school-based early support program contracts go into effect in July.

While the number of children in foster care has continued to decrease to historic lows, we are also working with our providers to strengthen services and supports for children in foster care, their parents, and their foster parents. We continue to emphasize kinship placements where children are placed with relatives and close family friends. Today, approximately half of the children entering foster care are placed with kin. In addition, as part of our new foster care contracts, new foster parents are trained in the Trauma Responsive Informed Parenting Program, TRIPP, and 60 percent of these foster parents were trained as of May 1, 2024. In addition, over 4,000 New York City young people between the ages of 11 and 26, including 524 over the age of 21, and 167 justice-involved youth are

2 receiving Fair Futures coaching and our tutoring.

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3 We're also seeing tremendous success with our College

4 Choice program, which was launched in 2022 and

5 provides youth in or leaving foster care with support

6 for college, including tuition, housing assistance,

7 coaching, and a 60-dollar-a-day stipend. When the

8 program was launched in 2022, there were less than

9 200 youth participating. Today, it is almost double,

10 with over 300 youth participating in College Choice.

We are eagerly planning for the upcoming summer. As in past summers, ACS collaborates with DYCD to enroll youth involved with ACS in paid summer internships through the Emerging Summer Youth Employment Program, a six-week program that emerges youth in supervised project-based learning and work experience. Thanks to the commitment of our foster care providers and Fair Futures coaches, not that it's a competition, but ACS leads all City agencies with over 1,200 applications so far. ACS also offers our Commissioner's College Internship Program, where 40 college-age youth participate in an 11-week internship at ACS, paying up to 6,700 dollars for undergraduate students and 9,500 dollars for graduate students to intern at ACS work sites. Finally, this

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summer, ACS is collaborating with iFoster to create

ACS work sites for six AmeriCorps volunteer

internships.

We're also strengthening supports and programming for justice-involved youth. Launched this past July, our new alternative detention contracts have served over 120 youth in the first six months, and we're currently developing a pilot program to serve older youth with cases in the youth part of Supreme Court.

We recently announced the recommended awards for our new Close to Home contracts, which will strengthen the Close to Home system of care by right-sizing the system while allocating additional resources for the provider agencies to enhance services for the young people in their care. The new contract budgets were increased to fund specific lines to help improve the overall programming and offer a more robust treatment approach. These new lines now include funding for a Fair Futures staff, aftercare staff, a recreational specialist, an intake coordinator, and a mental health team, all while reducing the staffing ratio to three-to-one and increasing staff salaries.

Tutoring and workforce development will also be expanded to youth in Close to Home.

Vocational training is underway in secured detention, and our tutors have enhanced the academic successes of our young people. Our young people across the continuum will be engaged in summer school and SYAP.

In June, we are looking forward to celebrating the graduations of our young people in secured detention, non-secured detention, and Close to Home.

ACS' Executive Budget for FY 2025 is 2.7 billion, of which 843 million is City tax levy. The Executive Budget does not include any new reductions to ACS while including funding for foster care that will address the shortfall we currently have in our budget due to a reduction in federal funds. The Executive Budget also includes actions, realignment that move funds into appropriate budget codes, such as moving Fair Futures money for juvenile justice into the corresponding budget codes and adding in state and federal funding where applicable for various programs, such as adoption subsidy and the Nurse-Family Partnership and KinGAP.

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More programmatically, in the Executive
Budget, there is a cost-neutral action where ACS is
moving 27 staff and the corresponding funding from
the Family Service Unit, which conducts court-ordered
supervision, to the Family Preservation Program,
which is an intensive prevention program aimed at
addressing high-needs families while preventing court
filings under foster care. Finally, our budget
includes funding for both Workforce Enhancements and
the Human Service Provider COLA, which will both help
to strengthen the work of our providers and increase
the wages of their hard-working staff.

ACS remains committed to a New York City where children and young people are safe and thriving and where families are supported as their most important resources and protectors and where our staff and our provider staff are supported as they carry out their critical work. As Commissioner, I continue to be inspired and moved by the deep commitment and passion of the ACS team and our providers they have to our mission making New York City a better place for children and families. Thank you.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Commissioner. We've also been joined by Council Members Restler, Williams, and Joseph.

I want to dive right into the new need for foster care funding. The Executive Plan includes 129 million dollars funding swap of federal funds with city funds for foster care in FY24. Could you tell us why that swap needed to be made?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yes. For years now, the federal reimbursement through Title IV-E has been declining. They still have an ancient eligibility criteria that dates back to a 1996 standard, and so the percentage of young people who are eligible for IV-E funding has been declining over the years.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, and how will funding be utilized? What programs does it relate to?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: It supports the whole of the foster care budget so everything from foster parent rates to services to young people to Fair Futures. It supports the whole 800-plus million dollars.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: So was there a discussion around baselining that adjustment because I see it was only made for one year?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We're in conversations with OMB. The other challenge that we have in our foster care budget is the state smartly increased rates a couple years ago but didn't commensurately impact the block grant so that's another place where we have a challenge, and we're working with OMB each year. We're projecting the number of young people we'll have in care, the type of care, and so we work with them throughout the year to look at the census and make sure the resources are there, but they've been clear with us that the resources will be there to continue the programs that we have.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Is the current expenditure for foster care then outpacing the baseline budget?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: It is. Our projection for '24 currently is 841 million, and we're constantly working with OMB to look at where additional resources might be needed.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: I'm assuming it would be helpful to have OMB have the budget more aligned with the current level of demand, right?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: You know, it's a dynamic assessment. We're always looking at census projections. For years, the number of young people coming into care has lessened and, as we've invested in preventive services and done more work around family supports, they make sure that they move money into our budget to ensure cashflow that we can pay our providers. I wish it was a little bit easier to predict, but these things are pretty dynamic.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Are we spending more every year on foster care?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yes, we have been. The new contracts that went into place last July included a series of new investments. We're spending a lot more on things like Fair Futures, increased the rates for providers, for foster parents and now, obviously, there's going to be a state COLA coming for workforce so we are spending. If you compare it to years ago, we're spending a lot more per every young person to make sure they have what they need, the mental health resources that they

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need, etc. so it has been increasing even though the census has been declining.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: I want to talk about the PEGs so in the Preliminary Plan, there were reductions of the budget for preventative programs across the entire plan period from 2 million in FY25 growing to 8 million in FY28. Could you tell us what programs and services were included in those PEGs?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Sure. Over the course of the last 18 months or so, we've been looking at our utilization and preventive services to make sure that it is appropriately used. We were patient, because a lot of that had to do with COVID and workforce issues but, when we were looking at our deployment of resources, there was several programs that had very low utilization, 20, 25 percent utilization. We took those down in a series of PEGs. Most recently, we went through an exercise with providers to look at our family treatment and rehabilitation program. More across the board, there was utilization around 60 percent, and what we did with providers was walk through an exercise to create a new model budget. 128 is the program size for FTR. We created a new model budget for 96 to make sure

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they could still meet their fixed costs, and it's a slightly higher per slot rate at 96 because we wanted to make sure that those programs stayed strong, and that was the most recent cut so we moved about half of the providers that provide FTR to the 96. If we see a demand, we have several thousand slots that are currently available. We'll work with OMB if we see an increase in demand. We're very pleased that over the past three months, we've seen a marked increase in the number of families coming to us through community referrals, about 20 percent, where previously it was about 10 percent, and that's a major goal for us, is to get to families sooner without a child protective investigation so we're pleased about that. We also think that this is incentive to make sure that those resources are used wisely, but we're constantly looking at each neighborhood to make sure that every neighborhood has services available, and they do.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: The November plan also included a PEG, right?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: It did. That was also around the under-utilization programs, and we made the decision, Council Member, to really look at closing whole programs, even though that's harder. We

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did not want to cut a little bit across the board and leave what remained weaker, and so we looked at programs that were significantly under-utilized.

Overall, we're also adding new slots in our new school-based early support program so, overall, we're going from about 12,700 to 11,500, and we're seeing the actual utilization of those move in the right direction but, again, we still have slots available.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: What sort of feedback has ACS heard from providers through the PEG? How many clients had to be shifted to different programs?

because there was under-utilization in those programs, and we worked to maybe close out the services, if that was appropriate, if they were at that stage in their service, or transfer it to a nearby program. Obviously, the providers who we closed whole programs were disappointed. Generally, I think we got feedback that providers were pleased about our approach to FTR, that we didn't just sort of make a sweeping cut, that we sat down, we changed the budget structure, we made sure they had what they needed so it's never easy to share with a provider

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that you're cutting a program but, generally, our providers are excellent. They're leaning into this community work, and we're grateful for them.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: I hear you mention under-utilization a bit. Are there currently any waitlists for any of the preventative programs?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: There are not.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: And we look neighborhood by neighborhood. There may be a program or two that is at 100 percent, but I can say with confidence that each neighborhood has preventative services available.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay. I want to talk about the Capital Commitment Plan and the Horizon Secure Detention Center. How were the adjustments made in the Executive Capital Plan determined in regard to the Capital Commitment Plan?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: So when we worked with OMB, we moved some out-year funding forward, and we have an urgent need to build more programming space at Horizon and more classroom space, more mental health space, cafeteria space. It also includes 48 additional beds, and so we've been

budget. We have a green light to continue to expand

voucher enrollment. Really proud that we have moved

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low-income voucher enrollment from 7,000 in 2022 to about 38,000 today. Our team has worked extraordinarily hard to really ramp up the eligibility processing. In '24, they added 311 million in state and federal funds and 81 million in CTL funds so we're waiting for our state allocation, but we absolutely have a green light for this Fiscal

Year to continue to expand voucher enrollment.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: In the Council's budget response, we called for the accurate baselining of childcare vouchers but, like many things, no additional funding was included in the Mayor's Executive Plan so are you joining us with pressing OMB to increase the childcare budget?

in childcare is an urgent priority for this

Administration demonstrated by our expansion, and

we're absolutely working with OMB to make sure we

have the exact right numbers for the year ahead. Like

foster care, it's also dynamic, assessing the number

of voucher enrollments and the type of voucher

enrollment to make sure we're getting the analysis

right, but we are full steam ahead on this.

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2	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: What's the
3	current number of childcare vouchers issued by ACS?
4	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: There's 74,000
5	childcare vouchers overall. About 45,000 of those,
6	50,000 of those are ACS vouchers, either for child
7	welfare-enrolled families or low-income vouchers, and
8	about 38,000 are low-income vouchers.
9	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: How does that
LO	compare with totals in past years?
L1	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We are way up.
L2	We were at 7,000 in 2022 of low-income vouchers, and
L3	now we're at 38,000. We're really, really grateful
L4	for our team's hard work.
L5	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: In 2022, you're
L6	at 7,000. In 2023, you're at 74,000?
L7	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I'm sorry. This
L8	is just the low-income voucher so 7,000 to 38,000.
L9	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: 38,000.
20	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The overall

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The overall vouchers, I believe it was somewhere between around 40-some-odd to 74,000 so that's been way up as well, but the bulk of the growth has been in that lowincome voucher category.

changes and how were those funds amount determined?

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Sure. This is mostly swapping so I'm going to ask Margaret to take this.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER PLETNIKOFF: Sure, so over the course of the year, we had added in January 118 CTL, and then through our evaluation of our additional needs, we added another 52 million, as you mentioned, and then we had the 129 million funding swap from federal to CTL because of the Title IV-E shortfall, and we did an additional... no, I think that's it.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Why was that only done in 2024?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER PLETNIKOFF: Because, as the Commissioner mentioned, we're constantly evaluating the amount, the census, and the need, and looking at what we need in terms of federal and state funding and working closely with OMB.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The other variable there is we're looking at what the state invests in the block grant and then what eligibility rate we have for federal dollars, which, again, has been declining because it's still attached to a very old standard.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. How 3 will those funds be utilized?

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: They'll support the foster care program, as you know well, Chair

Stevens, so it'll include support for foster parents, it includes stipends for young people, it includes

furniture allowances, clothing allowances, it

includes Fair Futures, all of the things that are needed to care for our children in foster care.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Does ACS anticipate similar adjustments will be needed in future plans? If so, are you considering adjustment at the baseline?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We do expect that there will be a need for additional resources than what is in the baseline, and OMB has been supportive in working with us on that.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: That's good to hear. Okay, we'll move on to Close to Homes. During the recent oversight hearing, we had a Close to Homes hearing recently, ACS stated that they would be advocating for the restoration of the PEGs in the Executive Budget. The reasoning offered that the new RFP had right-sized the programming and eliminated

slots that were not utilized. Can you provide current slots utilized for Close to Home, and what is the budget for Close to Home program in Fiscal 2024-25

5 and in the out-years?

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The budget's about 110 million. We currently have 96 young people in Close to Home. The contracts that will begin on July 1st will have a capacity of 147. We initially RFP'd for 135. Given that the census had been increasing somewhat, we asked OMB to add an additional 12. They supported us in that, so we're at 147. As you know, the Close to Home census, thankfully, has been low for many years. The City initially projected the need for about 300 beds so what we decided to do in this RFP was to right-size it and invest those resources into things like lower staffing ratios from six-to-one to three-to-one, Fair Futures coaches, mental health services so we wanted to put those resources back to work and have the right capacity. We are constantly assessing the census there and work with OMB if we need to create additional programs.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Just even thinking about that, and this is one of the things I

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brought up in the hearing we had previously, is, one, talking to providers to right-size it and say, like, oh, the census go up, so we'll expand the program is really hard to do, as you know, because you can't just go online so quickly, and so if the demand increases beyond the current budget, what does that look like and how will we work with providers to get that online, and also just thinking about, and I've said this before, we're seeing the numbers increase in the secured detention centers, but we're seeing that we have under-utilization in Close to Home, so for me, again, I have to say, like, are we using all the toolkits and the tools in our tool basket to make sure that young people aren't going to secured detention if possible, and what does that look like so really want to just kind of hear what that plan is, and also thinking about how are we working with all systems to get young people in a place where they're not being sent to secured detention if they don't need to be.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah, thank you for your consistent attention to this. On the matter of growing additional programs for Close to Home, you're right, it is not an overnight endeavor. That's

why we asked OMB to create the additional 12 slots. 2 3 Limited secured placement is the hardest to bring 4 back online from the Close to Home continuum so we expanded there, and we do have plenty of capacity 5 there. Non-secure is also not easy, but a little bit 6 7 easier. It's more group home-like living and doesn't have quite as many need for security, and so we look 8 at this literally every day, and we think we're in the right place at the 147. We have lots of 10 11 preventive services. We have our Juvenile Justice 12 Initiative. The City did restore or add about 10 million dollars to MOCJ for Alternatives to 13 Incarceration to your point about secured detention 14 15 to make sure that we're investing in young people. 16 We've started to add Fair Futures to the front end of 17 the justice system and, in addition, we're working 18 with our new alternative detention providers to see if one or two of them will actually station 19 themselves in the youth part, which is in criminal 20 21 court, where most of the young people who are coming 2.2 into secured detention have their cases, to see if 2.3 there's ways in which we can add alternatives there so we are absolutely putting a full court press and 24 getting as many services out there as we can. 25

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2 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah, definitely. 3 We definitely want to keep just pushing it in the 4 forefront around what are we doing to prevent young people from going to secured detention because, when we're thinking about close Rikers Island and all 6 those things, this is a decarceration plan, and it's 7 8 really disheartening and disturbing to see the numbers continue to rise in our secured detention center, which for me is thinking about why do we not 10 11 have a decarceration plan for young people and thinking about what does that look like and how are 12 13 we making sure that all the services, so that they 14 don't have to get to you.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: If I can just add one thing? I absolutely agree with you, I just want to remind folks that one of the reasons the population is growing is because young people over 18 stay with us now, right?

 $\label{eq:co-chairperson} \mbox{CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: That's one of them.}$

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Right, and so ...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So we can name it, but there's still a reason why we should be getting to them before.

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: 100 percent. I just wanted to make sure that...

You want to get it on record, but let's be clear, that's one indicator, and not the indicator, and so I think sometimes we try to throw that in there so it can be like, oh, raise the age, and that's not the only reason why young people should be getting there, and our goal should be to prevent them from ending up there so that's always going to be my stance.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: 100 percent. We're agreed.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: According to the terms and condition that ACS submitted on secured detention in the first half of Fiscal 2024, the average daily population in secured detention was 233. I think you already kind of given us the breakdown of beds at Horizon and Crossroads. Now that we're nearing the end of the Fiscal Year, can you provide an update on the number of youth in secured and non-secured detention?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: This morning, there are 232 young people in secured detention. It's held pretty stable over the last couple months since

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we last spoke about it. In non-secure, I believe the number is 43, but I will confirm that.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Are current staffing levels at Horizon and Crossroads sufficient?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We are...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And what's the vacancy rate?

consistently hiring for our youth development specialists and our special officers. We've seen a significant increase in availability of both. I have the numbers here for you. It's over 500 active YDS, and that is up from a couple years ago where there was about 350 active YDS so we still have vacancies there. I believe it's about 75 vacancies, and we're continuing to hire. We have a graduation this afternoon. We also brought on far more special officers and cut their vacancy rate there dramatically.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I think, even talking with some folks, we always want to think about the safety of young people, and one of the things we've definitely been hearing is just around

young people not being able to go to school or get services because of the vacancy rates. Can you talk a little bit about why is that happening and what are we doing to kind of prevent that, to make sure that young people are getting to the services? I know even at Horizon, it was even being said that some of the kids were sleeping in classrooms. I know you're going to say that's not happening anymore, but that was one of the things that we were hearing so could you kind of just talk a little bit about that?

about an 80 percent school attendance rate at
Horizon. We've dedicated staff to be school liaisons
specifically, and so their job is to make sure young
people are getting up in the morning, that we have
movement to school. We've been working with New York
City Public Schools on a lot of new offerings, and
we're going to have additional offerings coming in
the coming Fiscal Year, including adult education,
GED, that some of our young people would like to
engage in. We're working with CUNY around additional
college resources. We've had a number of graduations.
We'd love for you to come out to them.

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2 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Invite me. I'll 3 be there.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We want to make sure our young people are in school every day, getting the resources that they need, and we have seen a marked increase in their engagement in tutoring, and so we always have a long way to go there, but we are seeing some real progress.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Can you talk a little bit about the training of staff and what that looks like? Because I know you said all of the staff is trained on school liaison. What does that look like, and how are we training staff to properly work with these young people?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah. Our youth development specialists and special officers are really incredible. These are folks who are working with young people. They do not have things like pepper spray. They're using their tools of deescalation and working in relationship with young people. We're really grateful for them. They go through a six-week training course that includes both academy-style training, and then they do on-the-job training, come back to the academy, then we push in

ongoing coaching. We work with national leaders in juvenile justice to help coach our staff, both our leadership and our staff, in the facilities. We do incident review with staff to learn about ways in which we can prevent incidents. I'm really pleased to share with you that our incidents, youth-on-youth assaults, youth-on-staff assaults, have decreased dramatically. We're down about 30 percent year over year.

additional questions about programming. We've heard that young people and families, there's very little enrichment program available during the day for youth who are not enrolled in school and those in schools and after school on the weekend. For each secured detention center, Crossroads and Horizon, can you share with the Council a daily schedule of programming by residential hall?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Sure, we could work on providing that. Just to note, you'll see things like tutoring, sports and fitness, creative writing. There's a new music program at Crossroads.

We have violence interrupters in the building, but we

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I would give you a high percentage on at least four hours a week, yes.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Okay. What's the average number of hours per week that each young person in the facility attends enrichment? You said you'll get back to me on that.

I have a couple of questions around the school. What is the school's attendance rate at each facility?

percent at Horizon and about 65 percent at

Crossroads. Some of that, there's work we're doing

around some kids who are not compulsory age who don't

want to engage in school so that's why we're bringing

in the adult GED. That's why we're bringing in the

work around college and continuing to bring in

workforce and vocational programming.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Do the facility lockdowns prevent young people from attending school and enrichment programs?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We very rarely are in that situation. Our kids regularly attend these programs.

the programming.

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steps are being taken to ensure that young people are in the proper grade and educational appropriate classes? Because that was another thing that we were hearing that some people, young people are like kind of like all over the place, and I know it's like more individualized, but I'm hearing that they're still not getting proper.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah, the schools do a full assessment. Some young people have individual education plans. Those still are important while they're in secure detention so the schools do those assessments and then cater to their particular needs.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Okay. Given the expansion of Horizon and the considerable allocation of capital dollars ACS is dedicating to upgrading the facilities, we would like to get a better understanding on what measures ACS is taking to ensure our youth do not end up in secured detention facilities. What role is ACS play with youth legal proceedings?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We don't play a role in court proceedings. Depending on whether it's

family court or the criminal court, there are different prosecutors. It's the district attorneys in the criminal court. It's corporation counsel in the family court. Our role is to make sure that young people have the services that they need. We have a robust set of services. We serve over 2,000 young people with FAP. We're really looking at family court. There are alternatives to detention, and our efforts of late have been really to try to grow older services because traditionally ACS has been focused on family court kids. Post Raise the Age, we have been additionally focused on older kids. We also call on the state to support us here. There have not been resources for Raise the Age...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: That sounds about right.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: In services, and so we want to make sure that we have everything that we need. We're really grateful that in the Executive Budget, there's an additional 10 million dollars for alternatives to incarceration. Those programs are run by MOCJ but vitally important to the kids that we serve.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah. We definitely need to call on the state to help and support and do their part as well.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you.

questions, I feel like we touched on in the last hearing, but just thinking about in what cases is ACS able to recommend youth to be placed in preventative services rather than secured detention? Because I know like, although it's not necessarily your job, all those things, I'm sure you have influence and play a role in it so just trying to get a better understanding of what does that continuous partnership look like?

about making sure that the services are available. In family court, we have our Juvenile Justice

Initiative, which is an alternative to Close to Home.

We have FAP, which is upfront. Anybody can access it without court involvement, and then we're growing the services that we have available in the criminal court, both with our partners at MOCJ and at ACS, and so, while we're not there to make a recommendation, we want to make sure we're there so that there's an

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appropriate alternative when the judge believes
that's the case. When young people are in our
custody, we do a lot of work to make sure that the
positive things that they're doing in our custody are
known by the court so we submit information and
reports about their progress and development, and
that can have an influence on court decision-making

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah, absolutely, but we want to make sure we're pushing our partners any way we can.

but, ultimately, this is a judicial decision.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Indeed.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Advocates have flagged a concern to the Council regarding ACS' collection of disability benefits on behalf of children in foster care. We've heard that the funds collected are utilized for the overall foster care network rather than specific children. Can you verify if this is true, and why is that a practice?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: It's not true.

In fact, we are one of the very few jurisdictions in the country, I believe three or four, that have endeavored to try to conserve benefits for young people, both Social Security, which is related to

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disabilities, and RSDI, which is related to survivor benefits when children have unfortunately lost their parents. In July of 2022, we began the practice of conserving those benefits for young people. Previous to that, there was a different public policy, a public policy that's been upheld by the federal government, Supreme Court. Even though we are allowed to use disability benefits and survivor benefits towards the cost of care for children, we have developed this new approach to make sure that we maximize what young people can get. Several hundred young people have already received resources as a result of this upon their departure from care so that includes both disability benefits and survivor benefits.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Maybe you don't have this information currently, but for how many children does ACS collect disability benefits for currently, and how is this determined?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Some young people come to us on those benefits. If a child loses their parents and comes into our care, they'll be eligible for those benefits, and some young people, the provider might notice a disability and there'll

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be an application for those. Currently, we've created accounts and/or resources for 700 young people who are receiving disability benefits and 340 young people who are receiving survivor benefits. About half of those have actually received funds. The other half are still in care, and we're conserving the maximum amount of benefits for them, and they'll receive those funds upon discharge.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Approximately how many children have dual eligibility for disability benefits and survivor benefits?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I don't have that answer. We can certainly get it to you. I think it's relatively low.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I know that a lot of these questions, I know you guys have like been doing a really good job of trying to stop it, but are there any talks or works on thinking about how to get some of the money back for the young people who didn't get their benefits when this practice was implemented before?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah. As you know, and thank you for your interest in this and our meetings on this. Previous to 2022, these monies were

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collected and they were used to fund services for young people in foster care. They're part of the ACS budget. Those funds were spent. It was a different public policy context. You had a lot more kids in care and, as we've been able to reduce the number of young people in care, we've been investing at a much higher rate as we were discussing with Chair Brannan before, and so things like College Choice, things like Fair Futures were able to do at this moment. It's hard to go back and say, was that the right choice then? And should there be, you know, certainly an analysis that we can work on to see what might be appropriate there, but it certainly was a different public policy decision than where we are today where we're able to expand these resources with fewer kids in care.

agree, and I think that you guys have been working really hard to kind of rectify some of these things from the past, and so I do appreciate that, but I do think we should definitely still be thinking about how do we make sure we right some of the wrongs, right, and, history has told itself that sometimes public policy isn't always the best policy, and so,

in thinking about the work that we're at and the place we are, we should also be thinking about how do we fix that? I know a Commissioner like you will put it together and will figure it out so definitely we'll continue having conversations regarding this because I know this is something that we've had a number of conversations about, and I've seen the dedication that you guys have been trying to methodically figure out how to do this in a really caring way, even thinking about some of the state stuff and working at it, so definitely looking forward to continue to build out a plan and also bringing some of our state colleagues into this conversation because it's a little bit more complicated than I think some folks actually understand, but thank you for that.

A critical component of ensuring that young people are receiving the proper care and assistance is the dedication of attention of ACS case workers and ACS contracted providers. The people on the frontline directly see the circumstances that young people are going through. What is ACS' caseload? What is the current caseload ratio for case workers?

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2 COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Eight and a half.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What's the half?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: That's just the average. Some have eight, some have nine.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: There's a half?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: This is a number that is very low nationally. The national standard is 12. We have had full support from the Mayor, Deputy Mayor, OMB to continue to hire on our frontline, whether that's child protective specialists, YDS, special officers, family court lawyers, so we really appreciate that that's been continued.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What's the budgeted and actual headcount for ACS case workers?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I believe it's about 390 million that we spend in child protection each year. I'm not sure the PS. We will look for that.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Although I know you just said that the caseload is lower than the average, but what we're hearing is that case workers have overburden and not able to adequately follow up on cases leading to negative outcomes. What are the

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guardrails that are in place to ensure significant
check-ins and support are offered to our at-risk
youth and family?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah, thank you for this question. We support our case workers. There's a six-month training for child protective specialists, includes both in the classroom and on the job. They then go into a training unit with dedicated supervisors who are very interested in training. There are peer mentors. We're one of the only places in the country that has dedicated investigative consultants so these are folks who have been typically detectives before their time with us, and they work in our borough offices supporting the decision-making of staff and also supporting their safety. We also have three supervisory levels to support staff to make sure they have someone to reach out to. They often go out in pairs, particularly on nights and weekends, and so we wrap around them every service that we possibly can to make sure they have the resources they need and the consultation. We have DV consultation, mental health, substance abuse consultation. These are very difficult assessments so staff walk in, they make an assessment, they're

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working with families. Our responsibility is to make sure we're doing an excellent assessment, whatever, whether it's CARES or an investigation, to make sure we're doing an excellent assessment and get families the help that they need and, in those rare cases where we have to act, act with urgency, and our staff are really dedicated to trying to make both of these things work. We're in too many families' lives, particularly black and brown families, and we have to protect children. We do not choose between those two. We think we can narrow our impact on families and protect children, and our staff have been dedicated to doing that and really, really grateful for them.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. What measures does ACS take to ensure case workers are acting in the best interest of youth? What trainings are provided to ensure that staff are well-informed in the most effective approach for at-risk children?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We do a lot of training in motivational interviewing. We also have a lot of training as it relates to Fair Futures.

Motivational interviewing is essentially a model in which you work with people's intrinsic will to do well and sort of pull that out and so to work with a

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young person, to start where they are, is really sort of that evidence-based model. Training in LGBTQIA-plus affirmation to make sure that everyone is getting treated with dignity and respect. They get implicit bias training. One of the things you'll see in the budget is some money moving over to our Workforce Institute. We've also launched a Leadership Institute because, to me, nothing's more important than the culture set by the foster care director in the local office or our borough commissioner, and so we're actually having leadership across ACS and providers come together so that we are the best that we can be for our staff and ultimately for children and families.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Do you have any current challenges with filling case workers positions, and can you talk about those challenges you might be having, if you have any?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We have the biggest class we've had in a long time starting next week, 150 CPS. Our dedicated HR teams have been working with our child protective leadership with a new strategy to do recruitment in boroughs. We used to do most of our hiring pools downtown, but we are

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now out in Staten Island and Queens and we're seeing better matching of folks who want to work in that area, in that neighborhood, and I think that's part of the reason we've seen an increase in interest.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Great, and I'm happy that you guys had a huge class, but then that brings me to my next question because one of the things that our providers always talk about is their staffing issue and not being able to retain staff because there is no pay parity, and so I'm sure out of this 150 CPS workers that we're getting out of the class, I'm sure a bunch of them are coming from our providers, so what is ACS doing to improve pay parity between CBO providers and City positions?

gone back and forth between providers and government and we welcome that, but we take very seriously the needs of our providers and are really grateful. As folks know, our provider continuum provides preventive services, foster care, juvenile justice. They are the frontline. We are very grateful that the Mayor made an enormous investment in the provider community. There's also a call in the state budget for foster care where we're going to work hard to get

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those resources out the door as quickly as possible because our providers deserve it and those staff deserve it.

This is one of the things that the providers are always talking about, just the lack of having pay parity because it's true. A lot of those positions are similar, do the same work, but they can make more money working with you guys, and so definitely always making sure we're thinking about what does pay parity look like. We're excited about JustPay and getting the COLA for the human service sector, but I think we all know that the next fight is really around pay parity and how we can have equality amongst those salaries.

I just have a few more questions, and

I'll turn it back over to the Chair, and it's on Fair

Futures. Fair Futures is a program which was

implemented five years ago, including one-on-one

coaching, training, workshops, and mentorships for

young people impacted by child welfare system across

the city. This program is a shared priority for the

City Council and the Administration. We know all the

work you did in championing this. What is the current

2 | budget for Fair Futures in Fiscal 2024, Fiscal 2025,

3 and the out-years, and does the current budget

support the demand, and how much was actually spent

5 in Fiscal '23 and '24 thus far?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The budget is 30.7 million, and that's for '24 and '25. In FY23, it was a real ramp-up year. It was the first year that we expanded to young people who are older than 21. It was always the most important part for me of the vision that we stuck with young people. It's not just about providing more services while they're in care. You don't develop relationships that end one day because your status in foster care changes, and so we actually have reached over 500 young people in that 21 to 26 category, but that was really ramping up in '23. About 14 million dollars has been invoiced and paid for '23. So far in '24, it's 10, but we expect the bulk of the invoices to be coming in shortly. We've expanded the number of youth served in that program each year. It was, I believe, 2,000-plus in '22, 3,900 in '23. It's over 4,000 now in '24 and growing, including that 500 young people who are ages 21 to 26.

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1	CHILDREN AND YOUTH 61
2	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. How
3	many young people are currently enrolled in the
4	program and how many organizations does ACS partner
5	with?
6	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We partner with
7	all 24 of our foster care agencies to provide Fair
8	Futures coaching. We also work with the Center for
9	Fair Futures, which provides a lot of the training.
10	We partner with them through our Workforce Institute,
11	so every foster care provider has resources in their
12	budget to make sure that they can reach young people
13	with Fair Futures.
14	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: All right. Those
15	are all the questions I have for right now. I'll turr
16	it back over to the Chair. Thank you.
17	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Chair
18	Stevens.
19	We've also been joined by Council Members
20	Farías, Menin, Salaam, and Carr.
21	Now, we'll start with questions from

Now, we'll start with questions from Council Member Cabán followed by Restler.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABÁN: Thank you, and thank you for being here.

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Apologies, I stand up and walk around a lot. I've got some pretty bad back pain so thanks for your patience.

Okay, so I want to ask you mostly about Promise NYC, but I'm going to start somewhere else really briefly and just ask a little bit about the processing time for eligibility verification for childcare seats because it's gone down for a while for DOE, but we're still hearing concerns that the process is taking over six weeks to get cleared for extended day and year seats that are run by ACS so can you share with us what the average processing time for someone filling out their application to a child sitting in a classroom is?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Sure. We just got under 30 days this past month so we've been working very hard to ramp up our processing capacity. We were processing about 1,000 applications and now we're up over 4,500 most months. Our teams have worked to look at performance of our staff and to make sure that they're trained to do this well so we are meeting that target of 30 days.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABÁN: Thank you, and I might need some tech help here because my tablet is

2 bugging out. Yeah, I'm just, I have my questions on

3 here. Oh my God, yours is bugging out too. They're

4 all, are they all? Can we pause my time? Damn. Yeah,

they're all bugging out. Technology, y'all. Thanks

6 for the patience. Right? Yes, thank you.

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UNKNOWN: I'll give you the contraband paper.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABÁN: Thank you. There's still a place for paper. Don't tell the environmental folks.

Okay, so I just want to ask you about

Promise NYC, and I want to start by thanking y'all

because I just think this is probably one of the

best, most impactful things that ACS does in

partnership with obviously the groups that are

working on it like CPC and La Colmena. This is

critical. We know how important childcare is for the

safety and the health of our city, and so I know I'm

not alone in saying that we desperately want to see

this scaled to the size that we need it to,

especially with a lot of our newly arriving neighbors

arriving who need this support, and there've been all

of these fiscal reports being done that have done

right when supporting our newly arrived immigrant

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neighbors. We're looking at potential of billions added to our economy so this is just important on a lot of fronts so the Fiscal 2024 adopted budget included a 16-million-dollar new need for Promise NYC in Fiscal Year '24. I'm just going to ask a series of quick questions. Yeah, thank you. And the Executive Plan, and I think this is the same thing that happened last year, the Executive Plan doesn't include any additional funding for the program, despite us calling for a 25-million-dollar expansion and baselining Promise NYC in the Preliminary Budget response. I know that's what advocates and childcare providers are saying what's needed, so here's, I'm just going to throw all the questions at you. Is the program going to continue in Fiscal 2025 and beyond? Is ACS advocating for the program to be baselined? And if so, at what level? This is a really important question because I want you all to talk about how impactful, like what are the good things coming out of Promise NYC? And then talk to me about what happens to the families currently utilizing it if it's not included in the upcoming budget? Because I know the funding is running out this month so it's really critical, and then can you provide the most

recent utilization data for Promise NYC broken down by borough? How many new families have enrolled that did not participate in the program the Fiscal Year before that? Finally, are the contracting providers keeping waiting lists, and how many families are currently on those lists, and what's been spent to date? I throw a lot at you, but I'm looking forward to hearing some answers on that. Thanks.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you,

Council Member, and thank you for your championing of
this important program. I'll try to do my best to get
to all of them, and you can remind me if I missed
any.

Promise NYC has about 650 children
enrolled in it. This year has a 16-million-dollar
budget. About 180 new children were enrolled during
the Fiscal Year. NMIC in the Bronx is about 125; NMIC
in Manhattan, 110; Center for Family Life in
Brooklyn, 197; Chinese American Planning Council in
Queens, 204; and La Comena in Staten Island is 20.
Those might have been updated over time. We don't
keep waiting lists for this program, but we
understand that the providers do understand who has

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2 expressed interest and will be able to contact them
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COUNCIL MEMBER CABÁN: Because my understanding is the need is so great that they just stop keeping the list because it just would (INAUDIBLE) they're sort of instructed not to keep...

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yeah. The need's extraordinary. The fundamental reason for Promise, which is fully City tax levy, is because federal and state resources don't support childcare for undocumented immigrants, and so we need to also be advocating for change at that level. This is fully City tax levy. We're talking to OMB about Fiscal Year '25. We've shared with providers that if we're not able to fully invest in this program, that we'll have a thoughtful close down so do not start disenrolling, do not start informing folks. We want to make sure that we keep as much stability as we possibly can as we look at what will be in the Fiscal Year '25 budget. I had the pleasure of visiting a family daycare on Wednesday. There were five children enrolled there who were Promise children, and it is clear that it's really important for families. It is really important for the development of young people.

It was wonderful to see them at this bilingual family
daycare getting all of the developmental needs met so
this program is important and we're going to continue

5 to have conversations with OMB and with the Council.

just want to say whether we're getting funds from elsewhere or not, we should and can fully fund it right here in the City because what it means is when an immigrant family has childcare, it means that they can go get employment. It means that we're not seeing more children selling candy with their families on the street. It means that there's stability and people are able to stay in stable housing. All of those things are critical to all of our safety and health so I think obviously, these funds we can't use from state or federal because of different laws, but we have the power to do that here in New York City and we should. Thank you. Thank you, Chairs.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, now we have questions from Council Member Restler followed by Williams.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you so much, Chair Brannan and Chair Stevens, and good to

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see you, Commissioner Dannhauser, Deputy Commissioner Saunders, ACS team. Good to see you all.

I really just want to firstly echo and express gratitude to Chair Stevens for her leadership around and her focus on decarceration among our young people. One of the statistics that's most disturbing to me is the extraordinary growth we've seen in the number of minors who were held in jail and secured detention under the Adams' Administration. I think we went from about 150 at the beginning of the Adams' Administration to today, how many young people do we have in secured detention?

UNKNOWN: (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: 236, was that

16 the?

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: 232.

we're down a few, but still way up, so one of the things that was highlighted that we noticed in exec was that we saw about an 11-million-dollar cut in the secured detention budget from, I believe, 70-odd million to about 59 million. Is that right?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: And so how, when

we've seen this extraordinary growth in the number of

young people that were detaining and putting in jail,

could we possibly manage a 16.5 percent cut in the

funding to actually provide them with the services

7 that they need?

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I'm going to have to get back to you on exactly what happened in that swap. There's no resource reduction in hiring staff and putting in programming so...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: 16.5 percent is a very big number so maybe there's something that we're misreading in the Executive Budget and there's other resources coming from someplace else, but...

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: So we don't have any cuts in the detention budget. I understand what you're saying. You're seeing two different numbers. We'll get clarity on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Okay. If you could get back to us in writing, we'd really appreciate it. Just, because my time is tight, I'm going to shift to a different topic, but we are very eager to partner effectively with, actually, I'll just ask one more question. The Department of

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Probation has implemented a series of very aggressive cuts to prevention programs that could help keep young people out of secured detention. Is ACS doing anything to help see those programs restored, such as Impact, Arches, Next Steps, that could help us drive down our young people who are incarcerated?

very pleased that the Executive Budget has an additional 10 million dollars for alternatives to incarceration and re-entry services at MOCJ so there's been a lot of focus and conversation about this. We're also looking at, as I was mentioning earlier, using our alternative to detention programs and aging them up. We're working on a pilot right now with cases so we're trying to use every tool in our toolkit.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: We appreciate it.

I think that, you know, as partners go within this

Administration, I certainly see ACS as more of a

partner than many of your sibling agencies.

Just finally, a couple questions on vouchers. I'm concerned with the expiration of the federally funded, with the stimulus dollars, that we may see a decline in vouchers. I think ACS has done a

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great job in connecting my constituents to voucher opportunities we really appreciate it. I know that the Chair Brannan asked about this as well, but are there any assurances that we'll be able to sustain the scale of vouchers that have been made available during the beginning of this Administration in future years?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Certainly, we can commit to that certainly for Fiscal Year '25. A lot of this will depend on state investments. The Governor has been vocal on saying they're going to be increasing state investments. Our state partners, OCFS, have said to us to continue to enroll. We're still awaiting our allocation for the coming Fiscal Year, and so we'll see what those look like but, for Fiscal Year '25...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: And then the last question I'd just like to ask as my time has expired. We've seen that in early childhood education seats, there's been a tremendous under-enrollment in the extended day, extended year seats, and I know all of your early childhood experts at ACS know well, these are the seats that families really need, really depend on, that allow working families to actually

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work so my recollection of the data was that 43 percent of 3-K seats, extended day, extended year seats were actually filled. Most in a place like District 16 in Ocean Hill, Brownsville, just 13 percent of extended day, extended year seats were actually filled despite everybody in that community being income eligible so there's a serious disconnect of what's happening at DOE. I'm looking for our sibling agencies like ACS and HRA to do more to help connect every family who's getting a voucher, is eligible for those extended day, extended year seats. Is there more that ACS can do to help us fill those seats effectively? What have you been doing and what can we do moving forward? Thank you.

are really working obviously through MyCity at sort of a joint application. That's been one of the reasons we've seen such a nice uptick in voucher enrollment. We also are focused on high-need community districts to make sure that families there are aware, and we've seen a 500 percent increase in those community districts outpacing citywide growth, which is slowly addressing an equity issue that has been longstanding. We're also working with Robin Hood

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campaign. Is the campaign now citywide and, if not,
when will it be expanded to citywide?

this. So just to say a couple of words. This is an initiative that we started in October as a pilot and then have early in the year of this Calendar Year, we determined to go citywide. We have provided 4,000-plus notices. By Memorial Day, all of our staff will be trained in this new protocol and we will be citywide.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay. To go back to the Workforce Institute, what type of employees are eligible? Can anybody take any programming? You just have like a list of courses and anyone can kind of sign up.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: There are courses that are mandated. Obviously, becoming a new child protective specialist, we have a prevention onboarding program. We are developing a foster care onboarding program so those will be expected and mandated. There's also mandates around training for LGBTQIA-plus and implicit bias, and then there are sort of electives, if you will, to come learn more about a particular practice that you might be working

2 at, and that is learn about leadership and those are 3 more elective.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you. One more question. Back to rights and notices. I know you said you distributed 4,000 notices. Where were they distributed? Do you have like a borough breakdown?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We do. I don't have the exact numbers, but pretty much citywide across boroughs. We started the pilot in Brownsville and then a few neighborhoods in the Bronx, and then we've been extending from there, going zone by zone. As you know, we're organized in zones in our borough infrastructure and we'll be done in the next few weeks.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, and are there any media strategies also included in this because it seems very grassroots, which grassroots, I think, is always the way to go, but do you have any other plans to diversify your outreach?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We are making sure that it's available on our website. There's been a daily news coverage of this initiative. I'm planning on doing some media outreach next week

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COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH

around this and other things so we want to get the word out for sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Yeah. Thank you, Chairs.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, now we have questions from Council Member Joseph followed by Louis.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Good morning. Great to see you all here.

I have a couple of questions. In the 6.5 million for the foster care recruitment and retention to be used to address the shortage of foster homes, how many homes do you have now, and what's the shortage rate?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We have, I believe, around 3,000 foster homes right now. We have in our pipeline another 400 or so and, as you know, Council Member, we're working really hard to rely on kinship foster parents. About half of our children entering care are going to kinship and making sure that we're providing them the resources and support that they need.

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COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Absolutely.

Kinship and KinGAP, I've always advocated for that as

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you for that, and out of your 4.4 million for foster care education and employment services to support youth in achieving academic and career success, can you give us a little elaboration on that? And the last time you guys were here in our hearing for Close to Home, it was a question that I had asked around students being in school. What's your relationship once a child is in your care? Let's say, for example, they have an IEP. What's the relationship between you and D79, which when I believe your Commissioner was here, she said it was all on D79. Is that true or is there a partnership because I would like to know if a child comes into your care, it has to be two agencies working together for the child to achieve success, right?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Absolutely. It is a partnership. I believe what our Deputy Commissioner was saying was who is doing the assessment, but it's absolutely a partnership. For

young people who come into our care, we actually have a very robust data match with the Department of Education, New York City Public Schools, where we are getting information on things like attendance, things like promotion and doubt so we can target where we need to intervene and make sure that young people have what they need if they need to have a new school setting, if they needed another service and, really, we really do focus on school stability on entry. We don't want children to lose their community but, if we discover over the course of their time with us that they could use a different setting or service, then we work with our partners in New York City Public Schools, as you know and advocated for, thank you, they have a new office dedicated to young people who are in our care, which has been a real boon.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Absolutely, and a bill to attach to that, because we wanted to capture the data. There's never been data on that unique population of students in foster care from K to 12 so I was really excited to work on that as well as how about employment? How do we track our young people to make sure that when they enter our care, if they stay

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with us, how we're putting them on a pathway to
success.

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GOMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: That data is going to be captured in a new database for Fair Futures called Care For so we're working specifically, we have a really excellent leader for workforce development. As I was mentioning earlier, we're going to have over a thousand young people plus an SYAP this summer, and then we have a Commissioner's internship program. We have lots of young people at ACS throughout the summer, which is a real joy.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Chairs, can I ask one more question, please?

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. How will the 5.5 for foster care mental health and wellness services. Can you walk me through that process?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Most of that is for services looking at for young people who are coming into care. We are working on training for foster care agencies in lots of new trauma models.

There are new models that are not intrusive,

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especially if young people don't want to be in traditional therapy, and so using sort of stimulation of eyes and different things so a lot of that is investing in training up providers so all of our providers have young people in foster care and Medicaid-managed care, and so there's resources that come through Medicaid directly to our foster care providers and they provide the medical and mental health or contract for it so our role is really around making sure the mental health of young people coming into care, if they're at the Children's Center, and in helping to provide new training for our providers so that they can add to their array of services.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you. How many unaccompanied minors do you have in care right now?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: The number in care I don't have for you. What I can say is we have seen an increase in the number of children who are destitute and are coming to us. Typically, it was 40 to 50 in a given year. Last year, it was 90. So far this Calendar Year, we have over 40 young people who have come into our care as destitute. Some of that is

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unaccompanied minors. We don't track it that way
exactly, but we know where we're filing petitions
because a young person comes to us or a provider
calls us and they are destitute. Their family is not
here and they need to come into our care and they get
all of the services and supports that any other young
person in foster care will get.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Including language access and everything culturally.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Indeed. Our language access budget for the Children's Center has increasingly been going up and making sure that they have everything they need in whatever dialect they speak and whatever language that they speak.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: How do you do recruitment if you're looking to place that child?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: We're looking at that. I think traditionally, it's been more Spanish-speaking, and so we're seeing a much greater diversity in language and so we want to get the word out. We've been able to place sibling groups and young people. There are times where we find a loving placement, there isn't someone who speaks that dialect, and then we use translation and

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interpretation services to do the best we can, and then obviously work with schools and all the great work they're doing around this.

COUNCIL MEMBER JOSEPH: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, we have questions from Council Member Louis followed by Sanchez on Zoom.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair, and good morning. Thank you all for being here.

I have a couple of questions so I'll just state them and then you guys could feel free to answer as best as you can.

The Interagency Asylum Seeker Task Force that was formed by ACS, DOE, and GBV to provide outreach to families at asylum-seeker shelters regarding school enrollment for their children, so I wanted to know, how does the task force provide information to asylum seeker families and what languages are available to ensure that you can effectively serve them? What is ACS' role in the task force? How many students have been enrolled in school with the assistance of the task force? What other agencies are involved with the task force? Do you

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anticipate in the FY25 budget an impact if you have
to add additional agencies to the actual task force?
What would that look like potentially? The other
question I have is in regards to Horizon and
Crossroads. Would you be able to tell us how many
young people would fit the criteria of asylum-seekers
and how does the task force support the young people
at Crossroads and Horizons?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you. We've been working with our sibling agencies, City agencies, for the last couple of years on these important issues and making sure we're meeting the needs of asylum-seekers. A lot is centered around that task force. We have also, led by our Division of Prevention Services, have been having providers sponsor a HERRC or a shelter. We had a number of events this spring out at shelters to get information out, of the variety that you're speaking about. Schools, ways in which they can get support, concrete resources that we can provide them. We're really working to get to where they're living and where they are to make sure they know all the resources that the City can provide. We have our new hotline in place and our new website to make sure there's contact

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there. We do not at this point, I believe, have any young people who are classified as asylum-seekers at Horizon or Crossroads. We are using translation there because there are some Spanish-speaking-only young people there, and I can get you a number if any young people have come to us as asylum-seekers.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you. Thank you, Chair.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay. Council Member Sanchez on Zoom followed by Brooks-Powers.

COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Good morning.

Thank you, Chairs Brannan and Stevens, and good
morning, Commissioner.

ACS, which is shedding light on the disproportionate impact of emergency removals on communities of color, with black children accounting for 41 percent and Latinx children accounting for 38 percent of emergency removals, despite only accounting for 35 and 55 percent of the child population respectively, and the removals concentrated in neighborhoods like Williamsbridge, Baychester, Soundview, Parkchester in the Bronx, Hollis in East New York. My first question is, how does the Administration interpret these

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inequities, and what steps has the Agency taken to improve upon the inequities, and my second question is what measures are in place to ensure that families are aware of and able to access mental health services after any childhood removal? How are these resources made available currently? And, if you have the ability to answer this question, what percentage of children who face removals and are then returned home are able to access mental healthcare within a year or a specific timeframe? Thank you.

Council Member, for the question. This obviously is deeply important. As you may know, it is seven times more likely that a black child is a subject of a state central register report as a white child, and Hispanic/Latinx is five times more likely than a white child, and we take these racial disparities very seriously. As it relates to removals, we have been decreasing the number of removals. We actually saw a marked decrease during COVID, and we're at about the same level now. You're speaking about a subset of removals that are emergency removals, which are about half of our removals. When we proceed to court, we worked with advocates. They asked us in

those instances to not have a child safety conference but to go directly into court to ensure due process for families, and we have made that adjustment so to get legal support in there as quickly as possible. We also, what we see when we go to court is about three quarters of the young people are placed into foster care after emergency removal. The rest usually have some sort of supervision. Sometimes in the middle of the night, there's no caretaker for a child, but we're able to resolve that in the morning and the child will come into foster care. When children are removed, parents work with the provider agency that they are assigned to and placed with, and they have a whole host of services in each community around mental health. Obviously, that engagement can be difficult work, and our providers work diligently to try to support parents. I wouldn't have the numbers about mental health resources post a child not coming into care just because we don't have a way to track that, but I share your interest in that and concern about that, and we will look for ways to do some outreach there or have other providers outreach to make sure that there are services available.

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1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH 88 2 COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you, 3 Commissioner. Just a followup, does that mean then that of children that are placed into care, they all 4 are able to access mental health services? COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Absolutely. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER SANCHEZ: Thank you, Commissioner, and thank you, Chairs. 8 COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you. CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, 10 11 Council Member. We've also been joined by Council Member Powers. 12 13 Now, we have questions from Council Member Brooks-Powers followed by Menin. 14 15 COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, Chairs, and thank you for today's testimony. 16 17 I wanted to just spend a quick moment on headcount and vacancies. The Executive Plan transfers 18 27 positions across budget codes, BC0503 to 0509. 19 20 Which program did these positions originate from, and 21 where were they transferred to, why was the transfer made and, of the 27 positions, how many are vacant, 2.2 2.3 and what are the titles? Then separately, as of March

2024, ACS had a 9.2 percent vacancy rate with

approximately 653 positions vacant. Does the Agency

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have adequate headcount to effectively run all of its programs and initiatives? If not, please detail, and in which areas or programs does ACS have vacancies, is the agency actively seeking to fill the positions, and what are the priority positions that ACS is most focused on hiring? I can repeat any of those.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I'll appreciate that. I'll start and see where we are. We're really excited about this transfer of positions. As you may know, the number of families that we're filing family court cases related to has been coming down sharply. In 2017, we were supervising over 5,000 families. Today, we're supervising about 2,500, and so the staff dedicated to that supervision, court-ordered supervision, is in our family services unit, and so with that sort of caseload coming way down, we're looking at how can we take resources from downstream around supervision and move them upstream, and so that transfer will move to our Family Preservation Program. These are also CPS, so it's same title. They'll move. It's on a voluntary basis. They would move, be re-trained, and then they can deploy, and they don't have a sort of case, if you will. They're really there to help families with access to

benefits, to resolving issues that are creating safety issues. This is, we're hoping, can really enhance our toolkit around safety while we continue to not use removals unless we absolutely have to so we're excited about that.

Overall, we have seen increases in availability of child protective staff, increases in youth development specialists and special officers.

We are hiring for all of those and continue to have classes. We just had a class finish for CPS. We have a new one starting. As I was mentioning earlier, we have a new class of 150 CPS. It's the biggest class we've had in some time. We have a graduation for YDS today, and so we are continuing to hire to make sure that all the vacancies are filled.

Anything I missed?

COUNCIL MEMBER BROOKS-POWERS: Nope, that's it. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, now we have questions Council Member Menin.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you so much,
Chair Brannan and Chair Stevens.

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I have a question on your testimony. You testified that there are now over 37,000 children enrolled in childcare with a low-income voucher helping offset costs to the family, a 105 percent increase from this time last year. Now, we know that approximately 375,000 parents had to leave the workforce in recent years because they could not access affordable and accessible childcare, costing the City over 2.2 billion dollars in lost economic revenue. My question is the Council passed a package of bills last year to get New York City on the path to universal childcare. One of those bills creates an advisory board. What is your role in that advisory board and getting us on a path to universal childcare?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you,

Council Member. We are a member of that advisory

board. Typically, our Deputy Commissioner, Elizabeth

Wolkomir represents us there. It's run by the Mayor's

Office of Childcare. We absolutely have an agenda to

grow childcare and to make it as expansive as

possible. We appreciate your call towards universal

care so the number that you referenced is accurate.

We've seen 105 percent increase. If you go back

another year, it was only 7,000 enrolled in lowincome vouchers and now we're at 37,000, and we have the green light to continue to enroll families in

5 childcare.

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COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: In terms of the vouchers, one of the other Council bills requires a subsidy portal to access federal, state and city subsidies. Can you give an update on what is happening there with that portal and the number of families who are able to access those subsidies?

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I believe it's been completed. There's also MyCity, which has been amazing...

COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Yeah, the subsidy portal is complete. I guess what I'm asking is what is the Agency's role in helping families access that portal to ensure that families are able to take advantage of every single subsidy that is available to them because one of the problems is a lot of families are not aware that there are various subsidies that they can access so what is the agency proactively doing to get families to that portal and helping them navigate that portal?

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2	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you. We
3	traditionally have not had that type of program at
4	ACS. We were developing actually with Robin Hood and
5	also with Casey Family Programs and work to make sure
6	all the families that we interact with have access to
7	not only that portal but knowledge about all the
8	resources that are available to them. We do a lot of
9	work on housing for families that folks might not
10	know about. We work with a new organization called
11	Anthos, both for families to get them into housing
12	from our preventive services and young people who are
13	leaving care, and so we're growing this.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: How many languages
15	is a portal currently available in?
16	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: I believe all of
17	the citywide languages, the 11 citywide.
18	My team is just sharing with me. There's
19	also been a campaign about MyCity that has been
20	growing.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER MENIN: Thank you.
22	COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you.
23	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay,

Commissioner and your team, thank you so much for

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your testimony today. We look forward to working with you on this budget.

COMMISSIONER DANNHAUSER: Thank you, Chair Brannan, and thank you, Chair Stevens.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, so we'll take a break until noon when we'll hear from DYCD in about 45 minutes. Thank you.

[GAVEL] Okay, good afternoon. We're now ready to begin the final Executive Budget hearing for the day and for the week. We'll be focused on the Department of Youth and Community Development. I'm still joined by my Colleague and Chair of the Committee on Children and Youth, Council Member Althea Stevens.

Welcome, Commissioner Howard and your team. Thank you all for joining us today to answer our questions.

Just to set the table here, on April 24, 2024, the Administration released their Executive Financial Plan for FY24 to '28 with a proposed FY25 budget of 111.6 billion dollars. DYCD's proposed FY25 budget of 1.2 billion represents 1.1 percent of the Administration's proposed FY25 budget in the Executive Plan. This is an increase of 52 million, or

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4 percent, from the originally proposed 1.1 billion in the Preliminary Plan. This increase results largely from new baseline funding for the CMS, Crisis Management System, and the Neighborhood Safety Alliance anti-gun violence programs, increased funding for the job connections program, and a cost-of-living adjustment for the human service workers at non-profits.

As of March 2024, DYCD had 39 vacancies relative to their budgeted headcount in FY24. My questions today will largely focus on the Office of Neighborhood Safety and the Administration's inaction on items in the Council's DYCD Preliminary Budget response. In the response, the Council called for a restoration of 44.4 million dollars, the DYCD budget cut, along with 14.9 million to support several programs for runaway and homeless youth, and 10 million dollars for adult literacy, none of which the administration acted upon. What restorations the Mayor has made in the Executive Budget represent a fraction of the unnecessary cuts made to programs that support some of the most vulnerable New Yorkers. As I mentioned earlier today, the Council has identified more than enough available resources to do 2 | right by these communities and these agencies.

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There's no need to balance the budget on the backs of runaway kids.

I now want to turn to my co-chair for this hearing, Council Member Althea Stevens, for her opening statement.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Good afternoon, and welcome to Fiscal 2025 Executive Budget hearing for the Department of Youth and Community Service.

I'm Council Member Althea Stevens, Chair of the Committee on Children and Youth.

Today we will be hearing from DYCD's

Commissioner Keith Howard, First Deputy Commissioner

Alan Cheng, and Chief Financial Officer Nydia Bailey.

Thank you for joining us.

After discussing the Fiscal 2025

Preliminary Budget for DYCD a few weeks ago, we are here again to discuss the Fiscal Executive Expense

Budget, which stands at 1.2 billion. The Executive

Budget includes an additional 13.8 million for human service costs of living increase, COLA win, which provides a 3 percent increase over the three years for those employed by City-contracted non-profit organizations, which we are all very happy about. The

2 plan also added 9.4 million for the Officer of

3 Economic Opportunity Adjustment for the Advanced and

4 Earn Program that helps to train employee young

5 adults ages 16 through 24. DYCD's Fiscal 2025

6 Executive Budget has three new needs, Crisis

7 Management System expansion, 8.6 million; Job

8 Connection Program, 16.9 million; and Neighborhood

9 | Safety Alliance, 2.5 million. As we continue with

10 today's Executive Budget hearing, I would like to

11 know more about each of those new needs and services

12 associated with them.

understanding of this today.

I must also say that the Fiscal 2025

Preliminary Budget, I was pleased to learn that the once backlog of DYCD contract no longer exists.

However, after talking with providers, there was a number of them that said that that was not necessarily the case. DYCD also stated in the last Preliminary hearing, they would be meeting with legal providers regarding the PEGs. However, I was also informed that that meeting still hasn't taken place, although those services will be eliminated due to the PEGs very shortly. I hope we can get a better

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2	I am continuously disappointed by the
3	lack of urgency that the City continues to show when
4	it comes to runaway and homeless youth, RHY. Every
5	day we are reminded that there's a need for more beds
6	in the RHY system. The budget response for DYCD, a
7	total value of 73.1 million included seven
8	priorities, four of which related to the high demand
9	
9	of our RHY youth for additional beds, housing
10	navigators, and residential contracts. I'm
11	disappointed to see that none of those were funded
12	and was added into the Executive Budget. My hope is
13	that we will be able to include them in the adopted
14	budget for the thousands of young people who
15	desperately need these services. We can no longer
16	wait and see what happens. Now it is time we must
17	make sure that we are pushing our young people in the
18	right direction. We must invest in the programs that
19	will make a difference for our youth. As summer is
20	approaching, we all agree that we want to see
21	children enjoy summer camp, young people developing
22	new workforce skills, and our community centers being
23	safe havens. However, as the budget stands, those

things are in jeopardy.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Chair.

The Fiscal 2025 adopted budget is fast approaching. The Council will continue to fight to ensure that the City budget is fair, transparent, and accountable to all New Yorkers. As Chair of the Committee on Children and Youth, I will continue to advocate for accountability, accuracy, and to ensure that the budget represents the needs and interests of children and young people across the city and that the programs are equipped with adequate funding to serve everyone in need. My expectation is that DYCD will be responsive to the questions and concerns of Council Members. I hope that the Fiscal 2025 adopted budget meets the goals set forth by the Council. We want to ensure that program is provided with the necessities to meet everyday challenges our youth face.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank my Chief-of-Staff, Lamont, and the entire ATeam back in the District Office, Sandra Gray,
Financial Analyst; Aliya Ali, Unit Head; Christine
Yellamaty, Counsel to the Committee; and Elizabeth
Arzt, Policy Analyst to the Committee. I would now
like to turn it back over to Chair Brannan.

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Before we get started, I also want to take a quick minute just to thank the entire Finance Division who works very, very hard behind the scenes, especially this whole week and today, preparing for these hearings, most especially to Aliya Ali and Sandra Gray, my Committee Counsel, Mike Twomey, and all the Finance Analysts.

Once again, for this year's Executive Budget joint hearings, we'll take public testimony on an agency's Executive Budget the same day, meaning after DYCD is finished testifying. If you haven't, if you wish to speak on DYCD and you're here today or you're watching on Zoom, you got to make sure to fill out a witness slip and sign up with the Sergeant-at-Arms.

I'll now turn it over to our Committee Counsel to swear in the witnesses and we can get started.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Good afternoon. Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions? Commissioner Howard.

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH 101
2	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Deputy
3	Commissioner Cheng.
4	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER CHENG: Yes.
5	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: CFO Bailey.
6	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Yes.
7	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Darryl Rattray.
8	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Yes.
9	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Daphne
10	Montanez.
11	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Yes.
12	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Susan Haskell.
13	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: Yes.
14	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Julie Breitman.
15	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER BREITMAN: Yes.
16	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Mike Bobbitt.
17	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: Yes.
18	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: And Rong Zhang.
19	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Yes.
20	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Thank you. You
21	may begin.
22	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Good afternoon,
23	Chair Stevens and Chair Brannan and Members of the
24	Committee on Children and Youth and Finance. I am
25	DYCD's Commissioner Keith Howard. I am joined today

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by First Deputy Commissioner Alan Cheng and Chief
Financial Officer Nevita Bailey. We are pleased to be

4 here to discuss the Fiscal 2025 Executive Budget.

The budget stands at 1.17 billion. It is composed of 926.8 million or 78.54 percent in City tax levy funds, 141.2 million or 11.97 percent in intra-city funds, 99.5 million or 8.43 percent in federal funds, and 12.5 million or about 1 percent in state funding. We are pleased that the Mayor's Executive Budget invests in an array of services for young people, including education, childcare, and cultural services, and adds funding for DYCD.

As we discussed in March, the Office of Neighborhood Safety, ONS, officially joined DYCD in Fiscal Year 2024. This Office includes the Mayor's Action Plan for Neighborhood Safety, the Office to Prevent Gun Violence, Atlas, and related employment services. These programs are aligned with DYCD's mission and improves community police relations, reduce crime and incarceration, and diminish contact with the criminal justice system. The Executive Budget includes new and additional programming in ONS, including 15 million for a new workforce development program that will offer work readiness

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and occupational training, internship and job
placement to 500 New Yorkers age 18 to 40 who have
been involved in the criminal justice system or
impacted by community violence, 8.6 million for the
Crisis Management System to continue support for Cure
Violence services and mental health services in gun
violence safety precincts, 2.5 million to support the
Neighborhood Safety Alliance which fosters
collaboration between communities, actors, law
enforcement, agencies, and City services to reduce
gun violence in six gun violence safety precincts.

The launch of the Summer Youth Employment Program is in two months. DYCD and other providers have been busy at work to make it a successful year. The 2024 application for participants and worksites was released on January 22nd, making the earliest release to date. It underscores the commitment to program quality by providing participants ample time to prepare for their summer experience and allowing providers to work with the New York City business and non-profit community to develop additional worksite. We are grateful for the Council's support of early and baseline funding for SYEP, which made this possible. The application period closed on March 15th

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with a record number of young people applying to the program. A significant portion of these applications resides in the six priority police precincts and targeted NYCHA development.

DYCD organized targeted recruitment events in priority precincts with CMS groups, utilized New York City's public school communications channels for direct outreach to students and parents and coordinated special recruitment events at NYCHA developments and Cornerstone Community Centers. SYEP enrollment are currently underway and processing smoothly. We expect to be fully enrolled in the coming weeks. Enrolled young people are currently completing their work readiness training, including financial literacy, mindfulness, to prepare for their summer experience. All SYEP participants will receive at least two hours of financial literacy education.

empowerment peer mentoring pilot. SYEP participants who attend a CUNY College Now course on financial literacy will serve as peer mentors to youth in traditionally under-represented communities. We are expanding initiatives piloted in previous years. SYEP Pride, Credit Pilot, and pathways and serving more

youth in program slots set aside for youth with
barriers to employment, residing in targeted
precincts and public housing.

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We successfully completed this year's Work, Learn and Grow program, serving more than 7,000 youth. Thanks to the Mayor and the Council for the major investment. Over one third of participants reside in our attended schools within the six priority precincts identified in the Mayor's Blueprint for Community Safety. We are on track to serve 100,000 young people and are working with our providers to develop a new and engaging work site that meets our young people's interests. We want to thank, of course, Chair Stevens for enlisting Council Members for the participants in SYEP to work and serve in their work site and their offices. We successfully this year with Work, Learn and Grow program and the Council support and the amount of participants, our staff and providers has also focused on another blueprint program, which is Summer Rising. We appreciate the constant feedback from the Council on how to make improvement and in particular from Chair Stevens and Joseph. Since February, DYCD has held and led biweekly Summer Rising convenings

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for providers, sharing resources to support quality programming, offering peer support for best practices, clarifying policies and procedures with key personnel, including our partners at New York City Public Schools and offering professional development. The application portal was open March 4th through March 25th for Summer Rising, earlier and longer than past years. We received 138,000 applications demonstrating continued interest in summer programs. 110,000 families were offered placement in one of their application choices, which included 100 percent of students with a 12-month individual education program, an IEP, and 87 percent of all IEP applicants, 100 percent of students in temporary housing, 100 percent of students in foster care. Families can still sign up and join the waiting list for programs through myschool@nycd.gov/summerrising.

We also are pleased that on July 5th, we will open our 100th Cornerstone Program. After being closed for decades, the following significant capital investments and improvement, the Gowanus Houses

Community Center will be re-opened as a Cornerstone

Program with our senior partner, Grand Street

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Settlement, as the providers. Re-opening the center was one of the top priorities for residents and was included as part of the Gowanus Neighborhood Rezoning process. We thank the Council for its strong advocacy to get the center open and for local residents who have assisted in provider selection and the planning process in developing programming.

The 2025 Executive Budget places DYCD in a strong position to accomplish much in communities across the city. Thank you again for the opportunity to discuss the Executive Budget. We are pleased to answer your questions.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Commissioner. I'm going to jump right into it.

You talked about the Office of
Neighborhood Safety. As you noted, the Office of
Neighborhood Safety Program was transferred from MOCJ
to DYCD at the FY24 Adopted Budget, and this year,
the Executive Plan includes 153.6 million in FY25 for
the Office of Neighborhood Safety. Does the agency
have enough funding to run the program?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Currently, the agency has enough funding to run the Office of Neighborhood Safety.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Good morning.

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ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Chair Brannan. So back in March, we should have been at 18 and if I... I need to look at the testimony but, if I said 10 by mistake, I apologize for that. It was definitely 18 and, since, we added on one more

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Obviously, you'd love to be fully staffed up, but are you good with that amount? I mean, you could always use more, are you asking for more?

headcount, and we have three or four vacancies.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We are currently okay with that.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay. I believe I mentioned before the Council called upon the Administration to restore 44.4 million dollars in cuts to DYCD programs from the November and Preliminary Plan in our budget response. The cuts that we called to be restored were a lot of the things that you just mentioned, including the baseline reductions to some of DYCD's most utilized programs, such as COMPASS, ONS, Summer Rising. Why was the funding for the restoration of these programs not included in the Executive Budget?

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Good morning, Chair Brannan.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Good morning.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Hi. As you know, the City is in an interesting fiscal climate. We are in ongoing conversations with OMB but, at this time, they have not put those funds back in our budget.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: What evaluation does DYCD do to determine which programs to cut, so when OMB comes to you and says you have to do a PEG, how do you pick?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: So we had the same question in March, and I think any Commissioner, of course, we don't like PEGs, and it's one of the, in terms of a management, it's one of the conditions of making sure that the City remains in a fiscal situation and, as you know, back then in a certain place in time, the way that the fiscal crisis was, we had no other choice but to have a PEG aligned with all of our other City agencies so we don't like selecting or reviewing and seeing exactly where we would cut at. That's not something that we enjoy, but I'm good to, and understand that with the Mayor and

Council and a lot of other stakeholders reviewing the budget and fiscal condition of the City, we're not where we were before.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Do you have a sense of how many youth participants were impacted by the reductions in that funding?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Hi, Chair Brannan. Can you be specific about what initiative you're referring to?

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: I mean, you could pick one, or you could talk about COMPASS or ONS or Summer Rising.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Well, primarily the reductions as far as service reductions was primarily in our afterschool portfolio, and that would be around the contract changes and that was due usually for low utilization. There was a program elimination, and that was the Explorer program, and then there was a Summer Rising hours reduction, so the Summer Rising hours reduction was at a slot reduction. That was just to change the program model but, when we're referencing the slot reduction, the baseline for FY25, the reduction would be 109 slots.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: 109 slots in 3 which program?

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: That is for the COMPASS area, and that's where the contract changes, and that reduction is about 109 slots.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay.

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: So just to be full, there's also the SONYC slot loss, and that was about 1,300 slots, and then the Explorer program was a reduction of about 2,100 slots so in

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total, we're talking about 3,500 slots.

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these unnecessary cuts, what was it, 3,500 kids?

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: 3,500, a

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: So because of

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little over 3,500, but just even number, 3,500 slots

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over a system of over 100,000 slots so we are a very

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vast system. As the Commissioner mentioned, PEGs are

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not something that the City wants to do. We all have

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charges and directives, and so we were determining

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what is the least way to have an impact to our

maximize different funding streams. We looked at

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program, so where we could, we did revenue swaps to

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programs that had lower utilization. We thought about

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programs that had more comprehensive services to keep

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the impact of services.

them whole so we really wanted to be intentional
about how we approached reductions to our program
budget. At no point and at no way are we saying this
is reflective of the programs that served, but we
were given a task, and so we wanted to make sure that
we kind of met our target where we try to minimize

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Yeah. Yeah, look, the Council maintains it's just unfortunate you even had to go through this exercise. It was never necessary in the first place and, as you're pointing out, it had real-world impacts.

Let's talk about adult literacy. Adult
Literacy Coalition is calling for the Administration
to include an additional 10 million to the DYCD Adult
Literacy (INAUDIBLE) the current FY25 prelim funding
level of 21.7 million dollars, which will address the
funding issue in the RFP. The Executive Plan, once
again, does not recognize any additional funding for
the adult literacy program. The Council called on the
Administration in our budget response to provide an
additional 10 million. The additional 10 million
would restore some of the 16-million reduction in the
new RFP. Could you talk about why that funding wasn't

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2 included in the Executive Budget and why wasn't that 3 prioritized?

wouldn't necessarily say it wasn't prioritized. I don't think that's the approach that we take regarding our budget. At this time, though, it wasn't included in the (INAUDIBLE) budget, but I will, again, reference that our price per participant did increase in the new RFP and in our new program model to 1,300, but there's been no additional funding that's been added to our budget regarding the adult literacy portfolio.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: So in the prelim hearing, you'd mentioned that there were technical adjustments that had to take place to correct the adult literacy budget. What's the corrected budget for that program?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Well, the budget still remains the same, but I know that there's a variance of about a little over 1 million, 1 to 2 million, and that doesn't mean that there's been a reduction to the RFP that's on the street. It just means that we still have to do one minor technical adjustment so I know that I mentioned in

2 influx of primarily non-English speakers, the City

3 did not adequately fund DYCD's adult literacy

4 programs. Speak a little bit more about how DYCD is

5 proposing to address the needs of adult New Yorkers

6 and asylum seekers.

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Some of the programs that Deputy Commissioner Bobbitt is going to talk about is the programs that we have at the HERRC, but I'll let Mike expand on that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: Thank you,

Commissioner. Thank you for the question. In addition

to providing the baseline literacy services, as the

Commissioner points out, we've been supporting

English as a second language at the HERRC, the

Emergency Relocation Humanitarian Centers. We've

provided those services at five centers in the prior

year and currently provide services at six sites.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: So you're only providing it at the HERRCs because I know there's a bunch of different sites, or is it...

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: The expansion I'm referring to is at the HERRCs, but all of our current investments can receive New Yorkers, including asylum seekers. There's no restriction.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay. We've also been joined by Council Members Brewer and Avilés, and now I'm going to hand it over to my Co-Chair, Council Member Stevens.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Hi, good afternoon. I'll jump right into it because I have a lot of questions as you guys know.

DYCD's Executive Plan includes three new needs, totaling 28 million dollars in Fiscal 2025, 42.4 million is Fiscal 2026, 54.5 million is Fiscal 2027, and 66.5 million in Fiscal 2025. Were there any other new needs requested that DYCD made that did not get included in the Executive Budget?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: No, but we are still assessing our needs in the agency and have ongoing conversations with OMB so I wouldn't say that it's reflective of everything, but most of our needs have been addressed.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I don't know if all of them have been addressed, but I'll let it go.

The Job Connect program, the Executive

Budget included an additional 16.9 million of City

funding in Fiscal 2025, which is associated with the

headcount increase of 28, increasing to the

2 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We're looking to

3 | land it in July.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: In July? All right, so July 1. All right, great.

Again, this is a program that was in another agency until it was moved over, and so my question is like, what was the evaluation process and what are some of the indications of success that this is a program that's worthy of like expanding and continuing so would love to hear what that process looks like with this transition.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I'm going to call Associate Commissioner Daphne Montanez, but what I will say is that the program when it was over at the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice, MOCJ, as you can recall, it was a pilot program so...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And in pilot programs we should have evaluations done as we're expanding it because that's the whole point of the pilot, right? So we could see if it's working before we expand and roll...

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Absolutely.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: It out so I would love to hear what the evaluation was like and was it

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conducted by you guys or was it conducted by MOCJ? I
guess the other question.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, there's a joint effort between the two agencies to do an evaluation of when it was at MOCJ and how it transferred over to DYCD. We're in constant communication and our teams are working collaboratively together to make sure that the evaluation lands before the end of the contract or a little bit into the end of the contract. The contract expiration, as you know, is June 30th at the end of the Fiscal Year. Now, what we've noticed about the program is that there was a targeted population of young adults age 25 to 35 that was under-represented in the program. The program also needed to be expanded in terms of more subcontractors, new industries, and also some other services as well. I'll let Commissioner Montanez talk about it first.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I'm sorry,
Commissioner, before you go...

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Sure.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Because there was a couple, I'm just going to raise a red flag because if the start date for the program is July 1...

afternoon, Chair. Thank you.

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Just following up on the Commissioner's remarks regarding the new program, the Precision Employment Program was transferred to us at the start of the Fiscal Year and was launched in the previous Administration as a pilot, and it is ending at the end...

that, so can we just talk about the evaluation because I think that that's the piece, and this is something not just with DYCD. This is what we do all the time. We have these pilot programs and then we're not evaluating them before we expand it. That just does not make sense and so, for me, we don't have to wait for the program to end to do consistent evaluations and so I'm just trying to figure out has there been done? What are the indications of success that we should be expanding this program? Like that's where I want to talk about so he kind of already talked about that so can we talk about the evaluation process?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: So the evaluation process is collaboratively being discussed and worked on between MOCJ and DYCD.

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH 124
2	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So how do we know
3	the program was successful?
4	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We don't know until
5	we get an evaluation so that's the whole point.
6	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So there was no
7	evaluation plan yet? Got it.
8	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Because you can't
9	look at what was happening in the COVID days when
10	this program actually originated in MOCJ
11	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So shouldn't we
12	be expanding the pilot then?
13	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: And as it expanded
14	all over to DYCD, so we want to make sure we get a
15	full scope
16	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: (INAUDIBLE) We're
17	cutting money in other programs that we know we have
18	evaluations for, and now we have a new program that
19	we don't have data to show that it's successful and
20	we're expanding.
21	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, we know
22	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So that's why
23	things like this stresses me out because that does

not make sense.

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, I try not to stress you out, but we know for a fact that there was a targeted population of 25 to 35 young adults who were under-served in the program and then there were some other items that we wanted to make sure that with this expanded program, we actually land on. What are those additional items?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Yes, so the evaluation continues but, since we inherited the program, we have been evaluating the program, conducting site visits.

evaluations that you've done, what are the indications of success? Because you just said you have been evaluating them. What does that look like? What have you guys been seeing? Because I just want us to make sure that when we're expanding on programs and moving it from a pilot and you just said you guys are doing ongoing evaluations, what does that look like?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Yes, so some of the indicators that we've seen and opportunities that we're looking to grow in our new program include paid trainings and internships

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throughout the course of the period of service, and that has actually led to higher retention rates, and we're looking to continue that in the new program starting next year. We also know that the core group or age range has been anywhere from 25 to 35 years of age, and there has traditionally been a gap of services in terms of providing wraparound comprehensive workforce development programs so, in our new program, we will target individuals 18 to 40 years of age, and we will offer a variety of indemand sector-based trainings that will cover a variety of industries because the current program focuses solely on construction and HVAC. We will continue that as an option, but we also want to diversify the trainings that will include other industries such as healthcare, technology, culinary, arts, and also we do see a need for this population to provide wraparound comprehensive supportive services and mental health services. The target population for the new program will be justiceinvolved individuals and individuals from communities who experience high rates of community violence so we know that mental health services and providing trauma-informed care will also be a very important

- 2 element of the program, and ultimately the outcome
- 3 that we're looking for is permanent job placements in

- 4 | in-demand sectors in New York City.
- CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: How many slots
- 6 will be available under the Job Connect program?
- 7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: In Fiscal
- 8 | Year '25, we will serve 500 participants and then
- 9 scale up over four years to ultimately reach 2,000
- 10 young people. Excuse me.
- 11 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I mean, they're
- 12 | not young people at that point.
- DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Not young,
- 14 exactly. 18 to 40 year olds.
- 15 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Do you have like
- 16 a breakdown of what that will look like throughout
- 17 | the boroughs?
- 18 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: In a few
- 19 weeks, we will release a solicitation. Our goal is to
- 20 have programs in every borough offering trainings and
- 21 | providing a variety of sector-based occupational
- 22 trainings, and that was also learning from the
- 23 current Precision Employment Program. They currently
- 24 | have two sites in Brooklyn and the Bronx, and we want

Prevention Task Force in the targeted precincts so

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON 1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH 2 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So just so we're 3 clear, two of those are in my District so hopefully I'll be included in some of those conversations. I 4 know you said elected officials because they were having some meetings before they called me the day 6 7 of. 8 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Absolutely. 9 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: How many providers are involved with the program and, with the 10 11 expansion, how many additional providers will be 12 involved? 13 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We're still talking about the Neighborhood Safety Council? 14 15 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Mm-hmm. 16

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: There'll be six Chairs which will be identified through the procurement that will serve as a coordinating body, but they could enlist innumerable numbers of partners in the interest of promoting safety in the community.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: At the program budget hearing, you testified regarding the initiation of the youth team support program for youth under 18 funded by New York State Office of Children and Family Services and, in the Executive

get awards so far?

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ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: For the amendments, we gave out 47 allocations of the funding.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And I'm sure you don't have it now, but if afterwards, followup, if you could send me a list of the providers that got it?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Yes, we definitely will.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What are the requirements and qualifications for the providers to run this program? There's a number of questions so you could just sit here.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: They have to propose a neighborhood league or sports program that's competitive and includes young people, young adults under the age of 18 from that neighborhood. It shouldn't be a complete add-on to the existing program so, if they have an existing afterschool program, it shouldn't just include those young people, young adults. It should be for that neighborhood, per se. We've gotten some really creative proposals and some that we'll send you, like we have a swimming program up in the Northeast Bronx.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: You said swing?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Swimming.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Oh, I thought you said... I was going to say, wait, what?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Swimming program in the Northeast Bronx in addition to some really creative opportunities for young adults to come together, be coached so it's not just sports, but it's also kind of a mentoring engagement leadership program as well so we're working with those providers now and, to the Commissioner's point, we are reading the proposals that came in for the providers that we don't have major funding with.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: And the definition of sports is more than two people.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: That's correct, so that engagement of sports should be more than two people. It should be some type of competitive play. The other piece, it shouldn't fund professionalized leagues so AAU, those sort of professional kind of "professional leagues" that travel, it shouldn't fund that. It should be more of an amateur local activation.

Τ	CHILDREN AND YOUTH 134
2	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Is this program
3	an opportunity, because I know you said that it can'
4	just be an add-on, so could non-existing DYCD folks
5	apply for this as well?
6	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: That's the other
7	part of the program, which is the competitive
8	application.
9	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And I know we
10	spoke about this. I would love to see a Double Dutch
11	program because we need to bring that back as a lost
12	art.
13	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We definitely heard
14	you on that.
15	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Don't do that.
16	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: No, we heard you.
17	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Because you got
18	your basketball.
19	The YTS program is scheduled to begin
20	July 1, 2024. Does the agency feel that it can meet

The YTS program is scheduled to begin

July 1, 2024. Does the agency feel that it can meet
this deadline, and what are the locations, oroughs,
and districts for this program? That's the same
program. I told you don't go anywhere; I have like
five more questions.

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ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: I'm sorry, Chair Steven. Can you repeat that question? Because you said YTS, you threw me off for a second.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Oh, I'm sorry. Well, that's what they have here. The YTS program is scheduled to start July 1. Does the agency feels that they can meet this deadline so it's scheduled to start July 1.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Okay, great question. So absolutely. So we have staff who are reading those proposals that came in. We're rating them and, yeah, we look forward to completing that process in time to alert those providers who actually received those awards so they can start up in July.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And so you probably don't have it here, but if you could follow up with like the breakdowns for the boroughs and like what districts they're in, that'll be really helpful.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY:

Absolutely. I believe for those that are being rated right now, the most immediate followup will be at the point of award. We can let you know where those were awarded.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: That's fine.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: So not only you, but the rest of the council as well.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah, absolutely. Me, we all the same.

What are the days and times that you are supposed to attend? Is there like a set schedule or is it more up to the provider to kind of create that?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Great question. It allows providers the flexibility to shape that program to meet the needs of the community so it could be on the weekends, it could be in the evenings. Once they're awarded, we work with them closely just to ensure that that schedule makes sense, but it can cover the weekends and evenings as well of course.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Is this part of your portfolio?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER RATTRAY: Yes, it is.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Here we go. Is this in partnership with NYPD and Saturday Night Lights as well? You know, my favorite program.

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especially with these (INAUDIBLE)

1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, I just want to 2 3 add that the Mayor is very, very in tune with his 4 Women Forward and Her Future campaign so all City agencies are required to make sure that we build it out and build out the investment for ... 6 7 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: But I can also hear you coming back to me in a couple of weeks being 8 like, well, those are the only proposals we got so this is what we had to do so, you know, just want to 10 11 make sure that that is something that we're promoting 12 as well. 13 Will there be opportunity for sports to offer young people with disabilities? 14 15 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, we're 16 reviewing what is being submitted. 17 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And is that 18 something we're prioritizing as well? 19 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: That is definitely 20 something that we have our eyes on to make sure that

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Since this is a new program, has the agency been getting the word out to the youth that this will, like, what has the recruitment been, and I know that you announced it at

the sports programming is inclusive.

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the budget hearing but, even as we're gearing up, do
we have a plan around how we're going to get the word
out to neighborhoods and to the young people that
it's supposed to serve?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We're doing two sort of approaches. We're, of course, with DYCD on social media and targeted marketing. We're also requiring our providers who will get awards to make sure that they also highly recruit as well.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Do you believe the funding is sufficient to run these programs?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Absolutely.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Of course, you're going to say that, and then I'll be like no one got enough money.

Administration to restore 44.4 million in cuts to the Department of Youth and Community Development programs from the November and Preliminary Plan in our Preliminary Budget response. Cuts we called on to restore include the baseline reductions to some of the Department's most utilized programs, such as COMPASS, the Office of Neighborhood Safety, and Summer Rising. In its response, the Council called

2 going to replace some of those skills, like

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3 leadership, social and emotional work, workforce

4 development tools since some of the things that we

5 asked for in the budget response, so kind of talk

about some of the other programs that you're offering

7 | in response to some of the things that's been cut.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: I think that's a great question, and I think my Colleague, Navita, put that into good perspective when she noted that although we're not happy to be making any reductions to program areas, it was a small portion of a much larger COMPASS portfolio with hundreds of programs for elementary, hundreds of programs for middle, with high, with our Cornerstones and Beacons so with the modest impact here we're hopeful that all young people who otherwise would have been served in these seats can be served in our portfolio in general.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Don't go anywhere because we still got questions for you because we're going to move on to homeless and runaway youth. Everyone know my favorite topics, and one of the things that, it's one of my main existence, because none of these things were

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addressed in the Executive Budget. The Council Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Budget Response included a call for 6.2-million baseline increase in RHY and to fund 100 additional beds for runaway and homeless youth and young adults. I'm never going to stop until we get these beds, I promise. This includes a request of restoration of 1.6 million for runaway and homeless youth, housing navigators, a total of 1.6 million for youth, peer navigators and drop-in centers, an increase for the current DYCD funded crisis and transitional independent living program contracted to 55 for a total of 5.5 million. The Executive Budget did not address those items and does not include any additional funding for runaway and homeless youth, and it's really disappointing and it's kind of heartbreaking, especially talking to providers just around how they're seeing such a huge increase. I was talking to a provider yesterday as I was coming into City Hall, and I see them here, and so hopefully they'll be testifying later just around how they've been playing semantics with outside funding to make sure that they're still able to serve the influx of young people that they are seeing coming into the drop-in centers and seeing coming in and so, even

when we're talking about the numbers, they're saying that it is not necessarily being reported correctly because they're using other funding so I'm really just kind of sad and that this has not been taken on as a priority, especially when there's so many investments going on with a lot of other programs. I think that this is something that could also be preventing future things, but I'll get to the questioning and get off my soapbox, but to what extent did DYCD advocate to the Administration for additional resources for runaway and homeless youth funding as called by the Council in our budget response?

commissioner Howard: We're still on ongoing conversations with our partners over at OMB to look at the runaway and homeless youth program but, as you and I had discussed in March, the overwhelming amount of asylum and migrants that have gone through the system, I believe we're at 191,000, just over-rode not only DYCD and in this small part that we play, but the whole system in general, so those communications and those conversations, OMB is a constant, and they understand exactly the situation

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2 that our program is in, but they also understand how 3 overwhelmed the system is as well.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And I think we're agreeing on, and I think you play a bigger part than you're building up, like you're not playing a small part, right, because we're not only just dealing with the influx of young people and asylum seekers, but we have an influx of just young people in general so I think you do play a huge part and sometimes it, for me, feels like that is being forgotten.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: But I also think that we both agree that it's a federal government problem.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Absolutely.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: And that we need...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: On the same page.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We need to advocate with the federal government because it's a policy issue...

 $\label{thm:co-chairperson} \mbox{CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: All the things} \\$ that exist.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: That's affecting all the cities.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: On the same page, absolutely a problem, but the kids are here, and so what are we going to do?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Yep.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: How many peer navigators are currently servicing the drop-in centers?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: At this time, peer navigators are not funded for current Fiscal Year.

Don't all answer at the same time.

you don't want to answer is because we know that it's such a useful tool and we all knew that it was working so well, and so this really breaks my heart.

I'm not going to lie. Without funding, how does DYCD plan to address issues like the needs for beds to shelter homeless runaway youth because it is increasing and there is no funding that's being added so, without this, what is the expectation around providers?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, it's still those engagement with OMB to...

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storm the castle?

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: No, we just need to continue to stress to OMB ...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So we should go

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: All right, I heard storm the castle. I'm leaving here and going straight there.

But no, seriously, I think that this is something we definitely have to keep fighting and pushing for because I do know your team has been fighting and want this as well, and you guys are in a very difficult situation because you're given a budget and you have to provide the service and so I don't want to downplay that piece. I do know that you guys are working really hard to fight, but this is something that I think that we have to prioritize with all the other things that we're prioritizing because this is something I've been fighting for the for last two years and there hasn't been much movement, and it's only exasperating and, like I said, I was talking to providers yesterday and I was just kind of heartbroken and to even be, to know that they're trying and doing all the things and you guys know too because you talk to them regularly. Just

2 want to make sure that we're continuously

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3 highlighting and pushing on this together.

In the City Council budget response, we called for an increase to 55 for the current DYCD funded crisis and transitional independent living, TIL, program contracts. What is the greatest impact will the increased contract rate have on the organization's current providing services?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: I'm sorry, Chair Stevens. Are you saying there was an increased rate to the TIL program?

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I think we were asking in the budget response, that's what we were asking for, for an increase.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Okay, so at this point, we have not received that funding, but we have it in the budget response and we'll have that included in our conversations with OMB.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I have a number of other questions, but I'm going to pause here to give my Colleagues some time to ask questions and then I'll come back.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: We have questions from Council Member Louis followed by Williams.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair. It's good to see you, Commissioner, and your team. All right, I got a couple of questions. Some Chair Stevens highlighted earlier.

Intro. 54 took place in July 11, 2023,

and would require DYCD to include financial literacy training as part of all youth employment programs for runaway and homeless youth. In your testimony, you mentioned SYEP Pride, Credit Pilot, CUNY College Now Peer Mentoring so I wanted to know are all of these programs in response to Intro. 54, how much funding will you be asking for these programs in FY25, like how much will be allocated to each, how many people have attended the financial literacy training this Fiscal Year, does DYCD have any evaluations from those that attended the course, and how many youth who received training have been able to find employment? In addition to that, if you could please define under banked communities, because that was stated in the testimony. My last question is on Cure Violence, and Chair Stevens highlighted it earlier regarding Cure Violence so I just wanted to know, Commissioner, if you and your team could share with us if DYCD budgeted for increased oversight to ensure

literacy training as part of every SYEP participant's

work readiness, and so that is a requirement to complete in order to be placed in SYEP.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: We're familiar with that, but the criteria of the bill states runaway, homeless, so how are you tracking that within whatever is required already?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, we're going to bucket that so we're talking about SYEP for the minute.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Okay.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: So SYEP definitely has integrated financial literacy in its program model.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Okay.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Susan Haskell, the
Deputy Commissioner, can talk about runaway and
homeless youth and how financial literacy was in a
partnership with the Department of Consumer Affairs
and Workers Protection, how it was also integrated in
our RHY program as well, and then you asked about
program evaluation...

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: So let's break that down. You brought up SYEP. Of all the participants, how many were trained to financial literacy over just

financial literacy training? It's just SYEP?

1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH 2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: These are 3 offerings through SYEP. The peer mentoring program 4 that we are launching this year is a brand new pilot where 15 participants who are part of Work, Learn and 5 Grow went through a CUNY College Now course on 6 7 banking and financial literacy and, this summer, 8 they're going to be delivering workshops and presentations and having one-on-one peer-to-peer counseling sessions with SYEP participants, primarily 10 11 within our special initiatives options. 12 COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: And how many of 13 those that are... 14 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I'm sorry. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Go ahead. Sorry. COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I want to make sure 16 17 that, and I'm hearing your question and it's very 18 specific, we're going to have to look and review the 19 Intro. law to see exactly how we're in compliance, 20 and that's something we're going to have to get back to you. 21 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Yeah, because it's 2.3 very explicit.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Yeah, that's why I don't want to go out and say it fits the criteria of

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the law. I want us to go back, take a look at it, and then report back to you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you. I just wanted to know from the, I guess, students that are matriculating that will graduate from CUNY College Now, how many new peer mentors will you have on board for FY25 to support the new group of students?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: This pilot, we're starting small with 15 young people as part of that cohort.

The last question was in regards to DYCD budgeting for increased oversight to ensure that all contractors and providers both have the resources and they're using them adequately to respond to incidents of violence and other community programs. This is based off of one of the questions that Chair Stevens mentioned earlier. I want to know how you guys are keeping track of that, especially in FY25 if they'll need enhanced funding.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: With the Mayor in awarding the CMS system, I believe the investment was 86 million dollars and, as we have informed Chair

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afternoon. Congrats on the 100th, you said,

Cornerstone in your opening. I had a question about
the Cornerstone in Baisley. It's actually in the

Speaker's District. It's been closed for years. Do
you have an update on that one?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We met with NYCHA, and there's still capital improvement issues in terms of the sewage. We will get you a timeline on exactly where and when we see that community center being open, but I know that we've actively been working with NYCHA and touring the sites and meeting with their team to see exactly how we can quickly resolve because we're very much interested in making sure that that site gets up.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, I've probably asked this question a few times when Cornerstones get brought up. It's been closed for many years.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Yes, but that's a capital infrastructure issue.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: I know, okay. Yeah, it would be helpful to know a timeline.

latest meeting with NYCHA.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I will definitely make sure we get back to you in the timeline with our

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just had a followup question to the Chair's question on the sports programming. I know a lot of your answers were that you are waiting to see what you all get back, and so I just wanted to know if the RFP provided any criteria for providers to provide the type of sports gaming programs that the Chair mentioned, so programs tailored to girls, programs tailored to individuals with disabilities, like did the RFP itself sort of incentivize or provide any criteria for providers to submit something that included that?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, we're in the process of evaluating all of the proposals, some we've awarded, so I don't have an answer to tell you exactly if any of the providers who submit a proposal has specific proposal to Chair Steven's point on people with disability.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Yeah, I understand that. That wasn't my question. My question was like when providers are responding and submitting

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2 things, they're responding to something that you all
3 put out, right?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Yes.

expert so help me out so there was a documentation that was sent out, I'm guessing RFP, if it was called something else, let me know, so I'm just wondering if the RFP itself, because we know like what's written in the RFP is sort of what providers respond to. If you say I want sports programming that's catered to all genders and various abilities, then you will receive that but, if you have a RFP that doesn't really include those things, then it kind of feels a little disingenuous to say you're just potentially waiting for responses, but you didn't really...

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: No, I think what we're basically saying is that the State had a rule and a condition based upon exactly what the funding is and how the funding is tied to sports program.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay. That doesn't really answer the question.

CHIEF CONTRACTING OFFICER CANTELMI: Yeah,
Dana Cantelmi, I'm agency Chief Contracting Officer
for DYCD. Just to add to what the Commissioner said,

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it was funding that was given to us by the State so
the solicitation itself was broad and, when we're
making rewards, we're looking at specifically the
services that they're going to be providing. We were
not specific around girls programming because, again,
we were following the guidelines that were given by
the State's grant.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Did DYCD create the solicitation or was it given to you as a template from the State?

CHIEF CONTRACTING OFFICER CANTELMI: The State had a template and we built off of it.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, and the template was very broad and you had to stick to the template. You couldn't add to the template or edit the template.

CHIEF CONTRACTING OFFICER CANTELMI: We were given the template and we stuck by the template and we kept it broad but, again, looking and evaluating the proposals and taking into consideration what's mentioned here.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: But could you have made edits to the template or were you prohibited from editing the template?

us how this PEG will impact Summer Rising and if
there'll be any reductions in slots? If so, how many?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Hi,

Council Member Williams. As mentioned earlier, the

Summer Rising PEG is not a slot reduction, it's not a

service reduction. It's a program model change, and

so the PEG is reflective of the reduction of hours in

the program model so the reduction of hours on Friday

and extended hours in the program.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: So considering the changes on Friday, has the agency made, what changes has the agency made to the scheduled Friday outings for the program. You just mentioned that you made the changes. What exactly are those changes? Are you just cutting the Friday programming or?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: I'm going to defer to our Deputy Commissioner Susan Haskell who can expand more about the implementation regarding Summer Rising this summer.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: Hello, in response to the financial reduction to Summer Rising, we modified the middle school hours so that a young person's experience will be from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.,

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2 Monday to Thursday, and they will not be operating on 3 Friday.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Will there be any impact on outdoor activities and visits to cultural institutions?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: I think, you know, we meet, as the Commissioner said in his testimony, we meet biweekly with the community-based organizations operating Summer Rising, and each time we use the opportunity to bring forth resources, partner agencies, places that are offering a space for field trips, and we acknowledge that there won't be services on Friday. However, there's a lot of time in the afternoon, and we're also meeting closely with New York City Public Schools to see how we could use that whole time block to the best of our ability to make sure that young people get out of the building, that we're bringing fun resources to the building that they can participate in, like sports activities so we feel confident there'll be an enriching experience.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: With no program on Friday, so like their parents have to find

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it.

2 something for them to do on Friday. Okay, and how is 3 that decision made?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, it was a decision that no one wanted to make but, because of the fiscal situation of the City and where we were at at the time, we had to do like other City agencies and look at service reductions and service cuts.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, I just have one more followup and then I'm done, Chair. Sorry. No, I understand what you're saying. It's tough fiscal times. I think we all understand that. I think my question is a little bit more technical. I think anytime anyone makes a decision, I gather there might be a set of criteria or considerations for the decision that's being made so I really just actually want like a deeper answer around the thinking and like the analysis done, like, oh, we see that Fridays is X, Y, Z and that might be a cut or maybe we could have cut hours across the board, but that wouldn't work. Like what was the thinking behind that or was it just let's just not have programming on Friday? Like I think that you all are very smart and someone actually thought about the decision before you did

1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH 164 2 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: the conversation was 3 we have a cut, we have a PEG, we don't like the PEG, 4 but, unfortunately, we have to do a PEG, and we looked across all the service areas and based upon exactly the recommendations that came from the 6 7 various divisions, this is the PEG that we landed on. 8 COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: That did not 9 answer my question, but thank you very much, Chairs. CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: We have questions 10

from Council Member Brewer followed by Avilés.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you very much. Just following up on that, because what is the cost of not having the Friday program? Is there a number?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: The PEG value reflected that was mentioned so, for Friday, the reduction for limiting Friday services is about 10.9 million dollars.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: 10.9, thank you. Then the question I have would be, understanding that that was a decision, would there be some analysis, unfortunately at the end of the summer if we're not able to restore it, that says there were challenges in the neighborhood because of this young people, I

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: And to Navita's point, we are constantly doing program evaluations and impacts.

council Member Brewer: Okay. All I'm saying is it would be good for the community to know that there are other services like the Community Board so that they can make sure that's oversight happening so that the Friday is covered. There are other programs, but the Settlement Houses may not know that this is exactly what they should be doing with this population. Settlement Houses have programs.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We have regular meetings with the providers, and we 100 percent agree that cross-pollinations of programs and talking to the providers is something that should be done on a basic level.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Okay. Financial literacy, you had excellent questions. My question would be evaluation. So you said two hours for every SYEP member. I'm very involved with World of Money, which is a more intensive program, so my question would be, have you done evaluations since 2022 and what has been the outcome?

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2 of the great outcomes of that is last year, we reached the highest number of young people who have 3 4 enrolled for a bank account who previously were not banked. We are now up to 70 percent of our young 5 people who are banked. Also, as part of our 6 7 evaluation throughout the summer, we have pre- and 8 post-surveys with both our participants and our employers so the training and work readiness training, including financial literacy, is also 10 something that is evaluated and assessed. 11

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Is that evaluation and survey, are they public information?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: We include some of that survey data as part of our annual summary, but we can certainly share more detail.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I mean, I don't know if you know Worlds of Money, but it's much more intense, and I hope as time goes on we can do something that's more intense. Bank account is great, but Worlds of Money kids can tell you much more than a bank account, in addition.

Literacy, it seems to be, I just didn't know, do you keep tally? You're not the only ones doing literacy. There's libraries, etc., but do you

2 keep tally on how much waitlist you have and what

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other funding you'd actually need because literacy is a major challenge in terms of waitlist is my understanding from my community.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: All right, good afternoon. Yeah, in terms of waitlist, it's a complicated thing. Previously...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Everything is complicated.

me just explain. Okay, previously, providers kept waitlist people in their programs, and then later we found that that number is far from accurate because you may waitlist a person, then the person next day might end up in another program down the block so it's very hard to have an accurate count so now, actually, we had recently had a providers meeting. We talked about this. We encourage our providers to come up with a methodology to keep the number of people waitlisted and be able to report to us so it gives us a general sense of people that have not been served but, yeah, that's why I said many years ago, there was a general survey of waitlist across literacy programs in the city, and we got a number, but...

2 COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: It was very high.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Huh?

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: It was very high.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: It was

6 about 14,000.

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when do you think, I mean, certainly with technology, it's not hard to come up with a new methodology. When do you think that you'll have a new way of analyzing because there are several agencies, including libraries, I know, that do so one could go from your program over to the library. I get it. When do you think you'll have this new system in place?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Well, we'll work with our providers and our IT. We have to figure out a good way to do that.

think that'll take? All I can tell you is, everybody feels that they can't get into a literacy program.

Between the migrants and New Yorkers, it's a long list, and we have many, many families who can't get in so I'm just trying to understand what it is that, how much more a waitlist might determine, if it's accurate, how many more dollars we need in order to

program or the library, no openings.

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, one of the things that the Mayor has made sure is that agencies talk to each other and make sure we're working out of silos so this gives us...

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I am not going to get into that topic because they do not talk to each other.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, this gives us an opportunity to do that and get back to you.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: All right. Soon.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: The other question I have is, the issue is relevant to budget because it's the contracting. 41 percent of Council designations are your agency. I know it's not just you, but are you also figuring out how to have more expeditious contracts so that people can spend their money, not feel panicked, which is what they do now, that if they go ahead and spend the money and do the programs, which are so needed, they might not get paid so, you know, this is 40 years in the discussion. You are not the new, you're the new kid on the block, but you have not solved the problem despite the Mayor saying I'm going to solve the

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2 problem so I just want to know where we're at with 3 that.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Well, one of the things that the Mayor's initiative was is to make sure that non-profit organizations actually have gotten, and I know Chair Stevens is going to say this is money that was already given to them, but we made sure that we did a push to make sure that millions of dollars went to non-profit organizations who had backlogs so we're constantly looking and reviewing and having measures put in place and tracking to make sure that providers have a seamless system within PASSPort. We're working with our Mayor's Office of Contract, MOCS, and that system is constantly improving so the mitigation and the migration that is happening, we're hoping that the improvements is going to fast track more payments.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: I mean, I know

PASSPort has issues too so it's complicated. Yes, I'm

very aware of the issues with PASSPort.

Just by the way, NYCHA is beloved by many of us in terms of the residents, and I'm always concerned, having been Borough President, City Council, seeing all of Manhattan NYCHAs, there's just

not enough support in NYCHA for those families, no matter what anybody says, so people say Cornerstone is there, some of them have Settlement Houses. Again, not operating in a silo, but funding-wise, you have your Cornerstones, Settlement Houses, you pay for some of their programs, and the list goes on, but do you sit down with NYCHA, with other programs, again, operating not in a silo to say exactly what is needed here, not what we have, but what do we need, more hours, different young people that are participating, et cetera. Does that discussion take place? Because from my experience, a lot of these centers, not saying Cornerstone, because not everybody has Cornerstone, are not open enough hours, just to start with, and then they don't have enough space, and then they don't have enough program. Do you sit down with those? Because you have the programs, you are the ones often paying for the programs, and we have to solve the NYCHA issues.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Our procurement process, when it comes to the Cornerstone program, is very inclusive. We make sure that we sit down not only with the tenant associations, we also sit down

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with NYCHA, and we collaborate on exactly what programming and programs looks like.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: And when you feel there's not enough programming, what do you do?

involving programming is addressed in our concept paper and our RFP so I know that the Cornerstone program, roughly, and the RFP and the concept paper hasn't been out in a number of years, and we're looking and we're having conversations with OMB to make sure that we can definitely look at a concept paper and then engage our stakeholders, our tenant associations, NYCHA, just to make sure that we're addressing the concerns that you just raised.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Then just finally, the issue of what I call the OEO money. When I was Borough President, I had to, in certain neighborhoods, low income, appoint people to work on this OEO. What do you call these groups that have to allocate what I would call Lyndon Johnson money, the old OEO money, and is that program still running, are they still operating, are they allocating money?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Hi,
Council Member Brewer. Currently, funding associated

services funding, and we have, at this time, 41

vacancies for 40 years in case you didn't know.

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COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Chair Stevens has been very good in working with us and, where we are in terms of our appointment, we're better than we were before and, Council, I want to make sure that we all understand that the War on Poverty has reached its 60th anniversary in August so we're looking to do a celebration in that as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER BREWER: Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Council Member

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Thank you, Chair.

Thank you all for being here.

I guess quickly along this line, in terms of the cuts that were made to many of the slots for the PEG, in Red Hook, a community that I represent, and unfortunately is not covered by a NAB, it's a hyper-local concentration of poverty that the NABs actually leapfrog over because it's surrounded by gentrification so I hope that's something that we continue to look at and try to address but, in particular in Red Hook, among these cuts, we saw a program, the COMPASS Explorer Program, that was incredibly, it was over-enrolled, people were waiting to get into it and it was cut. Is that part of the

2 assessment in these cuts, to cut programs that are

doing very well and are needed in a community with

4 very deep poverty?

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: I know there's been a lot of conversation about the assessment and, as I mentioned previously, DYCD offers services in almost all of our program areas, adult literacy, immigration, afterschool, workforce programs, so we want to make sure that as part of our mission that we stay true to our core programming and comprehensive services. In the afterschool portfolio, there's a large portfolio COMPASS that provides comprehensive services. We understand the value of the Explorer Program. We are not minimizing the Explorer Program, and we recognize that it's a highly utilized program for some of the sites. We're just stating that, given the direction that we were given and we wanted to minimize impact to communities and that provided comprehensive services, we identified the Explorer Program, and so those programs will continue to be cut for next year. It has not been restored.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah.

Unfortunately, in our community, it has a profound

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impact, and so I think that needs to be reconsidered, and it's a tough pill to swallow to see requests for new needs when kids were ready to be served and the impacts also on jobs, right? Folks who are ready to continue to support these programs are left with nothing so I would encourage some really deep consideration of that, particularly in this community.

I have to switch over to my favorite topic, adult literacy so Mr. Bobbitt, welcome back.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: I wasn't sure if I should have left (INAUDIBLE)

know how important this program is to me and many of my Colleagues here, to New York City, and I just want to, I know we have the 10 million corrections, so we're not going to talk about that in particular, but I just want to clarify some of the numbers, which continue to be concerning. I think to Council Member Brewer's point, we know there's 2.2 million adults who do not have English proficiency and require these kinds of services at minimum so, with all the services that we're providing, there's enormous room for growth and enormous amount of need for these

services so we haven't even been scratching the surface despite our great efforts, which I will applaud all the work that is going on but, in terms of the Fiscal '24 RFP, which is noted at 16 million dollars, at the current rate of the 950-dollar-perstudent rate, this funding would have had the potential to serve 17,722 students. The current RFP at that rate will now only serve 9,118 students. I understand you are increasing the rate. What I would like to understand is how does DYCD intend to serve the 8,000 students that are being cut from the program?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: I want to just kind of level set yet again on the adult literacy RFP, so I know you mentioned the RFP funding so the RFP is currently funded for 11.8 million so I wanted to start there. Currently, we have a service level around 11,000 that are served with a PPP of over 900, right, and so the new RFP intends to serve around 9,000 for 1,300. I want to just identify that we also get one-time funding every year and so when we talk about the service levels, the service levels are also reflective of the one-time funding we get...

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2 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY:

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COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Slow down, please.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: No problem, so we get one-time funding every year. RFPs can only be procured based on baseline funding, and so many times when I'm referencing service levels in the adult literacy portfolio, it's inclusive of the one-time funding that we receive every year from Council and so, so if the funding continues, we anticipate that we will continue to serve that same service level or, if not, more, but it was our goal with the existing funds that we had to try to increase the PPP to serve because we recognize that that has been an ask from the sector, and so we try to respond to them by increasing the PPP so we anticipate that we will continue to serve more and, if we continue to receive the one-time funds that we get during the adopt plan, we plan on adding it to our existing portfolio to ensure that we continue to serve participants in the city.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: The PPP, of course, I mean, we know this program has been deeply underfunded, right? With the projections of adequate

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funding at 2,700 many years ago was the funding level that was noted. It might actually be more so, of course, the increase is well-merited. In fact, we need to do a lot more to make sure those service providers are actually made whole to be able to provide full service. The Council funding withstanding, nevertheless, the pot is decreasing, the numbers are decreasing. The math doesn't add up to how that is going to maintain the same level of service.

existing level of service is inclusive of the onetime Council funds so when you're speaking about a
slot reduction or a service reduction, it is because
it is reflective of the gap in funding that is not
included in the RFP because an RFP can only be
included of what is our baseline fund. We cannot
include funds that come in one time during the adopt
plan and so when we speak about service levels in the
adult literacy portfolio, it is inclusive of the onetime funds. When you see the RFP out on the street,
that is based on our baseline funds and so, just on
our baseline funds, there's a minimal reduction on
the overall system so we anticipate that if we

about the Admin's continuation of cutting the funds

and not funding the appropriate service levels and the impacts of that, including a shift of an RFP using very different modality and the impacts of what that will have on the ground and the ecosystem that can serve or not serve within that constraint so the question here becomes adding issues withstanding, number changes withstanding, problems with COMPASS withstanding, is a continued decrease in the amount of funding that is offered going to result in decreases in service delivery when in fact we're seeing more need than ever for this specific service.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: The adult literacy portfolio has not had a funding reduction.

DYCD has not reduced the funding for the adult literacy portfolio.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Okay.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: The funding change is reflective of the one-time funds.

If your concern is if there's going to be a service reduction in this upcoming year, based on what you're stating that the Council intends to continue providing one-time funds, there will not be a service reduction.

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COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Great. Well, the numbers will prove the case.

Can DYCD identify the asylum seekers that are accessing adult literacy services through the contracted providers? Is there a way to know that?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: There's not a, in the way that I understand the question, there's not a way, like a fine-tuned way to calculate that and that's also to protect asylum seekers so there's not specific information taken at the program site level as to whether folks are asylum seekers or are not asylum seekers. I can just tell you we hear anecdotally that asylum seekers receive service so we would anticipate that that would continue, but there's not a number that we can point to, and you can, I think, appreciate that there's legal reasons why... (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: 100 percent. Is there a way to know folks in temporary housing in the same way that you use that as a criteria to select for Summery Rising to make sure those services are provided?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I think that, to what Commissioner Bobbitt is saying, that there are

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surveys that providers do, but there's no, that I think when it comes to the legality of a system and system tracking, that's something that we don't do.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Yeah, no, no. I'm well aware of the implications of system tracking, the protections we need to make sure for our new neighbors are in place, particularly if we have a different Administration. However, we do have a problem without being able to discern how services are actually being delivered and where the pressure points on the needs so if there is a way to do it, generally schools do it, you also do it through temporary housing. That might be a mechanism to track so that we can get a better sense where the pressure points are.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I think we're basically saying the same thing to some degree because if... (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Right, but you're not tracking it currently, and what I'm asking for is for you to track it so that we can then have a better understanding of where the pressure points are.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: What we can tell you is that we're constantly meeting with our providers

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COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: So we'll utilize the approach of the old model and we'll just have students move to whatever program they see fit.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BOBBITT: Whatever program they see fit, yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Okay. I think that might be it but, in terms of the asylum seeker response I saw in the budget request, that there's 2.3 million for contracted translated services. Is that the 2.3 million that is being used for the services in the HERRCs or is that somewhere else? CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: The 2.3

million is not associated with the HERRC program model.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And where are these contracted translation services being offered, the 2.3 million?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: The 2.3 million dollars that you're referring to is the onetime funds that we received in Council funding last year, and so it's being administered by our discretionary portfolio program area, and I hope that answers your question.

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ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: We're providing ESL classes at six HERRC sites and projected to serve 900 participants at those locations.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And are these distributed via contracts to providers? I guess, how many providers are part of this program?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Six providers are involved, and their adult literacy contracts have been amended to add this.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: And can you tell me just a little bit about the scope of the service that is offered as part of the contract? Just like the broad parameters, is it a six-week program, a 10week program, and how many service delivery hours are expected?

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Well, these programs are, their contract amended to actually provide services throughout the year so it's a continuous program and each program's schedule is unique.

COUNCIL MEMBER AVILÉS: Sure.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER ZHANG: Based on the availability of the residents at those places.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Chair Stevens.

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2 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Okay, I'm back
3 for the lightning round. Okay, I have another RHY
4 question. It's my understanding that ACS has already
5 received additional allocations for CityFHEPS
6 vouchers. Has DYCD received additional allocation of
7 vouchers as well?

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: No.

 $\label{thm:co-chairperson} \mbox{CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: No. That's } \\ \mbox{disheartening.}$

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: I would state, though, we're still in ongoing conversations. Our Deputy Commissioner Haskell was meeting with OMB this past week, and we are confident that they heard us, and that we'll see what happens in that plan.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: I'm going to add that to my list of things, too, so I'll just add that to the list.

I just want to jump over to Summer
Rising, and I know some of my Colleagues already
started to ask some of these questions, but just
wanted to go a little bit deeper. How many students
will be served for Summer Rising in FY 2024, and what
is the breakdown between elementary and middle
school?

2 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY:

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3 Elementary, 74,800. Middle school, 35,200. Total,
4 110,000.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Thank you. Hi. I know, and just thinking about it, because I know it's still ongoing, but what are your projections currently for the FY, and do we have a number of where we're at currently?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: It should be similar to what we saw last year.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Even with the reductions on Fridays for the middle school students, we're still on par with that?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: Yeah, to be honest, I think we received more middle school applications this year than we got last year so there's still plenty of interest in the program.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: That's interesting. That's interesting to hear. Mandated students, students with promotions and doubts are required to apply for Summer Rising in order to participate in CBO-led enrichment program. Do we know how many mandated students applied for Summer Rising and how many didn't?

2 released, I'm doing a dance, and I'm sure the 3 providers will be dancing with me.

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To jump into the COMPASS Explorers, I know some of my Colleagues also talked about this, but just a question around parents' response. Have we had any response from parents around the cuts to Explorers, do you think parents are aware of this change and that this program is being changed, and how do we engage them in part of this conversation as we were cutting this program?

that question, Chair Stevens. You know, we do stay in close communication with our providers and we're still doing site visits to COMPASS Explorer programs. We haven't seen a tremendous like pushback or outreach from parents directly, but I don't want that to imply that there won't be some parents who will feel disappointed, but, again, we'll put a lot of energy into making sure that they can identify nearby programs and try and make sure that every young person gets a resource.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah, I think, because I know this was a budget decision and not necessarily a program decision so I think definitely

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getting some feedback from parents is key and important because this will impact them as well so just thinking about as it continues to roll out because it hasn't been cut fully yet because they're still finishing out the year, but thinking about how do we get some feedback and support from parents and also making sure that we're able to direct them in directions of other programming.

Some of the feedback on SONYC is that the current model does not have the adequate flexibility to address the preferences of middle school youth. In light of the upcoming concept paper, is DYCD considering a club model which would address some of their concerns?

engagement that we had so far with some of the providers and the stakeholders, a lot of the different models have come up in terms of exactly what this, you know, how do we right size this 10- or 12-year-old model to make sure that the model that is rolled out has fidelity so we're going to have to get back to you on exactly what the stakeholders are saying in terms of exactly what they're looking for with that level of feedback so we can definitely tell

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you exactly what that feedback and that engagement looks like and what was some of the suggestions that came out of that.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah, definitely want us to think about how, especially with a program like Explorers not being here, how do we make sure that programs moving forward still have some flexibility as well.

I have another Summer Rising question. This is regarding the paraprofessionals and just, I know this isn't something you are in charge of, but just even thinking about like moving into it, this is something that has been a concern in Summer Rising and I know DOE is like, no, we always have all the paraprofessionals in the world and we got everything on par, but we know that's not always the case, so are we planning for that around like how do we support providers around that and what does that look like, and also specifically programs who are taking on students with disabilities, what supports and trainings have we been providing providers up until the summer?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HASKELL: Absolutely, I really appreciate that question. Our Summer Rising Leadership Team, we're meeting every Friday with the Public Schools Office for Students with Disabilities to plan out every aspect of making it a great experience for all young people in Summer Rising.

They have initiated a new platform to submit accommodation plans for young people who are going to be in Summer Rising, which may include accommodations for the enrichment CBO portion of the day, and we already have shared professional development opportunities around working with students with disabilities, and we are also planning to do much

more of that before in the next several weeks.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Okay, and I think similar to the question I asked regarding the Explorer program being cut, what feedback have we been getting from parents around the middle school Fridays being cut, have we been reaching out to parents, what have they been saying? We'd love to hear what that process would look like too because I know you said there's been an uptick in young people applying, but young people don't really apply, it's their parents so how are we accounting for that as well because I would love to see how we can get some

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feedback from parents to think about how this is going to impact them moving forward for the summer.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Again, those conversations are currently ongoing. We haven't seen much of any vocal response.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Well, have we seeked it?

commissioner Howard: Again, we're engaging with our providers to seek those responses. Again, it hasn't gone to the level where we see that parents are vocal to our providers, but that may be because the program hasn't started yet.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Well, also it's, and I think Council Member Williams was saying it, like even when we put out RFP, if we put out something and we don't ask the question, then we're not going to get the answer so even I think as we were doing this and rolling it out because this is something that we knew was happening, we should have definitely been asking parents what the alternative is because parents don't have a choice and so thinking about what does it look like and how do we make sure that we're giving them support and also navigating them to the other programs that we have

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that they probably can seek as well on those Fridays afternoon and hopefully using our community centers

and all these other things to ensure safe havens for 4

5 our young people because I'm worried just in the

sense of idle time for young people sometimes isn't 6

7 the best thing that we can do.

> COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We definitely hear you on that, and Deputy Commissioner Haskell and her team is constantly in communication with providers to make sure that they understand that there's alternatives that you just spoke of.

> CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yeah. I'm going to move on to Summer Youth Employment. The Fiscal 2025 Executive Budget for SYEP is 254.5 million, 5.6 million less than the Fiscal 2024 Adopted Budget. Why is the 2025 budget for SYEP less than the Fiscal 2024 Adopted Budget?

> CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER BAILEY: Off the top of my head, it's probably a revenue adjustment, but there's been no change to the funding for FY25. We're going to serve the same number of participants.

> CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What's the target number of youth participating in Fiscal 2025? Is

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2 there room for growth to exceed the 100,000 youth who 3 received employment last summer?

Shaking his head. I assume that's in reference to your question but, in terms of the North Star, our North Star is always to look and see exactly how we can improve the program and expand the program. Our answer is we would love to one day be in a situation where every young person who wants a job gets a job so that is definitely our North Star. That's something that we would love to achieve, but we also understand that the quality of the program, and you've mentioned quality programming as well in previous conversations with me, is very vitally important to make sure that our providers have the capacity to be able to deal with whatever extension is out there.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: So is the target number for this summer still 100?

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Still 100,000 young people.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Okay.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Which is the largest in the country, by the way. I'm just saying.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: All right, give yourself the kudos. Go off. Thank you. He said, I want my credit.

All right and, as we talk about providers and quality, how many providers are we still at, what was it, like 75 last year, 75 providers. Are we still at that same number of providers for SYEP, and is DYCD planning to do RFP for SYEP to enhance the program and qualify providers and expand that list? Oh, welcome back.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Yes, so we currently have uniquely 66 providers in the portfolio.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Wasn't it 75

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: I think at the start of the RFP, we were about 70. We're now at 66 unique. However, these...

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What happened to those providers? The left?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: 66 providers operate almost 250 programs throughout the city.

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CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Are you guys planning on doing an RFP anytime soon for SYEP to expand the portfolio of providers?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MONTANEZ: Yeah, we've recently extended the current contracts.

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: You know I hate an extended contract, because that means we just extend the time, and there's no growth in the room so.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: So I think we're on the same direction. We'd like to get refreshed programming and new providers... (INAUDIBLE)

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And not just new providers, because remember we expanded, and the RFP had come out I think like the year before, and so we expanded and still had only the same providers so I could see why those five providers were like, I'm getting out of here. This is crazy. It's a lot.

COMMISSIONER HOWARD: It is a lot, and that's why quality of programming is important whenever we talk about expansion, to make sure that providers have the capacity to be able to run a very robust programming.

1 CHILDREN AND YOUTH 2 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: All right. Well, 3 we definitely need to be thinking about how do we fix that. I have some solutions. We'll talk offline about 4 5 it. Crisis management. At the Fiscal 2025 6 7 Preliminary Budget hearing, there were concerns 8 regarding cuts to legal aid services at 1.5 million for Cure Violence programs. Has there been any discussion with the Admin to restore this for Fiscal 10 2025? 11 12 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: Based upon our 13 conversation that we had at the Preliminary Budget 14 and your suggestion, there is a scheduled meeting 15 with... 16 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: When is it? 17 Because I was about to ask the questions, because 18 they emailed me and said that the meeting has not 19 been scheduled. 20 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: No. 21 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: And they have not 2.2 heard from you guys. 2.3 COMMISSIONER HOWARD: We have a scheduled

CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: What's the date?

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meeting on...

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH 211
2	Has the agency had any discussion with
3	Legal Aid regarding the services for program? Oh,
4	that's going to be scheduled on Monday so that'll be
5	discussed. Okay.
6	I think I'm done, Chair.
7	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: You good?
8	CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: No, but I think
9	I'm done.
10	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay,
11	Commissioner and your team, thank you very much, and
12	we look forward to advocating on your behalf to OMB
13	to restore some of these funds.
14	COMMISSIONER HOWARD: I appreciate you,
15	Chair Brannan and Chair Stevens. Thank you very much,
16	and also the rest of the Council. Appreciate you.
17	Have a good day.
18	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: So we'll take a
19	15-minute break, and then we're going to hear from
20	the public.
21	Just a reminder, if you want to testify,
22	make sure you fill out a witness slip with the

Sergeant-at-Arms, and we'll be back in about 15

minutes. Thanks. 24

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Can everybody settle down? We're getting ready to continue. Everybody, settle down.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, we're going to start the public portion of the Committee on Finance joint with the Committee on Children and Youth.

We're going to start with our first panel. Forgive me in advance if I say your name wrong or I can't read the handwriting. Lauren Galloway, Nora Moran, Dante Bravo, Michelle Fields, Caitlyn Passaretti, and Annie Minguez.

Do you want to go left to... Okay, make sure your mic is on. Okay, just say your name and begin.

DANTE BRAVO: Alrighty. Good afternoon. Thank you to Chair Stevens, Chair Brannan for the opportunity to testify. My name is Dante Bravo, and I'm the Senior Policy Analyst over at Children's Aid. For 170 years, Children's Aid has been committed to ensuring that there are no limits to a young person's aspirations. Today, our over 2,000 staff members empower nearly 50,000 children, youth, and families in Harlem, Washington Heights, the South Bronx, and

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the North Shore of Staten Island. The Executive Budget released last month maintains the 6.9-milliondollars cut to COMPASS and 19.6-million-dollar cut to DYCD's portion of Summer Rising. This is in spite of the fact that our programs and events have serviced over 20,000 youth and community members within our Youth Services Department alone. The City must do better to assess the need for these services. As one of the largest and oldest youth-serving organizations in the city, Children's Aid calls for a restoration to all of these outrageous cuts. The cut to Summer Rising in particular presents serious operational and labor challenges. This cut eliminates Friday programming for middle school students and shortens the day, resulting in fewer hours of childcare for our hardworking families. Limiting hours also means less opportunities for enriching experiences like field trips, which makes engagement for our young people a lot harder and lowers the quality of our programs. Also, as an employer of over 2,000 staff, we are responsible to ensure that staff continue steady employment or else lose them entirely to an incredibly competitive job market. Because of these cuts, we now have staff facing unemployment, despite

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the fact that we know our community members need these extended hours. We also urge the City to immediately release the request for proposals for the SONYC COMPASS system by the end of Calendar Year 2024. Might I remind this Council that the Department of Youth and Community Development did say on record that it would be released in previous hearings back in 2022 that it would be released by the end of Calendar Year 2022. Delaying this RFP means that our staff have to wait for longer wages that recognize their worth and that our city's youth will have to stay on waiting lists for these programs. Thank you again for the opportunity to testify. Please reach out with any questions on this topic.

LAUREN GALLOWAY: Good afternoon. My name is Lauren Galloway. My pronouns are they and them, and I'm an Advocacy Coordinator at the Coalition for Homeless Youth. I want to thank the Chairs and the Committee today for giving us this time and echoing those asks for runaway and homeless youth. We're really looking forward to working together to address how we can meet the needs of runaway and homeless youth providers through the DYCD system and making sure that they're fully getting the needs met so

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everybody can find permanent housing. I'm just going to echo a few of our asks, but I'll be submitting longer written testimony to emphasize these. First, a one-time 30 percent contract increase totaling 1.63 million for the DYCD-funded drop-in centers to fund support services for youth newly arriving and unaccompanied minors. From Fiscal Year '23 to '24, the DYCD drop-in saw a 40 percent increase in utilization of services despite any additional funding being rewarded. The additional funding would support meeting the basic needs of young people and fund more appropriate staffing for the sites. We're also going to ask for another 625,000 invested to fund five lawyers in the RHY programs to support those newly arriving youth and those migrants needing services being given access so they can get fully funded asylum seeker legal services. The second thing we're asking for is an additional 11.7 million in funding to right-size the DYCD shelter contracts and to add additional RHY shelter beds. Data reported by DYCD shows that the first six months of 2023 to the last six months, there was a 7,000 percent increase in the amount of young people that were turned away to the streets because there wasn't a vacant bed for

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them to be placed in. The mayor says that he doesn't think that 500 young people sleeping on the streets is bad. We think that's not only bad, but unacceptable. In addition, DYCD must prioritize allocating new beds that are funded to serve populations with the greatest documentations needed in the areas that are easily accessible to young people. Thirdly, NYCD must ensure that young people have support to exit homelessness by maintaining 1.6 million in funding for housing navigators at the DYCD drop-in centers as well as 1.63 million to cut for the Fiscal Year 2024 for peer navigators. Again, I will continue the rest of this in my written testimony, but please let me know if you have any questions. Thank you.

CAITLYN PASSARETTI: Hello, and thank you,
Chair Stevens and the Children and Youth Committee
for hosting this hearing. My name is Caitlyn
Passaretti. I'm a Policy and Advocacy Associate with
the Citizens Committee for Children of New York, and
I use she, her pronouns. I want to echo the urgency
of restoring afterschool and youth service cuts,
which are occurring at a time when 80 percent of
families citywide cannot afford afterschool care for

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their children. Like Dante and Lauren before me, we believe it is critical that the City restore funding for all afterschool and runaway and homeless youth programs. I specifically want to highlight the 6.9 million cut to COMPASS Afterschool, which is resulting in a loss of 3,538 slots for young people. We also strongly oppose the 19.6 million cut to Summer Rising, which will shrink programming to just four days a week and eliminate field trips for participating youth. I also want to stress the importance of baselining 25 million for Promise NYC in our City's budget. This program is a lifeline for undocumented families, ensuring they can access essential childcare services. This program is about equity and inclusivity, ensuring that every child, regardless of immigration status, has access to the support they need to thrive. I also additionally, in partnership with the Coalition for Runaway and Homeless Youth, we want to thank you for being such a strong partner and want to elevate the following priorities. Restoring and baselining 1.6 million for housing navigators positions to assist and connect homeless youth with safe housing, restore 1.6 million for the runaway and homeless youth peer navigators,

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and ensuring that we have more shelter beds for runaway and homeless youth and young adults. Such programs can build safety and connect young people with the support they need and, in the same vein, want to highlight that the Arches program and Next Steps programs, which are mentorship programs that support young people, have been cut in the November Plan in the Preliminary Budget, and we want to restore the 1.6 million to the Arches program and the 2.6 million to the Next Steps program. These programs also build safety within communities by providing care, connection to job opportunities, and emotional support to young people who may or may not have had any interaction with the justice system. These asks, if fulfilled, will help support our city and our youth. We look forward to continuing our work with you to achieve these demands, and thank you for the opportunity to testify.

NORA MORAN: Good afternoon. My name is

Nora Moran. I'm the Director of Policy and Advocacy

at United Neighborhood Houses. We represent New York

City Settlement Houses. Our written testimony goes

into more detail, but I'll just start by saying it's

very troubling that we're basically saying the exact

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same things we said in our Prelim Budget testimony a couple of weeks ago. First, on ACS, we are calling for a baseline of the Promise NYC program at 25 million dollars. This is a program that truly does change lives. We hear stories from our settlement houses all the time about how parents are so grateful that their kids have somewhere to go, can eat two meals a day, that they can focus on work and finding jobs. You know, it's really troubling that the City's answer recently to children who have been selling candy on the subways is to put up flyers telling them not to do that but not to provide childcare for children under the age of five and other after-school opportunities for young people so really would love to see that restored. On DYCD, again, very concerned that the 6.9-million-dollar cut to COMPASS and SONYC program still stands. COMPASS Explorer programs are very highly utilized. Most of them are meeting their ROPs, so the fact that that program is just fully being eliminated is very troubling and questionable. And then on Summer Rising, again, the 19-milliondollar cut that's reducing middle school hours. Listening to DYCD's testimony earlier, we don't know of Friday programming that's available for those kids

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to go somewhere on Fridays. We don't know of any provider that just does Friday programming to fill in that gap. It certainly wouldn't be free so providers are really kind of left asking this question of, we don't know where to send students. We can't do summer camp trips in the way that we used to so, again, it's just the lack of urgency on that from DYCD's part. There's no information on that in the operations manual for Summer Rising. It hasn't really been addressed in the provider convenings they've been having. Again, just sort of why are we doing this, why are we having this cut when we know that programming is important for middle school students. Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

MICHELLE FIELDS: Good afternoon, Chair and Madam Co-Chair and the Committee. I am Attorney Michelle Fields, Co-Supervising Attorney of the Community Justice Unit. Thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony on the critical issue of funding for the Community Justice Unit. This testimony underscores the indispensable role of CJU that we play in the crisis management system to combat gun violence and gang violence in underserved

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and marginalized communities in New York City. The Community Justice Unit is not just a legal service provider but an integral component of the crisis management system. It offers comprehensive legal services to our city's most socially, economically, educationally, marginalized, and under-resourced communities throughout New York City, particularly our youth and our adults. These services are not ancillary. These services are not referable as stated by DYCD in their preliminary testimony. These services are important because these services are preventative, they address public safety and, as CMS expands, it reaches to 40 sites and 31 neighborhoods throughout New York City, the demand for our services, CJU's wraparound legal services, has grown significantly, underscoring the unique and indispensable role that we play in the CMS system. While we appreciate the positive recognition from Mayor Adams' Administration, we ask this Commission to restore the 1.5 reduction from CJU, and it's important that you uphold the commitment of the CMS sites to really combat gun and gang violence in all of those designated sites. In closing, for those that are mothers, grandmothers, guardians as well as

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godmothers, we say on behalf of CJU, we wish you a happy Mother's Day, and we ask that you restore funding, the 1.5 million to CJU.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you all very much.

Okay, our next panel, we have Jonée
Billy, Erica Silberman, Tené Howard, Raquea
Hemingway, and Lisbett Rodriguez.

JONÉE BILLY: Good afternoon, Chair Brannan, Chair Stevens, and Committee Members. My name is Jonée Billy. I am the Senior Director of Strategic Partnerships and External Affairs at PowerPlay, but today I'll be here in a dual capacity representing both PowerPlay and the Sports Training and Role Models for Success Citywide Girls Initiative, also known as STARS CGI. PowerPlay is now in its 26th year and is dedicated to empowering 1,100 youth across all five boroughs of New York City. Our organization propels girls beyond their circumstances, providing access to experiences, strong role models, and a blueprint for opportunities. We firmly believe in creating spaces where New York City girls and young women can become active, think creatively, and engage in discussions

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around issues that impact them directly. Moreover, PowerPlay serves as the lead agency for STARS CGI, a coalition of 10 leading non-profits. Together, we support the healthy development of over 6,000 girls and gender-expansive youth, helping them overcome barriers and become leaders in their communities. STARS focuses on developing the life and leadership skills through various programs, such as after-school sports, academic achievement, enrichment, STEM, college preparation, and arts initiatives. These efforts have created thousands of program slots and enriched programming for girls throughout all five boroughs. In light of current challenges, STARS CGI is deeply committed to addressing the mental health and empowerment needs of our city's youth. We have witnessed a significant escalation in mental health needs, especially among young people of color due to the recent tumultuous events. Recognizing these critical gaps, STARS CGI has prioritized equipping youth with strategies for social and emotional wellbeing while empowering them to speak out on societal issues. However, the sustainability of these vital programs is at risk without adequate funding. Our City Council funding of 1.4 million in FY24 has been

instrumental in ensuring the accessibility of our initiatives to those in need. I implore you to be steadfast advocates for STARS CGI and support the

5 restoration of our funding and, if the budget so

6 allows, an increase of that funding. I thank you for

7 allowing me to testify today.

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ERICA SILBERMAN: Good afternoon, Chair Stevens, Chair Brannan, and esteemed Committee Members. I am Erica Silberman, Director of Engagement and Partnerships for the past six years at Girls Write Now, after having started as a mentor 15 years ago. We want to share our gratitude and appreciation for your continuous prioritization of investments in young people, specifically girls and gender-nonconforming youth. Girls Write Now is New York's first and only writing and mentoring program for girls and gender expansive youth from systemically underserved communities. Approximately 90 percent are of color, 70 percent are immigrants or first generation, and 25 percent are LGBTQIA+. We match them with professional writers and digital media makers as their personal mentors while providing unique creative and professional curricular experiences. For more than 25 years, we have been breaking down the barriers of

gender, race, age, and poverty to mentor the next 2 3 generation of writers and leaders who are impacting 4 businesses, shaping culture, and creating change. Historically, 100 percent or nearly 100 percent of 5 our seniors go on to college with Girls Write Now 6 7 supporting them through higher education and 8 professional journeys. We continually rank among the top non-profits nationwide for leadership, capacity building in the field, and for driving social 10 11 emotional growth for young people. Mentorship, 12 community, and resilience building are at the core of 13 what we do and essential to a young person's success. Twice, we have been recognized by the White House as 14 15 one of the nation's top youth programs. Girls Write 16 Now is proud to be a founding partner of the STARS 17 Citywide Girls Initiative, a collection of 10 New 18 York City non-profits joining forces to raise crucial 19 funding for girls and gender-expansive young adults. 20 Altogether, we've served upwards of 500,000 young 21 people over the last 10 years, supporting and 2.2 nurturing their growth as leaders, artists, athletes, 2.3 and members of their communities. We respectfully urge the City Council to make deeper investments in 24 this community and would like the Council to not only 25

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fully restore funding for STARS Citywide Girls Initiative, but to also enhance it. Thank you.

LISBETT RODRIGUEZ: Good afternoon, Chair Stevens, Chair Brannan, and esteemed Committee Members. I'm Lisbett Rodriquez, Programs and Systems Senior Coordinator at Girls Write Now. I was a Girls Write Now mentee 10 years ago and have been on staff for the last five years at the organization. As an organization, Girls Write Now provides avenues for mentees to be recognized as artists internally through our podcasts, films, annual anthologies, and zines, and externally through writing contests as well as submission and performance opportunities. When our young people are published, their voice and their craft is legitimized, which in turn impacts their confidence, self-esteem, and career outlooks. One mentee alum, Kaya Fraser, a recent graduate of Howard University, shared that Girls Write Now is always a home I can return to because it's one of the first places I felt seen and heard for my words. Here, surrounded by like-minded people, I could say with confidence I am a writer. Kaya is now on our Editorial Advisory Committee and published in our new book on The Art of the Craft. As a founding member of

2 STARS Citywide Girls Initiative, we ask the City

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3 Council to continue to make investments into this

4 | community by not only fully restoring STARS CGI

5 funding for the next Fiscal Year but to also enhance

6 it so we can continue serving girls and gender-

7 expansive young New Yorkers across a number of

8 disciplines in all 51 council districts. Thank you so

9 much for giving me the opportunity to testify.

RAQUEA HEMINGWAY: Greetings, I'm Raquea Hemingway. I'm honored to be addressing you today. I am here representing Figure Skating in Harlem in multiple capacities, as an alum, as a parent of a current program participant, and as a Director of Student and Family Engagement. This non-profit organization has profoundly impacted my life and also many lives of young individuals. Figure Skating in Harlem operates on three pillars, skating, academics, and leadership. Your financial contribution plays a crucial role in enabling organizations like ours to bridge the gap of access and equity in communities that need it most. I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all Council Members and Staff present here today for their valuable time and for recognizing the importance of youth development and social reform.

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The significance of STARS initiative cannot be overstated, particularly due to its focus on investing in girls of color. By providing opportunity that these girls would not typically have access to, we are leveling the playing field. For example, this past year, several students from Figure Skating in Harlem had an extraordinary opportunity to serve as international ambassadors in South Africa. This experience not only broadened their horizons, but enhanced their self-esteem. Despite language barriers, they found common ground through sports, arts, and culture, a form of education that is truly invaluable. When remarkable opportunities are presented to girls in communities like Harlem and the Bronx, I feel very compelled to advocate for continued support in forums such as this. I urge you to continue supporting young women of color as a matter of urgency. There is an abundance of data that will support our plea today. The needs are evident. We see them. We feel them. What is required now is your leadership and ongoing financial support so that initiatives like STARS and community members like myself can effectively meet the needs of girls of color that we serve. Thank you.

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 $\label{eq:co-chairperson brannan: Thank you all very much.}$

Okay, our next panel, Shawn Jean-Louis, Sebastien Vante, Francesca Perrone, Nadia Swanson, Steven Morales, and Ramon LeClerc.

Okay, you want to go left from right?

Just make sure your mic is on.

FRANCESCA PERRONE: Okay. Thank you, Council Members Brannan and Stevens and all other Members of the Committee on Finance and Committee for Children and Youth for taking this time to host the hearing. My name is Francesca Perrone, and I am representing Hispanic Federation, a non-profit organization that seeks to strengthen the Latino community and Latino institutions through robust programming and legislative advocacy. I am here today to advocate for Latinos across New York and ensure that Latino-serving institutions are well supported. We are thankful to the Administration for including a range of priorities that support vulnerable communities and families in the Preliminary Budget. Our network of 650 member and partner organizations, 200 of which are in New York, are at the front lines in providing service for our neighborhoods and

communities. Despite being significantly under-2 3 capitalized and under-resourced, local community-4 based organizations remain the heart and soul of growing vulnerable communities and Latino families. CBOs uplift communities and organize them to advance 6 equity and opportunities to increase the quality of 7 life for all. Today, we are taking the time to 8 advocate for the expansion of key funds for the upcoming year to support the ever-growing need of 10 11 Latino families and ensure that the City prioritizes the allocation and resources to improve their well-12 13 being. Essentially, an investment in vulnerable 14 communities is an investment in an equitable and more 15 prosperous New York. Hispanic Federation is thankful 16 for the 3.7 million in continued support for the 17 Communities of Color Non-profit Stabilization Fund in 18 the 2024 budget. This initiative has grown to support 19 over 700 capacity-building projects. As such, we are 20 respectfully asking you to continue the support for the CCNSF with a 7.5-million-dollar budget allocation 21 in the Fiscal Year 2025 budget. Protecting and 2.2 2.3 expanding the CCNSF is vital. Due to overwhelming need, our organizations are working around the clock 24 to provide services for communities of color across 25

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New York. Larger, more established non-profits rely on endowment's affluent board leadership and development teams to provide the stability that our colored non-profits unfortunately do not have access to. Thus, the CCNSF funding... Thank you for your time. We've provided written testimony that expands on the work of Hispanic Federation and the requests.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

STEVEN MORALES: Good afternoon, Chairs Brannan and Stevens. Thank you for the time today. My name is Steven Morales. I'm the New York Policy Director at All Our Kin. All Our Kin is a non-profit organization that trains, supports, and sustains home-based family childcare educators across New York City, and like Nora, from before, in my Preliminary Budget testimony, I spoke a lot about the importance of early childhood education. Unfortunately, we haven't seen restoration of many of the cuts that were proposed in that Preliminary Budget. Over the past few years, there's somewhere between 3 and 400 million dollars that our 3K and pre-K systems have been defunded and so, really, we must put our city back on track for full, free 3K and pre-K to be universal for everyone. I appreciate that you've all

2	supported that. In addition to that, there's the
3	voucher and contracted system of early childhood care
4	that ACS manages. I have a couple of notes on
5	restorations that we need there and funding we need
6	there. First, we need funding to raise the voucher
7	pay rates for childcare providers who receive
8	vouchers to the maximum allowable rate. ACS currently
9	pays based on what providers charge to families, even
10	though they're allowed to pay more, and so we need
11	funding to increase and fill that gap. Next, we need
12	to expand access to families, specifically by
13	baselining 25 million dollars for Promise NYC. We
14	know how important that program has been for
15	undocumented children. Second, we're calling to fund
16	presumptive eligibility for ACS vouchers, which would
17	allow families to begin receiving childcare vouchers
18	as soon as their applications are received, rather
19	than waiting the weeks and sometimes months that it
20	takes to have those applications processed. Finally,
21	we need ACS to be fully staffed to be processing
22	those childcare applications. We hear all time and
23	again about how long that wait can be to get a
24	childcare voucher. Thank you for your commitment to

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2 early childhood and appreciate your time today. Thank
3 you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

SHAWN JEAN-LOUIS: Good afternoon. Shawn Jean-Louis. I'm the Policy Director over at ExpandED Schools. We're an afterschool intermediary that partners with direct service organizations in the afterschool space to support their capacity for program and service delivery. Really appreciate the opportunity to speak today. Thank you, Chair Stevens, thank you, Chair Brannan, and the space created to engage in this discourse. I just want to take a quick second to give a shoutout to the Council for a robust budget response and for the Chamber's partnership with the Emergency Coalition to Save Education Programs to get important restorations on the DOE side of things. There's more work to do, but I think it's important to kind of name that accomplishment here today. On the COMPASS and Summer Rising reductions, really appreciate the pressure that was applied today by the Chamber. ExpandED joins its partners in calling for the restoration of the yearly 19.6-million-dollar reduction to Summer Rising as long as it will not put undue pressure on providers

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for FY25, considering how late we are in the planning process, and the yearly 6.9-million-dollar reduction to COMPASS as well. Understanding that this is a City-level hearing, just want to echo some statements that I made back in my March testimony on the Preliminary Budget. I think it's important to flag some changes at the State level that really exacerbate the City's divestment. LEAPS, the new afterschool contract at the State level, doesn't serve children over the age of 12. There are at least 35 Empire programs and at least 25 Advantage programs in the city that operate in buildings that house middle and high school students, and those are the programs that were combined to create LEAPS so, when we talk about COMPASS Explorers, the new COMPASS RFP, SONYC, Summer Rising, Middle School, the implication is that much more important. Youth mental health is a major talking point right now. While there's this divestment from spaces of unconditional love and positive regard, unique spaces in that sense, even more so than the traditional school day, given the focus on high-stakes assessment and consistent measurement, that trauma is absent typically in these enrichment spaces so, as a sub-grant distributing

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entity, as a technical assistance provider, as a
workforce developer, just want to make ExpanDED

available to partner with the Council to fill any
gaps in service moving forward. Thank you for the

opportunity to testify today.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

NADIA SWANSON: Good afternoon. My name is Nadia Swanson. My pronouns are they, them. I'm the Director of Technical Assistance and Advocacy at the Ali Forney Center. We're the nation's largest and most comprehensive program for LGBTQ unhoused youth. Thank you, Chair Brannan, Chair Stevens, for your questions today, and also your just continued support for our youth. Regarding our needs from DYCD, we're in coalition for the Coalition for Homeless Youth. We co-sign everything that they said, and I'll put all that in more detail into my written testimony. I want to quickly lift up the 21-plus beds though. Our wait lists have grown significantly over the last six months. 21-plus youth are relying on our drop-in centers for months while waiting for a safe place to stay. There is no fast and safe alternative for 21plus youth. Actually, our case managers reported to me this week that DHS's Marsh House, the LGBTQ

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shelter, started requiring psych evals and psychosocials just to interview our youth, and so that's making it way less possible for our youth to have an alternative outside of a DYCD program so that needs to be prioritized. If you do nothing else for us, we need those beds, and it's especially really, really important for our trans young people, and having a 21-plus till, we have an under 21 trans till, and having one for our 21 and over trans youth would be also a great asset to our youth not having to then go back into an emergency program and on a waitlist. Additionally, our programs are responding to new crisis at every moment, and so being able to possibly change the beds that we already have to be 21-plus or under 21, depending on what the need is in that moment, not even adding more online, would be also a really great addition.

For the rest of my time, I want to also focus on ACS. We just started a campaign about the rampant homophobia and transphobia that is happening within ACS, and they are not putting enough resources behind addressing this issue. We have had staff misgender a dead name and refuse to change it. The training is inadequate. There's not enough follow

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through, and I'll put more in my written testimony, but this is a huge deal that needs really a lot more resources from them. Thank you.

SEBASTIEN VONTE: Good afternoon. My name is Sebastien Vonte, and I am the Associate Vice President of Street Work Programs at Safe Horizon, the nation's largest non-profit victim services organization. Safe Horizon helps 250,000 New Yorkers each year who have experienced violence and abuse.

Since 2021, almost 600 youth and young adults have exited homelessness and moved into their own apartments with the assistance of a housing voucher and a DYCD-funded housing navigator. The housing navigators were created in 2021 to help New Yorkers find and move into housing with EHV Section 8 vouchers. The current housing navigators at the DYCDfunded drop-in centers are temporarily funded through the end of June. Data shows the success and the return on investment of housing navigators. A record number of young people have exited homelessness and moved into their own apartments. Since the creation of the housing navigator position, there has been a 200 percent increase in youth being discharged from youth shelters into their own affordable apartments.

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Defunding these positions will effectively close this pathway out of homelessness for vulnerable young New Yorkers. It would be devastating for DYCD programs to lose our only housing-dedicated jobs and return to the status quo of not being able to connect our clients with housing. At Safe Horizon Street Work Project, we helped connect over 200 of our clients to housing vouchers in the last three years. Of those, 188 have moved into their own apartments to date. Of the 188 apartments that our clients were able to obtain with their housing vouchers, our program's two phenomenal housing navigators found and connected clients to 169 of those apartments. There were 19 apartments that our housing navigators did not find but still helped our clients lease up. With the elimination of the only City-funded position specifically funded and trained to assist homeless youth in accessing permanent housing, how many young people will be able to move into apartments? How many will be unable to find and move into apartments and will therefore lose not only their housing vouchers but their chance to exit homelessness? We all know that prolonged homelessness is expensive for the City. Defunding these positions will not save the

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City any money in the long run as homeless youth without a pathway out of homelessness become chronically homeless adults. Youth need housing. They need CityFHEPS vouchers and they need housing navigators. Our drop-in centers have been nothing short of extraordinary in their efforts to meet the growing needs of our newly arrived youth and unaccompanied minors. Despite this remarkable dedication, our team has been operating without additional support. We need at least 30 percent increase for DYCD-funded drop-in center contracts. This additional funding will enable us to meet the needs of our young people and ensure more appropriate staffing across all sites. Lastly, the City also underfunds our RHY residential contracts falling short of covering actual costs. We urge for an increase in funding to ensure that all current crisis and transitional independent living program contracts are adjusted to adequately cover operational costs and provide a 10 percent increase for all residential agreements. Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

RAMON LECLERC: Good afternoon. My name is Ramon LeClerc. I represent New Alternatives for

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Homeless LGBTQ Youth. Nine years ago, back in 2015, the City Council at that time passed a law, I don't remember the Local Law number, I apologize, requiring DYCD to fund 21- to 24-year-old beds. There's been no movement in nine years. Only two providers currently, and one, Ali Forney, is actually funded privately and not by DYCD for the 21 to 24-year-olds (INAUDIBLE) is funded privately, and we have a crisis with 21- to 24-year-olds living on the streets, the trains, sleeping on park benches, especially with the Supreme Court matter, in this unjust Supreme Court's hands right now challenging the legality of arresting homeless people just for being unhoused. It's extremely dangerous, and I encourage the City Council to really sink their teeth in DYCD. At the time, their excuse was that they don't want to merge 16- to 20-year-olds with 21- to 24-year-olds due to the 21to 24-year-olds being bad influences, and I actually asked Ms. Haskell, who was working for DYCD at the time, what's the difference of the influence between the 21- to 24-year-olds over the 16- to 20-year-olds and sending the 21- to 24-year-olds to DHS shelters where there's 40-, 50-, 60-, 70-year-old people who have severe criminal records, some, and housing and

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allowing those people to influence the 21- to 24year-olds. The housing navigators are extremely
important, and I just want to say this, Mayor Adams'
edict to not allow sleeping in drop-in centers is
extremely dangerous, and it's depriving our youth of
a human need. If you have nowhere else to lay your
head and you fall asleep in the chair, or if you have
cots, I don't see nothing wrong with allowing our
young people to sleep. Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you. Thank you all very much.

Okay, next panel is Edwin Santana, Ellie Rutkey, Roslyn Morrison, Scott Daly, Tené Howard.

SCOTT DALY: Thank you, Chair Brannan,
Stevens, and Members of the Committee for the Council
and for the support you've given to NYJTL over the
last five decades. My name is Scott Daly, and I'm a
Senior Director of NYJTL's free tennis programs
throughout the City of New York. With the City's
finances in such good shape, we hope we're going to
get, we're looking for an increase in the FY25
budget. We are seeking 1 million dollars this year
under the Council's Physical Education and Fitness
Initiative. This would be an increase of 200,000

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dollars over last year. This would be our first increase in 16 years. I know I don't have to tell anybody here that over these past 16 years, cost for everything has skyrocketed. Staggering rates are what we are facing now. One dollar today buys only 69 cents of what it did in 2008. It's becoming challenging for us to continue the level of programming that everybody's expecting from us at the current level of funding, especially since we do not get the COLA increases as in other agencies. In order to keep up with these costs and to continue to pay our staff a living wage and to prevent cuts, we need the increase in funding. It is vital to our continuation. It is our belief that talent is universal, but that opportunity and access is not. That's what we're able to provide with the Council's help. We have done this for 53 years. Since we are partners, we are the largest tennis and educational program in the country. It's all due to the Council's support. Through the free programming, we reach over 90,000 children in under-resourced areas of the city. We are in all five boroughs of the city. 80 percent of our population of those who registered with us are Black, Latino, and Asian. 70 percent are 10 years old

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or younger. During the pandemic, when everything was closed down, we opened up in August and provided services to these kids. We now need the help of the City Council. Increased funding to NYJTL in Fiscal Year '25 budget is crucial to our vision and that of our founder, Arthur Ashe. With your continued support, we know we can change the lives of thousands of children in the City of New York. Thank you very much for your time.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you, Scott.
SCOTT DALY: Thank you.

ANNIE MINGUEZ: Thank you, Chair Brannan and Chair Stevens for the opportunity to testify today. My name is Annie Minguez, and I am the Vice President of Government and Community Relations for Good Shepherd Services. We contract with both ACS and DYCD on a number of programs. At a time when our city is still recovering from the pandemic, we should be talking about fortifying services and investing in programs that are helping our city recover. The Mayor's November Plan, January Plan, and the Executive Budget cut many critical services, not only for this Fiscal Year, but the outyears. We need those funds restored. During this time, we should not be

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cutting services that are a beacon to youth and families across the city. We need investments, not divestments. Families need childcare for undocumented parents, adult literacy, afterschool, summer programming for middle school students, counseling services for families, legal supports to help youth and families and cure violence, supports for youth experiencing homelessness. This is not services we want. These are services that we need. Children and youth should not be the ones to carry the burden of the City's financial crisis. I want to thank the Council for ensuring, as part of your Council response, that we are protecting children and youth at all costs. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

TENÉ HOWARD: Good afternoon, everyone, and especially to Council Member Brannan and Council Member Stevens. My name is Tené Howard. I'm the Executive Director at Sadie Nash Leadership Project, a youth development organization working here in New York City. Our mission is to strengthen, empower, and equip young women and gender-expansive youth of color as agents of change in their lives and in the world.

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We use popular education along with lots of other strategies in our afterschool and summer leadership development programs to build community, critical consciousness, and college and career readiness, and we are a part of the STARS CGI group, Sports Training and Role Models Success Citywide Girls Initiative. We are really proud of the fact that STARS, for the last 10 years, STARS CGI has been serving girls and gender-expansive youth all over New York City, doing incredible programming to make sure that they have spaces for community, for connection, and for their own growth and development. Our organizations are a lifeline for young people. It's through our organizations that young people are gaining opportunities to sustain and be resilient in these continually unprecedented times. In December 2021, the U.S. Surgeon General issued an advisory on protecting youth mental health in recognition of the impact of COVID on young people's mental health and well-being. Certain groups of young people, especially black and Latino youth, LGBTQ+ youth, and youth from low-income and immigrant households are often at a greater risk for these mental health and well-being challenges. This is confirmed by our own

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experiences with NASHers, the young people in our programs. It is programs like Sadie Nash Leadership Project and the support that we receive from STARS CGI that's enabled us to show up for our young people, both because of the continuing impact of the COVID-19 crisis, and in response to the current global crisis so many of our young people find themselves experiencing. It is imperative that our programs are funded so that we can continue the proud work we've done to really expand the programming, meet their needs, and create new opportunities for healing and self-care for these young people. We're so proud of what we're doing to create a just and joyful New York City in partnership with the young people in our programs, and we're hopeful that you will continue to invest deeply in these young women and gender-expansive youth who are not just the future of our city, but are creating change now. Thank you.

ELLIE RUTKEY: Good afternoon. My name is
Ellie Rutkey, and I'm a lawyer with the Door's Legal
Services Center. The Door is a comprehensive youth
development organization and houses a DYCD drop-in
center. Our Legal Services Center specializes in

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serving young people in their immigration cases. As my written testimony details, the young people that we work with at the Door are extremely vulnerable and are in desperate need of support from the City. For example, at a recent drop-in legal clinic for runaway homeless youth, Door staff members spoke with an 18year-old who was forced to leave his home country after police officers shot and killed his mother in front of him due to her political activity. Another young person who we met at the clinic has fled his home country after years of experiencing extreme physical abuse and death threats from his father. Unhoused young people like these two young adults need access to safety, stability, and services offered in youth shelters. There's a severe shortage of youth shelter beds and, as a result, an alarming number of unhoused young people ages 18 to 24 are instead placed in HERRCs. HERRCs are inappropriate environments for young people because they lack privacy, do not provide sufficient food, offer practically no support services, and continuously displace residents. It is impossible for already vulnerable youth to find stability and community within the HERRC system, and so I urge the City to

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fund additional DYCD youth shelter beds. In addition, young people without legal status, particularly those living in shelter, need access to free immigration legal services. Door staff members regularly turn away young immigrants with strong claims for legal relief. Just last month, we received over 50 requests for help, and we have over 200 young people just waiting for an initial appointment. If the City does not provide funding to remedy the current shortage of legal services providers, especially those dedicated to unhoused youth, an unacceptable number of young people who are eligible for immigration relief will not receive necessary legal help and instead will be ordered removed to a country where their well-being, and sometimes lives, will be at risk. Thus, I urge the City to fund youth-specific, no-cost immigration legal services. Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you.

ROSLYN MORRISON: Good afternoon, Chair Brannan, Chair Stevens, and the entire panel. Thank you for this opportunity and inviting us to share our testimony. I'm Roslyn Morrison. I'm a Senior Attorney at the Legal Aid Society in the Community Justice Unit. My colleague, co-supervising attorney, Michelle

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Fields, handed up our written materials, which will go to supplement the testimony that I'll provide. While we appreciate the positive recognition for Mayor Adams' Administration regarding the effectiveness of the crisis management teams, the proposed 1.5-million-dollar cut in funding to CJU's supportive legal services is deeply concerning and potentially disruptive. This cut is a significant setback in our efforts to maintain and enhance public safety and community well-being. It is crucial to recognize that undermining CJU is tantamount to undermining the entire framework of CMS, which has been pivotal in reducing gun and gang violence across the city. Recent data from the New York City Council data team underscores the success of the CMS Cure Violence Model, with an 18.1 percent reduction in shootings in areas serviced by the program in the first year alone, and now those reductions have been sustained at the level of 16 to 19 percent in subsequent years. These statistics are a clear testament to the effectiveness of these initiatives in saving lives, in disrupting violence, enhancing public safety, and instilling confidence in the continued success of CMS and CJU. Moreover, as

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documented in Exhibit Z, letters of support from our CMS organizations, feedback from community organizations highlights the critical nature of CJU's services. These organizations attest to the fact that CJU's legal support is fundamental to their operations and successful in reducing gun and gang violence. The legal education workshops conducted by CJU have also been praised by members of the Mayor's Action Plan and the Office of Neighborhood Safety, who recognize these services as essential components of the broader strategy to increase public safety. In conclusion, in light of the above, it is evident that any reduction to funding of CJU directly contradicts the historical mission of CMS and, by extension, the City's commitment to eradicating gun and gang violence. Therefore, we urge the Administration to reconsider its stance and restore total funding to CJU. Doing so will ensure the continuation and expansion of crucial legal services that have proven effective in making our most marginalized communities far safer. We stand with the founders and supporters of the CMS movement in advocating for fully supported CJU as an integral part of our strategy to reduce gun and gang violence. I'll close by noting that we're

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2 looking forward to the meeting on Monday with DYCD.

3 I'll note that our organization had made numerous

4 attempts, numerous outreach to DYCD immediately

5 following the March 22nd hearings without much

6 success until recently. We had hoped to have been

7 able to meet with them prior to today's hearing.

8 Nonetheless, we are pleased that we'll be meeting

9 with them on Monday at noon, and we look forward to

10 sharing the results of that meeting. Thank you.

11 CO-CHAIRPERSON STEVENS: Yes, please

12 | follow me about the meeting. Appreciate it.

13 ROSLYN MORRISON: Will do.

and the Youth Services Committee Members. My name is Edwin Santana, and I'm a Community Organizer at Freedom Agenda and a member. I believe that the City budget should reflect what we value, and I believe that most New Yorkers value our youth. If we value our youth, then we should invest in the programs and services that serve our youth, but Mayor Adams seems to have a different priority. He's slashing funding for everything that supports our youth and doubling down on arresting and incarcerating them. It's

shameful. It's also not going to do anything to drive

crime down. I can tell you from my own experience as 2 3 a person who entered juvenile detention at 13 and 15 4 years old, instead of giving me the proper services 5 to help me in my youth, I was incarcerated, and all that did was expose me to horrors that come with the 6 7 criminal justice system. The same is happening with 8 the youth today. Let us not forget that there are over 1,000 young people, 25 and under, at Rikers Island today. Incarceration is not the answer, but 10 11 that is what Eric Adams wants us to believe. The 12 Mayor's budget proposes cutting millions from the 13 Department of Youth and Community Development. That 14 includes huge cuts to the Office of Neighborhood 15 Safety for things like cure violence programs, 16 employment programs, as well as legal services and 17 recreational events, but you know what he's not 18 cutting? The Department of Correction. Even though 19 they have four times more officers per person in 20 custody than average jail system, and even though 21 they are the only City agency that is actually 2.2 required to shrink in the next three years under the 2.3 plan to close Rikers, Rikers is a hellhole. Rikers, especially for people behind the walls, but for 24 25 people who work there too, so DOC is expected to have

2	over 1,400 vacancies this year, and the Mayor isn't
3	planning to cut any of them. He keeps saying he
4	expects the jail population to rise, but that's not
5	inevitable. It's his policies that are designed to
6	create that outcome. I know, and the City Council
7	knows, that this is the wrong path, and I want to
8	thank you for calling on the Mayor to restore funding
9	cuts to DYCD and other services that support our
10	youth. If the Mayor won't agree to those changes in
11	the budget, we urge the City Council to use every
12	power you have, including passing a budget amendment
13	to ensure a just budget for our city. In the full
14	written testimony I will submit, you'll see a full
15	budget analysis from the Campaign to Cclose Rikers
16	that calls on the City Council to cut DOC's bloated
17	budget and redirect those resources to our youth and
18	our communities. Thank you. Happy Mother's Day to
19	everyone here. Happy Mother's Day to the mothers on
20	Rikers Island and in DOC custody. Peace.
21	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you all
22	very much.

Okay, our next panel we've got on Zoom, starting with Diana Imbert.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time has started.

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DIANA IMBERT: Hi, I'm sorry. I know the timer just started. I was unable to speak actually due to being muted.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Okay, go ahead.

DIANA IMBERT: Thank you. Thank you for the opportunity to discuss the need for continued funding for Promise New York City. My name is Diana Imbert, and I'm a Staff Attorney for the Early Childhood Education Project at Advocates for Children of New York. We were pleased when the City launched Promise New York City in January of 2023 to increase access to early childhood programs for children who are undocumented. Unfortunately, the Mayor's Executive Budget does not include funding to continue this vital initiative, and hundreds of children risk being turned away from their programs this summer if the funding does not continue. Many early childhood programs including New York City Public Schools, infant and toddler programs, as well as 3K and pre-K programs that offer extended hours require families to qualify for subsidized childcare assistance to enroll. These programs have historically excluded children who are undocumented as they are not eligible for this subsidy based on state and federal

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restrictions. Since the launch of Promise New York City, hundreds of families of children who are undocumented have been able to access a variety of early childhood programs. From its inception, demand has exceeded capacity and we know that several hundred other families have contacted agencies seeking care for their young children through Promise New York City but have been turned away due to a lack of funding. Unfortunately, all funding for Promise New York City is set to expire in June, which will result in children losing seats in their programs and new families being unable to apply. At a time when New York City has seen a substantial increase in immigrant families, the City should be increasing, and certainly not eliminating, funding for this initiative so that children are not excluded from programs based on their immigration status. Promise New York City is critical for helping to prepare newly arrived children for success in elementary school and beyond, and it can also be transformative for parents by enabling them to work or study, connect with resources, and settle in their new communities. We join in the recommendation made by the City Council in its response to the Preliminary

2 Budget in calling on the City to allocate and

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3 | baseline 25 million in the Administration for

4 | Children's Services budget for Promise New York City.

5 | Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today.

6 I would be happy to answer any questions.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you. Now we have Sierra Craft.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time has started.

SIERRA KRAFT: Good afternoon. Thank you, Chair Stevens and Chair Brannan for inviting this testimony. My name is Sierra Kraft, and I'm the Executive Director of ICARE, a coalition of legal service organizations, a few of whom you've heard of already today. We are dedicated to providing free representation to unaccompanied immigrant children facing deportation in New York City while advocating for universal access to counsel. Today, I'm here to request additional funding for the ICARE coalition for the Unaccompanied Minors and Families Initiative. So many of the young people we're serving are eligible for special immigrant juvenile status, a critical form of relief that provides a pathway to permanency, work authorization, and a green card. However, this relief is only available until their

21st birthday, and our complex immigration and family 2 court systems necessitate skilled non-profit 3 4 attorneys to support these young individuals with their applications so it's critical that we increase 5 our capacity to deploy trained attorneys who 6 7 specialize in youth cases to ensure timely and effective submissions in family court. Thanks to the 8 support from City Council through the UMFI Initiative, ICARE has successfully stood by over 10 11 12,000 immigrants in the past 10 years, and these 12 children represented by attorneys achieve a success 13 rate of over 90 percent in winning their cases, which opens doors to higher education, meaningful careers, 14 15 and leadership roles in the city they now call home 16 but, despite the success, our funding hasn't 17 increased in over five years, even though the demand 18 for services continues to grow so thousands of young people in New York City are in urgent need of legal 19 20 support and the time is really ticking on what 21 options they have available to avoid deportation, and the current funding levels are just insufficient to 2.2 2.3 meet the needs so we're calling upon the City to prioritize and increase funding for ICARE. We're 24 urgently in need of 5.7 million this Fiscal Year to 25

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services such as food, shelter, medical care and crucial legal assistance alongside educational and vocational training. This holistic model is crucial now more than ever as we witness a significant rise in the number of migrant youth seeking refuge in our city due to ongoing global crises. We are deeply grateful to the City Council for its continued support and acknowledgement of the challenges faced by these vulnerable populations. Your commitment has been instrumental in empowering organizations like ours to make a significant impact. As the demand for our services grows, particularly in legal support and comprehensive care, a resolve to meet these needs with your support is more vital than ever. In recent years, New York City has seen an unprecedented increase in migrant youth arrivals, many of whom are escaping violence, poverty, and political instability. These young individuals arrive with profound needs, language barriers, lack of documentation, and often a history of trauma. Their situations are compounded by their ineligibility for work which severely limits their ability to sustain themselves. At Covenant House, we strive to address these challenges but the demand far outstrips our

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current capacity. We continue to see an increased demand for specialized legal services, crucial for this group of migrant youth. These challenges range from immigration issues such as applying for asylum or navigating special immigrant juvenile status process to more routine legal needs that impact their ability to work, study, and live securely in our community. We propose the following critical investments, fund support services for new arrivals. This funding is crucial to enhance our capacity to provide multilingual support and direct services, ensuring that our residential and supportive programming, not just at Covenant House, but statewide...

 $\label{eq:SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time expired.} \\$ Thank you.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you. Now we have Denise Taylor.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Starting time.

DENISE TAYLOR: Thank you, Chair Stevens,
Chair Brannan, and the Children and Youth Committee
for the opportunity to testify. My name is Denise
Taylor, and I'm a Program Director at Brooklyn
Transitions Family Treatment Rehabilitation Program

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with Good Shepherd Services. My testimony today will focus on the urgent need to address the ongoing workforce crisis severely impacting child welfare prevention programs across the city and our call for greater investment to create salary parity with ACS and other City agencies having similar positions. We're all aware of the great resignation that took place during and post pandemic, which drastically impacted many fields, including human services in the child welfare. While other fields and sectors have regained their workforce, the prevention programs continue to struggle significantly. Personally, at my program, among other positions, I've had six social worker case worker vacancies for over a year and have unable to hire for them. It is not a result of a lack of recruitment efforts as I have gone on over six job fairs that have had several qualified candidates who have declined the positions due to low salaries, which are not competitive and manageable for the current cost of living in New York City. The low workforce has significantly negatively impacted program and, as a result, we've closed one (INAUDIBLE) functioning prevention program in Brooklyn and have decreased the slots in the FTR

and this would be our first increase in 16 years. We

are also seeking 250,000 under the Council's Social

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and Emotional Supports for Students Initiative. SEL is integrated into every element of our programming and increased funding is vitally needed. Unlike contracts with DYCD and other agencies, Council discretionary contracts are not eligible for COLA increases, and this is making it increasingly difficult for New York Edge to attract and maintain the quality staff that continues to offer the wide array of programs that we're known for. We are the largest provider of free school-based afterschool and summer programming in New York City, serving almost 30,000 students in 133 schools in 37 of the 51 Council Districts throughout the five boroughs, and our mission is to help bridge the opportunity gap among students in underinvested communities. Our free summer programs will begin in early July, providing over 10,000 young New Yorkers with a summer camp experience on par with the best private pay camps in the city, improving health and wellness, developing social skills, and preventing summer learning loss, and Council citywide funding has enabled us to enrich and expand our school year and summer programs and develop and implement new, unique and engaging programs. New York Edge, its students and families

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are extremely grateful for the Council's 32 years of support and partnership, but we're now looking to you to meet the needs of the next generation...

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time has expired.
Thank you.

GABBY CADAHIA: Supporting our Fiscal Year '25 funding requests. Thank you very much.

CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you. Now, we have Alex Malescio.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time is starting.

ALEX MALESCIO: Chair Stevens, Brannan, and Members of the City Council, good afternoon. My name is Alex Malescio and I'm the Senior Director of Government Relations at Urban Upbound, AKA East River Development Alliance. Like many of my colleagues in the non-profit sector, I'm here today to advocate for the inclusion of funding in the City's budget to support programs that address the root causes of poverty and mitigate its social ills, which often affect youth the most, including violence and the exclusion from economic opportunity. Specifically, we at Urban Upbound have found that the following programs have the greatest impact on youth, career-focused workforce development, a high percentage of

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technical courses.

youth today are seeking meaningful careers that

promise a living wage, including coding, engineering

and construction trades. This context workforce

development involves programs such as high school

tutoring and college preparation, soft skills,

including resume building, interview prep, career

planning and retention counseling and hard skills

training, including connections to free highly

Entrepreneurship services. Many youth today are particularly attracted to the independence and opportunity associated with starting a business. Technical assistance services provide budding entrepreneurs with the support needed to manage their businesses finances, operation, marketing, and vendor relations and administrative responsibilities. Urban Upbound specializes in providing business strategy consulting to worker cooperatives, an innovative business model that facilitates worker equity.

Financial inclusion is both the prerequisite and a goal of workforce and business development, regardless of whether they are in crisis mode or are furthering in their journey towards financial independence. Youth need access to one-on-

2 one counseling and services that address debt,

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3 credit, financial planning, taxes and benefits.

4 Access to safe and affordable banking through

5 community-based institutions, such as the Urban

6 Upbound Federal Credit Union is also key.

Finally, youth should have access to mental wellness services that address the emotions and challenges that can arise during career and financial growth. Services such as sessions with...

 $\label{eq:sergeant-at-arms: Your time is expired.} \\$ Thank you.

ALEX MALESCIO: Thank you.

 $\label{eq:co-chairperson brannan: Thank you. Now,} % The property of the control of the contro$

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time is starting.

much. I'm gravely concerned by the potential cuts to social services that we've been discussing here. The basic aspects of childhood from field trips and daycare to responding to the dire crisis in runaway and homeless youth housing. I want to beg the Council to restore these services and to advance a proposal for an institution that we can cut in order to achieve this, namely the NYPD Strategic Response

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Group. The NYPD Strategic Response Group was created as a counterterrorism unit but has completely transitioned away from that obligation into the forcible repression of protests, including peaceful ones, and the clearing of homeless camps that only exist due to prior cuts in social services for the unhoused population, and the violent tactics that the SRG uses preemptively are outlined in its handbook, which instructs SRG to respond to peaceful protests from certain political movements, for example, the Black Lives Matter movement, as well as back during the presidency of Donald Trump, any opposition to him was also in this category as if they were violent protests. There's a list surrounding movements meriting violence rather than a mere criteria for determining a violent protest. The SRG has been completely failing to actually de-escalate violence or danger as exists in our city. It is the product of the broken windows policing philosophy, which places an extreme emphasis on property over the sanctity of human dignity or life. It has forcibly undressed people, beaten non-resisting protesters and bystanders at protests such as legal observers, and its members have frequently been overheard expressing

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE JOINTLY WITH COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH 268
2	a desire to use lethal force and bemoaning the fact
3	that they're not permitted to in a certain situation.
4	We have seen this recently in the response to the
5	student encampments. The SRG has brought in violence
6	when there has been peaceful civil disobedience and,
7	if there has ever been a situation of unsafety at an
8	encampment, they have not responded by de-escalating
9	conflict but have violently persecuted the groups at
10	the encampments.
11	COMMITTEE COUNSEL TWOMEY: Your time has
12	expired. Thank you.
13	PETER TARSON: Okay, take care.
14	CO-CHAIRPERSON BRANNAN: Thank you very
15	much.
16	Okay, with that, day five of FY25
17	Executive Budget hearings is adjourned. Thank you.
18	Have a good weekend. [GAVEL]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date June 15, 2024