CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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December 4, 2023 Start: 1:19 p.m. Recess: 3:21 p.m.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

B E F O R E: Selvena Brooks-Powers, Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Joann Ariola David M. Carr Amanda Farías Ari Kagan Linda Lee

Farrah N. Louis Mercedes Narcisse Lincoln Restler Carlina Rivera

Nantasha M. Williams

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

Erik D. Bottcher

## APPEARANCES

Eric Beaton, Deputy Commissioner for Transportation Planning and Management at New York City Department of Transportation

Rick Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community Affairs at New York City Department of Transportation

Corey Ortega, Assembly District Leader in Harlem

Christopher Leon Johnson

Raul Rivera, TLC driver and a TLC driver advocate

Elizabeth Adams, Deputy Executive Director for Public Affairs at Transportation Alternatives

Eric McClure, Executive Director at StreetsPAC

Sara Lind

Carlo Steinman, Times Square Alliance

Gerald Scupp, Garment District Alliance

Daniel Scorse, Vice President of Operations for the Hudson Yards/Hell's Kitchen Alliance

Glen Bolofsky

the Committee will discuss several pieces of

legislation that are being introduced today. The
Department of Transportation plays a critical role in
ensuring the safe, efficient, and environmentally
responsible movement of people and goods in New York
City. The agency currently oversees 6,300 miles of
streets and highways, over 12,000 miles of sidewalks,
and approximately 800 bridges and tunnels throughout
the city. Among its many roles, the DOT is
responsible for ensuring street safety, administering
programs, planning projects, overseeing news racks,
regulating parking, and managing the city
transportation infrastructure.

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This is done with the expectation that the DOT remains transparent and accountable to the public while also ensuring that stakeholders understand specific notices and requirements related to DOT projects. Given the DOT's vast portfolio and range of responsibilities, it can be difficult for New Yorkers to navigate the City's complex systems of rules and notifications. It is my hope today that this hearing sheds light on and demystifies DOT processes and regulations.

In addition to our oversight topic, we will be hearing important legislation today covering

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 5
an array of topics, notice and requirements, speed
reducers, open streets, parking, and news racks.

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Two bills, Intro. number 172 sponsored by Council Member Hudson and Intro. number 1033 sponsored by Council Member Ariola involve notifications regarding the Open Streets program.

Intro. number 172 is in relation to notification and community input regarding designation, removal of, and changes to Open Streets, and Intro. number 1033 is in relation to requiring the DOT to consult with the Fire Department prior to approving Open Streets applications and certain bicycle lane projects and to notify affected firehouses prior to approving Open Streets applications, bicycle lane projects, and major transportation projects.

Intro. number 810 sponsored by Council
Member Bottcher would establish standards regarding
the placement and maintenance of news racks. News
racks can be found throughout our city, and this bill
would give DOT the flexibility to regulate news rack
size and shape and will ensure they are properly
situated.

Intro. number 922 sponsored by Council Member Ariola would require the DOT to notify

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 6
affected Community Boards and Council Members 15 days
before removing a parking space.

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Lastly, Intro. number 1030 sponsored by Council Member Williams would require DOT to post certain information regarding the status of traffic control devices and speed reducer requests on its websites.

Intro. number 1120 sponsored by council

Member Carr would require a raised speed reducer

feasibility assessment at speed camera locations.

Both these bills are related to street safety and how

to improve the systems we have in place. Traffic

control and speed reducer improvements are necessary

aspects of DOT street design. As Chair of this

Committee, I have advocated for street-calming

measures hard infrastructure at speed camera

locations in the past. It is imperative that DOT

equitably invest in and improves neighborhoods that

are suffering from high rates of traffic fatalities

and crashes rather than simply punishing and fining

individuals.

Overall, I look forward to hearing from DOT, advocates, and members of the public regarding the oversight and legislation at this hearing.

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Before we begin, I would like to thank my
Staff and Committee Staff for their hard work, Mark
Chen, Senior Counsel to the Committee; Connor Mealey,
Counsel to the Committee; Kevin Kotowski, Senior
Policy Analyst; John Basile, Senior Policy Analyst;
Jack Seigenthaler, my Policy and Budget Director; and
Renee Taylor, my Chief-of-Staff.

I now invite Council Member Carr to make an opening statement.

COUNCIL MEMBER CARR: Thank you so much,

Madam Chair. I so appreciate this important hearing

and an opportunity to speak on my bill, Introduction

1120.

I think that street safety and traffic safety is among the foremost responsibilities of municipal government, and certainly in New York City it's no exception, and one of the things that I think many of us have come to support are speed reducers, whether it's speed humps in certain areas and speed cushions in areas where speed humps are just appropriate. One such location was in front of PS26 in the neighborhood of Travis in my District where we had a speed cushion request that was approved but could not be placed closer to the school which was

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE the whole point of the request because it was within 1,000 feet of an existing speed camera, and agency rules prohibited or precluded that from happening. I believe that no camera could ever be as effective at controlling speed on a corridor as an actual physical impediment like a speed hump or a speed cushion or a raised crosswalk, and that's why this bill was introduced because I think it's important that we prioritize street safety measures that are the most effective, and certainly there's a spectrum of opinion with respect to the speed camera program, but no matter how you feel about it, speed humps, speed cushions, and raised crosswalks clearly are going to be more effective at slowing vehicles down as they approach some of our most sensitive locations like the front of a school, and so that's why this bill is here and why I'm so grateful that it's being heard today, and I hope that the Administration can find its way to support it and work with us to make our streets even safer.

Thank you, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Next, we will hear from Council Member Bottcher.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER BOTTCHER: Thank you so

3 | much, Chair.

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Every New Yorker is familiar with those sidewalk newspaper boxes that seem to be everywhere, especially in Manhattan in the District I represent, and in true New York City fashion we have a love/hate relationship with them. We love when they give us convenient access to the papers that we love, but we don't love when they're frequently neglected, vandalized, broken, filled with garbage, tipped over, causing sidewalk congestion, or just plain eyesores. Many of these boxes aren't even for newspapers but for promotions for commercial enterprises. Until now, the City hasn't been able to do a whole lot to address this issue because the current regulations don't empower them to. That's why today we're having a hearing on City Council legislation that I introduced that will clarify and strengthen the regulations regarding the siting, design, and maintenance of sidewalk news racks. Intro. 810 directs the Department of Transportation to develop standards regarding the manner in which news racks and boxes can be placed or installed. It gives the Department of Transportation the ability to create

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 10 2 design standards regarding the size, shape, and 3 appearance of news racks. It also clarifies that news 4 racks shouldn't be used for just promotional and advertising purposes other than announcing the name 5 and/or website of the publication offered for 6 7 distribution. The legislation will require news rack owners to affix their name, address, telephone 8 number, and email address in a readily visible location on the front or sides of the news rack. That 10 11 way, we all know who's responsible for it, we know 12 who to contact if there's a problem with it. 13 I want to thank the co-sponsor of this

I want to thank the co-sponsor of this legislation, Council Member Sandra Ung, and all the community organizations and residents who've already gotten behind this bill. I want to thank Majority Whip Selvena Brooks-Powers for your leadership on so many of these important issues. Together, we'll keep working to improve life for New Yorkers in ways large and small.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next, we will hear from Council Member Ariola.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Thank you, Chair. This afternoon, we'll be hearing about Intro. 0922 and Intro. 1033, two bills which will help improve

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11 the quality of life of New Yorkers across the five boroughs.

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Intro. 0922 would require the Department of Transportation to notify affected Community Boards and Council Members 15 days before removing a parking space. That would allow local residents, leaders to weigh in on the decision to remove these spaces during that 15-day period. This would grant greater power to our communities and let those most directly impacted decide for themselves whether or not they would like these spaces removed rather than leaving the choices solely up to planners somewhere behind a desk who will never be affected by the changes that they seek to implement.

Intron. 1033 would greatly improve the safety in our city by requiring the Department of Transportation to notify area firehouses prior to approving any major transportation projects that might impede the ability of the Fire Department to respond to an emergency in a timely manner. This bill would also require DOT to consult with the Fire Department prior to approving Open Streets applications and prior to the construction or removal of any bicycle lane that would result in the removal

of a vehicular travel lane or a parking lane. DOT would also be required to provide certification of such consultation. In situations where every second counts to save a life, these consultations would guarantee that the FDNY is not delayed in their responses to any emergencies, thus safeguarding our

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Thank you for the time for listening. Thank you, Chair.

residents in the event of a tragedy.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Next, we will hear from Council Member Williams.

appreciate the opportunity to discuss the significance of bill, Intro. 1030. This proposal seeks to enhance transparency within the Department of Transportation by establishing a user-friendly website, offering the public real-time access to information on traffic control device and speed reducer requests. The website will feature crucial details such as case numbers, general topics, issue status, resolutions, and reasons for approvals or denials. If approved, timelines for device completion will also be available. The inspiration for this bill comes from many constituents putting in speed

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 13 mitigation requests and getting denied and not having a reason why. This initiative aims to clear up the opaque criteria and empower the public as well as foster a safer and more collaborative relationship between communities and DOT.

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I extend my gratitude to Chair Brooks-Powers for acknowledging the importance of this bill. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I first would like to also acknowledge the Members that have joined this Committee hearing today, Council Members Carr, Kagan, Ariola, Farías, Louis, Restler, Rivera, Williams, Narcisse.

Next, I'm going to read testimony on behalf of Council Member Kevin Riley who could not be here today. I am not going to read it in its entirety, but it will be put in for the record.

I am here today to emphasize the crucial importance of Intro. 1033, a fundamental step towards strengthening agency partnership, calling on the Department of Transportation to collaborate effectively with the FDNY to guarantee that our city's transportation projects align with the safety needs of our communities. Every District is unique

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 14 with its own set of dynamics and challenges, making it imperative to approach projects on a case-by-case basis. This is precisely where Intro. 1033 become indispensable. I am proud to be a co-sponsor of this legislation mandating that DOT consult with the Fire Department before approving Open Streets applications and certain bicycle lane projects. By requiring notifications to affected firehouses before greenlighting these projects, we are placing a critical check on the decision-making process. While the intention of street design projects is to strike a balance among the needs of pedestrians, riders, and drivers alike, they can sometimes omit critical functionalities that vary from one community to another. In my District, the White Plains Road Protected Bicycle Lanes have elicited ongoing concern from numerous residents, business owners, and municipal workers including our local Fire Department. With the lanes altering parking and conflicting with our elevated train network, inevitable congestion has hindered the flow of traffic in one of our community's busiest business markets. This poses a potential challenge to the ability of firefighters and EMT professionals to

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 15 promptly act in emergency situations where response times can be decisive to optimizing the life-saving interventions. I urge my Colleagues to endorse this bill as it signifies a dedication to the well-being

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I will now ask the Committee Counsel to go over some procedural items and swear in the representatives from DOT.

and safety of our constituents. Thank you.

I will take point of privilege to say
that we received the testimony from DOT 15 minutes
ago, and that is unacceptable. I have asked on
numerous occasions for testimony to come to us at
least 24 hours in advance so that the Committee Staff
is able to better prepare myself and the Members of
this Committee to ask meaningful questions so that
there is limited redundancy because some of the
questions we have may be addressed in your testimony
or we may need to delve deeper so in the future we
ask that the testimony be sent in advance at least a
day before. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. I'm

Mark Chen, Counsel to the Transportation and

Infrastructure Committee of the New York City

Council.

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Our first witnesses will be from the

Department of Transportation, Eric Beaton, Deputy

Commissioner for Transportation Planning and

Management; and Rick Rodriguez, Assistance

Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community

Affairs.

I will now administer the oath. Please raise your right hands.

Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yes.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. You

may begin when ready.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Thank you.

Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-Powers and Members of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. I am Eric Beaton, Deputy Commissioner for Transportation Planning and Management. With me today is Rick Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community Affairs. Thank you for the opportunity to testify on behalf of Mayor

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Eric Adams and Commissioner Ydanis Rodriguez on DOT
transparency and notice requirements.

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public input makes our projects better so it is worth taking the time to do it well. We have been working to strengthen our relationships across the city, including with faith communities and immigrant communities, to ensure we are able to broaden the feedback that helps to shape our projects. We are always happy to take any feedback that you have about critical stakeholders and strategies as we develop projects in your communities.

At the same time, we want to acknowledge that there is a balance that we need to strike between depth of community engagement and getting stuff done for New Yorkers. We need to make our streets safer, create a better public realm, and help people get where they need to go quickly and efficiently. It is important to do this while working closely with communities, but we also want to make sure that we right-size engagement processes to make sure we are delivering our work equitably around the city and moving aggressively. As the Mayor announced last week, we are doubling our intersection safety

commitment to 2,000 intersections per year, including 1,000 with daylighting, which I know has been long pushed for by our partners in the Council, and we are grateful for your partnership in making sure that we can get these needed safety enhancements in guickly.

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I know that there has been concern about how DOT engages with communities, and I want to take a moment to talk about some of the ways that we have been working to expand how we do this and make sure we are connecting with people and reflecting local concerns in our work.

When DOT develops a project, our Borough Commissioners develop outreach plans that reflect each unique community. This includes formal engagements with Community Boards and briefings for Council Members and other elected officials but also ways to reach out directly to the public including workshops, surveys, onsite walkthroughs, and flyers posted through the project area and often handed directly to business and homeowners. We work directly with local stakeholders, such as Business Improvement Districts, faith organizations, older adult centers, and other locally important institutions. We also work closely with our peer agencies, including the

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Police Department, Fire Department, Sanitation,
Parks, Small Business Services, and other agencies
where relevant.

One focus of this Administration is
making sure we are hearing directly from New Yorkers,
many of whom may not have the ability to attend
formal meetings in the evening. Our Street
Ambassadors meet New Yorkers where they live, work,
and socialize. They engage people in conversations
about DOT projects at locations and times that are
convenient for them. They often do outreach in active
neighborhood spaces during the morning rush, in the
evenings, or over the weekend. The Street Ambassadors
also do merchant surveys where they walk business to
business along a corridor to speak directly with
business owners and get feedback about DOT proposals.
The Street Ambassador team is comprised of multilingual...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry. You cannot be on your phone here. You have to step out if you need to be on the phone. Sorry about that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Thank you. The Street Ambassador team is comprised of multi-

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 20 lingual Public engagement specialists who speak 10

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languages.

This model has been successful in getting feedback from community members and for sharing information about DOT's Street Improvement Projects. For many projects, we get thousands of responses, far more than we could get at any individual meeting, and particularly focused on local residents and stakeholders. Going forward, we want to continue to find innovative ways to make sure we are getting important community feedback and make sure we are communicating clearly about what is happening on our streets.

I also want to acknowledge that we often get many more requests than we are able to fulfill, a situation that will continue to be a challenge through the current budget crisis. We do our best to prioritize work so that we are addressing both the most critical locations and also performing work equitably citywide. We appreciate your partnership in helping to prioritize requests and your understanding when our resources are limited.

Turning to the legislation before the Council today. First, Intro. 172 sponsored by Council

Member Hudson. This bill would require DOT to provide 60 days advance notice to affected Council Members, Community Boards, and community organizations prior

5 to the designation, permanent change to, or removal

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

6 of an Open Street.

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DOT is proud to run the largest and most successful Open Streets program in the country. The program transforms streets into public space open to all. These transformations allow for a range of activities that promote economic development, support schools, facilitate pedestrian and bike mobility, and provide new ways for New Yorkers to enjoy cultural programming and build community.

providing sufficient notice and opportunity for community feedback for Open Streets. We recently proposed rules for the program that would achieve a lot of these same goals, and we would be happy to discuss the best way forward with the Council.

Next, Intro. 810 sponsored by Council

Member Bottcher. This bill lays out requirements for
news racks' maintenance and placement. DOT has

previously supported news rack reforms and would be
happy to discuss this bill further with the Council.

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2 Next, Intro. 922 sponsored by Council 3 Member Ariola. This bill would require DOT to notify 4 the local Community Board and Council Member 15 days before removing a parking space. DOT has serious concerns with this bill as it would slow the pace of 6 7 operations and be extremely burdensome. Streets are 8 fluid spaces where parking spaces are added and removed every day. Providing and receiving such notice would be overwhelming for both the agency and 10 11 the recipients. For permanent removals, DOT already gives notice before implementing major transportation 12 projects that involve the full-time removal of a 13 14 parking lane based on laws passed by the Council. 15 This bill creates a much wider universe of notice by 16 including both permanent and temporary parking space 17 removals that could include temporary removals for 18 construction or resurfacing. Overall, this would slow 19 down a significant portion of DOT's work.

Next, Intro. 1030 sponsored by Council

Member Williams. This bill would require DOT to make

available and searchable on its website information

on speed reducer and traffic control device requests.

I'm happy to say that DOT already has such a page on

our website. If you go to the Contact the

Commissioner page on our website, you can find the link to the Check Case Status Map. You can enter the case number or search an address to check on the status of a request. If a 3-1-1 service request was submitted, there is also a link on the page that takes you to the 3-1-1 page to look up your

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8 previously submitted request. We would be happy to

9 discuss this page further with the Council and how we

10 | could make this information more accessible.

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Next, Intro. 1033 sponsored by Council

Member Ariola. This bill would require DOT to consult

with the Fire Department before approving an Open

Street applications and certain bicycle lane

projects. Further, this bill would require DOT to

notify affected firehouses before approving an Open

Street application, a bicycle lane project, and a

major transportation project.

DOT works closely with our sister agencies and believes that such coordination is important. We already consult with FDNY on these projects, including meeting regularly with the FDNY Bureau of Operations Planning Division and each FDNY Borough Commander to discuss our projects and solicit their feedback on potential issues that may arise,

including concerns raised by local firehouses. These are important conversations that we will continue to have, but such communication must continue to happen in a centralized manner. We defer to our sister agency on how best to disseminate information between the Borough Commanders, FDNY Operations, and local firehouses.

Next, Intro. 1120 sponsored by Council

Member Carr. This bill would require DOT to assess at

least 100 speed camera locations each year to

determine the feasibility of installing a raised

speed reducer and, where feasible, installing such

device within one year. Additionally, DOT would be

required to annually report on each assessed

location, and in locations where both a speed reducer

and camera are present, provide a recommendation for

whether a camera is still necessary.

DOT has concerns with this bill as it would slow down speed hump installations and reduce the reach of our safety interventions. With this bill, instead of installing speed humps in new locations based on the many requests we get, we would need to install them where a safety treatment already

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Speed humps and speed cameras are two tools in our toolbox that address speeding, but we have many others that may be more appropriate for a particular location such as a larger street redesign or signal timing changes. As always, please send us locations where you have safety concerns, and we can evaluate them for the best treatment.

In conclusion, I would like to thank the Council for the opportunity to testify before you today on DOT's efforts to engage and notify the public about our projects. We now welcome your questions.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Let's start with pothole repairs and repair requests.

In Fiscal 2023, DOT repaired 176,853 potholes, 4

percent fewer than in the same period last year.

According to DOT, this was due to a mild winter and an increase in street resurfacing work, which reduced the formation of potholes. In Fiscal Year 2023, how many requests did DOT receive through 3-1-1 from individuals reporting a pothole or a cave-in on a street including on bike lanes?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I don't have the 3-1-1 data giving the number of requests, but I can tell you the number of potholes that we've filled are 156,218 locations throughout the city.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: While we're here, can someone check back and get that number for us, please?

 $\label{eq:assistant} \mbox{ ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Let me} \\ \mbox{ see if I can get that.}$ 

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Of the 176,853 potholes repaired in Fiscal '23, let me take that one back because you're going to get the 3-1-1 requests because I have a second followup question to that.

Pothole repair locations are listed on Open Data. Are pothole repair requests also included on Open Data? The repair locations are listed, but are the repair requests also included there?

 $\label{eq:assistant} \mbox{ COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We'll} \\ \mbox{try and find that at the same time.}$ 

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. What is the process for addressing a pothole 3-1-1 complaint and, if the pothole or cave-in is due to a third-party construction, what is the process for repair?

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2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: If, I'm
3 making up, some subcontractor is out doing...

You a factual example. On Merrick Boulevard near 222nd Street, there have been several instances where there is a cave-in. Oftentimes, someone will put a cone there, but there is work being done and when 3-1-1 calls are made, they're told that there is a third party project that is happening there, but there has been no permanent fixture to that.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Just as a bit of background, cave-ins are often due to erosion due to often burst water mains and things like that so I know that our sister agency, DEP, would have a role to play within that. I would want to be checking in with them. You said it was Merrick Boulevard?

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes, between 221st and 222nd. There's also another location in Far Rockaway that's on the same block as St. John's Hospital on Beach 19th Street, and we've called that in a few times to DOT and DEP, and I know there have been temporary fixes done, but it's still caving in so, if you're saying that there's something

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 28 underground that could be contributing to it, what's the process for fixing it?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I'm not sure at the specific locations, but, given that we have a relationship and given that we often attribute cave-ins to erosion and burst water mains, we should check in with our sister agency, DEP. I can follow up with your Staff after this so that we can send out inspectors.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But generally speaking, what is the coordination between DOT and DEP? If a 3-1-1 comes in for a cave-in or a pothole, is it going to DOT or is it going to DEP and, once it goes there, are the two sister agencies working together to address it?

## ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ:

Exactly. We often have coordination meetings, and we used to have City Hall coordinated restructure agency coordination meeting to go through things like this.

On a staff level, I know the engineers in both

Departments work daily with each other.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But you said used to so what happens now?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I can't speak to it now because I'm no longer in my role at City Hall. I'm sure that our engineers are still working together.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Just on procedure, if someone puts a 3-1-1 request in as a pothole, we will send an inspector out to go look at it because our intention is to fill that pothole within two days. If it turns out that it's not what we would think of as a pothole but is this cave-in or other type of request, we refer it to DEP, and we work closely with them. We often do a make safe, we will put some asphalt or something there just to make the location safe, acknowledging that that doesn't fix the underlying problem, but we don't want to just keep putting asphalt into the hole forever. It is at that point on DEP to send their inspector to see if they figure out why the cave-in is happening. Certainly, if they need our help in the repair, we will work with them on that.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for the response. Next, resurfacing streets. DOT previously had a goal to repave 1,300 lane miles annually, which was reduced to 1,100 lane miles per

year. Last year in our budget response, the Council urged the Administration to increase baseline funding for street resurfacing, allowing DOT to repave 1,300 annually. This funding was not added at adoption. New Yorkers can request resurfacing of a street that is rough, pitted, or cracked beyond repair. Please walk us through how DOT handles those street resurfacing

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requests.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Thank you, and it's a good question. First, with respect to the 1,300 versus 1,100, I think we're very happy with how many miles of streets we've repaved over the past few years, but one of the things that we really want to do is get into a sustainable cycle of resurfacing where over the years we've had times where we've resurfaced a lot of streets and then many fewer. Our analysis shows that 1,100 is actually a very sustainable level where if we can maintain that over time, we think it does keep our streets in a state of good repair.

In terms of how we select streets for resurfacing, we certainly take 3-1-1 and notifications about potholes and street conditions into account, but we also have a team that inspects

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 31 2 our streets throughout the year to make sure that 3 we're providing real observations because we don't 4 only want to be responsive to where people might call more often so the goal is to inspect all of our 5 streets at least once every two years. In reality, we 6 7 get to them much more frequently than that, and we do what we call a street assessment where we look at 8 things like cracks and street cuts to determine whether a street is in good, fair, or poor condition. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You do that on 12 all streets in New York City? 13 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes. 14 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Is there like 15 a map available that tracks when you do these? 16 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: It doesn't 17 track when, but we have a map that shows what the 18 most recent assessment was, and we can get you the 19 link but it's publicly available. 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, thank you. How many of those requests did DOT receive in 21 2.2 Fiscal Year 2023, and, out of the ones requested, how 2.3 many were addressed? ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I'll 24

see if we can get that while we're here.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, and while you're at it, I don't know if you have the answer to this, if not, if you could get it, does DOT have a list by District and Borough that tracks the resurfacing so pretty much what I was trying to get to, wanting to see that, so you're saying you have a link that's on Open Data that will break it down?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes, and we typically do it by Community District so that's a number that we would have readily available. If you're interested by any other geography, we could put that together, but it's not how we track it regularly.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. While we're talking about road safety, if you've noticed, there are two photos blown up here. This is alongside Robert Couche Senior Center in my District, and I've received a number of complaints from the senior constituents about dangerous conditions on the streets that I've witnessed firsthand myself. What kind of senior outreach does DOT conduct?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We have a Safety Education team that what they do is they work both with schools but also with older adult centers,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 33
and they regularly visit older adult centers around
the city to both inform, we do a lot of trying to
work with seniors about what they should be looking
for and helping them navigate our streets safely but
also taking feedback that we can then bring back
about issues that they see in their communities. One
of the things that we've been working very closely,
both with individual senior centers but also the
Department for the Aging, is about providing clear
space in front of senior centers for pick-up and
drop-off where some senior centers have these spaces
where an Access-A-Ride vehicle or a private car or a
taxi could pick up and drop someone off right at the
curb but some don't, and we know that some of those
places can have a lot of double parking or, if you're
in an Access-A-Ride vehicle, you may not be able to
get out in a safe way at all so we've been working
with DFTA to prioritize locations and add these pick-
up and drop-off locations. We also have Senior Safety
Priority Districts around the city which were done
based on an analysis of where senior injuries are
most likely to happen and where they have been
happening, and we use that as a guide to help make

locations.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I want to ask about how the decisions are made when to put in crosswalks. For example, the Robert Couche Senior Center, again that are the photos to my right, believe that there should be a mid-block crosswalk, a pedestrian island, or even a basic crosswalk on the corner, and we feel it's necessary to enable seniors and really pedestrians in general to cross this twoway street that has a lot of traffic. What goes into making those determinations because I will say my Office has been working with DOT for a while trying to get some safety measures there, and there are a lot of near-fatal crashes that take place there. I don't know if you can fully see, but where you see the back of those vehicles is along the side of where the entry point for that senior center is. It's in the middle of the block. It's not to any of the extreme corners, and the corners are actually very far from that point so there is no crosswalk anywhere nearby there. Also, because there are merchants across the street, there's also open dining across the street so there's a shed there. There is limited

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 35 visibility so there needs to be something done there so these seniors who cross there every single day can cross there safely so I hear you about having education sessions. I would argue that a senior has enough experience to know how to cross a street, but it's incumbent upon the City agency, DOT specifically, to ensure that our streets are safe for pedestrians, and so I just wanted to bring that to the attention in terms of wanting to make sure that DOT is taking these types of requests seriously because I know my senior center is not the only one. I'm just using it as an example. Where does the local elected official's input or the impacted community's input, like as in this case, factor into the decisions that are made by DOT because, for example again with this, the Community Board is in support of DOT coming and putting pedestrian infrastructure in place there, obviously I'm supportive of it, and other local community-based organizations as well so how does DOT factor those into the decision making? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We absolutely agree. We go and do education because we think that that's an important part of the process, but

education alone doesn't substitute. We do want to

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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2 make sure we're making physical changes to our

4 really the guiding light for everything that we do on

streets to make sure that they are safe. Safety is

5 the street. When we want to do a new crosswalk or do

6 a new traffic signal, we don't want to do it or not

7 do it just based on the loudest voice in the room or

8 who asks most frequently. We want to make sure that

9 | we're doing that change in a way that really promotes

10 the safety of the street, and we've had issues over

11 | the years where perhaps something has been installed

12 | because it was desired but since we didn't get that

13 | study in, it didn't have the effect that we wanted so

14 | what we do when we get a request, I'll talk first

15 | about the new traffic signal because I know we're

16 studying that at the corner here and then I can talk

17 about the mid-block crossing. When we get a request

18 | for a new traffic signal or a new always stop, we go

19 | out and observe the location and collect a lot of

20 data. We collect traffic data, both at the peak hour

21 | but across the whole day, often on a weekend. We

22 | collect pedestrian data. We look at how many people

23 | are crossing the street, in what directions, and are

24 | they able to find space to cross the street in

between traffic. We also look at the crash data, and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 37 we look at the crash data very carefully because we look at crashes in different ways. If there was a crash that was caused by a drunk driver at 3 a.m., that's not the type of crash that a new traffic signal necessarily would've affected, but, if there are a lot of say right-angle crashes where vehicles are running into their sides or failure to yield type crashes, then that's an indication that there might be something that a better traffic control would help, and so we look at what we call the number of preventable crashes, and I say that word carefully because we hope that all crashes are preventable through various means, but meaning crashes that will be specifically prevented by the new signal, and we look at all of that. There's a set of guidelines put out by the federal government that we use to guide us, but, at the end of the day, we also know that those are guidelines and if we see an issue that doesn't exactly conform to those guidelines, we are willing to use our professional engineering judgement to do what we think is safest.

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When we get a request for a mid-block crossing, we look at many of those same items, but one of the key things is how many people are

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE attempting to cross the street mid-block. Is it something where there's demand on both sides of the street and we see people out there? We know that's never a full representation of people who might want to cross at that, but we at least try to see if there's some activity going on there. Again, based on these federal requirements, we use those as a quideline to help us evaluate the location, but ultimately the most important thing is that we are doing a serious engineering study at each of these locations. We're not just putting something in or not

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control the street.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that, and when you say that you look at the number of people that cross mid-block, do you look at the type pf people that cross mid-block?

trying to be very thoughtful and careful about how we

putting something in based on our whims. We are

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Absolutely. One of the things we look at is the speed of people crossing the street, and that's especially important in a location like this because older adults tend to walk slower, and this is actually something we talk about on the education side as well is you may be

used to crossing the street and not having a problem but as you might walk more slowly or might have vision issues, you might experience the street in a different way. When we look at people crossing, we look at their speed, we look at their age as well, we look at schoolchildren different from an adult different from an elderly person, and we take that all into account.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: With the

Robert Couche Senior Center, I can only hope that DOT

is going to come and put a crosswalk and some

infrastructure there because the senior center is in

the middle of the block. Sounds about right?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We definitely have the request and we're looking at it.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, and how long does a request take?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: It typically takes a few months just because we need to go out and actually collect the data. We do get a tremendous number of requests. We do try to prioritize based on locations that are brought to us by community leaders.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Would you say that you wait until unfortunate incidents happen to like speed up some of these requests, and I ask this because thankfully recently DOT installed an all-way stop sign in Rockaway but it was following a crash. On North Conduit, DOT thankfully came and re-milled the road and repainted a sign. This morning at 8 a.m., there was another crash. I got another alert from a constituent that lives along that corridor. I'm just trying to understand like how do we ensure safety for all and not have to wait to prioritize because of unfortunate circumstances?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. No, and that's really the right question. We try to be as proactive as we can. We look at things like traffic speeds, we look at community requests and where they come in, and we would always rather do something before something bad happens. At the same time, if there is a serious crash, if there is a fatality or a serious injury, we also want to make sure we are going to those locations and seeing if there's something we ought to be fixing. At the end of the day, we need to do both. We would rather have been proactive and prevented it, but, if something does

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 41 happen, we want to make sure that we are going and addressing any conditions that we have at that location.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I'm going to yield and come back and ask questions so that my Colleagues can ask some questions. We'll start with Council Member Williams followed by Narcisse.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you. Thank you for your testimony. I just had a question. A part of the bill, and I know you all do share status of speed mitigator requests. A lot of times when we get denials, which is often and I force my office to email Commissioner Garcia each time and ask for a more detailed explanation, the explanation is really not detailed. You often quote the federal criteria, and so I wanted to know where in the Charter does it say that we have to utilize the federal criteria to site speed mitigators on New York City streets?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: As you know, it's not in the City Charter that we have to use federal requirements, and we try to use the federal requirements as a guideline. There's a lot of research that has gone into them. We try to make sure

that we're putting our resources into the places
where they deliver safety the best, and we want to do
that based on this depth of research as to where it's
best used. At the same time, I wouldn't want to say
that we follow requirements blindly. We use it as a
baseline, and we use it to guide our work, but if
there's a place where we feel like for whatever
reason the federal requirements are really not
appropriate, we can look at that too. We don't want
to evaluate each location just sort of on a whim. We
want to make sure we are basing it on data and basing
it on guidelines and starting the conversation there.

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COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, I lockdown love to have a further conversation on that because for an applicant, it's really hard to know whether or not you're solely basing it off of the federal criteria or if you're using some other type of mechanism and so yeah, that sounds good for you to say that but often every denial oftentimes cites the fact that for whatever reason it is it meets some type of federal criteria, and my problem with a lot of sort of macro criteria that, I'm done, and DOT in general is that oftentimes it is not unique to particular communities and the unique needs that they

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

6 talk more about that because I do have a lot of
7 issues around the response that's always like oh, it

8 doesn't fit the federal criteria.

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The other thing, which is sort of similar to this, is I learned in a hearing that if a person puts in an application that says I want a speed bump, you all will do a study for a speed bump, but maybe they're eligible for a speed hump or maybe they are eligible for a stop sign, but you only do the study based off of what the person writes in their application, and so another question is how come there's no proactive trigger or once you've done the due diligence of a study, so like you're actually utilizing your resources to conduct a study, how come in that same very instance do you not maybe offer suggestions for other types of speed mitigators that might be eligible at a particular site?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah. First, just to your first point. I think we hear you that we're not communicating clearly enough about this,

and that's a very reasonable conversation to have because the goal is really to help people understand why we do or don't make a decision so point well taken.

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In terms of the second question, obviously, we're a large agency and there's a workflow where something gets assigned to look at a particular subject, and we have inspectors trained in particular areas, but what I would say is if we get a request and it's a high-crash location or we look at it and there's high speeds, but for whatever reason physically there's too many driveways or something and we can't place the speed hump, if we really see a crash history, we do look for more things. I think we often get a lot of requests at locations that don't have a lot of crashes or don't have evidence of speeding, and so at those location we sort of say it didn't meet the criteria.

know, I'm a pretty rational, thank you so much,
Chair, for allowing me additional time, I'm a pretty
rational person and so I understand that, but there
are areas where legitimately we've even spoken to the
Police Department where there have been many crashes

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 45 and still to this day, as I'm sitting here right now December 4th at 2:13, there has been no sort of suggestions for one particular area I have in my mind, but there are a few of those locations and then some of these locations are actually next to sensitive areas so schools, daycare centers, and I feel like my office proactively is suggesting things to DOT, but I am of the mindset that you guys are supposed to be the experts and so I feel like the different types of suggestions should come from the agency, not the Council Member's office, and then I shouldn't have to like, literally myself, I should not have to get on the phone to push the agency to try to find creative solutions to reduce speed in particular areas. I don't want to take up too much time. I would love to hear your feedback, but I want to follow up on this. I have followed up many times. I've spoken to the unit that does speed safety around schools. You've come to my District a few times, but still so many areas really need to have some type of reduction in speed, and I just don't feel like you all are proactive and transparent in your communication and genuinely trying to find ways to

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I definitely appreciate the advocacy you have around these high-crash areas. You don't have to reach out to us. We'll reach out to you, and we'll follow up and we can go through a list and speak intelligently about those locations and move forward.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Next we'll hear from Council Member Narcisse, but before we go to her, just piggybacking on that recent comment by Council Member Williams in terms of sensitive spaces and DOT notifying us and reaching out, I will say that there are two elementary schools that have had crashes more recently, and they have long requested speed humps in those spaces, so there were two kindergarteners in particular that were struck by vehicles, and they had, again, long requested speed bumps which takes entirely too long to get one approved or denied, and most times they are denied and we have to come back and really challenge DOT, so that is a concern in terms of how those are approached so maybe there's an opportunity for us to work more closely with DOT to understand the metrics

that are being used, and I know this was something I brought up in one of the earlier hearings after I had recently been appointed Chair for this Committee so it's something that we should definitely follow up on.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Absolutely, I think we all have a better conversation is we can help each other understand what we look at and what you look at. The goal isn't to be adversarial. I think we all want the same thing of getting to safe streets and using our resources as well as we can. I think we're well aware of the backlog in terms of speed humps and we all are aware of the budget issues and our ability to do more. We want to make sure that we are prioritizing our work as well as we can.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you, Chair, and thank you, good afternoon, for being here.

When you do community engagement, do you rely solely on the Community Board? I'm not saying Community Boards are not great, I've been part of Community Boards, but they reach out to a small segment of the community because this is the same people you see over and over. Do you do outreach yourself?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Just to be clear, the Community Board outreach process is one piece of many of the strategies that we employ. We have Street Ambassadors that we mentioned in the testimony that speak over 10 languages, and we have pop-up tents and weekend events, and we proactively go to senior centers and schools to make sure that we're reaching people where they are. Community Boards, as we mentioned, are an important organizational venue for us to do a public presentation, and it's a place to have on record the things that we're proposing, but it is just one piece of how we attempt to reach communities.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Let's be clear.

I'm supporting the fact you're coming to Community

Boards. I'm just saying the segment that they're

reaching out, being part of the Community Board, is

just like the same people over and over, but you have

a large segment of people that you want to reach out

to.

Having said that, Zipcars, I see you laughing, because people are always shocked when they kind of pop up in their communities, especially 17 and 18, so how do you reach out to the communities to

it in front of me so I don't want to read it ...

Supposed to be rated good, but, then again, I'm seeing a lot of streets are buckling on me, and you have Rockaway Parkway in Canarsie, you have by the Bay View Houses, which I always tell people by Bay View Houses, there's public housing, that's the place that we should have nice smooth streets. You know why? Because I want those children when they get out at least they see something beautiful, they don't see all the streets because 102nd, I've been talking about it, so I would like to see that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: If you could let us know, we...

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Some of the streets are horrible.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: If there's others that we need to take another look at, we're happy to do that.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Yeah. Garrison

Beach and Garrison Avenue, East 80th Street is

buckled in, people are going like rough ride, there's

a lot of bad streets, but they're all green in my

area.

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 capital work happening, but we will take another

3 look.

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 $\label{eq:council_member_narcisse:} \mbox{People got hit} \\ \mbox{many times.}$ 

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We know that that's a tough one and we know that there's the school right there, there's also the City yard right there. That's a tough intersection. We've looked at it over the years, but we can look some more.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: But what's the problem, because since 1995, 1996 I'm talking about, those things have been talked about, how many kids, now the population increased, the buses are increased, everything is increasing, yet we cannot have a turning signal.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We'll take a look.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Okay. I hope it's more than look. It actually should be happening. People are getting hit left and right on that corner.

I thank you for your time. I don't want to keep on pushing, but I would like to see some of my 46th District and throughout the City of New York so thank you for putting your time in. I know the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 Commissioner is doing amazing work, and I know we

3 cannot just bombard him with everything, but I'm

4 looking forward to see the green mean the green so

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We'll

7 | followup. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

9 We've been joined by Council Member Lee.

Next, we'll hear from Council Member

11 Farías.

12 COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Thank you, Chair

13 | Brooks-Powers.

I'd like to ask some questions around parking space removal. How often does a DOT project

16 remove a parking space? Do we track that? Do we know?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We track when

18 one of our street improvement projects change

19 | parking. I think part of the challenge is that there

20 | are many different types of things that may add or

21 remove parking on the street, whether it's

22 | daylighting, whether it's changing a parking space to

23 | a loading zone, whether it's temporary uses like

24 | movie shoots or construction, there's a tremendous

amount that happens. We always know where there's

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 54 construction. We don't always know exactly how many spots...

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COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah. I'm more so interested in like the permanent removal of a parking spot? Do we track that and how frequently are we reviewing when we're removing spots from a given community or how large of a removal of spots from a given community?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes, when it's part of our projects or when it's part of something that we do, we have an extensive sign management system that tracks when we change signs.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Is the agency mandated to report back frequently or annually to the Council on the removal of spots and its numeration?

 $\label{eq:assistant} \mbox{ ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It} \\ \mbox{ seems not yet.}$ 

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Okay. When the removal of a parking space is temporary, how quickly is the space typically restored, and is this communicated to the community in any way?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: It's quite variable depending on the reason that it was taken. You can imagine street work, we would all like it to

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 55 be done quickly, but it often takes a while. The permit has a length to it, and the information on that permit is available.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: For a sense of scale, there were 600,000 construction permits last year and 3,000 business permits so it's every day there's, many, many thousands...

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Right, and typically that's referred to the Community Boards and the Council Members. I think sometimes we get construction projects and we know where they are going to be, and that's usually how we hope the constituency finds out, correct?

Okay, great. Chair, I have one more question. Does the construction of a protected bike lane also include spatial needs for EMS vehicles and fire trucks like it does for Sanitation trucks?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yes. We actually work very closely with the Fire Department. We have a special model of not just the generic fire truck but the model of fire truck that is used in the city. They bought a new fire truck a few years ago that was a little bit bigger. We updated all of our standards to make sure it accommodates that truck.

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council Member Farías: Great. I noticed in the protected bike lanes around my office that it's quite a big gap. I know that Sanitation trucks are huge but these bills made me think are all the spatial truck needs that we use as a municipality included so that's great to hear.

The last thing I just want to say is I do, and I don't know if we have this, and feel free to answer after my statement, what the level of enforcement and review looks like for the Zipcar spots. My Colleague brought up some of the issues with the parking spots. I've brought it up to the companies that I like to randomly drive around to see the Zipcar spots in my District and if they're actually filled with a Zipcar so I've brought to the attention the many areas that they need to re-review to consider whether or not they remain Zipcar spots because my community, as a transit desert and isn't necessarily multimodal in terms of connectedness of our transit options, still is a car-reliant community as I drive, my mom drives, with intergenerational households, and so any of those spots that we can gain back would also be helpful. I just want to know do we have any enforcement or are we solely relying

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

on the companies to do some of that review and

3 enforcement?

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: First off, those are signed, and the NYPD traffic enforcement agents would be a part of that. Definitely understand the existence of transit deserts throughout the city, and there are a bunch of different ways that people have different commutation patterns. One of the things that I think is really powerful about our car-share program is that there's some percentage of car owners that choose to make a different choice rather than to not purchase a car in the first place, and we've seen that in the data that people made choices to maybe not have a car purchase, and so understanding that there is, New York City, it's a game of inches, everybody understands the needs and desires to have access to the curb, but, as an eye towards the future, one of the benefits is that some number of folks are able to avoid a big purchase.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: 100 percent. I mean I have been somewhat supportive of its expansion in my District because I do understand with the numbers and the data that I've seen, even just in my

burden that is a depreciating asset for a family.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Just to underscore your point, if there's an issue in the neighborhood, you're the local expert. By all means, let us take a look...

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: And we do get data on how much it's used, and we are giving these companies a very valuable resource, and we're doing it because we think it's providing value to the community, but, if they're not using it or the community is not using it then we can take those spaces back so we can base it on real usage.

COUNCIL MEMBER FARÍAS: Yeah, that is my plan of review this upcoming year is to kind of look at where the spots are, especially with some of the expansion that we've seen in my Community Boards, but I appreciate the extra time, Chair, and your additional...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Next, I want to touch on federal funding

transparency. During this Fiscal Year, how much, if

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 59 any, federal funding has DOT secured and under which programs?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It's a little bit of a mouthful, but let me read it out. To date, New York City Department of Transportation has been awarded 46.3 million dollars in funding for projects including a 7.25-million-dollar planning grant to expand New York City's greenways and over 18 million dollars in capital funding to reconstruct Delancey Street, 6 million...

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{ CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sorry, repeat}$  the 18 million.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Of course. 18 million dollars in capital to reconstruct Delancey Street, 6 million to rehabilitate bus stops and improve bus transportation on Jerome Avenue in the Bronx, 3 million dollars to reconstruct an offsite storage facility for large parts for our ferry operations, and 7 million dollars to the Trust for Governors Island for a shore-side electric ferry infrastructure.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: For Staten Island ferry infrastructure you said?

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Just some high-level numbers, we've submitted over 24

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Are the rest of them still pending decisions?

grants for over a billion dollars in federal funds.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Of course, you may hear from us for letters of support and know everybody here has been super generous with their letters of support on our behalf.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yeah, I'm just waiting for some of the money to start flowing for some of these other much-needed infrastructure repairs, but I hear you on the Governors Island ferry piece. I know that both Council Member Farías and myself have held a few hearings around ferry expansion and wanting to see that in parts of Brooklyn, parts of the Bronx as well as the eastern portion of the Rockaways. Has anything been done by DOT to explore grant fundings in any of those communities?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: To be clear, the Department of Transportation only operates the Staten Island...

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Staten Island.

I understand, but in terms of when we think about expansion, is it only going to be done through EDC or is DOT able to apply for these grants to be able to help New York City expand access?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: The planning and the operation of those routes is done by EDC, but we would be a partner if they're applying for federal funds because we're sort of the official arm of the City...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So I should change the question. Have you worked with EDC to apply for any grants to explore expansions beyond Governors Island in any of the neighborhoods I just mentioned?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We do work with them. I think there are some challenges around federal funding and the ferry program in terms of the federal requirements that don't necessarily always work well with how EDC operates the program. I think if the right circumstance comes up, we're happy to work with them, but...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So what worked for Governors Island?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We do that on Governors Island. What we try to do is put as much of the ferry money as possible into the City-operated assets like Staten Island Ferry and Governors Island because we find that that's a very efficient use of the federal grant money.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What I'm not clear about is with Governors Island, something worked in that application that DOT as able to secure 7 million dollars so what aspect of it?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. We worked with Governors Island Corporation in that case. They had an application, we worked with them, they came to us with the proposal, we were a little bit of a pass-through in that case. In the right circumstance, we defer to EDC on the program planning and operation if there was a place where they wanted to...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So EDC was a part of that as well?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: For the New York City Ferry, if EDC comes to us and wants to work with us, we'd be happy to...

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 63 2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Did EDC play 3 any role in this application for Governors Island? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I don't 4 believe so, but we can doublecheck. 5 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yeah, I'd be 6 7 interested in knowing. Does DOT publish federal funding grants 8 9 in a manner easily accessible to the public similar to the Hurricane Sandy funding tracking? 10 11 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We can check and find out. 12 13 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: It all gets 14 published through NYMTC, which is the regional 15 metropolitan planning organization. It is available, but I don't know that I would necessarily say easy to 16 17 access. 18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Going to speed 19 reducer installation and speed bumps, DOT has a 20 target to install 250 speed reducers annually. In Fiscal 2023, DOT installed 231 speed reducers, a 12 21 percent decrease from Fiscal 2022 and a 27 percent 2.2 2.3 decrease from Fiscal 2019. Why did DOT miss its

target of 250 speed reducers in 2023?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: One of the challenges that we've had is that as we've resurfaced more and more streets around the city, we're increasingly encountering streets that already have a speed hump, and, after we resurface that street, we have to go back and put the speed hump so the same crews that would install a new speed hump also have to go back and do these re-installations of currently existing ones. As our inventory on the street has grown and grown, we have to do more and more of these re-installations. We actually did over 500 installations of speed humps, but a large number of them were these re-installations so to the extent that we have a fixed budget of a couple crews that can do this, as the inventory grows and grows, we have to continue to do those re-installations so we would like to do more, I don't mean to say that we wouldn't, just that is what has caused that slowdown a little bit.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: It sounds like you pretty much need more staff?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: As an agency, we do a tremendous amount I think when you look at

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 65 our output both in terms of what we do and in terms of the safety results on the street.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I understand you're not going to want to say it on record. Let me phrase it differently. With the current crew that you have right now, it is not sufficient to meet the demand that is required of DOT currently? Yes or no?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We certainly get more requests than we're able to accommodate.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So with the current crew that you have right now and the mandates before DOT, it is not sufficient to meet these goals?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We do the best we can with what we have.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Got it. When

New Yorkers submit requests for a speed bump

installation, repairs, removals, or report on illegal

speed reducers, how long on average does it take DOT

to respond to these requests?

While you're looking for that, another question. Can you differentiate between installing new speed humps and re-installing speed humps in future MMRs as well?

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follow up and find the average.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. I hope you're keeping track of all the things that you're working on getting back to me before you guys leave this desk.

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Really quickly going back to the potholes, I just want to put on the record at Murdoch Avenue and 204th Street, there are two potholes there with cones that have been there for at least a week. I know earlier you were within I think two days you guys try to fill these potholes, that's another example in Southeast Queens where that's not necessarily the case.

Capital plan transparency. Can DOT walk through its public reporting processes on capital projects undertaken by the Department? Does DOT list publicly information about ongoing projects like location, estimated start and completion date, current project phase, estimated costs, and any cost overruns or delays?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: This information is typically public through CAPstat so a lot of it in terms of street reconstruction projects comes from our partners at the Department of Design and Construction so I would defer to them on those

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The Parks

Department features a capital project tracker on its website that provides information about each ongoing project. Is this something DOT has explored doing as well?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I can't speak to what we might've explored in the past. I think we've used the sort of centralized City system.

Again, a lot of it is run through our partners at DDC. Their website has quite a lot of information about ongoing capital projects including a map of projects that let you learn more about them, but, if it's something you're interested, I think we could help facilitate a conversation between us and DDC about whether it's communicating well or whether other tools would be better.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: We've come across an issue in how traffic fatalities and injuries are reported. Can you provide data on traffic fatalities and injuries for both Fiscal and Calendar Years for 2021, 2022, and 2023? We were trying to really look to see if there has been an

increase or a decline and what that it is. It was hard to really get a true number because between DOT, the advocates, there's always a back and forth in terms of Fiscal Year versus Calendar Year so it would

be good to just have an idea of both.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: To spend one more moment, I think that there is also a difference in the data sets between what the NYPD will put out because there are investigations that happen and the difference between those numbers is often the results of what those investigations yield so you'll often see a discrepancy between those numbers. We're happy to share the litany of data with you and they can even present this fatality sheet that's broken up quite robustly.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We do reconcile fatality data with NYPD on a weekly basis. Sometimes there's old information that is out, but we do work very hard to make sure we have the same numbers. One of the reasons it's complicated is, this sounds funny, but the numbers change a little bit over time. We might have an instance where someone was struck by a vehicle in 2020. They are severely injured but sometimes they don't die until a couple

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 70 years later. We go back and add that fatality to the 2020 numbers because their death was a result of that fatality, so the number might be one higher than it was at the end of 2020. We try to be very open about that, but the process is if someone dies as the result of their car crash then that needs to be counted in the numbers even if it happens well after the actual incident. It's a little bit rarer, but you sometimes have one that goes the other way. There might be a fatality that, after investigation, turns out to have been on private property or some other way where it's not an on-street traffic fatality, and those get removed from the numbers, not because we don't care but because it's tracking a slightly different thing.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: With that in mind, is there a way to append the report to have context or, I'm not sure, like where it provides both Calendar versus Fiscal just so that there are some datasets that will line up a bit cleaner?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, I think we're happy to work with you and provide it in whatever way you would want. My only caution will just be that any time we send a PDF, they may be

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 71
updated at a later time because of those reasons I
mentioned.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Has DOT ever audited the process to identify any potential gaps in its data collection? Is it possible DOT is missing or failing to count any traffic fatalities as a result?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I'm very confident that we are not missing any traffic fatalities. We spend a lot of effort to look into every single one. What we do spend some more time on is things like injuries, of which there are many more and are recorded by NYPD, often by individual officers, and we have spent a lot of time with NYPD on this because we sometimes see anomalies in that data. For example, if one precinct sees their injuries cut in half year to year and then double again the next year, that's usually a sign to us that there might have been an issue somewhere in the reporting process, which might have happened at NYPD, it might have happened at State DMV that actually compiles all of the data, so we spend a lot of effort looking for anomalies like that so that we can go back. In some cases, we've gone back to NYPD and sat at the precinct and gone through the paper records

2 | just to make sure that we do have correct

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3 information. We have a data team that spends a lot of

4 effort on this. I'm very confident about the

5 fatalities. I'm very confident about the injuries but

6 maybe not to the one, that there may be one or two

7 | that are missed in there, but a lot of effort both on

our part, PD's part, and State DMV to make sure that

9 we have correct numbers.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

11 Street Plan transparency. In September, this

12 | Committee held an oversight hearing to get

13 | information from DOT about the progress the

14 | Department has made in meeting its Street Plan

15 mandates. Unfortunately, the Department was not

16 prepared at the time to provide the Council with any

17 | insight into its ability to meet those requirements

18 ∥ set out in law. Now, with the close of the year soon

19 | upon us, is the Department prepared to let us know

20 | how many miles of protected bus and bike lanes have

21 | been installed to date?

22 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We are

23 prepared to follow the law and issue that report by

24 | early February. It is near the end of the year. Our

teams are working very hard to finish up any projects

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 73 that are out there. We've completed about 70 street 2 3 improvement projects this year. There's another 40 or so that are ongoing, and we are working to complete 4 by the end of the year. It is still an ongoing process, and... 6 7 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry. You said you completed 70 what? 8 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We've 10 completed approximately 70, and there's approximately 11 40 more that are still ongoing? 12 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 70? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Street 13 14 improvement projects. Those are things like protected 15 bike lanes or intersection improvements, things that 16 are physical changes to the streets. 17 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you feel that you're on target to meet the deadlines at the 18 19 end of the reporting year? 20 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Knowing that there's a lot of review that goes into it, we feel 21 confident about meeting the legal deadline for that 2.2

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report.

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: For the
3 report, but in terms of for what is expected to
4 happen by then, will you meet that goal?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I mean we will compile all the numbers for that report.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So you're unsure still?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We haven't compiled those numbers yet because the team is very focused on implementing what we have. The reason we agreed on the February time in the legislation was really because that gives us a chance at the end of the year to fully take stock of what has been completed or has not been completed and let us turn around that report pretty quickly at that point.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Is it taken into account the mismark from before, like is it going to be all-encompassing of it?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Just as a reminder, on the legislation, it's an average over the set period of years so it's not just 50 miles per year, it's the average.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: but the law also specifies how many should be done in each year.

2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Right,
3 there's a floor for sure.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Right, so that's what I'm talking about, the floor. Obviously, we see that you've succeeded but wanted to make sure the floor is being met, and it has not been so I wanted to have a better understanding as to whether or not DOT projects that at the minimum the floor will be met.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I mean, in this past year, we published in our report where we met and where we didn't, and I think we will do that again.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just on the record so that you understand, the question is not a matter of to be like I got you, it's really to understand what DOT needs in order to achieve the goals that are set forth in the law, and so when we get these type of answers, it's not helpful because it's hard to have line of sight as to does DOT have enough funding, does DOT have enough staffing, are these metrics realistic. We don't know any of that because you're not really answering the questions.

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assess the sidewalks, the curbs especially?

to be found, no way to make the assessment?

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But it may not necessarily be the 30,000 that are actually calling in, right, so that 176,000 could be anywhere in New York City but there's 30,000 that the constituency is calling in and saying this is a problem so it's not like a planned course of action.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: It's just hard because the data doesn't necessarily tell us is one person calling multiple times a day until it gets filled. It's unknowable at this point, but I hear the importance, and we have a whole division that would love nothing more than to repave and fill those potholes so I know that we have a home for those requests.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Another

complaint that we receive around that is oftentimes

people will call it in and they'll get closed quickly

and it's not resolved, and that's 3-1-1 in general we

get those types of complaints so that's why I wanted

to understand what those steps are that happens

between DOT and/or DEP to make sure that these are

addressed and not necessarily just a band-aid because

I don't think it's good use of City resource dollars,

especially in the fiscal climate we're in now, to put

a band-aid knowing that a week later, i.e., Merrick Boulevard and 222nd, that cave-in is coming back because now you're sending a man crew there, you're using more supplies as opposed to really understanding what the situation is and fixing it appropriately.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I don't want to comment specifically about this location. I haven't had those conversations with DEP yet, but I just know that the water infrastructure, those are very expensive capital projects, and I wouldn't be able to speak to what those price tags would be, but that's in the background.

## CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS:

Reacknowledging Council Member Restler.

Also wanting to know if at any point DOT can provide us with a read-out in terms of the potholes that have been reported, repaired, and if it's happened again in the same location because I'm curious to know how many times we're going back to these same locations and what the dollar tag could be, if you could even get as granular as that.

 $\label{eq:assistant_commissioner_rodriguez: we'll} % \end{substitute} % \end{substitute$ 

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: We will now turn to public testimony. Each panelist will be given two minutes to speak.

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For panelists testifying in person, please come to the dais as your name is called and wait for your turn to speak.

For panelists who are testifying remotely, once your name is called, a Member of our Staff will unmute you and the Sergeant-at-Arms will give you the go-ahead to begin. Please wait for the Sergeant to announce that you may begin before delivering your testimony.

Our first panel will be Corey Ortega. Please come up, and you may begin when ready.

Also, please come up Christopher Leon Johnson and Raul Rivera.

Mr. Ortega.

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COREY ORTEGA: How are you doing, everyone, Council Members, Chair?

My name is Corey Ortega. I'm Assembly District Leader in Harlem, and I was in the back and I was listening. I came because the Intros spoke to my District, and the notifications part stood out for me, and not so because it's unfamiliar to me but more so I have recently spent time overseas with my mother, and the notification systems in other countries, they're just not the same, and I wasn't ready for that. One afternoon, the lights going out, that's not a problem, the water went out for days, and that was a new experience for me. I'm like all right, how do I address this. Thank god like a day later it started raining, and neighbors were pulling out, how do you say it in English, (INAUDIBLE), containers to collect the rainwater so they can heat up the water, mop the floor, do everything you need with water, and it made me think about, when I was sitting in the back, if only we had a notification that said hey, heads up, maybe two to five days no

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 83 water, you can prepare for it, you can go to their equivalent of Home Depot or (INAUDIBLE) and buy water and just save. I'm just here in favor of improving the notification process because I know DOT is a massive agency, but through these conversations, I believe that we could do maybe a bit more besides the Community Boards, maybe community leaders, stakeholders, or even working with sister agencies like OEM because when there's an emergency, trust me, someone's getting notified most ricky-tick, and every Council Member is going to be alerted, and every Council Member is going to show up at 2 o'clock in the morning in their District when they get that notification so I'm in favor of the notification Intros, and I hope we can just improve on it. Thank you so much.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

CHRISTOPHER LEON JOHNSON: Good afternoon,
Chair. Good afternoon, Miss Farías. My name is
Christopher Leon Johnson. I'm speaking on favor of
Intro. 172. I believe that this bill needs more
sponsors because we need to stop organizations like
Transportation Alternatives and Open Plans from
influencing these Community Boards, and the probably

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 84 2 is that organizations like Transportation 3 Alternatives including Kathy Park Price and Kevin LaCherra are influencing the DOT and influencing the 4 Community Boards without real community input, and the problem is, I say the good thing about this bill, 6 Intro. 172, is that it gives us enough time to say 7 8 our opinion about what's going on with the stupid Open Streets. I'm not a big fan of Open Streets. I think they're a big danger to the City of New York, 10 11 especially when it comes to police cars and fire 12 trucks and ambulances, that can be a different day, 13 but my opinion is that we have to make sure, I think 14 there should be more bills and provisions to prevent 15 lobbying organizations just as Transportation 16 Alternatives and Open Plans from influencing the DOT and influencing the Community Boards because I don't 17 18 really believe that the DOT is really ran by the City 19 of New York. The DOT is ran by Transportation 20 Alternatives, Danny Harris, Open Plans, Sara Kay 21 Lind, Jackson Chabot, Kevin LaCherra, and Kathy Park 2.2 Price so we need to get this bill passed. We need 2.3 more sponsors for this bill, Intro. 172, and we need to stop the regulatory capture of the City Council by 24 Transportation Alternatives, especially this

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 85

Committee right here who is captive to Trans Alt,

they're captive to Open Plans, and we have to stop

this captivity by these corrupt non-profits that

ruining our city so we need to get that bill passed,

Intro. 172. Crystal Hudson, let's go.

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RAUL RIVERA: Good afternoon. My name is Raul Rivera. I'm a TLC driver and a TLC driver advocate.

I'm trying to find the words to say here, but I'll keep it basic and simple. The DOT is not the DOT. We asked for an investigation in the past, and we continue to do so, an investigation of the DOT, Transportation Alternatives, and all these not-forprofits that are hijacking our streets. This Committee is either ignorant, unaware, or complicit of the hijacking of our streets. Zipcar, Truqit, Getaround, Citibike. We are losing access to our streets. We know that nine Council Members, including yourself, Council Member, have given Trans Alt over 70,000 dollars in donations. This is questionable. Why is that? Why are you selling out our city. The history of this Committee will not be forgotten. You know we advocate, and when we advocate, we don't do it with personal attacks, but we have to be vocal and

hearing. My name is Elizabeth Adams, and I am the

Deputy Executive Director for Public Affairs at

Transportation Alternatives. Today is likely the

final transportation infrastructure hearing of 2023,

and we look back on a year marked by traffic violence

and (INAUDIBLE) projects. We also want to recognize

some of the recent tragedies from Fort Greene to

Flushing to Times Square and that we have lost so

many cherished members of our community to reckless

drivers in just the past few weeks.

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requirements in the Streets Plan. As DOT continues to fall short, we need to equip the agency with the tools to treat traffic violence crisis with the urgency it deserves and to get projects in the ground now so that we can see real lasting improvements with better intersections, sidewalks, bike lanes, bus lanes, and more. With 2024 on the horizon, we need to focus on identifying barriers to progress and addressing them, not on legislation that will make it unnecessarily difficult to build safe streets such as Intro. 922 sponsored by Council Member Ariola. As our city faces potential budget cuts, we cannot reduce the ability of DOT to make impactful improvements to street safety or add bureaucratic processes that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 88 impact our needs. We instead urge the Council to pass Intro. 417 which would remove unnecessary barriers to building bike lanes and street safety infrastructure.

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With regard to DOT transparency, we believe New Yorkers deserve to know where projects are and how DOT plans to improve street safety in their neighborhoods. Without public, frequently updated, and transparent tracking systems, the public is left in the dark about where many of the Streets Plan metrics stand. DOT should create a project dashboard similar to the one used by the Parks Department showing the design elements and current phases of each project, public engagement opportunities, timeline, status updates, and more. Releasing reports and datasets at regular intervals and in usable Open Data formats is important for advancing our needed street safety infrastructure. As we move into the new year, New Yorkers deserve a proactive and responsive DOT ...

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time expired.

ELIZABETH ADAMS: That meets the urgency of the traffic violence on our streets. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. We'll hear next from Eric McClure followed Sara Lind.

2 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

ERIC MCCLURE: Good afternoon. Thank you,
Chair Brooks-Powers, for holding this hearing today.

My name is Eric McClure. I'm the Executive Director
of StreetsPAC.

As we near the end of 2023, we're faced with the reality that New York City will finish the year with roughly the same number of traffic deaths as we experienced in 2022, a figure at plus or minus 250 fatalities. It's about 25 percent higher than in 2018, the safest year on record. At the same time, we will again fail significantly to achieve many of the mandates required by the Streets Plan. We remain sadly a very long way from achieving Vision Zero. It is that context that makes several of the bills being heard this afternoon so disappointing. Rather than furthering efforts to move us closer to Vision Zero and advance the work of the Streets Plan, some of the legislation on today's agenda seems intended to hamstring the work of DOT. At a time when we're losing on average five New Yorkers to traffic crashes every week, the City Council should not be advancing legislation that would hamper street safety and

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 90 public safety projects or take roundabout aim at the City's life-saving speed camera program.

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On to some of the specific bills today, Intro. 172, we support in principle with some reservations. We certainly support what we believe to be the motivation behind Intro. 172 which is to prevent the summary removal or modification of an Open Street at the whim of someone with the power to make that happen. As is too often the case, the effort to make streets safer or more inviting to uses other than driving and parking requires numerous hurdles while undoing such changes can happen quickly. On the other hand, many of the notification steps for implementing Open Streets are already built into the official process and, rather than legislating additional steps, we believe that the measures called for in this bill, especially those that would prevent the rapid undoing of projects, could be addressed in DOT's rulemaking process and we urge that this be negotiated rather than legislated.

Intro. 810, we support in principle again with reservations the effort to clean up the placement and maintenance of news racks. We have some additional thoughts on that that we will include in

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. We'll hear next from Sara Lind followed by Carlo Steinman.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

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SARA LIND: Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers and Members of the Committee, for holding this hearing. We support some of these bills, but we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 92 believe many of the bills have provisions that would put in place barriers to transforming our streets to be more people-centered and livable. The City is already behind on its Streets Plan mandates, and we hear from Members of this Committee and Members of the Council as a whole how much they want the City to meet those mandates and how much they want the Streets Plan to be put in place, and yet they're considering bills today that would delay any movement on the Streets Plan, and that's very disappointing to see. I would echo some of what Eric McClure said about some of the bills that we support with some reservations. I want to though specifically say that we strongly oppose Intro. 922. This bill would be an incredible barrier to change on our streets, and it would be a big mistake to pass it. It would cement parking as the default use of our City's curb when we should be transitioning into making our curb work for all users, not just those with cars who are a minority of New Yorkers. At a time when DOT is trying to make transformational change at the curb with their Curb Management Action Plan, again, part of the mandates of the Streets Plan, and they're already struggling to meet their mandates, this requirement

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 93 would serve as an impediment, and Council Members, 2 3 like I said, regularly bemoan the lack of progress while simultaneously putting up barriers, both these 4 5 bills and barriers within their own communities, delaying and denying projects that would help DOT 6 7 meet the goals of the Streets Plan. We need every 8 Council Member to do all they can to support the plan, not pass legislation that would impede it. I will leave it at that and again echo Eric McClure and 10 11 Elizabeth Adams' testimony as well.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. Just a reminder, to submit any written testimony you have to our Council email, testimony@council.nyc.gov.

Next, we'll hear from Carlo Steinman followed by Gerald or Jerry Scupp.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

CARLO STEINMAN: Hello. Thank you. Thank
you to the Chair and the Committee for the
opportunity to speak today. I'm Carlo Steinman from
the Times Square Alliance here to speak in favor of
Council Member Bottcher's Intro. 810 on news racks.
Each day in Times Square, we welcome over 300,000
people with peak days approaching 450,000 people. The
streets and plazas in Times Square are always

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 94 bustling and full of crowds of people from all over 2 3 the world competing for limited amounts of pedestrian 4 space. Creating a system of orderly management of all 5 street furniture including news racks is key to reducing clutter and helping beautify Times Square 6 7 and all of New York's neighborhoods. This is particularly true when pedestrian space is being 8 given over to commercial uses as is the case with news racks so we believe that allowing the Department 10 11 of Transportation to create rules to evaluate and regulate the siting and design of sidewalk news racks 12 13 is a great step, and we are happy to support Intro.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. Next, we'll hear from Gerald or Jerry Scupp followed by Daniel Scorse.

810. Thank you very much.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

GERALD SCUPP: Good afternoon. My name is Gerald Scupp, and I am testifying on behalf of the Garment District Alliance.

The Alliance applauds Council Member

Bottcher and other proposers of Intro. 810, a Local

Law to amend the Administrative Code of the City of

New York in relation to news box requirements. News

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 95 boxes, in addition to being an all but obsolete conveyance of news, are an unnecessary commercial encumbrance on the cluttered sidewalks of midtown. Being in proximity to the Port Authority bus terminal in Penn Station among other transportation hubs, the area has tremendous volumes of pedestrian traffic. With all the traffic signs, light poles, (INAUDIBLE) kiosks, hydrants, mailboxes, newsstands, news boxes, and other sidewalk vendors, the sidewalks are overly congested, and pedestrians often have to unsafely walk in the streets. Although the Alliance would prefer to see news boxes eliminated completely from our public realm, we will gladly accept any efforts to restrict or reduce the number of these nuisances such as those proposed in Intro. 810. We also urge the Council to consider penalties for news box operators that do not keep the rack boxes in clean, orderly condition and filled with their publications so that they do not become trash receptacles as many are now. Additionally, we encourage the Council to consider an achievable enforcement mechanism. Many legislative efforts to regulate the public realm such

as those relating to vendors, Open Restaurants, and

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2 Pedicab parking are rendered meaningless without

3 enforcement.

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Regardless of the above stated challenges, we support and appreciate the Council Members' efforts to address the current deplorable condition of the news box program as a meaningful step to regaining control over our public spaces. The Garment District Alliance thanks the Committee for this opportunity to express our support of Intro. 810. Thank you.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. We'll hear next from Daniel Scorse followed by Glen Bolofsky.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

DANIEL SCORSE: Thank you. My name is

Daniel Scorse. I'm the Vice President of Operations

for the Hudson Yards/Hell's Kitchen Alliance,

otherwise known as HYHK. It's a Business Improvement

District bounded roughly by 30th Street, 42nd Street,

9th Avenue, and 11th Avenue. I'm here to voice HYHK's

support for Intro. 810. The current situation with

news racks is similar to the tragedy of the commons,

a basic econ 101 theory which states that private

interests with access to a public resource will ruin

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 97
2 that public resource if allowed to. News racks are
3 inherently a private good which uses a public
4 resource, the sidewalk. Strong regulations are
5 essential to maintain the public resource for
6 everyone's benefit. Intro. 810 contains commonsense

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. We'll hear next from Glen Bolofsky.

regulations which are supported by HYHK. Thank you.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: Can you hear me well?

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Yes.

GLEN BOLOFSKY: Thank you so much. I'd like to commend the Chair and the Members of the Transportation Committee for having great hearings this year and also for everybody's hard work in getting things done. I've seen a lot of positive changes this year. I'd like to also thank the Central Staff for working very hard behind the scenes.

I would like to comment for the record

I'm highly disappointed in the Department of

Transportation's failure to communicate. We're

talking years and decades of issues on Flatlands

Avenue and Ralph Avenue in Brooklyn and decades of

noncompliance with street safety on the books in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 Queens and all over the city. It's a great

3 disappointment as a born and bred New Yorker to hear

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4 this. It's a great, grave disappointment. All of

5 | these bills today I strongly support on behalf of

6 myself and all the members of parkingticket.com. We

7 have over 150,000 individual members as well as large

8 and small businesses. It's distasteful to me to hear

9 | that they won't communicate with the Chair by the end

10 of the week or the next week or even by the end of

11 | the year or how about the end of the decade. No

12 commitments to communicate. It's a joke, and it's a

sad joke, and I think there should be consideration

14 of a possible new bill with fines and payments

15 attached to their failure to communicate because if

16 | it doesn't cost them money, they don't care. That's

17 | my comment about the Department of Transportation of

18 | the City of New York. I thank everyone for the

19 | opportunity to speak.

be unmuted.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL CHEN: Thank you. Just to run through one more time to see if Manuel Kaufman or Faran are on Zoom, please raise your hand you'll

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For in-person testimony, if we inadvertently left out or missed anyone, please come up to the dais.

 $\label{eq:formula} \mbox{For the remote portion, please hold on}$  for one moment.

It looks like we're done with the remote portion. Seeing no one else, I turn it over to Chair Brooks-Powers for closing remarks.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you to all of the Members who took part in today's oversight hearing as well as the members of the public for their testimony and contribution to the conversation.

I'd like to thank the Committee Staff for all the work during this term on this Committee as we centered equity in our conversations and our efforts to hold City agencies and State agencies alike accountable to New Yorkers, and we wish everyone a happy holiday and look forward to our continued work that continues. Thank you.

With that, this hearing is adjourned.

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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 11, 2023\_\_\_\_\_