CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

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September 18, 2015 Start: 01:11 p.m. Recess: 03:02 p.m.

HELD AT: 250 Broadway- Committee Rm, 14th Fl.

B E F O R E:

ERIC A. ULRICH Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

ALAN N. MAISEL
ANDREW COHEN
FERNANDO CABRERA

PAUL A. VALLONE

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Loree Sutton Commissioner Mayor's Office of Veterans' Affairs

Trish Marsik Executive Director Mayor's Task Force on Behavioral Health

Cameron Mease Trial Attorney Brooklyn Defender Services

Kristen Rouse Leader New York City Veterans Alliance

Miguel Davis Secretary/Veteran Blinded Veterans Association

William Siegfried Veteran Outreach Specialist Project Renewal

Charlotte Heyrman Intake Advocate Veteran Advocacy Project

Fay Radding Mascioli Chapter Director Soldiers Project NYC

Joe Bello Veteran/Founder NY MetroVets

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Here we go. Thank you so much.

LILY ULRICH: Let me do it.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: You can do it later. Okay. Good afternoon everyone. I'm Council Member Eric Ulrich, Chair of the Veterans Committee. As service members return from active duty many will suffer from mental health and substance abuse issues that go... that go untreated. These challenges often lead to increase... increased risk of anxiety, homelessness, inability to maintain employment, and for some involvement with the criminal justice system. According to the New York City Criminal Justice Agency in 2014 5,181 individuals under arrest identify themselves as having served in the military. In February the committee joined with the Committees on Courts and Legal Services and Mental Health to hear about veterans treatment court programs in New York City. These important programs which offer veterans an alternative to extend an incarceration by providing them with supervised treatment to address certain individual needs are currently located in every

borough except the borough of Manhattan. We heard
from the court's judges, distinguished district
attorneys and advocates from the community about
the successes of veteran treatment courts but many
witnesses also made it clear that the experience of
a veteran in the criminal justice system can differ
depending on where that veteran was arrested or
where they happen to live. This is unacceptable.
Following this hearing I joined my colleague
Council Member Rory Lancman to introduce
legislation which we will hear today Intro 793.
This important bill will bring together the
leadership of several city agencies to study and
make recommendations on how the city can meet the
needs of veterans to both keep them out of the
criminal justice system and ease the transition
into post prison life for those who have been
incarcerated. It will also require the Department
of Corrections to provide us with better data to
better understand the veteran prison population and
to better target our resources to assist these
individuals. I am confident that the report that we
will require with this bill will be an important
step in addressing the needs of veterans and

ensuring that they are treated fairly and equitably
by the criminal justice system. I want to thank
Council Member Lancman for co-sponsoring this
important legislation and for his for his
continued leadership on these issues. I know that
he's actually across the street at the hearing at
the… in the chambers with the speaker. And I'm… I'm
sure that he's going to try to make it over here
but I did want to thank him for his leadership and
for co-sponsoring this bill with me. I'd also like
to acknowledge Council Member Vallone, also a very
active member of this committee and and a strong
champion for veterans in their families as well as
a doctor Sutton, the Commissioner of the Mayor's
Office of Veterans Affairs for… for all the work
that she does on this important issue particularly
regarding mental health for veterans and their
families. And finally I want to thank the committee
staff Eric Bernstein our committee counsel and John
Russell our Finance Analyst. And before we begin I
was going to ask Council Member Lancman to make a
few remarks. But if we can interrupt the hearing
later on at some point to allow him to do that in
case he has to run back I would appreciate that. So

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on the first panel is as always our good friend the Commissioner of the Mayor's Office of Veterans

Affairs Loree Sutton as well as Trish Marsik from the Mayor's Office. And before we ask them to deliver their testimony. Eric Bernstein with administer the oath.

COMMITTEE CLERK BERNSTEIN: Can you raise your right hand please? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to council member questions?

CHAIRPERSON HURICH: Thank you so much

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you so much} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \begin{subarray}{ll$

OUM DISSIONER SUTTON: I have to start out by saying good afternoon Mr. Chairman, members of the committee. Let me just take a moment to recognize Madam Lily Ulrich. Thank you so much for opening the meeting today. Yeah. Great job. Today is a momentous day. I just have to take another moment on a celebratory note to note that city hall tromped the city council a squeaker but 13 to 12 yesterday or the day before earlier this week.

We're very proud of all who took place in that celebration. And then also again on a... a festive

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note I want to... I want to just mark today as the 68th birthday of our United States Air Force, just came back from the birthday ceremony and time square so how about a big round of applause for the United States Air Force.

[applause]

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: On a reflective note I'd like to just take a moment to read to you the press release, the statement from Mayor de Blasio earlier today marking our national P.O.W M.I.A recognition day. P.O.W. M.I.A recognition day is a time to honor the selfless women and men who have been missing in action or held as prisoners of war. It is also a day to celebrate these American heroes and the brave acts of valor they have committed in the name of our country. Let us each take a moment to remember the unwavering of these brave Americans and to give thanks to the men and women who continue to wear the uniform as they tirelessly protect our nation. Today we remind our missing service members and their families. You are not forgotten. Good afternoon Chairman Ulrich and the members of the Committee on Veterans. My name is Loree Sutton and I proudly serve as the

2	commissioner of the Mayor's Office of Veterans'
3	Affairs. I greatly appreciate your leadership and
4	look forward to sharing my perspective about
5	today's topic; Introduction number 793 in relation
6	to creating a task force to study veterans in the
7	criminal justice system. I am joined today by Trish
8	Marsik, Executive Director of the Mayor's Task
9	Force on Behavioral Health and the Criminal Justice
10	System at the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice.
11	We are also joined today by Carly McLaughlin with
12	Department of Correction and may I introduce to you
13	someone who is well known but now in a different
14	capacity; Katherine La Porte who is now the Deputy
15	Commissioner for MOVA. Congratulations Catherine.
16	Let me also start out by thanking the mayor, the
17	speaker, Chairman Ulrich, committee members, and
18	veterans advocates, and service organizations for
19	your enduring support and confidence during this
20	past year. I am extraordinarily grateful for the
21	combined investment in New York City veterans
22	granting the budget authority to increase MOVA's
23	capacity including veteran outreach specialist and
24	veteran peer coordinators for the first time in
25	MOVA's history. Regarding the topic of today's

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2	hearing I would also like to recognize my
3	colleagues at the Mayor's Office of Criminal
4	Justice, Department of Correction, Department of
5	Health and Mental Hygiene, Department of Probation,
6	New York Police Department, and the Criminal
7	Justice Agency for their expertise and engagement
8	with respect to this important topic. Working
9	together with community leaders we are committed to
10	achieving equity and justice for all veterans and
11	their families. Following the completion of the
12	behavioral health and criminal justice system task
13	force report published in December of 2014 MOVA has
14	been privileged to work with MOCJ [sp?] director
15	Elizabeth Glazier, Trish Marsik, and their team
16	responsible for implementing the report
17	recommendations. I serve on the task force
18	executive committee as well as the Action Plan
19	Working Group on veteran related recommendations.
20	Over 125 representatives from all parts of the
21	criminal justice system continue to convene
22	quarterly, to review the work of the task force's
23	action plan to date, to troubleshoot challenges,
24	and to plan for the next steps in this process. The
25	work groups include judges, advocates, service

2	providers, defense attorneys, people with lived
3	experience in the system, DAs, family members, and
4	staff from relevant city agencies such as police,
5	correction, health, etcetera. Their guide has been
6	pivotal in the success of these initiatives and the
7	relationships built through this process stand out
8	as a further means for its continued support.
9	Veterans stand to benefit a great deal from the
10	work of the behavioral health task force. We know
11	that involvement with the criminal justice system
12	for veterans is often related to service connected
13	and underlying mental health and substance use
14	issues. These issues may stem from or may have been
15	exacerbated by experiences in uniform which of
16	course can include being wounded, ill, or injured
17	whether or not an individual is engaged in or
18	exposed to combat operations. A brief review of the
19	work of the behavioral Health Task Force will
20	provide an understanding of the work the city has
21	already undertaken to address the underlying
22	challenges particularly mental health and co-
23	occurring substance use issues faced by veterans in
24	the context of the criminal justice system. In June
25	2014 Mayor Bill de Blasio called on government and

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community leaders in public health and public safety to chart a path forward. The task force on behavioral health in the criminal justice system rigorously mat the gaps in our current systems and developed targeted solutions that look not only at individual points in the system but how the system as a whole operates. To address these urgent issues the administration engaged the best minds and methods in determining what needed to be done and deploying solutions without delay. This 130 million dollar four year investment with 40 million dollars contributed in asset forfeiture funds from the district attorney of new York is a key component of Mayor de Blasio's commitment to reduce unnecessary arrests and incarceration, direct criminal justice resources to where they will have the greatest public safety impact, and make our city's criminal justice system more fair. Although much research and experience informed the task force recommendations the mayor set a very clear and simple standard to guide immediate and ongoing actions. What is effective to improve public health and public safety. Both are essential ingredients for success. This administration's historic effort

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to reduce the growing number of inmates with mental health and substance use problems in New York City's jails address every stage of the criminal justice process. From events leading up to an arrest to arrest and disposition, to jail, to release, to reintegration of individuals into the community. Applying a systems perspective... Applying a systems perspective the task force committed its efforts to break the revolving door of arrest, incarceration, and release that has trapped many troubled individuals in the system. The changes put in place by the task force fit within the evidence based system wide approach taken by the de Blasio administration when working to prevent crime and increase fairness for all. As Elizabeth Glazier Director of the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice and Task Force Co-Chairwoman stated; I think this is what criminal justice looks like in the 21st century. Preventing crime is about more than the police and more than about prosecutors and defense lawyers and courts. In New York the proportion of individuals with mental ill... illness held in the city's jails has increased to nearly 40 percent in recent years even as the overall jail population

has shrunk. The task force report identified more
than 400 people who had been jailed at least 18
times in the last five years. Accounting for over
10,000 jail admissions during that period. These
individuals speak to the importance of addressing
mental health in our criminal justice system. 67
percent of these inmates experienced a mental
health need. 21 percent were severely mentally ill
meaning they suffered from diseases like
Schizophrenia or Bipolar disorder. And 99 percent
were diagnosed with a substance use disorder. The
task force recommendations include a plan to
improve mental health screening before arraignment
which has been implemented this year. With
additional staff and updated screening protocols
mental health screenings are now more efficient and
better equipped to identify opportunities to diver
low risk individuals away from jail and to connect
individuals to care. These modifications will
improve health outcomes for defendants with mental
health problems in jail and will connect those
diverted to out of jail health services where
appropriate. Other actions in progress include new
training approaches for police officers working

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with individuals suffering from mental illness, development of community based drop off centers, expansion of supervised pretrial programs for low level offenders who might otherwise fail to make bail, enhanced community services for an additional 4,100 inmates with serious mental illnesses who are being discharged from jail including transportation to a residence or shelter and referrals for ongoing mental health treatment. The behavioral health task force has also implemented changes to better address the needs of veterans in the criminal justice system. Specifically it has directed the criminal justice agency which currently screens for veteran status before arraignment to include more direct questions on veteran status. The question about military service on the CJA interview form was also changed to be more inclusive of all service components including active, national guard, and the reserves. If a veteran is identified through this process a notification is sent to a designated borough liaison from Veterans Affairs. The VA then coordinates access to appropriate services including housing and case management support. Veterans may also be diverted from the

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regular criminal courts into veteran treatment courts as a result of this screening process. In order to enable these connections to services CJA has signed into action data agreements with the VA to release the names of criminal justice involved veterans in Kings, New York, Richmond, the Bronx, and Queens counties to the veterans administration. To date CGA... CJA has reported 630 arrests to the Bronx VA and 136 arrest to New York City Harbor VA since those respective agreements went into effect last July. Per the February 25th, 2015 City Council hearing on veterans treatment courts New York City currently has working veteran treatment courts in three of the five boroughs with plans in progress to stand up programs in Staten Island and Manhattan. MOVA strongly supports these actions knowing that veteran treatment courts have assisted countless service women and service men struggling with the psychological, physical, and spiritual sequelae of deployment experience to turn their lives around and continue their ethos of service as leaders within their home communities. The aim of these courts working in conjunction with Department of Veterans Affairs Health Care networks, Veterans

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Justice Outreach Specialist, the Veterans Benefits
Administration, State Departments of Veterans
Affairs, peer veteran mentors, and veterans service
and family support community organizations is to
address these underlying issues and connect
veterans to the service and support they need. It
requires a systems perspective to understand and
leverage the complex relationships among
individuals and organizations with widely differing
roles professional specialties, agency and
community affiliations, as well as levels of
government working in cooperation to achieve better
outcomes in serving those who have served us. The
veterans treatment courts strike a balance between
upholding the rule of law and providing treatment
services for these men and women, our veterans, to
whom society remains indebted. In short these
prose these programs save lives. Moving to the
legislation on today's agenda Chairman Ulrich I
applaud your leadership on addressing issues facing
veterans in the criminal justice system. This
timely proposal seeks to apply a systems lens to
better understand the needs of veterans in the
criminal justice system including coordinated

access to housing, employment, legal, and health
services. We support a robust collaboration between
MOVA, the relevant criminal justice agencies and
veterans themselves to identify new ways to
identify new ways to address veteran needs that
prevent entry into the criminal justice system
whenever possible, provide access to needed
services for those involved in the criminal justice
system and assist in successfully transitioning
formerly incarcerated veterans to their home
communities. Because these issues are of great
importance to this administration and the work done
by the Behavioral Health Task Force has focused on
issues that disproportionately affect veterans. We
believe that it makes sense to leverage the
behavioral health task force to identify best
practices, assess the effectiveness of existing
approaches and determine data collection needs
related to veterans in the criminal justice system.
We do not believe that the creation of an
additional task force would help us accomplish our
shared goals. We do believe that MOVA in
partnership with MOCJ can take advantage of the
evisting collaboration amongst the necessary

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participants including the criminal justice agencies and behavioral health experts to co-lead an effort that will address many of the important questions raised in the bill as well as help to assess what data collection efforts might be both feasible and actionable. The data collection outlined in the bill speaks to the importance of information sharing in this effort. But it does pose significant operational and fiscal concerns that we want to discuss further with you and the council and those in the advocate community. It is essential that we continue to study best practices from around the country to identify strategies, leading strategies for enhancing the work of the behavioral health task force and veterans courts. National best practices that we may not already be implementing in New York City as well as the information and citywide collaboration needed to support these practices. The behavioral health task force will continue to look at best practices as they relate to veterans and focus on the issues that most strongly affect veterans as we continue this important work. We agree with the goals of this bill and appreciate the council's diligence in

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2 assisting veterans in the criminal justice system. We welcome the opportunity to collaborate with the 3 council and our colleagues in the criminal justice 4 5 agencies regarding New York City's approach in 6 improving the lives of its veterans and their families. In closing let me just take a moment to 7 8 reflect upon the importance of the transformative 9 changes currently under way at MOVA. MOVA is in the 10 midst of on-boarding our veteran outreach 11 specialist to extend our reach and presence within 12 all five boroughs. We are also delighted to welcome our new veteran peer coordinators whose shared 13 military experience ideally equips them to 14 15 effectively engage homeless veterans, act as a 16 resource and quide to navigating agencies and systems, help participants maintaining individual 17 health and well being and sustain positive gains in 18 19 achieving their life goals within the context of a supportive community. We will be reaching out to 20 our New York City veterans community to enlist all 2.1 who would like to volunteer their time and talent 22 23 to serving our fellow veterans and their families. There simply is no greater privilege. As your MOVA 24

commissioner I am excited to participate in this

historic endeavor representing the needs of veterans and their families and applying resilience informed approaches that empower communities and individuals across the system. Moving the front line of intervention for hope and hearing from the clinic and the hospital to the community and the kitchen table. Although much has been done our most critical work lies yet ahead. No challenge is to great. Working together. Let's keep after it. Thanks again for your leadership and for this opportunity to testify this important topic today. At this time I look forward to your comments and questions. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you

Commissioner as always. And before we move on to

the next testimony I just want to recognize for the

record that Council Member Maisel another member of

this committee from Brooklyn has also joined us. So

make sure you take his attendance. Okay. Oh okay,

alright. Oh great. Alright. Terrific. So I have

just a few questions but before I do I know there

are other hearings and things going on so I

normally defer to my colleagues in case they have

to run to one of the other hearings that are taking

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place. These are going to community developments
and he's leaving he's hello and goodbye. And
Council Member Vallone do you have a few questions
before

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Sure. Afternoon Commissioner. How are you?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Great thank you Council Member Vallone.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Well this is a great follow-up to our chair's previous hearing we had almost a year ago. And I think we were kind of exploring and I was learning for the first time some of the services that are at the court system. So... At... At the courthouse. So if... If someone's identified to be a veteran and they're coming forward for the hearing. Who is present there that can help that veteran?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: So when that veteran is identified that's when the call the contact is made with the VA the VA veteran outreach coordinators then connect with that veteran and work with that veteran within the context of his or her progression within the system.

2	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: So even prior
3	to the actual arraignment of the hearing. So I'd
4	just like to step through that process so I know
5	what [cross-talk]
6	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: I'll ask my
7	colleague Trish Marsik to provide… [cross-talk]
8	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Thank you.
9	COMMISSIONER SUTTON:additional detail
10	but yeah both of the VA hospitals have justice
11	coordinators. So they're responsible for tracking
12	the cases once they get flagged for them. And so
13	they're going to [cross-talk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Who flags them?
15	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: CJA flags them,
16	the criminal justice agency. And that is an agency
17	that's in contract with the city to provide a
18	screening risk of Risk of flight training for
19	every single person who comes through the criminal
20	justice system.
21	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And has that
22	information provided uniformly to all the district
23	attorneys or is that on request spaces or
24	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: No that That

information goes to everybody uniformly. CJA

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2	doesn't do every single person who comes through
3	the criminal justice system. For instance they want
4	to do DATs, they want to do desk appearance
5	tickets. But for the majority of the arrests that
6	come through the system CJA provides that initial
7	screen.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: But for
9	veterans yes?
10	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: But for veterans
11	yes.
12	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: That's My
13	question… [cross-talk]
14	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: I'm sorry I didn't
15	understand the denominator.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: No no no. I'm
17	just for veteran that is Has been arrested that
18	information's provided to the district attorney?
19	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Yes yes.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Okay so now
21	depending on the type of the arrest whether it's
22	criminal or someone's facing an eviction Landlord
23	tenant or there's a civil type of case are the
24	services the same, are the persons in attendance at

the courthouse the same?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: I'm not aware of the services when it's a civil case because my... My purview is only within the criminal justice system.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Okay so let's...

Let's go with the criminal arraignment. So who

would be at that...

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: The justice... The VA's justice coordinator would be engaging with the person and the defense attorney because they have to... The person has to consent to have... Having the help of the VA. And then that coordinator would be working with the defense attorney and with that person on whether... Whatever aspects of the case they can be helpful with whether it's helping to make sure they're diverted to a veterans court, whether it's connecting them to other services, whether it's... You know this person is in the community and we'd like to connect them with veterans services that they haven't had before.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Now the diversions of the veterans court is that a individual determination via the judge, via the attorneys, or the veteran himself.

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2	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Believe that the
3	person has to consent to that initially going in.
4	And then
5	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Wasn't that one
6	of the areas we were going to kind of look at to
7	see if we could expand that?
8	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Yeah I Since I
9	wasn't part of the initial hearing I'm not sure
10	about that but… [cross-talk]
11	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: I think that's
12	one of the things.
13	COMMISSIONER SUTTON:we can certainly
14	look into that.
15	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE:the advocates
16	had brought up. I I think I thought it would be a
17	good way to
18	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: And in the problem
19	solving courts usually because veterans courts,
20	mental health courts, drug courts, all of the
21	parties, all of the court parties generally have to
22	agree to it.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Okay. The veterans courts... Is that uniform throughout the five counties?

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1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 26
2	TRISH: So the veterans courts We
3	currently have three working veterans treatment
4	courts in the Bronx, Queens, and in Brooklyn. The
5	leadership in both Staten Island and Manhattan have
6	committed to standing up veteran treatment courts.
7	And I trust that they will keep their word on that
8	commitment and we will look forward to when we have
9	veteran treatment courts in all five boroughs.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Okay.
11	TRISH: But further details will have to
12	be addressed through those respective boroughs.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: I think that
14	That was something we all spoke about and that
15	would be exciting to To get that moving forward
16	so
17	TRISH: Absolutely, thank you.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: I'll defer back
19	to my chair.
20	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you Council
21	Member Vallone. I will open it. I'm sorry I'm

ouncil I'm juggling two hats today. But the most important job I have is being a good dad... Being a good parent. So it's the most important job we all have. It's okay. So that... Council Member Vallone brought up a very

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good point about the veteran treatment courts in... In Richmond County for instance it's not for lack of desire or effort it's that they were actually building a new court house and they physically didn't have the space. And I'm... I'm almost certain that the... The court house is supposed to open by the end of the year. And I know that they're having an election for a new district attorney but both of the candidates who are running for DA have expressed that they will work with the administrative judge in that county to set up the veteran treatment court and they support veterans. And it's very important and they want it there. They just couldn't have it there for logistical purposes. In Manhattan I think Cy Vance has recently expressed publicly that he wants to set up a veterans treatment court. And I know he's working with his colleagues at the state level to do just that. So I am looking forward to that day as are you that we have veteran treatment courts throughout the five boroughs because it really shouldn't matter what borough a veteran is arrested in or happens to commit a crime in even for low level crimes like you know jumping the turnstile or

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having possession of small amounts of marijuana on them I think it's important that they get access to the same services and treatment that is available to all veterans. I think that's something that we all support. The... The goal of this bill though I think was two fold and... And I'm... I'm sorry that Council Member Lancman can't be here but he his across the street at his own hearing because he's also an attorney and he happens to know a lot about this particular topic is that we wanted to number one collect better data because I think the data varies depending on you know what part of the city they're arrested in. I am glad that we have changed the intake form though. That was a big accomplishment.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: It's a big one.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: And I know that that Commissioner was done with your help because that came out of the last hearing we did have a year ago and that was important. But are we... First of all are we relying solely upon the person who was arrested to self identify themselves as... As a veteran or someone who served in the military or is there any other mechanism for identifying people

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who are arrested but perhaps you know they don't fill out the form correctly because they might be intoxicated or they might be... You know just not in the right frame of mind so...

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Certainly if an

individual were intoxicated or otherwise impaired I'm sure that the personnel working at... Within the ... The criminal justice agency would work with them to assure that they're getting accurate information. But with respect to the specific question on identifying veterans we do rely on veterans to respond as they wish to the revised question which is have you ever served in the US Military, National Guard, or Reserves. Now we do know and we've corroborated with our colleagues in various jurisdictions across the country. And we know this from talking to veterans themselves that there is a fear factor among a number of veterans as they enter the criminal justice system that if they divulge that they are a veteran that perhaps that may put their VA benefits at risk. So this is an area that I think we need to look at very carefully, very deliberated, and ensure that all individuals working within our criminal justice

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system as well as beyond all of the different agencies and... And organizations that we mentioned who are part of this very complex system. We need to make sure that everyone has accurate information and that we don't do anything ever that would betray the trust of our veterans and their families.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I'm glad... I'm glad

you brought that up. That is an important part and we certainly don't want to jeopardize any benefits that help veterans get services that they need through the VA be... Simply because we're in the process of trying to collect this data. I'd like if... If... If we can to focus more on the role of the Mayor's Office of... The... I'm sorry the Mayor's Task Force on Behavioral Health and what specifically they are doing to identify the veterans population that is involved in the Criminal Justice System. Like what... Can you just run me through that again? I know that the commissioner mentioned a lot of that in her testimony but just give me like a walkthrough someone... Someone is arrested. They happen to be... [background comments] I am. I am. Some... Someone is arrested. They happen to be a veteran.

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They self-identify as a veteran. At what point do you start getting access to that information and what do you do with that information?

when they get arrested they do go through the screening that I was mentioning to Council Member Vallone. They... Everyone goes through the screens for risk of flight. So there's a number of questions that gets asked of people. Do they have an address. Do they... What are their connections to the community. And then the courts use that document to make determinations about setting bail. One of the questions now on that document is the question that the commissioner articulated... Have you served previously in the armed forces, the... And you know it better than I... [background comments]

TRISH: [off mic] And this came out of our experience both locally within the Workforce 1 Centers within the Department of Small Business Services as well as again our colleagues around the country that when you simply ask the question are you a veteran you're never going to get close to the actual reality of who is a veteran. And this...

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That's for a number of reasons. Some of us will assume that because we... We didn't have a combat arms role in the military that we're not a veteran or we didn't deploy to war that we're not a veteran. Women we're the worst at this.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: In... And answer in

a way that does not get to the inclusive question. Because as you know Mr. Chair and members of the Committee Council Member Vallone here in New York City we are very inclusive. Anyone who has ever raised their right hand and said here I am, send me, who has ever signed that... That blank check payable to the United States government up into and including one's life, they are our veterans and their family served too. That's... That's what this is all about. So we... We... We find that this more inclusive way really gets to it that you know have you ever served in the US Armed Forces, National Guard, or Reserves that then becomes a much more accurate complete inclusive way of identifying veterans and helping them self identify. Also another... I would say Mr. Chairman you know another recent development since our last hearing is... Is the... The launch of our veteran designator for the

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 33
2	city IDNYC card. And we're Yeah isn't that great
3	Council Member Vallone, I know you've been such a
4	champion of that. We're so excited. I mean we
5	We've heard from veterans and their families around
6	the city. They're so excited to have something
7	that That demonstrates not only their service but
8	our pride in the city to recognize their service.
9	And we just started as you know you know the things
10	in addition to the over 30 cultural institutions
11	that you know the Bedrock New Yorker IDNYC card
12	will give you a free year membership for our
13	veterans. We started out with free year membership
14	thanks to the Intrepid. We've also in Queens we've
15	worked with the Chamber of Commerce. We're going to
16	be working with all of the boroughs to get those
17	business incentives and services for our veterans.
18	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Do we have any
19	early data on that like to have… [cross-talk]
20	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Not yet. Not Not
21	Not yet.
22	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Excited to hear
23	that, yeah.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: No it's going to be really exciting to get that. And then of course

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on the private sector side veterans advantage, a discount on their cooperate discounts that they've negotiated across the country. So this is just the start but we think it really is a drum beat. We were the first city under Mayor de Blasio's leadership and the strong support of the city council, first city in the country to have a veteran's designation on the municipal ID card. I think that's something we can all celebrate and be very proud of.

COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: We fought really hard for that. [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I want to recognize
Council Member Cabrera from the Bronx, also a
mental health expert not because he's on the city
council but because he... He happens to be a social
worker and a pastor in his church so I know he... He
is very keen on a lot of these issues as well.
Getting back to the... The... The bill though... With the
collection of data when we do... When... When we do
collect this data and we have this information
about veterans who are... People who have served in
the military who have been arrested. What do we do
with that data? Is it segregated in any way and

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sure they get access...

analyzed in a special way? Are we looking at how many of those veterans by percentage or by raw number do go through the... The VTCs, the veteran treatment courts as opposed to do not and for what reasons. I mean you know for instance in, in, in, in certain counties what we found from the hearing that we had on Veteran Treatment Courts is certain individuals who are facing charges for certain crimes are not eligible to go to a veterans treatment court even if they happen to be a veteran. So you know that is a lot of the data that I think we're looking for. Is... Are... Is something falling through the cracks because something is not available or even when it is available are we not... Is there something that we're not doing to make

TRISH: So if I could take that Mr.

Chairman. The first order of analysis was to ensure that we were much... Much better at identifying veterans up front in the system and now we're at the point really at the threshold where the second order... Second and third orders of analysis really come into play. And that's the work of ongoing both within the... The Committee on Recommendations as

well as the larger task force as a whole. So we look forward to getting that data. At this point we don't yet have the systems in place that disaggregate in the way that you described.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Is... Does the Mayor's task force review that data on an annual basis, a semi-annual basis, a... I don't know how they... How they do that.

TRISH: So there's a lot of data collection that...

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Right.

TRISH: ...happens unless there's 24 interlocking recommendations that are... That are moving forward as a part of this. The... We are in the process of collecting data mostly on... On process at this point how many people hit this point in the system. And moving swiftly we hope to... Did our... Did our interventions actually make any difference? You know have peoples' lives changed for what we've done? So as the commissioner pointed out those are the next phases of our analysis. The task force... The work groups that meet as part of the task force, and we have 20 meetings over the course of a year with these... With the various work

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groups that are part of the task force. They are looking at this data. They are... Are checking our work as we move along but also helping us to reflect upon the context in which that data sits because we all know that you know numbers are numbers. But understanding where they come from, why they might be the way are is critical. The other thing I would say is that although CJA has been giving data to the Bronx VA for you know several months now that as... As the testimony indicated they've only been giving it to the Harbor VA since July. And so we're anxious to see what the impact of that connection will be. That was a... That was a... An agreement that had not been forged until we sat down with them and said you know this needs to happen moving forward.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay thank you. I'm going to step out for two seconds to take care of daddy duty and Council Member Vallone has a few questions. I think Council Member Cabrera has a few questions. So hopefully they have enough questions to fill up the amount of time it takes to change a diaper. But otherwise...

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: No worries.

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2 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: ...I will be right

3 | back. So Council Member Vallone will...

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: How are you. So good to see you both. And... And indeed it's good news that we finally have a designation and New York City I.D. I wanted to ask if you'd talk to me a little bit about the alternative programs so we could have veterans not going through incarceration. You talked a little bit about that. Where are we, what programs we have available. Let's start there.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Yeah well the alternative programs... Be the veteran treatment court certainly are the first and you may not have been here for our discussion of this Council Member Cabrera. It's awfully good to see you again since we last spoke and I remember you and I had an exchange on this very... Very point. Plans are moving forward. Both in Staten Island where they've had both facility issues, renovation as well as leadership changes and then Manhattan where the district attorney has clearly publicly indicate... Indicated that these plans are in progress to stand up veteran treatment courts. Of course in the Bronx

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saving interventions.

and Queens and Brooklyn those are already
established and going well. And as we come fully
on-board with veteran treatment courts in all five
of our boroughs that then is going to be our
platform for them building on even further not just
the... The veteran treatment courts themselves but
for example the veteran peer mentor program... Is one
of the veteran peer mentors in the Bronx. We know
what a difference that makes and I think that's
just the beginning. So this is very exciting for us
at this threshold to work together on these kinds
of innovative and really life respecting and life

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I'm glad to here. Like can you share what... How many have gone through alternative program, what's the capacity, what will be the future capacity?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: You know I don't have... I don't have those numbers at this point but certainly those... That's exactly where we're... That's exactly where we're headed. So I look forward the next time we talk about this we'll have even... You know we'll have much better data going forward particularly as we're able to at the very onset

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much more inclusively identify who is a veteran in
our system.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: What are the wrap around services for those alternative programs?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: No you know it's interesting. At... At our very first committee meeting... This is the committee that's been specifically focused on the... The veteran related actions, the recommendations out of the task force action plan from last December. And so from the very beginning we've had you know obviously CJA has been there and... And the... The veteran justice outreach specialist in a whole working group across the mayor's office. And one of the things the VA came forward with... They were just in the process themselves of joining the New York City... The NYC Serves [sp?] network, this is a coordinated service network. New York City is... Is the lead city in the country right now with this and the VA is one of the network providers. In the city we have small business services who has been the lead provider. But what's important about this network is that it coordinates services across... About 40 service

providers that cover virtually everything a veteran
could need from legal services to health services,
mental health services. CUNY is the academic back
bode. The VA is a member of this network. That's a
huge thing. The city as I mentioned, SBS. So this
is something that's continuing to grow and develop.
It's housed on a very robust technology platform
that's provided by a veteran owned business called
unite us. And so this is really an innovation that
just within these last few months veterans coming
through the criminal justice system and wherever
they may be in the community. I mean that's the
other beauty is that they can get connected as they
come through the criminal justice system and then
when they return to their homes they're still
connected. So we're very excited.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: How did housing plays into that?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: And housing is part of that as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay how did...

Do you have any details how... How that transition
takes place. They say they go through a criminal

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system when they get out. What's a waiting for them? What's potentially available for them?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: You know I'll dig into that. I don't have that day... Data right at hand but... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: ...I am very pleased to tell you Council Member Cabrera that as a result of the Mayor's Commitment to... To New York City veterans was last June in the budget cycle and I would say the combined investment with the city council and specifically with the advocacy of this committee. But as part of that increased budget capacity for MOVA we have just recently brought on Nicole Branca who previously served as the executive director of the Supportive Housing Network of New York. She's one of the country's leading experts in supportive housing. She's recently come on board as our assistant commissioner and senior adviser for strategic initiatives. And you will be so pleased... Right now she's just scurrying every which way but loose connecting with folks and getting veterans placed and you know I will definitely be bringing her into

the task force deliberations as one of our subject matter expertise, experts so that she can really apply her expertise and look at this process, get the kind of data all of us are interested in tracking and making sure as Trish said that our interventions are having the desired positive impact.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Do you happen to have the numbers of... Of veterans who are homeless right now, and updated?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Let's see. The

last we... We have regular meetings on this topic at all levels. We happen to have a veterans task force meeting just this last week. And the numbers have gone down to i believe... I have to get the specific number but they dropped considerably over this last... This last few days and we expect that to continue. We've got some new strategies in place including the new resources that are now coming on board, the veteran peer coordinators, the policy analyst folks, the increased... The social workers. And I think you're going to see a continued you know incremental and unrelenting progress on this issue not only as we head towards the end of this

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 44
2	year but also as we role into the new year and
3	sustain these gains.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: The The
5	last number I think I heard at the general welfare
6	which I was taken aback and had a meeting with DHS
7	the other day. I think it was 50. So you're saying
8	it's even below that now or…
9	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Are you talking
10	Let me be very clear.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yes.
12	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: There Okay in
13	terms of chronic veterans Chronic Chronic
14	homeless veterans
15	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Right.
16	COMMISSIONER SUTTON:that is less than
17	50 now.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay.
19	COMMISSIONER SUTTON: So that's a huge
20	huge step forward in terms of street homeless
21	veterans that's less than 20. We know who they are.
22	We've invited them into the system. We maintain
23	ongoing relationships. Our peers are deploying to

To be their battle buddies and at any time that

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they're ready to come back into the system we are ready to place them.

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those went through the justice system out of those

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: And how many of

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: You know I... That's

a great question Council Member Cabrera. We're

going... You know those are exactly the kind of

lenses we... We now are at this threshold to move to

the second and third orders of analysis. Those are

exactly the kinds of data that we'd like to... We'd

like to get and we'll certainly share them with

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you. I

really appreciate that. And my last question is

what do you see... Where you see us five years from

now in turns of dealing with justice system and

veterans?

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Wow, that's a

great question Council Member Cabrera. I see New 2.1

York City playing a major leadership role doing

good things, innovative things, humane things to

restore dignity and respect and pride and

opportunity and redemption frankly with respect to

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veterans and all who for whatever reason enter the criminal justice system. And I think you know we've got the right leadership in place both from the mayor to... Mayor's office leadership across the organization in terms of the city agencies looking across the street here at the city council and of course across this... Our greatest city, New York. I think that there's no limit to what we can design and implement here in New York City that will really be deserving of the bold legacy and history that New York City has of inclusiveness, of justice, of equity, of growth yes, and of, of compassion. So I think we'll fill in the details in terms of what those actual actions will include but I am confident that we truly are poised to serve as a model for the nation and a model for the world with respect to veterans, specifically as well as any individuals and their families who enter our criminal justice system.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you so much Commissioner. Looking forward for that vision of becoming a reality. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER SUTTON: And together we'll work after it. Thanks so much Council Member.

	COUNCIL	MEMBER	CABRERA:	Indeed.	Thank
you.					

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Council Member
Cabrera thank you. Thank you for your patience too
today. Getting back to the The bill I I know that
again Council Member Lancman can't be here, he's
across the street. But I know that he would be
curious to know if there's anything particularly in
the legislation or the bill that the administration
is uncomfortable with, anything that the… Anything
that's you know specifically in the bill that That
the administration might think is duplicative,
something that we're already doing perhaps or
something that they're not comfortable with in
terms of what role of the Mayor's Office of The
task force I should say, on behavioral health might
play in this process. So I We're just trying to
get a better understanding from a legal standpoint
what the administration doesn't like that's in the
bill that they're not comfortable with that they
think that we're already doing so that we might be
able to correct it or modify the bill or take
another look at it?

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COMMISSIONER SUTTON: Well what we think we're already doing is we already have a task force that's set up. And the mechanism's well in place with... With those over 125 individuals as I described in the testimony. It's not that the administration is uncomfortable with anything. We... We... As I said in my testimony we share these goals, we applaud them. We are eagerly and... And... And you know as we've described we are pursuing them in an ongoing basis. The conversation that we will look forward to having with the council going forward will be specifically looking at the data collection elements. And I don't think that's something that we'll go into in detail today. I think that's something that we need to get around a table and really dig into and... And determine really what's both feasible as well as actionable.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay. Alright. So any other questions? Council Member Cabrera, Lily any other questions? No I'm just kidding. Anyway. She drew all over your testimony. This was not me, it was her. Just... Just for the record if you happen to come up here later and see this on my desk you won't think that I was crossing this out. But thank

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you as always commissioner and thank you again to the mayor's office for your testimony. We have a few of the advocates who are here to testify as well on the bill. We're going to start in the order that they signed up. Cameron Mease from the Brooklyn Defender Services, Kristin Rouse from New York City Veterans Alliance, Miguel Douse I want to say, is that correct, Davis, I apologize sir please, I apologize, Davis, Blinded Veterans and Veterans Involved with Criminal Justice System, and William Siegfried from Project Renewal as well. If you can come up. Thank you. We will have four minutes for each speaker. That time will be displayed on the clock. The Sergeant at Arms will control that. If you need a few more seconds to wrap up we're pretty generous but not too generous so... I'll ask our... Eric Bernstein to swear in the panel and then we'll start with Kristin and work our way down.

COMMITTEE CLERK BERNSTEIN: Can you all raise your right hand please? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to council member questions?

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: You may begin.

3 KRISTEN ROUSE: Good afternoon everyone.

Thank you for the opportunity to speak today. My name is Kristen Rouse and I am speaking on behalf of the New York City Veterans Alliance. I am a veteran of the United States Army. I served three tours of duty in Afghanistan and I have lived in Brooklyn since leaving active duty in 2007. The New York City veterans alliance testified in February in support of establishing a veterans treatment court in Manhattan and more broadly the need to ensure that all veterans across the city experience the same measure of justice and access to treatment no matter which borough. In the final results of the survey of the New York City veterans community we conducted last spring of the 412 respondents to our question about how important it was to establish a veterans treatment court in Manhattan 398 respondents, nearly 97 percent of those who answered the question said that it was important to them. 86 percent identified this as either essential or very important. Yet as of today still only Queens, Brooklyn, and the Bronx have functional veterans treatment courts. New York City

2	veterans have been assured the government intends
3	to establish veteran treatment courts in Staten
4	Island and Manhattan but today we're still waiting.
5	This has been addressed. The commissioner has
6	addressed it but I would like to request on behalf
7	of our community a formal or a more formal or more
8	firm time line for the establishment of those
9	courts and for them to be up and running in
10	Manhattan and Staten Island. Veterans treatment
11	courts are a vital steps toward ensuring veterans
12	involved in the criminal justice system have access
13	to the services and support they've earned and that
14	can help get them back on the right track. But this
15	is also just one piece of a much larger and complex
16	criminal justice system that can and must work
17	better for veterans. This is why we strongly
18	support Introduction 793 and urge that this
19	committee and the council pass it as soon as
20	possible and that the mayor sign it into law with
21	Without delay. The task force report mandated by
22	this piece of legislation has the potential to
23	produce comprehensive and meaningful data to guide
24	New York City in its understanding and treatment of
25	veterans in the criminal justice system. Having

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this report posted on the city's website will further allow organizations serving New York City veterans to better understand and tailor services and resources based on what we hope will be thoroughly researched and accurate data. Particular emphasis must be on studying and reporting on the needs and resources available to support veterans released from incarceration helping them to yet again reintegrate into their homes and neighborhoods. Coming home from deployment or active service is challenging the first time. And a veteran coming home from a period of incarceration faces even greater challenges. It is especially important to have wrap around services to support and support to ensure these veterans returning from incarceration have the opportunity to find safe and reasonable housing, adequate health and dental care, a decent way to earn a living, and ways to regain a sense of purpose and community in their lives. Successful reintegration is key to ensuring these veterans remain on the right track and do not reenter the criminal justice system. Another point of significance should be reporting on incarcerated veterans and their loss of VA benefits because of

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the degree of crime committed or the duration of their incarceration. Incarcerated veterans may avoid disclosing their veteran status because of the loss of VA payments to them or their family members. And the task force report should include the impacts of this loss of income on the incarcerated veterans households as well as their ability to reintegrate back home successfully upon release. The report should also include the loss of access to VA health care while incarcerate and impacts that may have on veterans. The intersection of veterans involved in the criminal justice system and the VA's veteran justice outreach or VJO program should be included in the study and assess whether more... More VA... VJO coordinators are needed to assist veterans at Rikers and other detention facilities across the five boroughs. In closing we voice our strong support for any effort the city can make to collect most thouroughly researched and most accurate data possible on New York City's veterans. Veterans involved in the criminal justice system are those who have lost their personal battles to reintegrate back home following their military service or rather those who we as a city

and as a society have most greviously failed to
welcome back home. It is essential that we strive
to understand and calibrate our government and
community resources for these individuals as
accurately and equitbly, at, as equitibly as
possible so we do not fail them yet again. For
these reasons we strongly urge the immediate
passage of Introduction 79 793 into law. On behalf
of the New York City Veterans Alliance I thank you
for this opportunity to speak today. Pending your
questions this concludes my testimony.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you Christian [sp?] We'll heal... We will hear all the testimony if we can and then we'll have questions. I know Council MEmber Cabrera and I might have some so we'll... Alright thank you. Kristin thank you, next.

CAMERON MEASE: Good afternoon. My name is Cameron Mease and I am the Veterans Coordinator with Brooklyn Defender Services. Our organization provides criminal defense, family defense, immigration, civil legal services, social work support to more than 40,000... Brooklyn residents every year. I thank the New York City Council Committee on Veterans and in particular Eric Ulrich

2	for the opportunity to testify in support of Intro
3	793 to create, create a task force to study
4	veterans in the criminal justice system. Many Many
5	of the veterans I see in my practice have mental
6	health or addiction issues that were caused by
7	active duty, the most prevelent and premisious
8	diagnosis involve PTSD and traumatic brain injury.
9	Individuals with such diagnosis often suffer from
10	depression And a lack of self control leading to
11	situations and behaviors that can result in arrest.
12	My veteran clients are also very vulnerable to
13	substance abuse issues which can also lead to
14	criminal charges. The criminal justice system in
15	general and our jails and prisons in particular are
16	neither designed or equipped to address our veteran
17	clients' needs. I appreciate that Intro 793
18	stipulates that the task force study veterans entry
19	into the criminal justice system with an emphasis
20	on how to limit their involvement with the system
21	all together and help those who are criminal
22	justice involved to transition out of that system.
23	I also appreciate that the proposed task force
24	would include at least one representative of an
25	organization providing legal representation to

2	veterans. Though this provision could be narrowed
3	to specify that the member be affiliated with a
4	criminal defense organization that serves veterans.
5	My colleagues and I on the defense bar have a
6	unique understanding of how the system treats and
7	mistreats our clients. Briefly regarding jail
8	Ample research as well as BDS's direct experience
9	has Has demonstrated that people with mental
10	illness do not fair well in jails or prisons.
11	Veterans with PTSD or TBI experience severe trauma
12	due to the fact that the jail evironment is likely
13	to trigger those symptoms and greatly exacerbate
14	their mental health. It is our strong belief that
15	special consideration of veterans' experiences must
16	be integrated into any court proceedings in order
17	to preclude or minimize their incarceration. A
18	strong alternative to jail is a client's
19	involvement with the veterans treatment court. A
20	systemic response to the needs of veterans in New
21	York City's criminal justice system is the recent
22	proliferation of veterans treatment courts which
23	are currently operating in Brooklyn, Queens, and
24	the Bronx. Brooklyn's veterans treatment court for
25	felonies opened in 2009 and has been expanding its

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services and incorportating more and more veterans into its eligible pool of participants ever since 2009. Additionally i've been working with a judge, the BRooklyn DA's Office and accomponaying agencies and programs on the creation of the Brooklyn misdemeanor, misdemeanor veterans treatment court. This will open next Wednesday. Trying to gain access to these courts for my clients is a large part of what I do. In my experience the... The veterans treatment court is far more likely to provide critical avenues for healing and recovery to individuals who deserve non-jail evidence based treatment interventions. All that said veterans courts only hear cases on certain charges and more consequently district attorneys who effectively serve as gate keepers can keep a large share of eligible cases in traditional courts. For example my client who served two tours in Iraq, has no criminal record, is charged with a posession of a firearm, a firearm that he bough legally in another state while still in the service. Two weeks after moving to NYC he... He is stopped with that firearm, persuant to a stop and frisk. And then the district attorney's office is asking for three and a half

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2 years jail, actually much more time then he... He spent in the service. Does my client have 3 copability? Yes. Should he do years of jail for 4 this crime? Definitely not, in my opinion. I 5 6 continue the uphill battle with him in getting him into a veterans treatment court. So while brooklyn 8 has been great expanding the scope of our... Our 9 veteran treatment courts there's room for 10 improvement of growth. But basic... On my experience 11 for those who do gain access the... The specialized 12 courts are critical to reducing the long term... Long 13 term collateral consequence of a conviction such as limited employment, loss of housing, deportation, 14 loss of familial relationships. Another essential 15 16 function of the Brooklyn veterans treatment court 17 is that it is a hub of resources for our veteran clients as... As mentioned before the VJO, Veterans 18 19 Justice Outreach is... Is just great in this regard. The... The coordinators are ... Are great. This ... Mr. 20 Garner who's actually here in... In the room help me... 2.1 22 Has been helping me just a ton on this case that i 23 mentioned before. And it's great and I don't know what I would do without him. In conclusion on this 24

topic veterans treatment courts are an essential

alternative to incarceration and can be an
incredible resource for our veteran defendents.
They should be further researched and further
developed. And I can skip over my section on
reentry because you covered it pretty well. And in
conclusion I'll just say that That I'm very
grateful for the opportunity to speak to you all.
And I look forward to continuing to support this
venture.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you so much.

And again we will follow-up with some questions after the testimonies are completed. Thank you again.

WILLIAM SIEGFRIED: Good afternoon
everyone. Good afternoon. My name is Bill
Siegfried. I'm the veteran outreach specialist at
Project Renewal. I'll be brief. My particular niche
is employment for homeless veterans. And I do
employment for veterans who have housing too but
mostly it's homeless veterans. I... I came today
because when I got the email from... From Kristin
about veterans in the criminal justice system. I
get calls from guys who say I have a CDL. I... I have
this qualification, I have that, I have a pending

2	court case. And we have conferences every week.
3	We're We're Small or Well he's got this, he's
4	got that, he's employable, he's He's got a pending
5	court case. We will not send him on a job
6	interview. And there are people, these are
7	veterans. That's all I deal with now. They go
8	themselves, guy's good, he's motivated, he's got
9	this, he's got that, he's got the qualifications,
10	he's got a pending court case. The employer said
11	no. Come back when your court case is settled. But
12	it's pending. I think it's It's going to turn out
13	alright, I'm not going to go to jail. It would
14	really help if I'm working also. And I've been to
15	Phoenix house. They're residentialed you know. And
16	I've talked with the counsellors there. Said it
17	would really help if this guy's working you know
18	because he's got six months more in this pending
19	court case. He's not going to go to jail but can
20	you help him out. Yeah I can enroll him but we will
21	not send in I don't have the say They won't send
22	him on a job because he's got a pending court case.
23	I understand it's kind of out of the area of this
24	act… Well whatever but I'm kicking it out here
25	because that's what I run into all the time;

_	COINITITED ON VEHICLES					
2	pending court case. They won't send him on a job. I					
3	don't know what can be done about it but I'm going					
4	to speak about it because I run into it all the					
5	time, all the time. These guys want to work, they					
6	can work, they're qualified, they're motivated.					
7	They call me up, can you help me out, no I can't.					
8	So I'm done. Thank you all.					
9	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Okay. And I'm sure					
10	that the commissioner or someone from her office					
11	would like to speak to you offline about that					
12	experience that you keep going through. And we're					
13	big fans of project renewal. We fund them, the					
14	council, the mayor's office, we We think you do					
15	great work for veterans, particularly homeless					
16	veterans and we want to help you and support you in					
17	doing just that. So we'll We'll be happy to					
18	follow-up with you. Sir?					
19	MIGUEL DAVIS: Yes. My name is Miguel					
20	Davis. I was a seal and I am a USA Force veteran,					
21	Vietnam.					
22	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Happy Birthday.					
23	MIGUEL DAVIS: Yes sir, thank you. This					
24	is why I I didn't even know it until this morning.					

Thanks. I... I'm here thanks to an email I got from

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my coordinator doing gathers from the Bronx veteran treatment court where I'm a mentor. On reading the email I immidiately thought the one thing that I would like to help contribute in coming... I wasn't really prepared to speak but after coming and ask whether or not I would I thought I should is to help identify blinded vets in the system. And it's a... We seldom think about veterans being blinded for all kinds of reasons TBI for example. I just came back from Louville, Kentucky. We did the 70th Blinded Vets Association Convention. Gotcha, thank you. Just got back from Louiville Blinded Vet Convention, my first. And I was blown away, impressed with the work and particularly that the guard so to speak is being changed. Many of the organization now is being mostly composed of older guys now like myself, Vietnam vets and the young guys coming back. And again the question has always been what is happening for the blinded vets. How are we getting ourselves out into the community, how are we being known, recognized, those kinds of things. So for me it... It... It's just a... An example I have... I'm legally blinded vet. And for a long time I appreciate much of what I've heard today about

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how it is that sometimes we don't identify, selfidentify for all kinds of reasons. The way I became blind was not something I wanted to talk about being an MSD survivor. I wasn't a veteran for a very very long time. I was a homeless vet in New York City working with money in my pocket you know. But I was one of those vets who was not a vet who was not ever going to go into a VA hospital for no reason. But things changed thanks to a community of friends and relations and people who helped me to sort of understand that I didn't know that I didn't know that I didn't know you know what was happening for me. So I am a person in recovery for over 30 years. So I am very privileged to be part of the Bronx veteran mentor program. And the way that it came about and the fact that it was honoring veteran services was again something that blew me away, it's like oh my god. Is that really possible. And so being able to see that and help be a part of that is something that I cannot tell you enough with words how special that has been for me in my own life you know. So the only big piece that i wish to bring forward is that there is a blinded vet population that needs to be looked at, heard

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from, and be made part of this entire process going forward. And this is pretty much all I wanted to say. Thank you all.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you so much.

First of all thank you for your... For your service to our country and to all our veterans thank you. And for your inspiring story. We love to hear from veterans and their family members like yourself who have been through the system so to speak and have their own experiences and hopefully that will shed some light on how we can improve, what we do on our end to make it easier for veterans who have to go through the same experiences that you have expierenced. I... I wonder and I'd... I'd like to follow-up and I know that the... The commissioner probably will as well what accomodations we make for veterans and people with disabilities who go through the system. That's probably an area focus for the task force. But it's something particularly with veterans, so many of whom are vietnam era veterans who suffer from so many health side effects related to not only PTSD issues but agent orange quite frankly and what accomodations we make for them in a criminal justice system. Are their

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any special considerations that are made for them? That's something that I think we should probably follow-up on and talk about because that's... That's something that's really important and probably something that we forget quite frankly or that we're not always mindful of. So thank you for that. And hearing your story I have to tell you... I mean there's so many wonderful mentors. And I want to commend you and all of the volunteers throughout the city who volunteer their time, don't get paid a nickle or a dime, to mentor veterans who are part of the veterans treatment courts. Without them the courts would not exist. And we have a judge, we have a DA, we have you know defendants and people who represent veterans who are involved with the criminal justice system but without the mentors that rate of recidivism would not be as... You know would not be as... As low as it is. And we... We need you and we thank you and we encourage always other people to volunteer because it's a wonderful program. We want to see it in all five boroughs. I think that's something that we all heard today come out of this hearing. And Kristin to your point as soon as that court is open you know you can rest

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assured I'll be on the phone with the DA and the judges in richmond county and in... And in New York county we're going to follow-up. I... I honeslty don't know what the timeline is for what Cy Vance wants to do but that's something that I'll get an answer and I know the commissioner'll get an answer as well. But these hearings I think sometimes people think that it's an opportunity for the council and the administration to sort of state their position and... And... And we move on from there. It really isn't... It really is a chance to hear from the people in the trenches who are work... Who are veterans, who are working with veterans and telling us hey this works or this doesn't work and here's why. And it is not a waste of your time. It is not a waste of my time. What you say at these hearings we take note, we listen, and we try to act within the law when we're able to. There are some instances where our hands are tied by state law for instance or... Or federal regulations or the VA, it doesn't allow us to do certain things or sometimes it's even counterproductive and that's something that we don't want to do. We don't want to... In our quest to help veterans have them disqualified from

getting 100 percent disability and then not having a way to pay for getting mental health counselling, or treatment, or medication or whatever it is that they need. So we have to be mindful of that too.

But like I always say we can do more and we can always do better. The council, the administration...

And we want to hear that from you. You know we... We do not want anything sugarcoated. We always want people to be as honest and respectful but as honest and frank as possible so that what we need to do we will do better. And if you leave with just that today I hope that it was worth your time. That's basically all I wanted to say. But Council Member Cabrera had some questions.

much Mr. Chair. Thank you for the panelist for being here. I want to ask you a specific, a couple of specific questions. What... You know I have a philosophy, a couple philosophy that says you can't make good decisions with bad information and number two what you don't know can actually hurt you. So what is it that we don't know? What kind of data do we need that you will see beneficial coming out...

Potentially out of this taskforce to study veterans

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in the criminal justice system? What are we missing? So for example do we have the rate of recidivsm for veterans entering the judicial court system. What kind of data do we need nowdays in order to make better decisions right here in the council, for the administration, for the non-profit organizations?

KRISTEN ROUSE: Councilman what we're

looking for is... I mean there's like... You know we could talk about the Donoald Rumsfeld you know the known knowns, the known unknown, the unknown... You know that's... So there's... I mean I'm... I am not an expert. I... I may not know you know as much as the folks sitting on this panel right now. But when we... When we have another hearing perhaps in the future to discuss the report that comes out I... My hope as an advocate is that we're not talking about that it was you know outsourced to a group of consultants that... That was not taked with a scope of work that really got them to dig in deep into the community and... And consulting with the experts... The people who are, as you mentioned, in the trenches doing the work and getting at the nuance and the surprises and the... You know the surprising

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information. I... The... You know what's... What's laid out in... In... In the bill, in the introuction is... Is... Is very comprehensive as a start. And you know but we're hoping to... You know to see the report really dig into the weeds of like what... What are the things that we don't know right now going into it I...

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: But what are those variables? What are... What are those areas that you feel that we're lacking now in terms of information or data?

is... is... the... the... the look over time for also like our... you know the recidivism rate. And then also like how... how are these veterans doing after... upon their return. Are they reintegrating because veteran reintigration is a big issue right now for troops returning home, for you know even older generations of veterans who never reitigrated back home and are still struggling and that's why they've... they build habits as homeless folks or panhandlers and it's tough to get them to... to get on a different track right. And so you know the... it's a reintigration issue. And so reintigration at

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2	following incarceration major issue for at least			
3	for you know in terms of an advocate's point of			
4	you. It's you know it's we talked. I don't know			
5	I don't know if that helps to answer your question.			
6	[cross-talk]			
7	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA:very much			
8	Anybody else would like to			
9	CAMERON MEASE: [off mic] Yeah there's			
10	a… there's a Queens stakeholders meeting…			
11	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Push push the			
12	button if you can sir. I'm sorry.			
13	CAMERON MEASE: There's a Queens			
14	stakeholder meeting in two weeks. and it's every			
15	five or six months about veterans alternative to			
16	incarceration meeting a court. Now there may be			
17	other stakeholder… [cross-talk]			
18	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Is that the meeting			
19	with Judge Hersh [sp?]			
20	CAMERON MEASE: Yes.			
21	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Yes. That's			
22	CAMERON MEASE: That's the one. And they			
23	may have that data. I've gone to the for the past			
24	three years I've gone to almost all of them. They			
25	may have those meetings in other boroughs but I've			

2	never heard of them. But they seem to be the most					
3	connected ones. They may have that data. I don't					
4	know. That's all I know about what you might be					
5	looking for.					
6	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Okay.					
7	CAMERON MEASE: Okay.					
8	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: May maybe in the					
9	Bronx Council MEmber Cabrera we could put you in					
10	touch with the the judge and the veterans					
11	treatment court.					
12	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That would be					
13	great.					
14	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: We could see if we					
15	can get some information [cross-talk]					
	can get some information [cross-tark]					
16	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be					
16 17						
	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be					
17	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be awesome.					
17 18	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be awesome. CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I don't know if					
17 18 19	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be awesome. CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I don't know if they have I'm sure they do but I I don't know					
17 18 19 20	COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That'd be awesome. CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I don't know if they have I'm sure they do but I I don't know when or or how often they have a stakeholders					

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do so...

COUNCIL	MEMBER	CABRERA:	Beautiful.	Yes

sir?

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question it... I've been an advocate now for a long time and I realize that there are veterans that don't come to the VA. And so I've become an advocate for those who are not there. Those numbers are huge for all kinds of reasons. So it's a kind of need for having insurance against not having the right kind of insurance you know when you're dealing with people like myself who at one time...

I'm... I'm living with difficult you know histories but I'm not coming because I didn't trust the system. Those numbers are huge. How do you get to that? It's only I think by one cased by case basis.

When I'm able to talk to family members and/or friends who know me that in that way I've seen positions soften by veterans and their families about being able to allow themself to trust and come in you know and maybe get the kind of help that they either had bad experiences with. Not to mention just the systems or other agencies around. Employment is a big thing of course. For example I got my Section 8 as a result of my homelessness

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some decades now. I'm still dealing with home ... housing issues because of landlords, changes of landlords who want you out because they want you out. They take you to court. You know things get fixed. As far as the actual payment I went to human resource. I... and still every month I get a bill saying I owe tens of thousands of dollars because this particular landlord lawyer insist that even though the judge did not order it he wants to get lawyer's fees, tens of thousands of dollars. And I've asked him nicely again and again and again I don't owe you a nickle. I don't like getting a billed every month. It upsets me that it says I owe you 10,000 dollars when you've gotten that money from... paid for. So it is those kinds of ... and it's not just only happening to me. The problem though is that even if I go to the VA they say well you gotten your Section 8 through the... program. You no longer sort of qualify to get any kind of further help from the VA who is responsible to helping me get my Section 8 with this piece of nuisance that is over my head constantly. Because I'm a vietnam vet and the time... I'm outside of the time that the VA can legally help me. Though the initially I was

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in a certain period of time five or six or 10 years... that... time has come and gone. So you are no longer in sort of the system to be helped, yeah. You're not homeless so I guess I would have to become homeless you know in order to get these people to clean up my... you know clean up their act ... So there... there's things like this. The other thing of course is blinded vets. there's all kinds of blindness you know or ways people are... I'm dealing with not only not having vision in one eye completely but your other eye comes and goes and it has its own life. There's a thing called cyrcathiam rhythm between 2:00 in the morning and 7:00 at night. You know I'm... I'm up you know with... you know because of these kinds of things. I'm not unique in this you know. But how do we become... how do we begin to be a part of that conversation that's going to give us the data that's going to give us the health, that's going to give us the confidence to believe and trust that we can live and... and own our lives you know on a different basis today then. Because everything is seemingly trying to tempt you, to... to be off you know.

But for me I think it's... it's... in a nutshell it...

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it's... it's... I... I think one of the things that we can do here is to get more collaboration for example with the Blind Veterans Association. I think it's a changing organization. They've been around forever. And so that's one of the goals I have to help facilitate that conversation as a direct ambassidor using my own life example going forward.

have one last question Mr. Chairman. And this is addressed to the Brooklyn Defender Services

Testimony, Mr. Mease. At the very... you had pretty extensive written testimony. I really appreciate the work that you put into this. But you mention something real interesting here. You... you stated we should also visit the restricted housing unit punitive segregation sales for people, mental illness, a form of solitary confinement at Rikers.

Can you explain a little bit more as to why... I've been to Rikers a couple of times... committee which directly deals with our prison system. Can you share as to exactly why you're recommending we do that.

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CAMERON MEASE: Honestly it sounds like

it's not necessary at all for you. I think our

policy team is always trying to think of creative

ways that we can engage people that don't have as

much of an understanding or appreciation. But...

7 [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: But let... let me take this back. I... let me qualify what I... I... I haven't been to the restrictive housing units section as I recall. Can you share why? I mean we... we been to quite a bit places but I don't recall going there. Why in particularly there?

CAMERON MEASE: And so I... I... at risk of repetition so that I think is... is a piece that... that my policy team has been trying to come up with. Just anything that... trips to Rikers are great for people who haven't been. And then you know even if you have the sections on Rikers that kind of might evoke a bit more emotion or about what the... the human condition is there we're always trying to... to push for that for... for greater appreciation... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Is there anything in particular you're concerned about that

we should... that should be a flag for us to... so when we visit you know we go with a certain level of consciousness awareness?

CAMERON MEASE: Sure I'm... I mean I think we're just always trying to... you know solitary confinement is something that we're just constantly trying to fight at Brooklyn Defender Services. So you know again as I...

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Gotcha.

CAMERON MEASE: ...said. Any... any greater appreciation of... of how terrible that can be I think is helpful for... especially amongst yourselves who are making policy.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you.

CAMERON MEASE: And then just... [cross-

talk]

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COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Sure.

CAMERON MEASE: ...one... just to answer your previous question and to... to dovetail on his words just a bit at risk of repetition but I'll keep it brief I think that amongst my clients one of the biggest things I'm doing is connecting them with services that they didn't even know they were eligible for. And again there's a lot of reasons

why you know maybe a veteran got stop lost. They went over for an extra tour and they came back and they're angry at that... you know the country or... or the service or they just are... are... didn't know they got certain services or were eligible for them. And then they can help so much for the... for the case but then... they can also might have prevented the... the veteran from getting into that legal situation in the first place. So figuring out how many veterans are at... that are not connected with services of course would be a great step towards getting them those services.

COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Beautiful. Thank you so much. Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you Council

Member Cabrera. Thank you again all of you for your

testimony. Lots of interesting information,

questions. But we're going to move on to the final

panel so that we can wrap up today's hearing. We

have Charlotte Heyrman... did I pronounce that

correctly? Charlotte? Is she here still? Okay. Joe

Bello. And I believe this is Fay Radding Mascioli,

is that correct? There we go. My Italian is better

than my English so... from the Soldiers Project. And

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that that is those are the only three that have
signed up for testimony so that will be this will
be our last panel. I will ask Eric Bernstein to
administer the oath and then we will have four
minutes on the clock for each speaker. Thank you.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Hello.

COMMITTEE CLERK BERNSTEIN: Raise your right hand please.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Oh sorry.

COMMITTEE CLERK BERNSTEIN: Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

 $\label{eq:Charlet} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: We can start with} $$ \mbox{Charlotte and then we'll... Thank you.}$

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Good afternoon

Council Member Ulrich, members of the committee,
and members of the Committee on Veterans. My name
is Charlotte Heyrman and I'm the intake advocate at
the Veterans Advocacy Project at the Urban Justice
Center that provides free legal services for low
income veterans with a focus on those living with

PTS, substance abuse issues, and traumatic brain

2	injury. I am testifying in place of Coco Culhane,
3	Director of the Veteran Advocacy Project. Thank you
4	for the opportunity to speak today. I would like to
5	express my support for bill 793 calling for the
6	creation of a task force to study veterans
7	interactions with the criminal justice system.
8	Every day at the veteran advocacy project we see
9	the negative impacts of the criminal justice system
10	on the lives of our clients. And we look forward to
11	the recommendations the task force will present
12	towards lessening these effects. That being said
13	there is much more that can be done for veterans to
14	prevent their initial involvement in the criminal
15	justice system by connecting veterans with the
16	benefits they are uniquely entitled to including
17	access to discharge upgrades. Far too many veterans
18	never see the program programs that Commissioner
19	Sutton spoke earlier about this afternoon. And many
20	are not eligible. In my work with the Veteran
21	Advocacy Project I witten witness the threat of
22	the criminal justice system in the lives of my
23	clients every day especially when they are unable
24	to access the benefits they need. In a meeting last
25	week a veteran awaiting a HUD vash voucher showed

2	me photos of the room and three quarters house he
3	shares with two others. The images on his small
4	phone screen show three beds squeezed into a narrow
5	room. Socks hung on a makeshift clothesline, a
6	bookshelf sagging and bending under the weight of
7	belongings and a television perched on the edge of
8	a dresser. My client pointed out his bunk, the
9	lower one. Around it hung sheets tucked under his
10	bunk mate's mattress and a microwave in the corner.
11	Why are those hung up, I asked him. Because of my
12	roommate he said. He yells and tries to pick fights
13	with me at night and I worry that what I could do
14	to him if I let it get to me. He had tried to build
15	a wall. At the city we should not be in this
16	situation. We should not relegate our city's
17	veterans to conditions that some where someone has
18	to build a wall to protect themselves from an
19	outburst of annoyance, frustration, or anger that
20	could lead to their entrance into the criminal
21	justice system. Through a more proactive counseling
22	efforts, better housing initiatives and timely
23	benefits this scene can be avoided. I cannot count
24	how many times I have sat across the table from
25	someone who served in the armed forces and have

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been asked is my service not enough. It could be a veteran with a less than fully honorable discharge due to substance use or a mental health diagnose or a peace time veteran of the national guard. By failing to recognize the services of all veterans despite service era, discharge status, or period of service we are culpable in the answer to this question. This task force has the great opportunity to study the consequences of these rejections and the role they play in making a veteran more likely to make mistakes that may involve them ultimately in the criminal justice system. Every week thick letters arrive in my mailbox from prisons upstate from Fort Leavenworth and from Rikers. Almost all of them ask what services are available to formerly incarcerated veterans when they return to the city. This task force has the ability to answer this question by identifying the existing resources in New York, programs that could assist incarcerated veterans to return, reenter, and succeed in our city as well as supporting their families while they are incarcerated. we must acknowledge that the impact of the criminal justice system does not end the day a veteran boards the bus departing from

Marcy, Bedford Hills, or Collins Correctional

Facility. We applaud the potential this initiative

presents and encourage the task force to study what

keeps veterans out of the criminal justice system

completely and programs that assist formerly

incarcerated, the formerly incarcerated rejoin and

rebuild their lives in this great city. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you. I have a few questions but again I'll wait 'till the end and then we'll...

FAY RADDING MASCIOLI: Hi city council.

So such an honor to be here. I'm Fay Raddy Mascioli the Chapter Director of the New York City Chapter of the Soldiers Project which is a national organization that provides free confidential unlimited psychological services for post 9-11 veterans and any of their loved ones through a network of volunteer psychotherapists. And I'm really here in support of the bill 793. The soldier's project therapist see any veteran regardless of discharge status. And we have... we were formed to be a safety net for these types of veterans but we certainly serve anyone who would like to be seen outside the VA system. And I'm... I'm

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really here to be in support of keeping veterans out of the criminal justice system whenever possible. So I just wanted to be here in support of that and thank you for your time.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you. Thank you very much. Joe Bello. Last word.

JOE BELLO: Yes. Thank you. Councilman Ulrich, members of the Veterans Committee thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak. I come before you to voice... to also voice my support for Intro 793, the creation of a veterans legal task force. As was stated back in May there are thousands of veterans who get tangled up in the justice system in New York City and unfortunately there is a disparity to how veterans are treated based upon what borough they live in or what they happen to be arrested for. This bill would require the city to convene agency officials as well as the veterans community to study why veterans enter the criminal justice system and to recommend ways to limit their interactions with it. We'd also examine how the courts are operating and what each one is doing differently which would help to streamline what each does within their respective veterans

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treatment courts. As Chairman Ulrich stated in May certain claims are able to be heard in the Bronx but can't be heard in Brooklyn. Certain services are not available. If you get pulled over in Queens you're going to go to veterans treatment court in Queens but if you commit the same crime in Manhattan you're going to go through the same system as everybody else and you're not going to get the services that are tailored to help veterans. This is our current problem. And we all saw this play out last February with the death of Jerome Murdough, a Marine Corps veteran who was found dead inside his cell at Rikers Island eight days after he was arrested for trespassing in the stairwell of a city housing project to escape the cold. Had Manhattan had a veterans court this tragedy could have been averted. Therefore I am once again voicing my support for Intro 793. I look forward to seeing the work on this task force being created and its results. Thank you once again Councilman Ulrich, the committee, and Councilman Lancman and his committee for their leadership.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Thank you Joe. And thank you to the three of you. I have two quick

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questions and then she's dying to bang the gavel so we got to... we have just got to get this thing wrapped up. But anyway getting back to your point with the... the work of the Urban Justice Center. They do great work. There's no taking away from that. And we... we certainly want to leverage the existing benefits and services that are available some of which a lot of people don't know about right? I mean that's one of the problems. Maybe that's something that you would like to work on with MOVA though. Because MOVA is a place where they sort of concentrate a lot of the services and programs that are available for veterans. And if you're getting these letters from people who are leaving prison or jail soon and going on probation or being released maybe there's something that through the Mayor's task force they can put together, package of information with phone numbers and resources and... and do it in conjunction with your organization as I'm sure they're not opposed to that. I'm not speaking for them but... If there's so many programs and services that are available we need to connect them with veterans. We shouldn't be doing it three or four different ways. We should

find the best way to do it and then do it together you know. So that's part of the problem. But the question I had for you was regarding the discharge upgrades. This is something I'm very much interested in. I'm... I'm curious to find out how you think capturing either data or information from people who are involved with the criminal justice system could potentially lead to helping people with their discharge situations and... and... How do you think that would happen? How could it happen potentially? Other than people just going directly to you I'm saying.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Yes. So I think that we more often see the consequence of a... a less than fully honorable discharge appearing as an engagement with the criminal justice system because someone isn't able to access the mental health treatment that they need, perhaps housing stipend, all the things that are available to veterans with fully honorable discharges and... and general discharges. But down the line our office already does receive referrals sometimes from the Brooklyn Defender Services as well as other public... [crosstalk]

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 88
2	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: You get the
3	[cross-talk]
4	CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN:groups [cross-
5	talk]
6	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: You get referrals
7	from the veteran treatment courts? Do you attend
8	the stakeholders meetings that they hold? I mean
9	like that that's probably a great place to go to
10	get access to those people who need that type of
11	help.
12	CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Yes we do.
13	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Yeah.

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CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: And we also... But... but down the line sort of beginning the process of... of an application for the... a discharge upgrade or a request of documents and the beginning of the construction of a case even as someone's beginning to reenter society can not only provide sort of hope for the future that... that... this sort of progress is possible but also recognize and provide support for... that someone is engaging in their rehabilitation actively.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I... I've been to the veterans treatment court in Queens. Judge Hersh

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runs a phenomenal program. I think everybody agrees
with that. It really is a robust holistic approach
to reform and rehabilitation that It's a program
they have to graduate from. And when they graduate
they get a certificate. It really is a great
program but I I know that if there were Yes
honey? Okay one second. I know that if part of that
process the judge was able to assign Urban Justice
Center, NYLAG, whomever to work on discharge
upgrade I know that that takes a very long time but
if that's part of the the process or the program
that would be a big help because when they do
become eligible for VA benefits that will open up
many more doors for treatment and and services
that they're not currently getting. But so that we
can so that we can prevent them from going back
into that courtroom unless they're going back to
mentor, to become a mentor. [cross-talk]
CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: Definitely. [cross-
talk] But it's also anticipating someone before
they enter

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Right.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: ...the criminal

25 justice system...

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS

2	CHAIRPERSON	III.RTCH:	Ωh	Т	agree
4	CHAIRPERSON	ODVTCU.	OII		agree.

3 CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: ...right?

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: I agree, yeah.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: So... so if you can...

you can prevent the initial application as well as

if someone is eligible for benefits and then does

engage with the criminal justice system... [cross-

9 talk]

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CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: No doubt about it.

CHARLOTTE HEYRMAN: ...then their family is able to... would be able to receive those if they were educated about the... these... the processes.

have a dishonorable discharge or anything less than honorable they... they likely will be termed as hidden clients. So really you don't see from them until they're already sliding into something and then they've presented themselves some place for services. And on the flip side what was discussed and I appreciate it was the fact that back in the day I used to go with that Daniels [sp?] in the incarcerated veteran consortium. So we used to go into Rikers. And that was one of the biggest problems we had doing resources that none of them

would ever present themselves. And basically that's

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need is.

what the corrections officers used to tell us was that they were very fearful that they would lose any benefits that they had particularly if those benefits were the only things being used to support family members or their children or things like that. So you know it... it does present some unique challenges to try to gauge all that together.

That's why I look... I think the test will also be

good to collect that kind of data to see where the

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: The... the task force that is a... that's precisely one of the goals of the task force and... and why we think it's important to have a veterans only task force is so that we can focus on these very specific issues that don't affect other people who... who have mental health issues or substance abuse issues that are engaged in the criminal justice system. If... in... in the absence of a task force if for whatever reason we're not able to establish one I would hope that the city or one of our partners on the community side would look to do a study, a very comprehensive study and collect a lot of the data that is

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publicly available to look at some of these issues and then report back to us. And nothing prevents the Urban Justice Center and NYLAG or anybody else from going out and doing that study right now even though we don't have a task force. So if these issues are... are that important, and they really are important, and the city you know is debating what is the best way to go about trying to you know solve some of these issues the government is not going to solve all the problems. I always look to the private sector and to our partners in the non for profit sector who are able to help us get this information. I think a task force is a great idea. I think it's the best way. But if you have a better way and you want to do it on your own I'm all for that too.

JOE BELLO: Well I... I would add in just as a... as a... to quickly finish here. But I would add in that what we're seeing from the advocacy side of the house is there's a lot of veterans now beginning to access housing and family court. And so there's going to be a need somewhere down the road for somebody to take a look at that as well.

CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Part of the other

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problem too is Council Member Vallone and... and Lancman allude to quite often is that the court system in New York City is somewhat segregated even though it's part of the unified court system. Queens does their own thing. Brooklyn does their own thing. You know Kings County, Bronx County, Manhattan County. There is no really New York City court system other than the family... you know the family court and the... the criminal courts the judges are appointed by the mayor. But even that... after that they sort of like reporting to their administrative judge in their respective county. They... they used to operate in that way because across the state that's how they... that's how they operate, on a county by county basis. But New York is technically five counties and one city and we don't all do things the same way. That's part of the problem. So I think there's a lot of good stuff that came out of today's hearing. And I want to thank you for testifying. And again it's not a waste of your time, it's not a waste of my time. We hope to get very good ideas, improve legislation, get ideas for new legislation, work with the

1	COMMITTEE ON VETERANS 94
2	administration to deliver the services and programs
3	that already exist for veterans, and also come up
4	with new ones that we think can be beneficial. So I
5	appreciate you being here today to all the
6	advocates, to the administration as always thank
7	you for staying for the duration of the hearing.
8	And now we are going to gavel out the hearing. Are
9	you ready? You going to hit it? Go ahead.
LO	[gavel]
11	CHAIRPERSON ULRICH: Good job. The
12	hearing is adjourned. Good job. Thank you.
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date ____September 25, 2015_____