CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

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HELD AT: 250 Broadway- Committee Rm, 14<sup>th</sup> Fl.

B E F O R E:

JULISSA FERRERAS Chairperson

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[gavel]

3 CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Good afternoon 4 and welcome to today's hearing on the Committee on 5 Finance. I am Council Member Julissa Ferreras and I 6 chair this committee. We've been joined by Council 7 Member Cornegy and Council Member Margaret Chin who 8 is the chair of the Committee on Aging. The rest of the members will be joining us throughout this time. We have several hearings happening at the 10 11 same time, some across the street at City Hall. 12 Today the Committee on Finance will conduct an 13 oversight hearing on the Department of Finance's 14 outreach efforts to senior citizens regarding the 15 senior citizen rent increase exemption program commonly known as SCRIE. The committee will also 16 17 consider Intro 555 which would require the 18 Department of Finance to designate a SCRIE ombuds 19 person to coordinate and oversee the department's 20 response to public inquiries about SCRIE, submit an 21 annual report to the council detailing the number 2.2 and nature of those inquiries, publish the ombuds 23 person's contact information as well as dedicated 24 SCRIE email addresses on the department's website 25 and all written SCRIE materials and include the

2	SCRIE eligibility criteria on all written
3	communications to enroll tenants and applicants.
4	I'd like to begin with a brief overview of the
5	recent legislative change to the SCRIE program.
6	Prior to the seer and in order to be eligible for
7	SCRIE benefits a senior citizen has to have a
8	household income of less than 29 thousand dollars.
9	In March of 2014 the state passed a law authorizing
10	the city to increase the income threshold to 50
11	thousand per household. On May 14 <sup>th</sup> , 2014 the city
12	council passed a local law authorizing this
13	increase. Unfortunately because of the language in
14	the state law the income threshold is set to revert
15	back to 29 thousand maximum on March 31 <sup>st</sup> , 2016
16	unless the state asks to keep it at 50 thousand.
17	Since the Department of Finance took over the
18	administration of SCRIE program for the Department
19	of Aging in 2009 this committee has been asking DOF
20	to provide it with an estimate of the number of
21	households in the city that are eligible for SCRIE.
22	Most recently this past May at a joint hearing of
23	the Finance and Aging Committees the committees
24	stressed the importance of this data in light of
25	the potential of the income threshold increase to

2	capture a new population for, of eligible seniors.
3	Finally last week DOF issued a comprehensive report
4	detailing the number of estimated, estimated
5	eligible SCRIE households across the city. The
6	report also outlined DOF's targeted outreach
7	program and targeted outreach plan to reach as many
8	of the unenrolled seniors as possible. The findings
9	of the report highlight the necessity of DOF's new
10	outreach initiative. By the DOF estimate only 43
11	percent of eligible SCRIE population is already
12	enrolled in the program. This mean that there are
13	potentially more than 69 thousand seniors who are
14	eligible for the program but who are not taking
15	advantage of its benefits. This must be addressed
16	swiftly. Therefore with respect to the oversight
17	portion of the hearing the committee looks forward
18	to learning more details from DOF about its new
19	outreach initiatives as detailed in the report. I'd
20	like to also mention to my colleagues that DOF's
21	report breaks down the unenrolled SCRIE population
22	by neighborhood. Within the next few weeks I will
23	be holding a round table discussion with Council
24	Members discussing the top 10 neighborhoods with
25	the highest number of estimated unenrolled seniors

2	to strategize on steps we can take to sign people
3	up and get those numbers down. So those council
4	members should stay tuned for more details on that
5	meeting. For Intro 555 the committee looks forward
6	to hearing from DOF about how to current, how it
7	currently handles inquiries from the public and
8	ensures a positive customer service experience. DOF
9	receives inquiries from the public in three ways;
10	via email, at its walk in center, and from service
11	request generated by telephone calls placed in 3-1-
12	1. DOF does not have a dedicated telephone line
13	within DOF or staffed by a DOF employee to receive
14	inquiries. All callers are directed to call 3-1-1
15	and when 3-1-1 can't answer the question it's open,
16	it opens a service request and refers the call to
17	DOF to respond. The public make tens of thousands
18	of inquiries about SCRIE program each year. Between
19	July and November 2014 alone 3-11 received 35,559
20	phone calls asking questions or making complaints
21	about SCRIE. Of those 37, 3,754 calls were referred
22	to DOF for a response. The annual report that DOF
23	would have, would have to provide to the council
24	detailing the number and nature of public inquiries
25	received while, will be an important tool for DOF

2	to use to evaluate and improve its administration
3	of the SCRIE program. The report will assist the
4	ombuds person and the council in identifying any
5	trending issues or problems with the programs
6	administration and developing targeted
7	recommendations for its improvement. Before we
8	begin today's hearing I'd like to thank the staff
9	the Finance Division for all their hard work
10	preparing for this hearing specifically Chief
11	Counsel Tanisha Edwards, Assistant Counsel Rebecca
12	Chassen [sic], Principal Legislative Finance,
13	Financial Analyst Emra Eddive [sic], and
14	Legislative Financial Analyst Sara Gastolom [sic].
15	I also want to take a brief moment to acknowledge
16	the report. Thank you. I know that it was a
17	conversation of something that we ask DOF you
18	partnered with us in every recommendation that you
19	made is, it is evidence in this report. I, we
20	really appreciate the quality of information and
21	you really helped us have a better look and
22	hopefully we will continue to work together to
23	strengthen whatever it is that you know, whatever
24	it is that we can do from the council's
25	nerenective And I also want to thank you for I

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2	know you're going to have a finance hearing, a
3	meeting after this hearing to talk about your
4	outreach plan with the finance team so I appreciate
5	that from this perspective. Thank you to, also to
6	the administration for being here and after we
7	swear you in you may begin your testimony. Thank
8	you. And we've been joined by Council Member
9	Levine.

UNKNOWN FEMALE: Do you affirm that your testimony will be truthful to the best of your knowledge, information, and belief? Thank you.

Chairwoman Ferreras and members of the Committee on Finance. I am Jeffrey Shear Deputy Commissioner for Treasury and Payment Operations for the Department of Finance. I am joined by Samara Karasyk Assistant Commissioner for External Affairs and Sarah Meyers Assistant Commissioner of Tax and Parking Program Operations. Thank you for the opportunity to testify before you today regarding Introduction number 555 and the administration of the New York City Rent Freeze Program, also known as the Senior Citizen's Rent Increase Exemption or SCRIE and the Disability Rent Increase Exemption or DRIE. Before

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE 8
2	we turn our attention to the bill we want to set
3	some context by focusing on the report that the
4	chair just referenced, that the Department of
5	Finance issued just last week. The report analyzes
6	the potential for increasing enrollment for both
7	the senior citizen and the disabled citizen
8	components of the program [cross-talk]
9	CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: I'm sorry, I hate
10	to interrupt you but we seem to have a different
11	copy of your testimony. I just want to make sure
12	that we have Oh this is just your intro to the
13	presentation.
14	JEFFREY SHEAR: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay. Alright. We
16	were trying to follow along here. Okay, thank you.
17	[cross-talk]
18	JEFFREY SHEAR:can give it to [cross-
19	talk]
20	CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: You, you may
21	continue.
22	JEFFREY SHEAR: Yes.
23	CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay. Great thank
24	you.

[laughter]

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JEFFREY SHEAR: So before we turn our attention to the bill and the formal testimony...

JEFFREY SHEAR: We will set some context

by focusing on the report that the chair referenced that DOF issued just last week. The report as the chair indicated indicates the potential for increasing enrollment for both the senior citizen and the disabled citizen components of the program and how we can use demographic information regarding potential enrollees to improve our outreach efforts. Why analyze potential enrollment now? First as far as we could tell the city had not made a recent effort to do so. Second, in May the mayor's housing plan underscored the affordability crisis in this city and the Rent Freeze Program is critical to keeping housing affordable for some of our most vulnerable citizens. Third, also in May the city raised the income limit for participation in these programs from 29 thousand dollars to 50 thousand dollars but we did not know by how much this change would affect program enrollment. Fourth, the Rent Freeze Program for seniors enrollment for the past two years has increased

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significantly after being flagged for several years before that. And these increases appear related to increase outreach efforts. We wanted to see the potential for increasing enrollment with better targeted outreach.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: And fifth, because we asked you to.

JEFFREY SHEAR: And fifth, because you asked us to.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay.

JEFFREY SHEAR: Before going forward we

want to do a quick refresher on program
requirements. The senior citizen and disabled
citizen components of the programs share three
major requirements. Applicants must one live in a
rent regulated apartment, two have a total
household income of 50 thousand dollars or less,
and three spend more than one-third of their total
house, household income for rent. Senior citizen
applicants also must be 62 or older. Disabled
citizen applicants must be at least 18 years old
and receiving one of four types of federal
disability benefits. We also wanted to spend a
minute to explain how the analysis was done to

2	determine how many potential Rent Freeze Program
3	beneficiaries are, are not enrolled. The data were
4	not all in one place so staff had to investigate
5	different data sources and combine the ones that
6	would give us the best projections. This slide
7	lists the data sets that we ended up using and what
8	information we pulled from each one, the most
9	essential being the census bureau's housing vacancy
10	survey, the last one listed. We started our
11	analysis by better understanding the geographical
12	distribution of current enrollees. Here we show
13	enrollment thus far for fiscal year 2015 by borough
14	of residents. Manhattan has the largest number of
15	enrollees followed by Brooklyn, Queens, the Bronx,
16	and Staten Island. We then took the analysis a step
17	further by measuring the concentration of Rent
18	Freeze Program enrollment compared to rental units
19	in each census tract of the city. The map shows
20	higher density of Rent Freeze Program units in
21	Northern Manhattan, the Northwest Bronx, and
22	Southern Brooklyn. It also shows a high degree of
23	variance which is correlated to the presence of
24	rent regulated units in these census tracks. The
25	variance also points to the potential for

increasing enrollment in lower density areas. When
the data sets were combined we projected that more
than 155 thousand households throughout the city
could qualify for the Rent Freeze Program. Most of
these qualify under the senior citizen portion of
the program. One surprising result was that when we
looked at the total eligible population only a
small portion was attributable to the very large
increase in the income limit. Only nine percent
have incomes between 29 thousand and 50 thousand
dollars. Many households that fall into this higher
income group are able to avoid paying more than
one-third of their income on rent when they live in
rent-regulated apartments. When we compare the
total eligible population to enrollees thus far for
fiscal year 2015 we come up with a difference of
more than 94 thousand households. Reaching this
population of 94 thousand potential enrollees is
the challenge we have set for ourselves. I now turn
the presentation over to my colleague Assistant
Commissioner Samara Karasyk who'll review how we
have ramped up our outreach effort in recent years
and how we are using the demographic results of our

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2 analysis to shape a more effective outreach
3 campaign.

SARA KARASYK: Okay so just some quick stats on outreach and where we're going with this based on what we have in the report. So one thing that's clear when you look at this slide is just how much more outreach we've done from one year to the next and also how much more outreach is focused on seniors in particular so you know 26 to 77 this year is, you know we think that's an impressive stat and this is just something that we want to build on going forward. This was accomplished by four outreach members, all of these events which is unbelievable and we're planning on hiring two more. So we're really excited about what we'll be able to do. None the less the utilization rate that Deputy Commissioner Shear just took you though really shows you that we need to approach outreach in a different way. What we're doing is good but we need to build on that and we need to reach people differently than we are. So one of the first things we're doing is rebranding the program as the New York City Rent Freeze Program. We did a bunch of focus groups and this was something that everyone

2	loved and they said it made a lot more sense to
3	them. So even though this is sort of the new name
4	for the program we will continue to use SCRIE and
5	DRIE sort of along with this because that's already
6	branded, people are familiar with it so we're going
7	to try and bring the two of them together. And
8	you'll notice as testimony we talk about it today
9	we will use this terms interchangeably because you
10	know we don't, we don't want to take it away from
11	people that already know of it but for new people
12	we think this is much clearer. And our materials
13	are all going to be translated into six languages.
14	Historically we've done four, we just started doing
15	six maybe six months ago or so. So we'll continue
16	to do that and monitor languages as we talk about
17	in the report. If we need to do more we will do
18	more and of course we're focusing first on those
19	top 10 neighborhoods that we talked about where we
20	see the highest rates of underutilization, the
21	greatest potential for enrollment. And part of
22	that's going to be relying on ethnic media more
23	than we have in the past. And of course we look
24	forward to working with city council you know to
25	see if there's some partners out there that you

guys recommend that we talk to. So you know we talk
about this a lot in the report, our partnership
with city council, other city agencies, other
elected officials, advocacy groups, and community
organizations that are focused on the populations
that we're trying to reach. We're going to need to
reach people where they are so in some cases
especially with older adults you know they may not
be out and about as much as they used to be so
we're going to be trying to get their adult
children and caretakers, make sure they know about
the programs. We'll be doing more training so we're
going to do a train the trainer video which we
mentioned in the report and also we will train in
person as we do now but you know we can't get
everybody with a team of four to six outreach folks
so we think the video will go a long way in helping
people as well or you know brushing up on their
skills if they need to go back and review it. We're
looking to do mailings that will time with phone
calls to about 140 thousand households that we're
still trying to sort of finish up with that data,
we'll be working with the mayor's office. And also
we're looking to do legislation this spring in

2	Albany to emphasize the SCRIE and DRIE information
3	and leases more visibly than it is now. So here's a
4	snapshot of some of our outreach materials. I have
5	some hard copies to leave with you guys today that
6	are, they're not like, you'll see, these are palm
7	cards so they're not like a regular flyer shape,
8	they're sort of shaped a little bit different.
9	They're note, fold the page totally but what
10	you're going to see is this is our new one for
11	seniors and through our focus groups this was the
12	winner. Everybody really, this is what they
13	definitely like and you know some of this too is
14	feedback that we got from city council staff who
15	saw these as we were developing them. And the back
16	side of this flyer we have a Spanish version which
17	will be the default but depending on where we're
18	going and who we're reaching out to the backside
19	will be one of the other six languages so it'll be
20	dual language, all of them. And then we're also
21	coming out with our new guide so I'm sure you're
22	familiar with our comprehensive guide that we
23	already have. But this is newer, we're, you know
24	with our new brand. And also we think it's just
25	clearer, it's laid out more clearly, it's much

2	simpler. So we think that people are going to
3	really like this. And this will also be translated
4	into our six languages. All of this will be
5	available in early 2015. And then we can look at a
6	little bit of the demographics that we've cited in
7	the report. So what you can see here is more than
8	half of the potential SCRIE enrollees are born
9	outside of the United States. This is for the total
10	population of enrollees not, not focused on our top
11	ten neighborhoods but you can still see some of the
12	language needs although it's, you know the way that
13	it's broken down here it doesn't necessarily
14	indicate it but this corresponds with what we're
15	seeing and what we have in the report too which is
16	Spanish is the second language that people need the
17	most, that's what we've seen for requests as well
18	that come through us for language needs. And then
19	you have Russian, Chinese, and some other languages
20	in here. And here are the top 10 neighborhoods that
21	we talked about where we see the highest rates of
22	underutilization so I'm not going to go through
23	them because they're all there but you can see here
24	sort of how many potential enrollees we think are
25	there and we really look forward to partnering with

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you guys on events in these areas. And then taking that same top 10 we've split up here how many are born outside of the United States. So the order is different than the previous slide but the neighborhoods are the same. And so with that we're going to move to the formal testimony about Intro 555 and I'll turn it back to Deputy Commissioner Shear. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: While you get set up I just want to say we've been joined by Council Member Johnson, Rodriguez, and Ignizio.

Department of Finance under Commissioner Jacques
Jiha has made effective administration of the
Senior Citizen Rent Income Exemption or the Rent
Freeze program for seniors the top priority. Having
identified the number of potential enrollees both
city wide and on a neighborhood basis we are
conducting an outreach campaign with the city
council, the Department for the Aging, senior
groups, and other stakeholders to supplement our
existing engagement efforts. We recently finalized
marketing materials for our outreach campaign that
we develop with program stakeholders including city

2	council staff. We believe we can increase the
3	number of SCRIE beneficiaries beyond the increases
4	achieved over the past two years. Our targeted
5	outreach campaign is the latest initiative in our
6	ongoing effort to improve the administration of the
7	program since the department took it over in 2009.
8	Our accomplishments in recent years include
9	automating the application review process to reduce
10	the time to review SCRIE applications from 30 days
11	to approximately 11 days for renewals and 13 days
12	for initial applications. We also established a
13	seven person customer service group that works with
14	3-1-1, responds to letters and emails received
15	directly from the public, handles walk in
16	customers, and performs translation services. The
17	customer service group was designed to leverage the
18	investment the city has made in 3-1-1. As of this
19	past Friday December 12 <sup>th</sup> , 3-1-1 representatives
20	have responded to 61,252 inquiries relating to the
21	Rent Freeze Program this calendar year. The top 3-
22	1-1 Rent Freeze Program inquiries are request for
23	application 16,200, status of an application
24	10,725, assistance for renewal applicants 8,174,
25	and assistance for participants 8.143 As a result

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the vast majority of the 61,252 3-1-1 inquiries received were handled by 3-1-1 representatives and only 7,993 inquiries were referred to the department's customer service group. The customer service group responds to all 3-1-1 customer service request within 48 hours. It also has its own dedicated email which is SCRIE at finance dot NYC dot gov. So far this year through November the customer service group has answered 7,715 email inquiries. The unit also staffs a three person walk in center. As of the end of November we have had 15,821, 827 visitors to our walk in center which is more than double the 6,772 visitors we received in the six month period from July to December in 2013 when we started keeping track of visitors to the center. Finally we have ensured that the customer service group has extensive translation capability. Not only do we have a Spanish speaking representative in the walk in center but also the entire customer service group can assist in another 200 languages through vendor services. As of November 30<sup>th</sup> the unit had handled more than 1,020 requests for interpretation. 13 hundred and 20 through our Spanish speaking staff member and more

2	than 400 through our vendor. Supporting our
3	customer service group is an outreach unit of four
4	people within DOF's external affairs division. The
5	outreach unit staff conducts events informing
6	seniors about the Rent Freeze program and
7	personally works with seniors to enroll them in the
8	program. This year alone the outreach unit has held
9	77 SCRIE related events in 48 different council
10	districts with 30 council member sponsors in every
11	borough of the city. In addition we have held two
12	events that train council staff on the Rent Freeze
13	Programs to help them better assist constituents.
14	Both of these events had dozens of council staff in
15	attendance. Outreach events focused on seniors this
16	year have surpassed last year's engagement by 200
17	percent. The external affairs division is also
18	attentive to the needs of non-English speaking
19	customers. One of our team members is certified as
20	a translator and interpreter in Spanish. For all
21	languages they work with event organizers to
22	understand language needs, bring appropriately
23	translated materials, and recruit staff from the
24	external affairs division or the citywide language
25	bank if an interpreter cannot be found in-house. At

2	these events they also have access to our over the
3	phone interpretation service which provides access
4	to more than 200 additional languages. In addition
5	to outreach and customer service we have refined
6	our comprehensive guide to the Rent Freeze Program
7	based on feedback from the city council. This
8	booklet has everything tenants, landlords, and new
9	applicants need to know about the Rent Freeze
10	Program for seniors. Our new guide will be
11	available in early 2015 in English, Spanish,
12	Russian, Chinese, Bengali, Haitian Creole, and
13	Korean. We will distribute these booklets at all of
14	our outreach events and have them available on our
15	website. We also work closely with elected
16	officials' offices to ensure they have the
17	materials they need to help their constituents and
18	we'll be mailing you these guides as soon as they
19	are printed. Another tool that we provide to
20	council members is a monthly list of Rent Freeze
21	Program tenants in each council manic [sic]
22	district who are at risk of losing their benefits
23	because they have failed to renew. The department
24	is proud of these many accomplishments in improving
25	the Rent Freeze Program. Many of our achievements

are due to the work of Sarah Meyers who is leaving
the agency at the end of this year. We thank her
for her service. As you can see from the many
advances we have made in administering the Rent
Freeze program the department is continually
striving to be as effective and customer friendly
as possible. We therefore support the legislation
before the committee today in concept with some
exceptions to particular provisions. We support the
codification of an ombudsman in the bill to provide
additional assistance and oversight of the Rent
Freeze program for seniors. We currently have a
dedicated staff member who performs many of the
duties of the ombudsman outlined in the bill. Robin
Bermuda is our outreach coordinator for seniors,
works within our outreach unit, and handles
countless Rent Freeze Program inquiries. In her
role as coordinator Ms. Bermuda communicates
regularly with representatives from senior centers,
elected officials offices, and advocacy groups to
ensure they receive the assistance they need and
have the most up to date information regarding the
programs. She meets frequently with the SCRIE unit
directly to discuss issues that constituents and

2	their representatives bring to the attention of the
3	outreach unit. She also has flagged recurring
4	issues that come up in their handling of the many
5	inquiries she receives from many sources. For
6	example based on feedback she has received she
7	recommended changing the letters we send applicants
8	requesting additional documentation. This change
9	lets people know that they can disregard the letter
10	if they have already sent in the request of
11	information. Robin's role established two years ago
12	has enabled us to more effectively administer the
13	program and to increase the impact of our outreach.
14	She has conducted training events to help
15	organizations enroll eligible seniors in the Rent
16	Freeze program. Earlier this year in conjunction
17	with city council staff Ms. Bermuda's organized the
18	training sessions referenced earlier in my
19	testimony. We welcome the codification of our
20	existing practice of having a general emails
21	address for SCRIE inquiries as reflected in Section
22	1-B of the legislation. As mentioned earlier it is
23	SCRIE at finance dot NYC dot gov. We support
24	putting this email address on the website and on
25	all written materials. However more than 61

2	thousand phone inquiries are made each year
3	regarding SCRIE. It is not possible for an
4	ombudsman office to handle all of these calls. 3-1-
5	1 representatives ably respond to 87 percent of the
6	SCRIE inquiries that come in and refer the
7	remainder to our customer service group. This
8	system is working well. Large numbers of people are
9	receiving quick accurate information. This is why
10	we do not report the part of Section 1-B that calls
11	for making public a phone number other than 3-1-1
12	for the Rent Freeze program inquiries. An ombudsman
13	office would not be able to respond to the thin,
14	tens of thousands of calls we receive a year, many
15	of which are routine such as a request for an
16	application. We feel it is important to have
17	multiple channels for Rent Freeze Program inquiries
18	so that we can effectively match the source and
19	complexity of the inquiry with the appropriate DOF
20	staffer. Constituents seeking help may visit us in
21	the Rent Freeze Program walk in office any time
22	during the week, email us directly, call 3-1-1 or
23	attend one of our many outreach events. Our
24	external affairs outreach and intergovernmental
25	staff answers numerous Rent Freeze Program

2	inquiries from elected officials on behalf of their
3	constituents. We support the disclosure of an
4	ombudsman's name, title, and email address on
5	certain types of communications such as denial
6	notices but not on all SCRIE materials. The role of
7	an ombudsman should be to intervene when a denial
8	of benefit is challenged. Singling out one
9	individual for all types of communications is
10	inconsistent with the administration's commitment
11	to respond as quickly and efficiently as possible
12	to SCRIE inquiries. 3-1-1 is a single simple well
13	branded phone number that the public easily
14	recognizes. 3-1-1 representatives are effectively
15	responding to the vast majority of SCRIE inquiries
16	many of which are routine and should not require
17	the intervention of an ombudsman. And they are
18	effectively directing more complex inquiries to the
19	appropriate finance agency staff to handle. Also
20	assuming SCRIE inquiries continue to be received
21	and handled in large part by 3-1-1 the report
22	required by the bill should measure all inquiries
23	regarding SCRIE including those handled by 3-1-1
24	rather than simply the subset received by an
25	ombudsman. An ombudsman's office would be just one

2	of multiple channels through which SCRIE inquiries
3	are received. In addition we would prefer to
4	provide descriptive information regarding the
5	specific activities of the ombudsman rather than
6	numerical data. The department also is concerned
7	with the bill's requirement that all written
8	notifications the SCRIE applicants or beneficiaries
9	include the qualifications for the program. DOF
10	already lists the qualifications at the top of page
11	one in every application and renewal form. We are
12	open to the idea of including qualifications in
13	certain notices and correspondents that feel that
14	including all qualifications in every notice would
15	be confusing to applicants. For example a list of
16	all qualifications on the letter asking an
17	applicant to send a copy of her lease might make
18	the applicant think that there was a problem with
19	the documentation pertaining to her income or her
20	age as well as her lease documentation. However it
21	would add value to include a list of qualification
22	requirements on an approval letter for example to
23	remind a beneficiary that if his status changes
24	during the period of his lease he may no longer
25	receive the benefit. Lastly we have some technical

suggestions on bill language that we can share with
your council outside of this hearing. I would like
to end my testimony by emphasizing that the
Department of Finance under Commissioner Jacques
Jiha is committed to expanding the New York City
Rent Freeze Program to reach as many people as
possible. We look forward to our continued
partnership with the council as we increase our
outreach efforts and sign additional people up for
the program. We will be relying on elected
officials in addition to our many other partners to
help us reach our shared goal of enrolling every
qualified household into the New York City Rent
Freeze Program. At this time my colleagues and I
would be happy to answer all questions you may
have.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Thank you so much for your testimony. I just also would like to acknowledge all of Council Member's Chin's work.

We, we shepherded this legislation through a few months ago to, to be able to see the report and the difference and, and actually get information pretty, with a pretty fast turnover is something that we're really excited that we're able to have

this hearing today. So I know that you made
reference to the number of the, of the sheer volume
of the calls and why it would be challenging with
legislation 555 to be able to incorporate or assign
one person to be responsible for calls and that,
you mentioned the administration's efforts on 3-1-
1. However I'd like to better understand how you
ensure that those operators that are responding to
SCRIE calls at 3-1-1, how do we know that they're
trained, that they're giving the proper
information. I know that you get the subset
referred to you later but how do, how do we ensure
because we want to make sure that everyone is
getting the same information, accurate information.
So what is the process that you have at DOF to
ensure that 301 is properly trained or that they're
giving information. Do you do any quality assurance
calls or, or how do you handle that.

JEFFREY SHEAR: Right. Go ahead.

SAMARA KARASYK: Okay so we have 3-1-1 liaison within external affairs that talks to 3-1-1 like multiple times a day every day. So one thing that we do is if we get a complaint either through a service request or sort of the SCRIE DRIE walk in

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center somebody comes in and complains or at an outreach event whatever it is we look into that. If we can get a phone number 3-1-1 listens to those calls for us. They report back to us about what's going on. If there needs to be retraining we do retraining. We also do train the 3-1-1 staff ourselves so we just held a training last week to go through some of our exemptions programs and property taxes and we try and do that regularly with them to like stay in touch with them and sometimes at those trainings they come up with really good questions to ask us as well. So that's some of the ways that we're interacting with 3-1-1. If we start getting inquiries of a certain kind or people seem confused... also our liaison at 3-1-1 will reach out to us and we will update scripts accordingly too.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: So have you found that through the process and you know I'm sure you're aware of Local Law 47. Local Law 47 in 2005 is for 3-1-1 to issue monthly reports to the city council, the public advocate community boards, and the public on types of calls it receives and categorizes the type of call for example,

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assistance with the SCRIE renewal application,

SCRIE applications. Who at DOF looks at the Local

Law 47 reports to get a better understanding of the

types of inquiries and complaints that are made.

SAMARA KARASYK: Well we have access to the database that they use, Siebel so you know for example in prepping for the hearing today both, both commissioner, commissioner Meyer's team and mine has access to the data and we can sort of slice and dice it however we want to. So you know I have breakdowns of the kinds of inquiries we're getting. Every month we do a snapshot on how long it's taking us to respond to different kinds of inquiries that come to us the service requests themselves. So I, I don't actually look at the 3-1-1 reports they generate for city council but we look at that access ourselves, we look at the data.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay. I want to quickly talk about denials and then I'm going to give an opportunity to my colleagues. We've been joined by Council Members Gibson, Cumbo, and Miller. So at the May 1<sup>st</sup>, 2014 Finance Committee hearing DOF testified that it would send letters to all the people who had been denied SCRIE over the

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past several years for income reasons because of the income threshold. Does DOF track the number of SCRIE applications that are denied and the reason for denial? And in the last two fiscal years how many applications were denied because of the applicant's household income being too high? And if you could just state your name for the record.

SARAH MEYERS: Sure Sarah Meyers. We do have access to all the data of how many applications have been denied. And they're denied for... we have a list of status reasons why they're denied and I don't have the data here exactly but we can certainly run that for you and provide that to you. We have denials for people who apply as initial applicants and then also people who were receiving the program and were, we have a slightly different terminology, we call that revoked from the program, someone who's already receiving it. So we can run that data for you. And to your first point we did do the mailing after we spoke. We mailed to I think about 38 hundred homes of people who had been previously denied their initial application for being over 29 thousand.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: And did you see any increase in, in those, in those households applying?

SARAH MEYER: Sure yeah... [cross-talk] we have, I have the exact data back in my office we can provide you... [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Can you share with the committee please?

SARAH MEYER: Yeah absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Yeah so just so that we know. I mean these are victories that we have together and it's, it's a highlight.

SARAH MEYER: Sure. We have data, we can show you how many people we've enrolled under the new income limit. And we can tie, we can tell you the number that tie back to our mailing and those that came in you know separate from the mailing that we've never touched before.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: And well you know those increases are impressive and good I know that May 2014 DOF testified that there was 53,185 seniors enrolled in SCRIE but as of November 2014 the number is down to 52,171. At least those are the numbers that we have. Can you explain why there

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2 is... You know I would think we raise the bar

3 allowing more people to apply but our numbers are

4 decreasing so what's happening?

SARAH MEYER: It's just, it's actually, it's not quite apples to apples and we can run those numbers again. The numbers that we provided in the report when you, in the PowerPoint and, is also in the report where the active number of SCRIE recipients on that day, not the cumulative number of recipients who had received SCRIE within the fiscal year...

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Mm-hmm.

SARAH MEYER: ...or prior. So when we report, and we can show you, when we report in our tax expenditure report for example the total number of unique tenants that receive SCRIE within a fiscal year it will be cumulatively more than the number that receive SCRIE on a given day.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: So can you just share those...

22 SARAH MEYERS: Yep.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: ...numbers and, and what the discrepancies are with this committee?

SARAH MEYERS: Sure.

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2	CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: And I'm going to
3	have two questions and I'm going to open it up to
4	Council Member Chin followed by Council Member
5	Cornegy. I wanted to just very briefly talk about
6	the languages. And I saw that Spanish is the second
7	largest group to communicate. It is my
8	understanding through your testimony that there is
9	one Spanish speaking person on your customer
10	service team. Is that correct? And if that's the
11	second largest why don't we have other people that
12	speak Spanish?

SAMARA KARASYK: That was actually...

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: And if you could just tell me what other languages are spoken amongst your team that, presently.

SAMARA KARASYK: There are in our customer service team there are two Spanish speakers, one who works in the walk-in center and one who works in the group of three that responds to service requests and emails. And the service requests that are referred to DOF we actually, if there is a tenant making an inquiry we call all the tenants back. So one of those three people who's making the calls is a Spanish speaker. There's no

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other languages spoken other than English from the others. However we employ language line when, when needed. [cross-talk]

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Well I think as you're looking to perhaps, and that goes into my next question, perhaps we need to have a new need request for this next fiscal year. We're engaging, you've done an amazing job at report identifying languages that are needed. We not to have, we should have staff that reflects those languages. I think it's, it's challenging sometimes if you're at a walk-in center then you have to call someone on a phone to translate when we can address this by having more diversity in the, when you hire. I think you should definitely put in a request to OMB to help expand your outreach unit and your customer service unit to conclude more diverse employees that can speak the language one on one as opposed to having to use that language call line.

SAMARA KARASYK: Yeah. No, I mean I think that that's, that's a fair point. One of the stats that we gave in the testimony though that we think is really strong is that the vast majority of the Spanish inquiries are going through that

Bermuda as I believe, is that correct or no?

SAMARA KARASYK: No the, the staff

member in the center is different. Although we do

have an outreach team member...

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Right.

SAMARA KARASYK: ...who also speaks

Spanish. It's not Ms. Bermuda even though her last name is Spanish.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay alright,
just trying to... [cross-talk] Rodriguez. Okay, close
enough. And we're going to have Council Member Chin
followed by Council Member Cornegy.

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COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Thank you Madam

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3 Chair. Thank you to the administration for your testimony. It's really great to see a report. It 4

looked like there is a plan to get more people sign

6 up for this Rent Freeze. And as the mayor said this

is really a strong affordable housing program. So

I'm really glad to see the change and we were just 8

talking, what a difference in, in a year. So how 9

10 many staff do you have in your team because I see

11 seven people customer service and then you have two

12 in outreach? How many total is in, in your unit

13 for, for SCRIE?

> SAMARA KARASYK: So the SCRIE, there's a SCRIE DRIE unit in our exemptions division which reports to Assistant Commissioner Meyers and then there's the external affairs division which reports to me and we have four outreach staff there. We also have our director intergovernmental handles a lot of these inquiries as well. And then the SCRIE DRIE unit entirely is 38 staff with I think a few supervisors. And of those seven are focused entirely on customer service. They staff the walkin center and they also respond to inquiries.

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council MEMBER CHIN: Now when you were, in your testimony you were talking about the, the number of calls that's referred to you. So if someone called 3-1-1 to ask about the status of their application they'll be able to get results just from the 3-1-1 call?

SAMARA KARASYK: That's right. 3-1-1 has access to our database that will show them what's going on with an application.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Oh that's great.

So that's why you... 3-1-1 can take care a lot of these types of inquiry. So what is your coordination with DFTA right now on this program.

regularly and we speak with them regularly. They're working on their own outreach plan for a, a number of sort of their key senior programs including SCRIE. So we are constantly in contact with them. They've looked at all our new materials and given us their feedback, you know the report all of that. They're sort of you know with us lock step doing all these things.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Yeah part of, when you talked about the outreach I think this, this

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whole logo is, is really great because it really catch people when they talk about rent freeze. And so the issue is how do we get that out there. Are there any thinking about doing more public advertising campaign so people can see it on the subway, on the bus stop so to really get more people family members and friends of seniors to inquire.

working with the mayor's office and we're still trying to figure out what kind of budget we have for a sort of traditional advertising but we also think that the greatest impact is going to be seen by working with some ethnic media for example and by sort of targeting these neighborhoods where we can. So we talk a lot about and... report about houses of worship which we think are going to have a big bandwidth especially in some of these communities where people maybe have language access issues or culturally they're a little bit suspicious of things coming directly from government. And you know of course obviously with our partnerships with city council and other folks

we're interested in doing all of it but the focus
in the report is... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Well in, in the media thing I mean what, what are you going to be doing with the ethnic media? I mean how do you gonna [sic] utilize them in terms of you know...

[cross-talk]

SAMARA KARASYK: So...

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: ...free press

11 release...

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SAMARA KARASYK: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: ...interviews.

SAMARA KARASYK: Interviews, you know we also are interested in doing radio spots and TV spots where we can be interviewed and talk about the programs in the languages. You know our commissioner can do Haitian Creole and French. Me and some of the other staff can do Spanish. We have a Chinese speaker, he does mandarin and some Cantonese in my office who often helps us with things. So you know we're doing sort of what we can and you know we sort of welcome... You know I know especially for example some of the Chinese newspapers, my staff member that, that writes

thank you.

Chinese was like they, if you give them a story they'll print it for you like basically. So more and more of that kind of stuff, reaching the community, not just the print media but also radios and, and TV.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: I, I think that,
that will be great. I mean that is a great way and
a lot of time those, those meetings are free. I
mean you send them a story or a press release or
invite them to an outreach event. We did one and it
was covered in the paper. So I think that's great.
But also don't forget the local newspaper. Because
I look at your top 10 list when you talk about
Stuyvesant time you got to like hit the local
newspaper to also get the story out and get the
information out so that more people can apply. And
I think that, that will be very helpful.

JEFFREY SHEAR: That's a good point.

JEFFREY SHEAR: That's a good point

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: And I'm sure that all the council member would really be more than willing to help with the outreach efforts.

3 Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Thank you council member. Council Member Cornegy followed by Council Member Cumbo.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Thank you Madam Chair. Good afternoon administration.

[cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: I'm very pleased that the city is planning to step up its SCRIE DRIE outreach because outreach has been limited thus far. Some neighborhood groups have, have been volunteering to help folks apply for these program in my district and around the city and it's from them that I've heard about tenants who want protection from the SCRIE program but cannot get it because they're paying a preferential rent or are priced at as below what the landlord claims the legal rent is. Can you tell me how DOF deals with applications from tenants paying preferential rents?

SAMARA KARASYK: Hi. The way, preferential rent... so for everyone who is not aware preferential rent is an amount that the tenant pays

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which is below the DHCR, Department of Community
Housing Renewal regulated rent and this is an
agreement that a tenant and a landlord go into. And
there are some scenarios where we honor
preferential rent and there's some scenarios where
we don't honor preferential rent. And scenarios
where we honor preferential rent would be where the
tenant is receiving preferential rent for the
lifetime of the tenancy or they have a writer that
says that their reduced rent is going to be in
effect for the lifetime of the tenant and see. In
scenarios where that writer does not exist we have
no legal authority to freeze the rent anywhere
below the legal rent.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: So if, if

preferential rent tenants cannot lock in their

rents at affordable level they're paying aren't

they, obviously they're extremely vulnerable

especially in communities like mine which are under

the crunch of gentrification. What does DOF know

about the number of New York City tenants paying

for preferential rents? For example how many are

there and what is the range of difference between

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rents?

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COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: And probably

SAMARA KARASYK: We don't have that data. We can certainly... DHCR would maybe have that data. We can certainly reach out to our contacts

the rent that they're paying and the supposed legal

there and try and get some information.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: I would appreciate it I'm sure that the, the committee would appreciate it. And just lastly how is a tenant to know what their legal rent is if it's different from what they're being charged? Where, where do they find that information? I know that you said DHCR for us... [cross-talk]

SAMARA KARASYK: Well both rents, both rents are on their lease. So leases are required to show both rents. It's very clear legal rent and preferential rent are, are on one's lease, the standard leases that are issued.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Well I know that tenants in my district pay attention to the rent that they're paying.

SAMARA KARASYK: Fair.

not the, the legal rent. So maybe we should do some

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outreach to make sure that people are paying attention, closer attention to that.

SAMARA KARASYK: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: ...just concerned you know this, this tough economic time they're concerned with the bottom line which is what they're required to pay.

SAMARA KARASYK: Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: So, so thank you.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: thank you Council Member Cornegy, Council Member Cumbo. We've been joined by Council Member Rosenthal.

terms of when you talk about the, the qualifications for the SCRIE program that the lease holder must be, it must be rent controlled, rent stabilized or Mitchel-Lama or rent regulated hotel unit. But in that because we're seeing so many of these programs particularly Mitchel-Lama in my district is constantly being challenged. If a tenant were in a rent stabilized or rent controlled or Mitchel-Lama even previously but they've been transitioned out and if they were receiving SCRIE

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would they still be eligible for SCRIE or what happens to their benefits when the, the status of the apartment changes or changed previously in the past.

SAMARA KARASYK: Many, I mean it, it's really case by case but I'll say with Mitchel-Lamas often times they are transitioned out into the rent stabilized so there would be no effect on the benefit.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Mm-hmm.

SAMARA KARASYK: If for, for whatever type if the, if the building or the unit loses its rent regulated status...

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Right.

SAMARA KARASYK: ...they would no longer qualify for the benefit.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: Really. Now let me ask you, you're a tenant, you're in a market rate apartment let's just say you've always been in a market rate apartment. When you reach retirement age would there be something that you could qualify for in this portfolio in any way, shape, form, or fashion, or no?

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2 SAMARA KARASYK: No it's only, if the

3 apartment itself is rent regulated.

JEFFREY SHEAR: For these programs.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: For these

particular...

SAMARA KARASYK: Correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER CUMBO: ...programs? Okay.

That's it. Thank you.

Member Cumbo. I just wanted to follow-up. We focus very much on the outreach of tenants and I know that there's some talk of legislation on a state level on what we can mandate3 potentially for landlords. But is there anything that DOF does currently to inform landlords because some of them might want to know if this, and, and maybe want to do it on their own and, and let their tenants know of this opportunity. Is there any engagement with current landlords about updating information on the threshold increase or helping any tenants that they have or getting the requirements to them ahead of just informing the tenants? Does DOF do any of that?

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SAMARA KARASYK: I mean there's not any direct outreach as of now. We certainly correspond with all our existing landlords and of which there are I think over 15 thousand landlords that we deal with and we send them letters on a regular basis regarding the, their tenants and eligibility requirements... other specific outreach has been...

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Well I think that this is an opportunity that we should really look into. Being able to educate our, our constituents is one thing but we also have landlords that are constituents that may, may or may not have all the detail and update of the information and we should be able to do better especially since they're, you know they're in some way shape or form interacting with your agency through property taxes and all other types of opportunities that they touch base with you that we should be communicating. So don't be shocked if you see this in a legislative request. But there, there should be... I'd like to see how we can engage where we don't necessarily have to legislate this but that we're looking at opportunities to also remind landlords that this is something that's available. And for those that are

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great and good guys that they are able to use it as

a tool to get their rent roles payed accurately

4 and, and not have to engage in evictions and so on

5 and so forth.

JEFFREY SHEAR: We'll take a look at it.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Okay do we have any... Okay well there's several other questions that we have but I'm going to be forwarding it to your committee. I mean to, I'm going to be forwarding it

to you so I would love if you are able to respond

12 to our questions expeditiously.

JEFFREY SHEAR: We look forward to getting your questions and we again appreciate the very constructive engagement that we've been having with the council.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Great. And I know the finance division will be seeing you tomorrow.

Okay. Thank you very much and we'll call up the next panel. Elizabeth Brown from New York City's Independent Budget Office, Andrea Cianfrani the council for Senior Centers and Services, and Rena Resnick Metropolitan Council on Jewish Poverty. I know we have advocates and... at the table but Council Member Chin and I were just commenting at

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what a difference a year makes. We were just having this hearing in May and all this came up in less than a year so I'm, I'm sure it's, it's good but we can get them to do more. So I hope that that's what you're here to testify about. You may begin your testimony in the order that you were called. Thank you.

ELIZABETH BROWN: Good morning Chairwoman Ferreras and member of the, members of the city council finance committee. My name is Elizabeth Brown and I am a supervising analyst for housing, environment, and infrastructure at the New York City Independent Budget Office. Thank you for the invitation to testify today regarding the city's outreach efforts regarding the Senior Citizen Rent Increase Exemption Program or SCRIE. As you know through SCRIE eligible low income senior households are exempt from rent increases and return landlord to see a property tax abatement to compensate for the lost rental income. For many years the SCRIE program has been plagued by low participation rates among eligible seniors. More than 10 years ago in testimony before the city council IBO reported that it appeared only about a

2	third of seniors eligible for the program were
3	actually benefiting from it. Our estimate compared
4	data on senior's housing and income using the New
5	York City Housing Vacancy Survey, HVS, with the
6	city's tally of the number of seniors actually
7	enrolled in the program. Since that time the city
8	has made changes to the administration of the
9	program notably by shifting responsibility from the
10	Department of Aging to the Department of Finance.
11	In order to evaluate the current effectiveness of
12	the city's outreach for this program IBO has
13	essentially replicated our previous analysis using
14	the most recent addition of the housing vacancy
15	survey and the Department of Finance latest figures
16	on participation. It is also very similar to the
17	recent study published by the Department of Finance
18	which use the same approach to measure
19	participation and which has been discussed at
20	today's hearing. While the Department of Finance
21	detailed report provided data on both SCRIE and
22	DRIE the disability rent increase exemption program
23	our analysis is limited to SCRIE because the two
24	studies had the same, very similar methodology our
25	results are very similar. Going to skip over, we

2	know the eligibility requirements now. According to
3	our analysis there are approximately 121 thousand
4	households in this city eligible for SCRIE under
5	the current 50, 55 thousand dollar a year income
6	limit. The current number of households
7	participating in SCRIE is 52,171 according to the
8	Department of Finance thus IBO estimates that about
9	43 percent of households that are eligible for
10	SCRIE are currently participating in the program.
11	Given the nature of the housing vacancy survey data
12	it is difficult to make direct comparisons over
13	time. However our estimates suggested improvement
14	over the participation rates we found in fiscal
15	year 2002. IBO has also estimated the number of
16	households eligible for the Rent Freeze program
17	under the previous income limit of 29 thousand
18	dollars a year. According to our analysis slightly
19	over 106 thousand households were eligible for
20	SCRIE under the previous threshold therefore the
21	recent changes to the program have increase the
22	number of households eligible by about 14 percent.
23	Although HVS data suggests that fewer households
24	were eligible for SCRIE last year under the old
25	requirement than this wear the Department of

Finance reported that more nouseholds were actually
receiving the benefit; 53,185 households in 2014
versus 52,171 households in 2015. Compared with
other recent years however SCRIE enrollment is up
from, up. From 2011 through 2013 an average of
48,662 seniors participated each year. Despite
gains over the past few years it is clear that only
a portion of the households that qualify for SCRIE
are receiving the benefit. With fewer than half of
eligible seniors actually benefitting there is a
challenging task ahead for the Finance Department
and the city council as they seek to boost
enrollment. Thank you again for invitation to
testify and I'd be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON FERRERAS: Thank you very much and before we go on to the next panelist I am stepping out to a budget negotiating briefing but Council Member Cornegy is going to keep the hearing moving and wrap us up okay. Thank you very much for coming today.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: I just want to point out that I've been asked to continue to chair the meeting with zero power. I'm sorry you can

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start but just please state your name again for the record.

[laughter]

ANDREA CIANFRANI: Good afternoon. My name is Andrea Cianfrani. I'm the Deputy Director of Public Policy at the Council of Senior Centers and Services. Thank...

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Thank you.

ANDREA CIANFRANI: Thank you. Thank you very much Council Member Cornegy and... Chin it's very good to see you as always. Thank you very much to the committee for the opportunity to testify today and for bringing this very important issue to the forefront. The Council of Senior Centers and Services has over 100 member that provide community based services such as Meals on Wheels, case management, access to affordable housing that serve over 300 thousand seniors annually throughout the city. One of the cornerstones of CSCS is services is providing access to affordable housing as we believe that keeping New Yorkers in their homes and allowing them to live how they've always lives as New Yorkers as one of the most important things that we can do to, to keep communities strong. CSCS

2	is uniquely positioned to help with the Rent Freeze
3	Program as our, so over 25 of our members are part
4	of our housing coalition and they provide over 20
5	thousand units of affordable housing across the
6	city. So we are very eager and very thankful to
7	have this opportunity to be in, involved with the
8	SCRIE outreach. We also wanted to thank the city
9	council. CSCS has been working with the city
10	council and receive funding over the past year to
11	do SCRIE outreach exactly what we're here talking
12	about today. And we are eager to continue that. The
13	numbers clearly show that while this program is
14	extraordinarily important for seniors who are
15	vulnerable living on a fixed income which tends to
16	decline over time it is still severely
17	underutilized and it that is something we are very
18	committed to helping to change. We do want to also
19	thank, we work very closely with city council and
20	the state to increase that income eligibility 50
21	thousand dollars and we appreciate all of your work
22	on that. Two things we wanted to raise and, and
23	showing our support for, for Intro 555 again
24	expanding the outreach is, is instrumental to
25	keeping seniors in their communities. Two other

2	issues we wanted to highlight today. The aggressive
3	marketing campaign to both and it's been mentioned
4	here several times to both the seniors but also to
5	families. We've been supportive of that and, and
6	would be very willing to, to work with you moving
7	forward on that. We've actually already
8	participated in several round tables with the
9	Department of Finance. You know we, we like to help
10	provide that we're, our members are serving the…
11	user. So we really were thankful for that
12	opportunity to work with the Department of Finance
13	and a focus group and we'd be eager to work with
14	you and them as well in the future. Another issue
15	that we've raised in the past and would like to, to
16	again raise is the idea of a SCRIE rollback. Many
17	of the seniors that get on SCRIE do so at the 40
18	percent of their income level. They'll find out
19	about it in, in a crisis. What we are looking to do
20	and we do not have numbers and we look to possibly
21	the Department of Finance or IBO to, to possibly
22	look at this is the idea of rolling back their
23	eligibility to the actual 30 percent where they
24	would have been eligible if they knew about the
25	program center. This would be very helpful to these

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might have just found out about SCRIE because it's, you know again an underutilized program and found about it when they're in an emergency. So this idea of a rollback could really put more income into their pockets and keep them in their structured communities looking forward. So again we are very thankful for the opportunity to, to work with you and to be here today and, and we look forward to working with you in the future and making New York a better place to age. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Thank you. And last panelist please just state your name obviously for the record.

Metropolitan Council on Jewish Poverty. Thank you council members for inviting us to speak today. We applaud the city council for its action this summer of expanding the senior citizen increase exemption program by increasing the income qualification threshold as well as the Department of Finance's redoubled efforts to increase enrollment in the program. For more than four decades Met Council has supported and championed families, seniors, and

2	adults living in poverty and near poverty. Met
3	Council provides immediate assistance to New
4	Yorkers in crisis and creates pathways to self-
5	sufficiency through the following programs.
6	America's largest kosher food pantry system,
7	emergency social services, family violence
8	services, home repairs, home care services,
9	benefits enrollment and outreach, and affordable
10	housing. Our grassroots Jewish communal council
11	network provides support to families in their
12	neighborhoods right where they live. In the fight
13	against poverty we serve immigrants, seniors living
14	on fixed incomes, the un and under employed, and
15	all those in need. As an organization founded on
16	Jewish values we serve everyone with dignity and
17	empathy regardless of race, ethnicity, or religion.
18	Met Council is a leader in producing affordable
19	housing for special needs populations in New York
20	City by leveraging private and public money our
21	housing portfolio has grown to 17, to 1,777 units
22	under management in construction or development
23	process. We believe that a safe and affordable home
24	is a key element in helping someone in poverty
25	hecome self-sufficient Since Met Council's

2	inception caring for seniors has been core to Met
3	Council's mission. Many of our clients work their
4	entire lives but when they become too frail to work
5	their lack of a deep and wide enough safety net
6	makes it difficult for them to remain safely in the
7	homes that they love. For the more than 21 percent
8	of seniors living in poverty in New York City
9	finding and remaining in an affordable and safe
10	home is a major challenge. Raising the income
11	threshold for SCRIE was an important step to help
12	seniors to age in place with dignity. We were
13	thrilled to learn of the change this summer and
14	wanted to ensure that all of our clients who are
15	newly eligible for the benefit enrolled in the
16	program. To quickly adjust this need this summer
17	Met Council held four SCRIE enroll-a-thons to
18	assist clients enroll into the program and avoid
19	future rent increases. As only for thousands of
20	low income seniors we created these four SCRIE
21	enroll-a-thons to assist our residents, participate
22	in the program, and freeze their rent. We also open
23	the events up to the local community. To streamline
24	the process we collected our tenants' leases and
25	advertised what they needed to bring to the event

2	so they could seamlessly complete their
3	applications. Finally and importantly we were
4	joined by the terrific staff at the Department of
5	Finance including their outreach coordinator for
6	seniors to help train our volunteers, answer any
7	technical questions, and bring the application back
8	for processing upon completion of the event. By
9	working with the Department of Finance train the
10	channel model we're able to utilize volunteers and
11	amplify our effect. These SCRIE enroll-a-thons were
12	held at our senior affordable housing buildings in
13	Manhattan and local community councils in Brooklyn.
14	In coordination with the city's Department of
15	Finance's Senior Outreach Department, our housing
16	site staff, and volunteers we're able to enroll 70
17	seniors into the program by bringing the
18	application to them and by creating a document
19	checklist in both English and in Russian. One
20	challenge that we encountered was that many seniors
21	who earned more than 29 thousand dollars but less
22	than 50 thousand dollars did not, still did not
23	qualify for SCRIE because their rent was less than
24	a third of their income. This was particularly
25	dominant in parts of Brooklyn where rent, in some

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parts of Brooklyn that, where rent is less expensive. To ensure that the new income threshold of 50 thousand dollars helps the maximum number of seniors we would recommend adjusting the rent requirement. In conclusion Met Council cannot continue providing, providing critical services to thousands of needy New Yorkers each year without the vital partnership of New York City council. We deeply value your leadership and partnership and look forward to working together to help the needy throughout the New York area. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Thank you. Questions?

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Just a brief question. When you talk in your testimony about adjusting the rent requirement do you have a suggestion? Because right now it's one third of the income which is more than 30 percent.

RENA RESNICK: Right so we've... [cross-talk]

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: So are you... So are you looking at like maybe pushing it back to exactly 30 percent?

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2 RENA RESNICK: Lower. To be less than 30

3 percent.

COUNCIL MEMBER CHIN: Less than 30

5 percent.

RENA RESNICK: Yes. But I'll have to get back to you.

think there... because like in the other testimony we were also talking about crawling back to 30 percent of the income that they should be pay 30 percent of their income rather than some senior even with SCRIE are paying 40 percent or more. So we should, we should you know have a look at that and see if there are some recommendation that we can make to adjust the program so that more senior can qualify. Thank you.

any questions but I do want to say I thank you so much for your advocacy on the ground. I feel like with the partnership with organizations that are dealing directly with our seniors we can have a healthy and robust rollout of outreach and really begin to increase the numbers or especially

1	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE 64
2	mitigate some of the problems that we're seeing on
3	the ground so thank you for your service.
4	RENA RESNICK: Thank you.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER CORNEGY: Oh this, on
6	behalf of the Chair of Finance this council hearing
7	is now adjourned.
8	[gavel]
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World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date December 26, 2014